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Developing a Baseline and Projections Emissions Inventory for the Border 2012 Program

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What is Border 2012?

- 10-year, binational environmental program for the U.S.-Mexico border region
- Implemented under the La Paz Agreement (1983)

Goals

- > #1– Reduce water contamination
- > #2– Reduce air pollution
- >#3– Reduce land contamination
- >#4– Improve environmental health
- > #5– Reduce exposure to chemicals
- > #6– Improve environmental performance





100 km U.S.-Mexico Border Zone

Overall Approach for 1999 Baseline

- 1999 U.S. NEI + 1999 Mexico NEI
- Point, area, on-road motor vehicle, nonroad sources
- GIS for identifying sources and emissions located in the 100 km border zone
- Examination and explanation of differences in source categorization between U.S. and Mexico
- 2002 and 2012 projections
- 4 km x 4 km gridded inventory for 1999



 Determined which counties/ municipalities lied entirely or partially within the border zone

- Determined fraction of emissions within the border zone
 - ≻UTMs for point sources

 Gap filled missing UTMs in Mexico using centroid of municipality or specific locality
 > Spatial surrogates for area, on-road, nonroad sources



Spatial Surrogates

• United States:

- Population
 Agricultural land
 Forest land
 Airports
 Railroads
 - ➢ Ports

Mexico

- Population
- >Agricultural land
- Forest land
- > Airports
- ≻ Railroads
- ➢ Ports
- > Border crossings



Analysis of Source Categories

• U.S. NEI

- No min. threshold for point sources
- ≻ SIC codes
- Range of area source categories (e.g., TX = 126; CA = 139)
- 500 on-road MV subcategories
- 228 nonroad subcategories

Mexico NEI

- Point sources = (federal + state) > 10 Mg/year
- ≻ NAICS codes
- 50 area source categories
- 7 on-road MV classifications
- 2 nonroad categories (agriculture, construction)



1999 Baseline Inventory (1,000 TPY)

State	NO _x	SO _x	\mathbf{PM}_{10}
California	120.6	6.2	86.6
Arizona	48.7	11.6	43.1
New Mexico	26.0	20.1	86.1
Texas	96.6	5.6	191.0
Baja California	34.1	45.8	125.3
Sonora	8.5	4.1	50.0
Chihuahua	30.0	40.1	82.0
Coahuila	118.4	168.6	29.1
Nuevo León	1.2	0.3	4.9
Tamaulipas	23.1	22.3	61.0
U.S. Total	291.9	43.5	406.8
Mexico Total	215.3	281.3	352.2
Region Total	507.2	324.8	759.0

1999 NO_x Contributions



1999 Baseline NO_x Emissions (TPY)



1999 SO_x Contributions



1999 Baseline SO_x Emissions (TPY)



1999 PM₁₀ Contributions





Projections Methodology

• United States Point sources • EGAS (growth, only) Area sources EGAS Population growth > On-road MV • Draft 2002 NEI 2012 projection factors from WRAP > Nonroad • NONROAD2004

Mexico

- Point sources
 - OECD (industrial growth)
 - SENER (power plants)
- > Area sources
 - Regional energy demand forecasts
 - Ag and livestock for 10 years (1993-2002)
 - Population forecasts
- ➢ On-road MV
 - MOBILE6-Mexico (+ controls)
- Nonroad
 - Fuel demand forecasts (ag and construction)



2012 Baseline Inventory (1,000 TPY)

Location	NO _x	SOx	PM ₁₀	
2012				
U.S. Total	228.3	45.2	515.8	
Mexico Total	271.2	343.1	481.5	
Region Total	499.5	388.3	997.2	
Change from 1999 (%)				
U.S.	-21.8	+3.9	+26.8	
Mexico	+26.0	+22.0	+36.7	
Region	-1.5	+19.6	+31.4	



2012 NO_x Emissions





2012 SO_x Emissions





2012 PM 2.5 Emissions





Overall Conclusions

 Good summary of overall criteria pollutant emissions for the border region

- Take care in comparing state-to-state, and source type-to-source type
- Projections give baseline emissions (growth, no control)

 Policy tool for implementing future control strategies in the border region

