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Reference Number: 68

Title: Results Of The May 26, 1993 Particulate Emission Compliance Test On The No. 7 Portable Asphalt Plant Stationed Near Appleton, Minnesota,

Interpoll Laboratories, Inc., Circle Pines, MN,

July 7, 1993.

79C

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**RESULTS OF THE MAY 26, 1993  
NSPS PARTICULATE EMISSION  
COMPLIANCE TEST ON THE NO. 7  
PORTABLE ASPHALT PLANT STATIONED  
NEAR APPLETON, MINNESOTA**

Submitted to:

**DUININCK COMPANIES**  
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Attention:

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Report Number 3-8919  
July 7, 1993  
SP/slp

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## ABBREVIATIONS

ACFM	actual cubic feet per minute
cc (ml)	cubic centimeter (milliliter)
DSCFM	dry standard cubic foot of dry gas per minute
DSML	dry standard milliliter
DEG-F (°F)	degrees Fahrenheit
DIA.	diameter
FP	finished product for plant
FT/SEC	feet per second
g	gram
GPM	gallons per minute
GR/ACF	grains per actual cubic foot
GR/DSCF	grains per dry standard cubic foot
g/dscm	grams per dry standard cubic meter
HP	horsepower
HRS	hours
IN.	inches
IN.HG.	inches of mercury
IN.WC.	inches of water
LB	pound
LB/DSCF	pounds per dry standard cubic foot
LB/HR	pounds per hour
LB/10 <sup>6</sup> BTU	pounds per million British Thermal Units heat input
LB/MMBTU	pounds per million British Thermal Units heat input
LTPD	long tons per day
MW	megawatt
mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>	milligrams per dry standard cubic meter
ug/Nm <sup>3</sup>	micrograms per dry standard cubic meter
microns (um)	micrometer
MIN.	minutes
ng	nanograms
ohm-cm	ohm-centimeter
PM	particulate matter
PPH	pounds per hour
PPM	parts per million
ppmC	parts per million carbon
ppm,d	parts per million, dry
ppm,w	parts per million, wet
ppt	parts per trillion
PSI	pounds per square inch
SQ.FT.	square feet
TPD	tons per day
ug	micrograms
v/v	percent by volume
w/w	percent by weight
<	≤ (when following a number)

Standard conditions are defined as 68°F (20°C) and 29.92 IN. of mercury pressure.

## 1 INTRODUCTION

On May 26, 1993 Interpoll Laboratories Personnel conducted a State Particulate and Visible Emission Compliance Test on the Duininck Companies No. 7 Portable Asphalt Plant stationed near Appleton, Minnesota. Ron Rosenthal and Bob Aschenbach performed the on-site portion of the test. Coordination between testing activities and plant operation was provided by Chris Duininck of Duininck Companies. A member of the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency did not witness the test.

The asphalt plant tested is a Barber Greene Model DM-75 asphalt plant which has a rated capacity of 500 TPH. The plant is normally operated at 480 TPH with an aggregate moisture content of 7%. Emissions from the plant are controlled by a Custom Welding Dust-Eater baghouse. The process equipment burned waste oil and operated under normal conditions.

Particulate evaluations were performed in accordance with EPA Methods 1 - 5, and 9, CFR Title 40, Part 60, Appendix A (revised July 1, 1992). A preliminary determination of the gas linear velocity profile was made before the first particulate determination to allow selection of the appropriate nozzle diameter required for isokinetic sample withdrawal. An Interpoll Labs sampling train which meets or exceeds specifications in the above-cited reference was used to extract particulate samples by means of a heated glass-lined probe. Wet catch samples were collected in the back half of the Method 5 sampling train and analyzed as per Minnesota Rules part 7005.0500.

An integrated flue gas sample was extracted simultaneously with each particulate sample using a specially designed gas sampling system. Integrated flue gas samples were collected in 44-liter Tedlar bags housed in a protective aluminum container. After sampling was complete, the bags were returned to the laboratory for Orsat analysis. Prior to sampling,

the Tedlar bags are leak checked at 15 IN.HG. vacuum with an in-line rotameter. Bags with any detectable inleakage are discarded.

Testing was conducted from 5 test ports oriented horizontally on the stack. The test ports are located 2.7 diameters downstream and 3.3 diameters upstream of the nearest flow disturbances. A 25-point traverse was used to collect representative particulate samples. Each traverse point was sampled 2.5 minutes to give a total sampling time of 62.5 minutes per run. Visible emissions were read by Randy Madison, an EPA-certified observer.

The important results of the test are summarized in Section 2. Detailed results are presented in Section 3. Field data and all other supporting information are presented in the appendices.

## 2 SUMMARY AND DISCUSSION

The results of the particulate emission test are summarized in Tables 1 and 2. The particulate concentration averaged 0.094 GR/DSCF (Dry + Organic Wet Catch) and 0.00574 (Dry Catch Only). The corresponding particulate emission rates averaged 22.2 and 1.36 LB/HR. Opacity averaged 7.6 percent.

No difficulties were encountered in the field or in the laboratory evaluation of the samples. On the basis of these facts and a complete review of the data and results, it is our opinion that the results reported herein are accurate and closely reflect the actual values which existed at the time the test was performed.

Table 1. Summary of the Results of the May 26, 1993 Particulate Emission Compliance Test on the Duinick Brothers No. 7 Portable Asphalt Plant Stationed near Appleton, Minnesota.

ITEM	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3
Date of test	05-26-93	05-26-93	05-26-93
Time runs were done (HRS)	830/ 945	1010/1126	1155/1312
Process rate (TON/HR)			
recycle	232.0	242.0	242.0
aggregate	248.0	259.0	268.0
asphalt	14.5	15.1	15.5
total	494.5	516.1	525.5
Volumetric flow (ACFM)			
actual	60708	60032	59910
standard (DSCFM)	28266	27315	26997
Gas temperature (DEG-F)	270	266	269
Moisture content (%V/V)	33.74	35.53	35.89
Gas composition (%V/V, dry)			
carbon dioxide	7.60	7.40	7.90
oxygen	10.60	10.70	10.00
nitrogen	81.80	81.90	82.10
Isokinetic variation (%)	103.7	103.0	102.1
Part. emission rate (LB/HR)	25.16	21.45	20.04
Particulate concentration (GR/ACF)			
actual	.0483	.0417	.0390
standard (GR/DSCF)	0.104	.0916	.0866

Note: Dry + Organic Wet Catch

\* Federal regulations restrict particulate emissions from portable asphalt plants to .04 GR/DSCF, CFR Title 40, Part 60, Subpart I.

Table 2. Summary of the Results of the May 26, 1993 Particulate Emission Compliance Test on the Duinink Brothers No. 7 Portable Asphalt Plant Stationed near Appleton, Minnesota.

ITEM	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3
Date of test	05-26-93	05-26-93	05-26-93
Time runs were done (HRS)	830/ 945	1010/1126	1155/1312
Process rate (TON/HR)			
recycle	232.0	242.0	242.0
aggregate	248.0	259.0	268.0
asphalt	14.5	15.1	15.5
total	494.5	516.1	525.5
Volumetric flow (ACFM)	60708	60032	59910
actual (DSCFM)	28266	27315	26997
Gas temperature (DEG-F)	270	266	269
Moisture content (%V/V)	33.74	35.53	35.89
Gas composition (%V/V, dry)			
carbon dioxide	7.60	7.40	7.90
oxygen	10.60	10.70	10.00
nitrogen	81.80	81.90	82.10
Isokinetic variation (%)	103.7	103.0	102.1
Part. emission rate (LB/HR)	1.52	1.34	1.21
Particulate concentration (GR/ACF)			
actual	.00292	.00260	.00235
standard (GR/DSCF)	.00628	.00571	.00522

Note: Dry Catch Only

\* Federal regulations restrict particulate emissions from portable asphalt plants to .04 GR/DSCF, CFR Title 40, Part 60, Subpart I.

### 3 RESULTS

The results of all field and laboratory evaluations are presented in this section. Gas composition (Orsat and moisture) are presented first followed by the computer printout of the particulate and opacity results. Preliminary measurements including test port locations are given in the appendices.

The results have been calculated on a personal computer using programs written in Extended BASIC specifically for source testing calculations. EPA-published equations have been used as the basis of the calculation techniques in these programs. The particulate emission rate has been calculated using the product of the concentration times flow method.

**3.1 Results of Orsat & Moisture Analyses**

Test No. 1  
 No. 7 Portable Asphalt Plant

Results of Orsat & Moisture Analyses-----Methods 3 & 4(%v/v)

Date of run	Run 1 05-26-93	Run 2 05-26-93	Run 3 05-26-93
-------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------

Dry basis (orsat)

carbon dioxide.....	7.60	7.40	7.90
oxygen.....	10.60	10.70	10.00
nitrogen.....	81.80	81.90	82.10

Wet basis (orsat)

carbon dioxide.....	5.04	4.77	5.06
oxygen.....	7.02	6.90	6.41
nitrogen.....	54.20	52.80	52.63
water vapor.....	33.74	35.53	35.89
Dry molecular weight.....	29.64	29.61	29.66
Wet molecular weight.....	25.71	25.49	25.48
Specific gravity.....	0.888	0.880	0.880
Water mass flow.....(LB/HR)	40378	42227	42403

FO	1.355	1.378	1.380
----	-------	-------	-------

3.2 Results of Particulate Loading Determinations

Test No. 1  
 No. 7 Portable Asphalt Plant

**Results of Particulate Loading Determinations-----Method 5**

	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3
Date of run	05-26-93	05-26-93	05-26-93
Time run start/end.....(HRS)	830/ 945	1010/1126	1155/1312
Static pressure.....(IN.WC)	-1.70	-1.70	-1.70
Cross sectional area (SQ.FT)	14.38	14.38	14.38
Pitot tube coefficient.....	.840	.840	.840
Water in sample gas			
condenser.....(ML)	0.0	0.0	0.0
impingers.....(GRAMS)	404.0	365.0	424.0
desiccant.....(GRAMS)	34.0	90.0	29.0
total.....(GRAMS)	438.0	455.0	453.0
Total particulate material..			
.....collected(grams)	0.2729	0.2311	0.2141
Gas meter coefficient.....	1.0039	1.0039	1.0039
Barometric pressure..(IN.HG)	29.18	29.18	29.18
Avg. orif.pres.drop..(IN.WC)	0.89	0.85	0.80
Avg. gas meter temp..(DEF-F)	71.8	86.5	83.5
Volume through gas meter....			
at meter conditions...(CF)	41.64	41.08	40.04
standard conditions.(DSCF)	40.55	38.93	38.15
Total sampling time....(MIN)	100.00	100.00	100.00
Nozzle diameter.....(IN)	.191	.191	.191
Avg.stack gas temp ..(DEG-F)	270	266	269
Volumetric flow rate.....			
actual.....(ACFM)	60708	60032	59910
dry standard.....(DSCFM)	28266	27315	26997
Isokinetic variation.....(%)	103.7	103.0	102.1
Particulate concentration...			
actual.....(GR/ACF)	0.04833	0.04167	0.03901
dry standard.....(GR/DSCF)	0.10384	0.09161	0.08660
Particle mass rate...(LB/HR)	25.158	21.448	20.041

### 3.3 Results of Opacity Observations

Test No. 1  
No. 7 Asphalt Plant Stack

Results of Opacity Observations ----- EPA Method 9

PERCENT OPACITY	OPTICAL DENSITY	RELATIVE FREQUENCY (%)
0	0.0000	0.00
5	0.0223	45.00
10	0.0458	53.33
15	0.0706	1.67
20	0.0969	0.00
25	0.1249	0.00
30	0.1549	0.00
35	0.1871	0.00
40	0.2219	0.00
45	0.2596	0.00
50	0.3010	0.00
55	0.3468	0.00
60	0.3979	0.00
65	0.4559	0.00
70	0.5229	0.00
75	0.6021	0.00
80	0.6690	0.00
85	0.8239	0.00
90	1.0000	0.00
95	1.3010	0.00
99	2.0000	0.00
Avg Opac 7.83	Avg OD 0.0356	Time average

Observer: Randy Madison  
Cert. Date: 04-06-93  
Date of Observation: 05-26-93  
Time of Observation: 0830-0930

Test No. 2  
No. 7 Asphalt Plant Stack

Results of Opacity Observations ----- EPA Method 9

PERCENT OPACITY	OPTICAL DENSITY	RELATIVE FREQUENCY (%)
0	0.0000	0.00
5	0.0223	47.92
10	0.0458	51.25
15	0.0706	0.83
20	0.0969	0.00
25	0.1249	0.00
30	0.1549	0.00
35	0.1871	0.00
40	0.2219	0.00
45	0.2596	0.00
50	0.3010	0.00
55	0.3468	0.00
60	0.3979	0.00
65	0.4559	0.00
70	0.5229	0.00
75	0.6021	0.00
80	0.6690	0.00
85	0.8239	0.00
90	1.0000	0.00
95	1.3010	0.00
99	2.0000	0.00

-----

Avg Opac 7.65	Avg OD 0.0347	Time average
---------------	---------------	--------------

Observer: Randy Madison  
Cert. Date: 04-06-93  
Date of Observation: 05-26-93  
Time of Observation: 1010-1110

Test No. 3  
No. 7 Asphalt Plant Stack

Results of Opacity Observations ----- EPA Method 9

PERCENT OPACITY	OPTICAL DENSITY	RELATIVE FREQUENCY (%)
0	0.0000	0.00
5	0.0223	50.83
10	0.0458	49.17
15	0.0706	0.00
20	0.0969	0.00
25	0.1249	0.00
30	0.1549	0.00
35	0.1871	0.00
40	0.2219	0.00
45	0.2596	0.00
50	0.3010	0.00
55	0.3468	0.00
60	0.3979	0.00
65	0.4559	0.00
70	0.5229	0.00
75	0.6021	0.00
80	0.6690	0.00
85	0.8239	0.00
90	1.0000	0.00
95	1.3010	0.00
99	2.0000	0.00
Avg Opac 7.46	Avg OD 0.0339	Time average

Observer: Randy Madison  
Cert. Date: 04-06-93  
Date of Observation: 05-26-93  
Time of Observation: 1200-1300

**4 RESULTS OF WASTE OIL AND AGGREGATE ANALYSES**

INTERPOLL LABORATORIES, INC.  
(612)786-6020

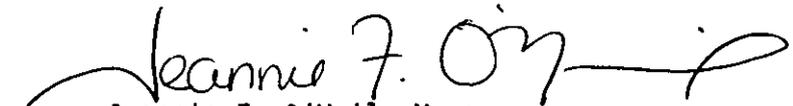
Duininck Company  
Sample Log No. 8919-35

Results of Waste Oil Profile

Test: 1  
Sample Description: Composite  
Sample Type: Waste Oil

Parameter	Units	Method	As Received
Gross heating value	BTU/LB	ASTM D240	141656
Sulfur	%	ASTM D3177	0.57
Ash	%	ASTM D482	0.85
Density	LB/GAL	ASTM D1298	7.4088
Total fluorine	% w/w	EPA SW-846, 9056	0.006
Total chlorine	% w/w	EPA SW-846, 9056	0.03
Total bromine	% w/w	EPA SW-846, 9056	< 0.003
Total lead	% w/w	EPA SW-846, 6010	0.005
Total PCB	mg/Kg	EPA SW-846, 8080	< 1.1

Respectfully submitted,

  
Jeannie F. O'Neil, Manager  
Inorganic Chemistry Group

  
for Wayne A. Olson, Manager  
Organic Chemistry Group

JFO/WAO/sk

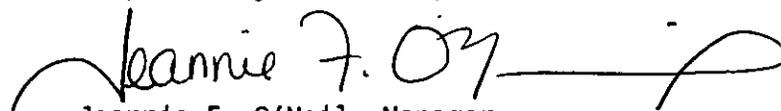
INTERPOLL LABORATORIES, INC.  
(612) 786-6020

Duininck Company  
Laboratory Log No. 8919

Results of Moisture Analysis<sup>1</sup>

Log No.	Test/Run	Sample Type	% Moisture
8919-29	Test 1 Run 1	Virgin Aggregate	5.84
8919-30	Test 1 Run 1	Recycle	3.56
8919-31	Test 1 Run 2	Virgin Aggregate	4.03
8919-32	Test 1 Run 2	Recycle	5.77
8919-33	Test 1 Run 3	Virgin Aggregate	6.10
8919-34	Test 1 Run 3	Recycle	4.37

Respectfully submitted,



Jeannie F. O'Neil, Manager  
Inorganic Chemistry Group

JFO/sk

<sup>1</sup>Analysis by ASTM Method D3173

**APPENDIX A**

**VOLUMETRIC FLOW RATE DETERMINATION**

Test No. 1  
No. 7 Portable Asphalt Plant

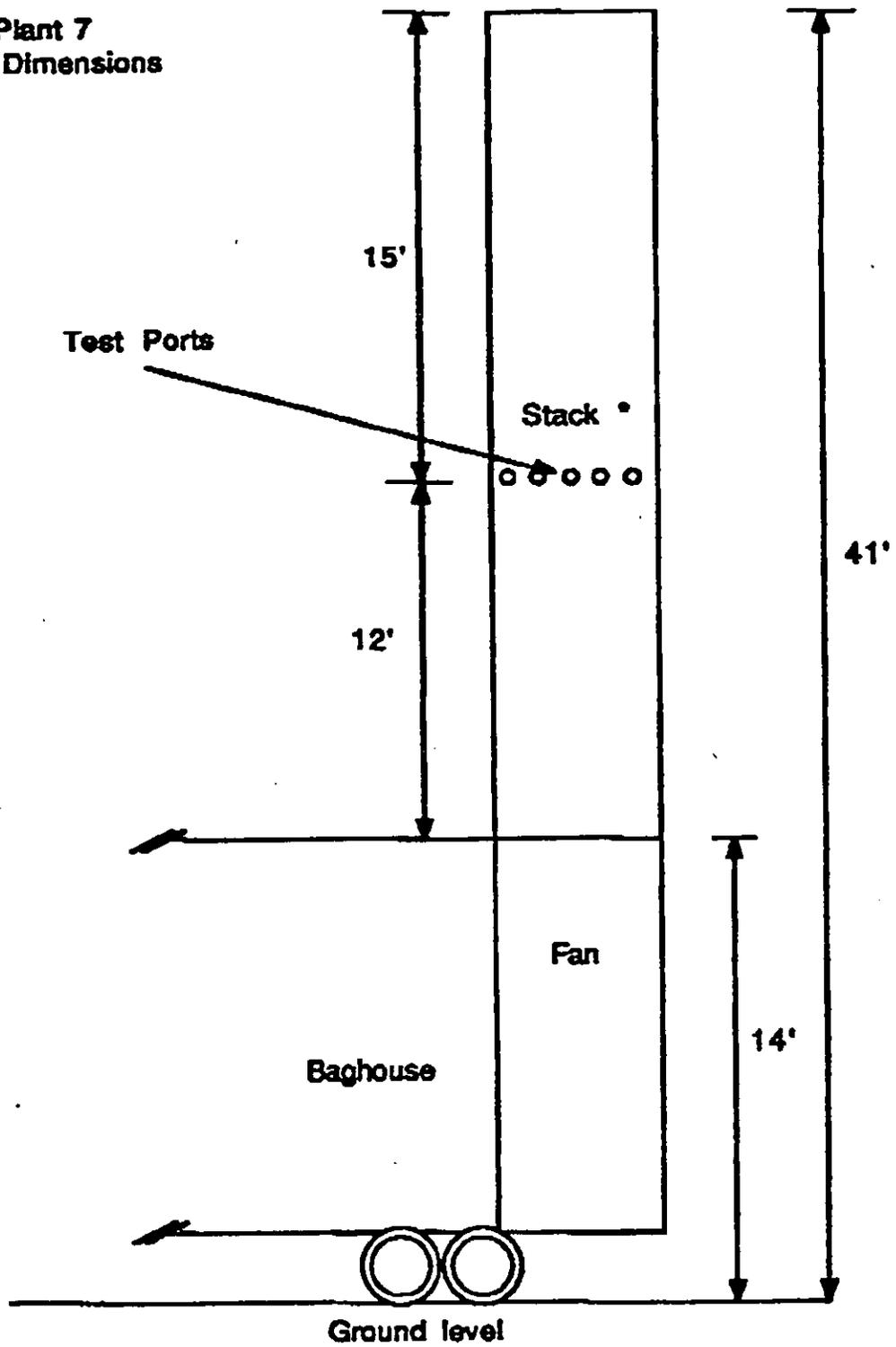
Results of Volumetric Flow Rate Determination-----Method 2

Date of Determination.....	05-26-93
Time of Determination.....(HRS)	745
Barometric pressure.....(IN.HG)	29.18
Pitot tube coefficient.....	.84
Number of sampling ports.....	5
Total number of points.....	25
Shape of duct.....	Rectangular
Duct width.....(IN)	45
Duct length.....(IN)	46
Duct area.....(SQ.FT)	14.38
Direction of flow.....	UP
Static pressure.....(IN.WC)	-1.7
Avg. gas temp.....(DEG-F)	270
Moisture content.....(% V/V)	33.74
Avg. linear velocity.....(FT/SEC)	56.5
Gas density.....(LB/ACF)	.04690
Molecular weight.....(LB/LBMOLE)	29.64
Mass flow of gas.....(LB/HR)	137060
Volumetric flow rate.....	
actual.....(ACFM)	48707
dry standard.....(DSCFM)	22667

**APPENDIX B**

**LOCATION OF TEST PORTS**

**DBI - Plant 7  
Stack Dimensions**



**\*Note: Test ports face toward the front of the BH.** ←

# APPENDIX E

ASPHALT PLANT OPERATING DATA

# APPENDIX F

## PROCEDURES

## Particulate Loadings and Emission Rates

The particulate emission rates were determined per EPA Methods 1-5, CFR title 40, Part 60, Appendix A (revised July 1, 1987). In this procedure, a preliminary velocity profile of the gases in the flue is obtained by means of a temperature and velocity traverse. On the basis of these values, sampling nozzles of appropriate diameter are selected to allow isokinetic sampling, a necessary prerequisite for obtaining a representative sample.

The sampling train consists of a heated glass-lined sampling probe equipped with a Type S pitot and a thermocouple. The probe is attached to a sampling module which houses the all-glass in line filter holder in a temperature controlled oven. In addition, the sampling module also houses the impinger case and a Drierite drying column. The sampling module is connected by means of an umbilical cord to the control module which houses the dry test gasmeter, the calibrated orifice, a leakless pump, two inclined manometers, and all controls required for operating the sampling train.

Particulate samples were collected as follows: The sample gas was drawn in through the sampling probe isokinetically and passed through a 4-inch diameter Gelman Type A/E glass fiber filter. The particulates were removed at this point and collected on the filter. The gases then passed through an ice-cooled impinger train and a desiccant-packed drying column which quantitatively absorb all moisture from the sample gas stream after which the sample gas passes through the pump and the dry test gasmeter which integrates the sample gas flow throughout the course of the test. A calibrated orifice attached to the outlet of the gasmeter provides instantaneous flow rate data.

A representative particulate sample was acquired by sampling for equal periods of time at the centroid of a number of equal area regions in the duct. The sampling rate is adjusted at each site such that an isokinetic sampling condition prevails. Nomographs are used to aid in the rapid determination of the sampling rate.

After sampling is complete, the filter is removed and placed in a clean container. The nozzle and inlet side of the filter holder are quantitatively washed with acetone and the washings are stored in a second container. A brush is often used in the cleaning step to help dislodge deposits. The samples are returned to the laboratory where they are logged in and analyzed. The volume of the acetone rinse ("probe wash") is noted and then the rinse is quantitatively transferred to a tared 120 cc porcelain evaporating dish and the acetone evaporated off at 97-105 °F. This temperature is used to prevent condensation of atmospheric moisture due to the cooling effect induced by the evaporation of acetone. The acetone-free sample is then transferred to an oven and dried at 105 °C for 30 minutes, cooled in a desiccator over Drierite, and then weighed to the nearest .01 mg. The filter sample is quantitatively transferred to a 6-inch watch glass and dried in an oven at 105 °C for two hours. The filter and watch glass are then cooled in a desiccator and the filter weighed to the nearest .01 mg. All weighings are performed in a balance room where the relative humidity is hydrostatted to less than 50% relative humidity. Microscopic examination of the samples is performed if any unusual characteristics are observed. The weight of the acetone rinse is corrected for the acetone blank. The Drierite column is weighed on-site and the water collected by Drierite is added to the condensate so that the total amount of absorbed water may be ascertained.

Integrated flue gas samples for Orsat analysis were collected simultaneously from the stack and from the breeching at the inlet to the wet scrubber. The samples were collected in 15-liter gas sampling bags at a constant flow rate throughout each particulate run. The bags were then returned to the laboratory and analyzed by Orsat analysis. Standard commercially prepared solutions were used in the Orsat analyzer (sat. KOH for carbon dioxide and reduced methylene blue for oxygen).

Interpoll Laboratories  
(612)786-6020

Condensable Organic Compounds Analysis

(State of Minnesota - MPCA Exhibit C)

Method II-8672-MM

Equipment:        Separatory funnel - 500 cc with Teflon stopcock  
                    Powder funnel - 75 mm ID with a 17 mm stem  
                    Evaporating dish(es) - 200 cc or 250 cc beaker

Reagents:         Diethyl ether - reagent grade  
                    Chloroform - reagent grade  
                    Sodium sulfate - (ACS) granular anhydrous  
                    Toluene - (if 3% hydrogen peroxide is used to collect the  
                    samples)  
                    Glass wool (Pyrex microfiber)

PREPARATION

1. Place 1 kg of granular anhydrous sodium sulfate in a shallow tray and heat to 200 °C for at least four hours. Store in a tightly sealed glass container.
2. Place a plug of clean glass wool in the stem of the powder funnel. The plug must be of sufficient size so that it is held snugly in place by its own pressure. Add a one-inch layer of dry sodium sulfate.

## SAMPLING

An all-glass impinger assembly is used in the back half of the EPA Method 5 sampling train when an organic wet catch is to be collected. The impinger assembly consists of a modified impinger, a Greenburg Smith impinger followed by another modified impinger. The third impinger should have a temperature measuring device at the outlet upstream of a final impinger or desiccant column to monitor the temperature of the outlet gas stream. Prior to the start of the test, each of the first two impingers should be charged with 100 g of Class I water. The Method 5 train should be operated as provided for in EPA Method 5. Ice should be added to the impinger bath to keep the temperature of the gas at the outlet at or less than 68 °F. After the post test leak check, the impinger train is removed and impinger contents poured into a tared all-glass sample bottle and closed with a Teflon-lined cap. The sample bottle is then weighed and the total condensate calculated by subtraction of the bottle tare weight and the weight of initial water added to the impingers (200 g). A label is affixed and the sample is returned to the laboratory for analysis. The sample should be stored at 4 °C if the analysis is not conducted within 48 hours.

## ANALYSIS

### I. Organics

Caution! Work in vented hood!!!

#### A. Organic Blank Determination

1. Pour 125 mL of ethyl ether and 125 mL of chloroform into a tared beaker.
2. Evaporate solvent in hood at 70 °F or less until no solvent remains.
3. Desiccate the sample in dish for two hours.
4. Weigh the sample to nearest 0.1 mg, record and report on Form LSC-036.

#### B. Organic Sample Determination

1. Test for peroxide in sample ether using KI strips. (If KI strip shows positive, contact your supervisor before proceeding.)
2. Transfer the sample solution quantitatively to a 500 mL separatory funnel. Use the first of three 25 mL chloroform aliquots to rinse the sample container.
3. Extract with three 25 mL portions of chloroform. (Shake and vent to release pressure about 4 to 5 times each.) Allow the phases to separate. (Bottom layer is chloroform.) Draw off the bottom layer, transferring the solvent with a funnel containing a plug of sodium sulfate into a tared beaker. (Do not draw off any of the aqueous layer.)

4. After the three chloroform extractions, use two 25 mL portions of chloroform to rinse the sodium sulfate, collecting the rinses in the same tared beaker as the extracts.
5. Next extract the sample three times with 25 mL aliquots of ethyl ether. (Shake and vent to release pressure about 4 to 5 times each.) Allow the phases to separate. (Top layer is ethyl ether.) Draw off the bottom layer (aqueous) into another separatory funnel taking less than 1 mL of the ethyl ether layer with. Decant the ethyl ether, passing it through sodium sulfate and collecting the ethyl ether in the same tared dish as the chloroform.
6. After the three ethyl ether extractions, take two 25 mL portions of ethyl ether and rinse the sodium sulfate collecting the rinses in the same tared beaker as the extracts.
7. Evaporate the solvents (chloroform and ethyl ether) in the tared beaker in the hood at 70 °F or less until no solvent remains. (Use no heat and have no sources of ignition in the hood when doing this procedure.) Do not evaporate so quickly as to allow evaporative cooling to lower the temperature of the container below the dew point of water, otherwise, water will be condensed out in the container.
8. Desiccate to constant weight (two hours). Record and report the final weight to the nearest 0.1 mg on Form LSC-036.

## II. Inorganics

If inorganic residue information is required, the following procedure should be conducted:

### A. Inorganic Blank Determination

1. Vent the remaining aqueous phase from the organic extraction in the hood to remove residual organic solvents (usually overnight).
2. Decant the impinger catch into a tared evaporating dish.
3. Evaporate all of the water in the sample in an oven at 100 °C. Take care not to boil to prevent bumping and loss of sample.
4. Cool the dried sample in the desiccator and desiccate until a constant weight is obtained.
5. Report the results to the nearest 0.1 µg on Form LSC-036.

### B. Inorganic Sample Determination

Follow steps 1-5 in Section A above.

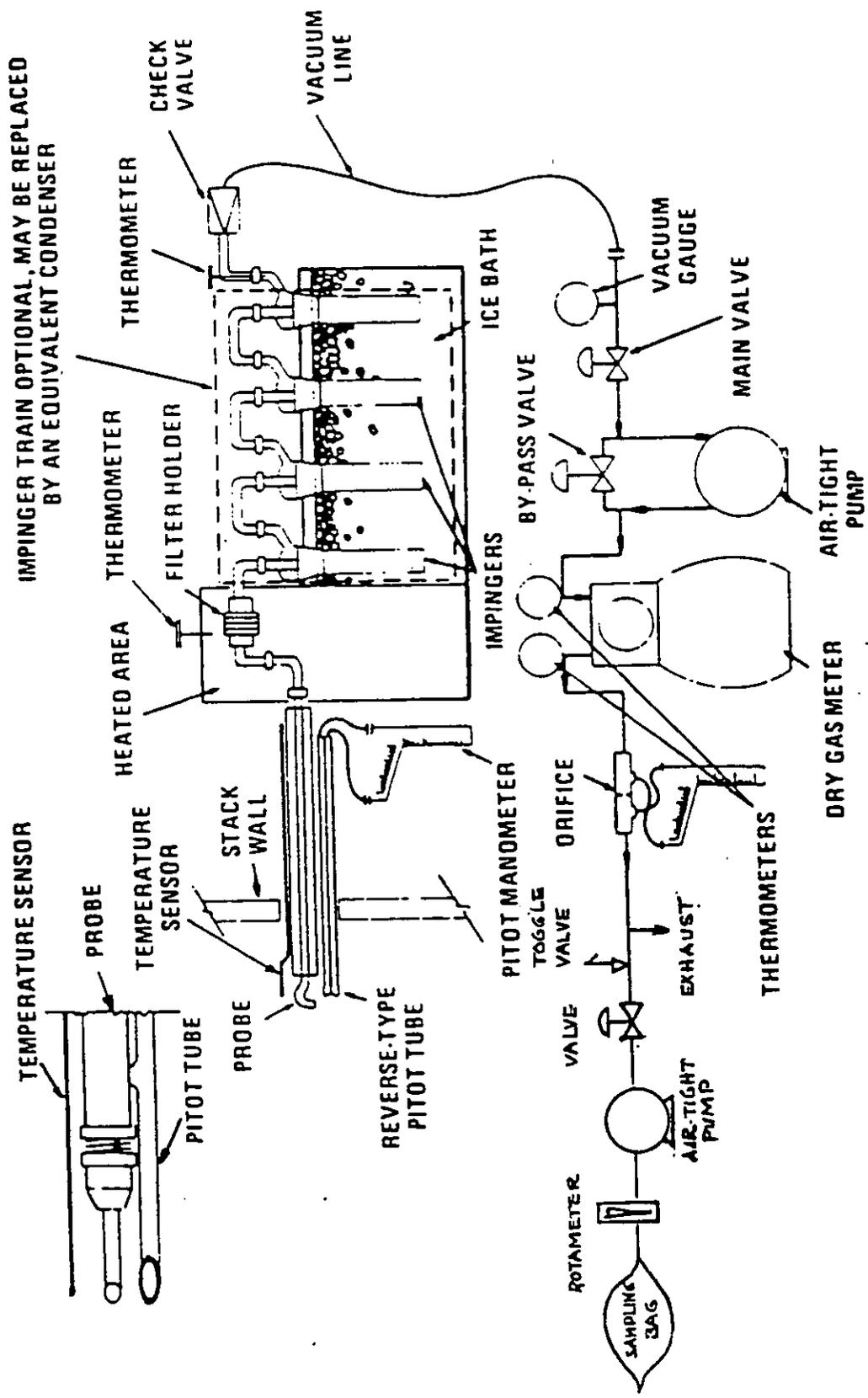
## NOTES

1. For the organics determination, in the rare event that the impinger catch resulted from a Modified Method 6 determination ( $\text{SO}_2$ ), whereby the solution contains dilute hydrogen peroxide ( $\geq 3\%$ ), do not use ether as an extraction solvent. Substitute toluene for ethyl ether in Section I. (Ether in the presence of peroxide forms explosive hydroperoxide.)
2. In the organics determination, more than three extractions may be required to extract all of the organics. Additional extractions should be performed if the aqueous phase is still cloudy.
3. Special state requirements:
  - Michigan - Total sample evaporated in tared evaporating dish on steam bath.
  - Iowa - Organics and inorganics separately, as required.
  - Wisconsin - Use Method II-8672-WI.
  - Rest of states - Organics only.

## REFERENCES

Proposed Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources, Federal Register 36(159) Part II, August 1, 1979.

Minnesota Pollution Control Agency, Exhibit C.



Particulate-sampling train.

**Asphalt Plant Operating Conditions During Stack Testing**

Rev/YH/93

Test Date(s) 5-26-93

Plant Mfr. & Model Barbet Green

Type (circle one): Drum Mix Conventional  
Other (list): \_\_\_\_\_

Pollution Control Equipment: Baghouse Venturi Scrubber wet scrubber cyclone multiclone  
(circle one) If wet scrubbing: \_\_\_\_\_ % scrubber water recycled

List model: \_\_\_\_\_ Normal pressure drop across control equipment: 6.0 inches water

Air flow through control equipment: 85000 acfm at \_\_\_\_\_ F Was control equipment operating normally during testing? Yes

Date & procedures of last maintenance/cleaning of control equipment \_\_\_\_\_

**Fuel:**  
Itemize all fuels and materials added to the combustion process during the test period. List fuel type used during testing (if oil, specify grade) \_\_\_\_\_. If other units of measure are used, specify and calculate appropriate heat input.

Test No. _____	Fuel Input (Gal/hr)	BTU/GAL (as received)	Heat Input (BTU/HR)	%Moisture (as received in aggregate)		
				Virgin	recycle	combined
Run 1						
Run 2						
Run 3						

Is the above fuel substantially the highest sulfur containing fuel normally burned? \_\_\_\_\_  
Production specific fuel usage: (circle one) measured or calculated: \_\_\_\_\_ cubic foot/ ton hot mix  
\_\_\_\_\_ gal/ton hot mix

No. of Burners: \_\_\_\_\_ Burner(s) rating: \_\_\_\_\_ MMBTU/HR = 100% setting

**Operation:**

time 15 min. intervals	burner setting %	aggregate tons per hour	recycle tons per hour	asphalt tons per hour	Drum Mix temp. F	dust collector pressure drop inches water	scrubber water flow rate gpm	Other (list)
8:30	75	254	227	14.7	265	6.0	—	
8:45	78	246	232	14.6	268	6.0	—	
9:00	78	246	234	14.3	268	6.3	—	
9:15	77	249	234	14.3	269	6.0	—	
9:30	73	246	233	14.4	261	6.0	—	
9:45	67	244	230	14.4	264	6.0	—	
10:15	69	248	230	14.3	261	6.2	—	
10:30	72	249	246	14.8	256	6.1		
10:45	68	248	244	14.5	261	6.1		
11:00	71	262	246	15.3	258	5.9		
11:15	78	272	243	15.7	260	6.1		
11:30	88	276	244	15.8	258	6.2		

Plant Operator's Certification: I certify that the information submitted herein is accurate and correct and that no information requested was withheld from the Division Manager.

By: Jon Beard, Phone: (612) 978-6011

Position: Plant operator

Note: All information required must be completed and submitted as part of the performance test. Failure to submit the required information will result in an incomplete performance test report. E-1



# APPENDIX G

## CALCULATION EQUATIONS

## CALCULATION EQUATIONS

### METHOD 2

$$\bar{V}_s = 95.48 C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_{s(avg)}}{P_s M_s}}$$

$$Q_{s,d} = 60(1 - B_{ws}) \bar{V}_s A \left(\frac{528}{T_{s(avg)}}\right) \left(\frac{P_s}{29.92}\right)$$

$$Q_a = 60 \bar{V}_s A$$

$$\dot{m}_g = \frac{4.995 Q_{s,d} G_d}{1 - B_{ws}}$$

$$RH^* = 100 (vp_{twb} - 0.0003641 P_s (T_{db} - T_{wb}))/vp_{tdb}$$

$$B_{ws}^* = RH(vp_{tdb})/P_s$$

$$= \frac{4.585 \times 10^{-2} P_s M_s}{T_s (avg)}$$

\*Alternate equations for calculating moisture content from wet bulb and dry bulb data.

## SYMBOLS

- A = Cross sectional area of stack, SQ. FT.
- $A_n$  = Cross sectional area of nozzle, SQ. FT.
- $B_{ws}$  = Water vapor in gas stream, proportion by volume
- $C_p$  = Pitot tube coefficient, dimensionless
- $C_a$  = Concentration of particulate matter in stack gas, wet basis, GR/ACF
- $C_s$  = Concentration of particulate matter in stack gas, dry basis, corrected to standard conditions, GR/DSCF
- EA = Excess air, percent by volume
- $\gamma$  = Dry test meter correction factor, dimensionless
- $G_d$  = Specific gravity (relative to air), dimensionless
- I = Isokinetic variation, percent by volume
- $M_d$  = Molecular weight of stack gas, dry basis, g/g - mole.
- $\dot{m}_g$  = Mass flow of wet flue gas, LB/HR
- $\dot{m}_p$  = Particulate mass flow, LB/HR
- $M_s$  = Molecular weight of stack gas, wet basis, g/g, mole.
- $M_p$  = Total amount of particulate matter collected, g
- $P_{bar}$  = Atmospheric pressure, IN. HG. (uncompensated)
- $P_g$  = Stack static gas pressure, IN. WC.

- $P_s$  = Absolute pressure of stack gas, IN.HG.
- $P_{std}$  = Standard absolute pressure, 29.92 IN. HG.
- $A_a$  = Actual volumetric stack gas flow rate, ACFM
- $Q_{s,d}$  = Dry volumetric stack gas flow rate corrected to standard conditions, DSCFM
- $RH$  = Relative humidity, %
- $T_{db}$  = Dry bulb temperature of stack gas, °F
- $T_{wb}$  = Wet bulb temperature of stack gas, °F
- $T_m(avg)$  = Absolute average dry gas meter temperature, °R
- $T_s(avg)$  = Absolute average stack temperature, °F
- $T_{std}$  = Standard absolute temperature, 528 °F (68 °F)
- $\theta$  = Total sampling time, min.
- $V_{lc}$  = Total volume of liquid collected in impingers and silica gel, ml
- $V_m$  = Volume of gas sample as measured by dry gas meter, CF
- $V_m(std)$  = Volume of gas sample measured by the dry gas meter corrected to standard conditions, DSCF
- $V_w(std)$  = Volume of water vapor in the gas sample corrected to standard conditions, SCF
- $\bar{V}_s$  = Average actual stack gas velocity, FT/SEC
- $v_{p_{tdb}}$  = Vapor pressure at  $T_{db}$ , IN. HG.

$v_{p_{twb}}$  = Vapor pressure at  $T_{wb}$ , IN. HG

$\overline{\Delta H}$  = Average pressure differential across the orifice meter, IN. WC.

$\Delta P$  = Velocity pressure of stack gas, IN. WC.

$\gamma$  = Dry test meter correction coefficient, dimensionless

$\rho$  = Actual gas density, LB/ACF

## CALCULATION EQUATIONS

### METHOD 3

$$\%EA = \frac{100(\%O_2 - ) .5\% CO)}{0.264\% N_2 - \%O_2 + 0.5\% CO}$$

$$M_d = 0.44(\%CO_2) + 0.32 (\%O_2) + 0.28 (\%N_2 + \%CO)$$

$$M_s = M_d (I - B_{ws}) + 0.18 B_{ws}$$

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{w(std)}}{V_{w(std)} + V_{m(std)}}$$

## CALCULATION EQUATIONS

### METHOD 5

$$V_{m(\text{std})} = 17.65 V_m \gamma \left( \frac{P_{\text{bar}} + \overline{\Delta H}/13.6}{T_{m(\text{avg})}} \right)$$

$$V_{w(\text{std})} = 0.0472 V_{I_s}$$

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{w(\text{std})}}{V_{w(\text{std})} + V_{m(\text{std})}}$$

$$I = 0.0944 \left( \frac{T_{s(\text{avg})} V_{m(\text{std})}}{P_s V_s A_n \theta (1 - B_{ws})} \right)$$

$$C_s = \frac{15.43 M_p}{V_{m(\text{std})}}$$

$$C_a = \frac{272.3 M_p P_s}{T_{s(\text{avg})} (V_{w(\text{std})} + V_{m(\text{std})})}$$

$$(\dot{m}_p)_1 = 8.5714 \times 10^{-3} C_s Q_{s,d}$$

$$(\dot{m}_p)_2 = \frac{1.3228 \times 10^{-1} M_p A}{\theta A_n}$$

$$\dot{m}_p = \frac{(\dot{m}_p)_1 + (\dot{m}_p)_2}{2}$$

## SYMBOLS

- A = Cross sectional area of stack, SQ. FT.
- $A_n$  = Cross sectional area of nozzle, SQ. FT.
- $B_{ws}$  = Water vapor in gas stream, proportion by volume
- $C_p$  = Pitot tube coefficient, dimensionless
- $C_a$  = Concentration of particulate matter in stack gas, wet basis, GR/ACF
- $C_s$  = Concentration of particulate matter in stack gas, dry basis, corrected to standard conditions, GR/DSCF
- EA = Excess air, percent by volume
- $\gamma$  = Dry test meter correction factor, dimensionless
- $G_d$  = Specific gravity (relative to air), dimensionless
- I = Isokinetic variation, percent by volume
- $M_d$  = Molecular weight of stack gas, dry basis, g/g - mole.
- $\dot{m}_g$  = Mass flow of wet flue gas, LB/HR
- $\dot{m}_p$  = Particulate mass flow, LB/HR
- $M_s$  = Molecular weight of stack gas, wet basis, g/g, mole.
- $M_p$  = Total amount of particulate matter collected, g
- $P_{bar}$  = Atmospheric pressure, IN. HG. (uncompensated)
- $P_g$  = Stack static gas pressure, IN. WC.

- $P_s$  = Absolute pressure of stack gas, IN.HG.
- $P_{std}$  = Standard absolute pressure, 29.92 IN. HG.
- $A_a$  = Actual volumetric stack gas flow rate, ACFM
- $Q_{s,d}$  = Dry volumetric stack gas flow rate corrected to standard conditions, DSCFM
- $RH$  = Relative humidity, %
- $T_{db}$  = Dry bulb temperature of stack gas, °F
- $T_{wb}$  = Wet bulb temperature of stack gas, °F
- $T_m(avg)$  = Absolute average dry gas meter temperature, °R
- $T_s(avg)$  = Absolute average stack temperature, °F
- $T_{std}$  = Standard absolute temperature, 528 °F (68 °F)
- $\theta$  = Total sampling time, min.
- $V_{lc}$  = Total volume of liquid collected in impingers and silica gel, ml
- $V_m$  = Volume of gas sample as measured by dry gas meter, CF
- $V_m(std)$  = Volume of gas sample measured by the dry gas meter corrected to standard conditions, DSCF
- $V_w(std)$  = Volume of water vapor in the gas sample corrected to standard conditions, SCF
- $\bar{V}_s$  = Average actual stack gas velocity, FT/SEC
- $v_{P_{tdb}}$  = Vapor pressure at  $T_{db}$ , IN. HG.

- $v_{ptwb}$  = Vapor pressure at  $T_{wb}$ , IN. HG
- $\overline{\Delta H}$  = Average pressure differential across the orifice meter, IN. WC.
- $\Delta P$  = Velocity pressure of stack gas, IN. WC.
- $\gamma$  = Dry test meter correction coefficient, dimensionless
- $\rho$  = Actual gas density, LB/ACF

# APPENDIX H

SAMPLING TRAIN CALIBRATION DATA

**INTERPOLL LABORATORIES**  
**EPA Method 5 Gas Metering System**  
**Quality Control Check Data Sheet**

Job DUPONICK Co 8919  
 Operator B. Aschenbach

Date 5-25-83  
 Module No. 2

Instructions: Operate the control module at a flow rate equal to  $\dot{V}_{He}$  for 10 minutes before attaching the umbilical. Record the following data:

Bar press 29.15 in. Hg.  $\tau =$  1.0039  $\dot{V}_{He}$  1.74 in. W.C.

Time (min)	Volume (CF)	Meter Temp. (°F)	
		Inlet	Outlet
████████	(446.00)	████████	████████
2.5	447.86	54	52
5.0	449.71	56	52
7.5	451.57	59	53
10	453.425	62	53
████████	$V_m = 7.425$	Avg( $t_m$ ) = <u>55.125</u> °F	

0733 05

Calculate  $Y_{cn}$  as follows:

$$Y_{cn} = \frac{1.786}{\tau V_m} \left[ \frac{(t_m + 460)}{P_b} \right]^{0.5}$$

$$Y_{cn} = \frac{1.786}{(1.0039)(7.425)} \left[ \frac{(55.125) + 460}{(29.15)} \right]^{0.5}$$

$$Y_{cn} = \underline{1.0072}$$

If  $Y_{cn}$  is not within the range of 0.97 to 1.03, "the volume metering system should be investigated before beginning."

CFR Title 40, Part 60, Appendix A, Method 5, Section 4.4.1

S-432

Interpoll Laboratories, Inc.  
(612) 786-6020

Meter Box Calibration and Usage Status

Date of Report: May 28, 1993

Meter Box No. : 2 (Rockwell Dry Test Meter Serial No. 964549)

Date of Last Calibration: May 21, 1993  
Calibration Technician: E. Trowbridge  
Wet Test Meter No.: American Meter AL-20

Date of Use	Report No.	Initial Meter Reading	Final Meter Reading	Volume/Job (cu. ft.)	Total Volume* (cu. ft.)
May 25, 1993	3-8919	446.00	660.44	214.44	214.44

\* Total volume through meter since last calibration.



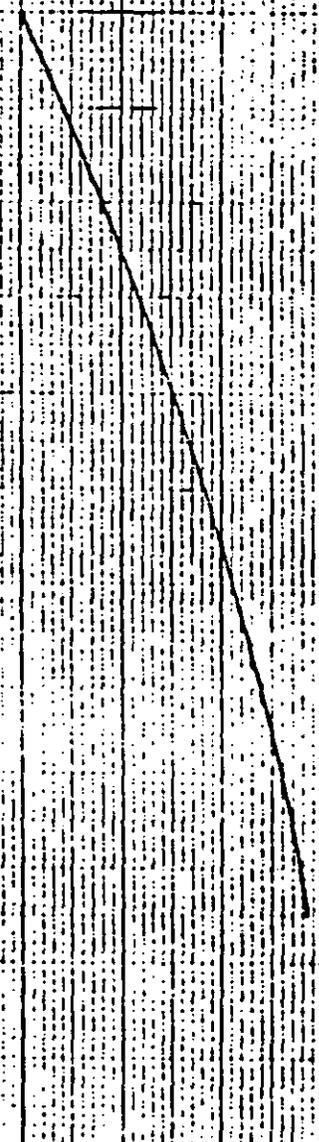
DIEFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND PROOF CALIBRATION CURVES

WET TEST METER

PULSATION RANGE

DIFERENTIAL - INCHES H2O

0  
.10  
.20  
.30



Calibrated with a 10 ft. American Bell Prover, Serial No. 3157. Traceable to the Bureau of Standards. Reference No. 5249068, PI-TAPE.

AL-20 American Met Test Meter Serial No. P-717

Stainless Steel w/Removable Back Calibrated w/Saturated Air Water Temp. 74° F.

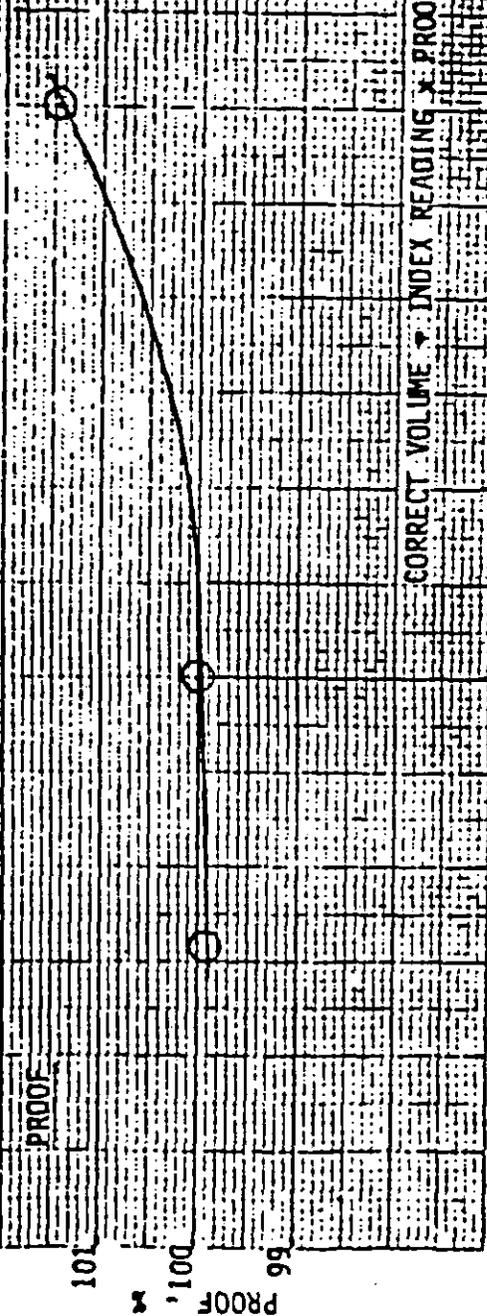
Air Temp. 74° F.

Inlet Pressure 2" H2O Constant

Calibration Rate: 60 CFH Per/Hr.

Capacity Rate: 120 CFH Per/Hr.

Restricted Outlet for Rate Deviation



PROOF  
101  
100  
96

CORRECT VOLUME \* INDEX READING \* PROOF + 100

20 40 60 80 100 120

FLOW RATE - CUBIC FEET OF AIR PER HOUR

DAVID BANKS

November, 1991

Interpoll Laboratories, Inc.  
(612) 786-6020

Nozzle Calibration  
Data Sheet

Date of Calibration: 5-25-93

Nozzle Number 9-3

Technician: Bob Aschenbach

The nozzle is rotated in 60 degree increments and the diameter at each point is measured to the nearest 0.001 inch. The observed readings and average are shown below.

Position	Diameter (inches)
1	.191
2	.192
3	.191
Average:	.191

Interpoll Laboratories, Inc.

Temperature Measurement Device  
Calibration Sheet

Unit under test:

Vendor FLUKE #16  
 Model 51 Serial Number 5220-20  
 Range -328°F to 2498°F °F Thermocouple Type K TYPE  
 Date of Calibration 4-8-93 Technician BOB A

Method of Calibration:

- Comparison against ASTM mercury in glass thermometer using a thermostatted and insulated aluminum block designed to provide uniform temperature. The temperature is adjusted by adjusting the voltage on the block heater cartridge.
- Omega Model CL-300 Type K Thermocouple Simulator which provides 22 precise temperature equivalent millivolt signals. The CL-300 is cold junction compensated. Calibration accuracy is  $\pm 0.1\%$  of span (2100 °F)  $\pm 1$  degree (for negative temperatures add  $\pm 2$  degrees. The CL-300 simulates exactly the millivoltage of a Type K thermocouple at the indicated temperature.

Desired Temp (°F) Nominal	Temperature of Standard or Simulated Temp (°F)	Response of Unit Under Test (°F)	Deviation	
			$\Delta t$ (°F)	(%)
0	0	-0.6	-0.6	-0.13
100	100	98.6	1.4	.25
200	200	201.0	1.0	.15
300	300	299.4	.6	.07
400	400	399.0	1.0	.11
500	500	499.2	.8	.08
600	600	601.0	1.0	.09
700	700	698.8	1.2	.10
800	800	800.6	.6	.04
900	900	898.8	1.2	.08
1000	1000	1000.6	.6	.04
1100	1100	1100	0	0
1200	1200	1202.8	2.8	.17
1300	1300	1299.4	.6	.03
1400	1400	1402.4	2.4	.13
1500	1500	1500.2	.2	.01
1600	1600	1601.2	1.2	.06
1700	1700	1700.2	.2	.009
1800	1800	1801.6	1.6	.07
1900	1900	1898.8	1.2	.05
2000	2000	2000.6	.6	.02
2100	2100	2097.8	2.2	.07
		Averages:	1.05	.069

OF = off scale response by unit under test (°F)  
 % dev =  $100 \Delta t / (460 + t)$

- Unit in tolerance
- Unit was not in tolerance: recalibrated - See new calibration sheet.

S-020

S-Type Pitot Tube Inspection Sheet

Pitot Tube No. 31-4

Pitot tube dimensions:

1. External tubing diameter (D) .316 IN.
2. Base to Side A opening plane (P<sub>A</sub>) .460 IN.
3. Base to Side B opening plane (P<sub>B</sub>) .460 IN.

Alignment:

4.  $\alpha_1 < 10^\circ$  0
5.  $\alpha_2 < 10^\circ$  0
  
6.  $B_1 < 5^\circ$  0
7.  $B_2 < 5^\circ$  0
  
8. Z  $< .125"$  0
9. W  $< .0625"$  .01

Distance from Pitot to Probe Components:

10. Pitot to 0.500 IN. nozzle .750 IN.
11. Pitot to probe sheath 3.0 IN.
12. Pitot to thermocouple (parallel to probe) 3.0 IN.
13. Pitot to thermocouple (perpendicular to probe) .755 IN.

- Meets all EPA design criteria thus  $C_p = 0.84$   
 Does not meet EPA design criteria - thus calibrate in wind tunnel.  
 $C_p =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Inspection:

4-8-93

Inspected by:

[Signature]

INTERPOLL LABORATORIES  
(612)786-6020

Stack Sampling Department - QA  
Aneroid Barometer Calibration Sheet

Date 4-8-93  
Technician BOB A  
Mercury Column Barometer No. CAB  
Aneroid Barometer No. 10723029

Actual Mercury Barometer Read	Ambient Temp.	Temperature Correction Factor	Adjusted Mercury Barometer Read	Initial Aneroid Barometer Read	Difference (Pba-Pbm)
<u>28.87</u>	<u>74°</u>	<u>.117</u>	<u>28.753</u>	<u>28.750</u>	<u>.003</u>

Has this barometer shown any consistent problems with calibration? Yes/No NO If yes, explain. \_\_\_\_\_

Has problem been alleviated? Yes/No. How? \_\_\_\_\_

\*Note:

Aneroid barometers will be calibrated periodically against a mercury column barometer. The aneroid barometer to be calibrated should be placed in close proximity to the mercury barometer and left to equilibrate for 20-30 minutes before calibrating. Aneroid barometer will be calibrated to the adjusted mercury barometer readings.

S-312

# APPENDIX I

## MPCA TEST PLAN



# Minnesota Pollution Control Agency

May 19, 1993

Mr. Chris Duininck  
Duininck Brothers Inc.  
P.O. Box 208  
Prinsburg, Minnesota 56281

Dear Mr. Duininck:

RE: Performance Stack Testing Protocol, and Test Plan

This letter is written as the result of your notice on May 3, 1993, for the upcoming compliance test at your facility.

Enclosed are copies of the test plan, protocol, and Exhibit C, which must be included in the test report. It is the responsibility of the Permittee to submit one copy of the test report on or before the due date. Please discuss the enclosures with your consultant. A copy of Exhibit D has also been included for your reference.

At this time, the Company must submit a schematic of port locations for the proposed testing site. Dimensions must be clearly marked and labeled. Distances above and below port locations should be included.

If you have any questions or corrections regarding the contents of this letter, please contact me at (612)296-7513.

Sincerely,

*for* *Theranda Hernandez*

Thomas G. Kosevich  
Compliance Determination Unit  
Compliance and Enforcement Section  
Air Quality Division

TGK:mlp4201

Enclosure

cc: Steve Sommer, Marshall Regional Office  
Edward Hoefs, AQD  
AQD File No. 79C

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Minnesota Pollution Control Agency  
Division of Air Quality  
Stack Testing Protocol

The following is a summary of the testing requirements for the facility owned by Duininck Brothers Inc.:

I. Test Methods

- A. EPA Method 1 for the location of sampling ports and points. Location of the sampling ports must be approved before the test.

Check for cyclonic flow must be done whenever there is a cyclonic type of device directly upstream of the sampling location. Correction of cyclonic flow by straightening vanes must also be verified by checking the cyclonic flow before the test.

If the location does not meet the minimum requirements in Method 1, the testing firm must conduct the flow pattern evaluation and testing according to the alternative procedures in part 2.5 of EPA Method 1 (Three-dimensional directional probe).

- B. EPA Method 2 for velocity and volumetric flow rate. Three determinations: one measurement concurrently with each test run for pollutant.
- C. EPA Method 3 for gas analysis. Three determinations: one measurement on an integrated sample taken concurrently with each test run for pollutant.
- D. EPA Method 4 for the determination of moisture in the flue gases. Three determinations: one measurement concurrently with each test for pollutant.
- E. EPA Method 5 as amended in Exhibit C and Minn. Rules 7005.0500 for the determination of particulate matter emissions. Three one-hour determinations are required. The sampling time for each run must be at least 60 minutes and the sampling rate must be at least 0.9 dscm/hr (0.53 dscf/min). Report the results as dry catch only, and wet and dry catch separately.
- F. EPA Method 9 for the determination of visible emissions as amended in Minn. Rules part 7005.1860. Three hours of opacity readings are required for initial compliance.

AQD File No.: 79C

NOTE: The protocol, testplan, and information required in Exhibit C shall be submitted as part of the performance test report. Please note the new Asphalt Plant Operating Conditions During Stack Testing Sheet.

TEST PLAN FOR ASPHALT PLANTSI. GENERAL INFORMATION

Permittee: Duininck Brothers Inc.  
Permittee's Contact Person and Telephone Number: Chris Duininck (612)978-6011  
Permittee's Mailing Address:

DAQ File No. 79C

HPCA Permitting Engineer: Edward Hoefs

Applicable Regulations for each Source Tested (be specific): 40 CFR Subp. I

Reason for Testing: Compliance Demonstration

Is this Test for Initial Compliance Demonstration: Yes

Drawings Showing Location of Sampling Ports Included: No

Location of the Plant at the Time of the Test:

Date When Test Plan was Discussed and Agreed Upon With the Permittee, or  
Pretest Meeting Needed:

II. NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS:

The Permittee must contact the Agency at least two weeks before the scheduled test to have a pretest meeting and obtain all necessary approvals.

It is very important to allow at least two weeks before the test to review the testing requirements in order to avoid last minute cancellations due to inadequate testing conditions.

Among the potential problems that may need to be solved before the test are:

1. Unsuitable location of sampling ports. The stack may need to be extended and/or straightening vanes be installed.
2. Permittee must schedule the test at a time when the plant can be operated at 100 percent of rated capacity, and at maximum recycle rate if applicable.
3. Permittee must be ready to burn specified fuel.
4. Permittee may have to install pressure drop taps and gauges, as well as water flow rate measuring devices.
5. Permittee may have to install sampling taps on the fuel feeding line to the burner.

**III. TEST PLAN**

The following is the test plan developed for

**A. Emission Point(s) to be Tested: (specify plant maker and model)**

**B. Parameters to be Tested at Each Emission Point: PH and Opacity**

**C. Fuel Sampling and Analysis. (Fuel oils and used oil)**

This is part of the compliance demonstration requirements. Please note that the test report will not be accepted without complete submittal of fuel analysis results of samples taken at the time of the test.

1. Sampling. One tap sample per particulate test run must be taken. The sample must be taken as close as possible to the burner, (somewhere in feeding line) to be representative of the fuel burned at the time of the test. The sample may be taken in a pint-size clean container, and according to the procedures in ASTM Method D 270-2546. Mix the three samples taken into a composite.
2. Analysis. The composite must be analyzed for: (Exhibit D)

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Method</u>	<u>Fuels</u>
Gross heating value, BTU/gal	ASTM-240	All fuel oils and used oil
Sulfur, % by weight	ASTM D-1552	All fuel oils and used oil
Ash, % by weight	ASTM D-874	All fuel oils and used oil
Specific gravity	ASTM D-1298	All fuel oils and used oil
Lead, % by weight	ASTM D-2788	Used oil
PCE, ppm by weight	EPA-600/4-81-045	Used oil
Halogens, ppm by weight	ASTM D-1317 or	Used oil
Acidity, pH	ASTM D-808	
Flash point, degrees Fahrenheit	ASTM D-1093	Used oil
	ASTM D-93	Used oil

**D. Moisture Content in the Virgin and Recycle Aggregate.**

1. Take two samples of each: the virgin and recycle aggregate per test run of particulates. Sample must be taken as close as possible to the feeding conveyor and during the corresponding run. Mix samples of virgin aggregate with the samples of recycle material in the same proportion as they enter the dryer, this will give one composite recycle/virgin sample per test run.
2. Perform one analysis of moisture content in each composite recycle/virgin aggregate sample as per ASTM or other recognized methodologies. A total of three analysis shall be performed, one per test run for particulates.

**D. Moisture Content in the Virgin Aggregate**

1. Take two samples the virgin aggregate per test run of particulates. Sample must be taken as close as possible to the feeding conveyer and during the corresponding run. Mix the two samples of virgin aggregate, this will give one composite sample per test run.
2. Perform one analysis of moisture content in each composite sample as per ASTM or other recognized methodologies. A total of three analysis shall be performed, one per test run for particulates.

#### E. Operating Conditions During the Test

1. Operation must be at 100 percent of design capacity at the existing aggregate moisture content - no deliberate reduction of feed rate or fan speed during testing, except for nominal damper adjustment for proper combustion. - The test report must include copies of the manufacturer's specifications that define the design capacity of the plant as a function of the moisture content of the aggregate.
2. Must burn 100 percent of the highest emitting fuel to be listed in and allowed by the permit: Used oil (waste oil, crank oil), No. 6 fuel oil, No. 5 fuel oil, No. 4 fuel oil, No. 3 fuel oil (sometimes described as clarified or industrial fuel oil), No. 2 fuel oil, No. 1 fuel oil, LPG and natural gas.
3. The permit is to authorize recycling, then testing must be conducted while recycling and at the maximum ratio of recycle to virgin aggregate to be allowed by the permit:
4. Normal operation of the plant will be recycling of scrubber water, the test must be done under the same conditions:
5. Normal operation of the plant will be with recycling of collected ashes from the baghouse into the dryer, the test must be conducted under the same conditions.

#### F. Operating Data to Be Recorded During the Test

Operating data must be recorded during the test in its entirety i.e., particulates and visible emission observations. Operating data must be recorded every fifteen minutes. Please use the attached data sheet or equivalent.

Note: No test report will be accepted without a complete data sheet included.

1. During testing the following measurements must be made:
  - a) Pressure drop across the baghouse or venturi scrubber throat.
  - b) Scrubber water flow rate. If the measurement is done indirectly from a pump pressure gauge, the test report must include calculations, nomograms or calibration data used to compute gallons per minute of water.

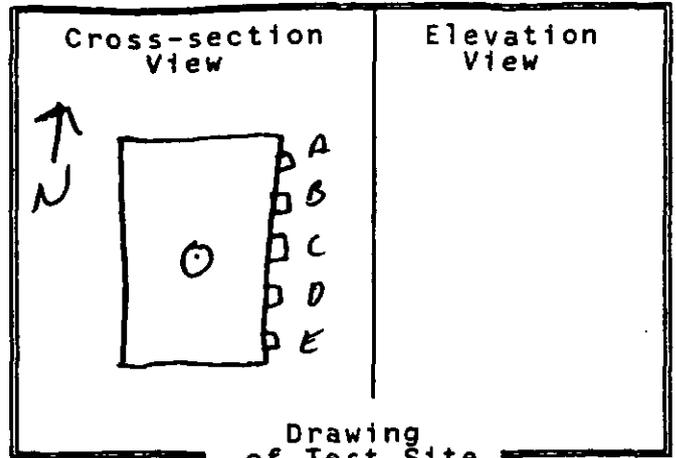
- c) Virgin and recycle aggregate input (ton per hour) as well as asphalt input (ton per hour). Provide the manufacturer's rating of the asphalt plant at different moisture contents in the aggregate.
  - d) Moisture content of the aggregate, and if applicable, the recycling material.
2. Please provide the following data:
- a) Average fuel consumption rate (calculated or measured)
  - b) Quality of the scrubber water: recycling percent
  - c) Cleaning cycles of the baghouse
  - d) Operating data sheet enclosed
- G. Testing schedules and testing firm:
- H. Permitting engineer to witness the test:

**APPENDIX C**

**FIELD DATA SHEETS**

INTERPOL LABORATORIES - EPA METHOD 2 FIELD DATA SHEET

Job DUNHAM Co 8919  
 Source No 7 PORTABLE Asphalt Plant  
 Test 1 Run 12 Date 5-26-83  
 Stack dimen. 47 x 64 IN.  
 Dry bulb      °F Wet bulb      °F  
 Manometer:  Reg.  Exp.  Elec.  
 Barometric pressure 29.18 in Hg  
 Static pressure -1.70 in WC  
 Operators B. ASCHENBACH R ROSENTHAL  
 Pitot No. 31v-4 Cp 84



Drawing of Test Site

COMPLIANCE TEST

A = 15 ft B = 12 ft

Traverse Point No.	Fraction of Diameter	Distance from Stack Wall (in)	Distance from End of Port (in)	Velocity Pressure (in WC)	Temperature of gas (°F)
		Port length: <u>2.0</u> in.		Time start: <u>0745</u> hrs	
A-1		4.7	6.7	-1.47	
2		14.1	14.1	-1.42	
3		23.5	25.5	-1.32	
4		32.9	34.9	-1.30	
5		42.3	44.3	-1.35	
B-1				-1.05	
2				-1.25	
3				-1.25	
4				.27	
5				.83	
C-1				.72	270°
2				.05	
3				.12	
4				1.20	
5				2.10	
D-1				1.80	
2				1.20	
3				1.70	
4				3.40	
5				6.10	
E-1				5.10	
2				4.10	
3				4.20	
4				5.10	
5				5.60	
Temp. meas. device & S/N:				Time end: <u>0755</u> hrs	

47.99  
17  
5902

INTERFOLL LABORATORIES EPA METHOD 5/17 SAMPLE LOG SHEET

Job DUNNICK CO 8919 Date 5-26-93 Test 1 Run 1  
 Source No 7 Portable Asphalt Plant Stack No. of traverse points 17  
 Method 5 Filter holder: Glass Filter type: 4" G.E.F.

**Sample Train Leak Checks:**

Pretest: ( 0.02 cfm at 15 in. Hg. (vac)   
 Posttest: ( 0.02 cfm at 20 in. Hg. (vac)

**Particulate Catch Data:**

No. of filters used: (1) 4997 Recovery solvent(s)  
 acetone \_\_\_\_\_  
 other(s) \_\_\_\_\_  
 No. of probe wash bottles: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Sample recovered by: Bob A

**Condensate Data:**

Item	Weight (g)		
	Final	Tare	Difference
Impinger No. 1	745	489	256
Impinger No. 2	448	300	148
Impinger No. 3			
Condenser			
Desiccant	1414	1380	34
Total			438

**Integrated Gas Sampling Data:**

Bag Pump No. 31A Box No. 15 Bag No. 1  
 Bag Material: 5-layer Aluminized Tedlar Size: 44 L  
 Pretest leak check: 0.0 cc/min at 15 in. Hg.  
 Time start: 0830 (HRS) Time end: 0945 (HRS)  
 Sampling rate: 300 cc/min Operator: Bob A  
 S/N of O<sub>2</sub> Analyzer used to monitor train outlet: 5

CF-023

INTERPOL LABORATORIES EPA METHOD 5 FIELD DATA SHEET

Job DuPont Co 8919 Operator BA RR Pitut No. 316-4 CP 88  
 Source Asphalt Plant Water Box No. 2 HP 178 IN MC 29/8 IN HG 30 X  
 Date 5-26-73 Gasometer coeff. 1.0039 Nozzle No. 177 IN.

Traverse Point No.	Sampling Time (min)	Sample Volume (cf)	Velocity Head (in WC)	Driftless Meter (in WC)	Des. Vol. (cf)	VAC. in Hg	Temperature (°F)					Oxygen (xv/v)		
							Stack	Probb	Dvbn	Impg.	Gas/in		Gas/Dut	
E-1	0830	536.90	5.10	2.68	0.41	12.0	271	235	245	39	63	63	11.7	
E-2	40	540.56	4.20	2.22	4.00	16.0	271	235	246	39	65	62	10.1	
E-3	80	544.03	4.00	2.12	7.32	15.0	271	237	248	39	67	62	10.2	
E-4	120	547.41	3.60	1.91	0.47	12.0	271	239	250	39	70	63	10.3	
E-5	20.0	553.69	3.70	1.97	3.68	11.5	270	240	249	39	74	64	10.3	
D-1	24.0	557.46	5.10	2.73	7.46	16.0	270	237	249	38	75	65	10.7	
D-2	28.0	560.45	3.10	1.66	0.42	9.0	272	237	246	39	75	66	10.4	
D-3	32.0	562.95	2.20	1.18	2.92	6.5	271	239	248	38	78	66	10.8	
D-4	36.0	564.97	1.50	.81	4.97	4.5	271	239	248	38	79	68	10.7	
D-5	40.0	567.46	2.10	1.13	7.44	7.5	271	239	245	38	81	68	10.7	
C-1	44.0	570.25	2.70	1.46	0.23	7.5	270	235	247	39	81	69	10.7	
C-2	48.0	572.41	1.60	.87	2.38	5.0	270	236	250	38	83	70	11.0	
C-3	52.0	573.88	.29	.15	3.30	2.0	270	236	250	38	83	71	11.0	
C-4	56.0	574.33	.34	.18	4.30	2.0	268	240	249	38	81	71	10.7	
C-5	60.0	575.91	.85	.46	5.87	3.0	267	240	248	38	81	72	10.7	
B-1	64.0	577.62	1.00	.54	7.58	3.5	267	239	246	38	81	73	10.7	
B-2	68.0	578.54	.29	.15	8.51	2.0	265	237	247	38	82	72	10.7	
B-3	72.0		-.05											
B-4	76.0		-.07											
B-5	80.0		-.06											
A-1	84.0		-.29											
A-2	88.0		-.15											
A-3	92.0		-.09											
A-4	96.0		-.05											
A-5	100.0		-.08											
Σ = 68											V <sub>0</sub> = 41.64		Avg. = 71.8	

0945

INTERFOLL LABORATORIES EPA METHOD 5/17 SAMPLE LOG SHEET

Job Durham Co 8919 Date 5-26-93 Test 1 Run 2  
 Source No 7 Potable Asphalt Plant Stack No. of traverse points 17  
 Method 5 Filter holder: glass Filter type: 4" G.F.F.

Sample Train Leak Check:

Pretest: ( 0.02 cfm at 15 in. Hg. (vac)   
 Posttest: 0.02 cfm at 20 in. Hg. (vac)

Particulate Catch Data:

No.s of filters used: (1) 4998 Recovery solvent(s)  
 acetone \_\_\_\_\_  
 other(s) \_\_\_\_\_  
 No. of probe wash bottles: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Sample recovered by: BBA

Condensate Data:

Item	Weight (g)		
	Final	Tare	Difference
Impinger No. 1	750	498	252
Impinger No. 2	409	296	113
Impinger No. 3			
Condenser			
Desiccant	1465	1375	90
Total			455

Integrated Gas Sampling Data:

Bag Pump No. 31A Box No. 15 Bag No. 2  
 Bag Material: 5-layer Aluminized Tedlar Size: 44 L  
 Pretest leak check: 0.0 cc/min at 15 in. Hg.  
 Time start: 1010 (HRS) Time end: 1126 (HRS)  
 Sampling rate: 300 cc/min Operator: BBA  
 S/N of O<sub>2</sub> Analyzer used to monitor train outlet: 5

CF-023



INTERFOLL LABORATORIES EPA METHOD 5/17 SAMPLE LOG SHEET

Job DUININCK Co 8919 Date 5-26-93 Test 1 Run 3  
 Source No 7 Portable Asphalt Plant STACE No. of traverse points 17  
 Method 5 Filter holder: 9435 Filter type: 4" G.F.F.

**Sample Train Leak Checks:**

Pretest: ( 0.02 cfm at 15 in. Hg. (vac)   
 Posttest: ( 0.02 cfm at 20 in. Hg. (vac)

**Particulate Catch Data:**

No.s of filters used: (1) Recovery solvent(s)  
 acetone \_\_\_\_\_  
 other(s) \_\_\_\_\_  
 No. of probe wash bottles: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Sample recovered by: BOBA

**Condensate Data:**

Item	Weight (g)		
	Final	Tare	Difference
Impinger No. 1	749	491	258
Impinger No. 2	465	299	166
Impinger No. 3			
Condenser			
Desiccant	1516	1487	29
<b>Total</b>			<b>453</b>

**Integrated Gas Sampling Data:**

Bag Pump No. 31A Box No. 15 Bag No. 3  
 Bag Material: 5-layer Aluminized Tedlar Size: 44 L  
 Pretest leak check: 0.0 cc/min at 15 in. Hg.  
 Time start: 1155 (HRS) Time end: 1312 (HRS)  
 Sampling rate: 300 cc/min Operator: BOBA  
 S/N of O<sub>2</sub> Analyzer used to monitor train outlet: 5

CF-023

INTERPOL LABORATORIES EPA METHOD 5 FIELD DATA SHEET

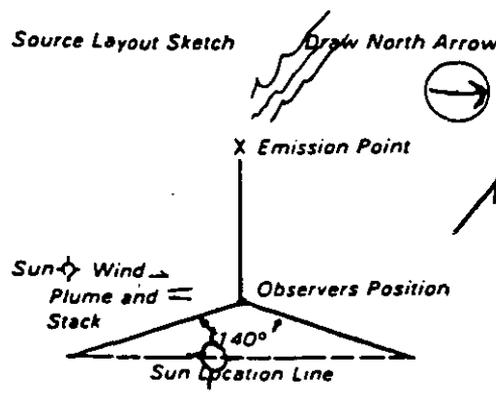
Job DeWaver Co 8919 Operator 6A RK Pilot No. 310-4 CP 184  
 Source Asphalt Plant Meter Box No. 174 IN NC 2 Bar. Press. 29.18 IN Hg 34  
 Date 5-26-73 Computer coeff. 1.0039 Nozzle No. 9-3 Nozzle Dia. .91 IN.

Traverse Point No.	Sampling Time (min)	Sample Volume (cf)	Velocity Head (inNC)	Drifts Meter (inNC)	Des. Vol. (cf)	VAC. inHg	Temperatures (°F)				Oxygen (xv/v)		
							Stack	Probe	Dyn	Impg.		Cus/In	Cus/Out
E-1	1:55	620.40	3.40	1.71	3.44	8.5	269	233	246	38	79	77	10.3
E-2	4	623.45	4.40	2.18	6.85	12.0	269	231	245	38	82	80	9.7
E-3	8	626.91	3.80	1.88	0.03	10.0	272	235	249	38	85	80	9.9
E-4	12	630.06	3.60	1.80	3.14	9.5	268	236	250	38	87	81	9.7
E-5	20	636.43	4.00	2.00	6.42	10.0	268	237	251	39	88	81	9.6
D-1	24	640.14	5.10	2.54	0.13	14.0	270	237	248	38	87	81	9.7
D-2	28	643.19	3.50	1.75	3.20	9.5	269	239	247	39	87	79	9.4
D-3	32	645.30	1.60	.80	5.28	5.0	267	241	250	38	88	80	9.3
D-4	36	647.32	1.50	.75	7.30	4.5	268	238	245	38	89	80	9.6
D-5	40	649.67	2.00	1.00	9.63	5.0	268	237	246	38	89	80	10.1
C-1	44	652.43	2.80	1.40	2.39	7.0	268	240	247	39	89	80	10.6
C-2	48	654.39	1.40	.70	4.34	4.0	269	237	247	39	90	81	10.8
C-3	52	655.22	.26	.13	5.19	2.0	268	237	250	38	90	80	10.2
C-4	56	656.15	.31	.15	6.11	2.0	265	238	249	38	88	81	10.1
C-5	60	657.62	.80	.40	7.59	3.0	267	240	246	37	87	81	9.9
B-1	64	659.55	1.40	.70	9.54	4.0	268	240	245	37	86	80	10.1
B-2	68	660.44	.29	.14	0.42	2.0	268	240	246	38	87	80	9.7
B-3	72.0		-.10										
B-4	76.0		-.09										
B-5	80.0		-.05										
A-1	84.0		-.06										
A-2	88.0		-.11										
A-3	92.0		-.09										
A-4	96.0		-.15										
A-5	100.0		-.21										
		$V_s = 40.04$		$\Delta H = 0.80$								Avg. 83.5	

Visible Emissions Form

Test #1

SOURCE NAME			OBSERVATION DATE				START TIME		STOP TIME								
QUININCK			5-26-93				0830		0930								
ADDRESS			SEC					SEC									
			MIN	0	15	30	45	MIN	0	15	30	45					
			1	10	10	10	10	31	5	5	5	5					
CITY			2	10	10	10	10	32	5	5	10	10					
STATE			3	10	10	10	10	33	5	10	5	5					
ZIP			4	10	10	15	10	34	10	10	5	10					
PHONE			5	5	5	5	5	35	10	10	10	10					
SOURCE ID NUMBER			6	5	5	5	5	36	10	10	10	10					
ASPHALT NO. 7 PORTABLE PLANT			7	5	5	5	5	37	10	10	10	10					
PROCESS EQUIPMENT			8	5	5	5	5	38	10	10	10	10					
ASPHALT PLANT			9	5	5	10	5	39	10	10	5	10					
OPERATING MODE			10	10	10	10	10	40	5	5	10	5					
FULL LOAD			11	10	10	10	10	41	5	5	5	5					
CONTROL EQUIPMENT			12	10	10	10	10	42	5	5	5	5					
BAGHOUSE			13	10	10	10	10	43	5	5	5	10					
OPERATING MODE			14	10	15	10	10	44	10	10	5	10					
FULL LOAD			15	5	5	10	10	45	10	10	10	10					
DESCRIBE EMISSION POINT			16	5	5	5	5	46	10	10	10	5					
RECTANGULAR METAL STACK			17	5	5	5	5	47	10	5	5	5					
START RECTANGULAR METAL STACK			18	5	5	5	5	48	5	5	5	5					
STOP RECTANGULAR METAL STACK			19	5	5	5	5	49	10	5	10	5					
HEIGHT ABOVE GROUND LEVEL			20	5	5	5	5	50	10	10	10	5					
START 35 FT STOP 35 FT			21	5	10	5	10	51	10	10	10	10					
HEIGHT RELATIVE TO OBSERVER			22	10	10	10	10	52	10	5	10	10					
START 35 FT STOP 35 FT			23	10	10	10	10	53	10	5	5	5					
DISTANCE FROM OBSERVER			24	10	10	10	10	54	5	5	5	5					
START 200 FT STOP 200 FT			25	10	10	10	10	55	5	5	5	5					
DIRECTION FROM OBSERVER			26	15	15	10	10	56	5	5	5	5					
START WEST STOP WEST			27	10	10	10	10	57	10	10	10	10					
DESCRIBE EMISSIONS			28	5	5	10	5	58	10	5	10	10					
START LOOPING STOP LOOPING			29	5	5	5	5	59	10	10	10	10					
EMISSION COLOR			30	5	5	5	5	60	10	5	5	5					
START WHITE STOP WHITE			AVERAGE OPACITY FOR HIGHEST PERIOD			8.5%			NUMBER OF READINGS ABOVE 8.5% WERE			129					
PLUME TYPE: CONTINUOUS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FUGITIVE <input type="checkbox"/> INTERMITTENT <input type="checkbox"/>			RANGE OF OPACITY READINGS			MINIMUM			5			MAXIMUM			15		
WATER DROPLETS PRESENT: NO <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			OBSERVER'S NAME (PRINT)			RANDY MARISON			OBSERVER'S SIGNATURE			DATE			5-26-93		
IF WATER DROPLET PLUME: ATTACHED <input type="checkbox"/> DETACHED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			OBSERVER'S SIGNATURE			Randy Marison			DATE			5-26-93					
POINT IN THE PLUME AT WHICH OPACITY WAS DETERMINED			ORGANIZATION			INTERPOL LABS			I HAVE RECEIVED A COPY OF THESE OPACITY OBSERVATIONS SIGNATURE			CERTIFIED BY			DATE		
START END OF STREAM PLUME STOP END OF STREAM PLUME			TITLE			JOE PEREZ WI DNR			DATE			4-6-93					
DESCRIBE BACKGROUND			VERIFIED BY						DATE								
START PT. CLOUDY STOP PT. CLOUDY			DATE														
BACKGROUND COLOR																	
START BLUE STOP BLUE																	
SKY CONDITIONS																	
START PARTLY CLOUDY STOP CLOUDY																	
WIND SPEED																	
START 0-5 STOP 0-5																	
WIND DIRECTION																	
START SENEW STOP SENEW																	
AMBIENT TEMP.																	
START 60° STOP 64°																	
WET BULB TEMP.																	
RH. percent																	



Interpoll Laboratories  
(612)786-6020

Visible Emissions Form

Tot # 2

SOURCE NAME			OBSERVATION DATE				START TIME				STOP TIME							
QUINENCK			5-26-93				10 10				1 10							
ADDRESS			SEC	0	15	30	45	SEC	0	15	30	45	MIN	0	15	30	45	
			1	10	10	10	10	31	5	5	10	5						
CITY	STATE	ZIP	2	10	10	10	10	32	10	10	5	5						
APPLETON	MN		3	15	15	10	10	33	10	5	10	10						
PHONE	SOURCE ID, NUMBER, ASPHALT		4	10	5	10	5	34	10	10	5	5						
	NO. 7 PORTABLE PLANT		5	5	5	5	5	35	5	10	10	10						
PROCESS EQUIPMENT	OPERATING MODE		6	5	5	5	5	36	10	5	10	5						
ASPHALT PLANT	FULL LOAD		7	5	5	5	5	37	5	5	10	10						
CONTROL EQUIPMENT	OPERATING MODE		8	10	10	5	5	38	10	5	10	5						
BIAGHOUSE	FULL LOAD		9	10	10	10	5	39	10	10	5	10						
DESCRIBE EMISSION POINT			10	10	10	10	10	40	10	10	10	5						
RECTANGULAR			11	10	5	5	5	41	5	5	10	10						
START METAL STACK STOP METAL STACK			12	5	10	10	5	42	5	10	5	5						
HEIGHT ABOVE GROUND LEVEL	HEIGHT RELATIVE TO OBSERVER		13	5	5	10	10	43	10	5	5	10						
START 35 FT STOP 35 FT	START 35 FT STOP 35 FT		14	10	5	10	10	44	10	5	10	10						
DISTANCE FROM OBSERVER	DIRECTION FROM OBSERVER		15	10	10	10	5	45	5	5	10	10						
START 200 FT STOP 200 FT	START SW STOP SW		16	5	5	10	10	46	10	10	10	5						
DESCRIBE EMISSIONS			17	10	5	10	5	47	5	5	10	10						
START LOOPING STOP LOOPING			18	5	5	5	5	48	5	5	5	5						
EMISSION COLOR	PLUME TYPE: CONTINUOUS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		19	5	5	5	5	49	5	5	5	5						
START WHITE STOP WHITE	FUGITIVE <input type="checkbox"/> INTERMITTENT <input type="checkbox"/>		20	5	5	5	10	50	5	5	5	5						
WATER DROPLETS PRESENT: NO <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	IF WATER DROPLET PLUME: ATTACHED <input type="checkbox"/> DETACHED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		21	5	5	10	10	51	10	10	5	10						
POINT IN THE PLUME AT WHICH OPACITY WAS DETERMINED			22	10	5	5	5	52	5	10	10	10						
START AFTER PLUME STOP AFTER PLUME			23	10	10	10	10	53	5	5	10	10						
DESCRIBE BACKGROUND			24	10	10	10	10	54	10	10	10	10						
START CLEAR SKY STOP CLEAR SKY			25	10	10	10	10	55	10	10	10	10						
BACKGROUND COLOR	SKY CONDITIONS		26	10	5	10	5	56	10	10	10	10						
START BLUE STOP BLUE	START CLEAR STOP CLEAR		27	5	10	10	10	57	10	10	10	5						
WIND SPEED	WIND DIRECTION		28	5	10	10	5	58	10	10	5	5						
START 0-3 STOP MILD	START NW STOP NW		29	10	5	5	5	59	5	5	5	5						
AMBIENT TEMP.	WET BULB TEMP.	RH. percent	30	5	5	5	5	60	5	5	5	5						
START 65 F STOP 65 F			AVERAGE OPACITY FOR HIGHEST PERIOD 8.3%				NUMBER OF READINGS ABOVE 8.3% WERE 125											
Source Layout Sketch			RANGE OF OPACITY READINGS MINIMUM 5% MAXIMUM 15%				OBSERVER'S NAME (PRINT) RANDY MADISON											
			OBSERVER'S SIGNATURE Randy Madison				DATE 5-26-93											
COMMENTS			ORGANIZATION INTERPOLL LABS				I HAVE RECEIVED A COPY OF THESE OPACITY OBSERVATIONS SIGNATURE JOE PEREZ WI DNR DATE 4-6-93											
TITLE			VERIFIED BY				DATE											

Interpoll Laboratories  
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Visible Emissions Form

T001#3

SOURCE NAME			OBSERVATION DATE				START TIME				STOP TIME			
QUINICK			5-26-93				1200				1300			
ADDRESS			SEC				SEC							
			MIN	0	15	30	45	MIN	0	15	30	45		
CITY			STATE		ZIP									
APPLETON			MN											
PHONE			SOURCE ID NUMBER											
			ASPHALT NO. 7 PORTABLE PLANT											
PROCESS EQUIPMENT			OPERATING MODE											
ASPHALT PLANT			FULL LOAD											
CONTROL EQUIPMENT			OPERATING MODE											
BAG HOUSE			FULL LOAD											
DESCRIBE EMISSION POINT			RECTANGULAR											
START METAL STACK			STOP METAL STACK											
HEIGHT ABOVE GROUND LEVEL			HEIGHT RELATIVE TO OBSERVER											
START 35 FT STOP 35 FT			START 35 FT STOP 35 FT											
DISTANCE FROM OBSERVER			DIRECTION FROM OBSERVER											
START 200 FT STOP 200 FT			START SW STOP SW											
DESCRIBE EMISSIONS														
START LOOPING			STOP LOOPING											
EMISSION COLOR			PLUME TYPE: CONTINUOUS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>											
START WHITE STOP WHITE			FUGITIVE <input type="checkbox"/> INTERMITTENT <input type="checkbox"/>											
WATER DROPLETS PRESENT:			IF WATER DROPLET PLUME:											
NO <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			ATTACHED <input type="checkbox"/> DETACHED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>											
POINT IN THE PLUME AT WHICH OPACITY WAS DETERMINED			AFTER											
START STEAM PLUME			STOP STEAM PLUME											
DESCRIBE BACKGROUND														
START CLEAR SKY			STOP CLEAR SKY											
BACKGROUND COLOR			SKY CONDITIONS											
START BLUE STOP BLUE			START CLEAR STOP CLEAR											
WIND SPEED			WIND DIRECTION											
START 2-5 mph STOP 0-5			START NW STOP NW											
AMBIENT TEMP.			WET BULB TEMP.		RH. percent									
START 67 F STOP 70 F														
<p>Source Layout Sketch</p>														
			AVERAGE OPACITY FOR HIGHEST PERIOD				7.7%				NUMBER OF READINGS ABOVE 7.7% WERE 118			
			RANGE OF OPACITY READINGS				MINIMUM 5%				MAXIMUM 10%			
			OBSERVER'S NAME (PRINT)				RANDY MADISON							
			OBSERVER'S SIGNATURE				<i>Randy Madison</i>				DATE 5-26-93			
			ORGANIZATION				INTERPOL LABS							
I HAVE RECEIVED A COPY OF THESE OPACITY OBSERVATIONS			CERTIFIED BY				JOE PEREZ WI DNR				DATE 4-6-93			
SIGNATURE			VERIFIED BY								DATE			
TITLE			DATE											



George E. Meyer  
Secretary

State of Wisconsin \ DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

101 South Webster Street  
Box 7921  
Madison, Wisconsin 53707  
TELEPHONE 608-266-2621  
TELEFAX 608-267-3579  
TDD 608-267-6897

April 19, 1993

File Code: 4500

Mr. Randy Madison  
Interpoll Labs.  
4500 N.E. Ball Rd.  
Circle Pines, MN 55014

Dear Mr. Madison:

Please be advised that you have successfully completed our recent Visible Emissions Evaluation course.

Having participated in the smoke evaluation sessions, you met the following certification criteria:

1. The average deviation for the sets of 25 black and 25 white smoke emissions was less than 7.5%.
2. The deviation of each reading was 15% or less.

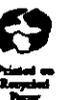
This certification is valid until October 6, 1993.

Sincerely,

Andy Seeber, Environmental Specialist  
Compliance Section  
Bureau of Air Management

Enclosure

RECEIVED  
APR 23 1993  
INTERPOLL LABORATORIES



0) 02 1

# APPENDIX D

INTERPOLL LABORATORIES ANALYTICAL DATA

EPA Method 3 Data Reporting Sheet  
Orsat Analysis

Job Duininck Source #7 Portable Asphalt Plant  
 Team Leader BA Test Site Stack  
 Date Submitted 5-27-93 Date of Test 5-26-93  
 Test No. 1 No. of Runs Completed 3  
 Date of Analysis 5-27-93 Technician C. Helgeson

Test/Run	Sample Log Number and Type	No. of An.	Buret Readings (ml)			Conc. CO <sub>2</sub> %v/v Dry	Conc. O <sub>2</sub> %v/v Dry	F <sub>0</sub>
			Zero Pt.	After CO <sub>2</sub>	After O <sub>2</sub>			
1/1	8919-15 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> F	1	0.00	7.60	18.20	7.60	10.60	1.36
		2	0.00	7.60	18.20	7.60	10.60	1.36
		Avg	████████████████████			7.60	10.60	████
1/2	-19 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> F	1	0.00	7.40	18.10	7.40	10.70	1.38
		2	0.00	7.40	18.10	7.40	10.70	1.38
		Avg	████████████████████			7.40	10.70	████
1/3	-23 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> F	1	0.00	7.90	17.90	7.90	10.00	1.38
		2	0.00	7.90	17.90	7.90	10.00	1.38
		Avg	████████████████████			7.90	10.00	████
	<input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> F	1						
		2						
		Avg	████████████████████					████
	<input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> F	1						
		2						
		Avg	████████████████████					████
	<input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> F	1						
		2						
		Avg	████████████████████					████
	<input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> F	1						
		2						
		Avg	████████████████████					████
	<input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> F	1						
		2						
		Avg	████████████████████					████

- Ambient Air QA Check
- Orsat Analyzer System Leak Check
- F<sub>0</sub> Within EPA M-3 Guidelines for fuel type.

Where  $F_0 = \frac{20.9 - O_2}{CO_2}$

EPA Method 3 Guidelines

Fuel Type	F <sub>0</sub> Range
Coal:	
Anthracite/Lignite	1.016-1.130
Bituminous	1.083-1.230
Oil:	
Distillate	1.260-1.413
Residual	1.210-1.370
Gas:	
Natural	1.600-1.836
Propane	1.434-1.586
Butane	1.405-1.553
Wood/Wood Bark	1.000-1.130

F=Flask (250 cc all glass)  
B=Tedlar Bag (5-layer)

Interpoll Laboratories  
(612) 786-6020

EPA Method 5 Data Reporting Sheet  
Filter Gravimetrics

Job Dwinick Co. No. \_\_\_\_\_ Source #1 Portable Asphalt Plant  
 Team Leader BA Test Site Stack  
 Date Submitted 5-27-93 Date of Test 5-26-93  
 Test No. 1 No. of Runs Completed 3  
 Date of Analysis 6-2-93 Technician C. Helgeson

0	Test <u>1</u> Run <u>0</u> Field Blank Log Number <u>8919-10</u> Comments _____	Filter No. <u>5009</u> Filter Type <u>4"GF</u> Filter Tare Wt. <u>.8982</u> g Filter+Sample Wt. <u>.8995</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.0003</u> g
1	Test <u>1</u> Run <u>1</u> Log Number <u>-13</u> Comments _____	Filter No. <u>4997</u> Filter Type <u>4"GF</u> Filter Tare Wt. <u>.8907</u> g Filter+Sample Wt. <u>.8982</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.0075</u> g
2	Test <u>1</u> Run <u>2</u> Log Number <u>-17</u> Comments _____	Filter No. <u>4998</u> Filter Type <u>4"GF</u> Filter Tare Wt. <u>.8879</u> g Filter+Sample Wt. <u>.8943</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.0064</u> g
3	Test <u>1</u> Run <u>3</u> Log Number <u>-21</u> Comments _____	Filter No. <u>5007</u> Filter Type <u>4"GF</u> Filter Tare Wt. <u>.8885</u> g Filter+Sample Wt. <u>.8945</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.0060</u> g
4	Test _____ Run _____ Log Number _____ Comments _____	Filter No. _____ Filter Type _____ Filter Tare Wt. _____ g Filter+Sample Wt. _____ g Sample Wt. _____ g
5	Test _____ Run _____ Log Number _____ Comments _____	Filter No. _____ Filter Type _____ Filter Tare Wt. _____ g Filter+Sample Wt. _____ g Sample Wt. _____ g

Results:

Field Blk. Run 1 Run 2 Run 3 Run 4 Run 5

	0.0075	0.0064	0.0060		
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Field Blk. Run 1 Run 2 Run 3 Run 4 Run 5

	0.2729	0.2311	0.2141		
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Interpoll Laboratories

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Sample Deposition

Job DUNNICK CO  
 Field Engineer Bob Aschenbach  
 Date Submitted \_\_\_\_\_  
 Test No. 1

Source NO 7 PORTABLE Asphalt Plant  
 Test Site SPRICK  
 Date of Test 5-26-93  
 No. of Runs Completed 3

No.	Sample Type	Analysis	Comments
4	Probe Wash: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Acetone <input type="checkbox"/> MeCl <sub>2</sub> <input type="checkbox"/> DI Water <input type="checkbox"/> _____	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-5 <input type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-29 <input type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-201A <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	ONE IS Blank
4	Filter: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 4" Glass <input type="checkbox"/> SS Thimble <input type="checkbox"/> 2.5" Glass <input type="checkbox"/> Pallflex	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-5 <input type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-29 <input type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-201A <input type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-17 <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	ONE IS Blank
7	Impingers: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DI Water <input type="checkbox"/> 3% H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> <input type="checkbox"/> 1N NaOH <input type="checkbox"/> KOH (Cr VI) <input type="checkbox"/> H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> (HCl) <input type="checkbox"/> 2,4-DNPH <input type="checkbox"/> _____ <input type="checkbox"/> _____	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MN Protocol <input type="checkbox"/> WI Protocol <input type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-202 <input type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-6,8 <input type="checkbox"/> Acid Gases <input type="checkbox"/> Formaldehyde <input type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-29 <input type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-26 <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	ONE IS Blank
3	Integrated Gas Sample <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tedlar Bag <input type="checkbox"/> _____	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-3 <input type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-10 <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	
—	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO <sub>x</sub> )	<input type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-7A <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	
7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fuel Sample <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Aggregate	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Attached Form S-0163	
—	Particle Size	<input type="checkbox"/> X-Ray Sedigraph <input type="checkbox"/> Cascade Impactor <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	
—	Misc Samples <input type="checkbox"/> _____ <input type="checkbox"/> _____	<input type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-6 <input type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-7A <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	

Type of Source: \_\_\_\_\_

Fuel Type:

- Coal:  Bituminous       Anthracite       Lignite
- Wood:  Wood Waste       Dust       Bark
- Oil:  Waste Oil       No. 2       No. 6
- Natural Gas       RDF       Other \_\_\_\_\_

S-278

GASTACKWPF05S-278.LAS

Interpoll Laboratories  
(612) 786-6020

EPA Method 5 Data Reporting Sheet  
Impinger Catch/Minnesota Protocol

Job Dwinick Co Mn. Source #7 Portable Asphalt Plant  
 Team Leader BA Test Site Stack  
 Date Submitted 5-27-93 Date of Test 5-26-93  
 Test No. 1 No. of Runs Completed 3  
 Date of Analysis 6-2-93 Technician C. Helgeson

0	Test <u>1</u> Run <u>0</u> Field Blank Log Number <u>5919-11</u> Comments _____	Dish No. <u>SA</u> Dish Tare Wt. <u>44.5314</u> g Dish+Sample Wt. <u>44.5319</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.0005</u> g
1	Test <u>1</u> Run <u>1</u> Log Number <u>-14</u> Comments _____	Dish No. <u>7</u> Dish Tare Wt. <u>45.7584</u> g Dish+Sample Wt. <u>46.0153</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.2569</u> g
2	Test <u>1</u> Run <u>2</u> Log Number <u>-18</u> Comments _____	Dish No. <u>8</u> Dish Tare Wt. <u>46.9758</u> g Dish+Sample Wt. <u>47.1930</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.2172</u> g
3	Test <u>1</u> Run <u>3</u> Log Number <u>-22</u> Comments _____	Dish No. <u>12</u> Dish Tare Wt. <u>48.1485</u> g Dish+Sample Wt. <u>48.3502</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.2017</u> g
4	Test _____ Run _____ Log Number _____ Comments _____	Dish No. _____ Dish Tare Wt. _____ g Dish+Sample Wt. _____ g Sample Wt. _____ g
5	Test _____ Run _____ Log Number _____ Comments _____	Dish No. _____ Dish Tare Wt. _____ g Dish+Sample Wt. _____ g Sample Wt. _____ g

Blank Solvent Wt. 0.0005g

Results:

Field Blk. Run 1 Run 2 Run 3 Run 4 Run 5

	<u>.2564</u>	<u>.2167<sup>D-2</sup></u>	<u>.2012</u>		
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LSC-03.GR

Interpoll Laboratories  
(612) 786-6020

EPA Method 5 Data Reporting Sheet  
Probe/Cyclone Wash

Job Dwinick Co. BA Mn.            Source #7 Portable Asphalt Plant  
 Team Leader            Test Site Stack  
 Date Submitted 5-27-93 Date of Test 5-26-93  
 Test No. 1 No. of Runs Completed 3  
 Date of Analysis 6-2-93 Technician C. Hejasek  
 Transport Leakage  None             ml Solvent Acetone

0	Test <u>Run 0</u> Field Blank Log Number <u>8919-09</u> Vol. of Solvent <u>110</u> ml *Solvent Residue <u>1.8</u> ug/ml	Dish No. <u>66</u> Dish Tare Wt. <u>48.3093</u> g Dish+Sample Wt. <u>48.3095</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.0002</u> g
1	Test <u>Run 1</u> Vol. of Solvent <u>85</u> ml Log Number <u>-12</u> Comments <u>          </u>	Dish No. <u>93</u> Dish Tare Wt. <u>53.9846</u> g Dish+Sample Wt. <u>53.9938</u> g Sample Wt. <u>.0092</u> g
2	Test <u>Run 2</u> Vol. of Solvent <u>75</u> ml Log Number <u>-16</u> Comments <u>          </u>	Dish No. <u>110</u> Dish Tare Wt. <u>49.7370</u> g Dish+Sample Wt. <u>49.7451</u> g Sample Wt. <u>.0081</u> g
3	Test <u>Run 3</u> Vol. of Solvent <u>70</u> ml Log Number <u>-20</u> Comments <u>          </u>	Dish No. <u>111</u> Dish Tare Wt. <u>42.7807</u> g Dish+Sample Wt. <u>42.7877</u> g Sample Wt. <u>.0070</u> g
4	Test <u>Run</u> Vol. of Solvent <u>          </u> ml Log Number <u>          </u> Comments <u>          </u>	Dish No. <u>          </u> Dish Tare Wt. <u>          </u> g Dish+Sample Wt. <u>          </u> g Sample Wt. <u>          </u> g
5	Test <u>Run</u> Vol. of Solvent <u>          </u> ml Log Number <u>          </u> Comments <u>          </u>	Dish No. <u>          </u> Dish Tare Wt. <u>          </u> g Dish+Sample Wt. <u>          </u> g Sample Wt. <u>          </u> g

\*Solvent Residue 1.8 ug/ml = [(Sample Wt. 0.0002g) (10<sup>6</sup>)] / Vol. of Sol. 110 ml  
 EPA-M5 Acetone Residue Blank Spec. { 7.3 ug/ml

Results:

Field Bk. Run 1 Run 2 Run 3 Run 4 Run 5

	<u>0.0090</u>	<u>0.0080D-3</u>	<u>0.0069</u>		
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LSC-01YR