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Background Report Reference

AP-42 Section Number: 9.6.1

Background Chapter: 4

Reference Number: 2

Title: Results of the December 28, 1988
Particulate Emission Compliance Test
on the Rogers Dryer at the Land
O'Lakes Plant Located in SPencer,
Wisconsin

Interpoll Laboratories, Inc.

December 1988

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RESULTS OF THE DECEMBER 28, 1988
PARTICULATE EMISSION COMPLIANCE TEST
ON THE ROGERS DRYER AT THE LAND O' LAKES
PLANT LOCATED IN SPENCER WISCONSIN

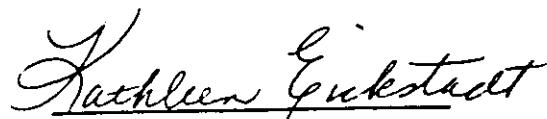
Drying Cheddar Cheese

Submitted to:

LAND O' LAKES
P.O. Box 116
Minneapolis, Minnesota 55440

Attention: Dale Harris

Approved by:



Kathleen Eickstadt
Senior Data Analyst
Field Testing Division

Report Number 8-2695
December 30, 1988
KE/k1q

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ABBREVIATIONS

ACFM	actual cubic feet per minute
cc (ml)	cubic centimeter (milliliter)
DSCFM	standard cubic foot of dry gas per minute
DSML	dry standard milliliter
DEG-F (°F)	degrees Fahrenheit
DIA.	diameter
FP	finished product for plant
FT/SEC	feet per second
g	gram
GPM	gallons per minute
GR/ACF	grains per actual cubic foot
GR/DSCF	grains per dry standard cubic foot
g/dscm	grams per dry standard cubic meter
HP	horsepower
HRS	hours
IN.	inches
IN.HG.	inches of mercury
IN.WC.	inches of water
LB	pound
LB/DSCF	pounds per dry standard cubic foot
LB/HR	pounds per hour
LB/10 ⁶ BTU	pounds per million British Thermal Units heat input
LB/MMBTU	pounds per million British Thermal Units heat input
LTPD	long tons per day
MW	megawatt
mg/DSCM	milligrams per dry standard cubic meter
microns (um)	micrometer
MIN.	minutes
ng	nanograms
ohm-cm	ohm-centimeter
PM	particulate matter
PPH	pounds per hour
PPM	parts per million
ppmC	parts per million carbon
ppm,d	parts per million, dry
ppm,w	parts per million, wet
ppt	parts per trillion
PSI	pounds per square inch
SQ.FT.	square feet
ug	micrograms
v/v	percent by volume
w/w	percent by weight
<	≤ (when following a number)

Standard conditions are defined as 68 °F (20 °C) and 29.92 IN. of mercury pressure.

1 INTRODUCTION

On December 28, 1988 Interpoll Laboratories personnel conducted a particulate emission compliance test on the Rogers Dryer at the Land O' Lakes Plant located in Spencer, Wisconsin. On-site testing was performed by E. Trowbridge and C. Mosser. Coordination between testing activities and plant operation was provided by Dale Harris of Land O' Lakes Inc. The test was witnessed by Neal Baudhuin of the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources.

The dryer tested is a C. E. Rogers custom designed spray dryer. It is direct fired with natural gas and has a rated capacity of 1980 LB/HR of dry product. Particulate emissions from the dryer are controlled by a C. E. Rogers wet venturi scrubber.

Evaluations were performed in accordance with EPA Methods 1 - 5, CFR Title 40, Part 60, Appendix A (revised July 1, 1987). A preliminary determination of the gas linear velocity profile was made before the first particulate determination to allow selection of the appropriate nozzle diameter required for isokinetic sample withdrawal. An Interpoll Labs sampling train which meets or exceeds specifications in the above-cited reference was used to extract particulate samples by means of a heated glass-lined probe. Wet catch samples were collected in the back half of the Method 5 sampling train and analyzed as per Wisconsin DNR protocol.

An integrated flue gas sample was extracted simultaneously with each particulate sample using a specially designed gas sampling system. Integrated flue gas samples were collected in 44-liter Tedlar bags housed in a protective aluminum container. After sampling was complete, the bags were sealed and returned to the laboratory for Orsat analysis. Prior to sampling, the Tedlar bags are leak checked at 15 IN.HG. vacuum with an in-line rotameter. Bags with any detectable inleakage are discarded.

Testing on the Dryer was conducted from two test ports oriented at 90 degrees on the Stack. These test ports are located approximately twelve feet downstream of the nearest flow disturbance and approximately six feet upstream of the stack exit. A 24-point traverse was used to collect representative particulate samples. Each traverse point was sampled 2.5 minutes to give a total sampling time of 60 minutes per run.

The important results of the test are summarized in Section 2. Detailed results are presented in Section 3. Field data and all other supporting information are presented in the appendices.

2 SUMMARY AND DISCUSSION

The important results of the particulate emission compliance test are summarized in Table 1. As will be noted, the particulate emission rate averaged 5.4 LB/HR.

No difficulties were encountered in the field or in the laboratory evaluation of the samples. On the basis of this fact and a complete review of the entire data and results, it is our opinion that the concentrations and emission rates reported herein are accurate and closely reflect the actual values which existed at the time the test was performed.

TABLE 1. Summary of the Results of the December 28, 1988 Particulate Emission Compliance Test on the Rogers Dryer at the Land O'Lakes Plant Located in Spencer, Wisconsin.

ITEM	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3
Date of test	12-28-88	12-28-88	12-28-88
Time runs were done (HRS)	1308/1411	1445/1548	1605/1709
Process rate (LB/HR) <i>cheddar cheese</i>	2005	2005	2005
Volumetric flow (ACFM) actual standard (DSCFM)	44985 38171	45558 38534	45960 38062
Gas temperature (DEG--F)	110	110	110
Moisture content (%V/V)	4.33	4.65	6.62
Gas composition (%V/V,dry) carbon dioxide oxygen nitrogen	0.62 20.18 79.20	0.75 20.28 78.97	0.40 20.42 79.18
Isokinetic variation (%)	98.2	100.2	101.3
Particulate concentration (GR/ACF) actual standard (GR/DSCF)	.0154 .0181	.0129 .0153	.0129 .0156
Part. emission rate (LB/HR)	5.94	5.04	5.09

* Dry + organic/inorganic wet catch

3 RESULTS

The results of all field and laboratory evaluations are presented in this section. Gas composition (Orsat and moisture) are presented first followed by the computer printout of the particulate determinations. Preliminary measurements including test port locations are given in the appendices.

The results have been calculated on an IBM Computer using programs written in Extended BASIC specifically for source testing calculations. EPA-published equations have been used as the basis of the calculation techniques in these programs.

The particulate emission rate has been calculated using the product of the concentration times flow method (as recommended by the EPA) rather than the ratio of areas method.

Interpoll Report No. 8-2695
Land O'Lakes Inc
Spencer, Wisconsin

Test No. 1
Rogers Dryer Stack

Results of Orsat & Moisture Analyses----Methods 3 & 4 (%v/v)

Date of run	Run 1 12-28-88	Run 2 12-28-88	Run 3 12-28-88
-------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------

Dry basis (orsat)

carbon dioxide.....	0.62	0.75	0.40
oxygen.....	20.18	20.28	20.42
carbon monoxide.....	0.00	0.00	0.00
nitrogen.....	79.20	78.97	79.18

Wet basis (orsat)

carbon dioxide.....	0.59	0.72	0.37
oxygen.....	19.31	19.34	19.07
carbon monoxide.....	0.00	0.00	0.00
nitrogen.....	75.77	75.29	73.94
water vapor.....	4.33	4.65	6.62
Dry molecular weight.....	28.91	28.93	28.88
Wet molecular weight.....	28.43	28.42	28.16
Specific gravity.....	0.982	0.982	0.973
Water mass flow.....(LB/HR)	4847	5277	7570

Interpoll Report No. 8-2695
 Land O'Lakes Inc
 Spencer, Wisconsin

Test No. 1
 Rogers Dryer Stack

Results of Particulate Loading Determinations-----Method 5

Date of run	Run 1 12-28-88	Run 2 12-28-88	Run 3 12-28-88
Time run start/end.....(HRS)	1308/1411	1445/1548	1605/1709
Static pressure.....(IN.WC)	-0.28	-0.28	-0.28
Cross sectional area (SQ.FT)	19.31	19.31	19.31
Pitot tube coefficient.....	.840	.840	.840
Water in sample gas			
condenser.....(ML)	0.0	0.0	0.0
impingers.....(GRAMS)	20.0	27.0	44.0
desiccant.....(GRAMS)	16.0	13.0	14.0
total.....(GRAMS)	36.0	40.0	58.0
Total particulate material..			
.....collected(grams)	0.0441	0.0382	0.0390
Gas meter coefficient.....	1.0045	1.0045	1.0045
Barometric pressure.(IN.HG)	28.65	28.65	28.65
Avg. orif. pres. drop..(IN.WC)	1.35	1.45	1.45
Avg. gas meter temp..(DEF-F)	76.9	81.6	86.3
Volume through gas meter....			
at meter conditions...(CF)	39.52	41.06	41.35
standard conditions.(DSCF)	37.50	38.63	38.57
Total sampling time....(MIN)	60.00	60.00	60.00
Nozzle diameter.....(IN)	.243	.243	.243
Avg.stack gas temp ..(DEG-F)	110	110	110
Volumetric flow rate.....			
actual.....(ACFM)	44985	45558	45960
dry standard.....(DSCFM)	38171	39534	38062
Isokinetic variation.....(%)	98.2	100.2	101.3
Particulate concentration...			
actual.....(GR/ACF)	0.01539	0.01290	0.01292
dry standard.....(GR/DSCF)	0.01815	0.01526	0.01560
Particle mass rate... (LB/HR)	5.94	5.04	5.09

APPENDIX A

RESULTS OF PRELIMINARY VOLUMETRIC FLOW RATE DETERMINATIONS

Interpoll Report No. 8-2695
Land O'Lakes Inc
Spencer, Wisconsin

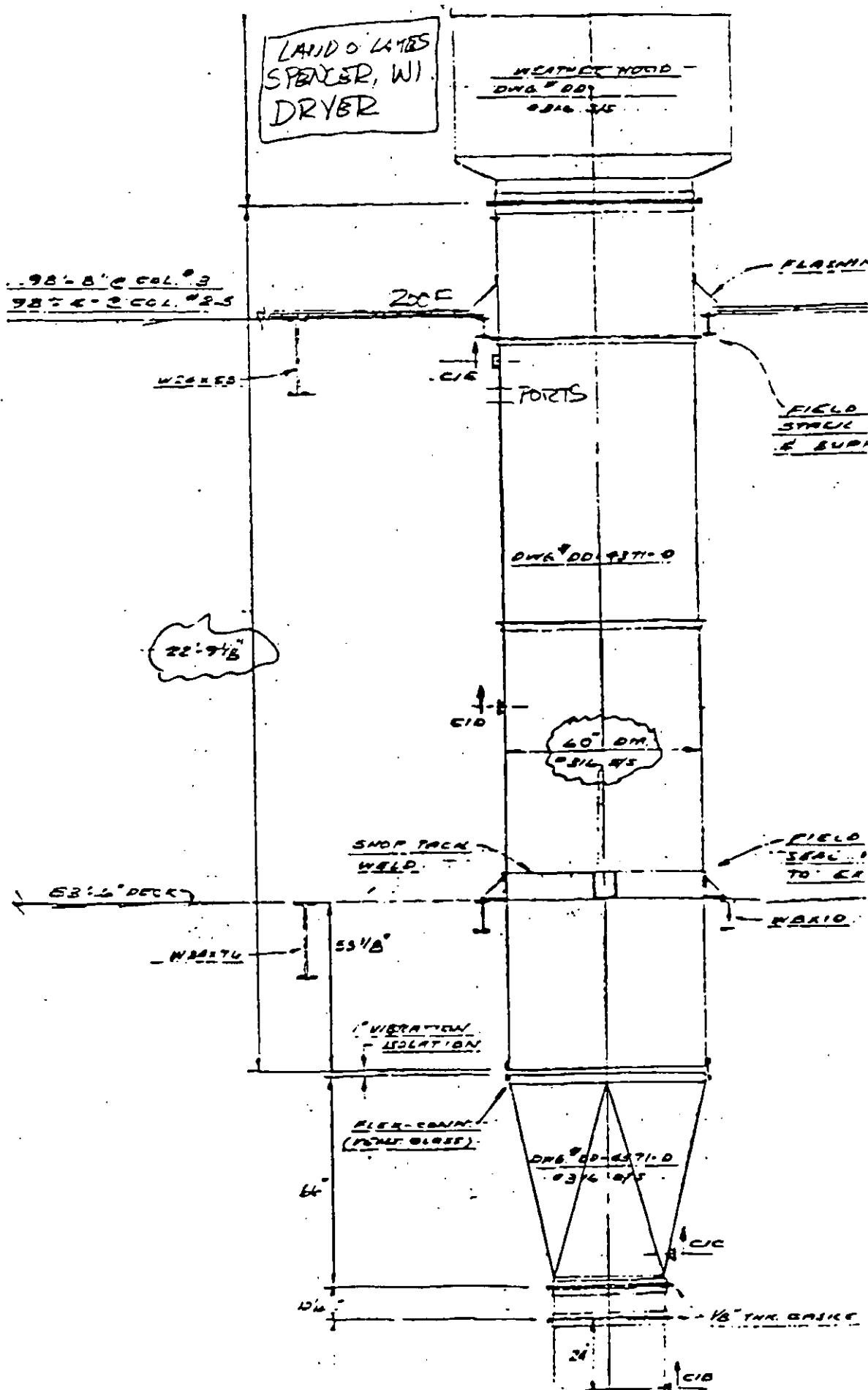
Test No. 1
Rogers Dryer Stack

Results of Volumetric Flow Rate Determination-----Method 2

Date of Determination.....	12-28-88
Time of Determination.....(HRS)	1145
Barometric pressure.....(IN.HG)	28.65
Pitot tube coefficient.....	.84
Number of sampling ports.....	2
Total number of points.....	24
Shape of duct.....	Round
Stack diameter.....(IN)	59.5
Duct area.....(SQ.FT)	19.31
Direction of flow.....	UP
Static pressure.....(IN.WC)	-.28
Avg. gas temp.....(DEG-F)	110
Moisture content.....(% V/V)	4.33
Avg. linear velocity....(FT/SEC)	39.0
Gas density.....(LB/ACF)	.06545
Molecular weight.....(LB/LBMOLE)	28.91
Mass flow of gas.....(LB/HR)	177266
Volumetric flow rate.....	
actual.....(ACFM)	45141
dry standard.....(DSCFM)	38279

APPENDIX B

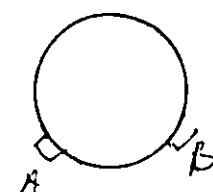
LOCATION OF TEST PORTS



APPENDIX C

METHODS 2 - 5 FIELD DATA SHEETS

INTERPOLL LABORATORIES EPA METHOD 2 FIELD DATA SHEET

Job LAND O' LAKES, SPANISH, WISCSource Rogers DryerTest 1 Run 1 Date 12-28-88Stack dimen. 59 1/2 IN.Dry bulb 119 °F Wet bulb - °FManometer: Reg. Exp. Elec.Barometric pressure 28.65 in HgStatic pressure -28 in WCOperators F. THOMAS BRIDGE - C. MOSSERPitot No. 21-6 Cp .840Schematic of
Cross Section

Traverse Point No.	Fraction of Diameter	Distance from Stack Wall (in)	Distance from End of Port (in)	Velocity Pressure (in WC)	Temperature of gas (°F)
			Port length: 4 in.		Time start: 1145 hrs
A 1	.021	1.25	5.25	.23	108
2	.067	3.99	7.99	.31	105
3	.118	7.02	11.02	.35	110
4	.177	10.53	14.53	.34	110
5	.250	14.87	18.87	.37	110
6	.356	21.18	25.18	.37	110
7	.644	38.32	42.32	.44	110
8	.750	44.63	48.63	.52	110
9	.823	48.97	52.96	.55	110
10	.882	52.48	56.48	.56	110
11	.933	55.51	59.51	.60	110
12	.979	58.25	62.25	.54	110
8 1				.44	108
2				.51	108
3				.56	110
4				.53	110
5				.52	110
6				.45	110
7				.36	110
8				.36	110
9				.35	110
10				.35	110
11				.34	110
12				.29	110
Temp. meas. tool & S/N:				Time end: 1200 hrs	
R or nothing = reg. manometer; S = expanded; E = electronic				S-392.1	

INTERPOLL LABORATORIES EPA METHOD 5/17 SAMPLE LOG SHEET

Job LAND O'LAKES
 Source Rogers DRYER STACK
 Method S Filter holder: GLASS Date 12-28-88 Test 1 Run 1
 No. of traverse points 24 Filter type: 4" GLASS FIBR

Sample Train Leak Check:

Pretest: < 0.02 cfm at 15 in. Hg. (vac)
 Posttest: 0 cfm at ✓ in. Hg. (vac)

Particulate Catch Data:

No.s of filters used:	Recovery solvent(s)
<u>0624</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> acetone _____ <input type="checkbox"/> other(s) _____
No. of probe wash bottles: <u>1</u>	
Sample recovered by: <u>ET</u>	

Condensate Data:

Item	Weight(g)		
	Final	Tare	Difference
Impinger No. 1	<u>115</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>15</u>
Impinger No. 2	<u>105</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>5</u>
Impinger No. 3	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Condenser			
Desiccant	<u>1332</u>	<u>1316</u>	<u>16</u>
Total			<u>36</u>

Integrated Gas Sampling Data:

Bag Pump No. 86 Box No. 1 Bag No. 1

Bag Material: 5-layer Aluminized Tedlar Size: 44 L

Pretest leak check: 0 cc/min at 15 in. Hg.

Time start: 1309 (HRS) Time end: 1410 (HRS)

Sampling rate: 400 cc/min Operator: ET

S/N of Oz Analyzer used to monitor train outlet: 6

CF-023

S-0046RR

INTERPOL LABORATORIES EPA METHOD 5 FIELD DATA SHEET

LAND D'UATIS

Operator Edith B. Progo - C. MESSICK
Water Box No. 8
Customer code # 1-0045

Opener ELIMINATOR - C-4 precision
Water Box No. 8 7.83 TWT
Cantometer credit. 100055
Pilot No. 21-6 840
Bar. Press. 28.25
Nozzles No. 8-3 WATER D-10 203 IN.

INTERFOLL LABORATORIES EPA METHOD 5/17 SAMPLE LOG SHEET

Job LAND O'LAKES
 Source AGOGS DRYER STACK
 Method 5 Filter holder: Glass

Date 12-28-88 Test 1 Run 2
 No. of traverse points 24
 Filter type: 4" GLASS FILTER

Sample Train Leak Check:

Pretest: < 0.02 cfm at 15 in. Hg. (vac)
 Posttest: 0 cfm at 15 in. Hg. (vac)

Particulate Catch Data:

No.s of filters used:	Recovery solvent(s)
<u>0649</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> acetone _____ <input type="checkbox"/> other(s) _____
No. of probe wash bottles:	<u>1</u>
Sample recovered by:	<u>ET</u>

Condensate Data:

Item	Weight(g)		
	Final	Tare	Difference
Impinger No. 1	120	100	20
Impinger No. 2	107	100	7
Impinger No. 3	0	0	0
Condenser			
Desiccant	1260	1247	13
Total			<u>40</u>

Integrated Gas Sampling Data:

Bag Pump No. 86 Box No. 1 Bag No. 2

Bag Material: 5-layer Aluminized Tedlar Size: 44 L

Pretest leak check: 0 cc/min at 15 in. Hg.

Time start: 1446 (HRS) Time end: 1547 (HRS)

Sampling rate: 400 cc/min Operator: ET

S/N of O₂ Analyzer used to monitor train outlet: 6

CF-023

S-0046RR

INTERPOL LABORATORIES EPA METHOD 5 FIELD DATA SHEET

Job 1442 1445
Source 1442
Date 12-28-88

Operator No. 21-6 C.P., 840
Water Box No. 21-6 C.P.
Cantometer Scale! 1000-5-1000

INTERFOLL LABORATORIES EPA METHOD 5/17 SAMPLE LOG SHEET

Job LAND O'LAKES
 Source ROGERS DRYER STACK
 Method J Filter holder: GLASS

Date 12-28-88 Test 1 Run 3
 No. of traverse points 24
 Filter type: 4" GLASS FIBER

Sample Train Leak Check:

Pretest: < 0.02 cfm at 15 in. Hg. (vac)
 Posttest: 0 cfm at ✓ in. Hg. (vac)

Particulate Catch Data:

No. of filters used:	Recovery solvent(s)
<u>0667</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> acetone
	<input type="checkbox"/> other(s) _____
No. of probe wash bottles:	<u>1</u>
Sample recovered by:	<u>ET</u>

Condensate Data:

Item	Weight(g)		
	Final	Tare	Difference
Impinger No. 1	140	100	40
Impinger No. 2	104	100	4
Impinger No. 3	0	0	0
Condenser			
Desiccant	1346	1332	14
Total			58

Integrated Gas Sampling Data:

Bag Pump No. 36 Box No. 1 Bag No. 3

Bag Material: 5-layer Aluminized Tedlar Size: 44 L

Pretest leak check: 0 cc/min at 15 in. Hg.

Time start: 1606 (HRS) Time end: 1708 (HRS)

Sampling rate: 400 cc/min Operator: ET

S/N of O₂ Analyzer used to monitor train outlet: 6

CF-023

INTERPOLL LABORATORIES EPA METHOD S FIELD DATA SHEET

Job SAND 0' 10' 20'
Source 12-23-88
Date 12-23-88
Station 3
Run 3
Operator Water Bk No. 8
Conductor No. 1,0045
Pilot No. 2,6-6
Bar. Pres. 28.4
Norr. No. 5-3
Hg H2O 1243-X
Merrie Dm. 1243-X

Traverse Point No.	Sampling Time (min)	Supply Volume (cc)	Velocity Head (in Hg)	Dust Vol. (cc)	Dust Vac. (in Hg)	Temperatures (°F)						Oxygen Content (%)
						Statt	Prob.	Dust	Temp.	Coolin	Coat/Dust	
B 12	2.5	405.00	.48	1.60	5.00	110	240	240	58	82	80	16.9
11	5	204.90	.55	1.83	6.93	92	110			84	80	19.9
10	7.5	408.90	.58	1.93	8.92	94	110			86	80	20.0
9	10	410.82	.54	1.86	8.84	93	110			84	80	19.9
8	12.5	412.67	.49	1.69	2.67	9.0	110	245	60	82	80	20.0
7	15	414.40	.42	1.90	4.37	9.3	110	240		82	80	19.9
6	17.5	416.00	.38	1.27	5.98	3.3	110			88	80	19.9
5	20	417.52	.33	1.10	7.49	3.0	110			88	80	19.9
4	22.5	419.20	.35	1.17	9.04	3.1	110			84	80	19.9
3	25	420.50	.32	1.07	9.53	3.0	108	240	241	80	80	20.0
2	27.5	422.80	.32	1.07	2.02	3.0	108			88	80	20.0
1	30	423.42	.30	1.01	5.46	1.8				88	80	19.9
A 12	32.5	425.20	.31	1.17	5.01	3.1	110	240	245	60	84	80
11	35	426.55	.36	1.20	6.59	3.1	110			88	80	19.9
10	37.5	428.10	.34	1.14	8.12	3.0	110			84	80	19.9
9	40	429.62	.34	1.14	9.65	3.0	110	240	245	60	88	80
8	42.5	431.25	.36	1.20	1.22	3.3	110			88	80	19.9
7	45	432.84	.39	1.30	2.86	3.4	110			88	80	19.9
6	47.5	434.80	.56	1.87	9.82	4.2	110	240	245	62	80	20.0
5	50	434.77	.55	1.84	6.76	4.2	110			90	82	19.9
4	52.5	438.70	.55	1.83	8.71	4.2	110			90	82	20.0
3	55	440.64	.56	1.88	6.69	4.3	110	240	245	62	90	82
2	57.5	441.60	.54	1.81	2.61	4.3	110			90	82	20.0
1	60	444.55	.55	1.82	2.55	4.3	108			90	82	20.0
	(110)											
TOTALS $\theta = 110$ $V = 41,25$ $H = 146$ $L = 146$ $R = 146$ $S = 146$ $T = 146$ $U = 146$ $V = 146$ $W = 146$ $X = 146$ $Y = 146$ $Z = 146$												AVG. = 84.3

APPENDIX D

LABORATORY DATA SHEETS

7207
Interpoll Laboratories
(612) 786-6020

**Chain of Custody
Sample Deposition Sheet**

Job LAND O LAKES
Team Leader G. Hawke
Date Submitted 12-28-88
Test No. 1

Source Keges Dyer
Test Site Ditch
Date of Test 12-29-88
No. of Runs Completed 3

No. of Samples	Type of Sample	Analysis Required	Comments
4	Probe Wash: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Acetone <input type="checkbox"/> D.I. Water	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-5 <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	_____
4	Filter: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 4" G.F. <input type="checkbox"/> S.S. Thimble <input type="checkbox"/> 2.5" G.F. <input type="checkbox"/> 47 mm G.F.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-5 <input type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-17 <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	_____
4	Impinger Catch: <input type="checkbox"/> D.I. Water <input type="checkbox"/> 3% H ₂ O ₂ <input type="checkbox"/> 4M5 Hg Only <input type="checkbox"/> 4M5 Metals <input type="checkbox"/> 1.0 N NaOH <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	<input type="checkbox"/> MN Protocol <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NT Protocol <input type="checkbox"/> EPA M-6 or 8 <input type="checkbox"/> Acid Gases <input type="checkbox"/> Formaldehyde <input type="checkbox"/> Metals <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	_____
3	Integrated Gas sample	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-3 <input type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-10 <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	Date _____ Time (HRS) _____
	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO _x)	<input type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-7A <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	
	<input type="checkbox"/> Fuel Sample <input type="checkbox"/> Aggregate	<input type="checkbox"/> Attached fuel Form #S-015RRR	_____
	Particle Size	<input type="checkbox"/> X-Ray Sedigraph <input type="checkbox"/> Bahco Method <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	_____
	Audit Samples <input type="checkbox"/> Sulfur Dioxide <input type="checkbox"/> Oxides of Nit. <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	<input type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-6 <input type="checkbox"/> As per EPA M-7A <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	_____

Source Information

- 1) Type of Source: Boiler Asphalt Plant Incinerator Dryer
 Other _____
- 2) Fuel: Coal Wood Gas Oil RDF Other _____
- 3) Is sample combustible? No Yes
- 4) Does sample need special handling? No Yes If yes, explain _____

S-278RRRR

Interpoll Laboratories
(612) 786-6020EPA Method 3 Data Reporting Sheet
Orsat Analysis

Job Lake O'Lakes
 Team Leader ET
 Date Submitted _____
 Test No. _____
 Date of Analysis 12-24-88

Source Roger Dryer
 Test Site STACH
 Date of Test 12-26-88
 No. of Runs Completed 3
 Technician Mark Rehberg

Test/ Run	Sample Log Number and Type	No. of An.	Buret Readings (ml)			Conc. CO ₂ %v/v Dry	Conc. O ₂ %v/v Dry	F _O
			Zero Pt.	After CO ₂	After O ₂			
1/1	<u>7207-07</u>	1	0.00	0.62	20.80	0.62	20.18	1.161
		2	0.00	0.62	20.80	0.62	20.18	1.161
		Avg				0.62	20.18	
1/2	<u>-11</u>	1	0.00	0.75	21.03	0.75	20.28	0.527
		2	0.00	0.75	21.03	0.75	20.28	0.527
		Avg				0.75	20.28	
1/3	<u>-15</u>	1	0.00	0.40	20.52	0.40	20.42	1.100
		2	0.00	0.46	20.82	0.40	20.42	1.100
		Avg				0.40	20.42	
	<u>□ B □ F</u>	1						
		2						
		Avg						
	<u>□ B □ F</u>	1						
		2						
		Avg						
	<u>□ B □ F</u>	1						
		2						
		Avg						
	<u>□ B □ F</u>	1						
		2						
		Avg						
	<u>□ B □ F</u>	1						
		2						
		Avg						
	<u>□ B □ F</u>	1						
		2						
		Avg						
	<u>□ B □ F</u>	1						
		2						
		Avg						

- Ambient Air QA Check
 Orsat Analyzer System Leak Check
 F_O Within EPA M-3 Guidelines
 for fuel type.

Where F_O = $\frac{CO_2}{CO_2 + O_2}$

F=Flask (250 cc all glass)
 B=Tedlar Bag (5-layer)

EPA Method 3 Guidelines	F _O Range
Fuel Type	
Coal:	
Anthracite/Lignite	1.016-1.120
Bituminous	1.083-1.230
Oil:	
Distillate	1.260-1.410
Residual	1.210-1.370
Gas:	
Natural	1.600-1.836
Propane	1.434-1.596
Butane	1.405-1.550
Wood/Wood Bark	1.000-1.120

Interpoll Laboratories
(612) 786-6020

EPA Method 5 Data Reporting Sheet
Impinger Catch/Wisconsin Protocol

Job Land C'Lakes Source Rogers Dryer
 Team Leader ET Test Site Stackt
 Date Submitted _____ Date of Test 12-28-88
 Test No. 1 No. of Runs Completed 3
 Date of Analysis 12-29-88 Technician Mark Koeble

		Solvent Phase	Aqueous Phase
0	Test / Run <u>0</u> Field Blank Log Number <u>7202-03</u> Comments _____	Dish No. <u>49</u> Dish Tare Wt. <u>48.6294</u> g Dish+Sample Wt. <u>48.6694</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.0001</u> g	Dish No. <u>63</u> Dish Tare Wt. <u>43.6738</u> g Dish+Sample Wt. <u>43.6739</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.0001</u> g
1	Test / Run <u>1</u> Log Number _____ Comments <u>-06</u> _____	Dish No. <u>54</u> Dish Tare Wt. <u>46.6442</u> g Dish+Sample Wt. <u>46.6482</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.0040</u> g	Dish No. <u>65</u> Dish Tare Wt. <u>46.9748</u> g Dish+Sample Wt. <u>46.9770</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.0022</u> g
2	Test / Run <u>2</u> Log Number <u>-10</u> Comments _____	Dish No. <u>55</u> Dish Tare Wt. <u>47.7723</u> g Dish+Sample Wt. <u>47.7703</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.0010</u> g	Dish No. <u>66</u> Dish Tare Wt. <u>48.3084</u> g Dish+Sample Wt. <u>48.3120</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.0036</u> g
3	Test / Run <u>3</u> Log Number <u>-14</u> Comments _____	Dish No. <u>58</u> Dish Tare Wt. <u>50.2237</u> g Dish+Sample Wt. <u>50.2266</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.0029</u> g	Dish No. <u>69</u> Dish Tare Wt. <u>47.9878</u> g Dish+Sample Wt. <u>47.9909</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.0030</u> g
4	Test / Run _____ Log Number _____ Comments _____	Dish No. _____ Dish Tare Wt. _____ g Dish+Sample Wt. _____ g Sample Wt. _____ g	Dish No. _____ Dish Tare Wt. _____ g Dish+Sample Wt. _____ g Sample Wt. _____ g
5	Test / Run _____ Log Number _____ Comments _____	Dish No. _____ Dish Tare Wt. _____ g Dish+Sample Wt. _____ g Sample Wt. _____ g	Dish No. _____ Dish Tare Wt. _____ g Dish+Sample Wt. _____ g Sample Wt. _____ g

Results Solvent Phase: Blank Solvent Wt. 9
 Field Blk. Run 1 Run 2 Run 3 Run 4 Run 5

<u>0.0000</u>	<u>0.0043</u>	<u>0.0010</u>	<u>0.0029</u>	<u>D-3</u>	
---------------	---------------	---------------	---------------	------------	--

Results Aqueous Phase:

Field Blk. Run 1 Run 2 Run 3 Run 4 Run 5

<u>0.0001</u>	<u>0.0021</u>	<u>0.0035</u>	<u>0.0029</u>		
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LSC-03WYR

Interpoll Laboratories
(612) 786-5820

EPA Method 5 Data Reporting Sheet
Probe/Cyclone Wash

Job Land O Lakes
Team Leader ET
Date Submitted _____
Test No. 1
Date of Analysis 12-29-88
Transport Leakage None ml
Source Roger Dryer
Test Site Stack
Date of Test 12-26-88
No. of Runs Completed 3
Technician Mark Gashler
Solvent Acetone

0	Test <u>1</u> Run <u>0</u> Field Blank Log Number <u>7207-01</u> Vol. of Solvent <u>150 ml</u> *Solvent Residue <u>2.0 ug/ml</u>	Dish No. <u>2</u> Dish Tare Wt. <u>46.7646</u> g Dish+Sample Wt. <u>46.7649</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.0003</u> g
	Comments _____	Comments _____
	Test <u>1</u> Run <u>1</u> Vol. of Solvent <u>140 ml</u> Log Number <u>-04</u> Comments _____	Dish No. <u>5</u> Dish Tare Wt. <u>45.2256</u> g Dish+Sample Wt. <u>45.2464</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.0208</u> g
	Comments _____	Comments _____
2	Test <u>1</u> Run <u>2</u> Vol. of Solvent <u>120 ml</u> Log Number <u>-08</u> Comments _____	Dish No. <u>8</u> Dish Tare Wt. <u>46.6985</u> g Dish+Sample Wt. <u>46.7179</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.0194</u> g
	Comments _____	Comments _____
	Test <u>1</u> Run <u>3</u> Vol. of Solvent <u>70 ml</u> Log Number <u>-12</u> Comments _____	Dish No. <u>23</u> Dish Tare Wt. <u>47.8535</u> g Dish+Sample Wt. <u>47.9725</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.0190</u> g
	Comments _____	Comments _____
4	Test <u>Run</u> Vol. of Solvent <u>ml</u> Log Number <u>_____</u> Comments _____	Dish No. _____ Dish Tare Wt. _____ g Dish+Sample Wt. _____ g Sample Wt. _____ g
	Comments _____	Comments _____
	Test <u>Run</u> Vol. of Solvent <u>ml</u> Log Number <u>_____</u> Comments _____	Dish No. _____ Dish Tare Wt. _____ g Dish+Sample Wt. _____ g Sample Wt. _____ g
	Comments _____	Comments _____
5	Test <u>Run</u> Vol. of Solvent <u>ml</u> Log Number <u>_____</u> Comments _____	Dish No. _____ Dish Tare Wt. _____ g Dish+Sample Wt. _____ g Sample Wt. _____ g
	Comments _____	Comments _____

*Solvent Residue 2.0 ug/ml = [(Sample Wt. 0.0003 g) (106)] / Vol. of Sol. 150 ml
EPA-M5 Acetone Residue Blank Spec. 7.8 ug/ml

Results:

Field Blk. Run 1 Run 2 Run 3 Run 4 Run 5

	0.0205	0.0192	0.0189		
	D-4				

LSC-01YR

Interpoll Laboratories
(612) 786-6020

EPA Method 5 Data Reporting Sheet
Filter Gravimetrics

Job Linda O'Bakes
Team Leader CT
Date Submitted _____
Test No. 1
Date of Analysis 12 29-88

Source Rogers Dryer
Test Site St. Paul
Date of Test 12-26-88
No. of Runs Completed 3
Technician Masha K. Knobler

0	Test <u>1</u> Run <u>0</u> Field Blank Log Number <u>7207-02</u> Comments _____	Filter No. <u>0650</u> Filter Type <u>4"</u> Filter Tare Wt. <u>0.9292</u> g Filter+Sample Wt. <u>0.9292</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.0000</u> g
1	Test <u>1</u> Run <u>1</u> Log Number <u>-05</u> Comments _____	Filter No. <u>0624</u> Filter Type <u>4"</u> Filter Tare Wt. <u>0.9548</u> g Filter+Sample Wt. <u>0.9720</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.0172</u> g
2	Test <u>1</u> Run <u>2</u> Log Number <u>-09</u> Comments _____	Filter No. <u>0649</u> Filter Type <u>4"</u> Filter Tare Wt. <u>0.9354</u> g Filter+Sample Wt. <u>0.9499</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.0145</u> g
3	Test <u>1</u> Run <u>3</u> Log Number <u>-13</u> Comments _____	Filter No. <u>0667</u> Filter Type <u>4"</u> Filter Tare Wt. <u>0.9489</u> g Filter+Sample Wt. <u>0.9632</u> g Sample Wt. <u>0.0143</u> g
4	Test <u>Run</u> Log Number _____ Comments _____	Filter No. _____ Filter Type _____ Filter Tare Wt. _____ g Filter+Sample Wt. _____ g Sample Wt. _____ g
5	Test <u>Run</u> Log Number _____ Comments _____	Filter No. _____ Filter Type _____ Filter Tare Wt. _____ g Filter+Sample Wt. _____ g Sample Wt. _____ g

Results:

Field Blk.	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3	Run 4	Run 5
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	<u>0.0172</u>	<u>0.0145</u>	<u>0.0143</u>		
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Field Blk.	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3	Run 4	Run 5
------------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------

	<u>0.0441</u>	<u>0.0382</u>	<u>0.0390</u>		
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APPENDIX E

PROCESS DATA

CET 124-86. MCN 611

23 OCT 88
THOMSCRUBBER DATA LOGTO DETERMINE PYROMETRIC CONTACT EFFICIENCY
(BEFORE STACK)
TEST AIR

PO

1	DATE / TIME	SYMBOL	12-28	12:28
1	AIR FDB TO BURNER	T2	22°	32°
2	AIR %RH "	%RH	43%	44%
3	AIR FDB FROM BURNER	T3	287°	295°
4	GAS PRESS. TO SCRIBBLE	P1	135015	135014
5	ORIFICE DP	DP	2.5	2.6
6	SLURRY %TS	-	42.8	42.6
7	POWDER #/hr	-	2000	2100
8	POWDER %M	-	2.6	2.7
9	AIR FDB, CHMB. EXIT	T1	200°	198°
10				
11	AIR FDB F.BED SUP, COLD	TFDC	35.3	34.5
12	" " " R'HT.	TFBH	51.8	52.6
13	AIR " F.BED EXH.	TFBE	73°	73°
14				
15	AIR FDB, MIX TO VENTURI	TSOI	187°	188°
16	" " , SCRUB. STACK	TSOZ	101°	101°
17				
18	CIRC. WATER TEMP	TW	93°	93°
19	PRESS. TO SPRAYS	Pw	60	60
20				
21	SOLIDS RECOVERED, #/hr	-		
22	SOLIDS TO VENTURI "	-		
23	SOLIDS OUT STACK "	-		
24				
25				
26				
27				
28				
29				
30				

L15 CAN BE CALCULATED IF THERMOM. NOT AVAILABLE

L22 & 23 NOT NORMALLY AVAILABLE EXCEPT VIA "STACK TEST"

JAN 4 1986 13:36

PAGE.001

~~23 OCT 86~~
1-HOUR

SCRUBBER DATA LOG
TO DETERMINE PSYCHOMETRIC CONTACT EFFICIENCY

PO

		SYMBOL	12.28	12.29	12.30
1	DATE / TIME		1:45 PM	4:45 PM	7:15 PM
1	AIR FDB TO BURNER	T ₂	22°	21°	21°
2	AIR %RH "	%RH	45%	45%	45%
3	AIR FDB FROM BURNER	T ₃	28°	28°	28°
4	GAS PRESS. TO ORIFICE	P ₁	13-13.5	13	13
5	ORIFICE ΔP	ΔP	2.5	2.6	2.4
6	SLURRY %TS	—	42.4	42.8	42.9
7	POWDER #/hr	—	2050	2750*	2000
8	POWDER %M	—	2.6	2.5	2.6
9	AIR FDB, CHNO. EXIT	T ₁	197°	196°	192°
10					
11	AIR FDB, F.BED SUP, COLD T _{FBC}	T _{35.6}	34.5	34.8	.
12	" " " " R'NT. T _{FBD}	T _{52.3}	50.5	51.7	.
13	AIR " " F.BED EXH. T _{FBC}	T _{72°}	77°	75°	.
14					
15	AIR FDB, MIX TO VENTURI	T _{SD1}	185°	185°	185°
16	" " SCRUB. STACK	T _{SD2}	160°	160°	160°
17					
18	CIRC. WATER TEMP	T _W	93°	93°	93°
19	PRESS. TO SPRAYS	P _W	60	59	60
20					
21	SOLIDS RECOVERED, #/hr	—			
22	SOLIDS TO VENTURI "	—			
23	SOLIDS OUT STACK, "	—			
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					

L15 CAN BE CALCULATED IF THERMOM. NOT AVAILABLE

L22 & 23 NOT NORMALLY AVAILABLE EXCEPT VIA "STACK TEST"

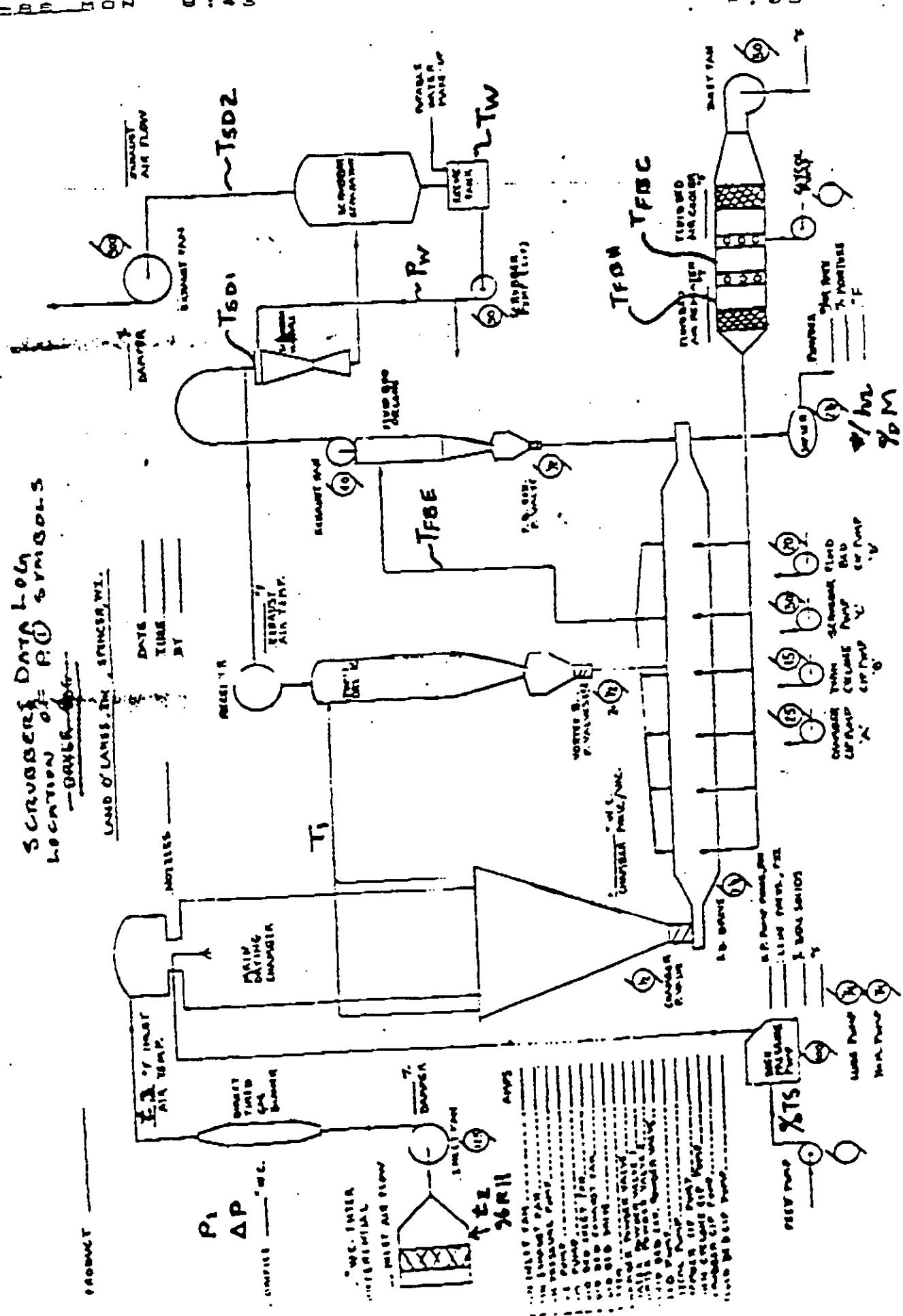
JAN 4 '85 13:34

PAGE . 002

Scrubaceous Dark Loamy
Location of P. (1) terminals

—OAKS & CO.—

LAW OF LANS, THE
SCHOOL.



APPENDIX F

PROCEDURES

PARTICULATE LOADINGS AND EMISSION RATES

The particulate emission rates at this site were determined per EPA Method 5, CFR Title 40, Part 60, Appendix A (Revised July 1, 1987). In this procedure, a preliminary velocity profile of the gases in the flue is obtained by means of a temperature and velocity traverse. On the basis of these values, sampling nozzles of appropriate diameter are selected to allow isokinetic sampling, a necessary prerequisite for obtaining a representative sample.

The sampling train consists of a heated sampling probe equipped with a type S pitot and a thermocouple. The probe is attached to a sampling module which houses the all-glass in line filter holder in a temperature controlled oven. In addition, the sampling module also houses the impinger case and a silica gel drying column. The sampling module is connected by means of an umbilical cord to the control module which houses the dry test gasmeter, the calibrated orifice, a leakless pump, two inclined manometers, and all controls required for operating the sampling train.

Particulate samples were collected as follows: The sample gas was drawn in through the sampling probe isokinetically and passed through a 4-inch diameter Gelman Type A/E glass fiber filter. The particulates were removed at this point and collected on the filter. The gases then passed through an ice-cooled impinger train and a desiccant-packed drying column which quantitatively absorb all moisture from the sample gas stream after which the sample gas passes through the pump and the dry test gasmeter which integrates the sample gas flow throughout the course of the test. A calibrated orifice attached to the outlet of the gasmeter provides instantaneous flow rate data.

A representative particulate sample was acquired by sampling for equal periods of time at the centroid of a number of equal regions in the duct or stack. The sampling rate is adjusted at each site such that an isokinetic sampling condition prevails. Nomographs are used to aid in the rapid determination of the sampling rate.

After sampling is complete, the filter is removed and placed in a clean container. The nozzle and inlet side of the filter holder are quantitatively washed with acetone and the washings are stored in a second container. A brush is often used in the cleaning step to help dislodge deposits. The samples are returned to the laboratory where they are logged in and analyzed. The volume of the acetone rinse ("probe wash") is noted and then the rinse is quantitatively transferred to a tared 120 cc porcelain evaporating dish and the acetone evaporated off at 97-105 °F. This temperature is used to prevent condensation of atmospheric moisture due to the cooling effect induced by the evaporation of acetone. The acetone-free sample is then transferred to an oven and dried at 105 °C for 30 minutes, cooled in a desiccator over Drierite, and then weighed to the nearest .01 mg. The filter sample is quantitatively transferred to a 6-inch watch glass and dried in an oven at 105 °C for two hours. The filter and watch glass are then cooled in a desiccator and the filter weighed to the nearest .01 mg. All weighings are performed in a balance room where the relative humidity is hydrostatted to less than 50% relative humidity. Microscopic examination of the samples is performed if any unusual characteristics are observed. The weight of the acetone rinse is corrected for the acetone blank. The Drierite column is weighed on-site and the water collected by Drierite is added to the condensate so that the total amount of absorbed water may be ascertained.

Integrated gas samples for Orsat analysis were collected at a constant flow rate throughout each particulate run. The gas samples were analyzed using an all-glass Orsat analyzer. Standard commercially prepared solutions were used in the Orsat analyzer (sat. KOH for carbon dioxide and reduced methylene blue for oxygen). In addition to the above, the oxygen content of the flue gas was measured at each traverse during the particulate determinations using a Teledyne Model 320P-4 Portable Oxygen Analyzer to sample the effluent from the Method 5 train.

Interpoll Laboratories
(612)786-6020

Condensable Organic Compounds Analysis
(State of Wisconsin - EPA Method 5)
Method II-8672-WI

Equipment: Separatory funnel - 500 cc with Teflon stopcock
Powder funnel - 75 mm ID with a glass wood plug
Evaporating dish(es) - 200 cc or 250 cc beaker

Reagents: Methylene chloride
Sodium sulfate - (ACS) granular anhydrous (purified by heating for four hours in a shallow tray)

SAMPLING:

An all-glass impinger assembly is used in the back half of the EPA Method 5 sampling train when an organic wet catch is to be collected. The impinger assembly consists of a modified impinger, a Greenburg Smith impinger followed by another modified impinger. The third impinger should have a temperature measuring device at the outlet upstream of a final impinger or desiccant column to monitor the temperature of the outlet gas stream. Prior to the start of the test, each of the first two impingers should be charged with 100 g of Class I water. The Method 5 train should be operated as provided for in EPA Method 5. Ice should be added to the impinger bath to keep the temperature of the gas at the outlet at or less than 68 °F. After the post test leak check, the impinger train is removed and impinger contents poured into a tared all-glass sample bottle and closed with a Teflon-lined cap. The sample bottle is then weighed and the total condensate calculated by subtraction of the bottle tare weight and the

weight of initial water added to the impingers (200 g). A label is affixed and the sample is returned to the laboratory for analysis. The sample should be stored at 4 °C if the analysis is not conducted within 48 hours.

ANALYSIS:

1. Sample bottles are removed from storage and the contents quantitatively transferred to a clean 500 cc separatory funnel equipped with a Teflon stopcock.
2. Rinse the sample container with distilled water and add to separatory funnel.
3. Then rinse the sample container with acetone and pour through sodium sulfate into a tare beaker marked A.
4. The sample is then extracted consecutively with three 50 cc aliquots of methylene chloride. The extraction is performed according to normal laboratory practice observing the customary safety precaution of releasing excess pressure after each shaking.
5. After each of the three extractions are completed, the organic solvent should be dried by passing it through a funnel containing anhydrous sodium sulfate and collecting it and two 50 cc rinses in the tared beaker marked A (the same one used to catch the acetone container rinse).
6. Evaporate to dryness in a hood at 70 °F or less. Do not evaporate so quickly as to allow evaporative cooling to lower the temperature of the container below the dew point otherwise water will be condensed in the container.

7. Desiccate for two hours in a sealed desiccator and final weigh. Report all results in grams. All weighings should be made to nearest 0.1 mg (four places).
8. The remaining liquid in the separatory funnel is then transferred to a tared beaker marked B and is evaporated to dryness at 220 °F \pm 10 °F. The analyst may take an aliquot of the sample, transferring it to a tared beaker and evaporate to dryness at 220 °F \pm 10 °F. If an aliquot is used, the weight of the sample and aliquot will have to be taken to correct for the total sample weight.
9. After the drying step, the sample is cooled in a desiccator and weighted to a constant weight to the nearest 0.1 mg.

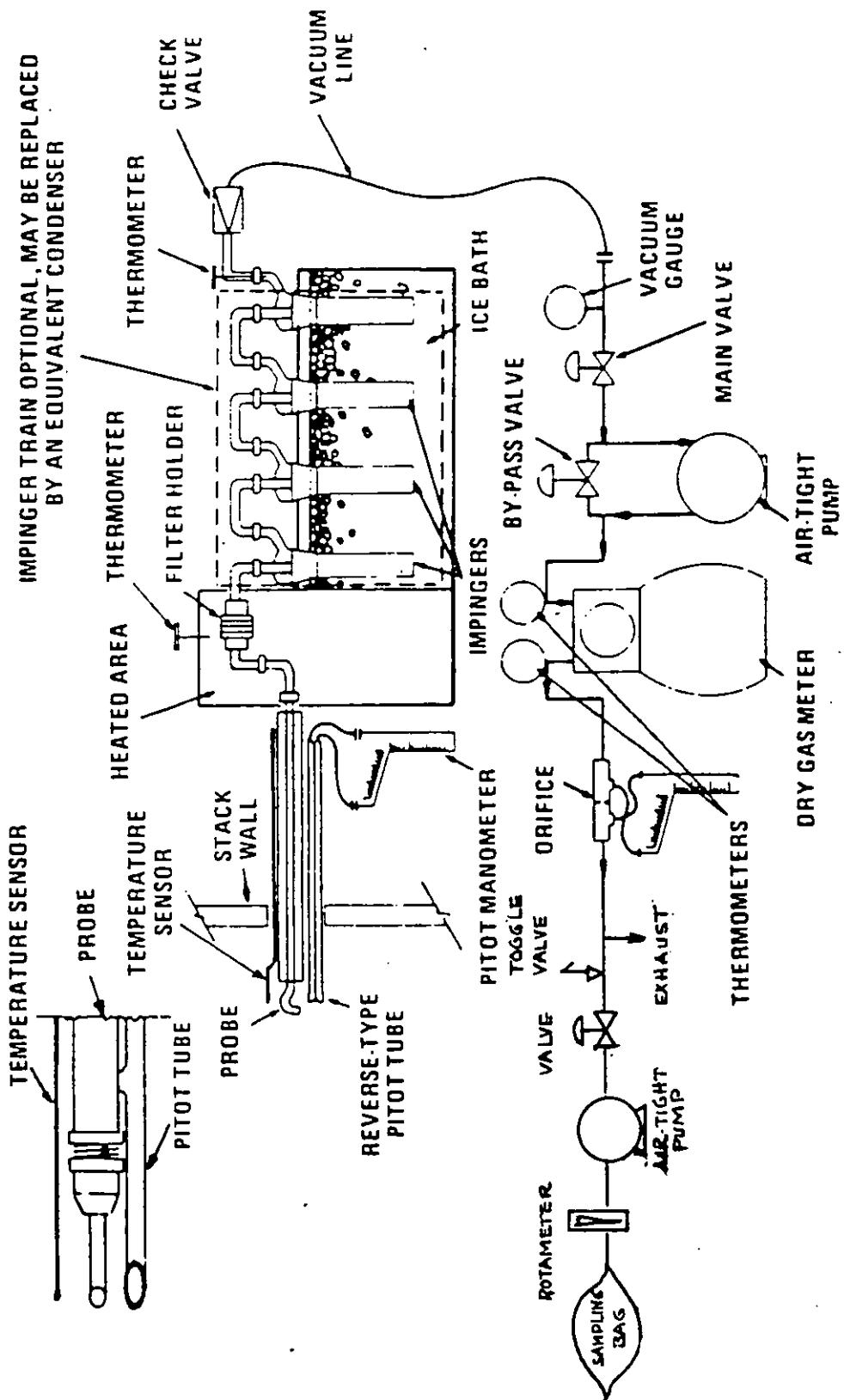
Calculation (if aliquot is taken):

$$\text{grams} = \frac{\text{grams recovered from aliquot} \times (\text{total volume (ml) or grams of sample})}{(\text{aliquot volume (ml) or grams used})}$$

If volume is used, it must be used for both the aliquot and sample. The same goes for using weight.

10. A field blank should be analyzed in an identical manner. If a field blank is not submitted, take an aliquot of Class I water equal in volume to the samples and analyze in a similar manner.
11. The results for container A are to be marked in the organic section of Interpoll Form #LSC-036.
12. The results for container B are to be marked in the inorganic section of Interpoll Form #LSC-036.

**IMPINGER TRAIN OPTIONAL, MAY BE REPLACED
BY AN EQUIVALENT CONDENSER**



Particulate sampling train.

APPENDIX G

CALCULATION EQUATIONS

CALCULATION EQUATIONS

METHOD 2

$$\bar{V}_s = 85.48 C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s(avg)}{P_s M_s}}$$

$$Q_{s,d} = 60(1 - B_{ws}) \bar{V}_s A \left(\frac{528}{T_s(avg)}\right) \left(\frac{P_s}{29.92}\right)$$

$$Q_a = 60 \bar{V}_s A$$

$$\dot{m}_g = \frac{4.995 Q_{s,d} G_d}{1 - B_{ws}}$$

$$RH^* = 100 (vp_{twb} 0.0003641 P_s (T_{db} - T_{wb})) / vp_{tdb}$$

$$B_{ws}^* = RH (vp_{tdb}) / P_s$$

$$= \frac{4.585 \times 10^{-2} P_s M_s}{T_s (avg)}$$

*Alternate equations for calculating moisture content from wet bulb and dry bulb data.

CALCULATION EQUATIONS

METHOD 3

$$\%EA = \frac{100(\%O_2 - .5\% CO)}{0.264\% N_2 - \%O_2 + 0.5\% CO}$$

$$M_d = 0.44(\%CO_2) + 0.32 (\%O_2) + 0.28 (\%N_2 + \%CO)$$

$$M_s = M_d (I - B_{ws}) + 0.18 B_{ws}$$

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_w(std)}{V_w(std) + V_m(std)}$$

CALCULATION EQUATIONS

METHOD 5

$$V_{m(std)} = 17.65 V_m \gamma \left(\frac{P_{bar} + \overline{\Delta H}/13.6}{T_{m(avg)}} \right)$$

$$V_{w(std)} = 0.0472 V_{Is}$$

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{w(std)}}{V_{w(std)} + V_{m(std)}}$$

$$I = 0.0944 \left(\frac{T_{s(avg)}}{P_s V_s A_n \theta} \frac{V_{m(std)}}{(I - B_{ws})} \right)$$

$$C_s = \frac{15.43 M_p}{V_{m(std)}}$$

$$C_a = \frac{272.3 M_p P_s}{T_{s(avg)} (V_{w(std)} + V_{m(std)})}$$

$$(\dot{m}_p)_1 = 8.5714 \times 10^{-3} C_s Q_{s,d}$$

$$(\dot{m}_p)_2 = \frac{1.3228 \times 10^{-1} M_p A}{0 A_n}$$

$$\dot{m}_p = \frac{(\dot{m}_p)_1 + (\dot{m}_p)_2}{2}$$

SYMBOLS

A	= Cross sectional area of stack, SQ. FT.
A_n	= Cross sectional area of nozzle, SQ. FT.
B_{ws}	= Water vapor in gas stream, proportion by volume
C_p	= Pitot tube coefficient, dimensionless
C_a	= Concentration of particulate matter in stack gas, wet basis, GR/ACF
C_s	= Concentration of particulate matter in stack gas, dry basis, corrected to standard conditions, GR/DSCF
EA	= Excess air, percent by volume
γ	= Dry test meter correction factor, dimensionless
G_d	= Specific gravity (relative to air), dimensionless
I	= Isokinetic variation, percent by volume
M_d	= Molecular weight of stack gas, dry basis, g/g - mole.
\dot{m}_g	= Mass flow of wet flue gas, LB/HR
\dot{m}_p	= Particulate mass flow, LB/HR
M_s	= Molecular weight of stack gas, wet basis, g/g, mole.
M_p	= Total amount of particulate matter collected, g
P_{bar}	= Atmospheric pressure, IN. HG. (uncompensated)
P_g	= Stack static gas pressure, IN. WC.

P_s = Absolute pressure of stack gas, IN.HG.

P_{std} = Standard absolute pressure, 29.92 IN. HG.

A_a = Actual volumetric stack gas flow rate, ACFM

$Q_{s,d}$ = Dry volumetric stack gas flow rate corrected to standard conditions, DSCFM

RH = Relative humidity, %

T_{db} = Dry bulb temperature of stack gas, °F

T_{wb} = Wet bulb temperature of stack gas, °F

$T_m(\text{avg})$ = Absolute average dry gas meter temperature, °R

$T_s(\text{avg})$ = Absolute average stack temperature, °F

T_{std} = Standard absolute temperature, 528 °F (68 °C)

θ = Total sampling time, min.

V_{lc} = Total volume of liquid collected in impingers and silica gel, ml

V_m = Volume of gas sample as measured by dry gas meter, CF

$V_{m(std)}$ = Volume of gas sample measured by the dry gas meter corrected to standard conditions, DSCF

$V_{w(std)}$ = Volume of water vapor in the gas sample corrected to standard conditions, SCF

\bar{V}_s = Average actual stack gas velocity, FT/SEC

v_{ptdb} = Vapor pressure at T_{db} , IN. HG.

vP_{twb} = Vapor pressure at T_{wb} , IN. HG

$\overline{\Delta H}$ = Average pressure differential across the orifice meter, IN. WC.

ΔP = Velocity pressure of stack gas, IN. WC.

γ = Dry test meter correction coefficient, dimensionless

ρ = Actual gas density, LB/ACF

APPENDIX H

SAMPLING TRAIN CALIBRATION DATA

Interpoll Laboratories
(612) 786-6020

Meter Box Calibration and Usage Status

Date of Report: December 28, 1988

Meter Box No.: 8 (Rockwell Dry Test Meter Serial No. 964652)

Date of Last Calibration: December 3, 1988

Calibration Technician: E. Trowbridge

Wet Test Meter No.: American Meter AL-20

Date of Use	Report No.	Initial Meter Reading	Final Meter Reading	Volume/Job (cu. ft.)	Total Volume* (cu. ft.)
December 6-9, 1988	8-2678	638.60	1211.69	573.09	573.09
December 13, 1988	8-2685	212.00	319.37	107.37	680.46
December 28, 1988	8-2695	322.00	444.55	122.55	803.01

* Total volume through meter since last calibration

Interpoll Laboratories
(612) 786-6020

Nozzle Calibration
Data Sheet

Date of Calibration: December 28, 1988

Nozzle Number 8-4

Technician: E. Trowbridge

Nozzle rotated by 60 degree increments and diameter measured to nearest 0.001 inch. Observed readings and average:

Position	Diameter (inches)
1	0.242
2	0.243
3	0.245
Average:	0.243

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S-Type Pitot Tube Inspection Sheet

Pitote No. 6-21

Pitot tube dimensions:

1. External tubing diameter (D_t) 0.316 IN.
2. Base to Side A opening plane (P_A) 0.464 IN.
3. Base to Side B opening plane (P_B) 0.462 IN.

Alignment:

4. $\alpha_1 < 10^\circ$ 0 Degrees
5. $\alpha_2 < 10^\circ$ 0 Degrees

6. $B_1 < 5^\circ$ 1 Degrees
7. $B_2 < 5^\circ$ 1 Degrees

8. Z $< .125"$ 0.02 IN.
9. W $< .0625"$ 0.01 IN.

Distance from Pitot to Probe Components:

10. Pitot to 0.500 IN. nozzle 0.762 IN.
11. Pitot to probe sheath 3.00 IN.
12. Pitot to thermocouple (parallel to probe) 3.00 IN.
13. Pitot to thermocouple (perpendicular to probe) 0.762 IN.

Date of Inspection:

Inspected by:

May 26, 1988

E. Trowbridge

S-348(1)

INTERPOLL LABORATORIES

TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENT DEVICE CALIBRATION SHEET

Unit Under Test Calibrated Against:

 ASTM mercury in glass thermometer Type K thermocouple/L + N potentiometer Stirred ice bath Other

Date 10-18-88

Technician Ron Rosenthal

Unit under test (type and number): PDT-4

AZZINIS 39858-4

Desired Temperature (°F)	Standard Device Actual Reading (°F)	Unit Under Test Reading (°F)	Deviation* (%)
32 (ice bath)	32	31.6	1.25
70	70	69.4	0.86
120	120	119.5	0.25
200	200	200	0.00
300	300	300	0.00
400	400	397	0.75
500	500	497	0.60
800	800	799	0.12

*Note - unit under test must agree within 1.5% of the standard device.

 Unit in tolerance Unit was not in tolerance; recalibrated

Temperature correlation between standard device and unit under test was obtained by using a thermostaled and insulated aluminum block designed to provide uniform temperature. The temperature measurement devices were then inserted into two adjacent wells in the block. The temperature was programmed upward by a variable voltage control unit.