

11.12 CONCRETE BATCHING

11.12-1 Process Description¹⁻⁵

Concrete is composed essentially of water, cement, sand (fine aggregate) and coarse aggregate. Coarse aggregate may consist of gravel, crushed stone or iron blast furnace slag. Some specialty aggregate products could be either heavyweight aggregate (of barite, magnetite, limonite, ilmenite, iron or steel) or lightweight aggregate (with sintered clay, shale, slate, diatomaceous shale, perlite, vermiculite, slag, pumice, cinders, or sintered fly ash). Supplementary cementing materials, also called mineral admixtures or pozzolan materials may be added to make the concrete mixtures more economical, reduce permeability, increase strength, or influence other concrete properties. Typical examples are natural pozzolans, fly ash, ground granulated blast-furnace slag, and silica fume, which can be used individually with portland or blended cement or in different combinations. Chemical admixtures are usually liquid ingredients that are added to concrete to entrain air, reduce the water required to reach a required slump, retard or accelerate the setting rate, to make the concrete more flowable or other more specialized functions.

Approximately 75 percent of the U. S. concrete manufactured is produced at plants that store, convey, measure and discharge these constituents into trucks for transport to a job site. At most of these plants, sand, aggregate, cement and water are all gravity fed from the weigh hopper into the mixer trucks. The concrete is mixed on the way to the site where the concrete is to be poured. At some of these plants, the concrete may also be manufactured in a central mix drum and transferred to a transport truck. Most of the remaining concrete manufactured are products cast in a factory setting. Precast products range from concrete bricks and paving stones to bridge girders, structural components, and panels for cladding. Concrete masonry, another type of manufactured concrete, may be best known for its conventional 8 x 8 x 16-inch block. In a few cases, concrete is dry batched or prepared at a building construction site. Figure 11.12-1 is a generalized process diagram for concrete batching.

The raw materials can be delivered to a plant by rail, truck or barge. The cement is transferred to elevated storage silos pneumatically or by bucket elevator. The sand and coarse aggregate are transferred to elevated bins by front end loader, clam shell crane, belt conveyor, or bucket elevator. From these elevated bins, the constituents are fed by gravity or screw conveyor to weigh hoppers, which combine the proper amounts of each material.

11.12-2 Emissions and Controls⁶⁻⁸

Particulate matter, consisting primarily of cement and pozzolan dust but including some aggregate and sand dust emissions, is the primary pollutant of concern. In addition, there are emissions of metals that are associated with this particulate matter. All but one of the emission points are fugitive in nature. The only point sources are the transfer of cement and pozzolan material to silos, and these are usually vented to a fabric filter or "sock". Fugitive sources include the transfer of sand and aggregate, truck loading, mixer loading, vehicle traffic, and wind erosion from sand and aggregate storage piles. The amount of fugitive emissions generated during the transfer of sand and aggregate depends primarily on the surface moisture content of these materials. The extent of fugitive emission control varies widely from plant to plant. Particulate emission factors for concrete batching are given in Tables 11.12-1 and 11.12-2. Particulate emission factors per yard of concrete for an average batch formulation at a typical facility are given in Tables 11.12-3 and 11.12-4. Metals emission factors for concrete batching are given in Tables 11.12-5 and 11.12-6.

Types of controls used may include water sprays, enclosures, hoods, curtains, shrouds, movable and telescoping chutes, and the like. A major source of potential emissions, the movement of heavy trucks over unpaved or dusty surfaces in and around the plant, can be controlled by good maintenance and wetting of the road surface.

Predictive equations that allow for emission factor adjustment based on plant specific conditions are given in Chapter 13. Whenever plant specific data are available, they should be used in lieu of the fugitive emission factors presented in Table 11.12-1 through 11.12-4.

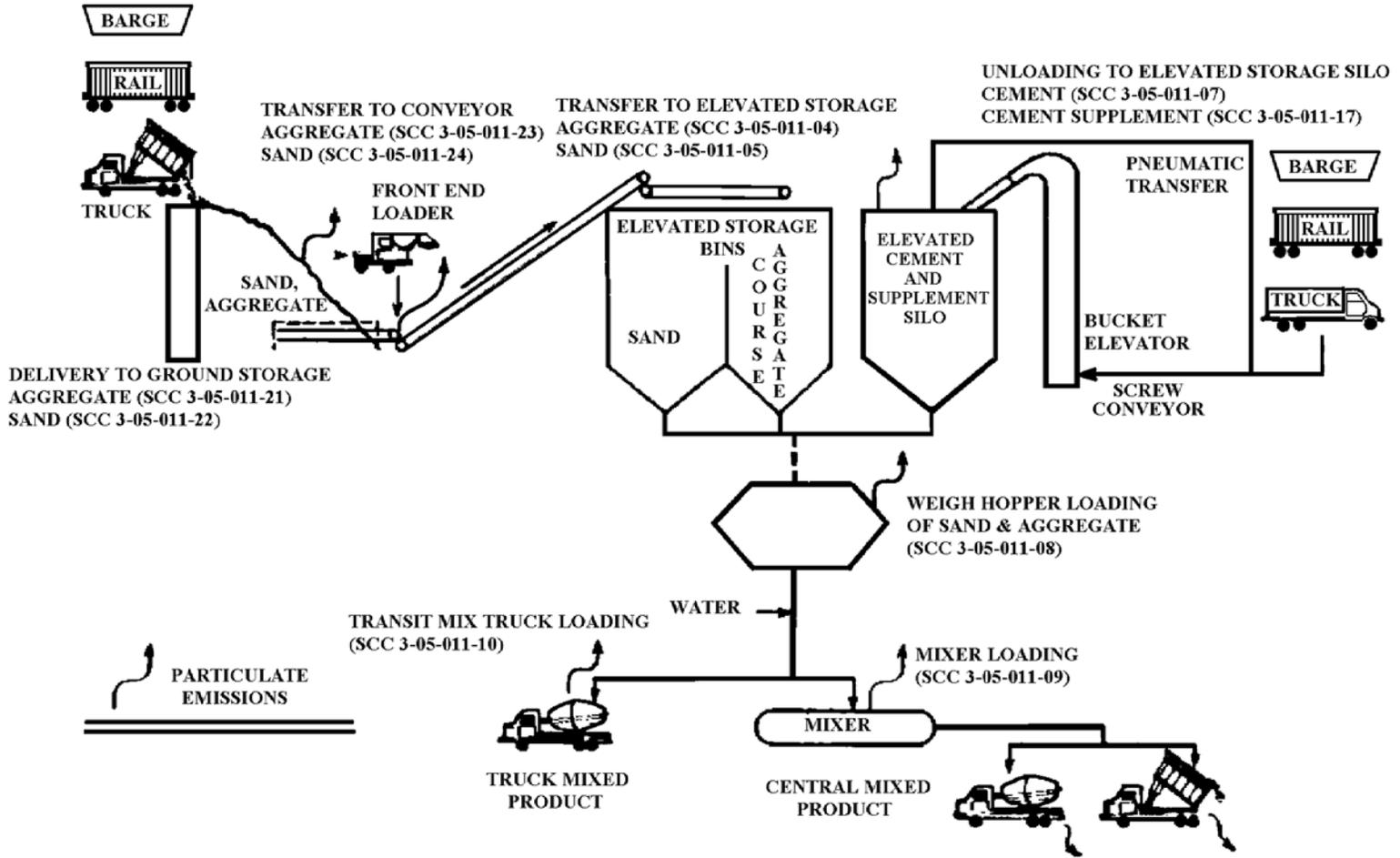


Figure 11.12-1. Typical Concrete Batching Process.

TABLE 11.12-1 (METRIC UNITS)
EMISSION FACTORS FOR CONCRETE BATCHING ^a

Source (SCC)	Uncontrolled				Controlled			
	Total PM	EMISSION FACTOR RATING	Total PM-10	EMISSION FACTOR RATING	Total PM	EMISSION FACTOR RATING	Total PM-10	EMISSION FACTOR RATING
Aggregate transfer ^b (3-05-011-04, -21, 23)	0.0035	D	0.0017	D	ND		ND	
Sand transfer ^b (3-05-011-05, -22, -24)	0.0011	D	0.00051	D	ND		ND	
Cement unloading to elevated storage silo (pneumatic) ^c (3-05-011-07)	0.36	E	0.23	E	0.00050	D	0.00017	D
Cement supplement unloading to elevated storage silo (pneumatic) ^d (3-05-011-17)	1.57	E	0.65	E	0.0045	D	0.0024	E
Weigh hopper loading ^e (3-05-011-08)	0.0026	D	0.0013	D	ND		ND	
Mixer loading (central mix) ^f (3-05-011-09)	0.11	E	0.039	E	0.0056	E	0.0019	E
Truck loading (truck mix) ^g (3-05-011-10)	0.31	D	0.075	D	0.10	D	0.025	D
Vehicle traffic (paved roads)	See AP-42 Section 13.2.1							
Vehicle traffic (unpaved roads)	See AP-42 Section 13.2.2							
Wind erosion from aggregate and sand storage piles	See AP-42 Section 13.2.5							

ND = No data.

- ^a All emission factors are in kg of pollutant per Mg of material loaded unless noted otherwise. Loaded material includes course aggregate, sand, cement, cement supplement and the surface moisture associated with these materials. The average material composition of concrete batches presented in references 9 and 10 was 846 kg course aggregate, 648 kg sand, 223 kg cement and 33 kg cement supplement. Approximately 75 liters of water was added to this solid material to produce 1826 kg of concrete.
- ^b Reference 9 and 10. Emission factors are based upon an equation from AP-42, Section 13.2.2, with $k_{PM-10} = .35$, $k_{PM} = .74$, $U = 10$ mph, $M_{aggregate} = 1.77\%$, and $M_{sand} = 4.17\%$. The moisture contents of the materials ($M_{aggregate}$ and M_{sand}) are the averages of the values obtained from Reference 9 and Reference 10.
- ^c The uncontrolled PM & PM-10 emission factors were developed from Reference 9. The controlled emission factor for PM was developed from References 9, 10, 11 and 12. The controlled emission factor for PM-10 was developed from References 9 and 10.
- ^d The controlled PM emission factor was developed from Reference 10 and Reference 12, whereas the controlled PM-10 emission factor was developed from only Reference 10.
- ^e Emission factors were developed by using the Aggregate and Sand Transfer Emission Factors in conjunction with the ratio of aggregate and sand used in an average yard³ of concrete. The unit for these emission factors is kg of pollutant per Mg of aggregate and sand.
- ^f Reference 9. The emission factor units are kg of pollutant per Mg of cement and cement supplement. Emission factors were developed from a typical central mix operation. The average estimate of the percent of emissions captured during each test run is 94%.
- ^g Reference 9 and 10. The emission factor units are kg of pollutant per Mg of cement and cement supplement. Emission factors were developed from two typical truck mix loading operations. Based upon visual observations of every loading operation during the two test programs, the average capture efficiency during the testing was 71%.

TABLE 11.12-2 (ENGLISH UNITS)
EMISSION FACTORS FOR CONCRETE BATCHING ^a

Source (SCC)	Uncontrolled				Controlled			
	Total PM	EMISSION FACTOR RATING	Total PM-10	EMISSION FACTOR RATING	Total PM	EMISSION FACTOR RATING	Total PM-10	EMISSION FACTOR RATING
Aggregate transfer ^b (3-05-011-04, 21, 23)	0.0069	D	0.0033	D	ND		ND	
Sand transfer ^b (3-05-011-05, 22, 24)	0.0021	D	0.00099	D	ND		ND	
Cement unloading to elevated storage silo (pneumatic) ^c (3-05-011-07)	0.72	E	0.46	E	0.00099	D	0.00034	D
Cement supplement unloading to elevated storage silo (pneumatic) ^d (3-05-011-17)	3.14	E	1.10	E	0.0089	D	0.0049	E
Weigh hopper loading ^e (3-05-011-08)	0.0051	D	0.0024	D	ND		ND	
Mixer loading (central mix) ^f (3-05-011-09)	0.22	E	0.078	E	0.011	E	0.0038	E
Truck loading (truck mix) ^g (3-05-011-10)	0.61	D	0.15	D	0.21	D	0.051	D
Vehicle traffic (paved roads)	See AP-42 Section 13.2.1							
Vehicle traffic (unpaved roads)	See AP-42 Section 13.2.2							
Wind erosion from aggregate and sand storage piles	See AP-42 Section 13.2.5							

ND = No data.

- ^a All emission factors are in lb of pollutant per ton of material loaded unless noted otherwise. Loaded material includes course aggregate, sand, cement, cement supplement and the surface moisture associated with these materials. The average material composition of concrete batches presented in references 9 and 10 was 1865 lbs course aggregate, 1428 lbs sand, 491 lbs cement and 73 lbs cement supplement. Approximately 20 gallons of water was added to this solid material to produce 4024 lbs (one cubic yard) of concrete.
- ^b Reference 9 and 10. Emission factors are based upon an equation from AP-42 Section 13.2.2, with $k_{PM-10} = .35$, $k_{PM} = .74$, $U = 10$ mph, $M_{aggregate} = 1.77\%$, and $M_{sand} = 4.17\%$. The moisture contents of the materials ($M_{aggregate}$ and M_{sand}) are the averages of the values obtained from Reference 9 and Reference 10.
- ^c The uncontrolled PM & PM-10 emission factors were developed from Reference 9. The controlled emission factor for PM was developed from References 9, 10, 11 & 12. The controlled emission factor for PM-10 was developed from References 9 and 10.
- ^d The controlled PM emission factor was developed from Reference 10 and Reference 12, whereas the controlled PM-10 emission factor was developed from only Reference 10.
- ^e Emission factors were developed by using the Aggregate and Sand Transfer Emission Factors in conjunction with the ratio of aggregate and sand used in an average yard³ of concrete. The unit for these emission factors is lb of pollutant per ton of aggregate and sand.
- ^f Reference 9. The unit for the emission factors are lb of pollutant per ton of cement and cement supplement. Emission factors were developed from a typical central mix operation. The average of the estimates of the percent of emissions captured during each test run is 94%.
- ^g Reference 9 and 10. The emission factor units are lb of pollutant per ton of cement and cement supplement. Emission factors were developed from two typical truck mix loading operations. Based upon visual observations of every loading operation during the two test programs, the average capture efficiency during the testing was 71%.

TABLE 11.12-3 (ENGLISH UNITS)
PLANT WIDE EMISSION FACTORS PER YARD OF TRUCK MIX CONCRETE ^a

	Uncontrolled		Controlled	
	PM (lb/yd ³)	PM-10 (lb/yd ³)	PM (lb/yd ³)	PM-10 (lb/yd ³)
Aggregate delivery to ground storage (3-05-011-21)	0.0064	0.0031	0.0064	0.0031
Sand delivery to ground storage (3-05-011-22)	0.0015	0.0007	0.0015	0.0007
Aggregate transfer to conveyor (3-05-011-23)	0.0064	0.0031	0.0064	0.0031
Sand transfer to conveyor (3-05-011-24)	0.0015	0.0007	0.0015	0.0007
Aggregate transfer to elevated storage (3-05-011-04)	0.0064	0.0031	0.0064	0.0031
Sand transfer to elevated storage (3-05-011-05)	0.0015	0.0007	0.0015	0.0007
Cement delivery to Silo (3-05-011-07 controlled)	0.0002	0.0001	0.0002	0.0001
Cement supplement delivery to Silo (3-05-011-17 controlled)	0.0003	0.0002	0.0003	0.0002
Weigh hopper loading (3-05-011-08)	0.0079	0.0038	0.0079	0.0038
Truck mix loading (3-05-011-10)	0.17	0.042	0.058	0.014
Total Facility (3-05-011-01)	0.20	0.058	0.090	0.030

TABLE 11.12-4 (ENGLISH UNITS)
PLANT WIDE EMISSION FACTORS PER YARD OF CENTRAL MIX CONCRETE ^a

	Uncontrolled		Controlled	
	PM (lb/yd ³)	PM-10 (lb/yd ³)	PM (lb/yd ³)	PM-10 (lb/yd ³)
Aggregate delivery to ground storage (3-05-011-21)	0.0064	0.0031	0.0064	0.0031
Sand delivery to ground storage (3-05-011-22)	0.0015	0.0007	0.0015	0.0007
Aggregate transfer to conveyor (3-05-011-23)	0.0064	0.0031	0.0064	0.0031
Sand transfer to conveyor (3-05-011-24)	0.0015	0.0007	0.0015	0.0007
Aggregate transfer to elevated storage (3-05-011-04)	0.0064	0.0031	0.0064	0.0031
Sand transfer to elevated storage (3-05-011-05)	0.0015	0.0007	0.0015	0.0007
Cement delivery to Silo (3-05-011-07 controlled)	0.0002	0.0001	0.0002	0.0001
Cement supplement delivery to Silo (3-05-011-17 controlled)	0.0003	0.0002	0.0003	0.0002
Weigh hopper loading (3-05-011-08)	0.0079	0.0038	0.0079	0.0038
Central mix loading (3-05-011-09)	0.063	0.022	0.0031	0.0011
Total Facility (3-05-011-01)	0.095	0.037	0.036	0.017

^a Total facility emissions do not include road dust and wind blown dust. Based upon emission factors presented in Table 11.12-2 and the following composition of one yard of concrete

Coarse Aggregate	1865. pounds
Sand	1428. pounds
Cement	491. pounds
Cement Supplement	73. pounds
Water	20. gallons

TABLE 11.12-5 (METRIC UNITS)
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT METAL EMISSION FACTORS^a

	Arsenic	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium	Lead	Manganese	Nickel	Phosphorus	Selenium	EMISSION FACTOR RATING
Cement Silo Filling ^b (SCC 3-05-011-07) w/ Fabric Filter	8.38e-07 2.12e-09	8.97e-09 2.43e-10	1.17e-07 2.43e-10	1.26e-07 1.45e-08	3.68e-07 5.46e-09	1.01e-04 5.87e-08	8.83e-06 2.09e-08	5.88e-05 ND	ND ND	E E
Cement Supplement Silo Filling ^c (SCC 3-05-011-17) w/ Fabric Filter	ND 5.02e-07	ND 4.52e-08	ND 9.92e-09	ND 6.10e-07	ND 2.60e-07	ND 1.28e-07	ND 1.14e-06	ND 1.77e-06	ND 3.62e-08	E E
Central Mix Batching ^c (SCC 3-05-011-09) w/ Fabric Filter	1.16e-07 9.35e-09	ND ND	5.92e-09 3.55e-10	7.11e-07 6.34e-08	1.91e-07 1.83e-08	3.06e-05 1.89e-06	1.64e-06 1.24e-07	1.01e-05 6.04e-07	ND ND	E E
Truck Loading ^g (SCC 3-05-011-10) w/ Fabric Filter	1.52e-06 5.80e-07	1.22e-07 5.18e-08	1.71e-08 4.53e-09	5.71e-06 2.05e-06	1.81e-06 7.67e-07	3.06e-05 1.04e-05	5.99e-06 2.39e-06	1.92e-05 6.16e-06	1.31e-06 5.64e-08	E E

ND = No data.

^a All emission factors are in kg of pollutant per Mg of material loaded unless noted otherwise. The average solid material composition of concrete batches presented in references 9 and 10 was 846 kg course aggregate, 648 kg sand, 223 kg cement and 33 kg cement supplement. Approximately 75 liters of water was added to this solid material to produce 1826 kg of concrete.

^b The uncontrolled emission factors were developed from Reference 8. The controlled emission factors were developed from Reference 9 and 10. Although controlled emissions of phosphorous compounds were below detection, it is reasonable to assume that the effectiveness is comparable to the average effectiveness (98%) for the other metals.

^c Reference 10.

^d Reference 9. The emission factor units are kg of pollutant per Mg of cement and cement supplement. Emission factors were developed from a typical central mix operation. The average estimate of the percent of emissions captured during each test run is 94%.

^e Reference 9 and 10. The emission factor units are kg of pollutant per Mg of cement and cement supplement. Emission factors were developed from two typical truck mix loading operations. Based upon visual observations of every loading operation during the two test programs, the average capture efficiency during the testing was 71%.

TABLE 11.12-6 (ENGLISH UNITS)
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT METAL EMISSION FACTORS^a

	Arsenic	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium	Lead	Manganese	Nickel	Phosphorus	Selenium	EMISSION FACTOR RATING
Cement Silo Filling ^b (SCC 3-05-011-07) w/ Fabric Filter	1.68e-06 4.24e-09	1.79e-08 4.86e-10	2.34e-07 4.86e-10	2.52e-07 2.90e-08	7.36e-07 1.09e-08	2.02e-04 1.17e-07	1.76e-05 4.18e-08	1.18e-05 ND	ND ND	E E
Cement Supplement Silo Filling ^c (SCC 3-05-011-17) w/ Fabric Filter	ND 1.00e-06	ND 9.04e-08	ND 1.98e-08	ND 1.22e-06	ND 5.20e-07	ND 2.56e-07	ND 2.28e-06	ND 3.54e-06	ND 7.24e-08	E E
Central Mix Batching ^d (SCC 3-05-011-09) w/ Fabric Filter	2.32e-07 1.87e-08	ND ND	1.18e-08 7.10e-10	1.42e-06 1.27e-07	3.82e-07 3.66e-08	6.12e-05 3.78e-06	3.28e-06 2.48e-07	2.02e-05 1.20e-06	ND ND	E E
Truck Loading ^e (SCC 3-05-011-10) w/ Fabric Filter	3.04e-06 1.16e-06	2.44e-07 1.04e-07	3.42e-08 9.06e-09	1.14e-05 4.10e-06	3.62e-06 1.53e-06	6.12e-05 2.08e-05	1.19e-05 4.78e-06	3.84e-05 1.23e-05	2.62e-06 1.13e-07	E E

ND = No data.

^a All emission factors are in lb of pollutant per ton of material loaded unless noted otherwise. The average material composition of concrete batches presented in references 9 and 10 was 1865 lbs course aggregate, 1428 lbs sand, 491 lbs cement and 73 lbs cement supplement.

Approximately 20 gallons of water was added to this solid material to produce 4024 lbs (one cubic yard) of concrete.

^b The uncontrolled emission factors were developed from Reference 8. The controlled emission factors were developed from Reference 9 and 10. Although controlled emissions of phosphorous compounds were below detection, it is reasonable to assume that the effectiveness is comparable to the average effectiveness (98%) for the other metals.

^c Reference 10.

^d Reference 9. The unit for the emission factors are lb of pollutant per ton of cement and cement supplement. Emission factors were developed from a typical central mix operation. The average of the estimates of the percent of emissions captured during each test run is 94%.

^e Reference 9 and 10. The emission factor units are lb of pollutant per ton of cement and cement supplement. Emission factors were developed from two typical truck mix loading operations. Based upon visual observations of every loading operation during the two test programs, the average capture efficiency during the testing was 71%.

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