



Smart LDAR: October 30, 2002

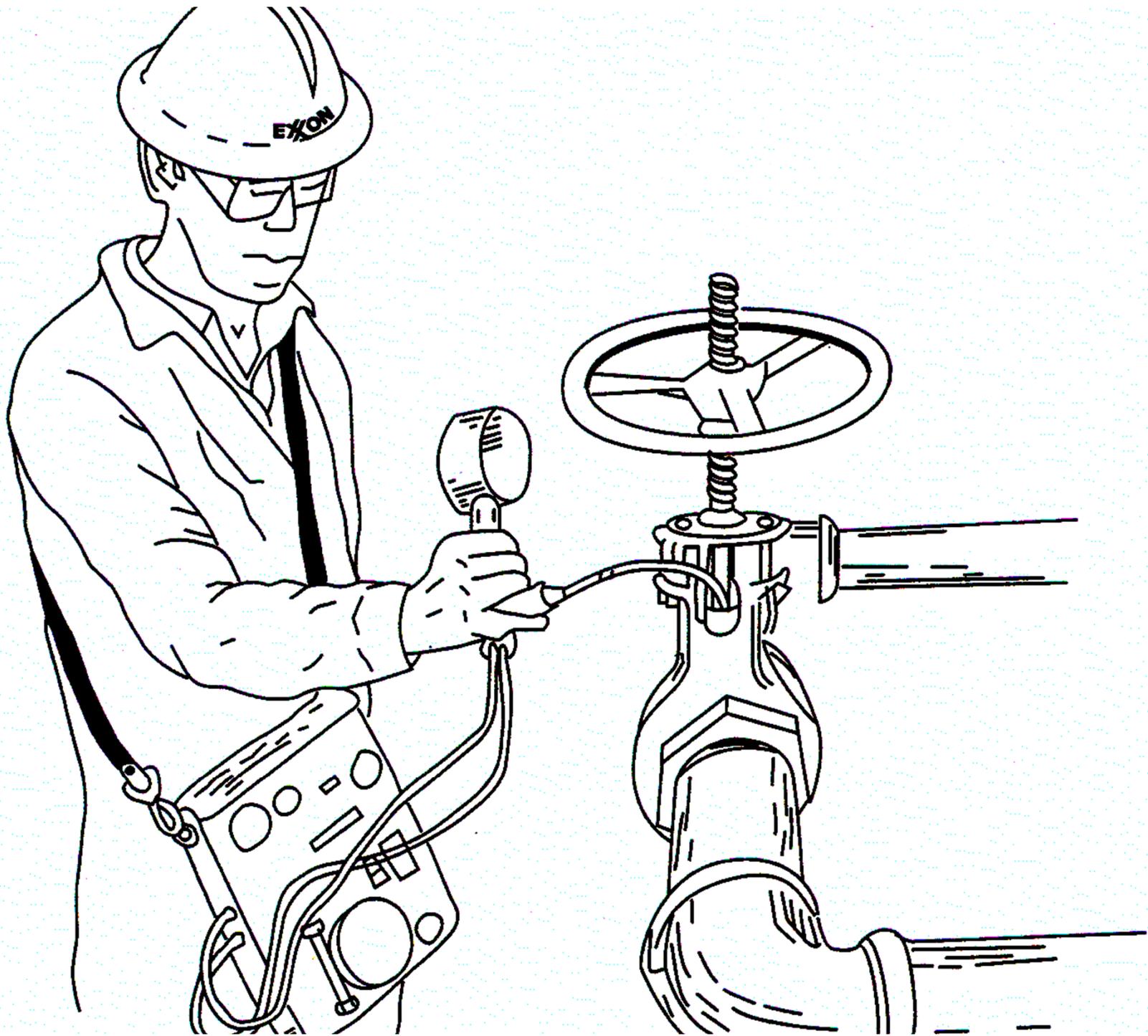
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Outline

- Fugitive Emissions & Why We Control Them
- What is Smart LDAR?
- The Smart LDAR Instrument
- Regulatory Issues with Smart LDAR
- Next Steps

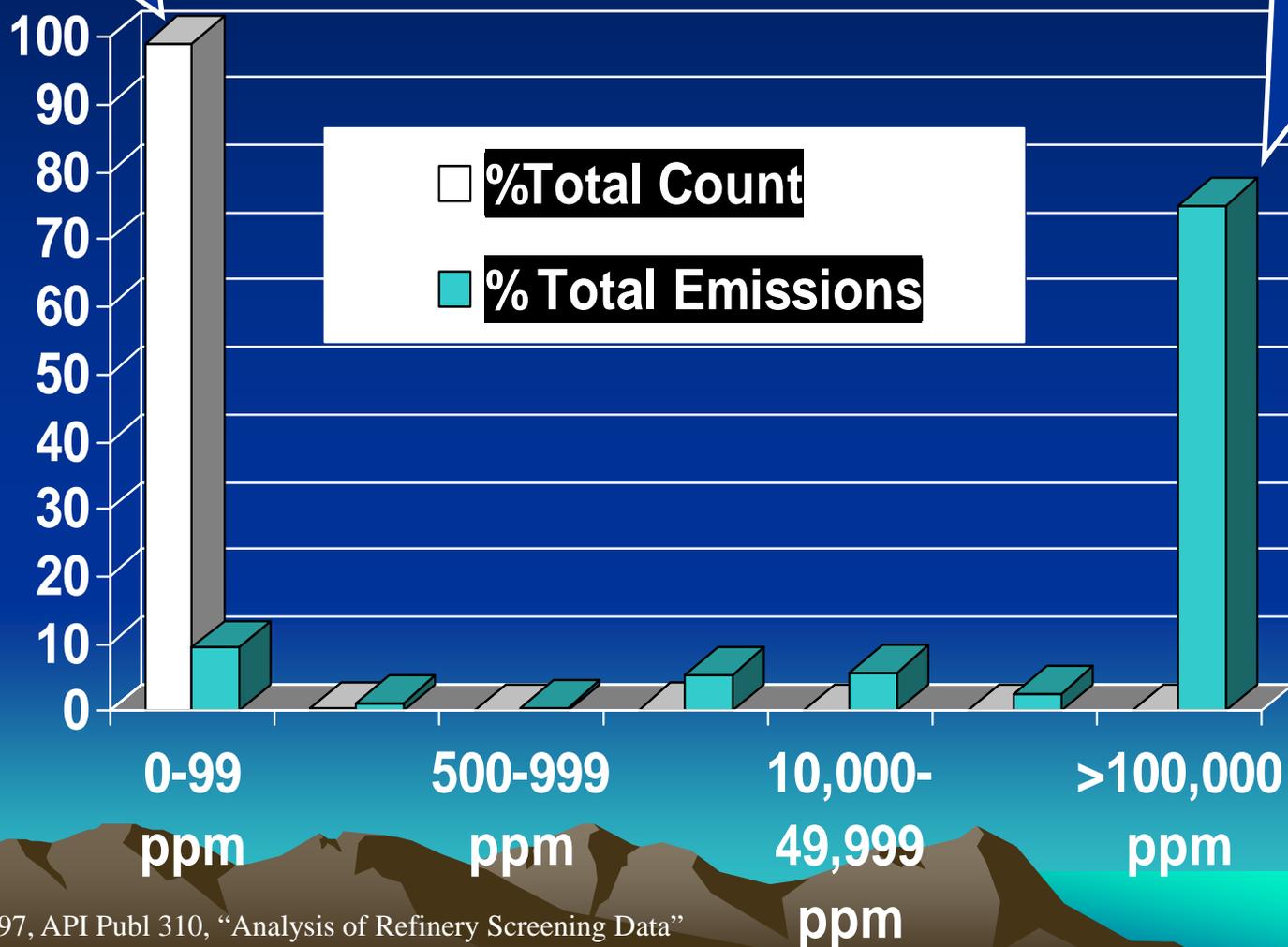
Fugitive Emissions

- Routine leakage from valves, pumps, flanges, connectors, etc.
- Can aggregate to significant tonnage
- Can be hazardous air pollutants with direct health impact
- Can be controlled by equipment design or, more commonly, leak detection & repair programs



Most equipment
doesn't
leak

84% of emissions
come from
0.13% of
components



What Is Smart LDAR?

- **Smart Leak Detection And Repair** is nothing more than the efficient locating and repair of the relatively small number of leaky valves, pumps, connectors, etc., in a large population of process equipment.

Smart LDAR Conceptual Framework

- Use remote sensing technology to quickly & economically identify significant leakers
- Scan often enough to catch significant leakers before emissions accumulate
- Repair (same as existing program)

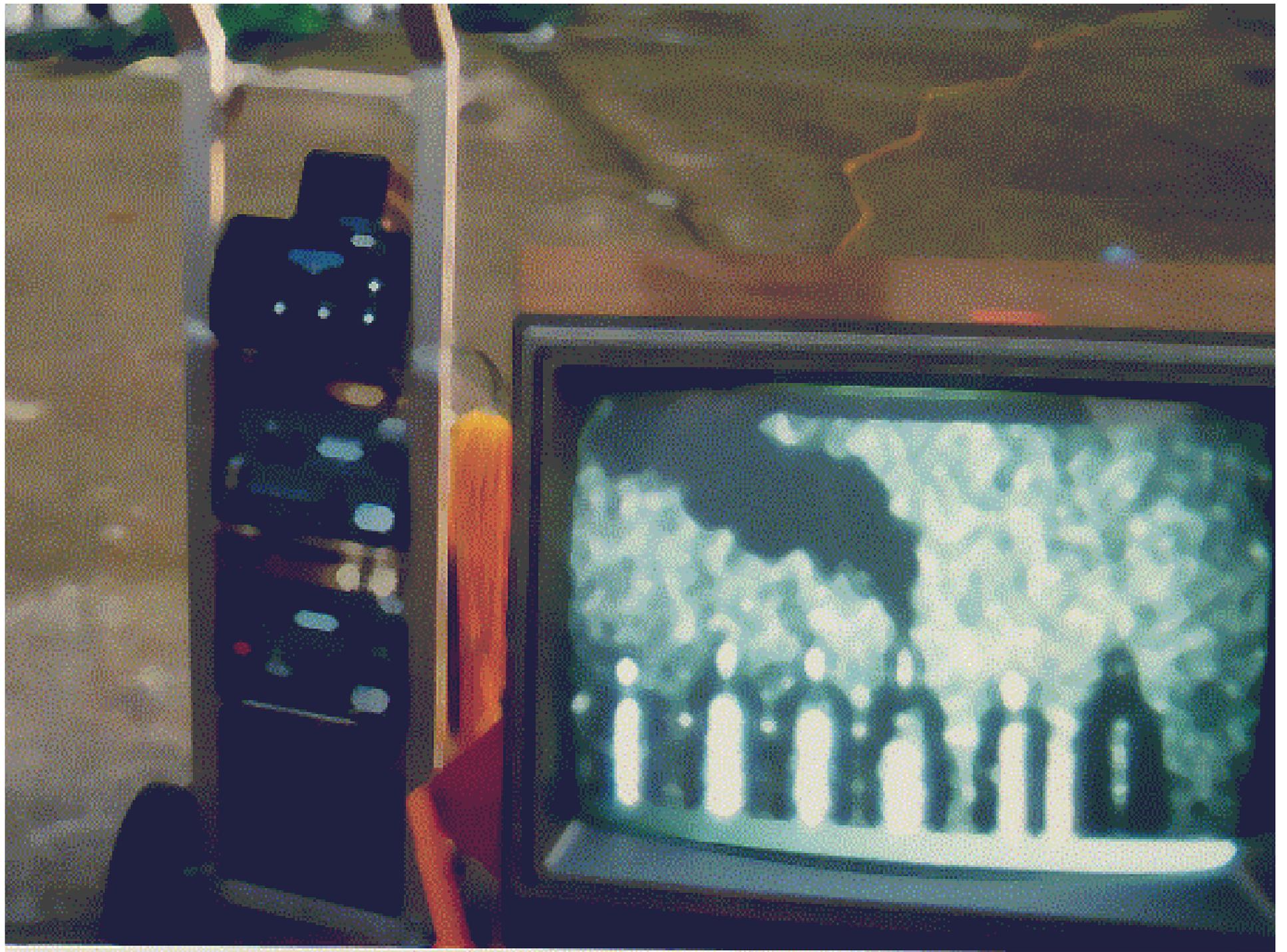
Smart LDAR Conceptual Framework (cont.)

- Tradeoffs include:
 - More frequent detection scans but fewer repairs
(don't repair little leakers)
 - More expensive equipment but less manpower for inspection and less repair cost (?)

Smart LDAR Instrument

- API helping develop (with DOE & EPA) Backscatter Absorption Gas Imaging (BAGI) by LIS
 - BAGI scans laser over imaged area
 - Reflected laser captured by camera to form image of area
 - Target gas absorbs laser and image appears black





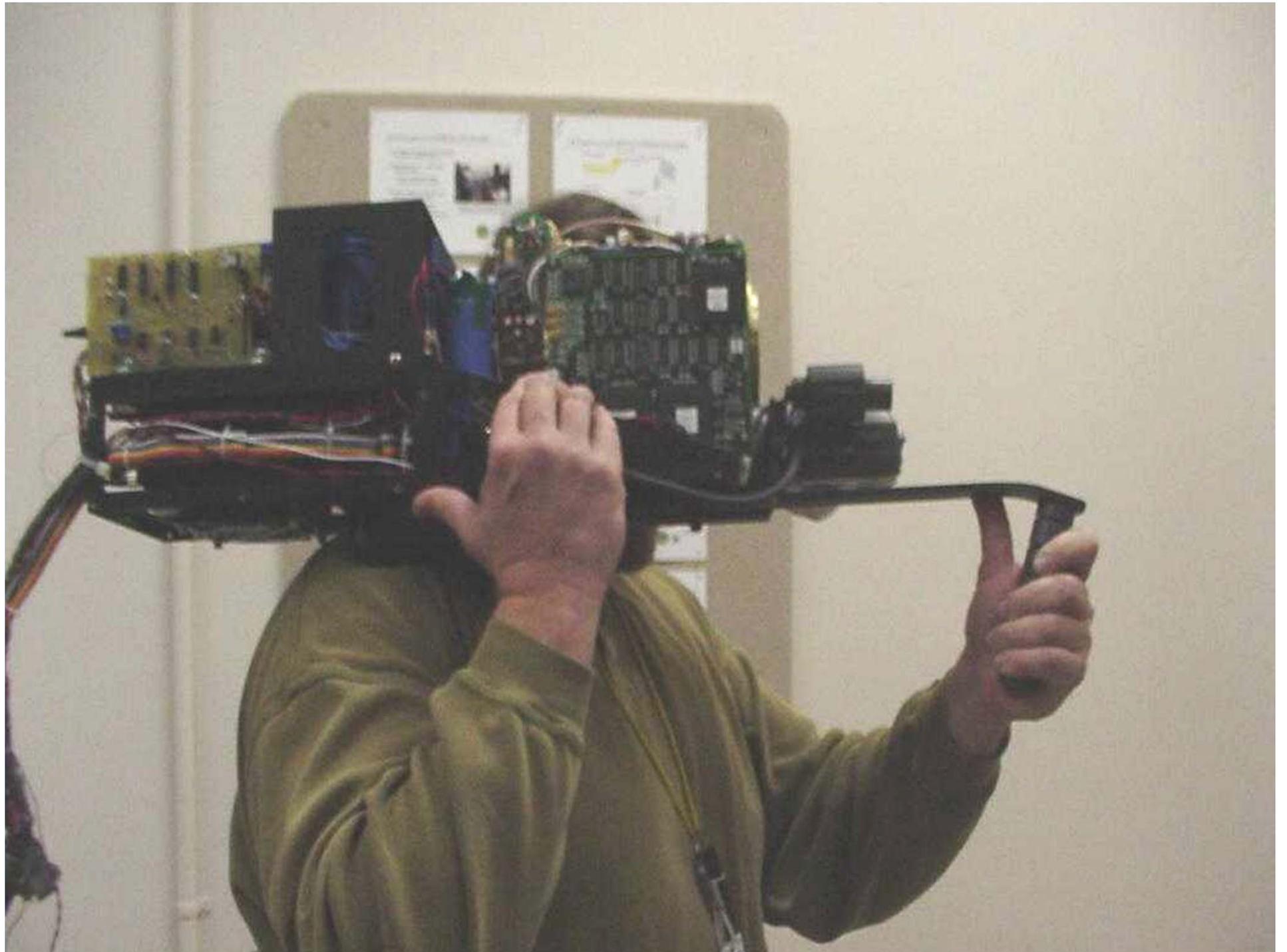
Instrument Development

- Commercial product:
 - GasVue from Laser Imaging Systems
 - Uses CO₂ laser to see SF₆
- Being adapted by Sandia National Labs
 - Changing to PPLN laser to look at H-C bond stretch
(periodically-polled Lithium Niobate)
 - Making man-portable and intrinsically safe
 - Issues include laser power, battery life, weight
 - Largely paid for by DOE & EPA

Shoulder-mounted camera



Backpack power/control unit



Does Instrument Work?

- 1998 petrochem plant test
- 1999 refinery test
- 2001 laboratory tests
- 2002 refinery test delayed due to instrument problems
 - Various glitches & gremlins in the system
- Fully expect to establish reliable field detection limit

Smart LDAR Regulatory Progress

- 2000 report established “equivalence” criteria between Smart LDAR and Method 21
 - Required sophisticated Monte Carlo analysis
 - Determined relationship between frequency of scan and required reliable detection limit

Open Issues / Next Steps

- Reliability in field use
- Detection limit and subjectivity of interpretation
- Standardized Procedures & Recordkeeping
- Commercial availability of BAGI units
- Alternative technologies development

Summary

- Significant incentives exist to continue developing Smart LDAR technologies & regulations
- Laser BAGI technology poised to achieve field demonstration status for a man-portable unit
- All participants in this multi-stakeholder, multi-disciplinary effort are optimistic of a successful conclusion.