

Hg CEMs: A Researcher's Perspective

Jeff Ryan

Office of Research and Development

National Risk Management Research Laboratory

Air Pollution Prevention and Control Division

Air Pollution Technology Branch

email: ryan.jeff@epa.gov

Hg CEMs: Potential Applications

- Research
- Source Characterization
- Process optimization/control
- Regulatory

Hg CEMs: Research Applications

- Understanding Hg species is key to understanding Hg control
 - Fundamental studies
 - Hg chemistry in combustion processes
 - Fundamental control research
 - Control technology evaluations
 - Pilot-plant and Field studies
- Source Characterization
 - Emission profiles
 - Source variability

Total vs. Speciating?

- Most Hg CEMs measure total Hg
- Speciating Hg CEM valuable
 - Research tool
 - Process monitor
- Speciation by difference (total – elem.)
- Speciated Hg meas. more complicated

Hg CEMs: State-of-the-Art

- Hg CEMs routinely used in Europe
- In US, Hg CEMs primarily used for research purposes
 - Diverse measurement environments
 - Majority prototype systems
 - Commercial systems current focus of performance testing
- Many vendors now exist
- Recent field test programs have done much to advance the technology

Wet vs. Dry Conversion Systems

- Wet chemistry reduction systems most proven
 - Intensive to operate
 - Chemical handling issues
- Dry systems less proven, but have much greater advantages

ORD/NRMRL Hg CEM Research

- Hg CEMs needed to support our research
- Data quality critical
- Main areas of emphasis:
 - Development of diagnostic and QA/QC tools
 - Investigation of measurement issues (biases, interferences, etc)
 - Performance testing (Pilot-scale and field)

Development of QA/QC Tools

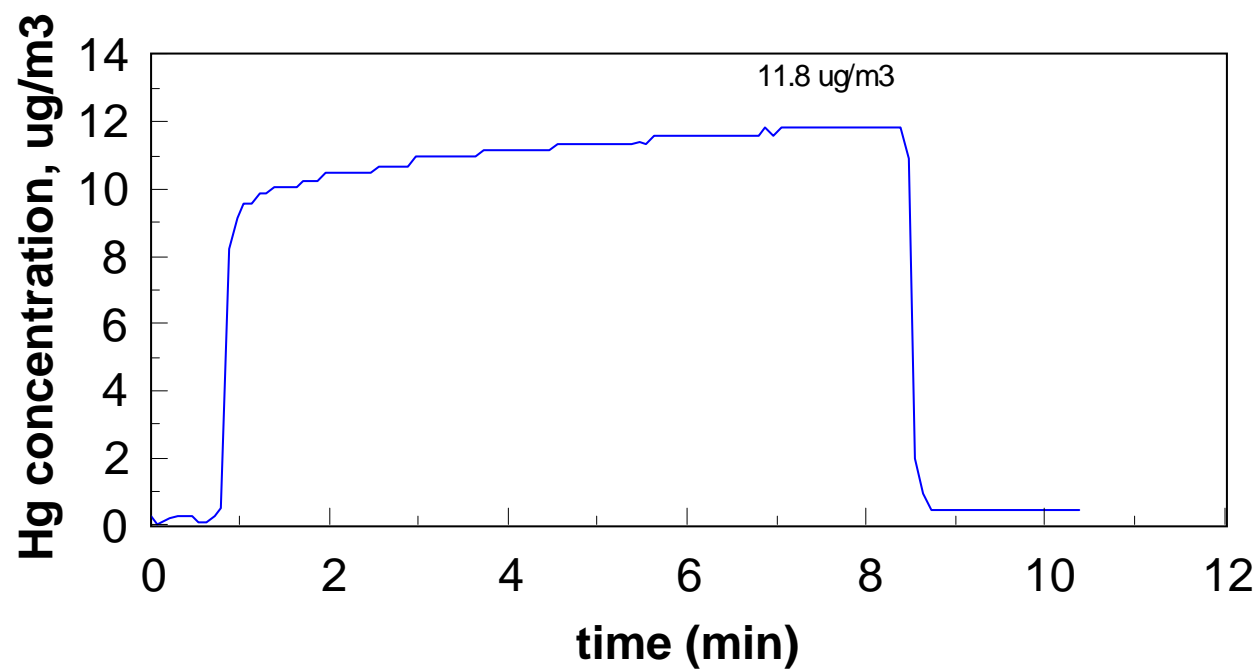
- Elemental Hg gas standard
 - Drift checks, system bias, calibration
- Oxidized Hg (HgCl_2) gas standard
 - System bias checks, sample transport, converter efficiency, etc

Elemental Hg Gas Standard

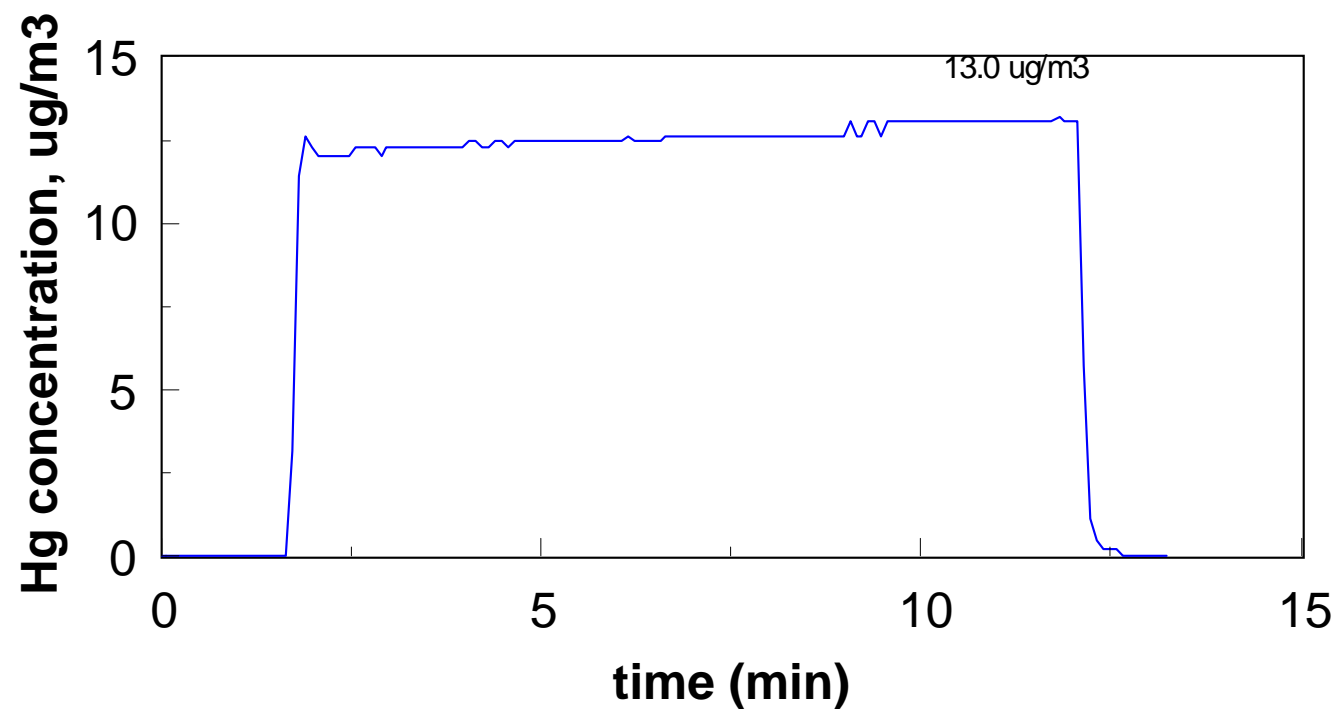
- Tank stability
- Tank concentration
- Delivery issues



Refelder response to Hg tank (CC19870), 16 ug/N range 0-20 ug/m³

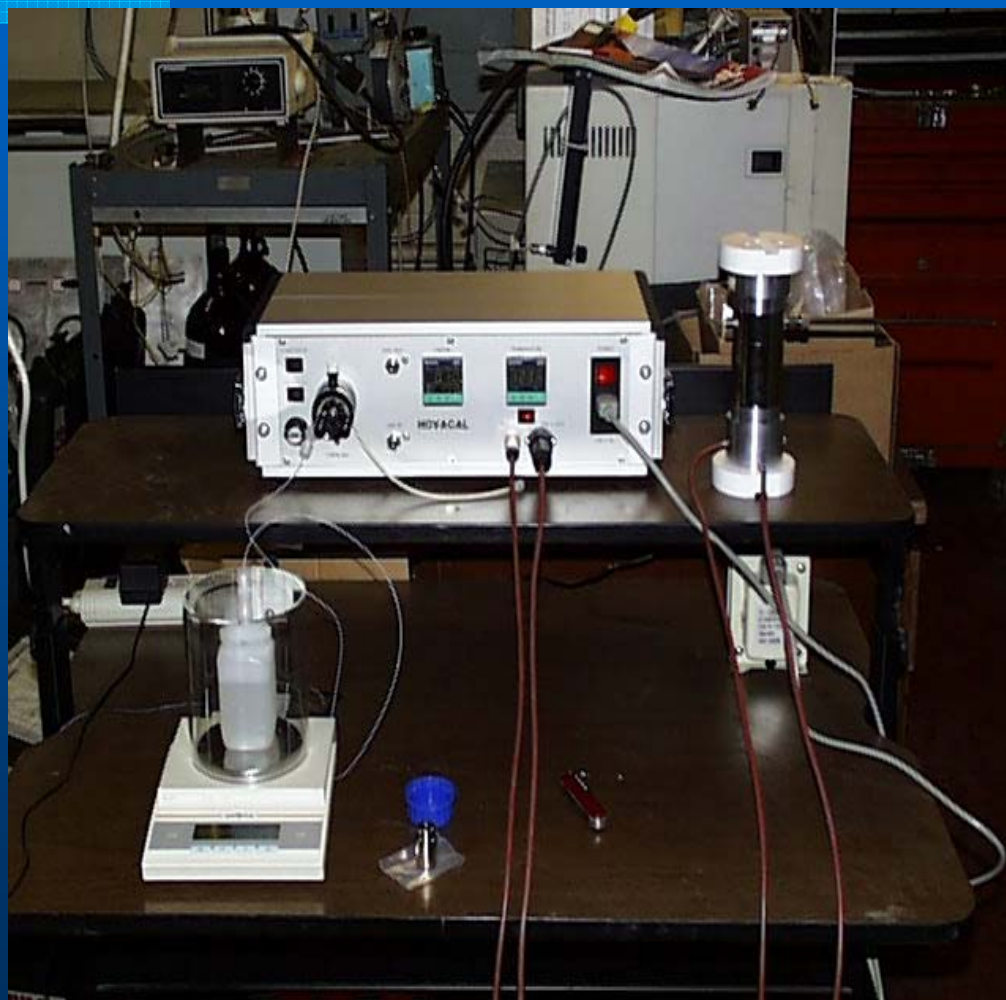


Seefelder response to Hg tank (CC19931), 16 u range 0-20 ug/m³



HgCl₂ Gas Standard

- Hg species
- Stability
- Accuracy
- Transport



HgCl_2 Gas Standard



Investigation of Measurement Issues

- **Interferences**

- SO_2 , SO_3 , Cl_2 , HCl , NO_x , NH_3 , PM

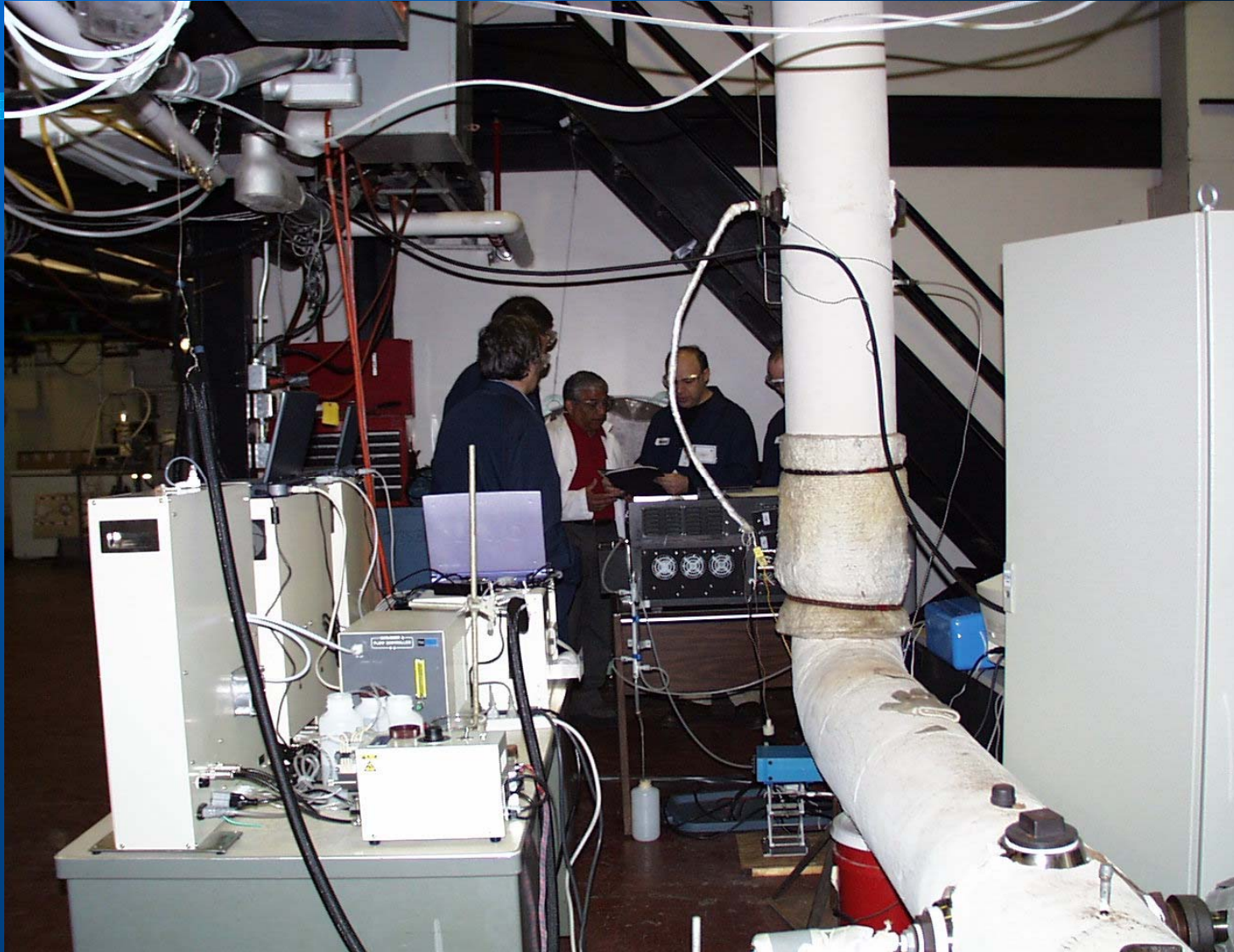
- **Biases**

- Sample transport/reactivity of oxidized forms
 - Conversion efficiency
 - Particulate-phase capture/oxidation

Performance Testing

- Focus on commercial systems
- Research application issues consistent with other applications
- Collaboration is key
- NRMRL/ETV Pilot-Scale Tests
- ETV/DOE MWFA Incinerator Tests
- EPA/OAQPS Coal Utility Tests

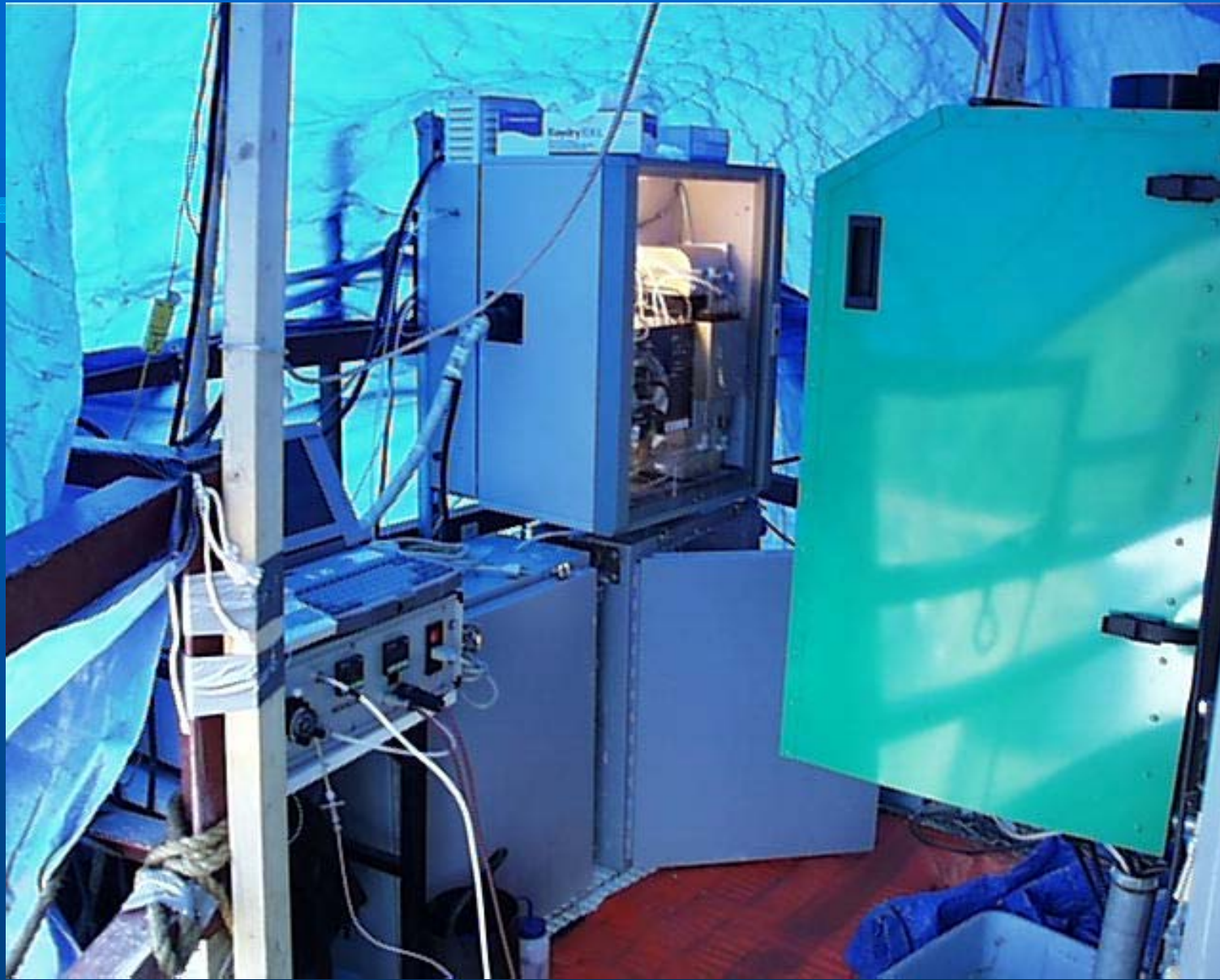
NRMRL/ETV Hg CEM Tests



OAQPS Field Hg CEM Tests







Future Plans

- Continued field testing
- Focus on APCD inlet environments
- Evaluation of inertial PM probes
- Evaluation of dry thermal/catalytic conversion systems

Message

- Continued field testing of Hg CEMs critical to development
- Opportunities limited
- Current OAQPS tests represent majority of commercially available systems

Field Evaluation of Mercury CEMS: Coal-fired Electric Utilities



Bill Grimley & Barrett Parker
Emissions Measurement Center
(EMC),
EMAD, OAQPS, OAP, USEPA

Jeff Ryan
APPCD, NRMRL, ORD, USEPA

Outline

- Positive Findings to date
- Project Background
 - Regulatory need
 - Mercury monitoring: Options and CEMS
- EMC Activities
 - Phase 1 and Phase 2 field work
 - Phase 3 Plans

Positive Findings to Date

- Elemental (Hg^0) calibration cylinders proved very useful to check CEMS calibration and verify sampling system.
- “HOVACAL” HgCl_2 standards generator proved very useful to challenge CEMS converters, and verify sampling system.

Findings, cont.

- Wet converter CEMS passed second RATA on 10 of 15 runs with RA of 9.5%.
- Dry converter CEMS #2 modifications, (between first and second RATAs) materially improved performance on second RATA, for about a week.

Background: Regulatory Need

- **2 Potential regulatory pathways**
 - CAA / Utility MACT
 - NEP / multi-pollutant legislation
- **Utility MACT finding on Dec 2000**
 - Propose regs by Dec 2003
 - Promulgate regs by Dec 2004
 - Compliance date of Dec 2007

Background: Mercury Monitoring Options

- **Mercury CEMS**
- **Manual stack testing**
- **Extended Period Integrated Sampling**
- using absorption media
- **Material Balance by (Hg in fuel) – (Hg in non-gaseous combustion by-products)**

Background: Mercury CEMS

- Europe has applied certified mercury CEMS
- But lack of field demonstration data on sources with co-pollutant mix typical of US sources
- Decision to focus on total gaseous mercury
- Existence of Draft PS - 12

EMC Activities

- **Evaluate CEMS for Application to Coal-fired Electric Utilities**
 - Site selection: 140 MW tangentially-fired pulverized coal boiler with cold-side ESP, burning eastern bituminous
 - Calibration of detectors and sample handling system with mercury standards
 - Conduct RATAs with “Ontario Hydro”
 - Collect Data for 3 months on performance criteria

First Phase

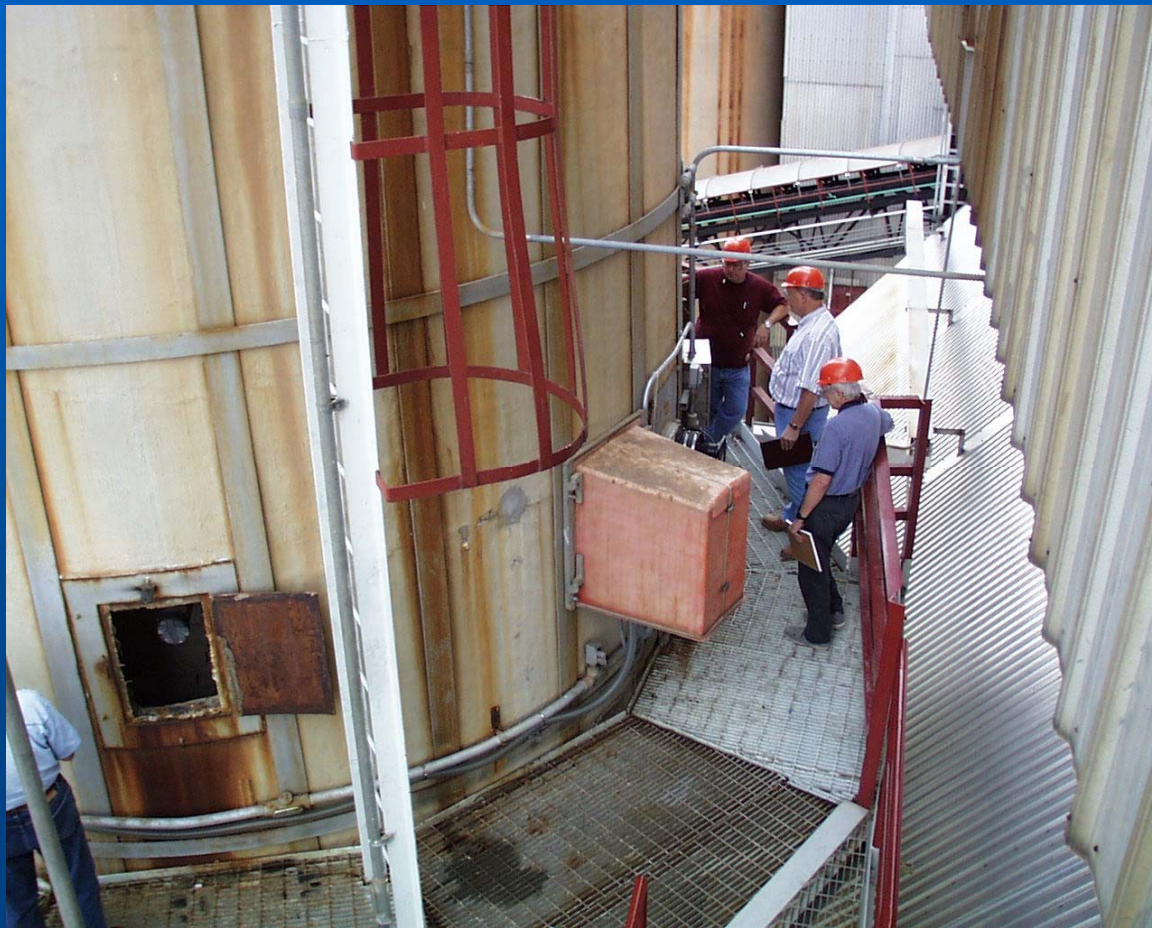
- **May - Jul 01: Contact Vendors**
 - “Dry” versus “Wet” ionic Hg converters
 - Other factors
- **Aug – Sept 01: Installation, begin CEMS operation**
 - Direct calibration with cylinder standards
 - Sampling system check with cylinder standards and “HOVACAL”

Sampling Location



- Sample routing: Probe to cal/bias manifold; to 120' TFE Teflon sample line; to sample manifold in trailer; all maintained @ 360 ° F
- All fittings interior TFE-coated
- Sample line changed to PFA Teflon Oct 01
- Sampling bias check “up and back”

Sampling Location



First Phase cont.

- **Oct 01: First RATA**
 - 12 runs
- **Nov 01: Vendors service units**
 - catalytic converter issues
 - mechanical problems

First Phase cont.

- Jan 02: APPCD, NRMRL Installs a Third CEMS
 - Wet Converter CEMS, “on stack” location
- Mar 02: Second RATA Series
 - 15 “Ontario Hydro” Runs versus 12
 - Coal: Source Change

First Phase, CEMS manifold



First Phase, temperature controls



First Phase cont.

- CEMS challenged by
 - Elemental mercury cylinder gas
 - HgCl_2 generated by a “Hovacal” (see right)
 - HgCl_2 produced using precision mass flowrate controller



First Phase cont.



- **Dry conversion
CEMS # 1**
 - Catalyst converts oxidized to elemental mercury
 - Cold vapor atomic adsorption UV photometer detects mercury

First Phase cont.

- **Dry Conversion CEMS # 2**
 - Catalyst coverts oxidized to elemental mercury
 - Cold vapor atomic adsorption UV photometer detects mercury



First Phase cont.



- APPCD's Wet conversion CEMS added to test
 - Converter unit illustrated
 - Located near stack port

First Phase Results

- Standards, sampling system field verified
- Wet conversion system RATA
- Ontario Hydro confirms expected Hg species split
- Vendor awareness increased

RATA #2: Wet Converter CEMS

Run #	CEMS	RM	Diff.
1	4.5	3.9	-0.6
2	4.4	4.3	-0.1
8	9.1	8.0	-1.1
9	8.6	7.7	-0.9
10	9.4	9.1	-0.3
11	7.8	7.8	0.0

RATA #2: Wet Converter CEMS

Run #	CEMS	RM	Diff.
12	8.3	8.5	0.2
13	9.8	11.5	1.7
14	9.5	10.1	0.6
15	7.0	8.5	1.5
Avg.	7.8	7.9	0.1
S.D.			0.9
C.C.			0.7

Relative Accuracy: 9.5 %

RATA #2: Dry Converter CEMS # 2

Run #	CEMS	RM	Diff
1	5.2	3.9	-1.3
2	6.6	4.3	-2.3
3	5.2	3.7	-1.5
4	3.1	3.6	0.5
5	3.8	4.2	0.4
6	3.6	4.3	0.7
7	4.0	3.3	-0.7

RATA #2: Dry Converter CEMS # 2

Run #	CEMS	RM	Diff
8	5.3	8.0	2.7
9	5.4	7.7	2.3
10	7.3	9.1	1.8
11	1.3	7.8	6.5
12	3.2	8.5	5.3
13	3.4	11.5	8.1
14	1.8	10.1	8.3
15	1.3	8.5	7.2

Second Phase

- June 02: resurveyed vendors to locate more participants
- Aug 02: acquired and installed 2 “new” dry converter CEMS, arrangements made to further modify old dry converter CEMS #2
- Sept '02: relocated wet converter CEMS to trailer

Second Phase, cont.

- Sept 02: added EPRI integrated sample monitoring system
- Sept 02: completed third RATA series
- Oct 02: added two additional dry converter CEMS, one with “new” measurement technology
- Dec 02: fourth RATA series planned

Second Phase, cont.



Second Phase, cont.

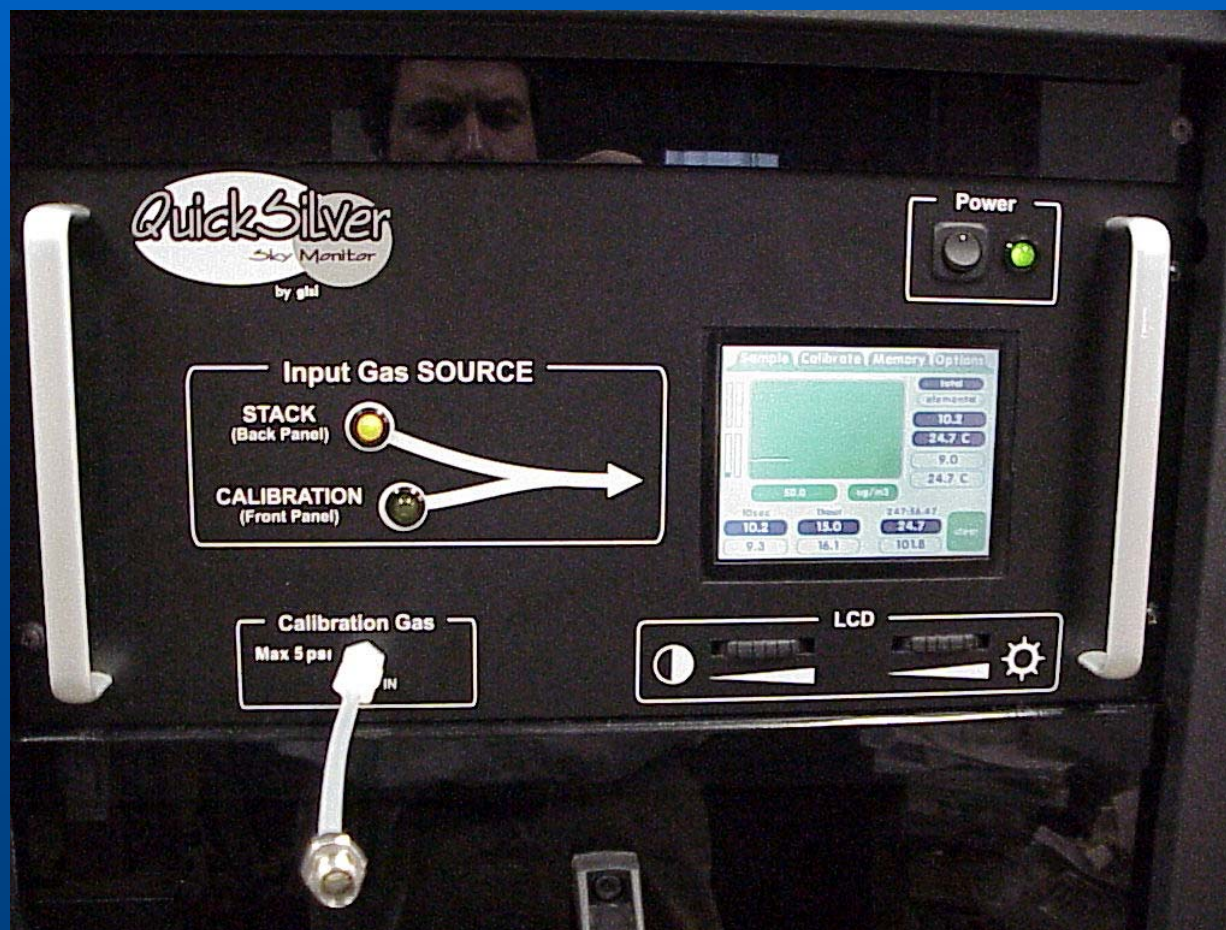


Second Phase, cont.



Second Phase, cont.





Second Phase, cont.



Second Phase, cont.



Current Evaluation Status

- Hg Standards
- Sampling System
- RATA Test Results
- CEMS Availability

What's Next ?

- **Electric Utility MACT**
 - **Assess Mercury Limit & Standard**
 - Total vs. Speciated
 - Percent Reduction vs. Limit
 - **Prepare Monitoring & Testing Recommendations**
 - Proposal or Request for Comment

What's Next ? (continued)

- **Electric Utility MACT (continued)**
 - Adjust draft PS-12 as needed
 - Conduct Phase III if required
 - Bituminous with wet scrubber and ESP
 - Adsorbent injection with hot side ESP
 - Subbituminous with SCR (or SNCR)

What's Next ? (continued)

- **Multipollutant Legislation**
 - **Track Progress and Content**
 - Administration, Jeffords, Others
 - Instrument Mandate, Trading Provisions, Speciated Limits, Implementation Schedule
- **Consent Decrees for Hg CEMS**
 - **Offer Advice and Assistance**
 - PSEG Mercer (NJ) & Others

What's Next ? (continued)

- **Hazardous Waste Combustors**
 - Review ETV Results from Oak Ridge
- **Mercury Cell Chlor-Alkali Plants**
 - Develop Test Program with Chlorine Institute
- **State Regulations**
 - Share Information with Massachusetts and Others

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