

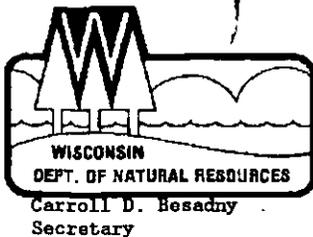
Note: This is a reference cited in *AP 42, Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors, Volume I Stationary Point and Area Sources*. AP42 is located on the EPA web site at [www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/ap42/](http://www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/ap42/)

The file name refers to the reference number, the AP42 chapter and section. The file name "ref02\_c01s02.pdf" would mean the reference is from AP42 chapter 1 section 2. The reference may be from a previous version of the section and no longer cited. The primary source should always be checked.

**AP42 Section: 11.1**

**Reference Number: 40**

**Title: Written communication from L. M. Weise,  
Wisconsin Department Of Natural Resources, to  
B. L. Strong, Midwest Research Institute, Cary, NC,  
May 15, 1992.**



State of Wisconsin \ DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

AP-42 Section	11.1
Reference	
Report Sect.	4
Reference	40

Southern District Headquarters  
3911 Fish Hatchery Road  
Fitchburg, Wisconsin 53711  
TELEPHONE 608-275-3266  
TELEFAX 608-275-3338

RECEIVED MAY 18 1992

May 15, 1992

FILE CODE: 4500

Mr. Brian Strong  
MRI  
Suite 350, 401 Harrison Oaks blvd.  
Cary, NC 27513

SUBJECT: Update to AP-42 for Asphalt Plants

Dear Mr. Strong:

I am enclosing copies of the formaldehyde testing on asphalt plants that has been performed in Wisconsin over the past few years. There are 26 separate test reviews.

One of the tests, from 9/27/91, included benzene and total organics. This is the only testing that I am aware of performed in the State of Wisconsin for VOC's. You may be more successful in getting this type of information from other states such as California.

We do not have any test data on carbon monoxide emissions. Asphalt Plant manufacturers, however, normally guarantee a certain CO emission level for the plants they sell. The manufacturers may have additional data on these rates.

As I discussed with you, the National Asphalt Pavement Association (NAPA) conducted a series of tests last summer to determine emission rates of a variety of pollutants from formaldehyde to VOC's. I am aware that they felt there were some interferences with some of the test methods used due to the high moisture content in the gas streams. I am not aware that they have released the results of the testing that was done. The contact at NAPA is Mr. Tom Burnham. I'm sorry, I don't have a phone number for him.

I wish you the best of luck in your endeavor to update this section. If you need additional information, please feel free to call me at (608) 275-3291.

Sincerely,

Lynda M. Wiese  
Air Program Supervisor  
Southern District

Report to

PAYNE & DOLAN, INC.  
Waukesha, Wisconsin

for

STACK EMISSION TEST  
Verona, Wisconsin  
Control No. 5

October 11, 1991

by

ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY & ENGINEERING CORPORATION  
13020 West Bluemound Road  
Elm Grove, Wisconsin 53122  
414-784-2434

**SUMMARY**

On October 11, 1991, Environmental Technology & Engineering Corporation personnel performed a stack emission test on the Payne & Dolan, Inc. Control no. 5 asphalt plant located in Verona, Wisconsin. The average of the three particulate tests show the emissions to be well below the limit of 0.04 grains of particulate matter per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) as specified by the State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) by permit. The numerical test results are summarized below:

Test	Emissions	% of Allowable
1	0.022 gr/dscf	55 %
2	0.017	42
3	0.017	42
	-----	---
AVG	0.019 gr/dscf	47 %

*dscf/m = ?*  
*7000 gr/lb*  
*gr/dscf = 7000 x dscf / m*  
*x 60 m / hr*  
*= lb/hr*

In addition, the permit also required testing for formaldehyde emissions. The following table presents the numerical results:

Test	LB/HR	LB/TON
1	1.38 lb/hr	0.0049 lb/ton
2	1.30	0.0046
3	1.19	0.0042
	-----	----
AVG	1.29 lb/hr	0.0046 lb/ton

The permit also required that opacity observations be performed concurrently with the particulate test. All individual readings were either 0 % and thus the six minute average opacities were all well below the permit limit of 20 %.

## 1.0 GENERAL

On Friday, October 11, 1991, Environmental Technology and Engineering Corporation personnel performed a stack emission test on the Payne & Dolan, Inc. Control no. 5 drum mix asphalt plant located in Verona, Wisconsin. The test was a provision of an Air Pollution Control Permit. The State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) has established a particulate emission limit of 0.04 grains per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf). The purpose of this test was to demonstrate the compliance status of this plant with the particulate limits set by the DNR. In addition, the permit also required a test to determine the formaldehyde emissions and that opacity observations be performed by a certified reader.

The plant tested was a Gencor counterflow drum mix asphalt plant equipped with a baghouse for particulate control. During the test period, the plant production rate was approximately 280 tons per hour and the mix was composed of approximately 70 % virgin material and 30 % recycled material. The plant was fired with natural gas. John Romaker of Payne & Dolan was responsible for plant operation. The field tests, corresponding laboratory analysis and report preparation were coordinated by Bill Dick of ETE Corp. The test procedures, plant operating conditions, and stack opacity were witnessed by Lynn Cutts and Marty Burkholder of the Wisconsin DNR Southern District Office.

The following sections of this report document the activities and results of the test program. The report presents all of the relevant data collected and discussions on the interpretation of the data are provided where appropriate. The report, therefore, includes much necessary detail. The results, however, have been summarized in the SUMMARY section at the beginning of this report for those readers not wishing to be burdened by the details.



BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.050  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2500  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 15.904  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 3.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 20  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 35.90  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 351.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0504  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 6.50 O<sub>2</sub> = 11.50 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 82.00

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	275	0.800	1.35	65	64.20
2	275	0.820	1.40	66	65.00
3	280	0.840	1.45	66	66.01
4	280	0.980	1.70	67	71.30
5	280	0.760	1.30	68	62.79
6	275	0.580	1.00	69	54.67
7	270	0.540	0.93	70	52.57
8	270	0.440	0.76	71	47.45
9	270	0.440	0.76	72	47.45
10	275	0.340	0.59	73	41.85
11	275	0.800	1.40	78	64.20
12	275	0.800	1.40	79	64.20
13	275	0.800	1.40	80	64.20
14	270	0.720	1.22	80	60.70
15	270	0.700	1.20	81	59.85
16	270	0.660	1.15	82	58.11
17	275	0.600	1.05	82	55.60
18	270	0.580	1.00	84	54.48
19	275	0.540	0.93	86	52.75
20	270	0.500	0.86	88	50.58
AVG VALUES	274		1.143	75	57.90

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 51.85  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 35.33  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 16.52  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 31.86  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 55,248.28  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 26,284.01  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 44,661.80  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.022  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.033  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 5.07  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 104.53

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.050  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2500  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 15.904  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 3.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 20  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 35.83  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 340.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0395  
 CO2 = 7.00 O2 = 10.50 CO = 0.00 N2 = 82.50

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	275	0.840	1.48	90	65.65
2	270	0.840	1.48	91	65.42
3	275	0.760	1.35	91	62.44
4	275	0.800	1.40	91	64.07
5	270	0.780	1.38	92	63.04
6	270	0.560	1.00	93	53.42
7	270	0.560	1.00	94	53.42
8	270	0.440	0.78	94	47.35
9	275	0.540	0.95	95	52.64
10	270	0.500	0.90	95	50.48
11	275	0.840	1.48	97	65.65
12	270	0.800	1.40	97	63.85
13	270	0.800	1.40	97	63.85
14	275	0.740	1.30	97	61.62
15	280	0.700	1.22	98	60.13
16	280	0.640	1.12	99	57.50
17	275	0.600	1.05	99	55.48
18	275	0.620	1.10	99	56.40
19	270	0.660	1.15	99	57.99
20	270	0.620	1.10	99	56.21
AVG VALUES	273		1.202	95	58.83

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 51.35  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 35.35  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 16.00  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 31.16  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 56,137.34  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 27,008.76  
 , m3/hr = 45,893.29  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.017  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.025  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 4.03  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 101.79

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.050  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2500  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 15.904  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 3.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 20  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 36.25  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 357.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0385  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 6.80 O<sub>2</sub> = 10.80 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 82.40

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	275	0.860	1.50	100	66.56
2	270	0.860	1.50	100	66.33
3	275	0.820	1.45	99	64.99
4	275	0.820	1.45	99	64.99
5	270	0.760	1.35	98	62.36
6	270	0.580	1.02	98	54.48
7	275	0.540	0.96	98	52.74
8	275	0.540	0.96	98	52.74
9	270	0.500	0.88	98	50.58
10	270	0.500	0.88	98	50.58
11	275	0.800	1.40	98	64.20
12	275	0.820	1.45	98	64.99
13	270	0.820	1.45	98	64.77
14	275	0.820	1.45	98	64.99
15	280	0.760	1.35	98	62.78
16	275	0.660	1.15	98	58.31
17	275	0.640	1.12	98	57.42
18	270	0.640	1.12	98	57.22
19	270	0.640	1.12	98	57.22
20	270	0.600	1.05	98	55.41
AVG VALUES	273		1.231	98	59.68

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 52.58  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 35.78  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 16.80  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 31.96  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 56,953.14  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 27,085.59  
 , m3/hr = 46,023.83  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.017  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.024  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 3.91  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 102.73

## 2.2 Formaldehyde Emissions

The formaldehyde emissions were determined concurrently with the particulate and opacity observations using NIOSH Method 3500. A brief description of the method is included in section 3.0 of this report. The numerical results are presented below:

Test	LB/HR	LB/TON
1	1.38 lb/hr	0.0049 lb/ton
2	1.30	0.0046
3	1.19	0.0042
	-----	-----
AVG	1.29 lb/hr	0.0046 lb/ton

## 2.3 Visible Emissions (Opacity)

The visible emissions (opacity) was observed for three sixty minute periods which coincided with the particulate emission tests. The opacity was observed in accordance with the procedures outlined in EPA Method 9 -Visible Determination of the Opacity of Emissions from Stationary Sources. All individual opacity readings were 0 % and thus the six minute average opacities were well below the permit limit of 20 %. Copies of the field data observation sheets are included in the APPENDIX to this report.

### 3.0 METHOD OF TEST

#### 3.1 Particulate Matter

The equipment used to sample was the Western Precipitation Division of the Joy Manufacturing Company Emission Parameter Analyzer. Samples were collected and analyzed in accordance with procedures outlined in 40 CFR 60 Appendix A, Method 5 - Determination of Particulate Emissions from Stationary Sources.

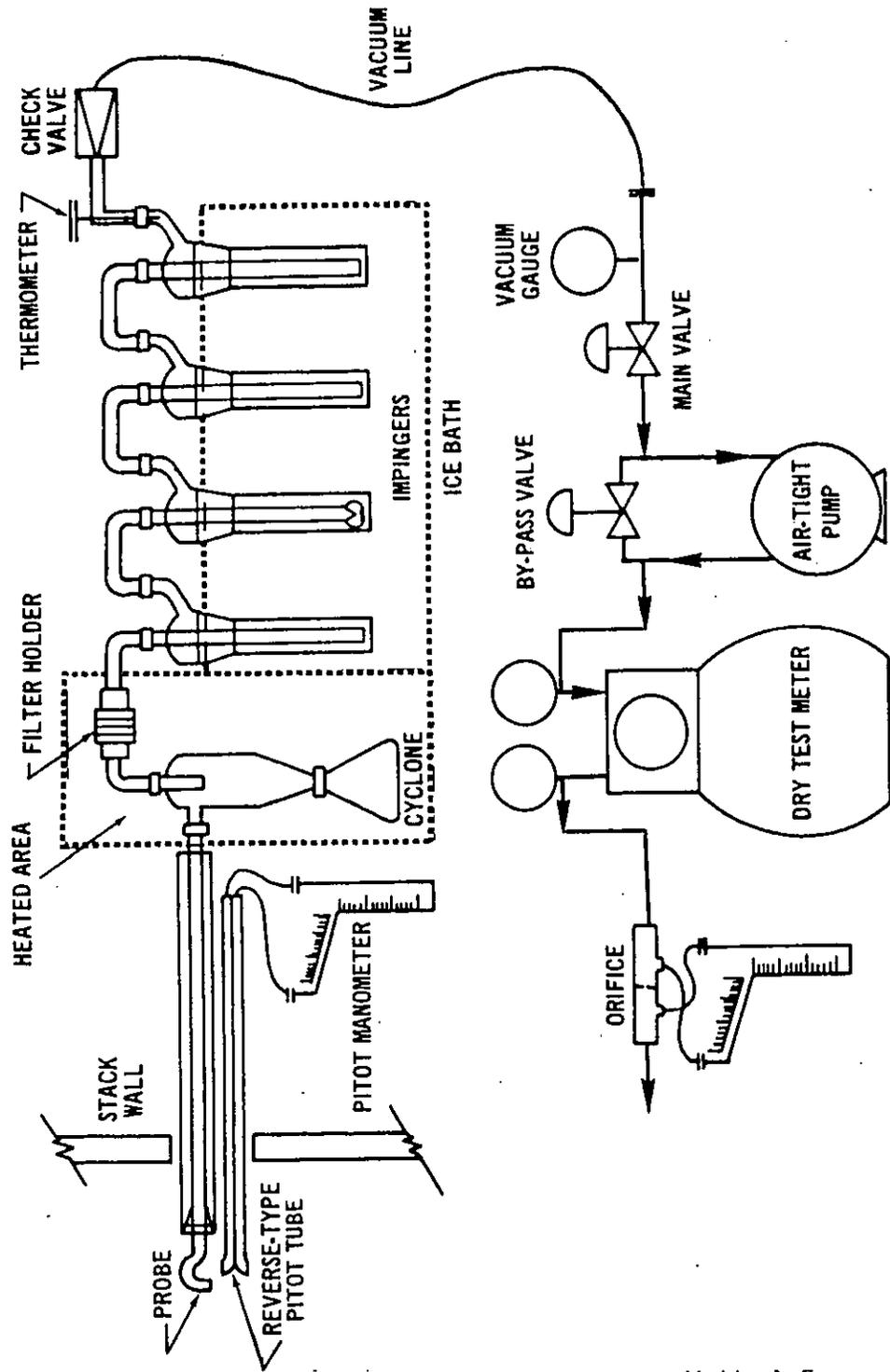
The sampling train consisted of a stainless steel probe tip, a heated stainless steel lined probe, a glass cyclone and flask, and a heated 125 millimeter Whatman 934-AH fiberglass filter. A series of four impingers followed in an ice bath. The first was a modified Greenburg-Smith impinger with 100 ml of distilled water; the second was a Greenburg-Smith impinger with 100 ml water; the third was a modified Greenburg-Smith impinger dry; the fourth was also a modified Greenburg-Smith impinger containing a tared quantity of silica gel. The gas then passed through a vacuum pump, calibrated dry gas meter, and a calibrated orifice. A schematic drawing of the sampling train is included.

The temperatures at strategic locations within the sampling devices, were monitored by RTDs and read directly from a gauge on the control unit.

The initial gas stream velocity was obtained from a preliminary traverse using an "S" type pitot tube. The initial moisture was estimated from previous tests of similar processes. This data, along with the stack temperature, was used to set a nomograph so that rapid calculations of isokinetic sampling conditions could be made.

The principle of the method was to collect the sample representative of the exhaust by adjusting the sample collection velocity to match the exhaust gas stream velocity at the point of collection. The velocity at the point of collection was measured with an "S" type pitot tube attached to the probe and the collection velocity was matched to the stack gas velocity by adjusting the flow as indicated by the calibrated orifice.

To determine the molecular weight of the stack gas, samples were drawn into an Orsat analyzer and analyzed for percentage CO<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>, CO, and N<sub>2</sub>.



Method 5

Particulate sampling train.

At the completion of the test, the probe and glassware preceding the filter were washed with acetone which was placed in a tared beaker and evaporated to dryness at room temperature. The filter and beaker were then desiccated to the tared humidity conditions and weighed. The impinger contents were measured and weighed for determination of the actual moisture content of the exhaust gas stream.

The combined weight of the filter catch and the probe washing residue was used to determine the particulate emission rates.

A computer was used to calculate the stack velocities, emission concentrations, emission rates and volumetric flow rates using the field and laboratory data.

### 3.2 Formaldehyde

The sampling and analysis were performed using procedures outlined in NIOSH Method 3500, the method accepted by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources for determining formaldehyde emissions.

Sampling was performed by drawing a known quantity of stack exhaust through appropriate sampling media by means of a battery operated pump. The media consisted of a train of three midget impingers; each contained 15 milliliters of a one percent sodium bisulfite solution and were followed by a water trap. The impingers were set in an ice water bath to accommodate the temperature of the gas stream sampled. The sampling volumes were determined through the use of a calibrated dry gas meter.

Following the sampling, the samples were sealed and brought back to the lab for analysis. The samples were analyzed via colorimetric methods as described in the NIOSH procedures. Each impinger was analyzed separately to insure the complete absorption of all formaldehyde in the solution.

#### 4.0 CALIBRATIONS

The probe tip, pitot tube, dry gas meter, and orifice were calibrated prior to the test according to procedures outlined in the Maintenance, Calibration, and Operation of Isokinetic Source-Sampling Equipment as published by the EPA. The values obtained were:

Probe tip diameter	d =	0.250"
Pitot tube coeff.	Cp =	0.85
Orifice coeff.	dH <sub>0</sub> =	1.779

The dry gas meter presently installed in the control box is a temperature compensating meter. The correction factor for this dry gas meter is represented by:

$$\text{Gama} = 1.010 + (T_d - 70) \times .00012$$

where: T<sub>d</sub> = Dry Gas Meter Temperature

The most recent calibration was performed October 9, 1991.

APPENDIX A

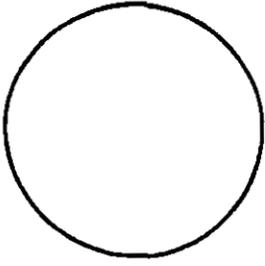
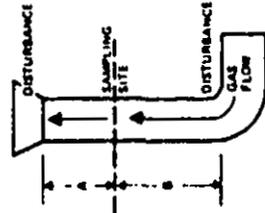
FIELD & LABORATORY DATA SHEETS





# PARTICULATE FIELD DATA

PLANT PLAINE & DULAN METER & H. \_\_\_\_\_  
 DATE 10-11-91 C FACTOR \_\_\_\_\_  
 LOCATION VERONA AMBIENT TEMPERATURE \_\_\_\_\_  
 OPERATOR WJD BAROMETRIC PRESSURE \_\_\_\_\_  
 STACK NO. CONTROL 5 ASSUMED MOISTURE, % \_\_\_\_\_  
 RUN NO. 3 PROBE LENGTH, in. 14  
 SAMPLE BOX NO. 5 NOZZLE DIAMETER, in. 1/4  
 METER BOX NO. 1 STACK DIAMETER, in. 54  
 PROBE HEATER SETTING 750 ORSAT RESULTS CO2 6.8  
 HEATER BOX SETTING 750 CO  
N2  
Pipe Lx Wx H  
150x 12x 104



CROSS SECTION

TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	SAMPLING TIME (A), min.	STATIC PRESSURE (in. H <sub>2</sub> O)	STACK TEMPERATURE (T <sub>s</sub> ), °F	VELOCITY HEAD (V <sub>p</sub> ), (1/16) <sup>2</sup>	PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL ACROSS ORIFICE METER (ΔH) in. H <sub>2</sub> O	GAS SAMPLE VOLUME (V <sub>m</sub> ), ft <sup>3</sup>		GAS SAMPLE TEMPERATURE AT DRY GAS METER		TEMPERATURE OF GAS LEAVING CONDENSER OR LAST IMPINGER °F	PUMP VACUUM in. Hg gauge	VELOCITY f.p.s.
						ACTUAL DESIRED	(V <sub>m</sub> ), ft <sup>3</sup>	INLET (T <sub>m</sub> ), °F	OUTLET (T <sub>m</sub> ), °F			
A1	112500		275	.86	1.50	8625.00		100				
2	28	-0.30	270	.86	1.50	87.0		100				
3	31		275	.82	1.45	88.9		99				
4	34		275	.82	1.45	90.9		99				
5	37	-0.25	270	.76	1.35	92.8		98				
6	40		270	.58	1.02	94.8		98				
7	45		275	.54	0.96	96.5		98				
8	46	-0.20	275	.58	0.96	92.0		98				
9	49		270	.50	0.88	94.4		98				
10	52		270	.50	0.88	01.4		98				
11	55/56		275	.80	1.40	02.7		98				
12	55		275	.82	1.45	04.6		98				
13	02		270	.82	1.45	06.5		98				
14	05		275	.82	1.45	08.5		98				
15	08		280	.76	1.35	10.5		98				
16	11		275	.68	1.15	12.5		98				
17	16		275	.64	1.12	14.3		98				
18	17		270	.64	1.12	16.0		98				
19	20		270	.64	1.12	17.8		98				
20	23		270	.60	1.05	19.5		98				
	1226					872.25						
						(36.25)						

LABORATORY DATA SHEET  
PARTICULATE & WATER COLLECTED

JOB NAME P&D VERONA

DATE OF TEST 10-11-91

JOB NO. 1332

TEST ENGINEER WJD

RUN NO. 1 STACK CONTROL 5

Sample Box 1 Filter 1497

Wash Bottle -

Beaker No. 10

WATER COLLECTED

<u>Impinger No.</u>	<u>Final Wt. g</u>	<u>Initial Wt. g</u>	<u>Collected grams</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>243</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>143</u>
<u>2</u>	<u>256</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>156</u>
<u>3</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>29</u>
<u>SIL GEL</u>	<u>680</u>	<u>657</u>	<u>23</u>
		TOTAL	<u><u>351</u></u>

PARTICULATE COLLECTED

	<u>Final Wt. g</u>	<u>Tare Wt. g</u>	<u>Collected grams</u>
Blank			
Filter	<u>.8067</u>	<u>.7969</u>	<u>.0098</u>
Washings (.0006)	<u>104.2845</u>	<u>104.2433</u>	<u>.0406</u>
		TOTAL	<u><u>0.0504</u></u>

WATER COLLECTED 351 GRAMS

PARTICULATE COLLECTED 0.0504 GRAMS

NOTES:

LABORATORY DATA SHEET  
PARTICULATE & WATER COLLECTED

JOB NAME P&D VERONA  
JOB NO. 1332

DATE OF TEST 10-11-91  
TEST ENGINEER WJD

RUN NO. 2 STACK CONTROL 5  
Sample Box 4 Filter 1477

Wash Bottle -  
Beaker No. 12

WATER COLLECTED

<u>Impinger No.</u>	<u>Final Wt. g</u>	<u>Initial Wt. g</u>	<u>Collected grams</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>255</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>155</u>
<u>2</u>	<u>222</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>122</u>
<u>3</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>47</u>
<u>5/16 GAL</u>	<u>668</u>	<u>652</u>	<u>16</u>
		TOTAL	<u><u>340</u></u>

PARTICULATE COLLECTED

	<u>Final Wt. g</u>	<u>Tare Wt. g</u>	<u>Collected grams</u>
Blank			
Filter	<u>.8181</u>	<u>.8108</u>	<u>.0073</u>
Washings ( <u>.0006</u> )	<u>105.4393</u>	<u>105.4061</u>	<u>.0322</u>
		TOTAL	<u><u>0.0395</u></u>

WATER COLLECTED 340 GRAMS

PARTICULATE COLLECTED 0.0395 GRAMS

NOTES:

LABORATORY DATA SHEET  
PARTICULATE & WATER COLLECTED

JOB NAME P & O VERONA  
JOB NO. 1332

DATE OF TEST 10-11-91  
TEST ENGINEER WJP

RUN NO. 3 STACK CONTROL 5  
Sample Box 5 Filter 1478

Wash Bottle -  
Beaker No. 14

WATER COLLECTED

<u>Impinger No.</u>	<u>Final Wt. g</u>	<u>Initial Wt. g</u>	<u>Collected grams</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>330</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>230</u>
<u>2</u>	<u>212</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>112</u>
<u>3</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>5</u>
<u>SIL GEL</u>	<u>679</u>	<u>669</u>	<u>10</u>
		TOTAL	<u><u>357</u></u>

PARTICULATE COLLECTED

	<u>Final Wt. g</u>	<u>Tare Wt. g</u>	<u>Collected grams</u>
Filter <u>Blank</u>	<u>.8014</u>	<u>.7979</u>	<u>.0035</u>
Washings ( <u>.0006</u> )	<u>103.2582</u>	<u>103.2226</u>	<u>.0350</u>
		TOTAL	<u><u>0.0385</u></u>

WATER COLLECTED 357 GRAMS

PARTICULATE COLLECTED 0.0385 GRAMS

NOTES:





Name of Company: Payne & Dolan Date: 10-11-91

Location: \_\_\_\_\_ FID Number: \_\_\_\_\_

City, State, Zip Code: \_\_\_\_\_ Observer Certification Date: 10-8-91

Discharge Location: SAME Control Device: \_\_\_\_\_

Height of Discharge Above Ground: \_\_\_\_\_ Steam Plume? Yes  Attached  Detached

Time of Observation: Initial 11:25 Final 12:25

Observer Location: \_\_\_\_\_

Distance to Discharge: 300'

Direction from Discharge: SSE

Height of Observation Point in Relation to Discharge: +20

Plume Description (Color, Length, etc.): Steam 50'

Plume Background Description: Trees

Weather Conditions: \_\_\_\_\_

Wind Direction: NW

Wind Speed: 5-10

Ambient Temperature: 55

Sky Conditions (clear, overcast, % clouds, etc.): CLR

SEC MIN	0	15	30	45	SEC MIN	0	15	30	45
0	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	-
1	-	-	-	-	31	-	-	-	-
2	-	-	-	-	32	-	-	-	-
3	-	-	-	-	33	-	-	-	-
4	-	-	-	-	34	-	-	-	-
5	-	-	-	-	35	-	-	-	-
6	-	-	-	-	36	-	-	-	-
7	-	-	-	-	37	-	-	-	-
8	-	-	-	-	38	-	-	-	-
9	-	-	-	-	39	-	-	-	-
10	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	-	-
11	-	-	-	-	41	-	-	-	-
12	-	-	-	-	42	-	-	-	-
13	-	-	-	-	43	-	-	-	-
14	-	-	-	-	44	-	-	-	-
15	-	-	-	-	45	-	-	-	-
16	-	-	-	-	46	-	-	-	-
17	-	-	-	-	47	-	-	-	-
18	-	-	-	-	48	-	-	-	-
19	-	-	-	-	49	-	-	-	-
20	-	-	-	-	50	-	-	-	-
21	-	-	-	-	51	-	-	-	-
22	-	-	-	-	52	-	-	-	-
23	-	-	-	-	53	-	-	-	-
24	-	-	-	-	54	-	-	-	-
25	-	-	-	-	55	-	-	-	-
26	-	-	-	-	56	-	-	-	-
27	-	-	-	-	57	-	-	-	-
28	-	-	-	-	58	-	-	-	-
29	-	-	-	-	59	-	-	-	-

Describe Point in Plume at Which Opacity was Determined: 75' downstream

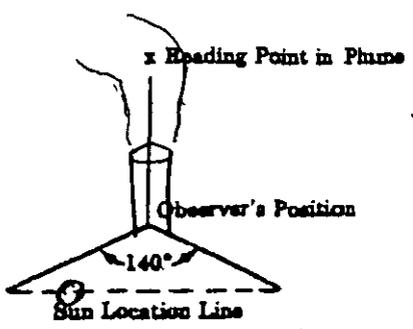
Remarks: \_\_\_\_\_

Summary of Average Opacity  
(From Computer Program)

Set Number	Time		Opacity	
	Start	End	Sum	Average

Signature of Observer: CL:77H Name of Observer (Please print): Chris Huenink

Sketch of Observer, Discharge, and Sun Location.



Allowable Source Opacity

F I B MIX6 221TPH 300F 160TONS 6.90Xmac 299F (4.9XR1+ 4.9XR2)

RECORDATION 7BINS 2RCYS 2MFLS 08:05:20 10/11/91

F I B MIX10 267TPH 308F 22TONS 6.50Xmac 299F (4.9XR1+ 4.9XR2)

RECORDATION 7BINS 2RCYS 2MFLS 08:22:00 10/11/91

F I B MIX10 253TPH 318F 95TONS 6.50Xmac 299F (4.9XR1+ 4.9XR2)

RECORDATION 7BINS 2RCYS 2MFLS 08:38:40 10/11/91

F I B MIX10 256TPH 308F 167TONS 6.50Xmac 299F (4.9XR1+ 4.9XR2)

RECORDATION 7BINS 2RCYS 2MFLS 08:55:20 10/11/91

F I B MIX6 342TPH 314F 73TONS 5.90Xmac 299F (4.9XR1+ 4.9XR2)

RECORDATION 7BINS 2RCYS 2MFLS 09:12:00 10/11/91

25% RAP  
NAT. GAS FUEL ↓

F I B MIX6 280TPH 311F 152TONS 5.90Xmac 299F (4.9XR1+ 4.9XR2)

RECORDATION 7BINS 2RCYS 2MFLS 09:28:40 10/11/91

F I B MIX6 282TPH 303F 230TONS 5.77Xmac 298F (4.9XR1+ 4.9XR2)

RECORDATION 7BINS 2RCYS 2MFLS 09:45:20 10/11/91

F I B MIX6 261TPH 299F 300TONS 5.90Xmac 299F (4.9XR1+ 4.9XR2)

RECORDATION 7BINS 2RCYS 2MFLS 10:02:00 10/11/91

F I B MIX6 281TPH 299F 385TONS 5.65Xmac 299F (4.9XR1+ 4.9XR2)

RECORDATION 7BINS 2RCYS 2MFLS 10:18:40 10/11/91

F I B MIX6 277TPH 302F 463TONS 5.90Xmac 299F (4.9XR1+ 4.9XR2)

RECORDATION 7BINS 2RCYS 2MFLS 10:35:20 10/11/91

F I B MIX6 279TPH 303F 541TONS 5.90Xmac 299F (4.9XR1+ 4.9XR2)

RECORDATION 7BINS 2RCYS 2MFLS 10:52:01 10/11/91

F I B MIX6 277TPH 304F 29TONS 6.30Xmac 299F (4.9XR1+ 4.9XR2)

35% RAP ↓

RECORDATION 7BINS 2RCYS 2MFLS 11:09:41 10/11/91

F I B MIX6 272TPH 305F 106TONS 6.30Xmac 299F (4.9XR1+ 4.9XR2)

RECORDATION 7BINS 2RCYS 2MFLS 11:25:22 10/11/91

RECORDATION 7BINS 2RCYS 2PFLS

11:42:02 10/11/91

F I B MIXB 281TPH 297F 261TONS 6.30xrac 299F (4.9xR1+ 4.9xR2)

RECORDATION 7BINS 2RCYS 2PFLS

11:58:42 10/11/91

F I B MIXB 280TPH 301F 339TONS 6.30xrac 299F (4.9xR1+ 4.9xR2)

RECORDATION 7BINS 2RCYS 2PFLS

12:15:24 10/11/91

F I B MIXB 273TPH 299F 417TONS 6.30xrac 299F (4.9xR1+ 4.9xR2)

RECORDATION 7BINS 2RCYS 2PFLS

12:32:05 10/11/91

F I B MIXB 277TPH 299F 494TONS 6.40xrac 299F (4.9xR1+ 4.9xR2)

HCOH ANALYSIS - PAYNE + DOLAN

10/16/91

SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE VOL	ALIQ VOL	C ACID VOL	RDG	RDG - BLANK	MG/ALIQ	MG/SAMPLE		MG TOTAL
VERONA 1A	29.6	0.50	1.0	.943	.907	11.7	693		797
1B	18.1	1.00		.498	.462	5.72	104		
2A	30.3	0.50		.858	.822	10.6	642		731
2B	12.5	1.00		.599	.563	7.15	89		
3A	29.0	0.50		.747	.711	9.13	530		668
3B	16.5	1.00		.693	.657	8.38	138		
FRANKLIN 1A	29.0	0.50		.502	.466	5.77	335		344
1B	10.3	1.00		.107	.071	0.85	9		
2A	27.7	0.50		.449	.413	5.05	280		284
2B	8.9	1.00		.074	.038	0.45	4		
3A	25.4	0.50		.290	.254	3.10	157		163
3B	8.0	1.00		.104	.068	0.80	6		
BANKS									
VERONA		0.50		.036					
		1.00		.036					
FRANKLIN		0.50		.038					
		1.00		.036					
DILUTION		3.00		.040					

PAYNE & DAAN

Contract No. 5

FORMALDEHYDE CALCULATIONS

10-11-91

TEST 1  $V_M = 2.00 \text{ ft}^3$   $T_M = 64^\circ\text{F}$

$P_b = 29.05$

780 TPH  $V_{std} = 2.00 + 1.079 + \frac{588}{584} + \frac{29.05}{29.92}$

$Z = 1.079$

$= 2.01 \text{ SCF} = .057 \text{ m}^3$

$C = \frac{0.797 \text{ mg}}{.057 \text{ m}^3} = 14.0 \text{ mg/m}^3$

ER =  $1.38 \text{ lb/hr.}$   
 $= 0.0049 \text{ lb/ton}$

TEST 2  $V_M = 2.00$   $T_M = 63^\circ\text{F}$

780 TPH

$V_{std} = 2.01 \text{ SCF} = .057 \text{ m}^3$

$C = \frac{0.731 \text{ mg}}{.057} = 12.8 \text{ mg/m}^3$

ER =  $1.30 \text{ lb/hr.}$   
 $= 0.0046 \text{ lb/ton}$

TEST 3  $V_M = 2.02$   $T_M = 65$

780 TPH

$V_{std} = 2.03 \text{ SCF} = .057 \text{ m}^3$

$C = \frac{0.668 \text{ mg}}{.057 \text{ m}^3} = 11.7 \text{ mg/m}^3$

ER =  $1.19 \text{ lb/hr.}$   
 $= 0.0042 \text{ lb/ton}$

APPENDIX B

SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

### SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

1. DRY MOLECULAR WEIGHT (Md) lb/lb-mole

$$Md = .44\% \text{ CO}_2 + .32\% \text{ O}_2 + .282\% \text{ N}_2 + .28\% \text{ CO}$$

2. WATER VAPOR PERCENT (%H<sub>2</sub>O)

$$V_w \text{ std} = 0.04707 \cdot (V_f - V_i)$$

where:  $V_w \text{ std}$  = standard cubic feet of water vapor  
 $V_f$  = Final volume of impingers, ml  
 $V_i$  = Initial volume of impingers, ml

$$\% \text{H}_2\text{O} = V_w \text{ std} \cdot 100 / (V_m \text{ std} + V_w \text{ std})$$

where  $V_m \text{ std}$  = standard cubic feet of gas sampled

3. WET MOLECULAR WEIGHT (Ms) lb/lb-mole

$$Ms = Md \cdot (1 - \% \text{H}_2\text{O} / 100) + 18 \cdot \% \text{H}_2\text{O} / 100$$

4. STACK PRESSURE (Ps) in. Hg

$$Ps = Pb + Pg / 13.6$$

where:  $Pb$  = barometric pressure (uncorrected), in. Hg  
 $Pg$  = stack gauge pressure, in. H<sub>2</sub>O  
13.6 = specific gravity of mercury (Hg)

5. AVERAGE STACK VELOCITY (Vs) feet per second

$$Vs = K_p \cdot C_p \cdot (\text{DELP}) \cdot T_{savg} / (Ps \cdot Ms)$$

where:  $K_p$  = 85.49 unit conversion  
 $C_p$  = 0.65, pitot tube calibration factor  
DELP = square root of velocity head, in. H<sub>2</sub>O  
 $T_{savg}$  = average stack temperature, deg R (460+F)  
 $Ps$  = stack pressure  
 $Ms$  = wet molecular weight

6. STACK GAS FLOW RATE (Qs) std cubic feet per minute

$$Qs = 60 \cdot (1 - \% \text{H}_2\text{O} / 100) \cdot Vs \cdot A \cdot (528 \cdot Ps / T_{savg} / 29.92)$$

where:  $A$  = stack area, ft<sup>2</sup>  
528 = std temperature, deg R  
29.92 = std pressure, in. Hg

7. DRY GAS VOLUME ( $V_m$  std) std cubic feet

$$V_m \text{ std} = GAMA * (V_m - (AL - .02)t) * (P_b + DELH/13.6) / 29.92$$

where: GAMA = dry gas meter calibration factor  
 $V_m$  = volume of dry gas metered, cubic feet  
AL = post test leak rate, cubic feet per minute  
t = total time of test, minutes  
DELH = average orifice pressure drop, in.H2O

8. PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION ( $C_s$ ) grains/dry std cubic foot

$$C_s = M_n * 15.43 / V_m \text{ std}$$

where:  $M_n$  = particulate captured, grams  
15.43 = grains per gram

9. EMISSION RATE (ER) pounds per hour

$$PMRA = M_n * A * 60 / (t * A_n * 453.6) \quad \text{AREA METHOD lb/hr}$$

$$PMRC = C_s * Q_s * 60 / (15.43 * 453.6) \quad \text{CONC. METHOD lb/hr}$$

$$ER = (PMRA + PMRC) / 2$$

where:  $A_n$  = area of sampling nozzle, square feet

10. EMISSION CONCENTRATION (EC) lb/1000 lb exhaust gas

$$EC = ER * 386700 * (1 - \%H_2O/100) / (Q_s * 60 * M_s)$$

where: 386700 = cubic feet per lb mole \* 1000

11. ISOKINETIC SAMPLING PERCENTAGE (I) %

$$I = PMRA / PMRC$$

SAMPLE CALCULATION

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg (Pb) = 29.200  
 STACK PRESSURE, in Hg (Pb + Pg/13.6) = 29.178  
 TIP DIAMETER, in (An = PI\*D^2/576) = .2450  
 STACK AREA, sq ft (A) = 10.560  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf (Vm) = 66.06  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml (Vf - Vi) = 86.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams (Mn) = 0.0755  
 CO2 = 0.60 O2 = 21.00 CO = 0.00 N2 = 78.40  
 WET MOLECULAR WEIGHT, lb/mole (Ms) = 28.45

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE DEL H inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	110	1.450	4.05	32	72.51
2	110	1.350	3.75	32	69.97
3	110	1.350	3.75	32	69.97
4	110	1.300	3.70	32	68.66
5	110	1.250	3.60	32	67.33
6	110	1.250	3.60	32	67.33
7	110	1.050	2.95	32	61.71
8	110	1.000	2.85	32	60.22
9	110	1.000	2.85	34	60.22
10	110	1.050	2.95	34	61.71
11	110	0.950	2.75	38	58.69
12	115	0.950	2.75	38	58.95
13	115	1.300	3.70	42	68.96
14	115	1.250	3.60	42	67.62
15	115	1.200	3.40	42	66.26
16	115	1.200	3.40	42	66.26
17	115	1.150	3.30	44	64.86
18	115	1.150	3.30	46	64.86
19	115	1.050	2.95	48	61.98
20	115	1.150	3.30	48	64.86
21	115	1.000	2.85	50	60.48
22	115	1.100	3.15	50	63.43
23	115	1.050	2.95	50	61.98
24	115	0.900	2.55	50	57.38
AVG VALUES	113		3.250	40	64.42

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 69.39  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf (Vmstd) = 65.35  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf (Vwstd) = 4.05  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR (%H2O) = 5.83  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 40,819.39  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm (Qs) = 34,558.69  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf (Cs) = 0.018  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr (ER) = 5.325  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb (EC) = 0.033  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING (I) = 101.67

CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

Date: December 10, 1991

File Ref: 4530-3

To: Files

*Received 4/25/91*

From: Neal Baudhuin, NCD *N.B.*

Subject: Review of Stack Test Performed for Forest County Highway Department Asphalt Plant

I. SOURCE

Forest County Highway Department  
County Court House  
Crandon, Wisconsin 54520

Contact: Ronald Brooks, Commissioner

FID# 721029100

Test Date: August 30, 1991

Location: U.S. Highway 55, southwest of Crandon, Wisconsin

II. SOURCE DESCRIPTION

The source tested was a Barber-Greene Model 859 continuous, batch hot mix asphalt plant. It is rated at 142 tons per hour (TPH). It does not have recycle capability. During the test the plant was producing approximately 140 TPH. The drier was being fired with distillate (#2) fuel oil.

Particulate matter emissions are controlled by a medium efficiency multicyclone followed by a wet scrubber. The multicyclone unit has 33 cyclones, and it has room for 40 - 48 cyclones. The scrubber has 60 nozzles for water distribution. The scrubber water pressure was 45 psi. The multicyclone has a draft limit switch between the exhaust fan and multicyclone that shuts the burner down if the pressure is too low. There are locations for pressure taps, but no gauges were present. There is a temperature probe in the exhaust system that kicks out the burner if the temperature is too high.

III. SAMPLING OPERATION

A. Purpose of the Test

The test was performed to satisfy the requirements of Mandatory Operation Permit # 721029100-N01 issued March 13, 1991, and to demonstrate compliance with the particulate matter emission limits contained in the permit. Formaldehyde emissions were also tested to determine applicability of NR 445 requirements.

Test Method ✓  
Control System ✓  
# runs ✓  
Source ✓  
Process Desc. ✗  
Prod. Rate ✓  
Prod. Capacity ✓  
Problems Encountered ✗  
Test Data ✓

62  
(2/3)

B. Sampling Firm

Environmental Technology & Engineering  
13020 West Bluemound Road  
Elm Grove, Wisconsin 53122

Crew: Lowell and Chris Huenink, 414/784-2434

C. Test Method

The particulate matter test method was EPA Method 5, Determination of Particulate Emission from Stationary Sources, and included determination of the back half catch. The test was performed in the circular stack, diameter 7.9 feet, through two ports at perpendicular axis of the stack. The ports were located 6 feet from the stack exit and 15 feet from the nearest upstream disturbance, the scrubber duct into the stack. Each of 12 points per port were sampled for 2.5 minutes for a total of 60 minutes of sampling.

The formaldehyde emissions were sampled using NIOSH Method 3500. Exhaust gas was sampled at a uniform rate of approximately one liter per minute. A total of 2.0 cubic feet of sample was collected during each of three runs.

D. Test Date

The testing was performed on August 30, 1991. The weather was clear to partly cloudy with light and variable wind from the northwest and an ambient temperature of 80 - 85F.

E. Test Witness

The test was witnessed by Mr. Neal Baudhuin of the Department's North Central District office in Rhinelander. Mr. Baudhuin witnessed only the end of Run #2 and #3 of the test. Mr. Baudhuin performed EPA Method 9 visible emissions evaluations during Run #3.

IV. TEST RESULTS

The results listed below for particulate are those calculated by ETE. The original report contained some numerical errors and ETE submitted the corrected data and calculation sheets. The results for formaldehyde are from the ETE test report. Calculations were checked and found to be accurate. The Department's calculations do not come out exactly the same as ETE's because ETE uses a dry gas meter that is temperature compensating. The meter correction factor (gamma) was 1.020 at the last calibration.

A. Particulate Matter

<u>RUN NUMBER</u>	<u>EMISSION RATE (LB/HR)</u>	<u>EMISSION CONCENTRATION (LB/1,000 LB GAS)</u>	<u>ISOKINETIC RATIO (%)</u>
1	62.87	0.265	92.80
2	55.87	0.247	97.69
3	59.56	0.256	94.48
AVE	59.43	0.256	94.99

B. Formaldehyde

<u>RUN NUMBER</u>	<u>EMISSION RATE (LB/HR)</u>
1	1.96
2	2.82
3	1.76
AVE	2.18

C. Visible Emissions

<u>RUN NUMBER</u>	<u>AVERAGE OPACITY (%)</u>	<u>HIGH SIX MINUTE (%)</u>
1	-	-
2	-	-
3	25.3	30.4

V. APPLICABLE EMISSION LIMITATIONS

The emission limits that apply to this source are as follows:

Particulate: 0.3 pound per 1,000 pounds of exhaust gas  
Section NR 415.05(1)(i), Wisconsin Administrative Code.

Visible Emissions: 40% opacity  
Section NR 431.04(1), Wisconsin Administrative Code

Formaldehyde: 250 pounds per year or Best Available Control Technology (BACT), Section NR 445.05, Wisconsin Administrative Code.

VI. DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

The emission concentration of 0.256 pound per 1,000 pound of exhaust gas is below the limit of 0.3 pound per 1,000 pound exhaust gas. The isokinetic ratio of 94.99% is between the limits of 90 - 110% that the Department uses to judge the validity of stack tests.

The formaldehyde emission rate of 2.18 pounds per hour would allow Langlade County to operate a total of only 114 hours per year before exceeding the 250 pound per year de minimis level over which BACT would need to be applied. Based on the production rate of 140 TPH, this would result in an Emission Factor (EF) of 0.0156 pound of formaldehyde per ton, and allow production of only about 16,000 tons of asphalt per year before exceeding the 250 pound per year de minimis. In 1990 the plant operated for 324 hours and produced 29,532 tons of asphalt.

cc: Joe Perez, AM/10-STK  
U.S. EPA-Region V  
Forest County Highway Department



State of Wisconsin \ DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

Carroll D. Bosadny  
Secretary

North Central District Headquarters  
P. O. Box 818  
Rhinelander, Wisconsin 54501  
(715)362-7616

December 10, 1991

File Ref.: 4530-3

Mr. Ronald Brooks, Commissioner  
Forest County Highway Department  
County Court House  
Crandon, Wisconsin 54520

Dear Mr. Brooks:

I have reviewed the report submitted by Environmental Technology and Engineering Corporation on the stack testing performed on August 30, 1991 on the Forest County Highway Department asphalt plant. A copy of the test review is attached.

ETE's initial report had some errors, and ETE submitted corrected report pages to the Department. The particulate matter test result of 0.265 pound per 1,000 pounds of exhaust gas is in compliance with the 0.3 pound per 1,000 pounds limitation. The opacity during Test Run #3 was an average of 25.3%, which is in compliance with the 40% opacity limitation.

The formaldehyde emission rate was 2.18 pounds per hour, which calculates to 0.0156 pound per ton of asphalt. This is relatively high compared to tests at other asphalt plants. The production hour and annual tons of asphalt that I mention in the DISCUSSION OF RESULTS section are not limitations. The 250 pounds of formaldehyde emitted per year is a de minimis level over which a control strategy referred to as Best Available Control Technology (BACT) will need to be applied. The Department is currently working with the Wisconsin Asphalt Pavement Association to determine how BACT is going to be defined. Section NR 445.05(7)(b)2., Wisconsin Administrative Code, requires you to submit to the Department by April 1, 1992, a compliance plan for formaldehyde control.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at 715/369-8958.

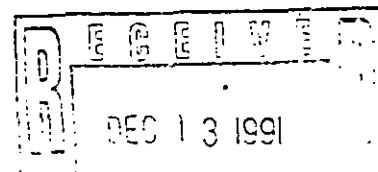
Sincerely,

*Neal Baudhuin*

Neal Baudhuin, P.E.  
Air Management Program Supervisor  
North Central District

Attach.

cc: Bureau of Air Management, AM/10



### SUMMARY

On August 30, 1991, Environmental Technology & Engineering Corp personnel performed stack emissions testing on the Forest County Highway Department Asphalt Plant located on Highway 55 west of of Crandon, Wisconsin. The purpose of the testing was to demonstrate compliance with the particulate matter emissions limits set forth in Wisconsin Administrative Code. The emissions from the operations were controlled with a set of cyclone collectors followed by a wet scrubber.

Testing to determine total particulate matter emissions were performed using EPA Method 5. The results were well below the DNR limitation and are shown below:

<u>Test</u>	<u>Particulate Emission Concentration</u>
1	0.265 lb/1000 lb gas
2	<del>0.269</del> 0.269 lb/1000 lb gas
3	<del>0.244</del> 0.244 lb/1000 lb gas
AVG	0.256 lb/1000 lb gas
DNR Limitation	0.3 lb/1000 lb gas

Formaldehyde emissions were determined using modified NIOSH Method 3500 sampling and analytical methods. The results indicated the following emission rates:

<u>Test</u>	<u>Formaldehyde Emission Rate</u>
1	1.96 lb/hr
2	2.82 lb/hr
3	1.76 lb/hr
AVG	2.18 lb/hr
DNR Limitation	250 pounds per year

Visible emissions were determined using EPA Method 9 by the DNR witness on-site during the test efforts. All readings indicated an opacity level below the permit limitation of 40 percent.

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 28.700  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .3710  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 49.020  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 41.00  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 167.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.4204  
 CO2 = 3.00 O2 = 15.40 CO = 0.00 N2 = 81.60

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	125	0.340	4.65	78	36.55
2	130	0.270	3.65	78	32.71
3	130	0.200	2.75	80	28.15
4	130	0.120	1.70	80	21.81
5	130	0.080	1.00	80	17.80
6	130	0.040	0.56	80	12.59
7	130	0.000	0.00	82	0.00
8	130	0.000	0.00	82	0.00
9	130	0.020	0.30	82	8.90
10	130	0.600	0.85	84	48.76
11	130	0.120	1.70	84	21.81
12	130	0.210	2.90	86	28.85
13	130	0.520	7.00	88	45.39
14	130	0.500	6.80	90	44.51
15	130	0.410	5.65	92	40.31
16	130	0.320	4.40	92	35.61
17	130	0.160	2.20	92	25.18
18	130	0.050	0.72	92	14.08
19	130	0.220	3.00	94	29.52
20	130	0.160	2.20	96	25.18
21	130	0.000	0.00	98	0.00
22	130	0.000	0.00	98	0.00
23	130	0.000	0.00	100	0.00
24	130	0.040	0.56	100	12.59
AVG VALUES	130		2.191	88	22.09

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 47.57  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 39.71  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 7.86  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 16.52  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 64,985.24  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 46,580.30  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.1633  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.265  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 62.87  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 92.80

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 28.700  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .3710  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 49.020  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 40.50  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 183.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = ~~0.4000~~ .3836  
 CO2 = 3.00 O2 = 15.40 CO = 0.00 N2 = 81.60

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	130	0.420	5.70	98	40.91
2	130	0.370	5.00	98	38.40
3	130	0.320	4.30	100	35.71
4	130	0.220	3.00	100	29.61
5	130	0.120	1.70	104	21.87
6	130	0.040	0.56	106	12.63
7	130	0.000	0.00	108	0.00
8	130	0.000	0.00	108	0.00
9	130	0.060	0.85	108	15.46
10	130	0.080	1.10	110	17.86
11	130	0.120	1.70	110	21.87
12	130	0.200	2.80	110	28.23
13	125	0.470	6.50	112	43.10
14	130	0.470	6.50	114	43.28
15	130	0.440	6.00	114	41.88
16	130	0.320	4.50	114	35.71
17	130	0.210	2.80	114	28.93
18	130	0.080	1.10	114	17.86
19	130	0.000	0.00	116	0.00
20	130	0.000	0.00	116	0.00
21	130	0.000	0.00	116	0.00
22	130	0.000	0.00	116	0.00
23	130	0.040	0.56	118	12.63
24	130	0.120	1.70	118	21.87
AVG VALUES	130		2.349	110	21.16

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 47.96  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 39.35  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 8.61  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 17.96  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 62,233.14  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 43,840.15  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = ~~0.1575~~ 0.1504  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = ~~0.2590~~ 0.247  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = ~~58.55~~ 55.87  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 97.69

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 28.700  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .3710  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 49.020  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 40.90  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 162.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = ~~0.3836~~ 4020  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 3.20 O<sub>2</sub> = 15.40 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.40

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	130	0.410	5.70	118	40.25
2	130	0.400	5.60	118	39.76
3	130	0.320	4.50	116	35.56
4	130	0.200	2.80	116	28.11
5	130	0.120	1.70	116	21.78
6	130	0.050	0.70	116	14.06
7	130	0.000	0.00	116	0.00
8	130	0.000	0.00	118	0.00
9	130	0.040	0.56	118	12.57
10	130	0.110	1.50	118	20.85
11	130	0.160	2.20	118	25.14
12	130	0.210	2.90	118	28.81
13	130	0.520	7.20	120	45.33
14	130	0.520	7.20	120	45.33
15	130	0.450	6.20	120	42.17
16	130	0.320	4.50	120	35.56
17	130	0.140	1.95	120	23.52
18	130	0.090	1.25	120	18.86
19	130	0.000	0.00	120	0.00
20	130	0.000	0.00	120	0.00
21	130	0.000	0.00	120	0.00
22	130	0.030	0.41	120	10.89
23	130	0.030	0.41	120	10.89
24	130	0.100	1.40	120	19.88
AVG VALUES	130		2.445	119	21.64

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 47.41  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 39.79  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 7.63  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 16.08  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 63,638.64  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 45,839.49  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = ~~0.1488~~ 0.1559  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = ~~0.244~~ 0.256  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = ~~56.84~~ 59.56  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 94.48



Date: May 8, 1992

To: Lynda Wiese - SD

From: Joe Perez - AM/10 ~~just~~

Subject: Asphalt plant Stack Tests for  
Formaldehyde

Here are 26 test reviews for  
asphalt plants that included formaldehyde.  
The Pitlick & Wick, Woodruff stack test  
of 9/27/91 included Benzene and  
total organics.

## CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

DATE: December 6, 1990

FILE REF: 4530

TO: Files

FROM: Joe Perez - AM/3 *jup*

SUBJECT: Certification of Stack Test Results from City of Marinette

*Received: 11/27/90*

## I. Source

City of Marinette Asphalt Plant - FID #438005810, Stack #S10  
Marinette, WI

Permit: #438005810-N01

Test Date: October 9, 1990 - Particulate-Method 5 with Backhalf  
Formaldehyde-NIOSH #3500

Asphalt Plant: Batch Mix rated at 60 T/Hr  
Tested at 35 T/Hr

Collector: Spray Type Wet Scrubber

Test Firm: Environmental Technology & Eng.  
13020 West Bluemound Rd.  
Elm Grove, WI 53122  
Crew Chief: Bill Dick (414) 784-2434

## II. Discussion of Results

I checked over the results and found them to be correct. The average emission rate of 0.668 Lb/10<sup>3</sup> Lb exhaust gas *is over the emission limit of 0.30 Lb/10<sup>3</sup> Lb exhaust gas.*

JUP:ms

v:\9101\am9citym.jup

cc: Mike DeBrock - LMD  
U.S. EPA Region V

No Process Description.  
Everything else OK.

Production rate  
< 60% of capacity

3

SUMMARY

On October 11, 1990, Environmental Technology & Engineering Corporation personnel performed a stack emission test on the City of Marinette batch mix asphalt plant located in Marinette, Wisconsin. The average of the three particulate tests show the emissions to be above the limit of 0.30 pounds of particulate matter per 1,000 pounds of exhaust gas (lb/1000 lb) as specified by the State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) in mandatory operation permit no. 438005810-NO1. The numerical test results are summarized below:

<u>Test</u>	<u>Lb/Hr</u>	<u>Emissions</u>	<u>% of Allowable</u>	<u>% Isokinetic</u>
1	28.05	0.727 lb/1000 lb	242 %	102
2	22.72	0.555	185	99
3	<u>27.69</u>	0.722	241	<u>98</u>
AVG	26.15	0.668 lb/1000 lb	223 %	100

In addition, the formaldehyde emissions were also determined as a permit condition. These numerical results follow:

<u>Test</u>	<u>LB/HR</u>	<u>LB/TON</u>
1	0.14 lb/hr	0.0040 lb/ton
2	0.15	0.0043
3	0.13	0.0037
AVG	0.14 lb/hr	0.0040 lb/ton

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.350  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .3700  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 8.727  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 40.40  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 120.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 1.1003  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 6.20 O<sub>2</sub> = 13.80 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 80.00

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	125	0.300	1.70	45	33.43
2	130	0.300	1.70	46	33.57
3	130	0.260	1.45	47	31.25
4	130	0.180	1.02	48	26.00
5	130	0.180	1.02	49	26.00
6	130	0.080	0.46	50	17.34
7	125	0.030	0.18	51	10.57
8	130	0.030	0.18	52	10.62
9	130	0.040	0.23	52	12.26
10	130	0.040	0.23	53	12.26
11	135	0.040	0.23	57	12.31
12	130	0.030	0.18	59	10.62
13	125	0.260	1.45	60	31.12
14	130	0.260	1.45	60	31.25
15	135	0.140	0.80	61	23.03
16	130	0.090	0.52	62	18.39
17	130	0.090	0.52	64	18.39
18	130	0.050	0.28	66	13.71
19	130	0.030	0.18	67	10.62
20	130	0.030	0.18	70	10.62
21	130	0.030	0.18	70	10.62
22	125	0.070	0.40	71	16.15
23	125	0.100	0.57	72	19.30
24	125	0.100	0.57	73	19.30
AVG VALUES	129		0.653	59	19.11

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 46.12  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 40.47  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 5.65  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 12.25  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 10,007.66  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 7,716.52  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.4195  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.727  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 28.05  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 102.19

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.350  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .3700  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 8.727  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 41.15  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 131.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.8766  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 6.20 O<sub>2</sub> = 13.80 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 80.00

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	130	0.300	1.70	70	33.62
2	130	0.300	1.70	71	33.62
3	130	0.240	1.35	72	30.07
4	135	0.180	1.02	73	26.15
5	130	0.140	0.80	72	22.97
6	125	0.100	0.56	73	19.33
7	130	0.050	0.28	74	13.73
8	130	0.030	0.18	75	10.63
9	135	0.030	0.18	75	10.68
10	130	0.030	0.18	76	10.63
11	130	0.080	0.45	77	17.36
12	125	0.100	0.56	78	19.33
13	130	0.350	1.85	79	36.32
14	130	0.320	1.80	80	34.72
15	130	0.300	1.70	80	33.62
16	130	0.240	1.35	81	30.07
17	130	0.140	0.80	81	22.97
18	125	0.070	0.40	82	16.17
19	130	0.030	0.18	84	10.63
20	125	0.020	0.12	85	8.64
21	130	0.020	0.12	86	8.68
22	130	0.020	0.12	88	8.68
23	130	0.050	0.28	89	13.73
24	125	0.070	0.40	90	16.17
AVG VALUES	129		0.753	79	20.36

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 47.50  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 41.33  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 6.17  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 12.98  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 10,658.60  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 8,146.73  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.3272  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.555  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 22.72  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 98.85

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.350  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .3700  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 8.727  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 37.89  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 125.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 1.0613  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 6.30 O<sub>2</sub> = 13.70 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 80.00

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	125	0.240	1.35	80	29.96
2	125	0.240	1.35	80	29.96
3	125	0.180	1.02	80	25.95
4	125	0.120	0.68	81	21.19
5	125	0.080	0.45	82	17.30
6	130	0.080	0.45	83	17.37
7	130	0.040	0.22	84	12.28
8	130	0.040	0.22	84	12.28
9	130	0.050	0.28	86	13.73
10	130	0.100	0.50	89	19.42
11	130	0.100	0.56	90	19.42
12	125	0.150	0.86	91	23.69
13	125	0.180	1.02	97	25.95
14	130	0.150	0.86	98	23.79
15	130	0.080	0.45	99	17.37
16	130	0.080	0.45	99	17.37
17	130	0.050	0.28	100	13.73
18	130	0.040	0.22	100	12.28
19	130	0.040	0.22	100	12.28
20	130	0.040	0.22	100	12.28
21	125	0.080	0.45	101	17.30
22	125	0.100	0.56	102	19.34
23	130	0.100	0.56	102	19.42
24	130	0.150	0.86	102	23.79
AVG VALUES	128		0.500	92	19.06

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 43.99  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 38.10  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 5.88  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 13.38  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 9,981.08  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 7,611.18  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.4298  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.722  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 27.69  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 97.54

# CITY OF MARINETTE ASBEST FORMALDEHYDE CALCULATIONS

$$\gamma = 1.017$$

$$P_p = 29.35$$

## TEST 1

$$V_m = 4.83 \text{ FT}^3 \quad T_m = 495^\circ\text{R} (35^\circ\text{F})$$

$$V_{\text{std}} = 4.83 \cdot 1.017 \cdot \frac{528}{495} \cdot \frac{29.35}{29.92} \cdot 0.02832$$

$$= 5.14 \text{ scf} = 0.146 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{.689 \text{ mg}}{.146 \text{ m}^3} = 4.72 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$\text{ER} = 4.72 \cdot 7716.52 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{min}} \cdot 1.6992 \div 453600 = 0.14 \text{ lb/hr}$$

## TEST 2

$$V_m = 2.53$$

$$T_m = 506$$

$$V_{\text{std}} = 2.53 \cdot 1.017 \cdot \frac{528}{506} \cdot \frac{29.35}{29.92} \cdot 0.02832$$

$$= 2.69 \text{ scf} = 0.076 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{.365}{.076} = 4.80 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$\text{ER} = 0.15 \text{ lb/hr}$$

## TEST 3

$$V_m = 2.79$$

$$T_m = 520$$

$$V_{\text{std}} = 2.79 \cdot 1.017 \cdot \frac{528}{520} \cdot \frac{29.35}{29.92} \cdot 0.02832$$

$$= 2.83 \text{ scf} = 0.080 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{.363}{.080} = 4.54 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$\text{ER} = 0.13 \text{ lb/hr}$$

J.P.

CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

DATE: 6-26-91

File Code: 4530

PRELIMINARY STACK TEST REVIEW Received: 6/18/91

By: A. Seiber Test Date: May 20, 91

Name of Source: Appleton Asphalt FID #: 999819160

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

City: Dewe Permit #: 85-RV-012

Description of Source Tested: Appleton Asphalt has a portable asphalt plant. It is equipped w/ a ADM drum mixer. It is fired w/ #2 fuel oil.

Description of Control Equipment: Scrubber (wet)

Test Firm: ETE  
Crew Chief & Phone#: \_\_\_\_\_

Pollutant Tested: <u>Part.</u>	Test Method: <u>5</u>
Pollutant Tested: <u>Formaldehyde</u>	Test Method: <u>NIOSH 3500</u>
Pollutant Tested: _____	Test Method: _____

Test Production Level: 175 TPH (70% virgin + 30% recycle)  
Rated Production Level: 200 TPH @ 5%

Discussion of Results:

\_\_\_\_\_ The stack test is invalid and will have to be redone because \_\_\_\_\_  
\* ETE forgot to correct for saturated stack conditions. Therefore isos. are a little different. ARS

----- HCHO -----  
The test average result of 0.047 gr/dscf; .11 #/hr. is is not X (part.)  
in compliance with the emission limit of 0.04 gr/dscf

CC Joe Perez-AM/3  
US EPA Region V  
Dennis Verhaagh - LMD

Test Method ✓  
Control System ✓  
# runs ✓  
Source ✓  
Process Desc. ✗  
Production Rate ✓  
Production Capacity ✓  
Problems Encountered ✓  
Test Data ✓  
Have full  
report! 4

PARTICULATE CHECKLIST

Name of Source: Appletin Asphalt Test Date: May 20, 91

1. Are the isokinetics per run between 90 and 110%? YES  NO   
If the %I for a run is outside the range, void the run. See 5.
2. Is the sample volume per run  $\geq$  30 DSCF? YES  NO   
If the sample volume for a run is  $<$  30 DSCF, void the run. See 5.
3. Is the sample time per run  $\geq$  60 min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time for a run is  $<$  60 min., void the run. See 5.
4. Is the sample time per sample point  $\geq$  two min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time per point for a run is  $<$  two min., void the run. See 5.
5. A stack test shall consist of three valid runs or, at a minimum, two valid runs if one run is voided. Is this a valid test? YES  NO   
If no, inform the District or the source that the test is unacceptable and should be redone. Your review is over.
6. Is the total particulate per run added correctly? YES  NO   
If an incorrect total is found, call the consultant and ask for a correction.
7. Was the backhalf included in the total particulate? YES  NO   
NSPS sources are exempt from including the backhalf. All other sources must include the backhalf. If they don't, the test is invalid. See 5.

-----  
Eq. 1 Gr/DSCF = 15.43\* g of part./sample volume of run in DSCF

Eq. 2 Lb/DSCF = (Gr/DSCF)/7000

Eq. 3 Lb/Hr = 60\*DSCFM\*(Lb/DSCF)

Eq. 4 Lb/10<sup>6</sup> BTU = (Lb/DSCF)\*F Factor\*20.9/(20.9-Stack O<sub>2</sub>)  
-----

8. If the emission limit is in Gr/DSCF, Lb/DSCF, Lb/Hr, or Lb/10<sup>6</sup> BTU, solve Eq. 1-4. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.
9. Is the three run(or two run) average correct? YES  NO   
If no, write in the correct average.
10. Is the average result in compliance? YES  NO   
If no, the District should issue an NOV.
11. Was the source operating at a level representative of full capacity? YES  NO   
If no, the permit release may need to provide conditions to cap the source at the test level until a stack test at a higher production level(showing compliance) is performed. If the test was not for permit release, other actions may be warranted.

### SUMMARY

On May 20, 1991, Environmental Technology & Engineering Corporation personnel performed a stack emission test on the Appleton Asphalt, Inc. Green Bay asphalt plant located on Scray Hill in DePere, Wisconsin. The average of the three particulate tests show the emissions to be above the limit of 0.04 grains of particulate matter per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) as specified by the State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) by permit. The numerical test results are summarized below:

Test		Emissions	% of Allowable
1	.052	<del>0.051</del> gr/dscf	128 %
2	.0492	<del>0.047</del>	117
3	.0414	<del>0.040</del>	100
		-----	-----
AVG	.0472	0.046 gr/dscf	115 %

In addition, the permit also required testing for formaldehyde emissions. The following table presents the numerical results:

Test	LB/HR	LB/TON
1	0.11 lb/hr	0.0006 lb/ton
2	0.12	0.0007
3	0.10	0.0006
	-----	-----
AVG	0.11 lb/hr	0.0006 lb/ton

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.400  
 TIP DIAMETER, in = .3720  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 11.250  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 25  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 46.45  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 457.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.1528  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 8.40 O<sub>2</sub> = 11.00 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 80.60

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	155	0.190	2.15	90	28.33
2	155	0.190	2.15	81	28.33
3	155	0.200	2.25	82	29.06
4	155	0.200	2.25	82	29.06
5	155	0.190	2.15	83	28.33
6	155	0.160	1.80	86	26.00
7	155	0.180	2.00	87	27.57
8	155	0.180	2.00	88	27.57
9	155	0.140	1.60	89	24.32
10	155	0.140	1.60	90	24.32
11	155	0.170	1.70	92	26.80
12	155	0.170	1.70	93	26.80
13	155	0.180	1.80	93	27.57
14	155	0.180	1.80	94	27.57
15	155	0.100	1.05	95	20.55
16	155	0.230	2.35	97	31.17
17	155	0.230	2.35	97	31.17
18	155	0.230	2.35	98	31.17
19	155	0.210	2.15	98	29.78
20	155	0.200	2.00	98	29.06
21	155	0.170	1.70	98	26.80
22	150	0.170	1.70	89	26.69
23	150	0.150	1.50	90	25.07
24	155	0.150	1.55	80	25.17
25	155	0.120	1.25	80	22.51
AVG VALUES	155		1.884	90	27.23

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 67.84  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 46.33  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 21.51  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 31.71  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 18,380.90  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 10,594.07  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 18,001.44  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.051  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.075  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 4.72  
 FORMALDEHYDE CONCENTRATION, mg/m<sup>3</sup> = 2.77  
 FORMALDEHYDE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 0.11  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 104.32

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.400  
 TIP DIAMETER, in = .3720  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 11.250  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 25  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 45.60  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 457.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.1386  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 8.80 O<sub>2</sub> = 11.00 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 80.20

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	155	0.170	1.75	82	26.80
2	155	0.160	1.65	83	26.00
3	155	0.150	1.55	84	25.17
4	155	0.150	1.55	84	25.17
5	155	0.120	1.25	84	22.51
6	155	0.240	2.50	88	31.84
7	155	0.240	2.50	90	31.84
8	155	0.240	2.50	91	31.84
9	155	0.230	2.40	91	31.17
10	155	0.230	2.40	91	31.17
11	155	0.170	1.75	95	26.80
12	155	0.160	1.65	96	26.00
13	155	0.150	1.55	97	25.17
14	155	0.150	1.55	98	25.17
15	155	0.110	1.15	100	21.56
16	155	0.230	2.40	102	31.17
17	150	0.180	1.85	82	27.46
18	150	0.180	1.85	96	27.46
19	155	0.160	1.65	97	26.00
20	155	0.160	1.65	98	26.00
21	155	0.240	2.50	101	31.84
22	155	0.230	2.40	102	31.17
23	155	0.230	2.40	102	31.17
24	155	0.230	2.40	103	31.17
25	155	0.200	2.05	103	29.07
AVG VALUES	155		1.954	94	28.03

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 67.03  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 45.51  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 21.51  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 32.09  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 18,919.65  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 10,842.78  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 18,424.04  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.047  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.067  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 4.37  
 FORMALDEHYDE CONCENTRATION, mg/m<sup>3</sup> = 2.85  
 FORMALDEHYDE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 0.12  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 100.12

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.400  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .3720  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 11.250  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 25  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 45.40  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 454.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.1177  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 8.60 O<sub>2</sub> = 11.40 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 80.00

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	150	0.220	2.25	102	30.36
2	155	0.240	2.50	105	31.84
3	155	0.240	2.50	105	31.84
4	155	0.230	2.40	105	31.17
5	155	0.190	1.95	105	28.33
6	155	0.160	1.65	108	26.00
7	155	0.160	1.65	108	26.00
8	155	0.180	1.85	109	27.58
9	155	0.180	1.85	109	27.58
10	155	0.140	1.45	110	24.32
11	155	0.160	1.65	110	26.00
12	155	0.170	1.75	110	26.80
13	150	0.170	1.75	110	26.69
14	155	0.160	1.65	110	26.00
15	155	0.130	1.35	110	23.43
16	155	0.230	2.40	110	31.17
17	155	0.240	2.50	110	31.84
18	155	0.240	2.50	110	31.84
19	155	0.220	2.25	110	30.49
20	155	0.210	2.15	110	29.79
21	155	0.180	1.85	110	27.58
22	155	0.160	1.65	110	26.00
23	155	0.150	1.55	110	25.17
24	155	0.140	1.45	110	24.32
25	155	0.120	1.25	110	22.52
AVG VALUES	155		1.910	109	27.79

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 66.76  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 45.39  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 21.37  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 32.01  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 18,755.32  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 10,761.92  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 18,286.66  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.040  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.058  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 3.70  
 FORMALDEHYDE CONCENTRATION, mg/m<sup>3</sup> = 2.60  
 FORMALDEHYDE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 0.10  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 100.60

May 20, 1991

STACK TEST LOG

ADM PLANT - GREEN BAY - 999818160

FUEL #2

*J.P.M.*

TEST #1

TIME	AGG TPH	ASPH. TPH	RECYCLE T.P.H.	
915	130	6.2	46	182.2
925	131	6.2	48	185.2
935	133	6.6	45	184.6
945	136	6.6	43	185.6
955	133	6.4	42	181.4
1005	134	6.4	45	182.4
1010	133	6.4	41	180.4
1105	132	6.2	42	180.2
<del>1115</del>				
1215	128	6.0	40	179.0

AVG 181.8

TEST #2

1245	115	5.8	52	172.8	
1255	118	5.9	55	178.9	3 3/8
105	116	6.0	53	175	
115	114	5.8	54	175.8	3 3/8
125	114	5.9	55	174.9	
<del>225</del>	116	6.0	52	174	3 3/8
235	117	6.1	52	175.1	
245	115	5.9	53	173.9	3 3/8
255					
			AVG	175.1	

TEST #3

<u>TIME</u>	<u>AGG.</u> <u>TPH</u>	<u>AGL</u> <u>TPH</u>	<u>Recycle</u> <u>TPH</u>		
330	116	5.7	52	173.9	3 $\frac{2}{8}$
340	117	5.9	51	173.9	
350	115	6.0	53	174	3 $\frac{2}{8}$
400	115	6.1	54	175.1	
410	116	6.0	53	175	3 $\frac{2}{8}$
450	117	6.0	53	176	
500	113	5.8	51	169.7	3 $\frac{2}{8}$
510	115	5.9	54	174.9	
520	114	5.8	53	172.8	3 $\frac{2}{8}$
530	116	5.9	52	173.9	
			Avg.	173.9	

GREEN BAY ASPHALT  
FORMALDEHYDE CALCULATIONS

TEST 1  $V_M = 2.50 \text{ ft}^3$   $Z = 1.070$   
181.8 TPH  $T_M = 78^\circ\text{F}$

$$V_{M, \text{std}} = 2.50 \times 1.070 \times \frac{528}{538} = \frac{794}{538}$$

$$= 2.46 \text{ scf} = .07832 \cdot .070 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{.194 \text{ mg}}{.070 \text{ m}^3} = 2.77 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$\text{ER} = 0.11 \text{ lb/hr.} \\ = .0006 \text{ lb/ton}$$

TEST 2  $V_M = 2.50$   
175.1 TPH  $T_M = 84^\circ\text{F}$

$$V_{M, \text{std}} = 2.43 \text{ scf} = .069 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{.197}{.069} = 2.85 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$\text{ER} = 0.12 \text{ lb/hr.} \\ = .0007 \text{ lb/ton}$$

TEST 3  $V_M = 2.00$   
173.9 TPH  $T_M = 84^\circ\text{F}$

$$V_{M, \text{std}} = 1.95 \text{ scf} = .055 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{.143}{.055} = 2.60 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$\text{ER} = 0.10 \text{ lb/hr.} \\ = .0006 \text{ TPH}$$

CALCULATION OF PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION  
AND EMISSION RATE RESULTS WITH EPA METHOD 5 DATA

=====

Run Number: 1  
Test Site: Appleton Asphalt  
Test Date: 5/20/91

	DATA
All data are in: 1=metric, 2=English:	2
Area of stack (ft2 or m2):	11.25
Pitot tube calibration coefficient (Cp):	0.85
Barometric pressure (in. Hg or mm Hg):	29.4
Nozzle diameter (ft or m):	0.031
Dry stack gas molecular weight:	29.784
Initial Dry Gas Meter reading (ft3 or m3):	0
Final Dry Gas Meter reading (ft3 or m3):	46.33
Dry Gas Meter calibration factor (Y):	1.032
Total run time (min):	62.5

	DATA
Particulate weight in probe rinse (mg):	0
Particulate weight in filter catch (mg):	152.8
Particulate weight in impinger catch (mg):	0
Volume of Water Vapor Condensed (ml):	404
Water Vapor Collected in Silica Gel (mg):	0
Percent Oxygen in Stack by Volume (dry):	11
Percent Carbon Dioxide in Stack by Volume (dry):	8.4
Leak Rate Correction Factor Used? 1=yes, 2=no:	2
Heat Input (mmBtu/hr):	0

MEASURED DATA FROM TEST RUN no: 1

Run Time (min)	Pitot Delta p (in H2O, mm H2O)	Orifice Delta H (in H2O, mm H2O)	Average DGM Temp (F, C)	Static Pressure (in H2O, mm H2O)	Stack Temp (F, C)
2.5	0.19	2.15	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.19	2.15	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.2	2.25	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.2	2.25	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.19	2.15	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.16	1.8	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.18	2	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.18	2	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.14	1.6	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.14	1.6	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.17	1.7	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.17	1.7	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.18	1.8	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.18	1.8	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.1	1.05	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.23	2.35	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.23	2.35	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.23	2.35	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.21	2.15	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.2	2.05	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.17	1.75	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.17	1.75	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.15	1.55	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.15	1.55	90	-0.1	155
2.5	0.12	1.25	90	-0.1	155

Average  
Values

SR(VP)=  
0.4222

OP=  
1.9104

TS(R')=  
615

RESULTS

Percent moisture in stack gas (%) :	29.52
Wet Stack Gas Molecular Weight (Ms) :	26.3
Average Stack Pressure (Ps) (in Hg, mm Hg) :	29.39
Average Stack Gas Temperature (Ts) (R, K) :	615
Average Stack Velocity (Vs-avg) (ft/sec, m/sec) :	27.36
Actual Volumetric Flow Rate (Q) (acfm, acmm) :	18467.6
Standard Volumetric Flow Rate (Qstd) (scfm, scmm, dry) :	10977.3
Standard Volume Metered on DGM (Vmstd) (scf, scm, dry) :	45.315

CALCULATION OF PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION  
AND EMISSION RATE RESULTS WITH EPA METHOD 5 DATA

RESULTS	PMRA Pollutant Mass Rate (lbs/hr) :	4.8211
	PMRC Pollutant Mass Rate (lbs/hr) :	4.90
	PMRA-PMRC Ave. Pollutant Mass Rate (lbs/hr) :	4.86
	Dry Catch Pollutant Mass Rate (g/hr) :	2220.91
	Total Catch Pollutant Mass Rate (g/hr) :	2220.91
	Dry Catch Concentration (grains/dscf, g/dscm) :	5.20E-02
	Total Catch Concentration (grains/dscf, g/dscm) :	5.20E-02
	Isokinetic Check (% I) :	98.4
	Oxygen-Based Emission Rate (ng/J, lb/million Btu) :	0.00E+00
	Carbon Dioxide-Based Emission Rate (ng/J, lb/million Btu) :	0.00E+00
	Emission Concentration, standard conditions dry (mmBtu/hr) :	0.00

CALCULATION OF PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION  
AND EMISSION RATE RESULTS WITH EPA METHOD 5 DATA

=====  
Run Number: 2  
Test Site: Appleton Asphalt  
Test Date: 5/20/91

	DATA
All data are in: 1=metric, 2=English:	2
Area of stack (ft2 or m2):	11.25
Pitot tube calibration coefficient (Cp):	0.85
Barometric pressure (in. Hg or mm Hg):	29.4
Nozzle diameter (ft or m):	0.031
Dry stack gas molecular weight:	29.848
Initial Dry Gas Meter reading (ft3 or m3):	0
Final Dry Gas Meter reading (ft3 or m3):	45.51
Dry Gas Meter calibration factor (Y):	1.037
Total run time (min):	62.5

	DATA
Particulate weight in probe rinse (mg):	0
Particulate weight in filter catch (mg):	138.6
Particulate weight in impinger catch (mg):	0
Volume of Water Vapor Condensed (ml):	397
Water Vapor Collected in Silica Gel (mg):	0
Percent Oxygen in Stack by Volume (dry):	11
Percent Carbon Dioxide in Stack by Volume (dry):	8.8
Leak Rate Correction Factor Used? 1=yes, 2=no:	2
Heat Input(mmBtu/hr):	0

MEASURED DATA FROM TEST RUN no: 2

Run Time (min)	Pitot Delta p (in H2O, mm H2O)	Orifice Delta H (in H2O, mm H2O)	Average Pressure DGM Temp (F,C)	Static Pressure (in H2O, mm H2O)	Stack Temp (F,C)
2.5	0.17	1.75	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.16	1.65	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.15	1.55	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.15	1.55	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.12	1.25	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.24	2.5	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.24	2.5	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.24	2.5	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.23	2.4	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.23	2.4	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.17	1.75	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.16	1.65	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.15	1.55	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.15	1.55	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.11	1.15	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.23	2.4	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.18	1.85	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.18	1.85	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.16	1.65	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.16	1.65	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.24	2.5	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.23	2.04	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.23	2.04	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.23	2.04	94	-0.1	155
2.5	0.2	2.05	94	-0.1	155

Average  
Values

SR(VP)=  
0.4307

OP=  
1.9050

TS(R')=  
615

RESULTS

Percent moisture in stack gas (%) :	29.58
Wet Stack Gas Molecular Weight (Ms) :	26.3
Average Stack Pressure (Ps) (in Hg, mm Hg) :	29.39
Average Stack Gas Temperature (Ts) (R, K) :	615
Average Stack Velocity (Vs-avg) (ft/sec, m/sec) :	27.89
Actual Volumetric Flow Rate (Q) (acfm, acmm) :	18828.9
Standard Volumetric Flow Rate (Qstd) (scfm, scmm, dry) :	11183.0
Standard Volume Metered on DGM (Vmstd) (scf, scm, dry) :	44.408

CALCULATION OF PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION  
AND EMISSION RATE RESULTS WITH EPA METHOD 5 DATA

RESULTS	PMRA Pollutant Mass Rate (lbs/hr) :	4.3731
	PMRC Pollutant Mass Rate (lbs/hr) :	4.62
	PMRA-PMRC Ave. Pollutant Mass Rate (lbs/hr) :	4.50
	Dry Catch Pollutant Mass Rate (g/hr) :	2094.16
	Total Catch Pollutant Mass Rate (g/hr) :	2094.16
	Dry Catch Concentration (grains/dscf, g/dscm) :	4.82E-02
	Total Catch Concentration (grains/dscf, g/dscm) :	4.82E-02
	Isokinetic Check (% I) :	94.7
	Oxygen-Based Emission Rate (ng/J, lb/million Btu) :	0.00E+00
	Carbon Dioxide-Based Emission Rate (ng/J, lb/million Btu) :	0.00E+00
	Emission Concentration, standard conditions dry (mmBtu/hr) :	0.00

CALCULATION OF PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION  
AND EMISSION RATE RESULTS WITH EPA METHOD 5 DATA

=====  
Run Number: 3  
Test Site: Appleton Asphalt  
Test Date: 5/20/91

DATA  
All data are in: 1=metric, 2=English: 2  
Area of stack (ft2 or m2): 11.25  
Pitot tube calibration coefficient (Cp): 0.85  
Barometric pressure (in. Hg or mm Hg): 29.4  
Nozzle diameter (ft or m): 0.031  
Dry stack gas molecular weight: 29.832  
Initial Dry Gas Meter reading (ft3 or m3): 0  
Final Dry Gas Meter reading (ft3 or m3): 45.39  
Dry Gas Meter calibration factor (Y): 1.055  
Total run time (min): 62.5

DATA  
Particulate weight in probe rinse (mg): 0  
Particulate weight in filter catch (mg): 117.7  
Particulate weight in impinger catch (mg): 0  
Volume of Water Vapor Condensed (ml): 396  
Water Vapor Collected in Silica Gel (mg): 0  
Percent Oxygen in Stack by Volume (dry): 11.4  
Percent Carbon Dioxide in Stack by Volume (dry): 8.6  
Leak Rate Correction Factor Used? 1=yes, 2=no: 2  
Heat Input(mmBtu/hr): 0

MEASURED DATA FROM TEST RUN no: 3

Run Time (min)	Pitot Delta p (in H2O, mm H2O)	Orifice Delta H (in H2O, mm H2O)	Average Pressure DGM Temp (F,C)	Static Pressure (in H2O, mm H2O)	Stack Temp (F,C)
2.5	0.22	2.25	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.24	2.5	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.24	2.5	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.23	2.4	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.19	1.95	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.16	1.65	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.16	1.65	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.18	1.85	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.18	1.85	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.14	1.45	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.16	1.65	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.17	1.75	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.17	1.75	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.16	1.65	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.13	1.35	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.23	2.4	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.24	2.5	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.24	2.5	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.22	2.25	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.21	2.15	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.18	1.85	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.16	1.65	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.15	1.55	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.14	1.45	109	-0.1	155
2.5	0.12	1.25	109	-0.1	155

Average  
Values

SR(VP)=  
0.4310

OP=  
1.9375

TS(R')=  
615

RESULTS

Percent moisture in stack gas (%):	29.78
Wet Stack Gas Molecular Weight (Ms):	26.3
Average Stack Pressure (Ps) (in Hg, mm Hg):	29.39
Average Stack Gas Temperature (Ts) (R, K):	615
Average Stack Velocity (Vs-avg) (ft/sec, m/sec):	27.93
Actual Volumetric Flow Rate (Q) (acfm, acmm):	18854.3
Standard Volumetric Flow Rate (Qstd) (scfm, scmm, dry):	11166.2
Standard Volume Metered on DGM (Vmstd) (scf, scm, dry):	43.872

CALCULATION OF PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION  
AND EMISSION RATE RESULTS WITH EPA METHOD 5 DATA

RESULTS	PMRA Pollutant Mass Rate (lbs/hr):	3.7136
	PMRC Pollutant Mass Rate (lbs/hr):	3.96
	PMRA-PMRC Ave. Pollutant Mass Rate (lbs/hr):	3.84
	Dry Catch Pollutant Mass Rate (g/hr):	1797.40
	Total Catch Pollutant Mass Rate (g/hr):	1797.40
	Dry Catch Concentration (grains/dscf, g/dscm):	4.14E-02
	Total Catch Concentration (grains/dscf, g/dscm):	4.14E-02
	Isokinetic Check (% I):	93.7
	Oxygen-Based Emission Rate (ng/J, lb/million Btu):	0.00E+00
	Carbon Dioxide-Based Emission Rate (ng/J, lb/million Btu):	0.00E+00
	Emission Concentration, standard conditions dry (mmBtu/hr):	0.00

## CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

DATE: March 31, 1992

FILE REF: 4530

TO: FILES

FROM: Andy Seeber -AM/10 AS

Received: 11/13/91

SUBJECT: Review of Stack Test Performed at Pitlick &amp; Wick, Woodruff

## I. SOURCE

Pitlick & Wick  
4827 Sand Beach Drive  
Woodruff, WI 54568  
FID #764121160  
Permit #764121160-N01, Issued 6-22-88  
Particulates -Method 17  
HCHO -NIOSH 3500  
Benzene -Method 18  
Total Organics -Method 18

Test Date: 9-27-91  
Test Firm: ET&E  
13020 W. Bluemound Rd.  
Crew Chief: Mr. Lowell Huenink (414) 784-2434

## II. SOURCE DESCRIPTION

The source tested was a drum mix asphalt plant rated at 200 TPH. It was tested at 140 TPH. The plant was burning waste oil during the test. Emissions are controlled by a baghouse. Benzene and total organics were tested during runs 2 and 3. During the third run, 20% of the aggregate was contaminated soil.

## III. DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

The test results are shown in Table 1. The average particulate concentration of 0.0021 gr/dscf is under the limit of 0.04 gr/dscf. The average HCHO concentration of 526 #/yr is over the target limit of 250 #/yr. Benzene and total organics are not limited by the existing permit.

I assumed the benzene and total organics testing was done for informational purposes. The benzene and total organics results from run 2 to run 3 did not significantly increase with the introduction of the contaminated soil. The total organic results are given as n-Hexane, recalculating the results to carbon reduces the concentration only slightly. Therefore, I left the results as reported in n-Hexane. The average benzene concentration was <0.00066 #/hr and the average total organics concentration was 0.0857 #/hr.

cc: Neal Bauhuin -NCD  
--> Joe Perez -AM/10  
USEPA Region V

Test Method ✓  
Control System ✓  
# runs ✓  
Source ✓  
Process Desc. X  
Production Rate ✓  
Production Capacity ✓  
Problems Encountered X  
Test Data ✓

5

### SUMMARY

On September 27, 1991, Environmental Technology & Engineering Corp personnel performed stack emissions testing on the asphalt plant located on Highway 51 north of Woodruff, Wisconsin.

Testing to determine total particulate matter emissions were performed using EPA Method 17. The results were well below the DNR permit limitation and are shown below:

<u>Test</u>	<u>Particulate Emission Concentration</u>
1	0.0017 grains/dscf
2	0.0017 grains/dscf
3	<u>0.0030 grains/dscf</u>
AVG	0.0021 grains/dscf
Permit Limitation	0.039 grains/dscf

Formaldehyde emissions were determined using modified NIOSH Method 3500 sampling and analytical methods. The results indicated the following emission rates:

<u>Test</u>	<u>(mg/m<sup>3</sup>)</u>	<u>Formaldehyde Emission Rate</u>	<u>(#/hr)</u>
1	.955	0.056 lb/hr	491
2	1.261	0.068 lb/hr	596
3	<u>1.007</u>	<u>0.056 lb/hr</u>	<u>491</u>
AVG	1.074	0.060 lb/hr	526

Formaldehyde Limitation                      250 pounds per year

During two of the tests, one with soil remediation (3rd test) and one with virgin aggregate (2nd test), the total organic compound emissions and the benzene emissions were determined using EPA Method 18. The results are shown below:

<u>Test</u>	<u>Organic Compound (1) Emission Rate</u>	<u>Benzene Emission Rate</u>
2. virgin aggregate	0.0906 lb/hr	< 0.00065 lb/hr
3. soil remediation	0.0807 lb/hr	< 0.00067 lb/hr

(1) Includes formaldehyde, benzene, and all other (unidentified) organics. Unidentified organics were calibrated as n-hexane.

Benzene Limitation	300 pounds per year
Total Organic Limitation	9.0 pounds per hour

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 28.300  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .3040  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 9.065  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 4.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 15  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 51.76 ✓  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 281.00 ✓  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0054 ✓  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 4.20 O<sub>2</sub> = 15.40 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 80.40

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	310	0.580	2.30	50	55.56
2	310	0.600	2.40	50	56.50
3	300	0.580	2.30	52	55.19
4	300	0.540	2.15	54	53.26
5	300	0.580	2.30	56	55.19
6	300	0.600	2.40	58	56.14
7	300	0.580	2.30	60	55.19
8	290	0.600	2.40	64	55.77
9	290	0.580	2.30	66	54.83
10	280	0.600	2.40	68	55.39
11	260	0.580	2.30	70	53.72
12	240	0.600	2.40	72	53.88
13	250	0.540	2.15	74	51.47
14	260	0.600	2.40	77	54.64
15	260	0.500	2.00	80	49.88
AVG VALUES	283		2.300	63	54.44

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 62.54  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 49.31  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 13.23  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 21.15  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 29,610.30  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 15,669.88  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.0017  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.003  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 0.22  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 94.34

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 28.300  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .3040  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 9.065  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 4.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 15  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 46.40  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 253.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0050  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 4.20    O<sub>2</sub> = 15.40    CO = 0.00    N<sub>2</sub> = 80.40

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	260	0.380	1.50	80	43.49
2	260	0.400	1.60	80	44.62
3	260	0.400	1.60	80	44.62
4	260	0.480	1.90	82	48.88
5	260	0.500	2.00	82	49.88
6	260	0.480	1.90	84	48.88
7	260	0.480	1.90	84	48.88
8	260	0.520	2.10	86	50.87
9	260	0.520	2.10	86	50.87
10	260	0.460	1.85	88	47.85
11	260	0.520	2.10	90	50.87
12	260	0.440	1.75	90	46.79
13	260	0.500	2.00	92	49.88
14	260	0.500	2.00	94	49.88
15	260	0.500	2.00	94	49.88
AVG VALUES	260		1.887	86	48.41

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 56.19  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 44.28  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 11.91  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 21.20  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 26,329.84  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 14,377.19  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.0017  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.003  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 0.21  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 92.32

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 28.300  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .3040  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 9.065  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 4.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 15  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 47.34 ✓  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 260.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0087  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 4.20    O<sub>2</sub> = 15.40    CO = 0.00    N<sub>2</sub> = 80.40

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	260	0.540	2.15	94	51.86
2	260	0.540	2.15	94	51.86
3	260	0.480	1.90	94	48.89
4	260	0.560	2.25	94	52.81
5	260	0.560	2.25	94	52.81
6	260	0.460	1.85	94	47.86
7	260	0.560	2.25	94	52.81
8	260	0.520	2.10	96	50.89
9	260	0.520	2.10	98	50.89
10	260	0.520	2.10	100	50.89
11	260	0.500	2.00	100	49.90
12	260	0.500	2.00	100	49.90
13	260	0.460	1.85	100	47.86
14	260	0.480	1.90	100	48.89
15	260	0.380	1.52	102	43.50
AVG VALUES	260		2.025	97	50.11

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 57.49  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 45.25  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 12.24  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 21.29  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 27,253.66  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 14,860.11  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.0030  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.005  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 0.36  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 91.28

Job: PITLICK & WICK / WOODRUFF DATE: 9-27-91

BENZENE

G.C. CAL .00007765  
µg/M<sup>3</sup>

① FLOW

PUMP

No

PUMP CAL

PUMP CTS

VOL samp =

G.C. AREA

ORGANIC

TEST

ORGANIC CONC =

E.R. =

WITHOUT SOIL REMEDIATION

TEST ②

FLOW 14377 scfm : 24430 M<sup>3</sup>/hr

PUMP MSA 5

PUMP CAL N/A

PUMP CTS - metered

V<sub>s</sub> = 0.0575

G.C. AREA < 9100

ORGANIC WT = < 0.7 µg

ORGANIC CONC. = < 0.012 µg/M<sup>3</sup>

E.R. = < 0.00066 #/hr

WITH SOIL REMEDIATION

TEST ③

Flow 14860 scfm 25250 M<sup>3</sup>/hr

PUMP MSA 5

PUMP CAL N/A

PUMP CTS - metered

V<sub>s</sub> = 0.0589 M<sup>3</sup>

G.C. AREA < 9100

ORGANIC WT = < 0.7

ORGANIC CONC. = < 0.012 µg/M<sup>3</sup>

E.R. = < 0.00067 #/hr

Job: PITLICK & WICK / WOODRUFF

DATE: 9-27-91

TOTAL ORGANICS (as n-Hexane)

G.C. CAL .00001145  
µg/cf

① FLOW

PUMP

NO

PUMP CAL

PUMP CTS

VOL samp =

G.C. AREA

ORGANIC CONC =

E.R. =

ORGANIC TEST

WITHOUT SOIL REMEDIATION

TEST ②

Flow 14377 scfm : 24430 M<sup>3</sup>/hr

PUMP MSA 5

PUMP CAL N/A

PUMP CTS - metered

V<sub>s</sub> = 0.0575 M<sup>3</sup>

G.C. AREA 247745

ORGANIC WT = 23.4 µg

ORGANIC CONC. = 0.407 µg/M<sup>3</sup> (.34 mg/m<sup>3</sup>)

E.R. = 0.022 #/hr (.018 g/hr)

WITH SOIL REMEDIATION

TEST ③

Flow 14860 scfm (25250 M<sup>3</sup>/hr)

PUMP MSA 5

PUMP CAL N/A

PUMP CTS - metered

V<sub>s</sub> = 0.0589 M<sup>3</sup>

G.C. AREA 266392

ORGANIC WT = 25.2 µg

ORGANIC CONC. = 0.428 µg/M<sup>3</sup>

E.R. = 0.024 #/hr

PITLUK + WICK

HCOH ANALYSIS

10/3/91

SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE VOL (ml)	ALIQ VOL	C. ACID ml	RDG	RDG - BLANK	µg/ALIQ	µg/AMP	TOTAL µg
PITLUK + WICK			1.0					

WOODRUFF								
1A	18.6	0.50	✓	.154	.118	1.41	52.5	53.6
26626 M <sup>3</sup> /hr.								0.0560 #/hr.
1B	9.2	1.0		.047	.011	.12	1.1	0.955 µg/m <sup>3</sup>
2A	21.9	0.50		.105	.069	.82	35.9	35.9
24430 M <sup>3</sup> /hr.								0.068 #/hr.
Lost 2B	-	-						1.261 µg/m <sup>3</sup>
9-23-91 FID BK	1.0	1.0		.038				
3A	18.8	0.50		.099	.063	0.76	28.6	28.6
25 250 M <sup>3</sup> /hr.								0.0560 #/hr.
3B	~2.0	1.0	✓	.038	-			1.007 µg/m <sup>3</sup>

CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

State of Wisconsin

DATE: Jan 11, 1992

File Code: 4530

PRELIMINARY STACK TEST REVIEW

Received 12/2/92

By: Joe Perez JWP Test Date: Nov 13, 1991

Name of Source: Kennedy & Sons FID #: 999523470

Address: Townline Rd & HWY 51 Stack #: 01

City: Beloit, WI 53511 Process #: 01

Permit #: 87-POY-037A Date Issued: 1987

Description of Source Tested: Bitum 300 drum mix asphalt plant rated at 300 T/Hr. During test, the plant was using 70% virgin and 30% recycle.

Description of Control Equipment: Venturi scrubber using 420 GPM. DP was 19" H<sub>2</sub>O

Test Firm: Environmental Technology & Eng., Mil, WI  
Crew Chief & Phone#: Mr Bill Dick (414) 784-2434

Pollutant Tested: Particulate Test Method: Method 5  
Pollutant Tested: Formaldehyde Test Method: NIOSH 3500  
Pollutant Tested: \_\_\_\_\_ Test Method: \_\_\_\_\_

Test Production Level: 267 T/Hr  
Rated Production Level: 300 T/Hr

Discussion of Results:

Poll. Test Ave. - <u>0.041 Gr Part/DSCF</u>	Limit - <u>0.040 Gr Part/DSCF</u>	In Compliance? Y <input checked="" type="radio"/> N
Poll. Test Ave. - <u>0.42 Lb HCOH/Hr</u>	Limit - _____	In Compliance? Y <input type="radio"/> N
Poll. Test Ave. - <u>3,679 Lb HCOH/Yr</u>	Limit - <u>250 Lb/Yr</u>	In Compliance? Y <input checked="" type="radio"/> N
Poll. Test Ave. - _____	Limit - _____	In Compliance? Y <input type="radio"/> N

Is This a Valid Test?  Y  N If answer is no see page 2.

\* Test may be reviewed in depth later, if necessary.

CC Joe Perez-AM/10  
US EPA Region V  
Tom Roushar-5D

No Process Desc.  
Everything else OK

①  
Have full report!

PARTICULATE CHECKLIST

Name of Source: Kennedy & Sons Test Date: NOV 13, 1991

1. Are the isokinetics per run between 90 and 110%? YES  NO   
If the %I for a run is outside the range, void the run. See 5.
2. Is the sample volume per run  $\geq$  30 DSCF? YES  NO   
If the sample volume for a run is  $<$  30 DSCF, void the run. See 5.
3. Is the sample time per run  $\geq$  60 min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time for a run is  $<$  60 min., void the run. See 5.
4. Is the sample time per sample point  $\geq$  two min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time per point for a run is  $<$  two min., void the run. See 5.
5. A stack test shall consist of three valid runs or, at a minimum, two valid runs if one run is voided. Is this a valid test? YES  NO   
If no, inform the District or the source that the test is unacceptable and should be redone. Your review is over.
6. Is the total particulate per run added correctly? YES  NO   
If an incorrect total is found, correct the total and the results or call the consultant and ask for a correction.
7. Was the backhalf included in the total particulate? *NSPS source* YES  NO   
NSPS sources are exempt from including the backhalf. All other sources must include the backhalf. If they don't, the test is invalid. See 5.

Eq. 1 Gr/DSCF = 15.43\* g of part./sample volume of run in DSCF

Eq. 2 Gr/DSCF @ 12% CO<sub>2</sub> = (Gr/DSCF)\*12/Stack CO<sub>2</sub>

Eq. 3 Gr/DSCF @ 7% O<sub>2</sub> = (Gr/DSCF)\*(20.9-7)/(20.9-Stack O<sub>2</sub>)

Eq. 4 Lb/DSCF = (Gr/DSCF)/7000 Eq. 5 Lb/MLb<sub>DRY</sub> = 385.6\*10<sup>3</sup>\*(Lb/DSCF)/MW<sub>DRY</sub>

Eq. 6 Lb/MLb<sub>WET</sub> = 385.6\*10<sup>3</sup>\*(Lb/DSCF)\*(1-(% Moisture/100))/MW<sub>WET</sub>

Eq. 7 Lb/Hr = 60\*DSCFM\*(Lb/DSCF) Eq. 8 Lb/10<sup>6</sup> BTU = (Lb/Hr)/(10<sup>6</sup> BTU/Hr)

Eq. 9 Lb/10<sup>6</sup> BTU = (Lb/DSCF)\*F Factor\*20.9/(20.9-Stack O<sub>2</sub>)

8. If the emission limit is in Gr/DSCF, Lb/DSCF, Lb/MLb, Lb/Hr or Lb/10<sup>6</sup> BTU, solve Eq. 1-9. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.
9. Is the three run(or two run) average correct? YES  NO   
If no, write in the correct average.
10. Is the average result in compliance? YES  NO   
If no, the District should issue an NOV.
11. Was the source operating at a level representative of full capacity? 89.0% YES  NO   
If no, the permit release may need to provide conditions to cap the source at the test level until a stack test at a higher production level(showing compliance) is performed. If the test was not for permit release, other actions may be warranted.

## SUMMARY

On November 13, 1991, Environmental Technology & Engineering Corporation personnel performed a stack emission test on the Wm.J. Kennedy & Son, Inc. <sup>Boeing</sup> ~~Boeing~~ 300 drum mix asphalt plant located in Janesville, Wisconsin. The average of the three particulate tests show the emissions to be slightly above the limit of 0.04 grains of particulate matter per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) as specified by the State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) by permit. The numerical test results are summarized below:

Test	Emissions	% of Allowable
1	0.033 gr/dscf	82 %
2	0.046	115
3	0.044	110
	-----	---
AVG	0.041 gr/dscf	102 %

In addition, the permit also required testing for formaldehyde emissions. The following table presents the numerical results:

Test	LB/HR	LB/TON
1	0.48 lb/hr	0.0018 lb/ton
2	0.35	0.0013
3	0.44	0.0016
	-----	----
AVG	0.42 lb/hr	0.0016 lb/ton

The permit also required that opacity observations be performed concurrently with the particulate test. All individual readings were either 0 % or 5 % and thus the six minute average opacities were all well below the permit limit of 20 %.

## 1.0 GENERAL

On Wednesday, November 13, 1991, Environmental Technology and Engineering Corporation personnel performed a stack emission test on the Wm.J. Kennedy & Son, Inc. asphalt plant located in Janesville, Wisconsin. The test was a provision of an Air Pollution Control Permit. The State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) has established a particulate emission limit of 0.04 grains per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf). The purpose of this test was to demonstrate the compliance status of this plant with the particulate limits set by the DNR. In addition, the permit also required a test to determine the formaldehyde emissions and that opacity observations be performed by a certified reader.

The plant tested was a <sup>B: FUM2</sup> ~~Boeing~~ 300 drum mix plant equipped with a wet scrubber for particulate control. During the test period, the plant production rate was approximately 270 tons per hour and the mix was composed of approximately 70 % virgin material and 30 % recycled material. The plant was fired with natural gas. Dave Barkley of Wm.J. Kennedy was responsible for plant operation during the tests. A copy of the plant production log is included in the APPENDIX to this report. The field tests, corresponding laboratory analysis and report preparation were coordinated by Bill Dick of ETE. The test procedures, plant operating conditions, and stack opacity were witnessed by Tom Roushar of the Wisconsin DNR Southern District Office.

The following sections of this report document the activities and results of the test program. The report presents all of the relevant data collected and discussions on the interpretation of the data are provided where appropriate. The report, therefore, includes much necessary detail. The results, however, have been summarized in the SUMMARY section at the beginning of this report for those readers not wishing to be burdened by the details.

Bitumz

KENNEDY BOEING 300 PLANT

TEST 1

TABLE 2-1

11-13-91

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.150  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2500  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 8.727  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 3.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 20  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 38.71  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 344.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0804  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 6.20 O<sub>2</sub> = 11.80 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 82.00

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	150	0.680	1.45	42	53.62
2	150	0.620	1.32	43	51.20
3	155	0.620	1.32	44	51.41
4	155	0.660	1.42	45	53.05
5	150	0.660	1.42	46	52.83
6	155	0.660	1.42	48	53.05
7	155	0.650	1.30	50	52.64
8	160	0.600	1.20	51	50.78
9	160	0.580	1.16	51	49.93
10	155	0.500	1.00	51	46.17
11	155	0.600	1.20	53	50.58
12	155	0.640	1.28	54	52.24
13	155	0.660	1.32	54	53.05
14	155	0.680	1.36	55	53.84
15	155	0.680	1.36	56	53.84
16	155	0.650	1.30	56	52.64
17	160	0.620	1.24	57	51.62
18	160	0.600	1.20	58	50.78
19	160	0.550	1.10	59	48.62
20	155	0.500	1.00	60	46.17
AVG VALUES	156		1.269	52	51.40

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 54.32  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 38.13  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 16.19  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 29.81  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 26,915.66  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 15,771.08  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 26,798.21  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.033  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.049  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 4.47  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 103.17



Bituma

KENNEDY BOEING 300 PLANT

TEST 3

TABLE 2-3

11-13-91

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.150  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2500  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 8.727  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 3.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 20  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 37.03  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 359.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.1051  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 6.20 O<sub>2</sub> = 11.60 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 82.20

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	160	0.660	1.32	80	53.48
2	160	0.680	1.36	80	54.28
3	155	0.680	1.36	80	54.06
4	160	0.680	1.36	80	54.28
5	160	0.650	1.30	81	53.07
6	155	0.650	1.30	81	52.86
7	155	0.620	1.24	82	51.62
8	160	0.600	1.20	82	50.99
9	155	0.560	1.12	83	49.06
10	155	0.500	1.00	84	46.36
11	160	0.650	1.30	86	53.07
12	160	0.650	1.30	87	53.07
13	160	0.660	1.32	87	53.48
14	155	0.660	1.32	87	53.26
15	155	0.650	1.30	88	52.86
16	155	0.620	1.24	88	51.62
17	155	0.620	1.24	89	51.62
18	160	0.600	1.20	89	50.99
19	160	0.560	1.12	90	49.26
20	155	0.500	1.00	90	46.36
AVG VALUES	158		1.245	85	51.78

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 53.51  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 36.62  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 16.90  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 31.58  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 27,113.82  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 15,436.61  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 26,229.90  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.044  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.065  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 5.90  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 101.23

KENNEDY & Sons Bitumz 300

FORMALDEHYDE CALCULATIONS

$P_0 = 29.15$

$\gamma = 1.023$

TEST 1

270 TPIH

$$V_M = 2.00 \quad T_M = 50$$

$$V_{M_{std}} = V_M \times \gamma \times \frac{508}{T_M} \times \frac{P_0}{29.92}$$

$$= 2.07 \text{ scf} = .059 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{0.475 \text{ mg}}{.059 \text{ m}^3} = 8.05 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 0.48 \text{ \#/hr} = .0018 \text{ \#/ton}$$

TEST 2

$$V_M = 2.50 \quad T_M = 53$$

$$V_{M_{std}} = 2.58 \text{ scf} = .073 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{0.440}{.073} = 6.03 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 0.35 \text{ \#/hr} = .0013 \text{ \#/ton}$$

TEST 3

$$V_M = 1.25 \quad T_M = 54$$

$$V_{M_{std}} = 1.29 \text{ scf} = .036 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{0.273}{.036} = 7.58 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 0.44 \text{ \#/hr} = .0016 \text{ \#/ton}$$

CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

State of Wisconsin

DATE: March 11, 1991

FILE REF: 4530

TO: Files

FROM: Andy Seeber - AM/3

SUBJECT: Review of Stack Test Performed at Lake Mills Blacktop, Lake Mills

*Received: 12/12/90*

I. Source

Lake Mills Blacktop  
Rt. 1, Crossman Rd.  
Lake Mills, WI 53551  
FID #999851380, Stack S01, Process P01  
Permit #90-LMW-403 Issued: April 3, 1990  
Test Date: October 15, 1990  
Test Firm: Environmental Technology & Eng. Corp.  
13020 W. Bluemound Rd.  
Elm Grove, WI 53122  
Crew Chief: Mr. Bill Dick (414) 784-2434

II. Source Description

The source tested was a Barber-Green DM-60 drum mix asphalt plant rated at 260 TPH. During the test the plant was producing 210 TPH. The plant was fired with waste oil. Particulate emissions are controlled by a venturi scrubber. The design pressure drop across the venturi is 13" of water.

III. Discussion of Results

The test results are shown in Table 1. The average emission concentration of 0.038 gr/dscf is below the emission limit of 0.040 gr/dscf. The average formaldehyde emission rate is .087 Lb/H.

ET&E used EPA Method 5 and NIOSH Method 3500. I checked over the results and made no corrections. Since the source was not tested at capacity, it should be capped at the test level until another test (showing compliance) is performed at a higher production level.

v:\9103\am9lakas.ars

cc: Ralph Patterson - SD  
Joe Perez - AM/3  
U.S. EPA Region V

### SUMMARY

On October 15, 1990, Environmental Technology & Engineering Corporation personnel performed a stack emission test on the Lake Mills Blacktop portable drum mix asphalt plant located in Lake Mills, Wisconsin. The average of the three particulate tests show the emissions to be below the limit of 0.04 grains of particulate matter per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) as specified by the State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) by permit. The numerical test results are summarized below:

Test	<i>LB/HR</i>	Emissions	<i>% 150</i>	% of Allowable
1	<i>6.35</i>	0.035 gr/dscf	<i>101</i>	87.5 %
2	<i>6.69</i>	0.038	<i>102</i>	95.0
3	<i>6.86</i>	0.041	<i>100</i>	102.5
AVG	<i>6.63</i>	0.038 gr/dscf	<i>101.90</i>	95.0 %

The opacity of the stack was also observed by a certified observer throughout a three (3) hour test period. The highest 6 minute average opacities for each of the three tests were all less than the permit limit of 20 %. The following table presents the highest 6 minute average for each test:

Test	Highest 6 Min Average Opacity
1	1.9 %
2	1.0 %
3	0.8 %

In addition, the permit also required testing for formaldehyde emissions. The following table presents the numerical results:

Test	LB/HR	LB/TON
1	0.113 lb/hr	0.00054 lb/ton
2	0.088	0.00042
3	0.061	0.00029
AVG	0.087 lb/hr	0.00041 lb/ton

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.400  
 TIP DIAMETER, in = .1880  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 6.111  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 40.74  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 208.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0914  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 7.20    O<sub>2</sub> = 10.20    CO = 0.00    N<sub>2</sub> = 82.60

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	145	1.450	1.15	47	75.93
2	145	2.200	1.75	47	93.53
3	140	2.400	1.90	48	97.28
4	140	2.400	1.90	49	97.28
5	145	1.450	1.15	50	75.93
6	140	1.000	0.80	50	62.79
7	145	2.300	1.85	52	95.63
8	145	2.300	1.85	53	95.63
9	145	2.150	1.70	54	92.46
10	145	2.150	1.70	55	92.46
11	145	1.950	1.55	57	88.05
12	140	1.750	1.40	59	83.07
13	140	1.150	0.90	62	67.34
14	140	1.300	1.05	63	71.60
15	145	1.300	1.05	64	71.89
16	145	1.300	1.05	65	71.89
17	140	1.150	0.90	67	67.34
18	140	1.000	0.80	69	62.79
19	145	1.950	1.55	70	88.05
20	145	1.950	1.55	71	88.05
21	145	2.400	1.90	73	97.69
22	145	2.150	1.70	74	92.46
23	140	1.950	1.55	76	87.69
24	140	1.250	1.00	77	70.21
AVG VALUES	143		1.404	61	82.79

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 49.92  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 40.13  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 9.79  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 19.61  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 30,356.89  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 20,925.65  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.0351  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.057  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 6.35  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 101.33

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.400  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .1880  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 6.111  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 40.20  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 259.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0969  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 7.00 O<sub>2</sub> = 10.20 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 82.80

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	145	1.900	1.52	80	87.68
2	145	1.900	1.52	80	87.68
3	145	2.400	1.90	81	98.55
4	150	2.400	1.90	81	98.95
5	145	1.750	1.40	82	84.15
6	140	1.250	1.00	83	70.83
7	145	1.100	0.88	83	66.72
8	145	1.350	1.08	84	73.91
9	145	1.500	1.20	85	77.91
10	145	1.500	1.20	86	77.91
11	140	1.250	1.00	86	70.83
12	145	1.050	0.86	86	65.18
13	140	2.300	1.85	88	96.07
14	145	2.200	1.75	89	94.35
15	145	2.200	1.75	90	94.35
16	145	2.200	1.75	90	94.35
17	145	1.900	1.52	90	87.68
18	150	1.900	1.52	90	88.04
19	145	1.600	1.26	91	80.46
20	150	2.250	1.80	92	95.81
21	150	2.400	1.90	93	98.95
22	150	2.400	1.90	94	98.95
23	145	2.100	1.60	94	92.18
24	145	1.250	1.00	95	71.12
AVG VALUES	145		1.461	87	85.53

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 51.92  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 39.73  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 12.19  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 23.48  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 31,359.13  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 20,491.51  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.0376  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.060  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 6.69  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 102.45

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.400  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .1880  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 6.111  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 37.38  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 280.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0979  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 6.70 O<sub>2</sub> = 10.40 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 82.90

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	150	1.700	1.22	92	83.84
2	150	2.300	1.65	94	97.52
3	145	2.450	1.75	94	100.23
4	150	2.100	1.50	94	93.18
5	150	2.100	1.50	94	93.18
6	150	1.250	0.90	94	71.89
7	150	2.350	1.70	95	98.57
8	150	2.350	1.70	95	98.57
9	150	2.250	1.60	95	96.45
10	150	2.100	1.50	95	93.18
11	150	2.000	1.45	95	90.94
12	145	1.650	1.18	95	82.26
13	150	1.200	0.85	98	70.44
14	150	1.300	0.94	99	73.31
15	150	1.300	0.94	100	73.31
16	150	1.200	0.86	100	70.44
17	150	1.200	0.86	100	70.44
18	150	1.000	0.72	100	64.30
19	150	1.800	1.30	102	86.27
20	150	1.900	1.35	102	88.63
21	155	2.300	1.65	103	97.92
22	155	2.300	1.65	103	97.92
23	150	1.900	1.35	104	88.63
24	150	1.300	0.94	105	73.31
AVG VALUES	150		1.294	98	85.61

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 50.15  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 36.97  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 13.18  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 26.28  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 31,391.23  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 19,613.90  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.0409  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.062  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 6.86  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 99.61

FORMALDEHYDE

10/25/90

PBE ID	LIR VOL	LIR ALIQ	C. A. D VOL	RDA	RDA - BLK	MG/ALIQ	MG/SAMPLE	COUL <sub>3</sub> mg/L	ER 1b/L
RINETRE						(-.029)			
1A	26.0	$\frac{1.0}{0.2}$	1.0	$\frac{1.368}{.365}$	.336	4.44	603		
1B	18.5	1.0		.365	.336	4.14	86		
							689		
2A	22.7	$\frac{1.0}{0.3}$		$\frac{1.020}{.372}$	.343	4.74	359		
2B	13.4	1.0		0.064	.035	0.48	6		
							365		
3A	22.4	$\frac{1.0}{0.3}$		$\frac{1.059}{.374}$	.345	4.77	356		
3B	15.6	1.0		0.060	.031	0.43	7		
							363		
AMON						(-.084)			
1A	26.6	1.0		0.430	.361	4.73	127		
1B	12.0	1.0		0.105	.021	0.29	3		
							130		
2A	25.9	1.0		0.329	.245	3.23	88		
2B	12.0	1.0		0.128	.018	0.21	7		
							95		
3A	24.8	1.0		0.263	.179	2.47	61		
3B	16.1	1.0		0.130	.023	0.64	10		
							71		
MAR H <sub>2</sub> O	-	3.0		.094					
AMON H <sub>2</sub> O	-	3.0		$\frac{1.210}{2.1}$					
MAR BLANK	-	3.0		.029					
MURPHY BLANK	-	3.0		.084					

$$\delta = 1.017$$

$$P_b = 29.40$$

Lee Mills Asphalt  
Formaldehyde Calculations

TEST 1  $V_m = 3.08$   $T_m = 53 F$   $Q = 20925.45 \text{ scfm}$   
 $= 35556.26 \text{ m}^3/\text{hr.}$

$$V_{mstd} = 3.08 * 1.017 * \frac{508}{513} * \frac{29.4}{29.92} * .0783$$

$$= 3.17 \text{ scf} = .090 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{130 \text{ mg}}{.090 \text{ m}^3} = 1.44 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 0.113 \text{ \#/hr.} = .00054 \text{ \#/ton}$$

TEST 2  $V_m = 3.00$   $T_m = 62 F$   $Q = 20491.51$   
 $= 34518.37 \text{ m}^3/\text{hr.}$

$$V_{mstd} = 3.03 \text{ scf} = .086 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{95 \text{ mg}}{.086 \text{ m}^3} = 1.10 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 0.088 \text{ \#/hr.} = .00042 \text{ \#/ton}$$

TEST 3  $V_m = 3.00$   $T_m = 64$   $Q = 1961390$   
 $= 33379.94 \text{ m}^3/\text{hr.}$

$$V_{mstd} = 3.03 \text{ scf} = .086 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{71 \text{ mg}}{.086 \text{ m}^3} = 0.83 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 0.061 \text{ \#/hr.} = .00029 \text{ \#/ton}$$

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AVG  $ER = 0.087 \text{ \#/hr.}$   
 $= 0.00041 \text{ \#/ton}$

WJD  
11-2-90

NAME OF SOURCE: LAKE MILLS BLACKTOP

LOCATION OF SOURCE: LAKE MILLS

PROCESS TESTED:

DATE OF TEST: 101590

RUN NUMBER: 1

N NUMBER OF SAMPLING POINTS= 24

VM DGM VOL,METER COND DRY= 40.74 CFD

PB BAR PRESS,STATION= 29.4 IN HG

VL TOTAL VOL OF WATER COLLECTED= 208 ML

%CO<sub>2</sub> % CARBON DIOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 7.2 %

%O<sub>2</sub> % OXYGEN BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 10.2 %

%CO % CARBON MONOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 0 %

%N<sub>2</sub> % NITROGEN BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 82.6 %

CP PITOT TUBE COEFFICIENT= .85

PS STACK PRESS= 28.1 IN HG

AS AREA OF THE SAMPLING SITE= 6.111 SQ FEET

MT TOTAL DRY PARTICULATE= .0914 GM

T TOTAL SAMPLING TIME= 60 MIN

AN AREA OF THE NOZZLE= .000193 SQ FEET

LAKE MILLS BLACKTOP,,RUN: 1

CALCULATED RESULTS

TS STACK TEMPERATURE = 142.7083 DEG F  
VMSTD DGM VOL,STD COND DRY= 40.17254 SCFD  
VWSTD VOL OF WATER VAPOR,STD COND= 9.79056 SCF  
%M % MOISTURE IN STACK GAS BY VOL,STD COND= 19.59558 %  
MD MOLE FRACTION OF DRY GAS= .8040442  
MWD MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS,DRY BASIS= 29.56 LB/LB-MOLE  
MWS MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS,WET BASIS= 27.29475 LB/LB-MOLE  
VS AVE STACK GAS VELOCITY,STACK COND= 84.71545 FPS  
QACT ACTUAL STACK GAS FLOW RATE= 31061.77 CFM  
QSTD AVE STACK GAS FLOW RATE,STD COND DRY= 20548.38 SCFMD  
%EA AVE % EXCESS AIR= 87.88255 %  
PMRA AVE PMR BY RATIO OF AREAS METHOD= 6.380251 LB/HR  
PMRC AVE PMR BY CONC METHOD= 6.184183 LB/HR  
PMR(AVE) AVE PMR,STD COND DRY= 6.282217 LB/HR  
C EMISSION CONC,STD COND DRY= 3.510612E-02 GR/SCFD  
DGR AVE STACK GAS RATE,STD COND DRY= 94516.91 LB/HR  
LB/MLB EMISSION CONC,STD COND DRY= 6.646659E-02 LB/MLB OF DRY GAS  
WGR AVE STACK GAS RATE,STD COND WET= 108543.6 LB/HR  
LB/MLB EMISSION CONC,STD COND WET= 5.787735E-02 LB/MLB OF WET GAS  
%ISR % ISOKINETIC RATIO= 103.1705 %

NAME OF SOURCE: LAKE MILLS BLACKTOP

LOCATION OF SOURCE: LAKE MILLS

PROCESS TESTED:

DATE OF TEST: 101590

RUN NUMBER: 7

N NUMBER OF SAMPLING POINTS= 24

VM DGM VOL,METER COND DRY= 40.282 CFD

PB BAR PRESS,STATION= 29.4 IN HG

VL TOTAL VOL OF WATER COLLECTED= 259 ML

%CO2 % CARBON DIOXIDE BY VOL,DRY BASIS= 7 %

%O2 % OXYGEN BY VOL,DRY BASIS= 10.2 %

%CO % CARBON MONOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 0 %

%N2 % NITROGEN BY VOL,DRY BASIS= 82.8 %

CP PITOT TUBE COEFFICIENT= .85

PS STACK PRESS= 28.07 IN HG

AS AREA OF THE SAMPLING SITE= 6.111 SQ FEET

MT TOTAL DRY PARTICULATE= .0969 GM

T TOTAL SAMPLING TIME= 60 MIN

AN AREA OF THE NOZZLE= .000193 SQ FEET

LAKE MILLS BLACKTOP,,RUN: 2

CALCULATED RESULTS

TS STACK TEMPERATURE - 145.4167 DEG F  
VMSTD DGM VOL,STD COND DRY- 39.72653 SCFD  
VWSTD VOL OF WATER VAPOR,STD COND- 12.19113 SCF  
%M % MOISTURE IN STACK GAS BY VOL,STD COND- 23.48166 %  
MD MOLE FRACTION OF DRY GAS- .7651833  
MWD MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS,DRY BASIS- 29.528 LB/LB-MOLE  
MWS MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS,WET BASIS- 26.82103 LB/LB-MOLE  
VS AVE STACK GAS VELOCITY,STACK COND- 87.57015 FPS  
QACT ACTUAL STACK GAS FLOW RATE- 32108.47 CFM  
QSTD AVE STACK GAS FLOW RATE,STD COND DRY- 20102.29 SCFMD  
%EA AVE % EXCESS AIR- 87.48455 %  
PMRA AVE PMR BY RATIO OF AREAS METHOD- 6.764183 LB/HR  
PMRC AVE PMR BY CONC METHOD- 6.485992 LB/HR  
PMR(AVE) AVE PMR,STD COND DRY- 6.625088 LB/HR  
C EMISSION CONC,STD COND DRY- 3.763649E-02 GR/SCFD  
DGR AVE STACK GAS RATE,STD COND DRY- 92364.9 LB/HR  
LB/MLB EMISSION CONC,STD COND DRY- 7.172733E-02 LB/MLB OF DRY GAS  
WGR AVE STACK GAS RATE,STD COND WET- 109643.5 LB/HR  
LB/MLB EMISSION CONC,STD COND WET- 6.042389E-02 LB/MLB OF WET GAS  
%ISR % ISOKINETIC RATIO- 104.2891 %

NAME OF SOURCE: LAKE MILLS BLACKTOP

LOCATION OF SOURCE: LAKE MILLS

PROCESS TESTED:

DATE OF TEST: 101590

RUN NUMBER: 3

N NUMBER OF SAMPLING POINTS= 24

VM DGM VOL,METER COND DRY= 37.506 CFD

PB BAR PRESS,STATION= 29.4 IN HG

VL TOTAL VOL OF WATER COLLECTED= 280 ML

%CO2 % CARBON DIOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 6.7 %

%O2 % OXYGEN BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 10.4 %

%CO % CARBON MONOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 0 %

%N2 % NITROGEN BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 82.9 %

CP PITOT TUBE COEFFICIENT= .85

PS STACK PRESS= 28.05 IN HG

AS AREA OF THE SAMPLING SITE= 6.111 SQ FEET

MT TOTAL DRY PARTICULATE= .0979 GM

T TOTAL SAMPLING TIME= 60 MIN

AN AREA OF THE NOZZLE= .000193 SQ FEET

LAKE MILLS BLACKTOP,, RUN: 3

CALCULATED RESULTS

TS STACK TEMPERATURE - 150 DEG F  
VMSTD DGM VOL,STD COND DRY- 36.97345 SCFD  
VWSTD VOL OF WATER VAPOR,STD COND- 13.1796 SCF  
%M % MOISTURE IN STACK GAS BY VOL,STD COND- 26.27876 %  
MD MOLE FRACTION OF DRY GAS- .7372124  
MWD MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS,DRY BASIS- 29.488 LB/LB-MOLE  
MWS MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS,WET BASIS- 26.46909 LB/LB-MOLE  
VS AVE STACK GAS VELOCITY,STACK COND- 87.69616 FPS  
QACT ACTUAL STACK GAS FLOW RATE- 32154.68 CFM  
QSTD AVE STACK GAS FLOW RATE,STD COND DRY- 19235.88 SCFMD  
%EA AVE % EXCESS AIR- 90.54815 %  
PMRA AVE PMR BY RATIO OF AREAS METHOD- 6.833989 LB/HR  
PMRC AVE PMR BY CONC METHOD- 6.737405 LB/HR  
PMR(AVE) AVE PMR,STD COND DRY- 6.785697 LB/HR  
C EMISSION CONC,STD COND DRY- 4.085627E-02 GR/SCFD  
DGR AVE STACK GAS RATE,STD COND DRY- 88264.25 LB/HR  
LB/MLB EMISSION CONC,STD COND DRY-.7.687934E-02 LB/MLB OF DRY GAS  
WGR AVE STACK GAS RATE,STD COND WET- 107469.7 LB/HR  
LB/MLB EMISSION CONC,STD COND WET- 6.314056E-02 LB/MLB OF WET GAS  
%ISR % ISOKINETIC RATIO- 101.4335 %

9 Key, Amlio  
State of Wisconsin  
CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

Date: September 16, 1991

File Ref: 4530-3

To: Files

From: Neal Baudhuin, NCD

Subject: Review of Stack Test Performed for Langlade County Highway Department Asphalt Plant

Received: 9/11/91

I. SOURCE

Langlade County Highway Department  
1521 Arctic Road  
Antigo, Wisconsin 54409

Contact: Paul Shuman, Commissioner

FID# 734046060

Test Date: August 15, 1991

Location: County Highway C, north of Antigo, Wisconsin

II. SOURCE DESCRIPTION

The source tested was a Barber-Greene DM-50 drum mix asphalt plant. It is rated at 100 tons per hour (TPH). It does not have recycle capability. During the test the plant was producing approximately 127 TPH which is over the rated production. The drier was being fired with natural gas, and has distillate oil capability.

Particulate matter emissions are controlled by a Standard Havens Model Magnum-19-8.5 pulse jet baghouse with a 4.7 to 1 air to cloth ratio. The mix temperature was 305F and the stack temperature 370F by the control panel gauges. Pressure drop across the baghouse was 1.9 to 2.1 inches of water. The baghouse is preceded by a large baffled "knockout box". The emissions were previously controlled with a venturi scrubber. The baghouse was installed the spring of 1991.

III. SAMPLING OPERATION

A. Purpose of the Test

The test was performed to satisfy the requirements of Mandatory Operation Permit # 734046060-N01 issued September 11, 1991, and to demonstrate compliance with the particulate matter emission limits contained in the permit. Formaldehyde emissions were also tested to determine applicability of NR 445 requirements.

SEP 19 1991

Plant performing above  
rated capacity.  
Method 17 partic. test.

No Process  
Description!

8

B. Sampling Firm

Environmental Technology & Engineering  
13020 West Bluemound Road  
Elm Grove, Wisconsin 53122

Crew: Mike and Chris Huenink, 414/784-2434

C. Test Method

The particulate matter test method was EPA Method 17, Stationary Source In-Stack Filtration Method. The test was performed in the rectangular stack, 27.5" x 39", through six ports. The ports are located 3 feet from the stack exit and 18 feet from the nearest upstream disturbance, the exhaust fan outlet. Each of 3 points per port were sampled for 3.5 minutes for a total of 63 minutes of sampling.

The formaldehyde emissions were sampled using NIOSH Method 3500. Exhaust gas was sampled at a uniform rate of approximately one liter per minute. A total of 2.5 cubic feet of sample was collected during each of three runs.

D. Test Date

The testing was performed on August 15, 1991. The weather was clear to partly cloudy with wind from the southwest, light to moderate velocity and an ambient temperature of 75 - 80F.

E. Test Witness

The test was witnessed by Mr. Neal Baudhuin of the Department's North Central District office in Rhinelander. Mr. Baudhuin witnessed only Runs #2 and #3 of the test. Mr. Baudhuin performed EPA Method 9 visible emissions evaluations during Runs #2 and #3.

IV. TEST RESULTS

The results listed below for particulate are those calculated by the Department as ETE's calculation for Run #2 did not use the correct amount of particulate collected (0.0032 grams is correct rather than the 0.0042 grams used by ETE). ETE is submitting corrected calculations for Run #2. The results for formaldehyde are from the ETE test report. Calculations were checked and found to be accurate.

A. Particulate Matter

<u>RUN NUMBER</u>	<u>EMISSION RATE (LB/HR)</u>	<u>EMISSION CONCENTRATION (GR/DSCF)</u>	<u>ISOKINETIC RATIO (%)</u>
1	0.22	<del>0.0023</del> 0.0023	<del>101.82</del> 105
2	0.15	0.0017 0.0016	97.23 101
3	0.17	0.0019 0.0017	94.30 100
AVE	0.18	<del>0.0020</del> 0.0019	<del>97.78</del> 102

B. Formaldehyde

<u>RUN NUMBER</u>	<u>EMISSION RATE (LB/HR)</u>
1	0.0548
2	0.0603
3	0.0487
AVE	0.0546

C. Visible Emissions

<u>RUN NUMBER</u>	<u>AVERAGE OPACITY (%)</u>	<u>HIGH SIX MINUTE (%)</u>
1	-	-
2	7.2	8.8
3	2.4	2.9

V. APPLICABLE EMISSION LIMITATIONS

The emission limits that apply to this source are as follows:

Particulate: 0.039 grain per dry standard cubic foot exhaust gas  
Section NR 440.25(3)(a)1., Wisconsin Administrative Code.

Visible Emissions: 20% opacity  
Section NR 440.25(3)(a)2. and 431.06(1), Wisconsin Administrative Code

Formaldehyde: 250 pounds per year or Best Available Control Technology (BACT), Section NR 445.05, Wisconsin Administrative Code.

VI. DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

The emission concentration of 0.0020<sup>17</sup> grain per dry standard cubic foot is well below the limit of 0.039 gr/DSCF. The isokinetic ratio of ~~97.78~~<sup>102</sup>% is between the limits of 90 - 110% that the Department uses to judge the validity of stack tests. In addition to the mathematical error in the Run #2 particulate catch there seems to be slight differences between how ETE's program calculates results and the Department's computer program.

The formaldehyde emission rate of 0.0546 pound per hour would allow Langlade County to operate a total of 4,579 hours per year before exceeding the 250 pound per year de minimis level over which BACT would be applied. Based on the production rate of 127 TPH, this would result in an Emission Factor (EF) of 0.00043 pound of formaldehyde per ton, and allow production of 581,395 tons of asphalt per year before exceeding the 250 pound per year de minimis.

cc: Joe Perez, AM/10-STK  
U.S. EPA-Region V  
Langlade County Highway Department

## SUMMARY

On August 15, 1991, Environmental Technology & Engineering Corp personnel performed stack emissions testing on the Langlade County Highway Department Asphalt Plant located on County Road C north of Antigo, Wisconsin. The purpose of the testing was to demonstrate compliance with the particulate, visible emissions, and formaldehyde limits set forth in Wisconsin DNR Air Pollution Control Permit (M.O.P.) No. 734046060-NO1. The emissions from the operations were controlled with a newly installed baghouse.

Testing to determine total particulate matter emissions were performed using EPA Method 17. The results were well below the DNR permit limitation and are shown below:

<u>Test</u>	<u>Particulate Emission Concentration</u>
1	0.0023 grains/dscf
2	0.0021 grains/dscf
3	<u>0.0017 grains/dscf</u>
AVG	0.0020 grains/dscf
DNR Permit Limitation	0.04 grains/dscf

Formaldehyde emissions were determined using modified NIOSH Method 3500 sampling and analytical methods. The results indicated the following emission rates:

<u>Test</u>	<u>Formaldehyde Emission Rate</u>
1	0.0548 lb/hr
2	0.0603 lb/hr
3	<u>0.0487 lb/hr</u>
AVG	0.0546 lb/hr
DNR Permit Limitation	250 pounds per year

Visible emissions were determined using EPA Method 9 by the DNR witness on-site during the test efforts. All readings indicated an opacity level below the permit limitation of 20 percent.

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 28.350  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2500  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 7.450  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 3.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 18  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 35.11  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 303.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0049  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 4.60 O<sub>2</sub> = 13.00 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 82.40

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	250	0.200	0.38	73	31.90
2	250	0.260	0.48	74	36.37
3	250	0.220	0.40	75	33.46
4	250	0.340	0.63	77	41.59
5	250	0.340	0.63	78	41.59
6	250	0.260	0.48	80	36.37
7	255	0.420	0.77	81	46.39
8	255	0.540	0.97	81	52.60
9	255	0.440	0.80	82	47.48
10	255	0.720	1.30	84	60.74
11	255	0.680	1.25	88	59.03
12	255	0.640	1.15	90	57.26
13	225	0.780	1.40	90	61.88
14	225	0.750	1.35	90	60.68
15	230	0.760	1.38	91	61.30
16	230	0.640	1.15	91	56.25
17	235	0.680	1.25	91	58.19
18	240	0.640	1.15	91	56.66
AVG VALUES	245		0.940	84	49.99

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 47.73  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 33.47  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 14.26  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 29.88  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 22,343.51  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 11,106.88  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 18,872.81  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.0023  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.0034  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 0.22  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 104.55

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 28.350  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2500  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 7.450  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 3.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 18  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 33.07  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 267.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = ~~0.0042~~ .0032  
 CO2 = 4.60 O2 = 13.20 CO = 0.00 N2 = 82.20

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	225	0.620	1.10	91	54.99
2	235	0.600	1.08	91	54.49
3	240	0.580	1.05	91	53.77
4	245	0.740	1.33	91	60.95
5	250	0.720	1.30	91	60.33
6	250	0.670	1.20	92	58.20
7	250	0.600	1.08	93	55.08
8	250	0.580	1.05	95	54.15
9	250	0.560	1.00	97	53.21
10	250	0.430	0.78	98	46.63
11	250	0.460	0.84	99	48.22
12	250	0.370	0.68	99	43.25
13	250	0.280	0.52	99	37.62
14	250	0.360	0.66	100	42.66
15	250	0.260	0.48	100	36.26
16	250	0.220	0.40	101	33.35
17	250	0.260	0.48	102	36.26
18	250	0.180	0.34	102	30.17
AVG VALUES	247		0.854	96	47.75

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 44.13  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 31.57  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 12.57  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 28.48  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 21,346.26  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 10,797.91  
 , m3/hr = 18,347.82  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = ~~0.0021~~ .0016  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.0031  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = ~~0.19~~ .15  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 101.43

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 28.350  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2500  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 7.450  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 3.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 18  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 33.66  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 251.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0036  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 4.50 O<sub>2</sub> = 13.20 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 82.30

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	250	0.160	0.30	102	28.35
2	250	0.220	0.40	102	33.24
3	250	0.170	0.32	102	29.22
4	250	0.250	0.46	103	35.43
5	250	0.360	0.66	103	42.52
6	250	0.220	0.40	103	33.24
7	250	0.430	0.79	103	46.47
8	250	0.480	0.87	103	49.10
9	250	0.420	0.77	104	45.93
10	250	0.630	1.15	105	56.25
11	250	0.660	1.19	106	57.57
12	250	0.620	1.12	107	55.80
13	250	0.750	1.35	107	61.37
14	250	0.780	1.40	108	62.59
15	250	0.750	1.35	109	61.37
16	250	0.720	1.30	110	60.13
17	250	0.700	1.25	110	59.29
18	250	0.660	1.20	110	57.57
AVG VALUES	250		0.904	105	48.64

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 43.98  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 32.17  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 11.81  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 26.86  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 21,740.90  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 11,197.44  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 19,026.69  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.0017  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.0026  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 0.17  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 99.67

LANGLADE CTY ASPHALT - HCOH CALCS

9/3/91

TEST 1    2.50 ft<sup>3</sup>    75 F     $\gamma = 1.029$

$$A) 2.50 \text{ ft}^3 (1.029) \cdot 0.02832 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{ft}^3} \left( \frac{28.35}{29.9} \right) \frac{528}{535} = 0.0682 \text{ m}^3$$

$$B) \frac{0.0899 \text{ mg}}{0.0682 \text{ m}^3} = 1.32 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$C) 1.32 \text{ mg/m}^3 (18,873 \text{ m}^3/\text{HR}) \frac{1 \#}{453600 \text{ mg}} = 0.0548 \#/\text{HR}$$

TEST 2    2.50 ft<sup>3</sup>    81 F

$$2.50 (1.029) \cdot 0.02832 \left( \frac{28.35}{29.9} \right) \frac{528}{541} = 0.0674 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\frac{0.1005 \text{ mg}}{0.0674 \text{ m}^3} = 1.49 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$1.49 (18,348) \frac{1 \#}{453600} = 0.0603 \#/\text{HR}$$

TEST 3    2.50 ft<sup>3</sup>    85 F

$$2.50 (1.029) \cdot 0.02832 \left( \frac{28.35}{29.9} \right) \frac{528}{545} = 0.0669 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\frac{0.0773 \text{ mg}}{0.0669 \text{ m}^3} = 1.16 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$1.16 (19,027) \frac{1 \#}{453600} = 0.0487 \#/\text{HR}$$

AVG:    1.32 mg/m<sup>3</sup>    0.0546 #/HR

## CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

DATE: MARCH 12, 1992

File Code: 4530

PRELIMINARY STACK TEST REVIEWReceipt: 9/17/91By: RENEE LESJAK Test Date: Aug 14, 1991Name of Source: LINCOLN CTY HWY DEPT FID #: 735055530Address: 100 COOPER ST. Stack #: 510City: Merrill, WI Process #: B P30Permit #: 735055530-N01 Date Issued: March 13, 1991Description of Source Tested: Batch asphalt plant,Barber Greene, DA 60 x 387, rated at 150 TPHBurning #2 fuel oilDescription of Control Equipment: Cyclone and wet scrubberTest Firm: ET & ECrew Chief & Phone#: Michael Huening 414 1784-2434Pollutant Tested: Particulates Test Method: Method 5Pollutant Tested: Formaldehyde Test Method: NIOSH method 3500

Pollutant Tested: \_\_\_\_\_ Test Method: \_\_\_\_\_

Test Production Level: 133 TPHRated Production Level: 150 TPHDiscussion of Results:Poll. Test Ave. = 0.089 lb Part / 10<sup>3</sup> lb gas Limit = 0.3 lb / 10<sup>3</sup> lb gasIn Compliance? (Y) NPoll. Test Ave. = 0.139 lb form. / hr Limit = 0.028 lb / hrIn Compliance? Y (N)

Poll. Test Ave. = \_\_\_\_\_ Limit = \_\_\_\_\_

In Compliance? Y N

Poll. Test Ave. = \_\_\_\_\_ Limit = \_\_\_\_\_

In Compliance? Y N

..... 0.028 lb formaldehyde/hr is NR445 target limit.Is This a Valid Test? (Y) N If answer is no, please indicate the reason.

\* Test may be reviewed in depth later, if necessary.

CC Joe Perez-AM/10

US EPA Region V

Neil Baudhuin-NCDRenee Lesjak-SD

PARTICULATE CHECKLIST

Name of Source: Lincoln City Hwy Dept Test Date: 8/14/91

1. Are the isokinetics per run between 90 and 110%? YES  NO   
If the XI for a run is outside the range, void the run. See 5.
2. Is the sample volume per run  $\geq 30$  DSCF? YES  NO   
If the sample volume for a run is  $< 30$  DSCF, void the run. See 5.
3. Is the sample time per run  $\geq 60$  min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time for a run is  $< 60$  min., void the run. See 5.
4. Is the sample time per sample point  $\geq$  two min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time per point for a run is  $< 2$  min., void the run. See 5.
5. A stack test shall consist of three valid runs or, at a minimum, two valid runs if one run is voided. Is this a valid test? YES  NO   
If no, inform the District or the source that the test is unacceptable and should be redone. Your review is over.
6. Is the total particulate per run added correctly? YES  NO   
If an incorrect total is found, correct the total and the results or call the consultant and ask for a correction.
7. Was the backhalf included in the total particulate? YES  NO   
NSPS sources are exempt from including the backhalf. All other sources must include the backhalf. If they don't, the test is invalid. See 5.

Eq. 1  $Gr/DSCF = 15.43 * g \text{ of part./sample volume of run in DSCF}$

Eq. 2  $Gr/DSCF @ 12\% CO_2 = (Gr/DSCF) * 12 / \text{Stack } CO_2$

Eq. 3  $Gr/DSCF @ 7\% O_2 = (Gr/DSCF) * (20.9 - 7) / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

Eq. 4  $Lb/DSCF = (Gr/DSCF) / 7000$     Eq. 5  $Lb/MLb_{DRY} = 385.6 * 10^3 * (Lb/DSCF) / MW_{DRY}$

Eq. 6  $Lb/MLb_{WET} = 385.6 * 10^3 * (Lb/DSCF) * (1 - (\% \text{ Moisture} / 100)) / MW_{WET}$

Eq. 7  $Lb/Hr = 60 * DSCFM * (Lb/DSCF)$     Eq. 8  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/Hr) / (10^6 \text{ BTU/Hr})$

Eq. 9  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/DSCF) * F \text{ Factor} * 20.9 / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

8. If the emission limit is in Gr/DSCF, Lb/DSCF, Lb/MLb, Lb/Hr or Lb/10<sup>6</sup> BTU, solve the needed Eq. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.
9. Is the three run(or two run) average correct? YES  NO   
If no, write in the correct average.
10. Is the average result in compliance? YES  NO   
If no, the District should issue an NOV.
11. Was the source operating at a level representative of full capacity? YES  NO   
If no, the permit release may need to provide conditions to cap the source at the test level until a stack test at a higher production level(showing compliance) is performed. If the test was not for permit release, other actions may be warranted.

GASEOUS TEST CHECKLIST

Name of Source: Lincoln City Hwy Gas Tested: Formaldehyde Test Date: 8/14/91

1. A stack test shall consist of three valid runs or, at a minimum, two valid runs if one run is voided. Is this a valid test? YES  NO   
 If no, inform the District or the source that the test is unacceptable and should be redone. Your review is over.

Eq. 1  $PPM_{DRY} = PPM_{WET} / (1 - \% \text{ Moisture as Decimal})$

Eq. 2  $PPM_{DRY@ 7\% O_2} = PPM_{DRY} * (20.9 - 7) / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

Eq. 3  $PPM_{DRY@ 12\% CO_2} = PPM_{DRY} * 12 / \text{Stack } CO_2$

2. If the limit is in  $PPM_{DRY}$  or in  $PPM_{DRY}$  corrected to a certain  $O_2$  or  $CO_2$  value, solve Eq. 1-3. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

Eq. 4  $mg/DSCM = PPM_{DRY} * \text{Molecular Weight of Gas} / 24.06$

Eq. 5  $Lb/DSCF = 2.595 * 10^{-9} * PPM_{DRY} * \text{Molecular Weight of Gas}$

Eq. 6  $Lb/DSCF = 6.243 * 10^{-8} * (mg/DSCM)$

Eq. 7  $Lb/Hr = 60 * DSCFM * (Lb/DSCF)$  Eq. 8  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/Hr) * (10^6 \text{ BTU/Hr})$

Eq. 9  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/DSCF) * F \text{ Factor} * 20.9 / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

3. If the limit is in  $mg/DSCM$ ,  $Lb/DSCF$ ,  $Lb/Hr$ , or  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU}$ , solve Eq. 4-9. Eq. 1-3 may also be needed. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

Eq. 10  $\% \text{ Capture Eff.} = \frac{(Lb \text{ VOC/Hr to Control Equip.}) * 100}{(Lb \text{ VOC/Hr Input to Process})}$

Eq. 11  $\% \text{ Destruction Eff.} = \frac{(\text{Inlet } Lb \text{ VOC/Hr} - \text{Outlet } Lb \text{ VOC/Hr}) * 100}{(\text{Inlet } Lb \text{ VOC/Hr})}$

Eq. 12  $\% \text{ Overall Eff.} = (\% \text{ Cap. Eff.} / 100) * (\% \text{ Dest. Eff.} / 100) * 100$

4. If the limit is in terms of  $\% \text{ Capture Eff.}$ ,  $\% \text{ Dest. Eff.}$ , or Overall Eff., solve Eq. 9-12. Eq. 1-8 may also be needed. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

5. Is the three run (or two run) average correct? YES  NO   
 If no, write in the correct average.

6. Is the average result in compliance? YES  NO   
 If no, the District should issue an NOV.

7. Was the source operating at a level representative of full capacity? YES  NO   
 If no, the permit release may need to provide conditions to cap the source at the test level until a stack test at a higher production level (showing compliance) is performed. If the test was not for permit release, other actions may be warranted.

## SUMMARY

On August 14, 1991, Environmental Technology & Engineering Corp personnel performed stack emissions testing on the Lincoln County Highway Department Asphalt Plant located on County Road R north of Merrill, Wisconsin. The purpose of the testing was to demonstrate compliance with the particulate, visible emissions, and formaldehyde limits set forth in Wisconsin DNR Air Pollution Control Permit (M.O.P.) No. 735055530-NO1. The emissions from the operations were controlled with a set of cyclone collectors followed by a wet scrubber.

Testing to determine total particulate matter emissions were performed using EPA Method 5. The results were well below the DNR permit limitation and are shown below:

<u>Test</u>	<u>Particulate Emission Concentration</u>
1	0.085 lb/1000 lb gas
2	0.098 lb/1000 lb gas
3	<u>0.084 lb/1000 lb gas</u>
AVG	0.089 lb/1000 lb gas
DNR Permit Limitation	0.3 lb/1000 lb gas

Formaldehyde emissions were determined using modified NIOSH Method 3500 sampling and analytical methods. The results indicated the following emission rates:

<u>Test</u>	<u>Formaldehyde Emission Rate</u>
1	0.133 lb/hr
2	0.138 lb/hr
3	<u>0.147 lb/hr</u>
AVG	0.139 lb/hr
DNR Permit Limitation	250 pounds per year

Visible emissions were determined using EPA Method 9 by the DNR witness on-site during the test efforts. All readings indicated an opacity level below the permit limitation of 40 percent.

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 28.500  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .4380  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 42.240  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 4.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 STACK PRESSURE, in Hg = 28.494  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 38.80  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 405.0  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.1391  
 PERCENT CONDENSIBLE, % = 9.1  
 WET MOLECULAR WT = 25.83  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 8.10 O<sub>2</sub> = 10.10 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.80

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	160	0.000	0.00	60	0.00
2	160	0.000	0.00	60	0.00
3	160	0.050	0.96	60	14.91
4	165	0.050	0.96	61	14.97
5	165	0.080	1.55	62	18.94
6	170	0.120	2.25	64	23.29
7	170	0.000	0.00	66	0.00
8	170	0.000	0.00	67	0.00
9	170	0.020	0.39	68	9.51
10	170	0.040	0.77	70	13.45
11	170	0.070	1.35	72	17.79
12	170	0.110	2.05	76	22.30
13	170	0.000	0.00	77	0.00
14	170	0.000	0.00	77	0.00
15	170	0.030	0.59	78	11.64
16	170	0.040	0.77	80	13.45
17	170	0.060	1.15	80	16.47
18	170	0.080	1.55	80	19.01
19	170	0.000	0.00	80	0.00
20	170	0.000	0.00	80	0.00
21	170	0.030	0.59	80	11.64
22	170	0.050	0.96	80	15.03
23	170	0.070	1.35	82	17.79
24	170	0.090	1.70	86	20.17
AVG VALUES	168		0.789	73	10.85

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 56.23  
 DRY AIR WITHDRAWN, scf = 37.12 ✓  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 19.11  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 33.99  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 27,493.51  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 14,524.62  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.058  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 7.47  
 LB PARTICULATE PER 1000 LB GAS = 0.085 ✓  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 107.49 ✓

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 28.500  
 TIP DIAMETER, in = .4380  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 42.240  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 4.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 STACK PRESSURE, in Hg = 28.493  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 36.63  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 401.0  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.1582  
 PERCENT CONDENSIBLE, % = 12.3  
 WET MOLECULAR WT = 25.78  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 8.80 O<sub>2</sub> = 9.60 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.60

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	170	0.000	0.00	92	0.00
2	170	0.000	0.00	92	0.00
3	170	0.030	0.57	92	11.66
4	170	0.060	1.12	92	16.48
5	170	0.080	1.50	92	19.03
6	170	0.110	2.00	92	22.32
7	170	0.000	0.00	94	0.00
8	170	0.000	0.00	94	0.00
9	170	0.020	0.38	96	9.52
10	170	0.040	0.75	97	13.46
11	170	0.070	1.30	98	17.81
12	170	0.110	2.00	98	22.32
13	170	0.000	0.00	100	0.00
14	170	0.000	0.00	100	0.00
15	170	0.020	0.38	101	9.52
16	170	0.060	1.15	102	16.48
17	170	0.090	1.65	102	20.19
18	170	0.120	2.20	103	23.31
19	170	0.000	0.00	104	0.00
20	170	0.000	0.00	104	0.00
21	170	0.020	0.38	106	9.52
22	170	0.040	0.75	106	13.46
23	170	0.070	1.30	104	17.81
24	170	0.090	1.65	106	20.19
AVG VALUES	170		0.795	99	10.96

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 54.03  
 DRY AIR WITHDRAWN, scf = 35.15 ✓  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 18.88  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 34.94  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 27,780.70  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 14,426.55  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.069  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 8.69  
 LB PARTICULATE PER 1000 LB GAS = 0.098  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 102.48 ✓

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 28.500  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .4380  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 42.240  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 4.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 STACK PRESSURE, in Hg = 28.493  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 36.26  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 351.0  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.1326  
 PERCENT CONDENSIBLE, % = 23.2  
 WET MOLECULAR WT = 26.07  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 8.50 O<sub>2</sub> = 9.10 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 82.40

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	170	0.000	0.00	107	0.00
2	170	0.000	0.00	107	0.00
3	170	0.040	0.75	107	13.39
4	170	0.070	1.30	105	17.71
5	170	0.110	2.00	104	22.20
6	170	0.150	2.70	104	25.92
7	170	0.000	0.00	105	0.00
8	170	0.000	0.00	105	0.00
9	170	0.020	0.38	107	9.46
10	175	0.050	0.94	108	15.02
11	175	0.120	2.20	110	23.28
12	175	0.050	0.94	110	15.02
13	175	0.000	0.00	112	0.00
14	175	0.000	0.00	112	0.00
15	175	0.020	0.38	113	9.50
16	175	0.040	0.75	114	13.44
17	175	0.070	1.30	114	17.78
18	175	0.090	1.65	116	20.16
19	175	0.000	0.00	117	0.00
20	175	0.000	0.00	117	0.00
21	175	0.020	0.38	118	9.50
22	175	0.030	0.57	118	11.64
23	175	0.070	1.30	119	17.78
24	175	0.070	1.30	120	17.78
AVG VALUES	173		0.785	111	10.82

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 51.37  
 DRY AIR WITHDRAWN, scf = 34.85 ✓  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 16.52  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 32.16  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 27,410.78  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 14,768.14  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.059  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 7.40  
 LB PARTICULATE PER 1000 LB GAS = 0.084  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 99.25 ✓

LINCOLN CTY - HCOH CALCS

8/28/91

$$P_B = 28.5$$

TEST 1       $3.09 \text{ ft}^3$        $T_{\text{AVG}} = 86 \text{ F}$        $\delta = 1.029$

$$3.09 \text{ ft}^3 (.02832 \text{ m}^3/\text{ft}^3) 1.029 \left( \frac{528}{546} \right) \frac{28.5}{29.9} = 0.0830 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\frac{.203 \text{ mg}}{.0830 \text{ m}^3} = 2.45 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$2.45 \text{ mg/m}^3 (14,525 \text{ ft}^3/\text{min}) 60 \text{ min/HR} (.02832 \text{ m}^3/\text{ft}^3) \sqrt[3]{453600} = 0.133 \text{ \# / HR}$$

TEST 2       $3.00 \text{ ft}^3$        $T_{\text{AVG}} = 102 \text{ F}$

$$3.00 (.02832) 1.029 \left( \frac{528}{562} \right) \frac{28.5}{29.9} = 0.0783 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\frac{.200}{.0783} = 2.55 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$2.55 (14,427) 60 (.02832) \sqrt[3]{453600} = 0.138 \text{ \# / HR}$$

TEST 3       $3.00 \text{ ft}^3$        $T_{\text{AVG}} = 106 \text{ F}$

$$3.00 (.02832) 1.029 \left( \frac{528}{566} \right) \frac{28.5}{29.9} = 0.0777 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\frac{.207}{.0777} = 2.66 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$2.66 (14,768) 60 (.02832) \sqrt[3]{453600} = 0.147 \text{ \# / HR}$$

J.P.

CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

DATE: April 12, 1991

FILE REF: 4530

TO: Files

FROM: Andy Seeber - AM/10 *AS*

SUBJECT: Review of Stack Test Performed at Murphy Construction Co., New London

*Receiv: 3/25/91*

I. Source

Central Paving Corp. (Murphy Construction)  
1911 W. Wisconsin Ave.  
Appleton, WI 54914  
Permit # 445081120 - J01 Issued: October 12, 1988  
FID #445081120, Stack S11, Process P30  
Test Date: October 23, 1990  
Test Firm: Environmental Technology & Eng. Corp.  
13020 W. Bluemound Road  
Elm Grove, WI 53122  
Crew Chief: Mr. Bill Dick (414) 784-2434

II. Source Description

The source tested was a Barber-Greene 70 conventional batch mix asphalt plant rated at 150 TPH. During the test the plant was producing 190 TPH. The plant was fired with #2 fuel oil. Particulate emissions are controlled by a Stansteel baghouse.

III. Discussion of Results

The test results are shown in Table 1. The average particulate concentration of 0.013 #/10<sup>3</sup> # gas is below the emission limit of 0.111 #/10<sup>3</sup># gas. Formaldehyde emissions were tested only for informational purposes and averaged 0.040 lbs/hr.

ET&E used EPA Method 5 and NIOSH 3500. I checked over the results & made no corrections. The report contained calibration data for the sampling equipment and production data for the plant.

v:\9104\am9murph.ars

cc: Larry Weix - LMD  
Joe Perez - AM/10  
U.S. EPA, Region V

Production rate  $\sim 40\%$   
greater than rated capacity.

No process description!

10

### SUMMARY

On October 23, 1990, Environmental Technology & Engineering Corporation personnel performed a stack emission test on the Central Paving batch mix asphalt plant located in New London, Wisconsin. The average of the three particulate tests show the emissions to be well below the limit of 0.11 pounds of particulate matter per 1,000 pounds of exhaust gas (lb/1000 lb) as specified by the State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) in mandatory operation permit no. 445081120-J01. The numerical test results are summarized below:

Test	Emissions	% of Allowable
1	0.014 lb/1000 lb	13 %
2	0.012	11
3	0.012	11
	-----	---
AVG	0.013 lb/1000 lb	12 %

In addition, the formaldehyde emissions were also determined for informational purposes. These numerical results follow:

Test	LB/HR	LB/TON
1	0.04 lb/hr	0.0002 lb/ton
2	0.04	0.0002
3	0.03	0.0002
	-----	-----
AVG	0.04 lb/hr	0.0002 lb/ton

Also, the opacity was observed by a certified reader for a 20 minute period during each test run. All individual readings as well as the 6 minute averages were 0 %.

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.100  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .3050  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 11.229  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 22  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 39.45  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 209.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0212  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 5.90 O<sub>2</sub> = 12.70 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.40

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	250	0.180	0.90	42	29.18
2	250	0.220	1.18	42	32.26
3	250	0.280	1.40	43	36.39
4	250	0.360	1.75	44	41.26
5	250	0.320	1.60	44	38.90
6	250	0.140	0.70	45	25.73
7	250	0.180	0.80	45	29.18
8	250	0.300	1.50	46	37.67
9	250	0.380	1.85	48	42.39
10	250	0.420	2.10	49	44.57
11	250	0.280	1.40	52	36.39
12	250	0.300	1.50	53	37.67
13	250	0.300	1.50	54	37.67
14	250	0.400	2.00	55	43.49
15	250	0.480	2.35	57	47.65
16	250	0.360	1.75	65	41.26
17	250	0.260	1.28	67	35.07
18	250	0.260	1.28	68	35.07
19	250	0.300	1.50	69	37.67
20	250	0.480	2.35	70	47.65
21	250	0.340	1.70	71	40.10
22	250	0.300	1.50	72	37.67
AVG VALUES	250		1.540	55	37.95

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 48.28  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 38.45  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 9.84  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 20.37  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 25,567.27  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 14,720.92  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.009  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.014  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 1.10  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 105.11

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.100  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .3050  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 11.229  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 25  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 42.55  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 239.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0205  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 6.40 O<sub>2</sub> = 12.00 CO = 0.00 NO = 81.60

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	235	0.180	0.90	70	28.90
2	235	0.220	1.10	71	31.95
3	240	0.260	1.30	71	34.86
4	245	0.360	1.80	71	41.17
5	245	0.340	1.70	71	40.01
6	250	0.140	0.70	72	25.76
7	250	0.200	1.00	72	30.79
8	250	0.240	1.20	72	33.73
9	250	0.320	1.60	72	38.95
10	250	0.360	1.80	72	41.31
11	250	0.260	1.30	72	35.11
12	250	0.300	1.50	72	37.71
13	250	0.300	1.50	72	37.71
14	245	0.300	1.50	72	37.58
15	250	0.460	2.30	72	46.70
16	250	0.300	1.50	72	37.71
17	245	0.200	1.00	72	30.68
18	250	0.240	1.20	72	33.73
19	250	0.280	1.40	72	36.43
20	250	0.460	2.30	72	46.70
21	250	0.300	1.50	72	37.71
22	250	0.260	1.30	72	35.11
23	250	0.300	1.50	72	37.71
24	250	0.380	1.85	72	42.45
25	250	0.440	2.20	72	45.67
AVG VALUES	248		1.478	72	37.05

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 52.80  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 41.55  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 11.25  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 21.31  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 24,960.22  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 14,251.13  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.008  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.012  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 0.95  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 103.25

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.100  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .3050  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 11.227  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 25  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 43.002  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 235.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0205  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 6.30 O<sub>2</sub> = 12.20 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.50

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	230	0.180	0.90	70	28.75
2	235	0.220	1.10	70	31.90
3	235	0.240	1.20	70	33.32
4	240	0.360	1.80	70	40.96
5	240	0.380	1.85	71	42.08
6	245	0.140	0.70	71	25.63
7	245	0.240	1.20	71	33.56
8	250	0.300	1.50	71	37.66
9	245	0.360	1.80	71	41.10
10	250	0.460	2.30	71	46.63
11	250	0.280	1.40	71	36.38
12	250	0.320	1.60	72	38.89
13	250	0.300	1.50	72	37.66
14	250	0.300	1.50	72	37.66
15	250	0.480	2.40	72	47.63
16	250	0.300	1.50	72	37.66
17	250	0.220	1.10	72	32.25
18	250	0.260	1.30	72	35.06
19	250	0.360	1.80	73	41.25
20	250	0.500	2.50	73	48.61
21	250	0.300	1.50	73	37.66
22	245	0.300	1.50	73	37.52
23	245	0.320	1.60	73	38.75
24	250	0.360	1.80	73	41.25
25	250	0.460	2.30	73	46.63
AVG VALUES	246		1.586	72	38.26

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 53.96  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 42.80  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 11.06  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 20.54  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 25,775.97  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 14,890.37  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.007  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.312  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 0.95  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 101.79

CENTRAL PARK - NEW LONDON

$\gamma = 1.017$

FORMALDEHYDE RESULTS

P.P. 2910

TEST 1  $V_m = 3.00$

$T_m = 6FF$

$$V_{mstd} = 3.00 \times 1.017 \times \frac{528}{524} \times \frac{29.1}{29.92} \times .02832$$

$$= 2.99 \text{ SCF} = .085 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{57 \mu\text{g}}{.085 \text{ m}^3} = 0.67 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 0.04 \text{ lb/hr.} \quad 0.00002 \text{ \#/ton}$$

TEST 2  $V_m = 3.00$

$T_m = 56F$

$$V_{mstd} = 3.00 \times 1.017 \times \frac{528}{518} \times \frac{29.1}{29.92} \times .02832$$

$$= \frac{3.02}{2.95} \text{ SCF} = \frac{.086}{.084} \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{41}{.086} = 0.71 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 0.04 \text{ lb/hr.} \quad 0.00002 \text{ \#/ton}$$

TEST 3  $V_m = 3.00$

$T_m = 59F$

$$V_{mstd} = 3.00 \times 1.017 \times \frac{528}{519} \times \frac{29.1}{29.92} \times .02832$$

$$= 3.02 \text{ SCF} = .086 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{53 \mu\text{g}}{.086} = 0.62 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 0.03 \text{ lb/hr.} \quad 0.00002 \text{ \#/ton}$$

DATE: 11/12/91

File Code: 4530

Rec'd: 10/24/91

PRELIMINARY STACK TEST REVIEW

By: David Sellers Test Date: 9/24/91

Name of Source: N.E. Asphalt, Control 55 FID #: 114007080

Address: Prospect Road

City: Horicon, WI. Permit #: 114007080 - NO2

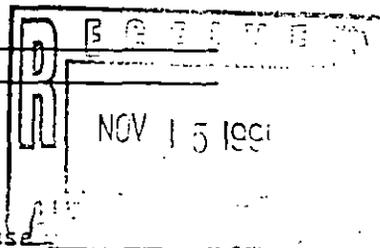
Description of Source Tested: Batch mix Asphalt Plant  
and  
controlled by a baghouse, burning waste oil.

Description of Control Equipment: Standard Havers pulse jet baghouse,  
air/cloth ratio 5.5:1. Namek Bags.

Test Firm: Environmental Technology and Engineering  
Crew Chief & Phone#: Bill Dick 414/794-2434

Pollutant Tested: particulates Test Method: Method 5  
Pollutant Tested: formaldehyde Test Method: NIOSH 3500  
Pollutant Tested: opacity Test Method: Method 9

Test Production Level: 263 TPH  
Rated Production Level: 276 TPH



Discussion of Results:

The stack test is invalid and will have to be redone because

The test average result of 0.004 gr/dscf is  is not  
in compliance with the emission limit of 0.04 gr/dscf.

Formaldehyde Emissions were 0.46 lbs/hr or 0.0018 lbs/ton asphalt.  
Opacity was under the 20% limit.

PARTICULATE CHECKLIST

Name of Source: Northeast Asphalt Control 55 Test Date: 9/24/91

1. Are the isokinetics per run between 90 and 110%? YES  NO   
If the  $\Delta I$  for a run is outside the range, void the run. See 5.
2. Is the sample volume per run  $\geq 30$  DSCF? YES  NO   
If the sample volume for a run is  $< 30$  DSCF, void the run. See 5.
3. Is the sample time per run  $\geq 60$  min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time for a run is  $< 60$  min., void the run. See 5.
4. Is the sample time per sample point  $\geq$  two min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time per point for a run is  $< 2$  min., void the run. See 5.
5. A stack test shall consist of three valid runs or, at a minimum, two valid runs if one run is voided. Is this a valid test? YES  NO   
If no, inform the District or the source that the test is unacceptable and should be redone. Your review is over.
6. Is the total particulate per run added correctly? YES  NO   
If an incorrect total is found, call the consultant and ask for a correction.
7. Was the backhalf included in the total particulate? YES  NO  NSPS  
NSPS sources are exempt from including the backhalf. All other sources must include the backhalf. If they don't, the test is invalid. See 5.

	<u>Run 1</u>	<u>Run 2</u>	<u>Run 3</u>
Eq. 1 Gr/DSCF - 15.43* g of part./sample volume of run in DSCF	0.004	0.004	0.001
Eq. 2 Lb/DSCF - (Gr/DSCF)/7000			
Eq. 3 Lb/Hr - 60*DSCFM*(Lb/DSCF)			
Eq. 4 Lb/10 <sup>6</sup> BTU - (Lb/DSCF)*F Factor*20.9/(20.9-Stack O <sub>2</sub> )			

8. If the emission limit is in Gr/DSCF, Lb/DSCF, Lb/Hr, or Lb/10<sup>6</sup> BTU, solve Eq. 1-4. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.
9. Is the three run (or two run) average correct? YES  NO   
If no, write in the correct average.
10. Is the average result in compliance? YES  NO   
If no, the District should issue an NOV.
11. Was the source operating at a level representative of full capacity? YES  NO   
If no, the permit release may need to provide conditions to cap the source at the test level until a stack test at a higher production level (showing compliance) is performed. If the test was not for permit release, other actions may be warranted.

GASEOUS TEST CHECKLIST

Name of Source: N.E. Asphalt #55 Gas Tested: Formaldehyde Test Date: 9/24/91

1. A stack test shall consist of three valid runs or, at a minimum, two valid runs if one run is voided. Is this a valid test? YES  NO   
 If no, inform the District or the source that the test is unacceptable and should be redone. Your review is over.

	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3
Eq. 1 $PPM_{DRY} - PPM_{WET} / (1 - \% \text{ Moisture as Decimal})$	188ug	171ug	146ug
Eq. 2 $PPM_{DRY} @ 7\% O_2 - PPM_{DRY} * (20.9 - 7) / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$			
Eq. 3 $PPM_{DRY} @ 12\% CO_2 - PPM_{DRY} * 12 / \text{Stack } CO_2$			

2. If the limit is in  $PPM_{DRY}$  or in  $PPM_{DRY}$  corrected to a certain  $O_2$  or  $CO_2$  value, solve Eq. 1-3. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

Eq. 4  $mg/DSCM - PPM_{DRY} * \text{Molecular Weight of Gas} / 24.06$

Eq. 5  $Lb/DSCF - 2.595 * 10^{-9} * PPM_{DRY} * \text{Molecular Weight of Gas}$

Eq. 6  $Lb/DSCF - 6.243 * 10^{-2} * (mg/DSCM)$

Eq. 7  $Lb/Hr - 60 * DSCFM * (Lb/DSCF)$

Run 1	Run 2	Run 3
0.52	0.47	0.39

Eq. 8  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} - (Lb/DSCF) * F \text{ Factor} * 20.9 / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

3. If the limit is in mg/DSCM, Lb/DSCF, Lb/Hr, or Lb/10<sup>6</sup> BTU, solve Eq. 4-8. Eq. 1-3 may also be needed. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO  0.46 avg.  
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

Eq. 9  $\% \text{ Capture Eff.} - \frac{(Lb/Hr \text{ VOC to Control Equip.}) * 100}{(Lb/Hr \text{ VOC input to Process})}$

Eq. 10  $\% \text{ Dest Eff.} - \frac{(Inlet \text{ Lb Per Hr VOC} - Outlet \text{ Lb Per Hr VOC}) * 100}{(Inlet \text{ Lb Per Hr VOC})}$

Eq. 11  $\% \text{ Overall Eff.} - (\% \text{ Cap. Eff.} / 100) * (\% \text{ Dest. Eff.} / 100) * 100$

4. If the limit is in terms of % Capture Eff., % Dest. Eff., or Overall Eff., solve Eq. 9-11. Eq. 1-8 may also be needed. Do your results match the consultant's? Not Applicable  
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/>
YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/>
YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/>

5. Is the three run (or two run) average correct?  
 If no, write in the correct average.

6. Is the average result in compliance?  
 If no, the District should issue an NOV.

7. Was the source operating at a level representative of full capacity?  
 If no, the permit release may need to provide conditions to cap the source at the test level until a stack test at a higher production level (showing compliance) is performed. If the test was not for permit release, other actions may be warranted.
- YES  NO

SUMMARY

On September 24, 1991, Environmental Technology & Engineering Corporation personnel performed a stack emission test on the Northeast Asphalt, Inc. Control 55 asphalt plant located in Horicon, Wisconsin. The average of the three particulate tests show the emissions to be well below the limit of 0.04 grains of particulate matter per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) as specified by the State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) by permit. The numerical test results are summarized below:

Test	Lb/Hr	Emissions	% of Allowable	% / Sc Kinetic
1	1.60	0.004 gr/dscf	10 %	98
2	1.40	0.004	10	96
3	1.29	0.004	10	98
		-----	--	<u>98</u>
AVG	1.43	0.004 gr/dscf	10 %	97

In addition, the permit also required testing for formaldehyde emissions. The following table presents the numerical results:

Test	LB/HR	LB/TON
1	0.52 lb/hr	0.0020 lb/ton
2	0.47	0.0018
3	0.40	0.0015
	-----	----
AVG	0.46 lb/hr	0.0018 lb/ton

The permit also required that opacity observations be performed concurrently with the particulate test. All individual readings were either 0 or 5 % and thus the six minute average opacities were all well below the permit limit of 20 %.

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.300  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2450  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 20.444  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 40.63  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 150.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0115  
 CO2 = 4.20 O2 = 15.00 CO = 0.00 N2 = 80.80

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	265	0.680	1.36	56	56.64
2	265	0.780	1.56	57	60.66
3	270	0.700	1.40	58	57.66
4	270	0.680	1.36	58	56.83
5	270	0.800	1.60	58	61.64
6	275	0.800	1.60	59	61.85
7	275	0.740	1.48	60	59.49
8	275	0.680	1.36	60	57.03
9	280	0.820	1.64	62	62.84
10	280	0.760	1.52	63	60.49
11	280	0.700	1.40	63	58.06
12	280	0.680	1.36	64	57.22
13	280	0.740	1.48	66	59.69
14	280	0.660	1.32	68	56.37
15	280	0.700	1.40	69	58.06
16	280	0.700	1.40	72	58.06
17	280	0.760	1.52	74	60.49
18	280	0.640	1.28	76	55.51
19	280	0.700	1.40	77	58.06
20	280	0.640	1.28	78	55.51
21	280	0.640	1.28	82	55.51
22	280	0.640	1.28	83	55.51
23	280	0.660	1.32	84	56.37
24	280	0.600	1.20	85	53.75
AVG VALUES	277		1.408	68	58.05

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 47.06  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 40.00  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 7.06  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 15.00  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 71,211.91  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 42,439.81  
 , m3/hr = 72,113.72  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.004  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.007  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 1.60  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 98.11



BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.300  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2450  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 20.444  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 40.02  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 169.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0093  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 4.20 O<sub>2</sub> = 14.80 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.00

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	275	0.660	1.32	92	56.39
2	280	0.740	1.48	92	59.92
3	275	0.740	1.48	92	59.71
4	275	0.700	1.40	92	58.08
5	275	0.820	1.64	93	62.86
6	275	0.780	1.56	83	61.31
7	270	0.740	1.48	92	59.51
8	270	0.680	1.36	92	57.05
9	280	0.700	1.40	92	58.27
10	280	0.760	1.52	92	60.72
11	280	0.800	1.60	92	62.30
12	280	0.700	1.40	92	58.27
13	275	0.700	1.40	92	58.08
14	275	0.740	1.48	92	59.71
15	275	0.760	1.52	92	60.51
16	280	0.700	1.40	92	58.27
17	280	0.780	1.56	92	61.51
18	280	0.660	1.32	92	56.58
19	275	0.720	1.44	93	58.90
20	275	0.620	1.24	93	54.66
21	275	0.640	1.28	93	55.53
22	275	0.640	1.28	93	55.53
23	275	0.680	1.36	93	57.24
24	280	0.680	1.36	93	57.44
AVG VALUES	276		1.428	92	58.68

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 47.47  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 39.51  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 7.95  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 16.76  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 71,981.15  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 42,036.31  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 71,428.09  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.004  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.006  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 1.29  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 97.85

NORTHEAST ASPHALT  
CONTROL 55 - HORIZON  
FORMALDEHYDE CALCULATIONS

$P_p = 29.30$

TEST 1  $V_M = 2.00$   $T_M = 62 F$

$\delta = 1.079$

205 TPH  $V_{Mstd} = 2.00 + 1.079 + \frac{5 \times 8}{522} * \frac{29.3}{29.92}$   
 $= 2.045 \text{ SCF} = .058 \text{ m}^3$

$C = \frac{188 \text{ ug}}{.058} = 3.24 \text{ mg/m}^3$   
 $ER = 0.52 \text{ \#/hr}$   
 $= .0020 \text{ \#/ton}$

TEST 2  $V_M = 2.00$   $T_M = 60 F$

205 TPH  $V_{Mstd} = 2.05$  SCF =  $.058 \text{ m}^3$

$C = \frac{171 \text{ ug}}{.058} = 2.95 \text{ mg/m}^3$

$ER = 0.47 \text{ \#/hr}$   
 $= .0018 \text{ \#/ton}$

TEST 3  $V_M = 2.00$   $T_M = 55 F$

205 TPH  $V_{Mstd} = 2.07$  SCF =  $.058 \text{ m}^3$

$C = \frac{146 \text{ ug}}{.058} = 2.52 \text{ mg/m}^3$

$ER = 0.40 \text{ \#/hr}$   
 $= .0015 \text{ \#/ton}$

CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

DATE: 3-23-92

File Code: 4530

PRELIMINARY STACK TEST REVIEW Receiv: 11/1/91

By: A. Suker Test Date: 9-17-91

Name of Source: Northwest Asphalt #59 (P<sub>2</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> D-100) FID #: 999 187 860

Address: Hwy 21 + Cty T Stack #: N/A

City: Wautoma, WI Process #: P30

Permit #: 999187860 - N01 Date Issued: 9-11-87

Description of Source Tested: Batchmix asphalt plant. The plant was fired w/ waste fuel oil.

Description of Control Equipment: Baghouse reverse pulse

Test Firm: ET & E  
Crew Chief & Phone#: Bill Dick (414) 784-2434

Pollutant Tested: Particulate Test Method: 17  
Pollutant Tested: HCHO Test Method: NIOSH 3500  
Pollutant Tested: \_\_\_\_\_ Test Method: \_\_\_\_\_

Test Production Level: 150 T/hr (100% virgin)  
Rated Production Level: 200 T/hr

Discussion of Results:

Poll. Test Ave. =	<u>0.094</u>	Limit =	<u>0.3 #/10<sup>3</sup> # gas</u>	In Compliance? <input checked="" type="radio"/> N
Poll. Test Ave. =	<u>0.29 or 2540 #/hr</u>	Limit =	<u>0.029 #/hr or 250 #/hr HCHO</u>	In Compliance? <input checked="" type="radio"/> Y
Poll. Test Ave. =	_____	Limit =	_____	In Compliance? <input type="radio"/> Y <input type="radio"/> N
Poll. Test Ave. =	_____	Limit =	_____	In Compliance? <input type="radio"/> Y <input type="radio"/> N

Is This a Valid Test?  N If answer is no, please indicate the reason.

Test may be reviewed in depth later, if necessary.

→ CC Joe Perez-AM/10  
US EPA Region V  
Stan Mermall - Oshkosh Area  
G. Volpentesta - SED  
M. Griffin - SED

Partic. Method 17?  
No Process Description

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PARTICULATE CHECKLIST

Name of Source: Northwest Asphalt #59 Test Date: 9-17-91

1. Are the isokinetics per run between 90 and 110%? YES  NO   
If the %I for a run is outside the range, void the run. See 5.
2. Is the sample volume per run  $\geq$  30 DSCF? YES  NO   
If the sample volume for a run is  $<$  30 DSCF, void the run. See 5.
3. Is the sample time per run  $\geq$  60 min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time for a run is  $<$  60 min., void the run. See 5.
4. Is the sample time per sample point  $\geq$  two min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time per point for a run is  $<$  two min., void the run. See 5.
5. A stack test shall consist of three valid runs or, at a minimum, two valid runs if one run is voided. Is this a valid test? YES  NO   
If no, inform the District or the source that the test is unacceptable and should be redone. Your review is over.
6. Is the total particulate per run added correctly? YES  NO   
If an incorrect total is found, correct the total and the results or call the consultant and ask for a correction.
7. Was the backhalf included in the total particulate? YES  NO   
NSPS sources are exempt from including the backhalf. All other sources must include the backhalf. If they don't, the test is invalid. See 5.

Eq. 1  $Gr/DSCF = 15.43 * g \text{ of part./sample volume of run in DSCF}$

Eq. 2  $Gr/DSCF @ 12\% CO_2 = (Gr/DSCF) * 12 / \text{Stack } CO_2$

Eq. 3  $Gr/DSCF @ 7\% O_2 = (Gr/DSCF) * (20.9 - 7) / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

Eq. 4  $Lb/DSCF = (Gr/DSCF) / 7000$     Eq. 5  $Lb/MLb_{DRY} = 385.6 * 10^3 * (Lb/DSCF) / MW_{DRY}$

Eq. 6  $Lb/MLb_{WET} = 385.6 * 10^3 * (Lb/DSCF) * (1 - (\% \text{ Moisture} / 100)) / MW_{WET}$

Eq. 7  $Lb/Hr = 60 * DSCFM * (Lb/DSCF)$     Eq. 8  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/Hr) / (10^6 \text{ BTU/Hr})$

Eq. 9  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/DSCF) * F \text{ Factor} * 20.9 / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

8. If the emission limit is in Gr/DSCF, Lb/DSCF, Lb/MLb, Lb/Hr or Lb/10<sup>6</sup> BTU, solve the needed Eq. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.
9. Is the three run (or two run) average correct? YES  NO   
If no, write in the correct average.
10. Is the average result in compliance? YES  NO   
If no, the District should issue an NOV.
11. Was the source operating at a level representative of full capacity? YES  NO   
If no, the permit release may need to provide conditions to cap the source at the test level until a stack test at a higher production level (showing compliance) is performed. If the test was not for permit release, other actions may be warranted.

GASEOUS TEST CHECKLIST

Name of Source: A.C. Smith #59 Gas Tested: HCHO Test Date: 9-17-92

1. A stack test shall consist of three valid runs or, at a minimum, two valid runs if one run is voided. Is this a valid test? YES  NO   
 If no, inform the District or the source that the test is unacceptable and should be redone. Your review is over.

Eq. 1  $PPM_{DRY} = PPM_{WET} / (1 - \% \text{ Moisture as Decimal})$

Eq. 2  $PPM_{DRY@ 7\% O_2} = PPM_{DRY} * (20.9 - 7) / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

Eq. 3  $PPM_{DRY@ 12\% CO_2} = PPM_{DRY} * 12 / \text{Stack } CO_2$

2. If the limit is in  $PPM_{DRY}$  or in  $PPM_{DRY}$  corrected to a certain  $O_2$  or  $CO_2$  value, solve Eq. 1-3. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

Eq. 4  $mg/DSCM = PPM_{DRY} * \text{Molecular Weight of Gas} / 24.06$

Eq. 5  $Lb/DSCF = 2.595 * 10^{-9} * PPM_{DRY} * \text{Molecular Weight of Gas}$

Eq. 6  $Lb/DSCF = 6.243 * 10^{-8} * (mg/DSCM)$

Eq. 7  $Lb/Hr = 60 * DSCFM * (Lb/DSCF)$  Eq. 8  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/Hr) * (10^6 \text{ BTU/Hr})$

Eq. 9  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/DSCF) * F \text{ Factor} * 20.9 / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

3. If the limit is in  $mg/DSCM$ ,  $Lb/DSCF$ ,  $Lb/Hr$ , or  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU}$ , solve Eq. 4-9. Eq. 1-3 may also be needed. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

Eq. 10  $\% \text{ Capture Eff.} = \frac{(Lb \text{ VOC/Hr to Control Equip.}) * 100}{(Lb \text{ VOC/Hr Input to Process})}$

Eq. 11  $\% \text{ Destruction Eff.} = \frac{(\text{Inlet } Lb \text{ VOC/Hr} - \text{Outlet } Lb \text{ VOC/Hr}) * 100}{(\text{Inlet } Lb \text{ VOC/Hr})}$

Eq. 12  $\% \text{ Overall Eff.} = (\% \text{ Cap. Eff.} / 100) * (\% \text{ Dest. Eff.} / 100) * 100$

4. If the limit is in terms of  $\% \text{ Capture Eff.}$ ,  $\% \text{ Dest. Eff.}$ , or Overall Eff., solve Eq. 9-12. Eq. 1-8 may also be needed. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

5. Is the three run (or two run) average correct? YES  NO   
 If no, write in the correct average.

6. Is the average result in compliance? YES  NO   
 If no, the District should issue an NOV.

7. Was the source operating at a level representative of full capacity? YES  NO   
 If no, the permit release may need to provide conditions to cap the source at the test level until a stack test at a higher production level (showing compliance) is performed. If the test was not for permit release, other actions may be warranted.

### SUMMARY

On September 17, 1991, Environmental Technology & Engineering Corporation personnel performed a stack emission test on the Northeast Asphalt, Inc. Control 59 asphalt plant located in Wautoma, Wisconsin. The average of the three particulate tests show the emissions to be well below the limit of 0.30 pounds of particulate matter per 1000 pounds of exhaust gas (lb/1000 lb) as specified by the State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) by permit. The numerical test results are summarized below:

Test	Emissions	% of Allowable
1	0.093 lb/1000 lb	31 %
2	0.087	29
3	0.102	34
	-----	--
AVG	0.094 lb/1000 lb	31 %

In addition, the permit also required testing for formaldehyde emissions. The following table presents the numerical results:

Test	LB/HR	LB/TON
1	0.25 lb/hr	0.0017 lb/ton
2	0.32	0.0022
3	0.30	0.0020
	-----	----
AVG	0.29 lb/hr	0.0020 lb/ton

The permit also required that opacity observations be performed concurrently with the particulate test. All individual readings were either 0 or 5 % and thus the six minute average opacities were all well below the permit limit of 20 %.

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.300  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2450  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 20.444  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 40.02  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 169.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0093  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 4.20 O<sub>2</sub> = 14.80 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.00

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	275	0.660	1.32	92	56.39
2	280	0.740	1.48	92	59.92
3	275	0.740	1.48	92	59.71
4	275	0.700	1.40	92	58.08
5	275	0.820	1.64	93	62.86
6	275	0.780	1.56	83	61.31
7	270	0.740	1.48	92	59.51
8	270	0.680	1.36	92	57.05
9	280	0.700	1.40	92	58.27
10	280	0.760	1.52	92	60.72
11	280	0.800	1.60	92	62.30
12	280	0.700	1.40	92	58.27
13	275	0.700	1.40	92	58.08
14	275	0.740	1.48	92	59.71
15	275	0.760	1.52	92	60.51
16	280	0.700	1.40	92	58.27
17	280	0.780	1.56	92	61.51
18	280	0.660	1.32	92	56.58
19	275	0.720	1.44	93	58.90
20	275	0.620	1.24	93	54.66
21	275	0.640	1.28	93	55.53
22	275	0.640	1.28	93	55.53
23	275	0.680	1.36	93	57.24
24	280	0.680	1.36	93	57.44
AVG VALUES	276		1.428	92	58.68

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 47.47  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 39.51  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 7.95  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 16.76  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 71,981.15  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 42,036.31  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 71,428.09  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.004  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.006  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 1.29  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 97.85

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.250  
 TIP DIAMETER, in = .2450  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 9.472  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 45.07  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 225.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.1677  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 4.00 O<sub>2</sub> = 14.80 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.20

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	290	1.400	2.45	68	83.53
2	290	1.250	2.20	69	78.93
3	290	1.100	1.90	70	74.04
4	295	0.950	1.65	70	69.04
5	290	0.700	1.20	71	59.07
6	285	0.700	1.20	72	58.87
7	290	1.250	2.20	74	78.93
8	290	1.000	1.75	75	70.60
9	295	0.850	1.50	76	65.30
10	290	0.800	1.40	77	63.14
11	295	0.750	1.30	78	61.34
12	290	0.700	1.20	79	59.07
13	295	1.650	2.85	82	90.99
14	290	1.350	2.35	83	82.03
15	295	1.000	1.75	84	70.83
16	295	0.850	1.50	86	65.30
17	295	0.800	1.40	89	63.35
18	295	0.700	1.20	90	59.26
19	295	1.800	3.10	91	95.03
20	285	1.600	2.80	93	89.00
21	285	1.250	2.20	93	78.67
22	280	1.050	1.85	94	71.86
23	280	0.900	1.55	96	66.53
24	280	0.700	1.20	97	58.67
AVG VALUES	290		1.821	82	71.39

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 55.00  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 44.41  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 10.59  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 19.25  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 40,572.80  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 22,518.63  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 38,263.66  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.058  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.093  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 10.97  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 95.12

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.250  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2450  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 9.472  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 44.00  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 221.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.1566  
 CO2 = 4.20 O2 = 14.80 CO = 0.00 N2 = 81.00

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	285	1.400	2.45	98	83.22
2	290	1.300	2.25	99	80.46
3	290	1.100	1.90	99	74.02
4	290	0.900	1.55	99	66.95
5	290	0.900	1.55	99	66.95
6	290	0.750	1.30	100	61.12
7	295	1.300	2.25	100	80.73
8	295	1.100	1.90	100	74.26
9	295	0.900	1.55	101	67.17
10	290	0.800	1.40	102	63.12
11	290	0.800	1.40	103	63.12
12	290	0.800	1.40	103	63.12
13	290	1.600	2.80	104	89.27
14	295	1.300	2.25	105	80.73
15	285	1.000	1.75	105	70.34
16	280	0.900	1.55	107	66.50
17	285	0.800	1.40	108	62.91
18	280	0.700	1.20	108	58.65
19	280	1.800	3.10	109	94.05
20	280	1.600	2.80	110	88.67
21	285	1.200	2.10	110	77.05
22	285	1.000	1.75	111	70.34
23	285	0.900	1.55	111	66.73
24	280	0.700	1.20	112	58.65
AVG VALUES	288		1.848	104	72.01

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 53.88  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 43.48  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 10.40  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 19.31  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 40,922.08  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 22,773.94  
 , m3/hr = 38,697.48  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.056  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.087  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 10.42  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 92.07

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.250  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2450  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 9.472  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 44.28  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 218.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.1840  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 4.00 O<sub>2</sub> = 14.60 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.40

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	285	1.400	2.45	107	83.22
2	290	1.250	2.20	108	78.89
3	290	1.000	1.75	108	70.57
4	290	0.950	1.65	108	68.78
5	290	0.900	1.55	108	66.94
6	285	0.750	1.30	109	60.91
7	290	1.300	2.25	109	80.46
8	295	1.200	2.10	109	77.56
9	295	1.000	1.75	109	70.80
10	290	0.800	1.40	109	63.12
11	290	0.750	1.30	109	61.11
12	290	0.700	1.20	109	59.04
13	290	1.650	2.85	110	90.64
14	285	1.300	2.25	110	80.19
15	285	1.000	1.75	110	70.33
16	285	0.950	1.65	110	68.55
17	285	0.850	1.50	110	64.84
18	285	0.700	1.20	110	58.84
19	285	1.800	3.10	112	94.36
20	285	1.600	2.80	113	88.96
21	285	1.250	2.20	113	78.63
22	280	1.000	1.75	113	70.09
23	280	0.850	1.50	113	64.62
24	280	0.750	1.30	114	60.70
AVG VALUES	287		1.865	110	72.17

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 54.05  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 43.79  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 10.26  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 18.99  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 41,017.22  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 22,930.46  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 38,963.43  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.065  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.102  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 12.24  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 92.09

NORTHEAST ASPHALT  
CONTRACT 59 - WAUTOMA  
FORMALDEHYDE CALCULATIONS

$P_p = 29.25$

TEST 1  $V_M = 1.80$   $T_M = 67 F$

$\gamma = 1.029$

145 TPH  $V_{M_{std}} = 1.80 \times 1.029 \times \frac{528}{527} \times \frac{29.25}{29.92}$

$$= 1.81 \text{ SCF} = .051 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{153 \text{ } \mu\text{g}}{.051} = 3.00 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 0.25 \text{ \#/hr.}$$

$$= .0017 \text{ \#/hr}$$

TEST 2  $V_M = 2.00$   $T_M = 72 F$

$$V_{M_{std}} = 2.00 \text{ SCF} = .057 \text{ m}^3$$

147 TPH

$$C = \frac{216 \text{ } \mu\text{g}}{.057} = 3.79 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 0.32 \text{ \#/hr.}$$

$$= .0022 \text{ \#/hr}$$

TEST 3  $V_M = 2.00$   $T_M = 80 F$

$$V_{M_{std}} = 1.97 \text{ SCF} = .056 \text{ m}^3$$

147 TPH

$$C = \frac{196 \text{ } \mu\text{g}}{.056} = 3.50 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 0.30 \text{ \#/hr.}$$

$$= .0020 \text{ \#/hr}$$

CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

State of Wisconsin

DATE: March 11, 1991

FILE REF: 4530

TO: Files

FROM: Andy Seeber - AM/3

SUBJECT: Review of Stack Test Performed at Northeast Asphalt (Control #54),  
Shawano

*Received: 11/6/90*

I. Source

Northeast Asphalt Inc. - Plant #54  
451 Woodside Road  
Green Bay, WI 54301  
FID # 436041760, Stack S10, Process P30  
Permit # 436041760-N01 Issued: May 18, 1989  
Test Date: September 26, 1990  
Test Firm: Environmental Technology & Engineering Corp.  
13020 Bluemound Road  
Elm Grove, WI 53122  
Crew Chief: Mr. Bill Dick (414) 784-2434

II. Source Description

The source tested was a Hetherington & Burner MV-48 batch mix asphalt plant rated at 200 TPH. During the test the plant was producing 180 TPH and the mix was composed of 70% virgin material and 30% recycle. The plant was fired with waste oil. Particulate emissions are controlled by a baghouse.

III. Discussion of Results

The test results are shown in Table 1. The average emission concentration of 0.173 lb/10<sup>3</sup> lb gas is below the emission limit of 0.30 lb/10<sup>3</sup> lb gas.

ET&E used EPA Method 5 including the backhalf. I checked over the results and made minor corrections to the emission results. The report contained calibration data for the sampling equipment and production data for the plant.

v:\9103\am9noe54.ars

cc: Mike DeBrock - LMD  
Joe Perez - AM/3  
U.S. EPA Region V

No Process Description.  
Everything else OK.

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## 2.0 RESULTS

### 2.1 Particulate Emissions

Isokinetic sampling for particulate matter was performed in accordance with the procedures outlined in EPA Method 5 - "Determination of Particulate Emissions from Stationary Sources" - as published in the Federal Register. The "back half" particulate was also determined in accordance with the "Modified Method 5 Test Method for Condensable Particulate" published by the DNR. A brief summary of this method is included in section 3.0 of this report. The tests were performed in the final discharge stack at the location shown in Figure 2-1. This same figure also depicts the location of the exact test points relative to the stack wall. The stack flow parameters recorded during testing and the weights of particulate collected were used to compute the emissions for each test of the three-test sequence. These data were then entered into a computer and printouts showing detailed results are included as Tables 2-1, 2-2, and 2-3.

The three individual tests as well as the average of the three particulate tests show the emissions to be below the limit of 0.30 pounds of particulate matter per 1,000 pounds of exhaust gas (lb/1000 lb) as specified by the State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) in a mandatory operation permit. The numerical test results are summarized below:

Test	Emissions	% of Allowable
1	0.170 <del>0.164</del> lb/1000 lb	55 %
2	0.175 0.172	57
3	0.173 0.170	57
AVG	0.173 <del>0.169</del> lb/1000 lb	56 %

### 2.2 Formaldehyde Emissions

The formaldehyde emissions were determined concurrently with the particulate and opacity observations using NIOSH Method 3500. A brief description of the method is included in section 3.0 of this report. The numerical results are presented below:

Test	Sample Vol - DSCF	LB/HR	LB/TON
1 128	2.92	0.14 lb/hr	0.0008 lb/ton
2 171	2.93	0.18	0.0010
3 137	2.34	0.15	0.0008
AVG		0.16 lb/hr	0.0009 lb/ton

NORTHEAST ASPHALT SHAWANO

TEST 1

TABLE 2-1

9-26-90

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.400  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2400  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 11.516  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 4.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 15  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 38.55  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 228.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.2619 .2639  
 CO2 = 4.40 O2 = 14.60 CO = 0.00 N2 = 81.00

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	325	1.000	1.60	61	72.31
2	325	0.940	1.50	64	70.10
3	325	0.900	1.45	66	68.60
4	325	0.900	1.45	70	68.60
5	320	0.760	1.25	72	62.83
6	325	0.900	1.45	77	68.60
7	325	0.860	1.40	80	67.05
8	325	0.860	1.40	83	67.05
9	325	0.860	1.40	86	67.05
10	320	0.760	1.25	90	62.83
11	320	0.920	1.50	94	69.13
12	320	0.840	1.30	98	66.06
13	315	0.800	1.28	100	64.26
14	315	0.800	1.28	102	64.26
15	310	0.640	1.00	103	57.29
AVG VALUES	321		1.367	83	66.40

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 49.90  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 39.17  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 10.73  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 21.51  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 45,880.99  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 23,876.24  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.1032  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 21.148  
 LB PARTICULATE PER 1000 LB GAS = 0.766 .173  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 100.16

NORTHEAST ASPHALT SHAWANO

TEST 2

TABLE 2-2

9-26-90

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.400  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2400  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 11.516  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 4.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 15  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 37.40  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 259.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.2723  
 CO2 = 4.50 O2 = 14.50 CO = 0.00 N2 = 81.00

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	310	0.960	1.52	103	70.56
2	310	0.860	1.36	107	66.78
3	310	0.860	1.36	110	66.78
4	310	0.800	1.28	111	64.41
5	310	0.660	1.06	112	58.51
6	310	0.860	1.36	114	66.78
7	310	0.900	1.45	116	68.32
8	310	0.900	1.45	117	68.32
9	310	0.820	1.30	118	65.21
10	305	0.760	1.22	120	62.58
11	310	1.040	1.65	120	73.44
12	310	0.900	1.45	121	68.32
13	310	0.860	1.36	121	66.78
14	310	0.820	1.30	122	65.21
15	305	0.760	1.22	122	62.58
AVG VALUES	309		1.356	116	66.31

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 50.34  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 38.15  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 12.19  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 24.22  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 45,815.31  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 23,396.43  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.1101  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 22.047  
 LB PARTICULATE PER 1000 LB GAS = 0.175  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 99.62

NORTHEAST ASPHALT SHAWANO

TEST 3

TABLE 2-3 9-26-90

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.400  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2400  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 11.516  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 4.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 15  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 37.08  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 244.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.2662  
 CO2 = 4.60 O2 = 14.40 CO = 0.00 N2 = 81.00

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	310	0.920	1.47	127	68.92
2	315	0.860	1.36	128	66.85
3	315	0.860	1.36	129	66.85
4	310	0.860	1.36	130	66.64
5	310	0.780	1.25	130	63.46
6	310	1.060	1.70	130	73.98
7	310	0.900	1.45	130	68.17
8	310	0.860	1.36	130	66.64
9	310	0.860	1.36	130	66.64
10	305	0.760	1.22	130	62.44
11	310	0.920	1.47	130	68.92
12	310	0.860	1.36	130	66.64
13	310	0.820	1.30	130	65.07
14	305	0.800	1.28	130	64.06
15	305	0.660	1.06	130	58.19
AVG VALUES	310		1.357	130	66.23

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 49.37  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 37.88  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 11.49  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 23.27  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 49,762.90  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 23,653.60  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.1084  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 21.748  
 LB PARTICULATE PER 1000 LB GAS = 0.770  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 97.85

NORTHEAST ASPHALT  
SHAWANO

10/1/90

FORMALDEHYDE

SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE LIQ VOL	LIQ ALIQ mL	CHL ACID VOL	RDG	RDG LESS BLANK	MG/ALIQ	MG/SAMPLE
ARKAY	27.9	3.0	1.0	CLOUDY, NO COLOR		41	49
S 1	38.1	3.0		.782	.764	~9.1	
		1.0		.286	.268	3.35	128
S 2A	25.0	3.0		1.5 +			
		1.0		.534	.516	6.38	160
S 2B+C	30.8	3.0		.103	.085	1.05	11
							171
S 3A	28.0	3.0		1.077			
		1.0		.400	.382	4.76	133
S 3B+C	15.7	3.0		0.078	.060	0.74	4
							137
FLD BLK	-	3.0		.018	-		
<u>STD</u>							
0 3 MD	-	3.0		.018	-		
1	-	3.0		.099	.081		
3	-	3.0		.260	.242		
5	-	3.0		.416	.398		
8	-	3.0	✓	.666	.648		

NAME OF SOURCE: PAYNE & DOLAN #54

LOCATION OF SOURCE: SHAWANO

PROCESS TESTED:

DATE OF TEST: 102690

RUN NUMBER: 1

N NUMBER OF SAMPLING POINTS= 15

VM DGM VOL,METER COND DRY= 38.627 CFD

PB BAR PRESS,STATION= 29.4 IN HG

VL TOTAL VOL OF WATER COLLECTED= 228 ML

%CO2 % CARBON DIOXIDE BY VOL,DRY BASIS= 4.4 %

%O2 % OXYGEN BY VOL,DRY BASIS= 14.6 %

%CO % CARBON MONOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 0 %

%N2 % NITROGEN BY VOL,DRY BASIS= 81 %

CP PITOT TUBE COEFFICIENT= .85

PS STACK PRESS= 29.1 IN HG

AS AREA OF THE SAMPLING SITE= 11.516 SQ FEET

MT TOTAL DRY PARTICULATE= .2639 GM

T TOTAL SAMPLING TIME= 60 MIN

AN AREA OF THE NOZZLE= .000314 SQ FEET

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA

SAMPLING POINT NUMBER	STACK	VELOCITY	SQ ROOT	ORIFICE METER	DRY GAS METER	METER	
	TEMP DEG F	PRESS IN H2O	VEL PRESS	PRESS DROP IN H2O	TEMP DEG F	INLET	OUTLET
1	325.0	1.000	1.00000	1.600	68.0	68.0	
2	325.0	0.940	0.96954	1.500	68.0	68.0	
3	325.0	0.900	0.94868	1.450	68.0	68.0	
4	325.0	0.900	0.94868	1.450	68.0	68.0	
5	320.0	0.760	0.87178	1.250	68.0	68.0	
6	325.0	0.900	0.94868	1.450	68.0	68.0	
7	325.0	0.860	0.92736	1.400	68.0	68.0	
8	325.0	0.860	0.92736	1.400	68.0	68.0	
9	325.0	0.860	0.92736	1.400	68.0	68.0	
10	320.0	0.760	0.87178	1.250	68.0	68.0	
11	320.0	0.920	0.95917	1.500	68.0	68.0	
12	320.0	0.840	0.91652	1.300	68.0	68.0	
13	315.0	0.800	0.89443	1.280	68.0	68.0	
14	315.0	0.800	0.89443	1.280	68.0	68.0	
15	310.0	0.640	0.80000	1.000	68.0	68.0	
AVERAGE	TS=		SR(VP)=	OP=	TM=		
VALUES	781.3334 DEG R		.9203845	1.367333 IN H2O	528 DEG R		

CALCULATED RESULTS

TS STACK TEMPERATURE = 321.3334 DEG F  
VMSTD DGM VOL,STD COND DRY= 38.08546 SCFD  
VWSTD VOL OF WATER VAPOR,STD COND= 10.73196 SCF  
%M % MOISTURE IN STACK GAS BY VOL,STD COND= 21.98387 %  
MD MOLE FRACTION OF DRY GAS= .7801613  
MWD MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS,DRY BASIS= 29.288 LB/LB-MOLE  
MWS MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS,WET BASIS= 26.80646 LB/LB-MOLE  
VS AVE STACK GAS VELOCITY,STACK COND= 66.93535 FPS  
QACT ACTUAL STACK GAS FLOW RATE= 46249.65 CFM  
QSTD AVE STACK GAS FLOW RATE,STD COND DRY= 23714.93 SCFMD  
%EA AVE % EXCESS AIR= 215.2123 %  
PMRA AVE PMR BY RATIO OF AREAS METHOD= 21.33772 LB/HR  
PMRC AVE PMR BY CONC METHOD= 21.73651 LB/HR  
PMR(AVE) AVE PMR,STD COND DRY= 21.53711 LB/HR  
C EMISSION CONC,STD COND DRY= .1069168 GR/SCFD  
DGR AVE STACK GAS RATE,STD COND DRY= 108078.4 LB/HR  
LB/MLB EMISSION CONC,STD COND DRY= .199273 LB/MLB OF DRY GAS  
WGR AVE STACK GAS RATE,STD COND WET= 126795.6 LB/HR  
LB/MLB EMISSION CONC,STD COND WET= .1698569 LB/MLB OF WET GAS  
%ISR % ISOKINETIC RATIO= 98.16536 %

NAME OF SOURCE: PAYNE & DOLAN #54

LOCATION OF SOURCE: SHAWANO

PROCESS TESTED:

DATE OF TEST: 102690

RUN NUMBER: 2

N NUMBER OF SAMPLING POINTS= 15

VM DGM VOL, METER COND DRY= 37.624 CFD

PB BAR PRESS, STATION= 29.4 IN HG

VL TOTAL VOL OF WATER COLLECTED= 259 ML

%CO2 % CARBON DIOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 4.5 %

%O2 % OXYGEN BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 14.5 %

%CO % CARBON MONOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 0 %

%N2 % NITROGEN BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 81 %

CP PITOT TUBE COEFFICIENT= .85

PS STACK PRESS= 29.1 IN HG

AS AREA OF THE SAMPLING SITE= 11.516 SQ FEET

MT TOTAL DRY PARTICULATE= .2723 GM

T TOTAL SAMPLING TIME= 60 MIN

AN AREA OF THE NOZZLE= .000314 SQ FEET

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA

SAMPLING POINT NUMBER	STACK TEMP DEG F	VELOCITY	SQ ROOT	ORIFICE METER	DRY GAS METER	
		PRESS IN H2O	VEL PRESS	PRESS DROP IN H2O	TEMP DEG F INLET	METER OUTLET
1	310.0	0.960	0.97980	1.520	68.0	68.0
2	310.0	0.860	0.92736	1.360	68.0	68.0
3	310.0	0.860	0.92736	1.360	68.0	68.0
4	310.0	0.800	0.89443	1.280	68.0	68.0
5	310.0	0.660	0.81240	1.060	68.0	68.0
6	310.0	0.860	0.92736	1.360	68.0	68.0
7	310.0	0.900	0.94868	1.450	68.0	68.0
8	310.0	0.900	0.94868	1.450	68.0	68.0
9	310.0	0.820	0.90554	1.300	68.0	68.0
10	305.0	0.760	0.87178	1.220	68.0	68.0
11	310.0	1.040	1.01980	1.650	68.0	68.0
12	310.0	0.900	0.94868	1.450	68.0	68.0
13	310.0	0.860	0.92736	1.360	68.0	68.0
14	310.0	0.820	0.90554	1.300	68.0	68.0
15	305.0	0.760	0.87178	1.220	68.0	68.0

AVERAGE	TS=	SR(VP)=	OP=	TM=
VALUES	769.3334 DEG R	.9211042	1.356 IN H2O	528 DEG R

CALCULATED RESULTS

TS STACK TEMPERATURE = 309.3334 DEG F  
VMSTD DGM VOL,STD COND DRY= 37.09549 SCFD  
VWSTD VOL OF WATER VAPOR,STD COND= 12.19113 SCF  
%M % MOISTURE IN STACK GAS BY VOL,STD COND= 24.73517 %  
MD MOLE FRACTION OF DRY GAS= .7526482  
MWD MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS,DRY BASIS= 29.3 LB/LB-MOLE  
MWS MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS,WET BASIS= 26.50492 LB/LB-MOLE  
VS AVE STACK GAS VELOCITY,STACK COND= 66.84832 FPS  
QACT ACTUAL STACK GAS FLOW RATE= 46189.52 CFM  
QSTD AVE STACK GAS FLOW RATE,STD COND DRY= 23205.25 SCFMD  
%EA AVE % EXCESS AIR= 210.6333 %  
PMRA AVE PMR BY RATIO OF AREAS METHOD= 22.0169 LB/HR  
PMRC AVE PMR BY CONC METHOD= 22.53204 LB/HR  
PMR(AVE) AVE PMR,STD COND DRY= 22.27447 LB/HR  
C EMISSION CONC,STD COND DRY= .1132642 GR/SCFD  
DGR AVE STACK GAS RATE,STD COND DRY= 105798.9 LB/HR  
LB/MLB EMISSION CONC,STD COND DRY= .2105359 LB/MLB OF DRY GAS  
WGR AVE STACK GAS RATE,STD COND WET= 127159.3 LB/HR  
LB/MLB EMISSION CONC,STD COND WET= .1751698 LB/MLB OF WET GAS  
%ISR % ISOKINETIC RATIO= 97.71375 %

NAME OF SOURCE: PAYNE & DOLAN #54

LOCATION OF SOURCE: SHAWANO

PROCESS TESTED:

DATE OF TEST: 102690

RUN NUMBER: 3

N NUMBER OF SAMPLING POINTS= 15

VM DGM VOL,METER COND DRY= 37.34 CFD

PB BAR PRESS,STATION= 29.4 IN HG

VL TOTAL VOL OF WATER COLLECTED= 234 ML

%CO2 % CARBON DIOXIDE BY VOL,DRY BASIS= 4.6 %

%O2 % OXYGEN BY VOL,DRY BASIS= 14.4 %

%CO % CARBON MONOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 0 %

%N2 % NITROGEN BY VOL,DRY BASIS= 81 %

CP PITOT TUBE COEFFICIENT= .85

PS STACK PRESS= 29.1 IN HG

AS AREA OF THE SAMPLING SITE= 11.516 SQ FEET

MT TOTAL DRY PARTICULATE= .2662 GM

T TOTAL SAMPLING TIME= 60 MIN

AN AREA OF THE NOZZLE= .000314 SQ FEET

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA

SAMPLING POINT NUMBER	STACK TEMP DEG F	VELOCITY PRESS IN H2O	SQ ROOT VEL PRESS	ORIFICE METER PRESS DROP IN H2O	DRY GAS METER TEMP DEG F	METER INLET	METER OUTLET
1	310.0	0.920	0.95917	1.470	68.0	68.0	
2	315.0	0.860	0.92736	1.360	68.0	68.0	
3	315.0	0.860	0.92736	1.360	68.0	68.0	
4	310.0	0.860	0.92736	1.360	68.0	68.0	
5	310.0	0.780	0.88318	1.250	68.0	68.0	
6	310.0	1.060	1.02956	1.700	68.0	68.0	
7	310.0	0.900	0.94868	1.450	68.0	68.0	
8	310.0	0.860	0.92736	1.360	68.0	68.0	
9	310.0	0.860	0.92736	1.360	68.0	68.0	
10	305.0	0.760	0.87178	1.220	68.0	68.0	
11	310.0	0.920	0.95917	1.470	68.0	68.0	
12	310.0	0.860	0.92736	1.360	68.0	68.0	
13	310.0	0.820	0.90554	1.300	68.0	68.0	
14	305.0	0.800	0.89443	1.280	68.0	68.0	
15	305.0	0.660	0.81240	1.060	68.0	68.0	
AVERAGE	TS=		SR(VP)=	OP=	TM=		
VALUES	769.6666 DEG R		.9218716	1.357333 IN H2O	528 DEG R		

CALCULATED RESULTS

TS STACK TEMPERATURE = 309.6666 DEG F  
VMSTD DGM VOL,STD COND DRY= 36.8156 SCFD  
VWSTD VOL OF WATER VAPOR,STD COND= 11.01438 SCF  
%M % MOISTURE IN STACK GAS BY VOL,STD COND= 23.02819 %  
MD MOLE FRACTION OF DRY GAS= .769718  
MWD MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS,DRY BASIS= 29.312 LB/LB-MOLE  
MWS MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS,WET BASIS= 26.70705 LB/LB-MOLE  
VS AVE STACK GAS VELOCITY,STACK COND= 66.6648 FPS  
QACT ACTUAL STACK GAS FLOW RATE= 46062.71 CFM  
QSTD AVE STACK GAS FLOW RATE,STD COND DRY= 23656.13 SCFMD  
%EA AVE % EXCESS AIR= 206.1855 %  
PMRA AVE PMR BY RATIO OF AREAS METHOD= 21.52368 LB/HR  
PMRC AVE PMR BY CONC METHOD= 22.626 LB/HR  
PMR(AVE) AVE PMR,STD COND DRY= 22.07484 LB/HR  
C EMISSION CONC,STD COND DRY= .1115686 GR/SCFD  
DGR AVE STACK GAS RATE,STD COND DRY= 107898.8 LB/HR  
LB/MLB EMISSION CONC,STD COND DRY= .2045884 LB/MLB OF DRY GAS  
WGR AVE STACK GAS RATE,STD COND WET= 127721.9 LB/HR  
LB/MLB EMISSION CONC,STD COND WET= .1728352 LB/MLB OF WET GAS  
%ISR % ISOKINETIC RATIO= 95.12811 %

CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

DATE: 2-19-92

File Code: 4530

PRELIMINARY STACK TEST REVIEW

Received: 9/19/91

By: A. Seiber - Test Date: 8-20-91

Name of Source: Northeast Asphalt (#21) FID #: 999 014 170

Address: \_\_\_\_\_ Stack #: W/L

City: Denmark, WI Process #: W/L

Permit #: 90-DAA-249 Date Issued: 2-26-91

Description of Source Tested: Rotary drum mix asphalt plant

Description of Control Equipment: Scrubber

Test Firm: ITE

Crew Chief & Phone#: Bill Dick (614) 724-2434

Pollutant Tested: Part. Test Method: 17

Pollutant Tested: HCHO Test Method: NIOSH 3500

Pollutant Tested: OP Test Method: Method 9

Test Production Level: 300 TD4 (55% virgin + 45% recycle)

Rated Production Level: \_\_\_\_\_

Discussion of Results:

Poll. Test Ave. -	<u>0.00761 Part/DSCF</u>	Limit -	<u>0.039 gr/dscf</u>	In Compliance? <input checked="" type="radio"/> N
Poll. Test Ave. -	<u>0.231 LB HCHO/Hr</u>	Limit -	<u>0.29 #/hr</u>	In Compliance? Y <input checked="" type="radio"/> N
Poll. Test Ave. -	<u>15.490 OP</u>	Limit -	<u>20 %</u>	In Compliance? Y <input checked="" type="radio"/> N
Poll. Test Ave. -	_____	Limit -	_____	In Compliance? Y <input type="radio"/> N

Is This a Valid Test?  N If answer is no see page 2.

\* Test may be reviewed in depth later, if necessary.

Joe Perez-AM/10  
US EPA Region V  
M.A. Griffin - SED

No Process Description.  
No Plant Production Capacity.  
Partic. Test Method 17

H

PARTICULATE CHECKLIST

Name of Source: Westwood Asphalt (#21) Test Date: 8-20-91

1. Are the isokinetics per run between 90 and 110%? YES  NO   
If the %I for a run is outside the range, void the run. See 5.
2. Is the sample volume per run  $\geq$  30 DSCF? YES  NO   
If the sample volume for a run is  $<$  30 DSCF, void the run. See 5.
3. Is the sample time per run  $\geq$  60 min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time for a run is  $<$  60 min., void the run. See 5.
4. Is the sample time per sample point  $\geq$  two min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time per point for a run is  $<$  two min., void the run. See 5.
5. A stack test shall consist of three valid runs or, at a minimum, two valid runs if one run is voided. Is this a valid test? YES  NO   
If no, inform the District or the source that the test is unacceptable and should be redone. Your review is over.
6. Is the total particulate per run added correctly? YES  NO   
If an incorrect total is found, correct the total and the results or call the consultant and ask for a correction.
7. Was the backhalf included in the total particulate? YES  NO   
NSPS sources are exempt from including the backhalf. All other sources must include the backhalf. If they don't, the test is invalid. See 5.

-----

Eq. 1  $Gr/DSCF = 15.43 * g \text{ of part. / sample volume of run in DSCF}$

Eq. 2  $Gr/DSCF @ 12\% CO_2 = (Gr/DSCF) * 12 / \text{Stack } CO_2$

Eq. 3  $Gr/DSCF @ 7\% O_2 = (Gr/DSCF) * (20.9 - 7) / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

Eq. 4  $Lb/DSCF = (Gr/DSCF) / 7000$  Eq. 5  $Lb/MLb_{DRY} = 385.6 * 10^3 * (Lb/DSCF) / MW_{DRY}$

Eq. 6  $Lb/MLb_{WET} = 385.6 * 10^3 * (Lb/DSCF) * (1 - (\% \text{ Moisture} / 100)) / MW_{WET}$

Eq. 7  $Lb/Hr = 60 * DSCFM * (Lb/DSCF)$  Eq. 8  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/Hr) / (10^6 \text{ BTU/Hr})$

Eq. 9  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/DSCF) * F \text{ Factor} * 20.9 / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

-----

8. If the emission limit is in Gr/DSCF, Lb/DSCF, Lb/MLb, Lb/Hr or Lb/10<sup>6</sup> BTU, solve Eq. 1-9. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.
9. Is the three run(or two run) average correct? YES  NO   
If no, write in the correct average.
10. Is the average result in compliance? YES  NO   
If no, the District should issue an NOV.
11. Was the source operating at a level representative of full capacity? YES  NO   
If no, the permit release may need to provide conditions to cap the source at the test level until a stack test at a higher production level(showing compliance) is performed. If the test was not for permit release, other actions may be warranted.

GASEOUS TEST CHECKLIST

Name of Source: D.E. K... #21 Gas Tested: H<sub>2</sub>O Test Date: 9-20-91

1. A stack test shall consist of three valid runs or, at a minimum, two valid runs if one run is voided. Is this a valid test? YES  NO   
 If no, inform the District or the source that the test is unacceptable and should be redone. Your review is over.

Eq. 1  $PPM_{DRY} = PPM_{WET} / (1 - \% \text{ Moisture as Decimal})$

Eq. 2  $PPM_{DRY@ 7\% O_2} = PPM_{DRY} * (20.9 - 7) / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

Eq. 3  $PPM_{DRY@ 12\% CO_2} = PPM_{DRY} * 12 / \text{Stack } CO_2$

2. If the limit is in  $PPM_{DRY}$  or in  $PPM_{DRY}$  corrected to a certain  $O_2$  or  $CO_2$  value, solve Eq. 1-3. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

Eq. 4  $mg/DSCM = PPM_{DRY} * \text{Molecular Weight of Gas} / 24.06$

Eq. 5  $Lb/DSCF = 2.595 * 10^{-9} * PPM_{DRY} * \text{Molecular Weight of Gas}$

Eq. 6  $Lb/DSCF = 6.243 * 10^{-8} * (mg/DSCM)$

Eq. 7  $Lb/Hr = 60 * DSCFM * (Lb/DSCF)$  Eq. 8  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/Hr) * (10^6 \text{ BTU/Hr})$

Eq. 9  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/DSCF) * F \text{ Factor} * 20.9 / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

3. If the limit is in  $mg/DSCM$ ,  $Lb/DSCF$ ,  $Lb/Hr$ , or  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU}$ , solve Eq. 4-9. Eq. 1-3 may also be needed. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

Eq. 10  $\% \text{ Capture Eff.} = \frac{(Lb \text{ VOC/Hr to Control Equip.}) * 100}{(Lb \text{ VOC/Hr Input to Process})}$

Eq. 11  $\% \text{ Destruction Eff.} = \frac{(\text{Inlet } Lb \text{ VOC/Hr} - \text{Outlet } Lb \text{ VOC/Hr}) * 100}{(\text{Inlet } Lb \text{ VOC/Hr})}$

Eq. 12  $\% \text{ Overall Eff.} = (\% \text{ Cap. Eff.} / 100) * (\% \text{ Dest. Eff.} / 100) * 100$

4. If the limit is in terms of  $\% \text{ Capture Eff.}$ ,  $\% \text{ Dest. Eff.}$ , or Overall Eff., solve Eq. 9-12. Eq. 1-8 may also be needed. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

5. Is the three run (or two run) average correct? YES  NO   
 If no, write in the correct average.

6. Is the average result in compliance? YES  NO   
 If no, the District should issue an NOV.

7. Was the source operating at a level representative of full capacity? YES  NO   
 If no, the permit release may need to provide conditions to cap the source at the test level until a stack test at a higher production level (showing compliance) is performed. If the test was not for permit release, other actions may be warranted.

### SUMMARY

On August 20, 1991, Environmental Technology & Engineering Corporation personnel performed a stack emission test on the Northeast Asphalt, Inc. Control 21 asphalt plant located in Denmark, Wisconsin. The average of the three particulate tests show the emissions to be well below the limit of 0.04 .039 grains of particulate matter per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) as specified by the State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) by permit. The numerical test results are summarized below:

Test	Emissions	% of Allowable
1	0.006 gr/dscf	15 %
2	0.005	12
3	0.008	20
	-----	--
AVG	0.006 gr/dscf .007	15 %

In addition, the permit also required testing for formaldehyde emissions. The following table presents the numerical results:

Test	LB/HR	LB/TON
1	0.266 lb/hr	0.0009 lb/ton
2	0.294	0.0010
3	0.283	0.0009
	-----	----
AVG	0.281 lb/hr	0.0009 lb/ton

The permit also required that opacity observations be performed concurrently with the particulate test. All six minute average readings were well below the permit limit of 20 %. The following table summarizes the highest six minute average for each test:

Test	6 Minute Avg Opacity
1	0.4
2	15.4
3	12.1

NORTHEAST ASPHALT CONTROL 21 TEST 1

TABLE 2-1

8-20-91

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.400  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2450  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 13.722  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 3.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 20  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 38.45  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 287.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0159  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 7.20 O<sub>2</sub> = 11.80 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.00

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	280	1.100	1.85	80	74.03
2	280	0.950	1.60	80	68.79
3	280	0.850	1.45	80	65.07
4	280	1.050	1.75	80	72.32
5	280	1.000	1.70	82	70.58
6	280	0.550	0.92	84	52.34
7	285	0.550	0.92	86	52.52
8	285	0.700	1.20	88	59.25
9	285	1.000	1.70	88	70.82
10	285	0.550	0.92	90	52.52
11	285	0.550	0.92	90	52.52
12	285	0.750	1.30	92	61.33
13	285	0.950	1.60	94	69.03
14	285	0.650	1.10	94	57.10
15	285	0.800	1.35	96	63.34
16	285	0.800	1.35	98	63.34
17	285	0.950	1.60	100	69.03
18	285	0.900	1.50	102	67.18
19	285	0.800	1.35	104	63.34
20	285	0.700	1.15	106	59.25
AVG VALUES	284		1.362	91	63.19

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 51.59  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 38.08  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 13.51  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 26.19  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 52,021.95  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 26,775.62  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 45,497.13  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.006  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.010  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 1.47  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 99.37

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.400  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2450  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 13.722  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 3.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 20  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 37.10  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 307.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0126  
 CO2 = 7.00 O2 = 12.00 CO = 0.00 N2 = 81.00

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	280	0.900	1.50	108	67.28
2	280	0.900	1.50	108	67.28
3	280	0.750	1.30	108	61.42
4	280	0.750	1.30	108	61.42
5	280	0.950	1.60	108	69.12
6	280	0.650	1.10	108	57.17
7	280	0.700	1.20	108	59.33
8	280	0.800	1.35	108	63.43
9	280	0.950	1.60	108	69.12
10	280	0.550	0.92	108	52.59
11	280	0.550	0.92	110	52.59
12	280	0.750	1.30	110	61.42
13	280	1.000	1.70	110	70.92
14	280	0.550	0.92	110	52.59
15	280	0.550	0.92	110	52.59
16	280	0.700	1.20	112	59.33
17	285	1.100	1.85	112	74.63
18	285	0.850	1.45	114	65.60
19	285	0.800	1.35	114	63.64
20	285	1.050	1.75	116	72.91
AVG VALUES	281		1.337	110	62.72

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 51.28  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 36.83  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 14.45  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 28.18  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 51,638.42  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 25,946.72  
 , m3/hr = 44,088.67  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.005  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.008  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 1.17  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 99.16



# FORMALDEHYDE CALCULATIONS

NORTHWEST ASPHALT

CONTROL 21 - DENMARK

300 TPH

$P_r = 29.35$

$\gamma = 1.070$

TEST 1

$$V_m = 2.00 \quad T_m = 89 F$$

$$V_{mstd} = 1.070 \times 2.00 + \frac{528}{599} \times \frac{29.35}{89.92}$$

$$= 1.92 \text{ scf} = .055 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{146 \text{ mg}}{0.055 \text{ m}^3} = 2.65 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 0.266 \text{ \#/hr.}$$

$$= 0.00089 \text{ \#/hr}$$

TEST 2

$$V_m = 2.00 \quad T_m = 103 F$$

$$V_{mstd} = 1.88 \text{ scf} = .053 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{160 \text{ mg}}{0.053} = 3.02 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 0.294 \text{ \#/hr.}$$

$$= 0.00098 \text{ \#/hr}$$

TEST 3

$$V_m = 2.00 \quad T_m = 101 F$$

$$V_{mstd} = 1.88 \text{ scf} = .053 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{153 \text{ mg}}{0.053} = 2.89 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 0.283 \text{ \#/hr.}$$

$$= 0.00094 \text{ \#/hr}$$

CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

DATE: 7/31/91

File Code: 4530

Received: 6/14/91

PRELIMINARY STACK TEST REVIEW

By: Marty Burkholder Test Date: 5/14/91

Name of Source: Payne & Nolan #6 FID #: 113015430

Address: 5338 Norway Grove School Rd.

City: DeForest, WI 53532 Permit #: 113015430-001

Description of Source Tested: 300 T/Hr Stansteel batch asphalt plant.  
Emissions from drum dryer only were tested. (Plant has  
capacity to process recycle using a grismill controlled by a  
wet scrubber. This process was not tested).

Description of Control Equipment: Baghouse

Test Firm: Env. Tech. & Eng. Corp.

Crew Chief & Phone#: WASM Bill Diehl 414/784-2434

Pollutant Tested: Particulates Test Method: EPA Method 17

Pollutant Tested: Formaldehyde Test Method: NIOSH Method 3500

Pollutant Tested: \_\_\_\_\_ Test Method: \_\_\_\_\_

Note: Formaldehyde testing not for compliance determination. Required by permit.

Test Production Level: 240 T/Hr.

Rated Production Level: 300 T/Hr.

Discussion of Results:

\_\_\_\_\_ The stack test is invalid and will have to be redone because \_\_\_\_\_

-----  
 The test average result of 0.023 gr/dscf is X is not \_\_\_\_\_

in compliance with the emission limit of 0.04 gr./dscf

Formaldehyde Results	Test	LB/HR	LB/TON
	1	2.34	0.011
	2	1.76	0.008
	3	2.17	0.010
	Ave.	2.09	0.010

CC Joe Perez-AM/3  
 U.S. EPA Region V

Partic. Test Method 17? ~~mm~~  
No Process Description.  
Everything Else OK

15

PARTICULATE CHECKLIST

Name of Source: Bayne & Dolan #6 Test Date: 5/14/91

1. Are the isokinetics per run between 90 and 110%? YES  NO   
If the %I for a run is outside the range, void the run. See 5.
2. Is the sample volume per run  $\geq 30$  DSCF? YES  NO   
If the sample volume for a run is  $< 30$  DSCF, void the run. See 5.
3. Is the sample time per run  $\geq 60$  min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time for a run is  $< 60$  min., void the run. See 5.
4. Is the sample time per sample point  $\geq$  two min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time per point for a run is  $<$  two min., void the run. See 5.
5. A stack test shall consist of three valid runs or, at a minimum, two valid runs if one run is voided. Is this a valid test? YES  NO   
If no, inform the District or the source that the test is unacceptable and should be redone. Your review is over.
6. Is the total particulate per run added correctly? YES  NO   
If an incorrect total is found, call the consultant and ask for a correction.
7. Was the backhalf included in the total particulate? YES  NO   
NSPS sources are exempt from including the backhalf. All other sources must include the backhalf. If they don't, the test is invalid. See 5.

-----

Eq. 1  $Gr/DSCF = 15.43 * g \text{ of part. / sample volume of run in DSCF}$

Eq. 2  $Lb/DSCF = (Gr/DSCF) / 7000$

Eq. 3  $Lb/Hr = 60 * DSCFM * (Lb/DSCF)$

Eq. 4  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/DSCF) * F \text{ Factor} * 20.9 / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

-----

8. If the emission limit is in Gr/DSCF, Lb/DSCF, Lb/Hr, or Lb/10<sup>6</sup> BTU, solve Eq. 1-4. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.
9. Is the three run(or two run) average correct? YES  NO   
If no, write in the correct average.
10. Is the average result in compliance? YES  NO   
If no, the District should issue an NOV.
11. Was the source operating at a level representative of full capacity? YES  NO   
If no, the permit release may need to provide conditions to cap the source at the test level until a stack test at a higher production level(showing compliance) is performed. If the test was not for permit release, other actions may be warranted.

### SUMMARY

On May 14, 1991, Environmental Technology & Engineering Corporation personnel performed a stack emission test on the Payne & Dolan, Inc. Control 6 batch mix asphalt plant located in DeForest, Wisconsin. The average of the three particulate tests show the emissions to be well below the limit of 0.04 grains of particulate matter per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) as specified by the State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) by permit. The numerical test results are summarized below:

Test	Emissions	% of Allowable
1	0.022 gr/dscf	55 %
2	0.024	60
3	0.023	58
	-----	----
AVG	0.023 gr/dscf	58 %

The opacity of the stack was also observed by a certified observer throughout a three (3) hour test period. All individual readings were either 0 % or 5 % which is well below the permit limit of 20 %.

In addition, the permit also required testing for formaldehyde emissions. The following table presents the numerical results:

Test	LB/HR	LB/TON
1	2.34 lb/hr	0.011 lb/ton
2	1.76	0.008
3	2.17	0.010
	-----	----
AVG	2.09 lb/hr	0.010 lb/ton

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BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.400  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2420  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 19.635  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 42.87  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 179.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0604  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 3.60 O<sub>2</sub> = 15.00 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.40

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	240	1.800	3.60	84	90.82
2	240	1.900	2.80	86	93.30
3	240	1.800	3.60	86	90.82
4	240	1.600	3.20	88	85.62
5	240	1.300	2.60	88	77.18
6	240	1.000	2.00	90	67.69
7	240	0.500	1.00	90	47.86
8	240	0.600	1.20	92	52.43
9	240	0.500	1.00	94	47.86
10	240	0.500	1.00	96	47.86
11	240	0.500	1.00	98	47.86
12	240	0.200	0.40	98	30.27
13	240	0.800	1.60	100	60.54
14	240	0.700	1.40	102	56.63
15	240	0.500	1.00	104	47.86
16	240	0.600	1.20	104	52.43
17	240	0.800	1.60	106	60.54
18	240	0.700	1.40	106	56.63
19	240	0.800	1.60	108	60.54
20	240	0.900	1.80	110	64.22
21	240	0.900	1.80	110	64.22
22	240	1.100	2.20	112	70.99
23	240	1.100	2.20	112	70.99
24	240	1.000	2.00	114	67.69
AVG VALUES	240		1.800	99	63.04

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 51.23  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 42.80  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 8.43  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 16.45  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 74,263.60  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 45,931.73  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 78,047.19  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.022  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.036  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 8.38  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 95.48

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.400  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2420  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 19.635  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 41.96  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 198.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0663  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 4.00 O<sub>2</sub> = 14.60 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.40

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	260	1.400	2.80	118	81.46
2	260	1.400	2.80	116	81.46
3	260	1.100	2.20	116	72.21
4	265	1.000	2.00	116	69.09
5	265	1.000	2.00	116	69.09
6	265	1.000	2.00	116	69.09
7	265	0.600	1.20	118	53.51
8	265	0.800	1.60	118	61.79
9	265	0.700	1.40	118	57.80
10	265	0.800	1.60	120	61.79
11	265	0.800	1.60	120	61.79
12	265	0.600	1.20	122	53.51
13	270	0.600	1.20	122	53.70
14	270	0.600	1.20	124	53.70
15	270	0.600	1.20	124	53.70
16	270	0.700	1.40	124	58.00
17	270	0.700	1.40	124	58.00
18	270	0.600	1.20	124	53.70
19	270	0.900	1.80	124	65.77
20	265	1.000	2.00	126	69.09
21	265	1.200	2.40	126	75.68
22	265	1.200	2.40	126	75.68
23	265	1.000	2.00	128	69.09
24	265	0.500	1.00	128	48.85
AVG VALUES	266		1.733	121	63.65

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 51.32  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 42.00  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 9.32  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 18.16  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 74,984.33  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 43,803.84  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 74,431.48  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.024  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.040  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 9.07  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 98.24

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.400  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2420  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 19.635  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 42.26  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 188.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0619  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 3.60 O<sub>2</sub> = 15.00 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.40

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	240	1.600	3.20	126	85.77
2	240	1.800	3.60	126	90.98
3	240	1.700	2.40	126	88.41
4	240	1.700	3.40	126	88.41
5	240	1.600	3.20	126	85.77
6	245	1.400	2.80	126	80.52
7	245	0.700	1.40	126	56.94
8	245	0.600	1.20	128	52.71
9	245	0.500	1.00	128	48.12
10	250	0.500	1.00	128	48.29
11	250	0.400	0.80	130	43.19
12	250	0.400	0.80	130	43.19
13	245	0.800	1.60	130	60.87
14	240	0.900	1.80	130	64.33
15	240	0.800	1.60	130	60.65
16	240	0.700	1.40	130	56.73
17	240	0.600	1.20	130	52.53
18	240	0.600	1.20	130	52.53
19	240	0.800	1.60	130	60.65
20	240	1.000	2.00	130	67.81
21	240	1.100	2.20	130	71.12
22	240	1.200	2.40	130	74.28
23	240	1.200	2.40	130	74.28
24	240	0.900	1.80	130	64.33
AVG VALUES	242		1.917	129	65.52

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 51.20  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 42.35  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 8.85  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 17.28  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 77,187.23  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 47,102.44  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 80,036.46  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.023  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.036  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 8.75  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 92.13

PAYNE & DOLAN

CONTROL 6 - DEFOREST

FORMALDEHYDE CALCULATIONS

TEST 1  $V_M = 2.50$   $\gamma = 1.020$

220 TPH  $T_M = 94^\circ F$

$$V_{M \text{ std}} = 2.50 * 1.020 * \frac{29.4}{29.92} * \frac{508}{554} = 2.39 \text{ scf} = .068 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{0.926 \text{ mg}}{.068 \text{ m}^3} = 13.6 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 2.34 \text{ lb/hr} = .011 \text{ lb/ton}$$

TEST 2  $V_M = 2.50$

220 TPH  $T_M = 98 F$

$$V_{M \text{ std}} = 2.37 \text{ scf} = .067 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{0.720}{.067} = 10.7 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 1.76 \text{ lb/hr} = .008 \text{ lb/ton}$$

TEST 3  $V_M = 2.02$

220 TPH  $T_M = 98 F$

$$V_{M \text{ std}} = 1.91 \text{ scf} = .054 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{.662}{.054} = 12.3 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 2.17 \text{ lb/hr} = .010 \text{ lb/ton}$$

CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

DATE: 12/04/91

File Code: 4530

RECEIVED 11/12/91

PRELIMINARY STACK TEST REVIEW

By: Marty Burckholder Test Date: 10/11/91

Name of Source: Bayne & Dolan #5 FID #: 113015950

Address: McKee Rd.

City: Verona Permit #: 90-RV-142

Description of Source Tested: General counterflow drum mix asphalt plant - 400 TPH

Description of Control Equipment: Baghouse

Test Firm: Env. Tech & Eng.

Crew Chief & Phone#: Bill Drake 414/784-2434

Pollutant Tested: Particulates Test Method: EPA Method 5

Pollutant Tested: Formaldehyde Test Method: NIOSH 3500

Pollutant Tested: Test Method:

Test Production Level: 230 TPH

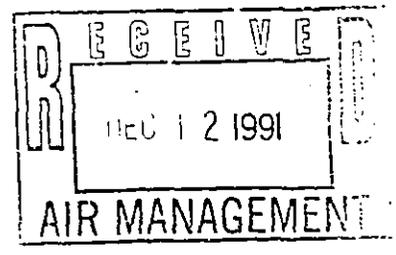
Rated Production Level: 400 TPH

Discussion of Results:

The stack test is invalid and will have to be redone because

The test average result of 0.019 gr/dscf is not in compliance with the emission limit of 0.04 gr/dscf. Formaldehyde ave. = 1.29 lb/hr. NR445 limit = 250 lb/yr.

cc: Joe Perez-AM/3 US EPA Region V



No Process Description  
Everything else OK

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PARTICULATE CHECKLIST

Name of Source: Ry D # 5 Test Date: 10/11/71

1. Are the isokinetics per run between 90 and 110%? YES  NO   
If the %I for a run is outside the range, void the run. See 5.
2. Is the sample volume per run  $\geq$  30 DSCF? YES  NO   
If the sample volume for a run is  $<$  30 DSCF, void the run. See 5.
3. Is the sample time per run  $\geq$  60 min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time for a run is  $<$  60 min., void the run. See 5.
4. Is the sample time per sample point  $\geq$  two min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time per point for a run is  $<$  two min., void the run. See 5.
5. A stack test shall consist of three valid runs or, at a minimum, two valid runs if one run is voided. Is this a valid test? YES  NO   
If no, inform the District or the source that the test is unacceptable and should be redone. Your review is over.
6. Is the total particulate per run added correctly? YES  NO   
If an incorrect total is found, call the consultant and ask for a correction.
7. Was the backhalf included in the total particulate? YES  NO   
NSPS sources are exempt from including the backhalf. All other sources must include the backhalf. If they don't, the test *NSPS source* is invalid. See 5.

Eq. 1  $Gr/DSCF = 15.43 * g \text{ of part. / sample volume of run in DSCF}$

Eq. 2  $Lb/DSCF = (Gr/DSCF) / 7000$

Eq. 3  $Lb/Hr = 60 * DSCFM * (Lb/DSCF)$

Eq. 4  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/DSCF) * F \text{ Factor} * 20.9 / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

8. If the emission limit is in Gr/DSCF, Lb/DSCF, Lb/Hr, or Lb/10<sup>6</sup> BTU, solve Eq. 1-4. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.
9. Is the three run (or two run) average correct? YES  NO   
If no, write in the correct average.
10. Is the average result in compliance? YES  NO   
If no, the District should issue an NOV.
11. Was the source operating at a level representative of full capacity? YES  NO   
If no, the permit release may need to provide conditions to cap the source at the test level until a stack test at a higher production level (showing compliance) is performed. If the test was not for permit release, other actions may be warranted.

*Was operating at 70% of capacity because of wet conditions. Will not be capped.*

### SUMMARY

On October 11, 1991, Environmental Technology & Engineering Corporation personnel performed a stack emission test on the Payne & Dolan, Inc. Control no. 5 asphalt plant located in Verona, Wisconsin. The average of the three particulate tests show the emissions to be well below the limit of 0.04 grains of particulate matter per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) as specified by the State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) by permit. The numerical test results are summarized below:

Test	Emissions	% of Allowable
1	0.022 gr/dscf	55 %
2	0.017	42
3	0.017	42
	-----	---
AVG	0.019 gr/dscf	47 %

In addition, the permit also required testing for formaldehyde emissions. The following table presents the numerical results:

Test	LB/HR	LB/TON
1	1.38 lb/hr	0.0049 lb/ton
2	1.30	0.0046
3	1.19	0.0042
	-----	-----
AVG	1.29 lb/hr	0.0046 lb/ton

The permit also required that opacity observations be performed concurrently with the particulate test. All individual readings were either 0 % and thus the six minute average opacities were all well below the permit limit of 20 %.

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.050  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2500  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 15.904  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 3.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 20  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 35.90  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 351.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0504  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 6.50 O<sub>2</sub> = 11.50 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 82.00

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	275	0.800	1.35	65	64.20
2	275	0.820	1.40	66	65.00
3	280	0.840	1.45	66	66.01
4	280	0.980	1.70	67	71.30
5	280	0.760	1.30	68	62.79
6	275	0.580	1.00	69	54.67
7	270	0.540	0.93	70	52.57
8	270	0.440	0.76	71	47.45
9	270	0.440	0.76	72	47.45
10	275	0.340	0.59	73	41.85
11	275	0.800	1.40	78	64.20
12	275	0.800	1.40	79	64.20
13	275	0.800	1.40	80	64.20
14	270	0.720	1.22	80	60.70
15	270	0.700	1.20	81	59.85
16	270	0.660	1.15	82	58.11
17	275	0.600	1.05	82	55.60
18	270	0.580	1.00	84	54.48
19	275	0.540	0.93	86	52.75
20	270	0.500	0.86	88	50.58
AVG VALUES	274		1.143	75	57.90

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 51.85  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 35.33  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 16.52  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 31.86  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 55,248.28  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 26,284.01  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 44,661.80  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.022  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.033  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 5.07  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 104.53

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.050  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2500  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 15.904  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 3.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 20  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 35.83  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 340.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0395  
 CO2 = 7.00 O2 = 10.50 CO = 0.00 N2 = 82.50

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	275	0.840	1.48	90	65.65
2	270	0.840	1.48	91	65.42
3	275	0.760	1.35	91	62.44
4	275	0.800	1.40	91	64.07
5	270	0.780	1.38	92	63.04
6	270	0.560	1.00	93	53.42
7	270	0.560	1.00	94	53.42
8	270	0.440	0.78	94	47.35
9	275	0.540	0.95	95	52.64
10	270	0.500	0.90	95	50.48
11	275	0.840	1.48	97	65.65
12	270	0.800	1.40	97	63.85
13	270	0.800	1.40	97	63.85
14	275	0.740	1.30	97	61.62
15	280	0.700	1.22	98	60.13
16	280	0.640	1.12	99	57.50
17	275	0.600	1.05	99	55.48
18	275	0.620	1.10	99	56.40
19	270	0.660	1.15	99	57.99
20	270	0.620	1.10	99	56.21
AVG VALUES	273		1.202	95	58.83

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 51.35  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 35.35  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 16.00  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 31.16  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 56,137.34  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 27,008.76  
 , m3/hr = 45,893.29  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.017  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.025  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 4.03  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 101.79

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.050  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2500  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 15.904  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 3.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 20  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 36.25  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 357.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0385  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 6.80 O<sub>2</sub> = 10.80 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 82.40

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	275	0.860	1.50	100	66.56
2	270	0.860	1.50	100	66.33
3	275	0.820	1.45	99	64.99
4	275	0.820	1.45	99	64.99
5	270	0.760	1.35	98	62.36
6	270	0.580	1.02	98	54.48
7	275	0.540	0.96	98	52.74
8	275	0.540	0.96	98	52.74
9	270	0.500	0.88	98	50.58
10	270	0.500	0.88	98	50.58
11	275	0.800	1.40	98	64.20
12	275	0.820	1.45	98	64.99
13	270	0.820	1.45	98	64.77
14	275	0.820	1.45	98	64.99
15	280	0.760	1.35	98	62.78
16	275	0.660	1.15	98	58.31
17	275	0.640	1.12	98	57.42
18	270	0.640	1.12	98	57.22
19	270	0.640	1.12	98	57.22
20	270	0.600	1.05	98	55.41
AVG VALUES	273		1.231	98	59.68

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 52.58  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 35.78  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 16.80  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 31.96  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 56,953.14  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 27,085.59  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 46,023.83  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.017  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.024  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 3.91  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 102.73

PAYNE & DAAN

Contract No. 5

FORMALDEHYDE CALCULATIONS

10-11-91

TEST 1  $V_M = 2.00 \text{ ft}^3$   $T_M = 64^\circ\text{F}$

$P_b = 29.05$

280 TPH  $V_{M, \text{std}} = 2.00 + 1.079 + \frac{528}{528} + \frac{29.05}{29.92}$

$\gamma = 1.079$

$= 2.01 \text{ SCF} = .057 \text{ m}^3$

$C = \frac{0.797 \text{ mg}}{.057 \text{ m}^3} = 14.0 \text{ mg/m}^3$

ER =  $1.38 \text{ lb/hr.}$   
 $= 0.0049 \text{ lb/ton}$

TEST 2  $V_M = 2.00$   $T_M = 63^\circ\text{F}$

280 TPH

$V_{M, \text{std}} = 2.01 \text{ SCF} = .057 \text{ m}^3$

$C = \frac{0.731 \text{ mg}}{.057} = 12.8 \text{ mg/m}^3$

ER =  $1.30 \text{ lb/hr.}$   
 $= 0.0046 \text{ lb/ton}$

TEST 3  $V_M = 2.02$   $T_M = 65$

280 TPH

$V_{M, \text{std}} = 2.03 \text{ SCF} = .057 \text{ m}^3$

$C = \frac{0.668 \text{ mg}}{.057 \text{ m}^3} = 11.7 \text{ mg/m}^3$

ER =  $1.19 \text{ lb/hr.}$   
 $= 0.0042 \text{ lb/ton}$

## 1.0 GENERAL

On Friday, October 11, 1991, Environmental Technology and Engineering Corporation personnel performed a stack emission test on the Payne & Dolan, Inc. Control no. 5 drum mix asphalt plant located in Verona, Wisconsin. The test was a provision of an Air Pollution Control Permit. The State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) has established a particulate emission limit of 0.04 grains per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf). The purpose of this test was to demonstrate the compliance status of this plant with the particulate limits set by the DNR. In addition, the permit also required a test to determine the formaldehyde emissions and that opacity observations be performed by a certified reader.

The plant tested was a Gencor counterflow drum mix asphalt plant equipped with a baghouse for particulate control. During the test period, the plant production rate was approximately 280 tons per hour and the mix was composed of approximately 70 % virgin material and 30 % recycled material. The plant was fired with natural gas. John Romaker of Payne & Dolan was responsible for plant operation. The field tests, corresponding laboratory analysis and report preparation were coordinated by Bill Dick of ETE Corp. The test procedures, plant operating conditions, and stack opacity were witnessed by Lynn Cutts and Marty Burkholder of the Wisconsin DNR Southern District Office.

The following sections of this report document the activities and results of the test program. The report presents all of the relevant data collected and discussions on the interpretation of the data are provided where appropriate. The report, therefore, includes much necessary detail. The results, however, have been summarized in the SUMMARY section at the beginning of this report for those readers not wishing to be burdened by the details.

CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

DATE: 3-12-92

File Code: 4530

PRELIMINARY STACK TEST REVIEW

Received: 12/26/91

By: Colin Duffy Test Date: 11-14-91

Name of Source: Payne + Dolan Control FID #: 267009380

Address: \_\_\_\_\_ Stack #: S10

City: Cedar Lake Process #: P30

Permit #: 267009380-NO1 Date Issued: 12-28-90

Description of Source Tested: Asphalt Batch Plant  
100% virgin material

Description of Control Equipment: Pulse Jet Baghouse

Test Firm: Environmental Technology + Engineering Corp.  
Crew Chief & Phone#: Bill Dick

Pollutant Tested: Particulate Test Method: EPA Meth 17 + DNR Modified Meth

Pollutant Tested: AR Test Method: EPA Method 17

Pollutant Tested: HCOH Test Method: NIOSH 3500  
opacity Method 9

Test Production Level: 98 Ton/Hr

Rated Production Level: 150 Ton/Hr

Discussion of Results:

Poll. Test Ave. =	<u>Part 18.27 lb/hr</u>	Limit =	<u>3.0 lb/hr</u>	In Compliance? Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Poll. Test Ave. =	<u>0.000126 Ar/Hr</u>	Limit =	<u>0.005726/Hr</u>	In Compliance? Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Poll. Test Ave. =	<u>0.7726 HCOH/Hr</u>	Limit =	<u>0.028526/Hr</u>	In Compliance? Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Poll. Test Ave. =	<u>15.0%</u>	Limit =	<u>20% opacity</u>	In Compliance? Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Is This a Valid Test?  Y  N If answer is no, please indicate the reason.

\* Test may be reviewed in depth later, if necessary.

CC Joe Perez-AM/10  
US EPA Region V

Jim Chou-SED  
Colin Duffy-AM/10

65% of capacity  
Partic. Method 17?  
Test for Arsenic.

No process description.

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PARTICULATE CHECKLIST

Name of Source: Payne + Dolan Control Test Date: 11-14-91

1. Are the isokinetics per run between 90 and 110%? YES  NO   
If the %I for a run is outside the range, void the run. See 5.
2. Is the sample volume per run  $\geq$  30 DSCF? YES  NO   
If the sample volume for a run is  $<$  30 DSCF, void the run. See 5.
3. Is the sample time per run  $\geq$  60 min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time for a run is  $<$  60 min., void the run. See 5.
4. Is the sample time per sample point  $\geq$  two min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time per point for a run is  $<$  two min., void the run. See 5.
5. A stack test shall consist of three valid runs or, at a minimum, two valid runs if one run is voided. Is this a valid test? YES  NO   
If no, inform the District or the source that the test is unacceptable and should be redone. Your review is over.
6. Is the total particulate per run added correctly? YES  NO   
If an incorrect total is found, correct the total and the results or call the consultant and ask for a correction.
7. Was the backhalf included in the total particulate? YES  NO   
NSPS sources are exempt from including the backhalf. All other sources must include the backhalf. If they don't, the test is invalid. See 5.

Eq. 1 Gr/DSCF = 15.43\* g of part./sample volume of run in DSCF

Eq. 2 Gr/DSCF @ 12% CO<sub>2</sub> = (Gr/DSCF)\*12/Stack CO<sub>2</sub>

Eq. 3 Gr/DSCF @ 7% O<sub>2</sub> = (Gr/DSCF)\*(20.9-7)/(20.9-Stack O<sub>2</sub>)

Eq. 4 Lb/DSCF = (Gr/DSCF)/7000 Eq. 5 Lb/MLb<sub>DRY</sub> = 385.6\*10<sup>3</sup>\*(Lb/DSCF)/MW<sub>DRY</sub>

Eq. 6 Lb/MLb<sub>WET</sub> = 385.6\*10<sup>3</sup>\*(Lb/DSCF)\*(1-(% Moisture/100))/MW<sub>WET</sub>

Eq. 7 Lb/Hr = 60\*DSCFM\*(Lb/DSCF) Eq. 8 Lb/10<sup>6</sup> BTU = (Lb/Hr)/(10<sup>6</sup> BTU/Hr)

Eq. 9 Lb/10<sup>6</sup> BTU = (Lb/DSCF)\*F Factor\*20.9/(20.9-Stack O<sub>2</sub>)

8. If the emission limit is in Gr/DSCF, Lb/DSCF, Lb/MLb, Lb/Hr or Lb/10<sup>6</sup> BTU, solve the needed Eq. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction. Within 4%.
9. Is the three run(or two run) average correct? YES  NO   
If no, write in the correct average.
10. Is the average result in compliance? YES  NO   
If no, the District should issue an NOV.
11. Was the source operating at a level representative of full capacity? YES  NO   
If no, the permit release may need to provide conditions to cap the source at the test level until a stack test at a higher production level(showing compliance) is performed. If the test was not for permit release, other actions may be warranted. 65% of Capacity

GASEOUS TEST CHECKLIST

Name of Source: Payne - Dolan & Gas Tested: HCHO Test Date: 11-14-90

1. A stack test shall consist of three valid runs or, at a minimum, two valid runs if one run is voided. Is this a valid test? YES  NO   
 If no, inform the District or the source that the test is unacceptable and should be redone. Your review is over.

Eq. 1  $PPM_{DRY} = PPM_{WET} / (1 - \% \text{ Moisture as Decimal})$

Eq. 2  $PPM_{DRY@ 7\% O_2} = PPM_{DRY} * (20.9 - 7) / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

Eq. 3  $PPM_{DRY@ 12\% CO_2} = PPM_{DRY} * 12 / \text{Stack } CO_2$

2. If the limit is in  $PPM_{DRY}$  or in  $PPM_{DRY}$  corrected to a certain  $O_2$  or  $CO_2$  value, solve Eq. 1-3. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO  *N/A*  
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

Eq. 4  $mg/DSCM = PPM_{DRY} * \text{Molecular Weight of Gas} / 24.06$

Eq. 5  $Lb/DSCF = 2.595 * 10^{-9} * PPM_{DRY} * \text{Molecular Weight of Gas}$

Eq. 6  $Lb/DSCF = 6.243 * 10^{-8} * (mg/DSCM)$

Eq. 7  $Lb/Hr = 60 * DSCFM * (Lb/DSCF)$  Eq. 8  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/Hr) / (10^6 \text{ BTU/Hr})$

Eq. 9  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/DSCF) * F \text{ Factor} * 20.9 / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

3. If the limit is in  $mg/DSCM$ ,  $Lb/DSCF$ ,  $Lb/Hr$ , or  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU}$ , solve Eq. 4-9. Eq. 1-3 may also be needed. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

Eq. 10  $\% \text{ Capture Eff.} = \frac{(Lb \text{ VOC/Hr to Control Equip.}) * 100}{(Lb \text{ VOC/Hr Input to Process})}$

Eq. 11  $\% \text{ Destruction Eff.} = \frac{(Inlet \text{ Lb VOC/Hr} - Outlet \text{ Lb VOC/Hr}) * 100}{(Inlet \text{ Lb VOC/Hr})}$

Eq. 12  $\% \text{ Overall Eff.} = (\% \text{ Cap. Eff.} / 100) * (\% \text{ Dest. Eff.} / 100) * 100$

4. If the limit is in terms of  $\% \text{ Capture Eff.}$ ,  $\% \text{ Dest. Eff.}$ , or Overall Eff., solve Eq. 9-12. Eq. 1-8 may also be needed. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO  *N/A*  
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

5. Is the three run (or two run) average correct? YES  NO   
 If no, write in the correct average.

6. Is the average result in compliance? YES  NO   
 If no, the District should issue an NOV.

7. Was the source operating at a level representative of full capacity? YES  NO   
 If no, the permit release may need to provide conditions to cap the source at the test level until a stack test at a higher production level (showing compliance) is performed. If the test was not for permit release, other actions may be warranted. *65% of capacity*

SUMMARY

On November 14, 1991, Environmental Technology & Engineering Corporation personnel performed a stack emission test on the Payne & Dolan, Inc. Control no. 8 asphalt plant located in Cedar Lake, Wisconsin. The average of the three particulate tests show the emissions to be above the limit of 3.0 pounds per hour as specified by the State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) by permit. The numerical test results are summarized below:

Test	Arsenic Emissions Lb/Hr	Part. Emissions	Lb/10 <sup>3</sup> Lb gas	% of Allowable	Isokinetic Ratio
1	.00004	23.06 lb/hr	.188	769 %	94
2	.00020	15.12	.124	504	93
3	.00005	16.63	.135	554	93
AVG	0.00010	18.27 lb/hr	.149 Lb/10 <sup>3</sup> Lb gas	609 %	ave 93

*Limit = 0.0057 Lb/Hr*

In addition, the permit also required testing for formaldehyde emissions. The following table presents the numerical results:

Test	LB/HR	LB/TON
1	0.96 lb/hr	0.0091 lb/ton
2	0.77	0.0083
3	0.57	0.0058
AVG	0.77 lb/hr	0.0077 lb/ton

*HCOH Limit = 0.0285 Lb/Hr*

The permit also required that opacity observations be performed concurrently with the particulate test. All the six minute average opacities were below the permit limit of 20 %. The following table summarizes the highest average opacity during each test:

Test	OPACITY
1	14.6 %
2	15.0
3	15.8

*Permit Part. Limit is more restrictive of 3 Lb/Hr or 0.3 Lb/10<sup>3</sup> Lb wet gas. 3 Lb/Hr is more restrictive and applies.*

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.100  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2500  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 9.000  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 51.48  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 223.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.3831  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 3.50 O<sub>2</sub> = 15.00 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.50

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	225	0.950	1.85	49	65.72
2	230	0.950	1.85	49	65.96
3	230	1.200	2.40	50	74.13
4	225	1.100	2.20	50	70.72
5	230	0.850	1.70	50	62.39
6	230	0.800	1.60	52	60.53
7	230	0.800	1.60	53	60.53
8	230	1.000	2.00	54	67.67
9	230	1.150	2.30	55	72.57
10	230	0.750	1.50	56	58.61
11	230	0.750	1.55	57	58.61
12	225	0.800	1.70	59	60.31
13	230	1.200	2.50	61	74.13
14	225	1.250	2.65	62	75.39
15	225	1.250	2.65	64	75.39
16	225	1.050	2.20	64	69.09
17	225	1.000	2.10	67	67.43
18	220	1.200	2.50	68	73.59
19	220	1.750	3.60	71	88.87
20	225	1.600	3.35	72	85.29
21	220	1.600	3.35	73	84.98
22	220	1.500	3.20	76	82.28
23	220	1.400	2.95	78	79.49
24	220	1.400	2.95	79	79.49
AVG VALUES	226		2.344	61	71.38

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 61.31  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 50.82  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 10.50  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 17.12  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 38,546.19  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 23,881.70  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 40,579.78  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.116  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.188  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 23.06  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 93.65

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.100  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2500  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 9.000  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 50.95  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 210.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.2498  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 3.20 O<sub>2</sub> = 15.40 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.40

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	220	1.600	3.40	82	84.89
2	220	1.650	3.50	82	86.21
3	220	1.550	3.30	82	83.55
4	225	1.500	3.20	82	82.50
5	225	1.400	3.00	83	79.70
6	220	1.400	3.00	83	79.41
7	220	1.100	2.35	85	70.39
8	220	1.200	2.60	86	73.52
9	220	1.250	2.70	87	75.03
10	220	1.000	2.15	88	67.11
11	220	1.000	2.15	88	67.11
12	220	1.150	2.50	88	71.97
13	220	0.850	1.80	89	61.87
14	215	1.050	2.25	90	68.52
15	215	1.000	2.15	90	66.86
16	220	0.850	1.80	90	61.87
17	220	0.800	1.70	90	60.03
18	215	0.850	1.80	90	61.65
19	220	1.000	2.15	91	67.11
20	215	1.000	2.15	91	66.86
21	220	1.100	2.35	91	70.39
22	220	0.900	1.90	92	63.67
23	220	0.750	1.60	92	58.12
24	215	0.800	1.70	92	59.81
AVG VALUES	219		2.383	88	70.34

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 60.34  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 50.46  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 9.88  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 16.38  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 37,983.12  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 23,968.20  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 40,726.76  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.076  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.124  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 15.12  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 92.65

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.100  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2500  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 9.000  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 51.48  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 210.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.2748  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 3.40 O<sub>2</sub> = 15.40 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.20

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	220	0.950	2.00	92	65.36
2	220	1.000	2.15	92	67.06
3	215	1.150	2.50	92	71.65
4	215	1.100	2.35	92	70.07
5	220	0.900	1.90	92	63.62
6	220	0.800	1.70	92	59.98
7	215	0.850	1.80	93	61.60
8	220	1.000	2.15	93	67.06
9	220	1.100	2.35	93	70.33
10	220	0.900	1.90	93	63.62
11	220	0.800	1.70	93	59.98
12	220	0.850	1.80	93	61.82
13	215	1.100	2.35	93	70.07
14	220	1.250	2.70	93	74.97
15	220	1.250	2.70	93	74.97
16	220	0.950	2.00	94	65.36
17	220	0.900	1.90	94	63.62
18	215	1.100	2.35	94	70.07
19	220	1.700	3.65	95	87.43
20	220	1.700	3.65	95	87.43
21	220	1.600	3.40	95	84.82
22	220	1.500	3.25	95	82.13
23	220	1.400	3.00	95	79.34
24	215	1.400	3.00	95	79.05
AVG VALUES	219		2.427	93	70.89

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 60.91  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 51.02  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 9.88  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 16.23  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 38,292.08  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 24,223.03  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 41,159.77  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.083  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.135  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 16.63  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 92.70

PAYNE & POLANS  
CEDAR LAKE PLANT  
CONTROL 8

~ 15 min.

11-14-91

<u>TIME</u>	<u>BATCH COUNT</u>	2.5 TON/BATCH
0910	8	
925	19	
9:40	31	TEST 1 0910 - 101130
9:55	40	
10:10	50	TEST 2 1030 - 113130
10:25	60	
10:40	69	TEST 3 1145 - 124630
10:55	78	
11:10	87	
11:25	97	
11:40	106	
11:55	116	
12:10	126	
12:25	136	
12:40	145	
12:55	155	
1:10		

## HCOH ANALYSIS - PAYNE + DOLAN

11/15/91

SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE VOL	LIR ALIQ	C. ACID VOL	RDG	RDG - BLANK	MG/ALIQ	MG/SAMPLE	TOTAL
CEDAR LAKE 1A	18.3	0.1	1.0	.304	.274	3.35	613	632
1B	11.3	1.0		.176	.137	1.65	18.6	
2A	14.4	0.1		.307	.277	3.38	487	487
2B	—	—		—	—	—	—	
3A	13.5	0.1		.237	.207	2.53	341.6	359
3B	10.2	1.0		.180	.141	1.70	17.3	
FLD BLANK	—	1.0		.039	—			

PAYNE + DOLAN CEDAR LAKE  
FORMALDEHYDE CALCULATIONS

$P_b = 29.10$

$\gamma = 1.078$

TEST 1

105 TPH

$$V_M = 2.04 \quad T_M = 59$$

$$V_{M_{std}} = V_M \times \left( \frac{588}{T_M} + \frac{P_b}{29.92} \right)$$

$$= 2.07 \text{ SCF} = .059 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{0.632 \text{ mg}}{.059 \text{ m}^3} = 10.71 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 0.96 \text{ \#/hr} = .0091 \text{ \#/tm}$$

TEST 2

92.5 TPH

$$V_M = 2.00 \quad T_M = 64$$

$$V_{M_{std}} = 2.01 \text{ SCF} = .057 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{0.487}{.057} = 8.54 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 0.77 \text{ \#/hr} = .0083 \text{ \#/tm}$$

TEST 3

97.5 TPH

$$V_M = 2.00 \quad T_M = 60$$

$$V_{M_{std}} = 2.01 \text{ SCF} = .057 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{0.359}{.057} = 6.30 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 0.57 \text{ \#/hr} = .0058 \text{ \#/tm}$$

## CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

Date: March 18, 1992

File Ref: 4530

To: SED Case File

From: Jeff McGlin *JM*

Subject: Review of stack test conducted at Payne and Doylan Control #24 Asphalt Plant in Appleton, Wisconsin on August 26, 1991.

*Received: 9/19/91*

## I. Source

X Payne and Doylan Control #24 (*Northeast Asphalt #24*)  
 P.O. Box 781  
 Waukesha, Wisconsin 53287  
*Test Date: Aug 26, 1991*  
 Ervin Benish, Vice President  
 (414) 544-5231

FID #: 999010210

Permit #: 89-IRS-073 Issued: October 16, 1989

Asphalt Plant: P30 S10

## II. Source Description

The home office location of Payne and Doylan Control #24 is in Waukesha, Wisconsin. On August 26, 1991, this source had a stack test conducted while in operation in Appleton, Wisconsin. This source is an asphalt concrete drum mix plant with a rated capacity of 400 tons of mix per hour. It has the capability to use recycled asphalt as well as virgin material and this source is a portable unit. It was manufactured by the CMI Corporation and is a Model PDM 940. The control device for particulate matter is a CMI reverse air pulse baghouse. The bags are made of Nomex and are capable of withstanding temperatures up to 425 degrees Fahrenheit. During the test period, the plant production rate was 220 tons per hour and the mix was composed of 65% virgin material and 35% recycled material. The plant was fired with waste fuel oil.

Operating @ 55% of capacity  
No Process Description.  
Everything else OK.

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### III. Sampling Operation

#### A. Purpose of Test

On October 16, 1989, the Department of Natural Resources issued permit number 89-IRS-073 to Payne and Doylan Control #24. Demonstration of compliance with the State of Wisconsin emission limits as stated within the above permit has to be shown by this particulate emission testing.

#### B. Sampling Firm

The source performance test was conducted by Mr. William Dick of Environmental Technology and Engineering Corporation, 13020 West Bluemound Road, Elm Grove, Wisconsin 53122.  
Telephone: (414) 784-2434

#### C. Date of the Test

The test was conducted on August 26, 1991. It was a clear but hazy day, with winds of 10-15 mph, out of the southwest and the temperature was in the upper 70's.

#### D. Test Method

The equipment used to sample was the Western Precipitation Division of the Joy Manufacturing Company Emission Parameter Analyzer. The particulate emission sampling followed procedures in EPA Methods 1,2,3,4, and 5. Samples were collected and analyzed in accordance with procedures outlined in 40 CFR 60 Appendix A, Method 17 - Determination of Particulate Emissions from Stationary Sources.

Testing was conducted on the exhaust stack about 10 feet above ground level. ET & E sampled 25 points per run through two ports for 2.5 minutes each. The stack is rectangular with dimensions of 50.5 inches by 48 inches. The three runs were all successfully completed.

#### E. Test Witness

The test was witnessed by Tom Erickson of the Department of Natural Resource, Lake Michigan District. The first of the three runs was started at 9:30 AM.

#### IV. Summary of Test Results

Run No.	Isokinetic Ratio (%)	Particulate Emission Rate (gr / DSCF)
1	94.8	0.015
2	94.5	0.009
3	93.4	0.009
average	94.2	0.011
limit	90 - 110	0.04

The isokinetic ratio limits set by the Department are a range from 90 % to 110 %. All three tests are within the this range and the average isokinetic ratio was 94.2 %.

The particulate emission rate averaged 0.011 gr / DSCF which is less than the applicable emission limit of 0.04 gr / DSCF.

#### V. Applicable Emission Limit

NR 440.25(3)(a)1., Wisconsin Administrative Code limits the particulate emission from this asphalt plant to 0.04 gr / DSCF.

#### VI. Discussion of Results

The asphalt plant was being operated in a normal manner on the day of the testing. The 220 tons per hour of asphalt mix produced during the test, with 65 % virgin material and 35 % recycled material, was an average representation of the source.

During the test, the visible emission readings ranged from 5 - 15 % opacity. This is below the 20 % opacity limit.

ET & E show the emissions to be the same value I calculated. The isokinetic ratio limit set by the Department is a range from 90 % to 110 %. All three tests were in the range and the average value was 94.2 %. The average particulate emission rate was 0.011 gr / DSCF which is less than the applicable limit of 0.04 gr / DSCF. This review shows that on August 26, 1991, Payne and Doylan Control #24 was in compliance with permit number 89-IRS-073.

*The average formaldehyde emission rate was 1.46 lb/Hr which is over the NR445 target limit of 0.029 lb/Hr.*

c: Bureau of Air Management - AM\10 - Joe Perez  
U.S. EPA - Region V  
Payne and Doylan Control #24  
SED - Mike Griffin  
*Mike De Brock - LMD*

### SUMMARY

On August 26, 1991, Environmental Technology & Engineering Corporation personnel performed a stack emission test on the Northeast Asphalt, Inc. Control 24 asphalt plant located in Appleton, Wisconsin. The average of the three particulate tests show the emissions to be well below the limit of 0.04 grains of particulate matter per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) as specified by the State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) by permit. The numerical test results are summarized below:

Test	Emissions	% of Allowable
1	0.015 gr/dscf	37 %
2	0.009	23
3	0.009	23
	-----	--
AVG	0.011 gr/dscf	28 %

In addition, the permit also required testing for formaldehyde emissions. The following table presents the numerical results:

Test	LB/HR	LB/TON
1	2.20 lb/hr	0.0099 lb/ton
2	1.31	0.0060
3	0.86	0.0039
	-----	----
AVG	1.46 lb/hr	0.0066 lb/ton

The permit also required that opacity observations be performed concurrently with the particulate test. All six minute average readings were well below the permit limit of 20 %. The following table summarizes the highest six minute average for each test:

Test	6 Minute Avg Opacity
1	5.8
2	5.6
3	15.8

NAME OF SOURCE: FAYNE & DOYLAN CONTROL #24

LOCATION OF SOURCE: APPLETON

PROCESS TESTED: P30 S10

DATE OF TEST: 8-26-91

RUN NUMBER: 1

N NUMBER OF SAMPLING POINTS= 25

VM DEM VOL, METER COND DRY= 44.183 CFD

PS BAR PRESS, STATION= 29.4 IN HG

VL TOTAL VOL OF WATER COLLECTED= 280 ML

%CO2 % CARBON DIOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 3.5 %

%O2 % OXYGEN BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 15.5 %

%CO % CARBON MONOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 0 %

%N2 % NITROGEN BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 81 %

CP PIVOT TUBE COEFFICIENT= .65

PS STACK PRESS= 29.36 IN HG

AS AREA OF THE SAMPLING SITE= 18.933 SQ FEET

MT TOTAL DRY PARTICULATE= .0419 GM

T TOTAL SAMPLING TIME= 62.5 MIN

AN AREA OF THE NOZZLE= .0003274 SQ FEET

FAYNE & DOYLAN CONTROL #24,P30 S10,RUN: 1

CALCULATED RESULTS

TS STACK TEMPERATURE = 283.8 DEG F

VMSTD DSM VOL,STD COND DRY= 43.62098 SCFD

VWSTD VOL OF WATER VAPOR,STD COND= 13.1796 SCF

WM % MOISTURE IN STACK GAS BY VOL,STD COND= 23.20328 %

MD MOLE FRACTION OF DRY GAS= .7679672

MWD MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS,DRY BASIS= 29.16 LB/LB-MOLE

MWS MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS,WET BASIS= 26.56587 LB/LB-MOLE

VS AVE STACK GAS VELOCITY,STACK COND= 70.0134 FPS

QACT ACTUAL STACK GAS FLOW RATE= 70712.13 CFM

QSTD AVE STACK GAS FLOW RATE,STD COND DRY= 37827.6 SCFMD

XEA AVE % EXCESS AIR= 263.4262 %

PMRA AVE PMR BY RATIO OF AREAS METHOD= 4.539369 LB/HR

PMRC AVE PMR BY CONC METHOD= 4.806348 LB/HR

PMR(AVE) AVE PMR,STD COND DRY= 4.682359 LB/HR

C EMISSION CONC,STD COND DRY= 1.482124E-02 GR/SCFD

DGR AVE STACK GAS RATE,STD COND DRY= 171759.6 LB/HR

LB/MLB EMISSION CONC,STD COND DRY= .027264 LB/MLB OF DRY GAS

WGR AVE STACK GAS RATE,STD COND WET= 203772 LB/HR

LB/MLB EMISSION CONC,STD COND WET= 2.298087E-02 LB/MLB OF WET GAS

XISR % ISOKINETIC RATIO= 94.8614 %

NAME OF SOURCE: Payne & Doylan Control #24

LOCATION OF SOURCE: Appleton

PROCESS TESTED: F30 S10

DATE OF TEST: 8-26-91

RUN NUMBER: 2

N NUMBER OF SAMPLING POINTS= 25

VM DGM VOL, METER COND DRY= 42.869 CFD

PS BAR PRESS, STATION= 29.4 IN HG

VL TOTAL VOL OF WATER COLLECTED= 295 ML

%CO2 % CARBON DIOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 4.2 %

%O2 % OXYGEN BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 14.8 %

%CO % CARBON MONOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 0 %

%N2 % NITROGEN BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 81 %

CP PITOT TUBE COEFFICIENT= .85

PS STACK PRESS= 29.359 IN HG

AS AREA OF THE SAMPLING SITE= 16.833 SQ FEET

MT TOTAL DRY PARTICULATE= .0241 GM

T TOTAL SAMPLING TIME= 62.5 MIN

AN AREA OF THE NOZZLE= .0003274 SQ FEET

Payne & Doylan Control #24,P30 S10,RUN: 2

CALCULATED RESULTS

TS STACK TEMPERATURE = 278.6 DEG F

VMSTD DGM VOL,STD COND DRY= 42.33052 SCFD

VWSTD VOL OF WATER VAPOR,STD COND= 13.88565 SCF

%M % MOISTURE IN STACK GAS BY VOL,STD COND= 24.70045 %

MD MOLE FRACTION OF DRY GAS= .7529954

MWD MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS, DRY BASIS= 29.264 LB/LB-MOLE

MWS MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS, WET BASIS= 26.48174 LB/LB-MOLE

VS AVE STACK GAS VELOCITY, STACK COND= 69.03056 FPS

~~QACT~~ ACTUAL STACK GAS FLOW RATE= 69719.48 CFM

QSTD AVE STACK GAS FLOW RATE, STD COND DRY= 36825.68 SCFMD

%EA AVE % EXCESS AIR= 224.7874 %

PMRA AVE PMR BY RATIO OF AREAS METHOD= 2.622453 LB/HR

PMRC AVE PMR BY CONC METHOD= 2.773333 LB/HR

PMR(AVE) AVE PMR, STD COND DRY= 2.697893 LB/HR

C EMISSION CONC, STD COND DRY= 8.784749E-03 GR/SCFD

DGR AVE STACK GAS RATE, STD COND DRY= 167691.8 LB/HR

LB/MLB EMISSION CONC, STD COND DRY= .0160684 LB/MLB OF DRY GAS

~~WGR~~ AVE STACK GAS RATE, STD COND WET= 201526.6 LB/HR

LB/MLB EMISSION CONC, STD COND WET= 1.338728E-02 LB/MLB OF WET GAS

%IBR % ISOKINETIC RATIO= 94.55961 %

NAME OF SOURCE: Payne & Doylan Control #24

LOCATION OF SOURCE: Appleton

PROCESS TESTED: F30 S10

DATE OF TEST: 8-26-91

RUN NUMBER: 3

N NUMBER OF SAMPLING POINTS= 25

VM DGM VOL, METER COND DRY= 42.462 CFD

PS BAR PRESS, STATION= 29.4 IN HG

VL TOTAL VOL OF WATER COLLECTED= 292 ML

%CO2 % CARBON DIOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 4 %

%O2 % OXYGEN BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 15 %

%CO % CARBON MONOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 0 %

%N2 % NITROGEN BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 61 %

CP PITOT TUBE COEFFICIENT= .85

PS STACK PRESS= 29.36 IN HG

AS AREA OF THE SAMPLING SITE= 16.833 SQ FEET

MT TOTAL DRY PARTICULATE= .0235 GM

T TOTAL SAMPLING TIME= 62.5 MIN

AN AREA OF THE NOZZLE= .0003274 SQ FEET

Fayne & Doylan Control #24, P30 SIO, RUN: 3

CALCULATED RESULTS

TS STACK TEMPERATURE = 280.6 DEG F

VMSTD DBM VOL, STD COND DRY= 41.9286 SCFD

VWSTD VOL OF WATER VAPOR, STD COND= 13.74444 SCF

WM % MOISTURE IN STACK GAS BY VOL, STD COND= 24.68779 %

MD MOLE FRACTION OF DRY GAS= .7531221

MWD MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS, DRY BASIS= 29.24 LB/LB-MOLE

MWS MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS, WET BASIS= 26.46509 LB/LB-MOLE

VS AVE STACK GAS VELOCITY, STACK COND= 69.34875 FPS

QACT ACTUAL STACK GAS FLOW RATE= 70040.85 CFM

QSTD AVE STACK GAS FLOW RATE, STD COND DRY= 36902.98 SCFMD

XEA AVE % EXCESS AIR= 234.9624 %

PMRA AVE PMR BY RATIO OF AREAS METHOD= 2.557164 LB/HR

PMRC AVE PMR BY CONC METHOD= 2.735941 LB/HR

FMR(AVE) AVE FMR, STD COND DRY= 2.646553 LB/HR

C EMISSION CONC, STD COND DRY= 8.648154E-03 GR/SCFD

DGR AVE STACK GAS RATE, STD COND DRY= 167906 LB/HR

LB/MLB EMISSION CONC, STD COND DRY= 1.576211E-02 LB/MLB OF DRY GAS

WGR AVE STACK GAS RATE, STD COND WET= 201788.7 LB/HR

LB/MLB EMISSION CONC, STD COND WET= 1.311546E-02 LB/MLB OF WET GAS

XISR % ISOKINETIC RATIO= 93.46558 %

# FORMALDEHYDE CALCULATIONS

NORTHERST ASPHALT

CONTROL 24. APPLETON 220 TPH

$P_p = 29.40$

$\alpha = 1.02$

TEST 1

$$V_m = 2.00 \quad T_m = 83F$$

$$V_{mstd} = 1.02 \times 2.00 \times \frac{528}{543} \times \frac{29.4}{29.97}$$

$$= 1.955 \text{ SCF} = 0.055 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{855 \text{ mg}}{0.055} = 15,355 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 2.20 \text{ \#/hr}$$

$$= 0.0099 \text{ \#/ftm}$$

TEST 2

$$V_m = 2.00 \quad T_m = 93F$$

$$V_{mstd} = 1.91 \text{ SCF} = 0.054 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{515 \text{ mg}}{0.054} = 9,54 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 1.31 \text{ \#/hr}$$

$$= 0.0060 \text{ \#/ftm}$$

TEST 3

$$V_m = 2.00 \quad T_m = 96F$$

$$V_{mstd} = 1.90 \text{ SCF} = 0.054 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{337 \text{ mg}}{0.054} = 6.24 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 0.86 \text{ \#/hr}$$

$$= 0.0039 \text{ \#/ftm}$$

## CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

Date: March 20, 1992

File Ref: 4530

To: SED Case File

Received: 11/7/91

From: Denese Helgeland *DH*

Subject: Review of Stack Test Conducted at  
Payne & Dolan, Inc.  
on October 7, 1991

### I. Source

Payne & Dolan, Inc. #7  
6211 West Rawson Avenue  
Franklin, Wisconsin 53132

Peter Tolsma, Environmental Engineer  
Payne & Dolan, Inc.  
P.O. Box 1632  
Waukesha, Wisconsin 53187  
(414) 524-1849

FID #: 999902420

Permit #: 91-DAA-203 issued: March 6, 1991

Process #P10 (S10) Drum Mix Asphalt Plant

### II. Source Description

Process #P10 is a Standard Havens counterflow drum mix asphalt plant. The plant is rated to produce 350 tons of asphalt per hour, fired on natural gas, #2 fuel oil and EPA specification used oil. The facility has burner heat input rating of 100 MMBtu per hour. Asphalt mix at the plant may be up to 25% recycled material.

Particulate emissions from the asphalt plant are controlled by a cyclone and baghouse. The pulse cleaned baghouse contains 2180 nomex bags, with a pressure drop across the baghouse of 3 to 4 inches of water.

### III. Sampling Operation

#### A. Purpose of Test

The particulate emission and visible emission stack tests were conducted to determine compliance with limits established by Air Pollution Control Permit #91-DAA-203. The permit was issued March 6, 1991, to Payne & Dolan, Inc., for the construction and operation of an asphalt plant in Franklin, Wisconsin.

Patic. Method 17?  
No Process Description.  
Everything else OK!

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Stack Test Review  
Payne & Dolan, Inc. - Control #7  
Franklin, Wisconsin  
October 7, 1991

B. Sampling Firm

Environmental Technology & Engineering Corp.  
13020 West Bluemound Road  
Elm Grove, Wisconsin 53122  
(414) 784-2434

Crew Chief: Bill Dick

C. Date of Test

The test was conducted on October 7, 1991. It was a clear day with winds 10 to 15 mph out of the west. The temperature was in the upper 50's.

D. Test Method

Particulate emissions sampling followed procedures detailed in EPA Method 17, including the back half. Visible emissions readings were taken in accordance with EPA test method 9. These methods appear in detail in Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 60, Appendix A.

Testing was conducted on the baghouse exhaust stack. The rectangular stack measured 42 inches by 57.5 inches. Six sampling ports, 4 points per port, were used for the particulate testing.

Visible emissions were read by Chris Huenink, of ET & E, downstream from the exhaust stack, after the attached steam plume dissipated. Chris was positioned southeast of the stack and below the discharge point.

E. Test Witness

The test was witnessed by Denese Helgeland of the Department of Natural Resources, Southeast District. The first run began at 1150, after the facility had repaired a burners.

IV. Summary of Test Results

The isokinetic ratio limits set by the Department are 90% to 110%. All three tests were within the limit. The average isokinetic ratio for the three tests was 105.26 percent.

**PARTICULATE EMISSIONS SUMMARY**

<u>Run No.</u>	<u>Isokinetic Ratio %</u>	<u>Particulate Emission Rate grains/dscf</u>
1	106.63	0.001
2	104.61	0.001
3	104.54	0.001
average	105.26	0.001
Limit	90-110	0.039

The average particulate emissions were 0.001 grains per dry standard cubic foot of exhaust gas (gr/dscf). Based on the stack test results, particulate emissions from the baghouse are within permitted limitations.

Visible emission readings were 0% opacity for all three tests. Observations were made for standard 60 minute test period. Visible emission limits for the asphalt plant are 20% opacity or less. The plant is in compliance with this limit.

ET&E presented field and lab data for all three tests conducted. Payne & Dolan provided an analysis report from the fuel oil supplier on the EPA Spec Used Oil used during the test.

The Department required the facility to test the stack exhaust for formaldehyde emissions. The formaldehyde test was conducted using NIOSH Method 3500. A sodium bisulfite solution was the sampling medium used for this test. Test results indicated the average formaldehyde emissions were 0.53 pounds per hour. The de minimis level for formaldehyde in section NR 445, Wisconsin Administrative Code, is 250 pounds per year.

**FORMALDEHYDE EMISSIONS SUMMARY**

<u>Run No.</u>	<u>Formaldehyde Emission Rate pounds per hour</u>
1	0.69
2	0.57
3	0.32
average	0.53

**V. Applicable Emission Limit**

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>Applicable Wis. Admin. Code</u>	<u>Limitations</u>
Particulate Matter	NR 440.25(3)(a)1., Wisconsin Administrative Code	0.039 grains per dry standard cubic foot of exhaust gas
Visible Emissions	NR 440.25(3)2., Wis. Admin. Code	20% Opacity

Stack Test Review  
Payne & Dolan, Inc. - Control #7  
Franklin, Wisconsin  
October 7, 1991

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## VI. Discussion of Results

ET&E conducted the compliance tests in accordance with the test methods and plan approved by the Department of Natural Resources. The tests were required to be conducted when the asphalt plant was operating at 100 percent capacity on waste fuel oil. The plant is rated at 350 tons per hour. During the stack test, the production varied from 300 to 315 tons per hour, which is the normal production range for the facility.

Based on the results, the average particulate emissions were 0.001 gr/dscf. Permit #91-DAA-203 requires Payne & Dolan to comply with the emissions limit in section NR 440.25(3)(a)1., Wis. Admin. Code, or 0.039 gr/dscf. The test data indicated that Payne & Dolan, Inc.-Control #7 is in compliance with the limit.

Although the test was conducted while the plant was not at 100% capacity, the emissions results are sufficiently low to permit operation at 350 tons per hour without a retest at this time.

Visible emissions were read in accordance with EPA Method 9 procedures. Results of the test indicated there were no visible emissions (0%). The facility is in compliance with the 20% opacity limitation of section NR 440.25(3)(a)2., Wis. Admin. Code.

Formaldehyde testing was conducted in accordance with NIOSH Method 3500, with sodium bisulfite solution used in the midget impingers. This test was required of the facility by permit #91-DAA-203, but there was no permit limitation for formaldehyde. Formaldehyde emissions during the three tests ranged from 0.32 pounds per hour (0.0011 pounds per ton of asphalt) to 0.69 pounds per hour (0.0023 pounds per ton of asphalt). Section NR 445, Wis. Admin. Code, has a de minimis level of 250 pounds per year. Based on the stack test results, the plant is capable of exceeding this level. The Department is in the process of determining BACT for asphalt plants. Results from a study conducted by the Department, indicate average formaldehyde emissions from asphalt plants to be 0.0020 pounds per ton of asphalt produced. Payne & Dolan-Control #7 is below this level. Until BACT is determined for asphalt plants, the facility will operate similar to the operations during the stack test.

c: Bureau of Air Management - AM\10-STK  
U.S. EPA - Region V

CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

DATE: 3-19-92

File Code: 4530

PRELIMINARY STACK TEST REVIEW

By: Denese Helgeland Test Date: Oct 7, 1991  
 Name of Source: Payne & Dolan-Franklin (central) #7 FID #: 999902420  
 Address: 6211 W. Rawson Ave Stack #: 501  
 City: Franklin Process #: PO1  
 Permit #: 91-DAA-203 Date Issued: March, 1991

Description of Source Tested: Drum mix asphalt plant with a pulse baghouse. Standard Havens Counterflow - 350TPH 25% recycled material - fired on EPA Spec used oil

Description of Control Equipment: fabric filter baghouse with pressure drop of 3-4" w/ water

Test Firm: Environmental Technology & Engineering  
 Crew Chief & Phone#: Bill Dick (414) 784-2431

Pollutant Tested: Particulates Test Method: 17 - Thimbles  
 Pollutant Tested: Visible Test Method: 9  
 Pollutant Tested: FORMALDEHYDE Test Method: \_\_\_\_\_

Test Production Level: 300 Tons of asphalt per hour  
 Rated Production Level: 350 Tons of asphalt per hour

Discussion of Results:

Poll. Test Ave. - <u>0.001 grains part/dscf</u>	Limit - <u>0.039 grains part/dscf</u>	In Compliance? <u>(Y) N</u>
Poll. Test Ave. - <u>0% opacity</u>	Limit - <u>20% opacity</u>	In Compliance? <u>(Y) N</u>
Poll. Test Ave. - <u>0.53 lb/HR</u>	Limit - <u>250.0 lb HCHO/YR ≈ 0.029 lb HCHO/HR</u>	In Compliance? <u>Y N</u>
LIMIT IS AN NR 445 TARGET LIMIT		
Poll. Test Ave. - _____	Limit - _____	In Compliance? Y N

Is This a Valid Test? (Y) N If answer is no see page 2.

\* Test may be reviewed in depth later, if necessary.

PARTICULATE CHECKLIST

Name of Source: Payne & Dolan Franklin (control) #7 Test Date: Oct 7, 1991

1. Are the isokinetics per run between 90 and 110%? YES  NO   
If the %I for a run is outside the range, void the run. See 5.
  2. Is the sample volume per run  $\geq 30$  DSCF? YES  NO   
If the sample volume for a run is  $< 30$  DSCF, void the run. See 5.
  3. Is the sample time per run  $\geq 60$  min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time for a run is  $< 60$  min., void the run. See 5.
  4. Is the sample time per sample point  $\geq$  two min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time per point for a run is  $< 2$  min., void the run. See 5.
  5. A stack test shall consist of three valid runs or, at a minimum, two valid runs if one run is voided. Is this a valid test? YES  NO   
If no, inform the District or the source that the test is unacceptable and should be redone. Your review is over.
  6. Is the total particulate per run added correctly? YES  NO   
If an incorrect total is found, call the consultant and ask for a correction.
  7. Was the backhalf included in the total particulate? YES  NO   
NSPS sources are exempt from including the backhalf. All other sources must include the backhalf. If they don't, the test is invalid. See 5.
- 
- Eq. 1  $Gr/DSCF = 15.43 * g \text{ of part.} / \text{sample volume of run in DSCF}$
- Eq. 2  $Lb/DSCF = (Gr/DSCF) / 7000$
- Eq. 3  $Lb/Hr = 60 * DSCFM * (Lb/DSCF)$
- Eq. 4  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/DSCF) * F \text{ Factor} * 20.9 / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$
- 
8. If the emission limit is in Gr/DSCF, Lb/DSCF, Lb/Hr, or Lb/10<sup>6</sup> BTU, solve Eq. 1-4. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.
  9. Is the three run(or two run) average correct? YES  NO   
If no, write in the correct average.
  10. Is the average result in compliance? YES  NO   
If no, the District should issue an NOV.
  11. Was the source operating at a level representative of full capacity? YES  NO   
If no, the permit release may need to provide conditions to cap the source at the test level until a stack test at a higher production level(showing compliance) is performed. If the test was not for permit release, other actions may be warranted.

### SUMMARY

On October 7, 1991, Environmental Technology & Engineering Corporation personnel performed a stack emission test on the Payne & Dolan, Inc. asphalt plant located in Franklin, Wisconsin. The average of the three particulate tests show the emissions to be well below the limit of 0.04 grains of particulate matter per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) as specified by the State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) by permit. The numerical test results are summarized below:

Test	Emissions	% of Allowable
1	0.001 gr/dscf	2.5 %
2	0.001	2.5
3	0.001	2.5
	-----	--
AVG	0.001 gr/dscf	2.5 %

In addition, the permit also required testing for formaldehyde emissions. The following table presents the numerical results:

Test	LB/HR	LB/TON
1	0.69 lb/hr	0.0023 lb/ton
2	0.57	0.0019
3	0.32	0.0011
	-----	----
AVG	0.53 lb/hr	0.0018 lb/ton

The permit also required that opacity observations be performed concurrently with the particulate test. All individual readings were either 0 % and thus the six minute average opacities were all well below the permit limit of 20 %.

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.500  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2500  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 16.771  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 41.61  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 362.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0023  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 7.00 O<sub>2</sub> = 12.00 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.00

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	275	0.640	1.20	60	56.63
2	275	0.700	1.30	62	59.22
3	275	0.780	1.50	62	62.51
4	275	0.760	1.45	64	61.71
5	280	0.720	1.35	64	60.26
6	280	0.700	1.30	66	59.42
7	285	0.740	1.40	66	61.30
8	285	0.720	1.35	68	60.47
9	285	0.720	1.35	68	60.47
10	280	0.720	1.35	70	60.26
11	280	0.660	1.25	72	57.70
12	275	0.660	1.25	74	57.50
13	275	0.880	1.70	76	66.40
14	265	0.840	1.60	78	64.43
15	265	0.780	1.50	78	62.09
16	265	0.720	1.35	78	59.65
17	265	0.960	1.80	80	68.88
18	265	0.960	1.80	80	68.88
19	260	0.860	1.65	80	64.97
20	260	0.860	1.65	80	64.97
21	260	0.940	1.80	82	67.92
22	260	0.940	1.80	82	67.92
23	260	0.940	1.80	82	67.92
24	260	0.860	1.65	82	64.97
AVG VALUES	271		1.506	73	62.77

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 58.32  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 41.28  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 17.04  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 29.22  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 63,161.40  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 31,747.97  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 53,946.14  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.001  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.001  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 0.24  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 106.63

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.500  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2500  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 16.771  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 40.00  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 340.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0024  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 6.80 O<sub>2</sub> = 12.00 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.20

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	280	0.600	1.10	84	54.98
2	280	0.740	1.35	84	61.05
3	280	0.860	1.55	82	65.82
4	280	0.960	1.75	82	69.54
5	280	0.660	1.20	82	57.66
6	280	0.800	1.45	82	63.48
7	285	0.900	1.60	80	67.56
8	285	0.900	1.60	80	67.56
9	280	0.640	1.15	80	56.78
10	280	0.660	1.20	82	57.66
11	280	0.800	1.45	84	63.48
12	280	0.900	1.60	84	67.33
13	280	0.740	1.35	84	61.05
14	280	0.740	1.35	84	61.05
15	280	0.740	1.35	84	61.05
16	280	0.740	1.35	86	61.05
17	280	0.740	1.35	86	61.05
18	285	0.760	1.40	88	62.08
19	285	0.760	1.40	88	62.08
20	285	0.780	1.40	88	62.89
21	285	0.700	1.25	88	59.58
22	285	0.700	1.25	88	59.58
23	285	0.760	1.40	90	62.08
24	285	0.760	1.40	90	62.08
AVG VALUES	282		1.385	85	62.02

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 55.73  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 39.72  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 16.00  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 28.72  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 62,410.82  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 31,139.95  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 52,912.99  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.001  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.001  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 0.25  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 104.61

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.500  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2500  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 16.771  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 24  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 38.88  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 354.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0031  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 7.00 O<sub>2</sub> = 11.80 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.20

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	285	0.660	1.20	88	58.02
2	290	0.640	1.15	88	57.32
3	290	0.760	1.40	88	62.47
4	290	0.760	1.40	88	62.47
5	290	0.700	1.25	88	59.95
6	290	0.700	1.25	86	59.95
7	285	0.760	1.40	86	62.26
8	285	0.740	1.35	86	61.43
9	280	0.660	1.20	86	57.82
10	280	0.740	1.35	86	61.23
11	280	0.740	1.35	86	61.23
12	280	0.760	1.40	88	62.05
13	285	0.720	1.30	88	60.60
14	280	0.720	1.30	88	60.39
15	280	0.680	1.20	90	58.69
16	280	0.660	1.20	90	57.82
17	280	0.860	1.55	90	66.01
18	280	0.800	1.45	90	63.66
19	280	0.840	1.50	90	65.23
20	280	0.780	1.40	92	62.86
21	280	0.760	1.40	92	62.05
22	280	0.840	1.50	92	65.23
23	280	0.860	1.55	92	66.01
24	280	0.840	1.50	92	65.23
AVG VALUES	283		1.356	89	61.67

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 55.29  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 38.63  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 16.66  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 30.14  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 62,052.34  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 30,302.30  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 51,489.67  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.001  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.002  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 0.33  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 104.54

CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

STATE OF WISCONSIN  
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

DATE: November 30, 1989

TO: Payne and Dolan #28 File

FROM: Jeff Skebba - SD Air Management *JS*

SUBJECT: Review of Stack Emission Test Conducted October 23, 1989 at Payne and Dolan #28

1. Conclusions and Recommendations

The results of this stack test show the facility demonstrated compliance with the particulate matter emission limit of 0.04 grains per dry standard cubic foot. Visible emissions evaluated during the three test runs were all less than the 20% opacity limit.

Formaldehyde emissions were found to be greater than the target limit set in the permit. This limit should be re-evaluated based on the test results.

The Southeast District will follow through on the Notice of Violation issued August 4, 1989.

2. Facility Information

Payne and Dolan #28

Home Office Address: P.O. Box 781  
Waukesha, WI 53187

Plant location for test: 1 and 1/2 miles east of Marshall, WI (Dane County) on State Highway 19 at Cherry Lane

Facility ID# 999791320, Permit # 89-MWH-068

Facility Contacts: Larry Kristapovich, Engineer (414) 548-3258  
Tim Meiner, Plant Operator

Date of Test: October 23, 1989

Company Conducting Test: Environmental Technology and Engineering Corporation  
13020 West Bluemound Road  
Elm Grove, WI 53122  
(414) 784-2434

Note: Company referred to as ET & E in rest of this report.

Test Crew Chief: Bill Dick

Assisted By: Lowell Hueninck, Chris Hueninck  
Test Witness: Jeff Skebba - SD Air Management

**RECEIVED**

DEC 04 1989

BUREAU OF  
AIR MANAGEMENT

Partic. Test 17?  
No Process Description  
Everything else OK!

25

### 3. Facility Description

This is a portable drum mix asphalt plant equipped to process both virgin aggregate and recycled asphalt. It has a Genco Astro Flame burner fired on natural gas, #2 fuel oil or waste oil. Particulate matter emissions are controlled by a baghouse. The rated capacity of this plant is 250 tons per hour.

### 4. Applicable Emission Limitations

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>Limitation</u>
Particulate Matter	NR 440.25(3)(a)1., Wis. Adm. Code 0.04 grains per dry standard cubic foot
Visible Emissions	NR 440.25(3)(a)2., Wis. Adm. Code 20% opacity
Formaldehyde	NR 445.03, Wis. Adm. Code target limit of 0.0378 pounds per hour

### 5. Test Methods

ET & E performed isokinetic sampling on the baghouse stack to measure particulate matter emissions using EPA Method 17. The back half of the sampling train wasn't analyzed because this was a New Source Performance Standard test. A complete description of the sampling train set up is found in section 3.0 of their report.

Formaldehyde emissions were measured by use of NIOSH Method 3500. This method utilizes miniature impingers, and was conducted simultaneous with the particulate sampling. A complete description of the sampling set up is found in section 3.2 of their report.

Visible emissions were evaluated for three one-hour periods by Bill Dick of ET & E. These readings were required as part of the compliance demonstration permit condition B.3. EPA Method 9 was used to evaluate these emissions.

### 6. Summary of Results

The following tables contain the particulate matter and formaldehyde emissions.

ET & E's Calculated Results:

<u>Run #</u>	<u>Particulate Emissions</u>	<u>Isokinetic Ratio</u>
1	0.008 grains/dscf	97.05%
2	0.011 grains/dscf	96.26%
3	0.008 grains/dscf	97.54%
Average =	0.009 grains/dscf	96.95%

<u>Run #</u>	<u>Formaldehyde Emissions</u>
1	2.22 pounds per hour
2	1.43 pounds per hour
3	1.14 pounds per hour

Average = 1.60 pounds per hour

Department's Computer Generated Results:

<u>Run #</u>	<u>Particulate Emissions</u>	<u>Isokinetic Ratio</u>
1	0.008 grains/dscf	96.48%
2	0.011 grains/dscf	95.45%
3	0.008 grains/dscf	96.64%

Average = 0.009 grains/dscf

### 7. Discussion of Results

This test was conducted while the plant was firing waste oil and adding recycled asphalt to the mix at a 40% replacement rate. Tim Meiner, plant operator, kept track of plant operating data during all three test runs. The following variables were recorded:

Mix temperature = 290 degrees Fahrenheit  
 Baghouse temperature = 275 to 285 degrees Fahrenheit  
 Recycle replacement rate = 40 percent  
 Asphalt production rate = 220 to 230 tons/hr (average = 226 tons/hr)  
 Exit gas temperature = 300 to 310 degrees Fahrenheit  
 Baghouse pressure drop = 4 to 5 inches of water  
*Rated Capacity = 250 T/Hr*

The sampling train was checked each run. No leaks were detected. Since the filter was placed within the probe (curved filter), no pitot line leak checks were necessary. The probe tip was washed after each run with acetone. For run three, part of the filter stuck to the probe, so it was removed at ET & E's laboratory to avoid damaging the filter in the field. The filters for runs one and two were discolored slightly with a small accumulation of particulate. The filter for run three appeared to have slightly greater accumulation of particulate.

Adequate sample volume was drawn through the train on all three runs. Isokinetic sampling ratios were all within the 90-110% range, and are thus acceptable. The computer generated results agree closely with ET & E's results for both particulate matter concentrations and isokinetic ratios. I used 68 degrees Fahrenheit for both the inlet and outlet dry gas meter temperatures because ET & E's meter is calibrated to standard conditions.

Bill Dick of ET & E evaluated visible emissions for three one-hour periods during the test. All six-minute averages were less than the 20 percent allowed opacity. The highest six-minute averages for each run were:

Run 1 = 9.4 percent opacity  
 Run 2 = 7.7 percent opacity  
 Run 3 = 9.4 percent opacity

A corrected copy of particulate filter tare weight for test run three has been received. This didn't affect any of the calculations, since the total particulate catch was already listed correctly on the original sheet.

cc: Joe Perez - AM/3  
John Stoffel - SED Air Management

*U.S. EPA Region V*

NAME OF SOURCE: Payne and Dolan #28

LOCATION OF SOURCE: Highway 19 - Marshall WI

PROCESS TESTED: P01 - Baghouse Stack

DATE OF TEST: 102389

RUN NUMBER: 1

N NUMBER OF SAMPLING POINTS= 25

VM DGM VOL,METER COND DRY= 48.33 CFD

PB BAR PRESS,STATION= 29.4 IN HG

VL TOTAL VOL OF WATER COLLECTED= 304 ML

%CO2 % CARBON DIOXIDE BY VOL,DRY BASIS= 7 %

%O2 % OXYGEN BY VOL,DRY BASIS= 11 %

%CO % CARBON MONOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 0 %

%N2 % NITROGEN BY VOL,DRY BASIS= 82 %

CP PITOT TUBE COEFFICIENT= .85

PS STACK PRESS= 29.34 IN HG

AS AREA OF THE SAMPLING SITE= 9.333 SQ FEET

MT TOTAL DRY PARTICULATE= .0241 GM

T TOTAL SAMPLING TIME= 62.5 MIN

AN AREA OF THE NOZZLE= .00032 SQ FEET

Payne and Dolan #28,P01 - Baghouse Stack,RUN: 1

CALCULATED RESULTS

TS STACK TEMPERATURE = 242.4 DEG F

VMSTD DGM VOL,STD COND DRY= 47.7043 SCFD

VWSTD VOL OF WATER VAPOR,STD COND= 14.30928 SCF

%M % MOISTURE IN STACK GAS BY VOL,STD COND= 23.07443 %

MD MOLE FRACTION OF DRY GAS= .7692557

MWD MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS,DRY BASIS= 29.56 LB/LB-MOLE

MWS MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS,WET BASIS= 26.8926 LB/LB-MOLE

VS AVE STACK GAS VELOCITY,STACK COND= 72.66315 FPS

QACT ACTUAL STACK GAS FLOW RATE= 40689.91 CFM

QSTD AVE STACK GAS FLOW RATE,STD COND DRY= 23073.07 SCFMD

%EA AVE % EXCESS AIR= 103.3058 %

PMRA AVE PMR BY RATIO OF AREAS METHOD= 1.487634 LB/HR

PMRC AVE PMR BY CONC METHOD= 1.541887 LB/HR

PMR(AVE) AVE PMR,STD COND DRY= 1.514761 LB/HR

C EMISSION CONC,STD COND DRY= 7.795167E-03 GR/SCFD

DGR AVE STACK GAS RATE,STD COND DRY= 106129.8 LB/HR

LB/MLB EMISSION CONC,STD COND DRY= 1.427272E-02 LB/MLB OF DRY GAS

WGR AVE STACK GAS RATE,STD COND WET= 125514.8 LB/HR

LB/MLB EMISSION CONC,STD COND WET= 1.206838E-02 LB/MLB OF WET GAS

%ISR % ISOKINETIC RATIO= 96.48137 %

NAME OF SOURCE: Payne and Dolan #28

LOCATION OF SOURCE: Highway 19 - Marshall WI

PROCESS TESTED: P01 - Baghouse Stack

DATE OF TEST: 102389

RUN NUMBER: 2

N NUMBER OF SAMPLING POINTS= 25

VM DGM VOL,METER COND DRY= 41.59 CFD

PB BAR PRESS,STATION= 29.4 IN HG

VL TOTAL VOL OF WATER COLLECTED= 297 ML

%CO2 % CARBON DIOXIDE BY VOL,DRY BASIS= 7 %

%O2 % OXYGEN BY VOL,DRY BASIS= 11 %

%CO % CARBON MONOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 0 %

%N2 % NITROGEN BY VOL,DRY BASIS= 82 %

CP PITOT TUBE COEFFICIENT= .85

PS STACK PRESS= 29.35 IN HG

AS AREA OF THE SAMPLING SITE= 9.333 SQ FEET

MT TOTAL DRY PARTICULATE= .0284 GM

T TOTAL SAMPLING TIME= 62.5 MIN

AN AREA OF THE NOZZLE= .00032 SQ FEET

Payne and Dolan #28,P01 - Baghouse Stack,RUN: 2

CALCULATED RESULTS

TS STACK TEMPERATURE = 238.8 DEG F

VMSTD DGM VOL,STD COND DRY= 41.01375 SCFD

VWSTD VOL OF WATER VAPOR,STD COND= 13.97979 SCF

%M % MOISTURE IN STACK GAS BY VOL,STD COND= 25.42078 %

MD MOLE FRACTION OF DRY GAS= .7457922

MWD MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS,DRY BASIS= 29.56 LB/LB-MOLE

MWS MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS,WET BASIS= 26.62136 LB/LB-MOLE

VS AVE STACK GAS VELOCITY,STACK COND= 64.77515 FPS

QACT ACTUAL STACK GAS FLOW RATE= 36272.79 CFM

QSTD AVE STACK GAS FLOW RATE,STD COND DRY= 20050.55 SCFMD

%EA AVE % EXCESS AIR= 103.3058 %

PMRA AVE PMR BY RATIO OF AREAS METHOD= 1.753063 LB/HR

PMRC AVE PMR BY CONC METHOD= 1.836551 LB/HR

PMR(AVE) AVE PMR,STD COND DRY= 1.794807 LB/HR

C EMISSION CONC,STD COND DRY= 1.068452E-02 GR/SCFD

DGR AVE STACK GAS RATE,STD COND DRY= 92227.02 LB/HR

LB/MLB EMISSION CONC,STD COND DRY= 1.946075E-02 LB/MLB OF DRY GAS

WGR AVE STACK GAS RATE,STD COND WET= 111369.5 LB/HR

LB/MLB EMISSION CONC,STD COND WET= 1.611579E-02 LB/MLB OF WET GAS

%ISR % ISOKINETIC RATIO= 95.45408 %

NAME OF SOURCE: Payne and Dolan #28

LOCATION OF SOURCE: Highway 19 - Marshall WI

PROCESS TESTED: P01 - Baghouse Stack

DATE OF TEST: 102389

RUN NUMBER: 3

N NUMBER OF SAMPLING POINTS= 25

VM DGM VOL,METER COND DRY= 41.57 CFD

PB BAR PRESS,STATION= 29.4 IN HG

VL TOTAL VOL OF WATER COLLECTED= 337 ML

%CO2 % CARBON DIOXIDE BY VOL,DRY BASIS= 6 %

%O2 % OXYGEN BY VOL,DRY BASIS= 11.6 %

%CO % CARBON MONOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 0 %

%N2 % NITROGEN BY VOL,DRY BASIS= 82.4 %

CP PITOT TUBE COEFFICIENT= .85

PS STACK PRESS= 29.34 IN HG

AS AREA OF THE SAMPLING SITE= 9.333 SQ FEET

MT TOTAL DRY PARTICULATE= .0215 GM

T TOTAL SAMPLING TIME= 62.5 MIN

AN AREA OF THE NOZZLE= .00032 SQ FEET

Payne and Dolan #28,P01 - Baghouse Stack,RUN: 3

CALCULATED RESULTS

TS STACK TEMPERATURE = 240.6 DEG F

VMSTD DGM VOL,STD COND DRY= 40.99888 SCFD

VWSTD VOL OF WATER VAPOR,STD COND= 15.86259 SCF

%M % MOISTURE IN STACK GAS BY VOL,STD COND= 27.8969 %

MD MOLE FRACTION OF DRY GAS= .721031

MWD MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS,DRY BASIS= 29.424 LB/LB-MOLE

MWS MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS,WET BASIS= 26.23706 LB/LB-MOLE

VS AVE STACK GAS VELOCITY,STACK COND= 66.34418 FPS

QACT ACTUAL STACK GAS FLOW RATE= 37151.41 CFM

QSTD AVE STACK GAS FLOW RATE,STD COND DRY= 19796.64 SCFMD

%EA AVE % EXCESS AIR= 114.2452 %

PMRA AVE PMR BY RATIO OF AREAS METHOD= 1.327142 LB/HR

PMRC AVE PMR BY CONC METHOD= 1.373238 LB/HR

PMR(AVE) AVE PMR,STD COND DRY= 1.35019 LB/HR

C EMISSION CONC,STD COND DRY= 8.091562E-03 GR/SCFD

DGR AVE STACK GAS RATE,STD COND DRY= 90640.16 LB/HR

LB/MLB EMISSION CONC,STD COND DRY= 1.489616E-02 LB/MLB OF DRY GAS

WGR AVE STACK GAS RATE,STD COND WET= 112093.4 LB/HR

LB/MLB EMISSION CONC,STD COND WET= 1.204522E-02 LB/MLB OF WET GAS

%ISR % ISOKINETIC RATIO= 96.6433 %

Rec'd 11/27/89  
 CC: Joe Perez-Am/3  
 John Stoffel-SED

P & D WATERLOO  
 CONTROL 28

10-23-89

Time	Mix Temp	Baghouse Temp	% Recycle	Tons/hr	Exit Gas	Pressure Drop
10:15	290°	280°	40%	221	300°	4½
10:30	290°	280°	40%	220	300°	4½
10:45	290°	280°	40%	222	310°	4½
11:00	290°	280°	40%	225	310°	4½
11:15	290°	280°	40%	224	310°	5
11:45	290°	275°	40%	225	305°	4
12:00	290°	280°	40%	228	310°	4
12:15	290°	285°	40%	229	310°	4
12:30	290°	280°	40%	230	310°	4
12:45	290°	280°	40%	230	310°	5
1:00	290°	285°	40%	230	300°	4
1:15	290°	285°	40%	226	310°	4
1:30	290°	280°	40%	222	300°	4
1:45	290°	280°	40%	221	310°	4
2:00	290°	280°	40%	220	310°	4
2:15	290°	280°	40%	228	310°	4
3:00	290°	280°	40%	229	310°	4½
3:15		280°	40%	230	310°	4



2/

Name of Company: **PAYNE & POLAN**  
 Date: **10-23-81**  
 Location: \_\_\_\_\_ FID Number: \_\_\_\_\_  
 City, State, Zip Code: \_\_\_\_\_ Observer Certification Date: **10-11-89**  
 Discharge Location: \_\_\_\_\_ Control Device: **BAGHOUSE**  
 Height of Discharge Above Ground: \_\_\_\_\_ Steam Plume? Yes  Detached  **No**

Time of Observation: Initial **1330** Final **1430**  
 Observer Location: \_\_\_\_\_ Distance to Discharge: **~100'**  
 Direction from Discharge: **S-SE**  
 Height of Observation Point in Relation to Discharge: **-40'**  
 Plume Description (Color, Length, etc.): **WHITE - 50'**  
 Plume Background Description: **LIGHT CLOUDS**  
 Weather Conditions: **S-SW** Wind Direction: **SW**  
 Wind Speed: **5-10**  
 Ambient Temperature: **65**  
 Sky Conditions (clear, overcast, % clouds, etc.): **MOSTLY CLEAR ~10% CLOUDS**

SEC MIN	0	15	30	45	SEC MIN	0	15	30	45
0	5	5	5	5	30	5	5	5	5
1	5	5	5	5	31	5	5	5	5
2	10	5	10	10	32	5	5	5	10
3	5	5	10	10	33	10	10	10	10
4	5	10	5	5	34	10	5	10	10
5	5	5	5	10	35	10	10	5	5
6	10	5	5	5	36	10	5	5	10
7	5	5	5	5	37	5	5	5	5
8	5	5	10	10	38	5	10	10	5
9	5	5	5	10	39	5	5	5	5
10	5	10	5	5	40	5	5	10	5
11	10	5	5	5	41	5	5	10	10
12	5	5	5	10	42	5	5	5	5
13	10	5	5	5	43	10	5	10	10
14	5	10	5	10	44	5	5	5	10
15	5	0	5	5	45	5	10	10	5
16	5	10	10	5	46	5	5	5	5
17	10	10	5	5	47	10	10	5	10
18	10	10	5	5	48	5	5	5	10
19	5	5	10	5	49	5	5	5	5
20	10	5	5	5	50	5	10	10	5
21	5	5	5	10	51	5	10	10	10
22	10	5	5	10	52	10	10	10	10
23	5	5	10	10	53	5	10	10	10
24	5	10	10	5	54	10	10	10	10
25	5	5	10	5	55	10	10	5	5
26	5	5	5	10	56	5	5	5	5
27	10	5	5	5	57	5	5	5	5
28	5	10	5	10	58	5	5	10	5
29	10	5	5	5	59	10	5	5	10

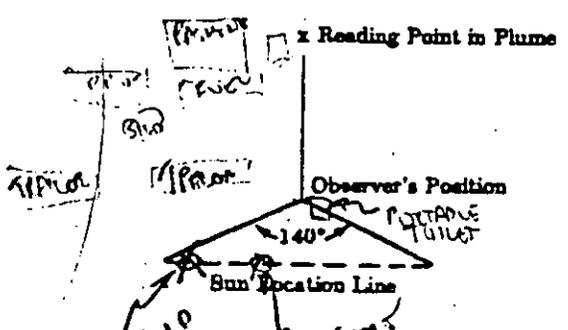
Describe Point in Plume at Which Opacity was Determined: **~10' ABOVE DISCHARGE**

Remarks: **COINCIDE WITH TEST 3**  
**\* WITH BACKGROUND @ 100'**  
**(READ ~ 5% HIGHER THAN CLOUD BACKGROUND)**  
**DETACHED OIL PLUME READ**

Summary of Average Opacity  
(From Computer Program)

Set Number	Time	Opacity	
	Start - End	Sum	Average

Signature of Observer: *[Signature]*  
 Name of Observer (Please print): **WILLIAM J. DICK**



Allowable Source Opacity

Name of Company PAYNE & POLAN		Date 10-23-89	
Location MARY HULL & HWY 19		FID Number	
City, State, Zip Code WATERLOO		Observer Certification Date 10-11-89	
Discharge Location		Control Device BASKHOUSE	
Height of Discharge Above Ground ~ 30'		Steam Plume? Attached <input type="checkbox"/> Yes Detached <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	
Time of Observation	Initial 1504	Final 1604	
Observer Location	Distance to Discharge ~ 100' →		
Direction from Discharge	W →		
Height of Observation Point in Relation to Discharge	- 30' →		
Plume Description (Color, Length, etc.)	WHITE ~ 50' →		
Plume Background Description	BLUE SKY →		
Weather Conditions	SW →		
Wind Direction	SW →		
Wind Speed	W/O →		
Ambient Temperature	65 →		
Sky Conditions (clear, overcast, % clouds, etc.)	CLEAR →		

SEC MIN	0	15	30	45	SEC MIN	0	15	30	45
0	10	10	5	10	30	5	5	5	10
1	15	5	10	15	31	5	5	5	5
2	10	10	10	5	32	5	5	5	5
3	5	10	10	10	33	5	10	10	10
4	10	10	10	5	34	5	5	5	5
5	10	10	10	10	35	5	10	10	10
6	5	10	10	10	36	10	5	5	5
7	10	5	10	10	37	5	10	5	5
8	5	10	10	10	38	5	5	5	5
9	5	10	5	10	39	10	5	10	5
10	5	5	10	5	40	5	5	5	10
11	10	10	5	10	41	5	10	5	10
12	10	10	5	10	42	10	10	5	5
13	5	10	10	10	43	5	5	5	5
14	5	10	5	5	44	5	10	5	5
15	5	5	5	5	45	5	5	5	10
16	5	10	10	10	46	5	5	5	5
17	5	10	5	10	47	5	5	5	5
18	5	5	5	10	48	5	10	5	5
19	5	5	10	10	49	5	5	10	5
20	5	5	5	5	50	5	5	5	5
21	5	5	5	10	51	5	5	5	5
22	5	10	5	10	52	10	5	10	10
23	10	5	10	5	53	5	5	5	5
24	5	5	5	10	54	5	5	5	5
25	10	5	5	10	55	5	5	5	5
26	5	5	10	10	56	5	5	5	5
27	5	10	5	5	57	5	5	10	10
28	5	5	5	5	58	5	10	5	5
29	10	5	10	5	59	5	5	5	5

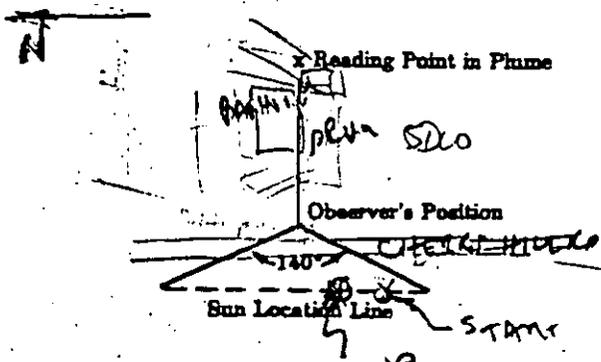
Describe Point in Plume at Which Opacity was Determined  
~ 10' ABOVE DISCHARGE

Remarks:  
SLIGHT DETACHED OIL YARD PLUME READ

Summary of Average Opacity  
(From Computer Program)

Set Number	Time		Opacity	
	Start	End	Sum	Average

Signature of Observer <i>William J. DeW</i>	Name of Observer (Please print) WILLIAM J. DEW
Sketch of Observer, Discharge, and Sun Location.	



Allowable Source Opacity

# P+D FORMALDEHYDE

TEST DATE: 10-23-89  
ANALYSIS DATE: 10-26-89

REV 764

	VOL	RDG	AUQ	RDG LESS BLANK	ALIA	MG HCOH	STD FT <sup>3</sup>	MG /m <sup>3</sup>	10/ hr.
F-1	46.0	1.222	.50	1.197	(21.2)	(1950)			
F-2	40.0	1.138	.50	1.113	19.4	1550			
F-3	44.0	.928	.50	.903	15.1	1330			
F-1	46.0	.634	.20	.609	9.3	2140	2.94	25.7	2.22
F-2	40.0	.529	.20	.504	7.6	1520	2.81	19.1	1.43
F-3	44.0	.424	.20	.399	5.9	1300	2.99	15.4	1.14

TDS									
0		.025	4						
1		.089	4	.064					
3		.220	4	.195					
5		.377	4	.352					
10		.683	4	.658					
20		1.170	4	1.145					

220 TPH  
40% RHP  
BAGHOUSE  
WASTE OIL

CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

DATE: 2/10/92

File Code: 4530

PRELIMINARY STACK TEST REVIEW Received: 10/16/91

By: Warren Graham - Test Date: 8/21/91

Name of Source: Mathy Constr. Co. Plant #54 FID #: 999011420

Address: \_\_\_\_\_ Stack #: S10

City: Glidden, WI Process #: P10

Permit #: MIA-11-SAH-83-22-406A Date Issued: 10/11/90

Description of Source Tested: Asphalt Plant Baghouse - drum mix

Description of Control Equipment: Baghouse + Wet Scrubber

Test Firm: Mathy Envl.  
Crew Chief & Phone#: Jim Tryba

Pollutant Tested: <u>Formaldehyde</u>	Test Method: <u>NOISH Method 3500 Bisulfate</u>
Pollutant Tested: <u>Particulate</u>	Test Method: <u>S</u>
Pollutant Tested: _____	Test Method: _____

Test Production Level: Avg. 230 Ton/hr (26% moisture)  
Rated Production Level: Approx 350 Ton/hr (5% moisture)

Discussion of Results:

Poll. Test Ave. - <u>.1452 lb/hr</u>	Limit - <u>.0285 lb/hr HCHO based on 250 lb/yr</u>	In Compliance? Y <input checked="" type="radio"/> N
Poll. Test Ave. - <u>.0216 gr/dscf PM</u>	Limit - <u>.04 gr/dscf PM</u>	In Compliance? <input checked="" type="radio"/> N
Poll. Test Ave. - _____	Limit - _____	In Compliance? Y N
Poll. Test Ave. - _____	Limit - _____	In Compliance? Y N

Is This a Valid Test?  N If answer is no see page 2.

\* Test may be reviewed in depth later, if necessary.

→ CC Joe Perez-AM/10  
US EPA Region V  
Tom Waelty - Eau Claire Area

Production rate  $\sim 66\%$  of  
capacity.

No process description.

21

PARTICULATE CHECKLIST

Name of Source: Mathy Constr. Plant #54 Test Date: 8/21/91

- 1. Are the isokinetics per run between 90 and 110%? YES  NO   
If the %I for a run is outside the range, void the run. See 5.
- 2. Is the sample volume per run  $\geq$  30 DSCF? YES  NO   
If the sample volume for a run is  $<$  30 DSCF, void the run. See 5.
- 3. Is the sample time per run  $\geq$  60 min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time for a run is  $<$  60 min., void the run. See 5.
- 4. Is the sample time per sample point  $\geq$  two min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time per point for a run is  $<$  two min., void the run. See 5.
- 5. A stack test shall consist of three valid runs or, at a minimum, two valid runs if one run is voided. Is this a valid test? YES  NO   
If no, inform the District or the source that the test is unacceptable and should be redone. Your review is over.

- 6. Is the total particulate per run added correctly? YES  NO   
If an incorrect total is found, call the consultant and ask for a correction.
- 7. Was the backhalf included in the total particulate? YES  NO   
NSPS sources are exempt from including the backhalf. All other sources must include the backhalf. If they don't, the test is invalid. See 5.

-----

✓ Eq. 1 Gr/DSCF = 15.43\* g of part./sample volume of run in DSCF

Eq. 2 Lb/DSCF = (Gr/DSCF)/7000

Eq. 3 Lb/Hr = 60\*DSCFM\*(Lb/DSCF)

Eq. 4 Lb/10<sup>6</sup> BTU = (Lb/DSCF)\*F Factor\*20.9/(20.9-Stack O<sub>2</sub>)

-----

- 8. If the emission limit is in Gr/DSCF, Lb/DSCF, Lb/Hr, or Lb/10<sup>6</sup> BTU, solve Eq. 1-4. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.
- 9. Is the three run(or two run) average correct? YES  NO   
If no, write in the correct average. = .0216
- 10. Is the average result in compliance? YES  NO   
If no, the District should issue an NOV. .0216  $<$  .04

- 11. Was the source operating at a level representative of full capacity? YES  NO   
If no, the permit release may need to provide conditions to cap the source at the test level until a stack test at a higher production level(showing compliance) is performed. If the test was not for permit release, other actions may be warranted. Moisture is @ 26% instead of 5%

GASEOUS TEST CHECKLIST

Name of Source: Mathy Constr. #57 Gas Tested: HCHO <sup>HCHO</sup> Test Date: 8/21/91

1. A stack test shall consist of three valid runs or, at a minimum, two valid runs if one run is voided. Is this a valid test? YES  NO   
 If no, inform the District or the source that the test is unacceptable and should be redone. Your review is over.

Eq. 1  $PPM_{DRY} = PPM_{WET} / (1 - \% \text{ Moisture as Decimal})$   
 Eq. 2  $PPM_{DRY@ 7\% O_2} = PPM_{DRY} * (20.9 - 7) / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$   
 Eq. 3  $PPM_{DRY@ 12\% CO_2} = PPM_{DRY} * 12 / \text{Stack } CO_2$

2. If the limit is in  $PPM_{DRY}$  or in  $PPM_{DRY}$  corrected to a certain  $O_2$  or  $CO_2$  value, solve Eq. 1-3. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

Eq. 4  $mg/DSCM = PPM_{DRY} * \text{Molecular Weight of Gas} / 24.06$   
 Eq. 5  $Lb/DSCF = 2.595 * 10^{-9} * PPM_{DRY} * \text{Molecular Weight of Gas}$   
 Eq. 6  $Lb/DSCF = 6.243 * 10^{-8} * (mg/DSCM)$

- Eq. 7  $Lb/Hr = 60 * DSCFM * (Lb/DSCF)$  Eq. 8  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/Hr) * (10^6 \text{ BTU/Hr})$   
 Eq. 9  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/DSCF) * F \text{ Factor} * 20.9 / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

3. If the limit is in  $mg/DSCM$ ,  $Lb/DSCF$ ,  $Lb/Hr$ , or  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU}$ , solve Eq. 4-9. Eq. 1-3 may also be needed. Do your results match the consultant's? 250 lb/yr YES  NO   
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

Eq. 10  $\% \text{ Capture Eff.} = \frac{(Lb \text{ VOC/Hr to Control Equip.}) * 100}{(Lb \text{ VOC/Hr Input to Process})}$   
 Eq. 11  $\% \text{ Destruction Eff.} = \frac{(\text{Inlet } Lb \text{ VOC/Hr} - \text{Outlet } Lb \text{ VOC/Hr}) * 100}{(\text{Inlet } Lb \text{ VOC/Hr})}$   
 Eq. 12  $\% \text{ Overall Eff.} = (\% \text{ Cap. Eff.} / 100) * (\% \text{ Dest. Eff.} / 100) * 100$

4. If the limit is in terms of  $\% \text{ Capture Eff.}$ ,  $\% \text{ Dest. Eff.}$ , or Overall Eff., solve Eq. 9-12. Eq. 1-8 may also be needed. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

5. Is the three run (or two run) average correct? YES  NO   
 If no, write in the correct average. .1452 lb/hr or 1272.24 lb/yr

6. Is the average result in compliance? YES  NO   
 If no, the District should issue an NOV. 1272.24 lb/yr > 250 lb/yr

7. Was the source operating at a level representative of full capacity? YES  NO

If no, the permit release may need to provide conditions to cap the source at the test level until a stack test at a higher production level (showing compliance) is performed. If the test was not for permit release, other actions may be warranted. 26% Moisture

## I. INTRODUCTION

On August 21 and 22, 1991, personnel from Mathy Environmental conducted a source emissions test for emissions compliance at Mathy Construction Plant #54 hot mix asphalt plant located in Glidden, Wisconsin.

The purpose of the test was to determine if the rate of particulate emissions from the plant's baghouse and the total contaminants by weight are below the allowable limits as set forth by the State of Wisconsin and to quantify the formaldehyde emissions from this process.

## II. TEST RESULTS

Table I summarizes the test results. The allowable emissions limitation for the State of Wisconsin is found in the Wisconsin Administrative Code, Chapter NR415, Control of Particulate Emissions, where the limit of .04 grains per dry standard cubic foot is specified.

TABLE I

SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

<u>Test Run</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Grains/ DSCF</u>	<u>Isokinetic Variation</u>
54-1	60 min.	0.0243	106.2 %
54-2	60 min.	0.0216	104.0 %
54-3	60 min.	0.0189	104.1 %

Average = 0.0216 grains/dscf.

## SUMMARY OF TEST DATA

### SAMPLING TRAIN DATA

		Run #1	Run #2	Run #3
1. Sampling time, minutes		60	60	60
2. Sampling nozzle diameter, inches	Dn	0.245	0.245	0.245
3. Sampling nozzle area, sq.ft.	An	0.000327	0.000327	0.000327
4. Isokinetic variation, %	I	106.2	104.0	104.1
5. Sample gas volume, cubic feet	Vm	35.593	36.789	36.760
6. Avg. meter temperature, deg R	Tm	535.5	560.4	564.7
7. Avg. orifice pressure drop, in.H <sub>2</sub> O	dH	1.13	1.13	1.13
8. Total particulate collected, mg	Mn	57.00	50.00	43.40

### VELOCITY TRAVERSE DATA

9. Stack Area, sq.ft.	A	16.000	16.000	16.000
10. Abs. stack gas pressure, in.Hg.	Ps	30.67	30.67	30.67
11. Barometric pressure, in.Hg.	Pbar	30.70	30.70	30.70
12. Avg. stack temperature, deg R	Ts	703.97	720.93	736.07
13. Avg. sq.rt. velocity head (Cp=.84)		0.7579	0.7700	0.7700
14. Avg. stack gas velocity, ft./sec.	Vs	50.804	52.206	52.730

### STACK MOISTURE CONTENT

15. Total water collected, ml	Vic	271	263	259
16. Moisture in stack gas, %	Bws	26.03	25.81	25.66

### EMISSIONS DATA

17. Stack gas flow rate, dscf/hr.	Qsd	1664217	1674863	1660243
18. Particulate concentration, gr/dscf	Cs	0.0243	0.0216	0.0189
19. Particulate concentration, lb./hr.	E	5.78	5.17	4.48
20. Particulate concentration, lb./Mlb.		0.0376	0.0335	0.0293

### FYRITE DATA

21. Percent CO <sub>2</sub> by volume	CO <sub>2</sub>	6.0	7.0	6.0
22. Percent O <sub>2</sub> by volume	O <sub>2</sub>	13.0	15.0	13.0
23. Percent CO by volume	CO	0.0	0.0	0.0
24. Percent N <sub>2</sub> by volume	N <sub>2</sub>	81.0	78.0	81.0

SUMMARY OF TEST DATA  
(FORMALDEHYDE)

SAMPLING TRAIN DATA		Run #2-F	Run #3-F	Run #4-F
1. Sampling time, minutes		60	60	60
2. Sampling nozzle diameter, inches	Dn	0.245	0.245	0.245
3. Sampling nozzle area, sq.ft.	An	0.000327	0.000327	0.000327
4. Isokinetic variation, %	I	N/A	N/A	N/A
5. Sample gas volume, cubic feet	Vm	9.551	10.570	9.550
6. Avg. meter temperature, deg R	Tm	552.5	561.2	562.0
7. Avg. orifice pressure drop, in.H2O	dH	0.06	0.06	0.06
8. Total formaldehyde collected, mg	Mn	0.479	0.481	0.458
	std (Um)	9.356	10.167	9.178

VELOCITY TRAVERSE DATA				
9. Stack Area, sq.ft.	A	16.000	16.000	16.000
10. Abs. stack gas pressure, in.Hg.	Ps	30.67	30.67	30.67
11. Barometric pressure, in.Hg.	Pbar	30.70	30.70	30.70
12. Avg. stack temperature, deg R	Ts	698.07	698.07	703.60
13. Avg. sq.rt. velocity head (Cp=.84)		0.5935	0.6204	0.5863
14. Avg. stack gas velocity, ft./sec.	Vs	39.618	41.222	39.271

STACK MOISTURE CONTENT				
15. Total water collected, ml	Vic	70	69	68
16. Moisture in stack gas, %	Bws	26.06	23.88	25.80

EMISSIONS DATA				
17. Stack gas flow rate, dscf/hr.	Qsd	1308229	1401327	1291096
18. Formaldehyde concentration, gr/dscf	Cs	0.00079	0.00073	0.00077
19. Formaldehyde concentration, lb./hr.	E	0.1476	0.1461	0.1420
20. Formaldehyde concentration, lb./Mlb.		0.00122	0.00115	0.00119

FYRITE DATA				
21. Percent CO2 by volume	CO2	7.0	7.0	7.0
22. Percent O2 by volume	O2	14.0	14.0	14.0
23. Percent CO by volume	CO	0.0	0.0	0.0
24. Percent N2 by volume	N2	79.0	79.0	79.0

Avg = .145

MATHY CONSTRUCTION COMPANY - ENVIRONMENTAL  
PLANT DATA

Date - 8/21/91 Aggregate Moisture - 4 %  
 Plant Number - 54 Operator - Thomas Leis  
 Plant Location - Glidden, Wis  
 Plant Manufacturer - Bocing (Drum) / Standard Havens (Baghouse)  
 Plant Model / Type - Drum Mixer - Model 400  
 Burner Fuel Type - R-5 Burner Fuel  
 Mix Type - Virgin / Surface Oil Type - AC 120/150

Time	Burner Setting	Total Tonnage TPH	Aggregate TPH	Recycle TPH	Liquid Asphalt TPH	Mix Temp. F	Pressure Drop In./H2O
7:15	5.75	231	218	None	12.2	290°	1.9
8:30	6.00	229	217		12.1	280°	1.8
8:45	6.00	233	221		12.2	280°	1.8
9:00	5.75	228	216		12.0	275°	1.3
9:30	5.75	225	213		11.9	285°	1.8
10:30	5.75	228	210		11.9	285°	1.6
10:50	5.75	229	217		12.0	285°	2.2
11:45	5.75	230	218		12.2	285°	1.9
12:10	5.75	232	220		12.4	280°	2.4
1:30	5.75	232	220		12.3	285	2.4
2:15	5.75	228	216		12.2	280°	1.8
2:45	5.75	231	219		12.3	290°	2.3
3:30	5.75	230	218		12.2	285°	2.3
4:15	5.75	231	219	12.2	290°	2.3	
4:30	5.75	235	222	12.3	280°	2.0	
	Ave:	<u>230</u>					

# CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

State of Wisconsin

Date: January 3, 1991

File Ref: 4530

To: Files

From: Mike Griffin - SED *MG*

Subject: Review of Stack Test Performed at Payne & Dolan CTR #53 Portable Asphalt Plant, Waukesha.

*Received 1/3/91*

## I. Source

Payne & Dolan  
P. O. Box 781  
Waukesha, WI 53187  
Contact: Mr. Ervin Benish (414) 524-1753  
FID #999418640, Stack S10, Process P30  
Permit #999418640-N01, April 23, 1990  
Test Date: November 15, 1990  
Test Firm: Environmental Technology & Engineering Corp.  
13020 West Bluemound Road  
Elm Grove, WI 53122

Crew Chief: Mr. William J. Dick (414) 784-2434

## II. Source Description

The source tested as a Cedar Rapids drum mix asphalt plant rated at 320 T/Hr. The plant was located at the State Sand and Gravel Pit, 1/2 mile north of STH 24 on Crowbar Road, in Muskego. The plant was fired with waste oil and was producing about 270 T/Hr during the test. The mix was composed of 48% virgin material and 52% recycled material. The emissions were controlled by a baghouse. The pressure drop across the baghouse was about 3" of water.

## III. Sampling Operation

- A. The test was done to satisfy the mandatory operation permit (999418640-N01) requirement to prove compliance with the particulate emission limitation and to document formaldehyde emissions.



Partic. Method 17 ?  
No Process Desc.

20

B. Test Method:  
EPA Method 17; without back half. Andersen Method 17 sampling train with in-stack filter.

NIOSH 3500 method was used with midget impinge train. See enclosure (1) for sampling train layout.

EPA Method 9 for three runs by certified reader, Michael Huenink of E.T. & E.

For EPA Method 17, 5 sample ports were located horizontally on the (54" x 37") exhaust stack approximately 10' downstream and 3' upstream of the nearest flow disturbances. There were 5 sample points per port, for a total of 25 sample points. Sampling time per point was 2.5 minutes.

C. Date of Test:

The test was conducted on November 15, 1990. Opacity averaged 10% over the three one-hour test periods.

D. Test Witness:

Michael Griffin, Southeast District (414) 263-8554.

IV. Summary of Results

The average particulate emission rate of 0.012 gr/dscf demonstrates compliance with the emission limit of 0.04 gr/dscf. I reviewed the ET&E results, verified each with the computer program "stktest", and found them to be consistent and satisfactory. Provided below is the test summary.

Test	Emissions	% Isokinetic Ratio
1	0.011 gr/dscf	99.8
2	0.010	100
<u>3</u>	<u>0.014</u>	<u>95.9</u>
Ave	0.012 gr/dscf	98.6%

Visible emission readings were taken by Michael Huenink of ET & E. The average opacity reading over three hours was 10%.

Review and comments on NIOSH Method 3500 results are reserved for Bureau of Air Management. *1.09 Lb Formaldehyde/Hr ave.*

V. Applicable Emission Limit

Particulates	s. NR 440.25(3)(2)1., WAC	0.04 gr/dscf
Visible Emissions	s. NR 440.25(3)(2)2., WAC	20% Opacity

VI. Discussion of Results

The source was operating normally during the test. No problems were encountered during the sampling procedure. The average emission concentration and isokinetic ratio was 0.012 gr/dscf and 98.6%, respectively. This is in compliance with the permit requirements.

During the testing, I noted the quality of the recycle material. During test runs #1 and #2, the recycle material was trucked in. It was very consistent in color and texture and appeared to be freshly crushed. During run #3, the recycle material was switched to that which was piled on site. It tended to be of a larger, coarse and inconsistent nature. Occasionally, pieces failed to penetrate the grate above the recycle hopper. This may attribute to the dramatic increase in formaldehyde emissions during run #3. The emission rates were as follows; 0.70, 0.60, and 1.96 lb/hr for test runs 1, 2 and 3, respectively (1.07 lb/hr ave.).

MG/pad

CC Joe Perez - AM/3  
U.S. EPA Region V

NAME OF SOURCE: PAYNE AND DOLAN CONTROL # 53

LOCATION OF SOURCE: WAUKESHA - PORTABLE

PROCESS TESTED: ASPHALT PLANT

DATE OF TEST: 111590

UN NUMBER: 1

I NUMBER OF SAMPLING POINTS= 25

M DGM VOL, METER COND DRY= 39.5787 CFD

B BAR PRESS, STATION= 29 IN HG

L TOTAL VOL OF WATER COLLECTED= 387 ML

.CO2 % CARBON DIOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 5.4 %

.O2 % OXYGEN BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 13.6 %

.CO % CARBON MONOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 0 %

.N2 % NITROGEN BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 81 %

P PIVOT TUBE COEFFICIENT= .85

S STACK PRESS= 28.97 IN HG

S AREA OF THE SAMPLING SITE= 13.875 SQ FEET

IT TOTAL DRY PARTICULATE= .028 DM

TOTAL SAMPLING TIME= 62 MIN

N AREA OF THE NOZZLE= .000341 SQ FEET

WAYNE AND DOLAN CONTROL # 53, ASPHALT PLANT, RUN: 1

CALCULATED RESULTS

TS STACK TEMPERATURE = 273.4 DEG F  
MSTD DGM VOL, STD COND DRY= 38.5469 SCFD  
WSTD VOL OF WATER VAPOR, STD COND= 12.21607 SCF  
M % MOISTURE IN STACK GAS BY VOL, STD COND= 32.09149 %  
ID MOLE FRACTION OF DRY GAS= .6790851  
WD MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS, DRY BASIS= 29.406 LB/LB-MOLE  
WS MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS, WET BASIS= 25.747 LB/LB-MOLE  
VS AVE STACK GAS VELOCITY, STACK COND= 64.29059 FPS  
ACT ACTUAL STACK GAS FLOW RATE= 53521.91 CFM  
STD AVE STACK GAS FLOW RATE, STD COND DRY= 25335.86 SCFMD  
EA AVE % EXCESS AIR= 174.7174 %  
MRA AVE PMR BY RATIO OF AREAS METHOD= 2.430708 LB/HR  
MRC AVE PMR BY CONC METHOD= 2.434401 LB/HR  
MR(AVE) AVE PMR, STD COND DRY= 2.432554 LB/HR  
E EMISSION CONC, STD COND DRY= 1.120816E-02 GR/SCFD  
GR AVE STACK GAS RATE, STD COND DRY= 115938.8 LB/HR  
B/HLB EMISSION CONC, STD COND DRY= 2.098137E-02 LB/MLB OF DRY GAS  
WR AVE STACK GAS RATE, STD COND WET= 149474 LB/HR  
B/MLB EMISSION CONC, STD COND WET= .0162741 LB/MLB OF WET GAS  
ISR % ISOKINETIC RATIO= 99.84831 %

NAME OF SOURCE: PAYNE AND DOLAN #53

LOCATION OF SOURCE: WAUKESHA

PROCESS TESTED: ASPHALT PLANT

DATE OF TEST: 111590

RUN NUMBER: 2

I NUMBER OF SAMPLING POINTS= 25

JM DGM VOL,METER COND DRY= 40.00973 DFG

KB BAR PRESS,STATION= 29 IN HG

KL TOTAL VOL OF WATER COLLECTED= 382 ML

LCO2 % CARBON DIOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 8.4 %

LO2 % OXYGEN BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 13.6 %

LCO % CARBON MONOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 0 %

LN2 % NITROGEN BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 81 %

JP PITOT TUBE COEFFICIENT= .85

KB STACK PRESS= 28.97 IN HG

KS AREA OF THE SAMPLING SITE= 13.075 SQ FEET

KT TOTAL DRY PARTICULATE= .0258 GM

F TOTAL SAMPLING TIME= 62 MIN

KN AREA OF THE NOZZLE= .000341 SQ FEET

PAYNE AND DOLAN, ASPHALT PLANT, RUN: 2

CALCULATED RESULTS

TS STACK TEMPERATURE = 268.8 DEG F  
1MSTD DGM VOL, STD COND DRY= 38.95861 SCFD  
2MSTD VOL OF WATER VAPOR, STD COND= 17.96074 SCF  
3M % MOISTURE IN STACK GAS BY VOL, STD COND= 31.57876 %  
4M MOLE FRACTION OF DRY GAS= .6842125  
4WD MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS, DRY BASIS= 29.408 LB/LB-MOLE  
4WS MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS, WET BASIS= 25.8055 LB/LB-MOLE  
7S AVE STACK GAS VELOCITY, STACK COND= 63.93782 FPS  
1ACT ACTUAL STACK GAS FLOW RATE= 53228.23 CFM  
2STD AVE STACK GAS FLOW RATE, STD COND DRY= 25547.33 SCFMD  
3EA AVE % EXCESS AIR= 174.7174 %  
PMRA AVE PMR BY RATIO OF AREAS METHOD= 2.239724 LB/HR  
PMRC AVE PMR BY CONC METHOD= 2.237946 LB/HR  
PMR(AVE) AVE PMR, STD COND DRY= 2.238835 LB/HR  
1 EMISSION CONC, STD COND DRY= 1.021838E-02 GR/SCFD  
2GR AVE STACK GAS RATE, STD COND DRY= 116906.5 LB/HR  
3B/MLB EMISSION CONC, STD COND DRY= 1.915065E-02 LB/MLB OF DRY GAS  
4GR AVE STACK GAS RATE, STD COND WET= 149932 LB/HR  
5B/MLB EMISSION CONC, STD COND WET= 1.493234E-02 LB/MLB OF WET GAS  
6ISR % ISOKINETIC RATIO= 100.0795 %

NAME OF SOURCE: PAYNE AND DOLAN CONTROL # 53

LOCATION OF SOURCE: WAUKESHA - PORTABLE

PROCESS TESTED: ASPHALT PLANT

DATE OF TEST: 111590

RUN NUMBER: 3

I NUMBER OF SAMPLING POINTS= 25

M DGM VOL,METER COND DRY= 40.1 CFD

B BAR PRESS,STATION= 29 IN HG

L TOTAL VOL OF WATER COLLECTED= 292 ML

.CO2 % CARBON DIOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 5.4 %

.O2 % OXYGEN BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 13.6 %

.CO % CARBON MONOXIDE BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 0 %

.N2 % NITROGEN BY VOL, DRY BASIS= 81 %

P PITOT TUBE COEFFICIENT= .85

S STACK PRESS= 28.97 IN HG

S AREA OF THE SAMPLING SITE= 13,875 SQ FEET

IT TOTAL DRY PARTICULATE= .0348 GM

TOTAL SAMPLING TIME= 62 MIN

N AREA OF THE NOZZLE= .000341 SQ FEET

CALCULATED RESULTS

15 STACK TEMPERATURE = 270.2 DEG F  
 16 STD DEN VOL, STD COND DRY= 39.04113 SCFD  
 17 STD VOL OF WATER VAPOR, STD COND= 13.74444 SCF  
 18 % MOISTURE IN STACK GAS BY VOL, STD COND= 26.03825 %  
 19 MOLE FRACTION OF DRY GAS= .7396175  
 20 MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS, DRY BASIS= 29.408 LB/LB-MOLE  
 21 MOLECULAR WT OF STACK GAS, NET BASIS= 26.43756 LB/LB-MOLE  
 22 AVE STACK GAS VELOCITY, STACK COND= 61.97629 FPS  
 23 ACTUAL STACK GAS FLOW RATE= 51595.26 CFM  
 24 STD AVE STACK GAS FLOW RATE, STD COND DRY= 26717.51 SCFMD  
 25 AVE % EXCESS AIR= 174.7174 %  
 26 AVE PMR BY RATIO OF AREAS METHOD= 3.021023 LB/HR  
 27 AVE PMR BY CONC METHOD= 3.150219 LB/HR  
 28 AVE PMR, STD COND DRY= 3.08562 LB/HR  
 29 EMISSION CONC, STD COND DRY= .0137538 GR/SCFD  
 30 AVE STACK GAS RATE, STD COND DRY= 122261.3 LB/HR  
 31 EMISSION CONC, STD COND DRY= 2.523792E-02 LB/MLB OF DRY GAS  
 32 AVE STACK GAS RATE, STD COND WET= 148606.4 LB/HR  
 33 EMISSION CONC, STD COND WET= 2.076371E-02 LB/MLB OF NET GAS  
 34 % ISOKINETIC RATIO= 95.89883 %

AVG	49	TO	54	=	9.4
AVG	50	TO	55	=	9.8
AVG	51	TO	56	=	9.6
AVG	52	TO	57	=	10.0
AVG	53	TO	58	=	9.6
AVG	54	TO	59	=	10.0

PAGE 3

VISIBLE EMISSIONS READINGS

F & D CTR #53

11/15/90

*Run 1*

SIX LARGEST SIX MINUTE AVERAGES

AVG	52	TO	57	=	10.0
AVG	41	TO	46	=	9.0
AVG	17	TO	22	=	7.9
AVG	24	TO	29	=	7.7
AVG	33	TO	38	=	7.7
AVG	10	TO	15	=	7.3

AVG	50 TO	55 =	12.1
AVG	51 TO	56 =	11.3
AVG	52 TO	57 =	11.3
AVG	53 TO	58 =	11.9
AVG	54 TO	59 =	11.5

PAGE 3

VISIBLE EMISSIONS READINGS  
P & D CTR #53  
11/15/90

*Run 2*

SIX LARGEST SIX MINUTE AVERAGES

AVG	49 TO	54 =	12.7
AVG	19 TO	24 =	12.1
AVG	6 TO	11 =	11.0
AVG	36 TO	41 =	11.0
AVG	25 TO	30 =	8.8
AVG	43 TO	48 =	8.8

AVG 47 TO 54 = 8.8  
AVG 50 TO 55 = 9.4  
AVG 51 TO 56 = 9.6  
AVG 52 TO 57 = 10.4  
AVG 53 TO 58 = 10.4  
AVG 54 TO 59 = 11.5

VISIBLE EMISSIONS READINGS  
F & D CTR #53  
11/15/90

Run 3

SIX LARGEST SIX MINUTE AVERAGES

AVG 41 TO 46 = 15.8  
AVG 32 TO 37 = 14.4  
AVG 22 TO 27 = 14.2  
AVG 10 TO 15 = 11.9  
AVG 54 TO 59 = 11.5  
AVG 16 TO 21 = 10.0

KAYNE & POLIA) CONTROL 53  
 FORMALDEHYDE CALCULATIONS

$\gamma = 1.017$   
 $Q = 25567.77$   
 $43443.74 \text{ m}^3/\text{hr}$

TEST 1  
 269 TPH

$V_n = 4.00 \text{ ft}^3$      $T_n = 78^\circ\text{F} (538\text{K})$   
 $P_p = 29.40$

811 mg

$V_{n \text{ std}} = 4.00 \times 1.017 \times \frac{528}{538} \times \frac{29.40}{29.92} \times .02832 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{ft}^3}$

$= 3.92 \text{ scf} = 0.111 \text{ std m}^3$

$C = \frac{0.811 \text{ mg}}{0.111 \text{ m}^3} = 7.31 \text{ mg/m}^3$

ER:  $0.70 \text{ \#}/\text{hr}$      $0.0026 \text{ \#}/\text{ton}$

TEST 2  
 270 TPH

$V_n = 3.00 \text{ ft}^3$      $T_n = 80^\circ\text{F} (540\text{K})$

517 mg

$Q = 25773.87$   
 $43796.96 \text{ m}^3/\text{hr}$

$V_{n \text{ std}} = 3.00 \times 1.017 \times \frac{528}{540} \times \frac{29.4}{29.92} \times .02832$

$= 2.93 \text{ scf} = 0.083 \text{ std m}^3$

$C = \frac{.517 \text{ mg}}{.083 \text{ m}^3} = 6.23 \text{ mg/m}^3$

ER:  $0.60 \text{ \#}/\text{hr}$      $0.0022 \text{ \#}/\text{ton}$

TEST 3  
 269 TPH

$V_n = 3.00 \text{ ft}^3$      $T_n = 75^\circ\text{F} (535\text{K})$

1630 mg

$V_{n \text{ std}} = 3.00 \times 1.017 \times \frac{528}{535} \times \frac{29.4}{29.92} \times .02832$

$= 2.16 \text{ scf} = 0.084 \text{ std m}^3$

$C = \frac{1.63 \text{ mg}}{.084 \text{ m}^3} = 19.40 \text{ mg/m}^3$

ER:  $1.96 \text{ \#}/\text{hr}$      $0.0072 \text{ \#}/\text{ton}$

CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

DATE: 3-23-92

File Code: 4530

PRELIMINARY STACK TEST REVIEW Receipt: 12/26/91

By: A. Seiber Test Date: 11-12-91

Name of Source: Prime & Dolan - #15 FID #: 999 905 280

Address: Lakeland Rd. Stack #: 501

City: Sauville, WI Process #: PD1

Permit #: 91-DAA-204 Date Issued: 3-13-91

Description of Source Tested: Rotary drum mix asphalt plant

Description of Control Equipment: Baghouse

Test Firm: ETE  
Crew Chief & Phone#: Bill Dick (414) 784-2434

Pollutant Tested: Particulate Test Method: 17  
Pollutant Tested: HCHO Test Method: NIOSH 3500  
Pollutant Tested: \_\_\_\_\_ Test Method: \_\_\_\_\_

Test Production Level: 230 TPH (80% virgin + 20% recycle)  
Rated Production Level: 250 TPH - 275 TPH

Discussion of Results:

Poll. Test Ave. =	<u>0.065</u>	Limit =	<u>0.04 @ PM/2500</u>	In Compliance? Y <input checked="" type="radio"/> N
Poll. Test Ave. =	<u>0.29</u>	Limit =	<u>0.029 #HCHO/hr or 250 #/hr</u>	In Compliance? Y <input checked="" type="radio"/> N
Poll. Test Ave. =	_____	Limit =	_____	In Compliance? Y <input type="radio"/> N
Poll. Test Ave. =	_____	Limit =	_____	In Compliance? Y <input type="radio"/> N

Is This a Valid Test? Y N If answer is no, please indicate the reason.

\* Test may be reviewed in depth later, if necessary.

→ CC Joe Perez-AM/10  
US EPA Region V  
Mike Griffin - SED

Partic. Method 17?  
No Process Description

23

PARTICULATE CHECKLIST

Name of Source: P+D #15 Test Date: 11-12-91

1. Are the isokinetics per run between 90 and 110%? YES  NO   
If the %I for a run is outside the range, void the run. See 5.
2. Is the sample volume per run  $\geq$  30 DSCF? YES  NO   
If the sample volume for a run is  $<$  30 DSCF, void the run. See 5.
3. Is the sample time per run  $\geq$  60 min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time for a run is  $<$  60 min., void the run. See 5.
4. Is the sample time per sample point  $\geq$  two min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time per point for a run is  $<$  two min., void the run. See 5.
5. A stack test shall consist of three valid runs or, at a minimum, two valid runs if one run is voided. Is this a valid test? YES  NO   
If no, inform the District or the source that the test is unacceptable and should be redone. Your review is over.
6. Is the total particulate per run added correctly? YES  NO   
If an incorrect total is found, correct the total and the results or call the consultant and ask for a correction.
7. Was the backhalf included in the total particulate? YES  NO   
NSPS sources are exempt from including the backhalf. All other sources must include the backhalf. If they don't, the test is invalid. See 5.

Eq. 1  $Gr/DSCF = 15.43 * g \text{ of part. / sample volume of run in DSCF}$

Eq. 2  $Gr/DSCF @ 12\% CO_2 = (Gr/DSCF) * 12 / \text{Stack } CO_2$

Eq. 3  $Gr/DSCF @ 7\% O_2 = (Gr/DSCF) * (20.9 - 7) / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

Eq. 4  $Lb/DSCF = (Gr/DSCF) / 7000$     Eq. 5  $Lb/MLb_{DRY} = 385.6 * 10^3 * (Lb/DSCF) / MW_{DRY}$

Eq. 6  $Lb/MLb_{WET} = 385.6 * 10^3 * (Lb/DSCF) * (1 - (\% \text{ Moisture} / 100)) / MW_{WET}$

Eq. 7  $Lb/Hr = 60 * DSCFM * (Lb/DSCF)$     Eq. 8  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/Hr) / (10^6 \text{ BTU/Hr})$

Eq. 9  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/DSCF) * F \text{ Factor} * 20.9 / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

8. If the emission limit is in Gr/DSCF, Lb/DSCF, Lb/MLb, Lb/Hr or Lb/10<sup>6</sup> BTU, solve the needed Eq. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.
9. Is the three run(or two run) average correct? YES  NO   
If no, write in the correct average.
10. Is the average result in compliance? YES  NO   
If no, the District should issue an NOV.
11. Was the source operating at a level representative of full capacity? YES  NO   
If no, the permit release may need to provide conditions to cap the source at the test level until a stack test at a higher production level(showing compliance) is performed. If the test was not for permit release, other actions may be warranted.

GASEOUS TEST CHECKLIST

Name of Source: Paying Station #15 Gas Tested: HCHO Test Date: 11-12-91

1. A stack test shall consist of three valid runs or, at a minimum, two valid runs if one run is voided. Is this a valid test? YES  NO   
 If no, inform the District or the source that the test is unacceptable and should be redone. Your review is over.

Eq. 1  $PPM_{DRY} = PPM_{WET} / (1 - \% \text{ Moisture as Decimal})$

Eq. 2  $PPM_{DRY@ 7\% O_2} = PPM_{DRY} * (20.9 - 7) / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

Eq. 3  $PPM_{DRY@ 12\% CO_2} = PPM_{DRY} * 12 / \text{Stack } CO_2$

2. If the limit is in  $PPM_{DRY}$  or in  $PPM_{DRY}$  corrected to a certain  $O_2$  or  $CO_2$  value, solve Eq. 1-3. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

Eq. 4  $mg/DSCM = PPM_{DRY} * \text{Molecular Weight of Gas} / 24.06$

Eq. 5  $Lb/DSCF = 2.595 * 10^{-9} * PPM_{DRY} * \text{Molecular Weight of Gas}$

Eq. 6  $Lb/DSCF = 6.243 * 10^{-8} * (mg/DSCM)$

Eq. 7  $Lb/Hr = 60 * DSCFM * (Lb/DSCF)$  Eq. 8  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/Hr) * (10^6 \text{ BTU/Hr})$   
 250 #/yr

Eq. 9  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/DSCF) * F \text{ Factor} * 20.9 / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

3. If the limit is in  $mg/DSCM$ ,  $Lb/DSCF$ ,  $Lb/Hr$ , or  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU}$ , solve Eq. 4-9. Eq. 1-3 may also be needed. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

Eq. 10  $\% \text{ Capture Eff.} = \frac{(Lb \text{ VOC/Hr to Control Equip.}) * 100}{(Lb \text{ VOC/Hr Input to Process})}$

Eq. 11  $\% \text{ Destruction Eff.} = \frac{(\text{Inlet } Lb \text{ VOC/Hr} - \text{Outlet } Lb \text{ VOC/Hr}) * 100}{(\text{Inlet } Lb \text{ VOC/Hr})}$

Eq. 12  $\% \text{ Overall Eff.} = (\% \text{ Cap. Eff.} / 100) * (\% \text{ Dest. Eff.} / 100) * 100$

4. If the limit is in terms of  $\% \text{ Capture Eff.}$ ,  $\% \text{ Dest. Eff.}$ , or Overall Eff., solve Eq. 9-12. Eq. 1-8 may also be needed. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

5. Is the three run (or two run) average correct? YES  NO   
 If no, write in the correct average.

6. Is the average result in compliance? YES  NO   
 If no, the District should issue an NOV.

7. Was the source operating at a level representative of full capacity? YES  NO   
 If no, the permit release may need to provide conditions to cap the source at the test level until a stack test at a higher production level (showing compliance) is performed. If the test was not for permit release, other actions may be warranted.

**SUMMARY**

On November 12, 1991, Environmental Technology & Engineering Corporation personnel performed a stack emission test on the Payne & Dolan, Inc. Control no. 15 asphalt plant located in Saukville, Wisconsin. The average of the three particulate tests show the emissions to be above the limit of 0.04 grains of particulate matter per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) as specified by the State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) by permit. The numerical test results are summarized below:

Test	<i>LB/HR</i>	Emissions	% of Allowable	<i>Isokinetic Ratio</i>
1	<i>14.89</i>	0.067 gr/dscf	167 %	<i>98</i>
2	<i>13.80</i>	0.063	158	<i>101</i>
3	<i>7.62</i>	0.035	88	<i>103</i>
		-----	---	
AVG	<i>12.10</i>	0.055 gr/dscf	138 %	<i>Ave 101</i>

In addition, the permit also required testing for formaldehyde emissions. The following table presents the numerical results:

Test	LB/HR	LB/TON
1	0.23 lb/hr	0.0010 lb/ton
2	0.22	0.0010
3	0.42	0.0018
	-----	-----
AVG	0.29 lb/hr	0.0013 lb/ton

The permit also required that opacity observations be performed concurrently with the particulate test. All individual readings were either 0 % or 5 % and thus the six minute average opacities were all well below the permit limit of 20 %.

## 2.2 Formaldehyde Emissions

The formaldehyde emissions were determined concurrently with the particulate and opacity observations using NIOSH Method 3500. A brief description of the method is included in section 3.0 of this report. The numerical results are presented below:

Test	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	LB/HR	LB/TON
1	2.36	0.23 lb/hr	0.0010 lb/ton
2	2.31	0.22	0.0010
3	4.39	0.42	0.0018
		-----	-----
AVG		0.29 lb/hr	0.0013 lb/ton

## 2.3 Visible Emissions (Opacity)

The visible emissions (opacity) was observed for three sixty minute periods which coincided with the particulate emission tests. The opacity was observed in accordance with the procedures outlined in EPA Method 9 -Visible Determination of the Opacity of Emissions from Stationary Sources. All individual opacity readings were either 0 % or 5 % and thus the six minute average opacities were well below the permit limit of 20 %. Copies of the field data observation sheets are included in the APPENDIX to this report.

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.150  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2500  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 13.500  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 3.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 20  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 39.32  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 283.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.1692  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 7.20 O<sub>2</sub> = 11.60 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.20

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	290	1.000	1.60	52	71.29
2	290	0.920	1.45	53	68.38
3	290	0.840	1.35	54	65.34
4	295	0.700	1.12	55	59.84
5	290	1.000	1.60	55	71.29
6	295	0.980	1.56	55	70.81
7	295	0.840	1.35	55	65.56
8	290	0.700	1.12	56	59.65
9	290	0.960	1.55	56	69.85
10	290	0.860	1.40	56	66.11
11	295	0.740	1.20	57	61.53
12	290	0.620	1.00	57	56.13
13	295	0.860	1.40	58	66.33
14	290	0.740	1.20	58	61.33
15	290	0.720	1.15	58	60.49
16	290	0.600	0.96	58	55.22
17	290	0.740	1.20	58	61.33
18	295	0.700	1.12	59	59.84
19	290	0.660	1.05	59	57.92
20	290	0.540	0.86	60	52.39
AVG VALUES	292		1.262	56	63.03

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 52.07  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 38.75  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 13.32  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 25.58  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 51,055.64  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 25,975.28  
 , m3/hr = 44,137.19  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.067  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.103  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 14.89  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 98.49

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.150  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2500  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 13.500  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 3.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 20  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 39.70  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 320.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.1587  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 7.20 O<sub>2</sub> = 11.60 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.20

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	290	0.760	1.20	59	62.45
2	295	0.720	1.15	60	60.99
3	295	0.700	1.12	60	60.14
4	295	0.560	0.90	60	53.79
5	290	0.840	1.35	60	65.66
6	290	0.740	1.18	60	61.63
7	295	0.720	1.15	60	60.99
8	290	0.620	1.00	60	56.41
9	295	0.860	1.40	60	66.66
10	290	0.800	1.30	60	64.08
11	290	0.740	1.20	60	61.63
12	295	0.700	1.12	61	60.14
13	295	1.000	1.60	61	71.88
14	290	0.960	1.55	61	70.19
15	295	0.900	1.45	62	68.19
16	290	0.800	1.30	63	64.08
17	290	1.000	1.60	64	71.64
18	295	0.960	1.55	65	70.42
19	295	0.920	1.47	66	68.94
20	290	0.800	1.30	67	64.08
AVG VALUES	293		1.294	61	64.20

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 54.22  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 39.15  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 15.06  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 27.78  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 52,000.22  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 25,639.13  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 43,566.01  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.063  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.095  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 13.80  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 100.81

PAYNE &amp; DOLAN CONTROL 15

TEST 3

TABLE 2-3

11-12-91

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.150  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2500  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 13.500  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 3.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 20  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 40.00  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 330.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0885  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 7.40 O<sub>2</sub> = 11.40 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.20

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	265	1.020	1.65	50	71.19
2	275	0.940	1.50	50	68.81
3	280	0.900	1.45	50	67.56
4	285	0.740	1.20	50	61.47
5	290	1.000	1.60	50	71.69
6	290	0.960	1.55	50	70.25
7	290	0.880	1.42	50	67.26
8	290	0.760	1.22	50	62.50
9	295	0.880	1.42	49	67.48
10	290	0.820	1.32	49	64.92
11	295	0.720	1.15	49	61.04
12	290	0.580	0.94	49	54.60
13	295	0.840	1.35	50	65.93
14	290	0.740	1.20	50	61.67
15	295	0.700	1.12	51	60.18
16	290	0.600	0.96	52	55.53
17	295	0.760	1.22	53	62.71
18	295	0.700	1.12	53	60.18
19	290	0.700	1.12	54	59.98
20	290	0.580	0.94	55	54.60
AVG VALUES	289		1.273	51	63.48

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 54.93  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 39.40  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 15.53  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 28.28  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 51,417.31  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 25,303.77  
 , m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 42,996.17  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.035  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.053  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 7.62  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 102.78

Perme & Doker Control #15

Nov 12, 1991  
9:00 AM

JOHN Pacocha

	To	TPH % Recycle	TPH Virgin	TPH ASPHALT	BAGHOUSE ΔP in/ho	MIX TEMP
00		39	161	8.0	6.2	300°
05	TPH	52	182	11.5	6.1	280°
30	236	50	177	10.8	6.1	285°
45	225	45	165	8.5	5.9	280°
00	220	44	164	8.6	5.9	285°
05	223	47	168	8.6	5.8	280°
10	231	48	170	8.6	6.0	279°
15	228	44	168	8.6	6.2	275°
00	223	43	167	8.5	6.1	280°
05	227	45	170	8.7	6.2	275°
10	222	42	166	8.7	6.1	275°
15						
00						
05						
10						
15						
20						
25						
30	225	43	169	8.8	4.2	280°
35	229	41	178	9.0	4.4	289°
40	225	39	176	8.7	4.2	285°
45	228	40	176	9.0	5.0	287°
00	227	42	178	8.9	5.2	285°
05	223	41	165	8.8	5.4	280°
10						
15						
20						
25						

PAYNE & POLAN SAKVILLE  
FORMALDEHYDE CALCULATIONS

$\gamma = 1.070$

$P_b = 29.15$

TEST 1

230 FPII

$$V_M = 2.00 \quad T_M = 54$$

$$V_{Mstd} = V_M \times 1.070 \times \frac{578}{576} \times \frac{29.15}{29.92}$$

$$= 2.03 \text{ SCF} = .058 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{0.137 \text{ mg}}{.058 \text{ m}^3} = 2.36 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 0.230 \text{ \#/hr.} = .0010 \text{ \#/tm}$$

TEST 2

$$V_M = 2.00 \quad T_M = 55$$

$$V_{Mstd} = 2.04 \text{ SCF} = .058 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{0.134 \text{ mg}}{.058 \text{ m}^3} = 2.31 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 0.222 \text{ \#/hr.} = .0010 \text{ \#/tm}$$

TEST 3

$$V_M = 2.00 \quad T_M = 47$$

$$V_{Mstd} = 2.07 \text{ SCF} = .059 \text{ m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{0.259 \text{ mg}}{.059 \text{ m}^3} = 4.39 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 0.416 \text{ \#/hr.} = .0018 \text{ \#/tm}$$

Date: May 11, 1990

4530

To: Files

From: Joe Perez - AM/3 JWP

Subject: Review of stack test performed at Payne & Dolan  
Control #29

Received 12/6/89

### I. Source

Payne & Dolan Control #29 - FID# 999792090, stack #510, Process #P30  
P.O. Box 781

Waukesha, WI 53187

Test Date: October 31, 1989 Permit #: 89-POY-077

Test Firm: Environmental Technology & Eng. Corp.

13020 W. Bluemound Rd.

Elm Grove, WI 53122

Crew Chief: Mr. Bill Dick (414) 784-2434

Plant Location: Saukville, WI

Control 29 is a CMI drum mix asphalt plant rated at 450 T/Hr. During the test, it was producing about 325 T/Hr with a mix composition of 60% Virginia and 40% recycle. The plant was fired with waste oil. The emissions are controlled by a baghouse.

The test for particulates and chromium was performed using the EPA Metals Train. The

- Test Method for  
Particulate is suspect.  
"EPA Metals Train"  
- No Process Description

2/1

Formaldehyde test was done using NIOSH Method 3500. Opacity was done with EPA Method 9.

## II Discussion of Results

The results are shown in Table 1. The average particulate concentration of 0.005 gr/dscf was under the limit of 0.04 gr/dscf. All the six minute average opacity values were under 20%. The average Formaldehyde emission rate of 1.21 Lb/Hr was over the permit limit of 0.0675 Lb/Hr.

I checked over the results and found them to be correct. The report contained calibration data for the sampling equipment and production data for the plant.

CC Jim Chow - SED  
U.S. EPA Region V

# T A B L E 1

## SUMMARY

On October 31, 1989, Environmental Technology & Engineering Corporation personnel performed a stack emission test on the Payne & Dolan control 29 CMI drum mix asphalt plant located in Saukville, Wisconsin. The average of the three particulate tests show the emissions to be below the limit of 0.04 grains of particulate matter per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) as specified by the State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) in permit no. 89-POY-077. The numerical test results are summarized below:

Test	Lb/Hr	Emissions	% of Allowable	Isokinetic Ratio
1	0.994	0.004 gr/dscf	10 %	100
2	0.982	0.004	10	99
3	1.726	0.006	15	99
AVG	1.234	0.005 gr/dscf	12 %	99%

*Limit = 0.04 gr/dscf*

The opacity of the stack was also observed by a certified observer throughout a three (3) hour test period. The highest 6 minute average opacities for each of the three tests were all less than the permit limit of 20%.

In addition, the formaldehyde and total chromium emissions were also determined as a permit condition. These numerical results follow:

Test	Formaldehyde	Chromium
1	1.19 lb/hr	<0.00028 lb/hr
2	1.27	<0.00023
3	1.18	<0.00017
AVG	1.21 lb/hr	<0.00023 lb/hr

*Permit Limit = 0.0675 Lb/Hr*

The formaldehyde emissions exceed the guideline permit limit of 0.0675 pounds per hour while there is no permit limit for total chromium.



BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.200  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .3040  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 20.563  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 25  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 46.98  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 316.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0115  
 FORMALDEHYDE CONCENTRATION, mg/m<sup>3</sup> = 10.1  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 6.40 O<sub>2</sub> = 11.60 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 82.00

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	275	0.560	0.90	52	52.62
2	270	0.480	0.78	55	48.55
3	270	0.480	0.78	57	48.55
4	270	0.500	0.81	58	49.55
5	270	0.500	0.81	59	49.55
6	260	0.480	0.78	60	48.22
7	265	0.420	0.68	61	45.26
8	270	0.440	0.71	61	46.49
9	270	0.400	0.66	62	44.32
10	270	0.400	0.66	62	44.32
11	270	0.460	0.75	62	47.53
12	275	0.420	0.68	63	45.57
13	280	0.420	0.68	65	45.73
14	285	0.480	0.78	66	49.05
15	285	0.560	0.90	67	52.98
16	285	0.400	0.66	68	44.77
17	290	0.360	0.59	69	42.62
18	295	0.300	0.50	70	39.04
19	295	0.300	0.50	70	39.04
20	295	0.500	0.81	71	50.39
21	295	0.650	1.05	72	57.46
22	295	0.460	0.75	74	48.34
23	295	0.520	0.85	75	51.39
24	290	0.520	0.85	76	51.22
25	285	0.660	1.06	77	57.51
AVG VALUES	280		0.759	65	48.00

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 62.99  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 48.12  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 14.87  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 23.61  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 59,225.39  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 31,470.46  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.004  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 0.994  
 FORMALDEHYDE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 1.19  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 99.81

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.200  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .3040  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 20.563  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 25  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 47.75  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 299.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0113  
 FORMALDEHYDE CONCENTRATION, mg/m<sup>3</sup> = 10.5  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 6.20 O<sub>2</sub> = 11.80 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 82.00

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	280	0.420	0.68	72	45.61
2	285	0.420	0.68	73	45.77
3	280	0.460	0.75	73	47.74
4	280	0.460	0.75	74	47.74
5	285	0.420	0.68	75	45.77
6	285	0.460	0.75	76	47.90
7	285	0.460	0.75	76	47.90
8	280	0.520	0.85	77	50.75
9	280	0.520	0.85	78	50.75
10	285	0.480	0.79	79	48.93
11	290	0.440	0.73	80	47.00
12	290	0.400	0.66	80	44.81
13	290	0.440	0.73	80	47.00
14	285	0.560	0.92	81	52.85
15	285	0.600	0.98	82	54.70
16	285	0.360	0.59	82	42.37
17	285	0.400	0.66	83	44.67
18	285	0.400	0.66	83	44.67
19	295	0.440	0.73	84	46.85
20	290	0.660	1.06	85	57.57
21	285	0.500	0.83	86	49.94
22	285	0.560	0.91	86	52.85
23	285	0.480	0.79	86	48.93
24	285	0.520	0.85	86	50.93
25	280	0.680	1.10	86	58.04
AVG VALUES	285		0.789	80	48.88

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 63.07  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 48.99  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 14.07  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 22.32  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 60,308.20  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 32,397.37  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.004  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 0.982  
 FORMALDEHYDE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 1.27  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 98.72

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.200  
 TIP DIAMETER, in = .3040  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 20.563  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 25  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 47.60  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 306.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0199  
 FORMALDEHYDE CONCENTRATION, mg/m<sup>3</sup> = 9.8  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 6.20 O<sub>2</sub> = 11.80 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 82.00

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	285	0.420	0.68	78	45.81
2	285	0.400	0.66	78	44.71
3	280	0.420	0.68	78	45.66
4	285	0.460	0.75	78	47.95
5	285	0.460	0.75	78	47.95
6	285	0.440	0.73	79	46.89
7	285	0.480	0.79	79	48.98
8	285	0.500	0.83	80	49.99
9	285	0.520	0.85	80	50.98
10	280	0.560	0.91	80	52.72
11	285	0.420	0.68	81	45.81
12	285	0.420	0.68	81	45.81
13	285	0.420	0.68	81	45.81
14	285	0.500	0.83	81	49.99
15	285	0.520	0.85	81	50.98
16	285	0.360	0.59	82	42.41
17	285	0.360	0.59	82	42.41
18	285	0.420	0.68	82	45.81
19	290	0.460	0.75	82	48.11
20	285	0.620	1.00	82	55.66
21	285	0.520	0.85	82	50.98
22	285	0.520	0.85	83	50.98
23	285	0.560	0.91	83	52.90
24	280	0.560	0.91	83	52.72
25	280	0.680	1.10	83	58.10
AVG VALUES	284		0.783	81	48.80

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 63.24  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 48.84  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 14.40  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 22.77  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 60,213.93  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 32,164.58  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.006  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 1.726  
 FORMALDEHYDE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 1.18  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 99.13

P & D SAUKVILLE (CONTROL 29)  
FORMALDEHYDE CALCULATION

89-1143

TEST 1

$$V_{a} = 2.40 + 1.015 * \frac{29.2}{29.92} * \frac{570}{498} \text{ TM}$$
$$= 2.52 \text{ SCF} * .07832 = .0714 \text{ std m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{0.719 \text{ mg}}{.0714 \text{ m}^3} = 10.07 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 1.19 \text{ \#}/\text{m}.$$

TEST 2

$$V_{a} = 2.32 * 1.015 * \frac{29.2}{29.92} * \frac{570}{498}$$
$$= 2.44 \text{ SCF} * .07832 = .0691 \text{ std m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{0.774 \text{ mg}}{.0691 \text{ m}^3} = 10.40 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 1.77 \text{ \#}/\text{m}.$$

TEST 3

$$V_{a} = 2.30 * 1.015 * \frac{29.2}{29.92} * \frac{570}{498}$$
$$= 2.41 \text{ SCF} * .07832 = .0683 \text{ std m}^3$$

$$C = \frac{.667 \text{ mg}}{.0683 \text{ m}^3} = 9.77 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$ER = 1.18 \text{ \#}/\text{m}$$

CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

DATE: 3-31-92

File Code: 4530

PRELIMINARY STACK TEST REVIEW

Received: 11/13/91

By: A Seiber Test Date: 9-26-91  
 Name of Source: Pitlick + Wick FID #: 999 397 960  
 Address: 4827 Sand Beach Dr. Stack #: 310  
 City: Eagle River, WI Process #: P30  
 Permit #: 91-DCF-069 Date Issued: 8-1-91

Description of Source Tested: CMI drum mix asphalt plant. Emissions are controlled by a baghouse. The plant was firing w/waste oil.

Description of Control Equipment: Baghouse

Test Firm: ETE  
 Crew Chief & Phone#: Mrs. Lowell Huenink (414) 784-2434

Pollutant Tested: Part. Test Method: 17  
 Pollutant Tested: HCHO Test Method: NIOSH 3500  
 Pollutant Tested: VE Test Method: 9

Test Production Level: 218 TPH  
 Rated Production Level: 250 TPH

Discussion of Results:

Poll. Test Ave. =	<u>0.022</u>	Limit =	<u>0.039 gr/dscf PM</u>	In Compliance? <input checked="" type="radio"/> N
Poll. Test Ave. =	<u>1279</u>	Limit =	<u>250 # HCHO/yr</u>	In Compliance? Y <input checked="" type="radio"/>
Poll. Test Ave. =	_____	Limit =	_____	In Compliance? Y N
Poll. Test Ave. =	_____	Limit =	_____	In Compliance? Y N

Is This a Valid Test?  N If answer is no, please indicate the reason.

Test may be reviewed in depth later, if necessary.

→ CC Joe Perez-AM/10  
 US EPA Region V  
Neal Baudhuin - NCD

Partic. Method 17?  
No Process Description.

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PARTICULATE CHECKLIST

Name of Source: Pittick + Wick Test Date: 9-26-91

1. Are the isokinetics per run between 90 and 110%? YES  NO   
If the %I for a run is outside the range, void the run. See 5.
2. Is the sample volume per run  $\geq 30$  DSCF? YES  NO   
If the sample volume for a run is  $< 30$  DSCF, void the run. See 5.
3. Is the sample time per run  $\geq 60$  min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time for a run is  $< 60$  min., void the run. See 5.
4. Is the sample time per sample point  $\geq$  two min.? YES  NO   
If the sample time per point for a run is  $< 2$  min., void the run. See 5.
5. A stack test shall consist of three valid runs or, at a minimum, two valid runs if one run is voided. Is this a valid test? YES  NO   
If no, inform the District or the source that the test is unacceptable and should be redone. Your review is over.
6. Is the total particulate per run added correctly? YES  NO   
If an incorrect total is found, correct the total and the results or call the consultant and ask for a correction.
7. Was the backhalf included in the total particulate? YES  NO   
NSPS sources are exempt from including the backhalf. All other sources must include the backhalf. If they don't, the test is invalid. See 5.

Eq. 1  $Gr/DSCF = 15.43 * g \text{ of part./sample volume of run in DSCF}$

Eq. 2  $Gr/DSCF @ 12\% CO_2 = (Gr/DSCF) * 12 / \text{Stack } CO_2$

Eq. 3  $Gr/DSCF @ 7\% O_2 = (Gr/DSCF) * (20.9 - 7) / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

Eq. 4  $Lb/DSCF = (Gr/DSCF) / 7000$       Eq. 5  $Lb/MLb_{DRY} = 385.6 * 10^3 * (Lb/DSCF) / MW_{DRY}$

Eq. 6  $Lb/MLb_{WET} = 385.6 * 10^3 * (Lb/DSCF) * (1 - (\% \text{ Moisture} / 100)) / MW_{WET}$

Eq. 7  $Lb/Hr = 60 * DSCFM * (Lb/DSCF)$       Eq. 8  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/Hr) / (10^6 \text{ BTU/Hr})$

Eq. 9  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/DSCF) * F \text{ Factor} * 20.9 / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

8. If the emission limit is in Gr/DSCF, Lb/DSCF, Lb/MLb, Lb/Hr or Lb/10<sup>6</sup> BTU, solve the needed Eq. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.
9. Is the three run(or two run) average correct? YES  NO   
If no, write in the correct average.
10. Is the average result in compliance? YES  NO   
If no, the District should issue an NOV.
11. Was the source operating at a level representative of full capacity? YES  NO   
If no, the permit release may need to provide conditions to cap the source at the test level until a stack test at a higher production level(showing compliance) is performed. If the test was not for permit release, other actions may be warranted.

GASEOUS TEST CHECKLIST

Name of Source: Pittlake/Wick Gas Tested: HCHO Test Date: 8-26-91

1. A stack test shall consist of three valid runs or, at a minimum, two valid runs if one run is voided. Is this a valid test? YES  NO   
 If no, inform the District or the source that the test is unacceptable and should be redone. Your review is over.

Eq. 1  $PPM_{DRY} = PPM_{WET} / (1 - \% \text{ Moisture as Decimal})$

Eq. 2  $PPM_{DRY@ 7\% O_2} = PPM_{DRY} * (20.9 - 7) / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

Eq. 3  $PPM_{DRY@ 12\% CO_2} = PPM_{DRY} * 12 / \text{Stack } CO_2$

2. If the limit is in  $PPM_{DRY}$  or in  $PPM_{DRY}$  corrected to a certain  $O_2$  or  $CO_2$  value, solve Eq. 1-3. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

Eq. 4  $mg/DSCM = PPM_{DRY} * \text{Molecular Weight of Gas} / 24.06$

Eq. 5  $Lb/DSCF = 2.595 * 10^{-9} * PPM_{DRY} * \text{Molecular Weight of Gas}$

Eq. 6  $Lb/DSCF = 6.243 * 10^{-8} * (mg/DSCM)$

Eq. 7  $Lb/Hr = 60 * DSCFM * (Lb/DSCF)$  Eq. 8  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/Hr) * (10^6 \text{ BTU/Hr})$

Eq. 9  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU} = (Lb/DSCF) * F \text{ Factor} * 20.9 / (20.9 - \text{Stack } O_2)$

3. If the limit is in  $mg/DSCM$ ,  $Lb/DSCF$ ,  $Lb/Hr$ , or  $Lb/10^6 \text{ BTU}$ , solve Eq. 4-9. Eq. 1-3 may also be needed. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

Eq. 10  $\% \text{ Capture Eff.} = \frac{(\text{Lb VOC/Hr to Control Equip.}) * 100}{(\text{Lb VOC/Hr Input to Process})}$

Eq. 11  $\% \text{ Destruction Eff.} = \frac{(\text{Inlet Lb VOC/Hr} - \text{Outlet Lb VOC/Hr}) * 100}{(\text{Inlet Lb VOC/Hr})}$

Eq. 12  $\% \text{ Overall Eff.} = (\% \text{ Cap. Eff.} / 100) * (\% \text{ Dest. Eff.} / 100) * 100$

4. If the limit is in terms of  $\% \text{ Capture Eff.}$ ,  $\% \text{ Dest. Eff.}$ , or Overall Eff., solve Eq. 9-12. Eq. 1-8 may also be needed. Do your results match the consultant's? YES  NO   
 If no, fix the problem or call the consultant for a correction.

5. Is the three run(or two run) average correct? YES  NO   
 If no, write in the correct average.

6. Is the average result in compliance? YES  NO  250 # HCHO/yr  
 If no, the District should issue an NOV.

7. Was the source operating at a level representative of full capacity? YES  NO   
 If no, the permit release may need to provide conditions to cap the source at the test level until a stack test at a higher production level(showing compliance) is performed. If the test was not for permit release, other actions may be warranted.

SUMMARY

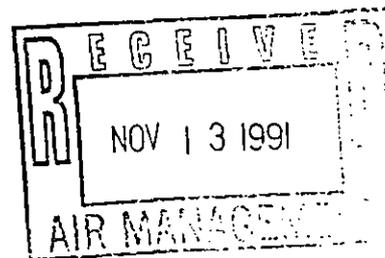
On September 26, 1991, Environmental Technology & Engineering Corp personnel performed stack emissions testing on the asphalt plant located on Highway 45 north of Eagle River, Wisconsin. The purpose of the testing was to demonstrate compliance with the particulate, visible emissions, and formaldehyde limits set forth in Wisconsin DNR Air Pollution Control Permit No. 91-DCF-069 (issued 5/1/91). The emissions from the operations were controlled with a baghouse. *FID = 999 397960 Firing waste oil.*

Testing to determine total particulate matter emissions were performed using EPA Method 17. The results were well below the DNR permit limitation and are shown below:

<u>Test</u>	<u>Particulate Emission Concentration</u>
1	0.0221 grains/dscf
2	0.0270 grains/dscf
3	<u>0.0176 grains/dscf</u>
AVG	0.0222 grains/dscf
DNR Permit Limitation	0.039 grains/dscf

Formaldehyde emissions were determined using modified NIOSH Method 3500 sampling and analytical methods. The results indicated the following emission rates:

<u>Test</u>	<u>Formaldehyde Emission Rate</u>
1	0.163 lb/hr
2	0.126 lb/hr
3	<u>0.150 lb/hr</u>
AVG	0.146 lb/hr
DNR Permit Limitation	250 pounds per year



Visible emissions were determined using EPA Method 9. All readings indicated an opacity level of zero.

PITLICK & WICK CONOVER-BAGHOUSE TEST 1 TABLE 2-1 9-26-91

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 28.300  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .3120  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 11.750  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 3.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 20  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 47.00✓  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 391.00-  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0640✓  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 7.00 O<sub>2</sub> = 12.00 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.00

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	240	0.340	1.45	40	41.07
2	240	0.360	1.55	40	42.27
3	245	0.360	1.55	40	42.42
4	245	0.380	1.60	42	43.58
5	245	0.390	1.65	42	44.15
6	245	0.380	1.60	42	43.58
7	240	0.380	1.60	44	43.42
8	240	0.420	1.80	44	45.65
9	240	0.420	1.80	46	45.65
10	245	0.420	1.80	46	45.81
11	240	0.380	1.60	48	43.42
12	240	0.380	1.60	48	43.42
13	240	0.430	1.82	50	46.19
14	240	0.430	1.82	52	46.19
15	240	0.380	1.60	54	43.42
16	240	0.400	1.70	56	44.55
17	240	0.360	1.55	58	42.27
18	240	0.400	1.70	60	44.55
19	235	0.400	1.70	60	44.39
20	235	0.420	1.80	60	45.49
AVG VALUES	241		1.665	49	44.08

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 63.03  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 44.62  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 18.40  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 29.20  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 31,072.97  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 15,675.27  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.0221  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.034  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 3.05  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 105.02

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 28.300  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .3120  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 11.750  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 3.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 20  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 45.84✓  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 417.00✓  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0763✓  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 7.00 O<sub>2</sub> = 12.00 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.00

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	240	0.360	1.55	54	42.44
2	240	0.380	1.60	54	43.61
3	235	0.400	1.70	54	44.58
4	235	0.420	1.80	54	45.68
5	230	0.420	1.80	56	45.51
6	230	0.420	1.80	56	45.51
7	230	0.400	1.70	56	44.42
8	230	0.400	1.70	56	44.42
9	230	0.420	1.80	56	45.51
10	230	0.400	1.70	58	44.42
11	230	0.400	1.70	60	44.42
12	230	0.400	1.70	60	44.42
13	230	0.380	1.60	60	43.29
14	230	0.380	1.60	60	43.29
15	230	0.400	1.70	60	44.42
16	230	0.420	1.80	60	45.51
17	230	0.380	1.60	60	43.29
18	230	0.380	1.60	60	43.29
19	230	0.380	1.60	60	43.29
20	230	0.400	1.70	60	44.42
AVG VALUES	232		1.688	58	44.29

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 63.20  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 43.57  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 19.63  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 31.06  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 31,222.86  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 15,542.19  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.0270  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.040  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 3.66  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 103.42

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 28.300  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .3120  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 11.750  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 3.00  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 20  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 46.51✓  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 395.00✓  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0503✓  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 7.00 O<sub>2</sub> = 12.00 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 81.00

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	230	0.360	1.55	56	42.00
2	230	0.380	1.60	54	43.15
3	230	0.400	1.70	54	44.27
4	230	0.400	1.70	54	44.27
5	230	0.380	1.60	56	43.15
6	230	0.400	1.70	56	44.27
7	230	0.400	1.70	56	44.27
8	230	0.400	1.70	58	44.27
9	230	0.420	1.80	56	45.37
10	230	0.420	1.80	56	45.37
11	230	0.420	1.80	56	45.37
12	230	0.400	1.70	56	44.27
13	230	0.420	1.80	58	45.37
14	230	0.420	1.80	60	45.37
15	230	0.420	1.80	60	45.37
16	230	0.420	1.80	60	45.37
17	230	0.380	1.60	60	43.15
18	230	0.380	1.60	60	43.15
19	230	0.400	1.70	60	44.27
20	230	0.400	1.70	60	44.27
AVG VALUES	230		1.707	57	44.32

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 62.80  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 44.21  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 18.59  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 29.61  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 31,244.27  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 15,914.89  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.0176  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.026  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 2.42  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 102.47

PITLICK + WICK

HCO<sub>3</sub>H ANALYSIS

10/3/91

SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE VOL (ml)	ALIQ VOL	C. ACID ml	RDG	RDG - BLANK	µg/ALIQ	µg/SAMP	TOTAL µg
PITLICK + WICK		1	1.0					
<sup>9/26</sup> CONDUIT 1A	29.0	0.50		.262	.226	2.76	160	160
26,635 M <sup>3</sup> /hr								0.163 #/hr.
1B	12.8	1.0		.037	.001	-	-	2.78 #/hr <sup>3</sup>
			↓					
2A	30.8	0.50		.202	.166	2.02	124	124
26,409 M <sup>3</sup> /hr.								0.126 #/hr.
2B	13.0	1.0		.036	-			2.156 #/hr <sup>3</sup>
3A	29.0	0.50		.245	.209	2.55	148	148
27,043 M <sup>3</sup> /hr.								0.150 #/hr.
3B	10.9	1.0		.036	-			2.513 #/hr <sup>3</sup>

CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM

STATE OF WISCONSIN  
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

DATE: October 12, 1990

TO: File

FROM: Marty Burkholder MB

SUBJECT: Stack Test Review - Rock Road of WI Bituma 400

*Received 9/4/90*

I. SOURCE

Rock Road of Wisconsin  
Bituma 400 Portable Asphalt Plant  
P.O. Box 1779  
Janesville, WI 53547  
(608) 752-8944  
Contact: Stephen Kennedy, Vice President

Location At Time Of Testing: Hwy 81 west of Beloit, WI  
FID # 999010320, Stack S01, Process P01  
Permit # MIA-10-KJC-82-54-130A

Test Date: August 7, 1990

Test Firm: Environmental Technology & Engineering Corporation  
13020 W. Bluemound Road  
Elm Grove, WI 53122  
(414) 784-2434  
Crew Chief: Bill Dick

The source tested was a Bituma 400 drum mix asphalt plant equipped with a baghouse. Rock Road of Wisconsin had requested on 6/22/90 that their permit be altered in order to change from a wet scrubber to a baghouse. During the test, the plant production rate was at approximately 400 tons/hr with 40 % recycle. The plant was fired with #2 fuel oil. Mary Oleson and Martin Burkholder of the DNR Southern District Office witnessed the test.

II. DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

The test results are shown on the Results page. The average emission concentration of 0.010 gr/dscf is below the limit of 0.04 gr/dscf as stated in Section NR 440.25 Wis. Adm. Code.

The test method used by ETE was EPA Method 17. I made some calculations (stack area, vol. condensed H2O, etc.) and ran the data for Run #1 on the Department computer program. The values were similar to those of ETE. The calculated results are attached. Isokinetic ratios, sample volume, and stack temperatures were within the Department guidelines.

cc: Joe Perez - AM/3

*U.S. EPA Region V*

No Production capacity.  
Partic. Method 17?  
No process description.



## SUMMARY

On August 7, 1990, Environmental Technology & Engineering Corporation personnel performed a stack emission test on the Rock Road of Wisconsin, Inc. drum mix asphalt plant located on Highway 81 west of Beloit, Wisconsin. The average of the three particulate tests show the emissions to be well below the limit of 0.04 grains of particulate matter per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) as specified by the State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) by permit. The numerical test results are summarized below:

Test	Emissions	% of Allowable
1	0.013 gr/dscf	32
2	0.009	22
3	<u>0.007</u>	<u>17</u>
AVG	0.010 gr/dscf	25 %

The opacity of the stack was also observed by a certified observer throughout a three (3) hour test period. The highest 6 minute average opacities for each of the three tests were all less than the permit limit of 20 %. The following table presents the highest 6 minute average for each test:

Test	Highest 6 Min Average Opacity
1	16.5 %
2	10.6 %
3	9.4 %

### Formaldehyde Emissions

The formaldehyde emissions were determined concurrently with the particulate and opacity observations using NIOSH Method 3500. A brief description of this method is included. The numerical results are presented below:

<u>Test</u>	<u>TPH</u>	<u>LB/HR</u>	<u>LB/TON</u>
1	388	0.22 lb/hr	0.00057
2	416	0.35	0.00084
3	<u>416</u>	<u>0.20</u>	<u>0.00048</u>
AVG	407	0.26 lb/hr	0.00064

ROCK ROAD OF WISCONSIN

TEST 1

TABLE 2-1

8-7-90

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.400  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2500  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 15.668  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 25  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 37.42  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 331.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0307  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 7.70 O<sub>2</sub> = 11.80 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 80.50

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	300	0.460	0.90	84	48.79
2	300	0.600	1.20	84	55.73
3	310	0.820	1.60	86	65.57
4	310	0.940	1.85	88	70.21
5	310	1.000	1.95	90	72.41
6	310	0.480	0.95	92	50.17
7	310	0.700	1.40	94	60.58
8	310	0.920	1.95	96	69.46
9	310	0.800	1.60	98	64.77
10	310	0.720	1.45	100	61.44
11	310	0.460	0.90	102	49.11
12	310	0.660	1.30	104	58.83
13	310	0.760	1.50	104	63.13
14	310	0.680	1.35	106	59.71
15	310	0.600	1.20	108	56.09
16	310	0.420	0.85	110	46.93
17	310	0.600	1.20	112	56.09
18	310	0.800	1.60	114	64.77
19	310	0.900	1.80	116	68.70
20	310	0.720	1.45	118	61.44
21	290	0.420	0.85	120	46.32
22	290	0.460	0.90	120	48.47
23	290	0.600	1.20	122	55.36
24	280	0.760	1.50	124	61.89
25	270	0.700	1.40	124	58.99
AVG VALUES		304	1.354	105	59.00

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 52.96  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 37.38  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 15.58  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 29.42  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 55,462.85  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 26,583.80  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.013  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.019  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 2.94  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 103.42

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.400  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2500  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 15.668  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 25  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 33.92  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 301.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0208  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 9.00 O<sub>2</sub> = 10.50 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 80.50

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	270	0.400	0.80	128	44.50
2	270	0.640	1.30	128	56.29
3	270	0.880	1.75	128	66.01
4	270	0.900	1.80	128	66.75
5	270	0.750	1.50	130	60.94
6	270	0.420	0.85	130	45.60
7	270	0.740	1.50	132	60.53
8	270	0.800	1.60	132	62.93
9	270	0.670	1.35	132	57.59
10	270	0.670	1.35	132	57.59
11	270	0.400	0.80	134	44.50
12	270	0.560	1.10	134	52.65
13	270	0.620	1.25	134	55.40
14	270	0.520	1.05	134	50.74
15	270	0.400	0.80	134	44.50
16	270	0.420	0.85	136	45.60
17	270	0.540	1.10	138	51.71
18	285	0.560	1.10	124	53.19
19	280	0.640	1.30	126	56.67
20	280	0.540	1.10	126	52.06
21	280	0.400	0.80	126	44.80
22	280	0.450	0.90	126	47.52
23	280	0.450	0.90	126	47.52
24	280	0.420	0.85	126	45.91
25	280	0.420	0.85	126	45.91
AVG VALUES	273		1.142	130	52.70

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 48.14  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 33.97  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 14.17  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 29.43  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 49,539.83  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 24,730.30  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.009  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.014  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 2.01  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 101.02

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, in Hg = 29.400  
 TIP DIAMETER, in .2500  
 STACK AREA, sq ft = 15.668  
 SAMPLING TIME PER POINT, min = 2.50  
 NUMBER OF POINTS = 25  
 GAS METER VOLUME, acf = 34.35  
 WATER COLLECTED, ml = 333.00  
 PARTICULATE COLLECTED, grams = 0.0163  
 CO<sub>2</sub> = 8.80 O<sub>2</sub> = 11.00 CO = 0.00 N<sub>2</sub> = 80.20

SAMPLING POINT	STACK TEMP deg F	PITOT DEL P inches	ORIFICE METER inches	GAS METER OUTLET T deg F	GAS VELOCITY fps
1	270	0.440	0.88	124	46.88
2	270	0.720	1.45	122	59.97
3	270	0.920	1.85	122	67.79
4	270	0.860	1.70	122	65.54
5	270	0.720	1.45	124	59.97
6	270	0.420	0.84	124	45.80
7	270	0.630	1.25	124	56.10
8	270	0.770	1.55	124	62.02
9	270	0.700	1.40	124	59.13
10	270	0.520	1.05	126	50.96
11	270	0.400	0.80	128	44.70
12	270	0.520	1.05	128	50.96
13	270	0.540	1.10	128	51.94
14	270	0.500	1.00	128	49.97
15	270	0.330	0.66	130	40.60
16	270	0.500	1.00	132	49.97
17	270	0.580	1.15	132	53.82
18	270	0.640	1.30	132	56.54
19	270	0.640	1.30	132	56.54
20	270	0.600	1.20	134	54.74
21	270	0.350	0.70	134	41.81
22	270	0.420	0.84	134	45.80
23	270	0.500	1.00	134	49.97
24	270	0.580	1.15	134	53.82
25	270	0.560	1.15	134	52.89
AVG VALUES	270		1.153	128	53.13

TOTAL GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 50.07  
 DRY GAS WITHDRAWN, scf = 34.39  
 WATER VAPOR WITHDRAWN, scf = 15.67  
 PERCENT WATER VAPOR = 31.31  
 ACTUAL WET FLOW RATE, acfm = 49,946.91  
 STANDARD DRY FLOW RATE, scfm = 24,384.73  
 PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION, grains/dscf = 0.007  
 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS, lb/1000 lb wet gas = 0.011  
 PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE, lb/hr = 1.56  
 PERCENT OF ISOKINETIC SAMPLING = 103.74