

# Gap Filling HAPs --and other HAP additions by EPA-- For **Point Sources** in the 2008 National Emissions Inventory



# Pollutants Included in the NEI

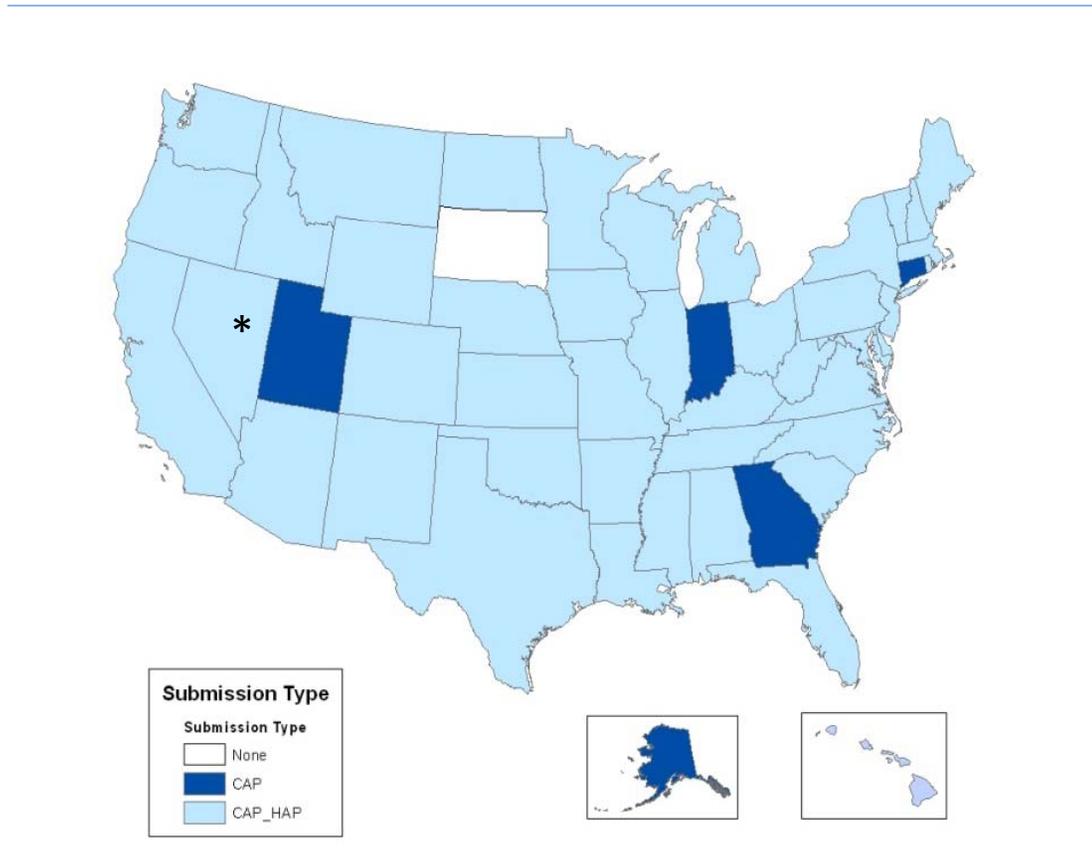
## Criteria Pollutants/Precursors (CAPs) Required To Be Reported By the **Air Emissions Reporting Rule**

- Sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>)
- Nitrogen Oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>)
- Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)
- Carbon Monoxide(CO)
- Primary PM<sub>2.5</sub> and PM<sub>10</sub> (and filterable and condensable components, as applicable)
- Ammonia (NH<sub>3</sub>)
- Lead and Lead Compounds

## Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) – encouraged to be submitted voluntarily

- 187 pollutants/pollutant groups on current list (<http://www.epa.gov/ttn/atw/orig189.html>)
- benzene, toluene, xylenes, ethyl benzene, acrolein, formaldehyde, acetaldehyde, vinyl chloride, carbon tetrachloride, other HAP VOC
- mercury, arsenic, chromium, manganese, nickel, cadmium, selenium, beryllium, lead, other metals
- hydrochloric acid, hydrogen fluoride, hydrogen cyanide, and other acid gases
- tetrachloroethylene, methylene chloride, methyl chloroform and other HAP
- Glycol Ethers, Polycyclic Organic Matter and other groups

# HAPs Reported Voluntarily by Most States – differing levels of completeness



**Number of HAPs reported –  
Point Source Data Category**

Agency Type	Reporting HAPs (#)	Min	Max
state	43	3	203
local	18	2	119
tribe	6	5	56

**Mercury (Hg) reporting by S/L/T:**

41 states

13 local

2 tribes

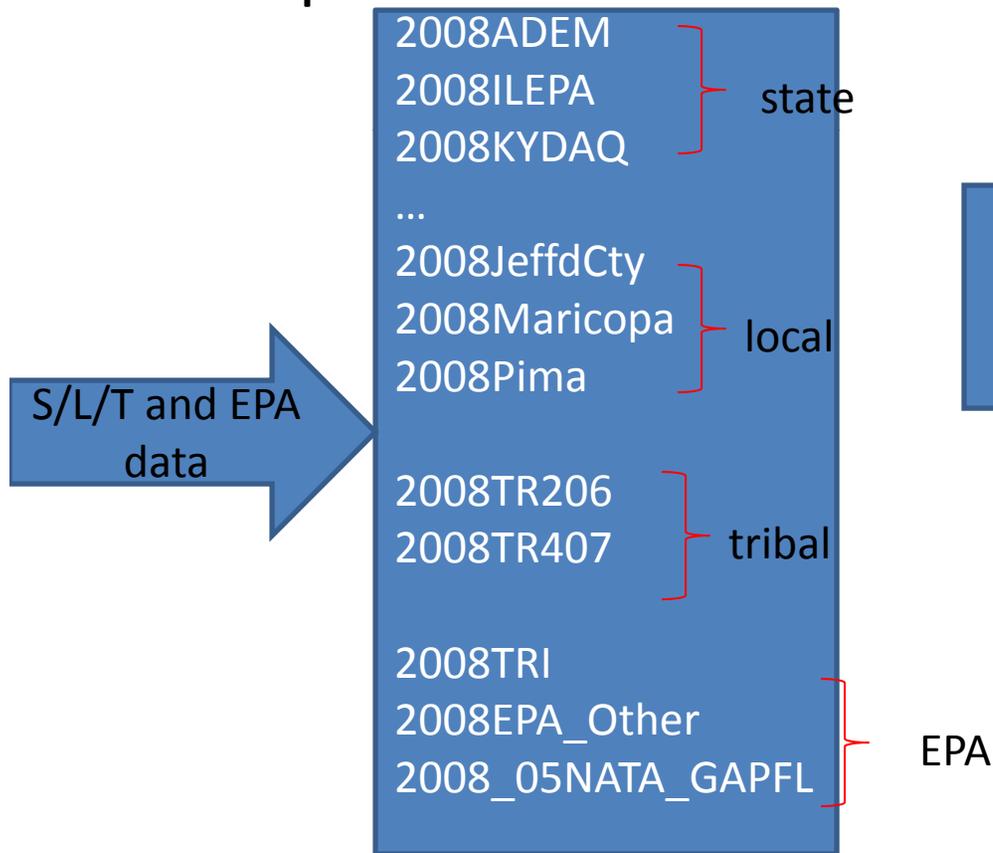
\* Local Agencies in NV reported HAPs but NV state agency did not

# Objectives – for adding HAPs

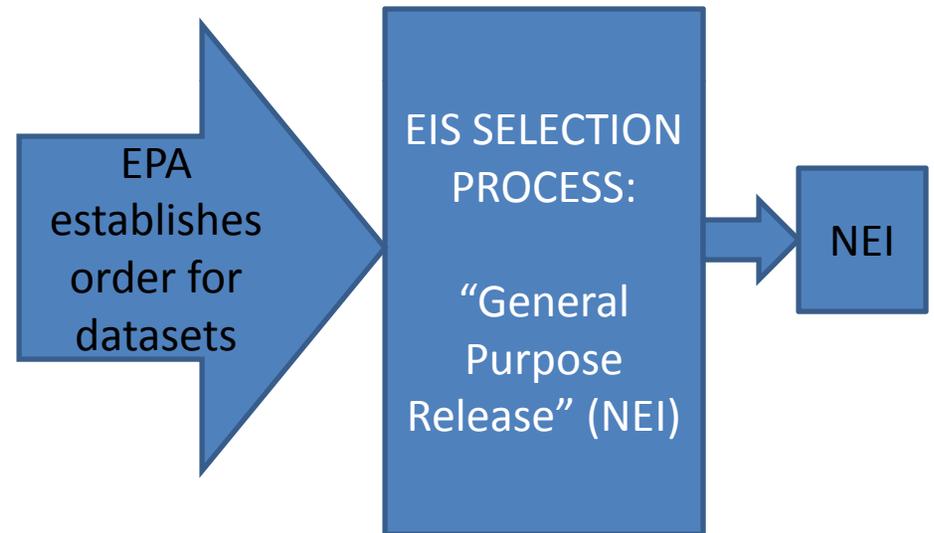
- Complete, integrated inventory for HAPs and CAPs
  - Focus on high risk HAP/facilities and mercury (**Hg**)
  - Use automated approaches for other sources
- Use data collected for Mercury and Air Toxics Rule (MATS) rule in NEI (Hg, acid gases, metal HAPs)
- Speciate chromium – hexavalent, trivalent

# NEI Created via a “Selection” of S/L/T and EPA datasets by Data Category

## Step 1: Load data



## Step 2: Selection



# Point Selection Hierarchy

Red are HAP –  
containing EPA  
datasets

- EPA Overwrite Point v1.5 (2008EPA\_OverPT15)
- EPA PM Augmentation V2 (2008EPA\_PM2 )
- EPA Chromium Split v2 (2008EPA\_CHROMv2)
- EPA other data developed for using ahead of SLT for gapfilling (2008EPA\_OTHER)
- 2008EPA\_MATS (2008EPA\_MATS)
- **2008 STATE/LOCAL/TRIBAL Data**
  - EPA Airports 1109 (2008EPA\_AIR )
  - EPA Rail (2008EPA\_RAIL )
  - 2008EPA\_MMS (2008EPA\_MMS)
  - EPA EGU v1.5 (2008EPA\_EGU15)
  - 2008 EPA Rule Data from OAQPS/SPPD (2008EPA\_Rule\_Data)
  - EPA NV Gold Mines (2008\_NVGLD)
  - EPA coke oven (2008EPA\_CK)
  - EPA TRI Augmentation v2 (2008TRI)
  - EPA HAP Augmentation v2 (2008EPA\_HAPv2)
  - EPA 2005NATA values pulled forward to gapfill (2008EPA\_05NATA\_GAPFL)

# EPA Chromium Split v2 dataset

- Contains hexavalent and trivalent chromium computed from S/L/T unspciated chromium
- Uses speciation profiles based on process– source classification codes and regulatory codes
- 16% of S/L/T unspciated chromium was speciated with the default profile of 34% hex; 66% tri

dataset or data category	2008 NEI v2 tons of chromium			
	Chromic Acid (VI)	Chromium Trioxide	Chromium (VI)	Chromium III
EPA Chromium Split v2			31.64	154.95
EPA Air/Rail			0.00	0.01
EPA EGU			20.00	145.16
EPA other			0.28	0.52
HAP AUG			1.48	18.31
S/L/T	4.55	0.17	6.41	1.29
TRI			11.02	52.59
POINT data category total	4.55	0.17	70.84	372.82

# EPA other data developed for using ahead of SLT or for gapfilling

- 2008 and 2005 NATA emissions were compared for roughly 800 facilities
  - NATA2005 high risk facilities
  - Key Hg categories: cement, electric arc furnaces, gold mines, MWC, HWI,
- Data provided by S/L/T put into their datasets (by them) or this dataset (by EPA)
- TRI put into TRI dataset unless chosen to go ahead of S/L/T
- This dataset also included data Region 2 provided from test program for NY coke oven
- Dataset contains emissions for 21 states.

Tons Emissions from dataset

1,1,2-Trichloroethane	4,4'-MDI	Benzene	Chromium (VI)	Chromium III	coke oven	EO	Manganese	Mercury	Naphthalene	POM /PAH	Perc
0.000	0.065	90.54	0.046	0.068	8.351	1.533	0.192	1.265	4.100	7.578	3.828

# 2008EPA\_MATS – Mercury and Air Toxics Rule data

- Coal, Pet Coke and Oil-Fired EGUs > 25 MW
- Mercury and lead, other HAP metals and acid gases
  - Mercury, antimony, arsenic, beryllium, cadmium, chromium (hex and tri), lead, manganese, nickel, selenium
  - Hydrochloric acid, hydrogen fluoride, hydrogen cyanide
- Nearly all states (except RI, VT, ID); 2 tribes
- Unit specific and bin-avge emission factors with 2008 heat input from CAMD or other available information
- Used ahead of S/L/T with exceptions for Hg
- Largest HAP mass of all gap fill datasets

	<b>Metals (tons)</b>	<b>Acid Gases (tons)</b>	<b>Hg (tons)</b>	<b>Lead (tons)</b>
<b>2008MATS</b>	<b>1,055</b>	<b>136,997</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>49</b>
<b>Percent of total POINT</b>	<b>38%</b>	<b>74%</b>	<b>48%</b>	<b>8%</b>

# EPA EGU v1.5

- Contains both CAPs and HAPs
- HAPs use EFs
- Nearly all states (except AK, HI, RI, ID); 2 tribes
- Includes some of same units in MATS and also gas fired boilers and turbines, as well as EGU <25 MW
- Used below S/L/T data

	HAP metals (tons)	Acid Gases (tons)	HAP- VOC (tons)	Hg (tons)	PAH/POM (tons)
2008 EGU v1.5	20	901	3309	0.02	12
Percent of total POINT	1%	0%	1%	0%	1%

# 2008 EPA Rule Data from OAQPS/SPPD

- Only Hg: 1.2 tons total from 17 states (3% of point source Hg)
- Rule Categories
  - Electric Arc Furnaces: EFs from 2010 test program, 2009 throughput
  - Hg chloralkali: estimates from rule development
  - Municipal Waste Combustors: 2008 compliance data
  - Industrial, Commercial, Institutional Boilers: tested and avge EFs, 19 units only

# EPA NV Gold Mines

- Contains only Hg and only from NV goldmines- 1.7 tons
- Complete for State of NV (no other data sources for NV gold mine Hg emissions)
- Test data collected by NV under the Nevada Mercury Control Program (NMCP)
- Most Gold Mining in NV (1.7 tons Hg out of 1.73 Hg Nationally)

# EPA coke oven

- Coke oven emissions only – used for facilities in 4 states
- Contributed 115 tons (29% of total coke oven emissions)
- S/L/T provided estimates to EPA for EPA dataset
- EPA provided summary of AP-42 EFs along with 2005 NATA coke oven emission

# EPA TRI Augmentation v2

- Emissions for 150 HAPs from 2008 TRI was used
- 2,636 facilities in NEI used TRI
- Covering all 50 states and Puerto Rico
- 40,000 tons total (9%)
  - 33,000 tons of HAP VOC (11,000 tons methanol)
  - 6000 tons acid gases (5,000 tons HCl)
  - 400 tons HAP metals
  - 150 tons PAH/POM
  - 17 tons lead
  - 4 tons mercury
  - Remainder is other HAP

# EPA TRI Augmentation v2

- TRI facilities matched to EIS facilities primarily through use of FRS IDs but also matched manually
- TRI not used for EGU nor where any dataset higher up in the hierarchy included that HAP anywhere at the facility
  - If S/L/T reported the HAP anywhere at the facility, did not use TRI
  - exception for high risk and Hg
- TRI assigned to processes two ways
  - Manually – for the high risk and Hg review
  - Using CAP surrogates – for the remainder of facilities that could be matched
    - PM10-fil was surrogate for HAP metals, PAHs
    - VOC was surrogate for non metal HAPs
    - SO2 was surrogate for Hydrochloric Acid and Hydrogen Fluoride
- Would like to use more TRI in 2011

# EPA HAP Augmentation v2

- Multiplied S/L/T CAP by ratios of HAP to CAP based on Webfire (AP 42)
  - Uncontrolled factors
  - Same units of measure (or units that could be converted to same)
- Did not add HAP if in any other EPA datasets except for boiler Hg
- All states other than SD, 9 tribes; no PR/VI
- 92 HAPS added; 8500 tons mass; 21,286 facilities have at least 1 HAP added from this process
  - 2100 tons formaldehyde added at 4279 facilities; internal combustion engines at are pipeline compressor stations and oil and natural gas fields (onshore)

# EPA 2005 NATA values pulled forward to gapfill

- Affected facilities in high risk and Hg review
- Benzene, trivalent chromium, hexavalent chromium, tetrachloroethylene and mercury
- 18 facilities in 10 states
- Recommended by states to pull forward

# Summary

- EPA HAP data used for all States in point data category
- Nearly 200,000 tons HAPs from EPA (vast majority was HCl from MATS data)
  - 32% of total point HAP is from MATS
  - 13 % of total point HAP is from other EPA augmentation
- Range of EPA HAP mass ranged from 9% to 100% of state HAP

# Proportion of EPA HAPs by Region

