

Regulated and Air Toxic Exhaust Emissions from Nonroad Diesel Engines and Equipment

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Program Summary

- * Three studies - 15 engines
 - ◆ Ten engine unregulateds
 - ◆ Three engine Mobile Source Air Toxics (MSATs)
 - ◆ Four engine in-use MSATs
- * Two or more diesel fuels per engine
 - ◆ Nonroad 2500 ppmS
 - ◆ On-highway 2-D (390 ppmS)
 - ◆ Ultra-low sulfur diesel (ULSD, 50 ppmS)

Test Engine Criteria

* Rated Engine Power

- ◆ less than 50 hp
- ◆ 50 hp and greater
- ◆ 150 hp and greater
- ◆ 300 hp and greater
- ◆ 500 hp and greater
- ◆ 750 hp and greater

* Engine Management Technology

- ◆ “Tier 0” / pre-regulation
- ◆ Tier 1 / late 1990s
- ◆ Tier 2 / early-mid 2000s
- ◆ Tiers 3 & 4 / 2006 and beyond

Emissions Summary

- * Criteria pollutants
- * Selected unregulated emissions
 - ◆ Carbonyls, ammonia, N₂O and sulfate
- * MSATs
 - ◆ Acetaldehyde, acrolein, benzene, 1-3, butadiene, formaldehyde and particulate matter
 - ◆ Metals - As, Cr, Mn, Ni, Pb and Hg
 - ◆ PAHs and n-PAHs

Ten-Engine NR “Unregulateds” Program

- * Test engines ranged from 7 to 50 hp, and 250 to 850 hp
 - ◆ Engine Applications
 - typical; utility engines, 50 hp forklift to 320 hp excavator
 - ◆ Two to three test fuels/engine
 - 2D and ULSD, generally
 - 3300 ppmS nonroad (excavator)
 - ◆ Matrix of test cycles and fuels across engines

Ten Engine Unregulateds: Test Engines

Intended Application	Engine Mfr and Model	Rated Horsepower	Engine Control
Utility/pump	Hatz	7	Mechanical
Utility	Yanmar	9	Mechanical
Utility	Yanmar	14	Mechanical
Generator/pump	Lombardini	20	Mechanical
Forklift	Kubota	49	Mechanical
Tractor/trailer	Navistar	250	Electronic
Excavator	John Deere	320	Mechanical
Construction equipment	Cummins	330	Electronic
Construction/agriculture use	Detroit Diesel Corp.	400	Electronic
Mining truck	Caterpillar	850	Electronic

Three-Engine Nonroad MSAT Study



* Test Engines

- ◆ Kubota V2203-B @ 49 hp
- ◆ Cummins QSL-9 @ 330 hp
- ◆ CAT 3408 @ 480 hp

* 2-D & Nonroad fuels

- ◆ Nonroad @ 2570 ppmS

* Unregulated & MSAT emissions

- ◆ including C₁ - C₁₂ compounds

Four-Engine In-Use Nonroad MSAT Program

- * Test engines/equipment:
 - road grader 130 hp Tier 0
 - ditch excavator 190 hp;
 - ◇ Engine is highway-certified Cummins ISB190
 - excavator 275 hp Tier 1
 - ag tractor 420 hp Tier 2:
- ◇ 2-D & Nonroad fuels
- ◇ Unregulateds and MSAT emissions captured

Equipment from Four-Engine In-Use Nonroad MSAT Program



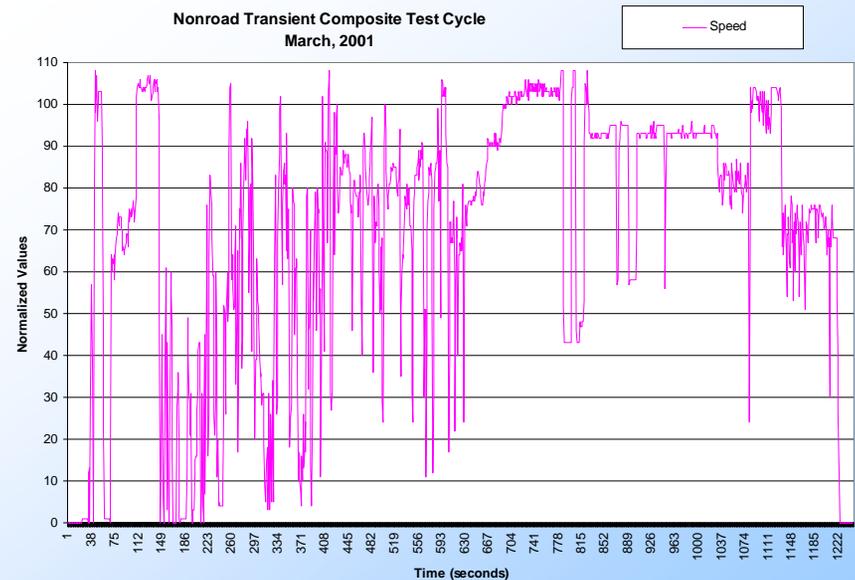
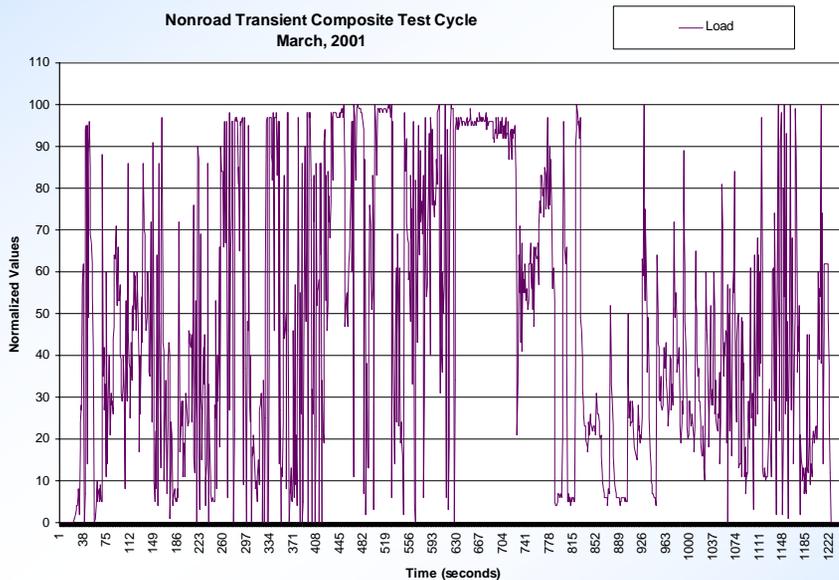
Steady-State Duty Cycles

	<i>Load</i>	*8-modeC1				
	10%	25%	50%	75%	85%	100%
Speed	"idle"-0% load					
10%						
25%						
50%						
60%			7	6		5
75%						
100%	4		3	2		1
	* Including E3, "marine", test run.					

- * Federal 8-mode, “C1”-weighting on all engines
- * Some engines tested at 14 modes; some tested at full 40 mode procedure

Regulatory Transient Test Duty Cycles

- * Heavy-duty Federal Test Procedure (FTP)
- * European Transient Cycle (ETC)
- * Nonroad Transient Composite (NRTC)



Non-regulatory Transient Application Duty Cycles



- * Agricultural Tractor
- * Backhoe Loader
- * Crawler-Dozer
- * Excavator

- * Arc Welder
- * Rubber-tired Loader
- * Skid-steer Loader



“First Look” at Data from Ten Engine Unregulateds Program

	8-Mode, "C-1" Composites				
Engine	HC	CO	NOX	PM	CO2
Hatz	0.619	4.131	5.462	0.512	819.250
Lombardin	0.263	2.945	2.994	0.669	768.487
Kubota	0.069	0.960	4.206	0.607	661.936
Navistar	0.086	0.439	4.358	0.077	582.297
*Deere	0.472	0.837	5.303	0.125	499.896
Cummins	0.052	1.182	4.199	0.128	493.417
Caterpillar	*0.352	1.201	10.144	0.158	501.733

Ten Engine Unregulateds Study: “First Look” at Data

- * Brake-specific PM seems to track falling fuel sulfur levels
- * As engine displacement and power falls,
 - ◇ Total PM, ammonia and N_2O may be rising
 - ◇ Total aldehyde concentrations appear to rise
 - Formaldehyde, though, seems stable
- * Transient cycle effects on emissions from the same engine quite varied
 - ◇ may need engine cycle-specific emission profiles

Questions to Be Addressed

- * Differences between regulated and “Tier 0” engines
- * Fuel sulfur impacts
- * Emission duty cycle differences
- * PAHs and nitrated-PAHs (type & quantity)
- * Metals
 - ◆ Both particulate and vapor-phase, e.g., mercury

Uses for New Nonroad MSAT Data

- * Responsive to MSAT Rule (March, 2001)
Technical Analysis Plan
- * Enhance national/nonroad emission inventories
 - ◆ NEI for Hazardous Air Pollutants
 - Used in National Air Toxics Assessment (NATA)
 - ◆ Nonroad Mobile Inventory Model (EPA-NMIM)
updated with engine profiles
 - output used to update NEI
 - ◆ Results used to populate Motor Vehicle Emissions
model (EPA-MOVES)

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