



Greenhouse Gas Emissions: A Case Study of Development of Data Collection Tool and Calculation of Emissions

Gaurav Shil

May 15, 2007

16th Annual U.S. EPA Emissions

Inventory Conference

Raleigh, NC



Trinity
Consultants

Outline

- GHG Emissions Inventory Development Process
 - ◆ Reporting principles
 - ◆ Organizational and operational boundaries
 - ◆ Data collection and validation
 - ◆ Quantification of emissions
 - ◆ Baseline setting
 - ◆ Performance metrics
 - ◆ Emission reductions
 - ◆ Tracking developments
- Case Study and Lessons Learned
- Questions





Introduction: The “Greenhouse Gases”

Greenhouse Gas	100-Year Global Warming Potential	Source (s)
CO₂	1	Combustion
CH₄	21	Landfills, coal mines, oil and gas production, agriculture
N₂O	310	Combustion, fertilizers, nitric/adipic acid plants
Hydrofluorocarbons	140-11,700	Semiconductor, refrigeration, fire protection
Perfluorocarbons	6,500-9,200	Semiconductor, refrigeration, fire protection
Sulfur Hexafluoride	23,900	Electric power - circuit breakers, gas-insulated substations, and switchgear

Source: Global Warming Potential from IPCC's Second Assessment Report (1996)



Principles of Reporting

- Relevance – Identification of sources
- Completeness – Comprehensive list of units
- Consistency – Documentation of changes and baseline tracking
- Transparency – Assumption details
- Accuracy – Data validation and integrity of reported data





Establishing Boundaries

- Organizational Boundaries
 - ◆ Control approach – Financial or Operational Criterion
 - ◆ Equity share approach
- Operational Boundaries
 - ◆ Scope 1 – Direct GHG emissions from owned sources
 - ◆ Scope 2 – Indirect GHG emissions from purchased electricity, heat, or steam
 - ◆ Scope 3 – Indirect GHG emissions from sources not owned or controlled by company

*Guides: California Climate Action Registry (CCAR) General Reporting Protocol, April 2007
The GHG Protocol, A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard (Revised Edition),
World Resources Institute/ World Business Council for Sustainable Development 2004*

Data Collection/Validation and Emissions Quantification

- Identification of relevant emission sources within organizational boundaries
- Definition of input parameters based on calculation methodology
- Development of tools for on-site personnel to collect relevant data
- Creation of excel templates or Environmental Management Information System (EMIS) tool
- Performance of a quality review to identify missing and invalid data
- Preparation of well-documented emissions inventory (for potential 3rd party verification)





Identification of Significant Emitters

- Comprehensive emissions inventory helps identify significant emitting facilities and gases
- CO₂e emissions may be categorized as follows:
 - ◆ Source type, direct stationary, direct mobile,...
 - ◆ Geographic region, North America, Asia,...
 - ◆ Individual facilities
 - ◆ Countries
 - ◆ Business units

De Minimis Emissions

- What is a de minimis emission source?
 - ◆ Emissions less than 5% of total emissions
 - ◆ Goal is to include majority of material emissions in inventory
 - ◆ Can be based on emissions source type or one or more GHG
- Why/how to utilize a de minimis threshold?
 - ◆ Annual tracking of small sources may be cost ineffective
 - ◆ Streamline data gathering efforts for future years
 - ◆ Reevaluate de minimis if underlying assumptions to calculate emissions change significantly

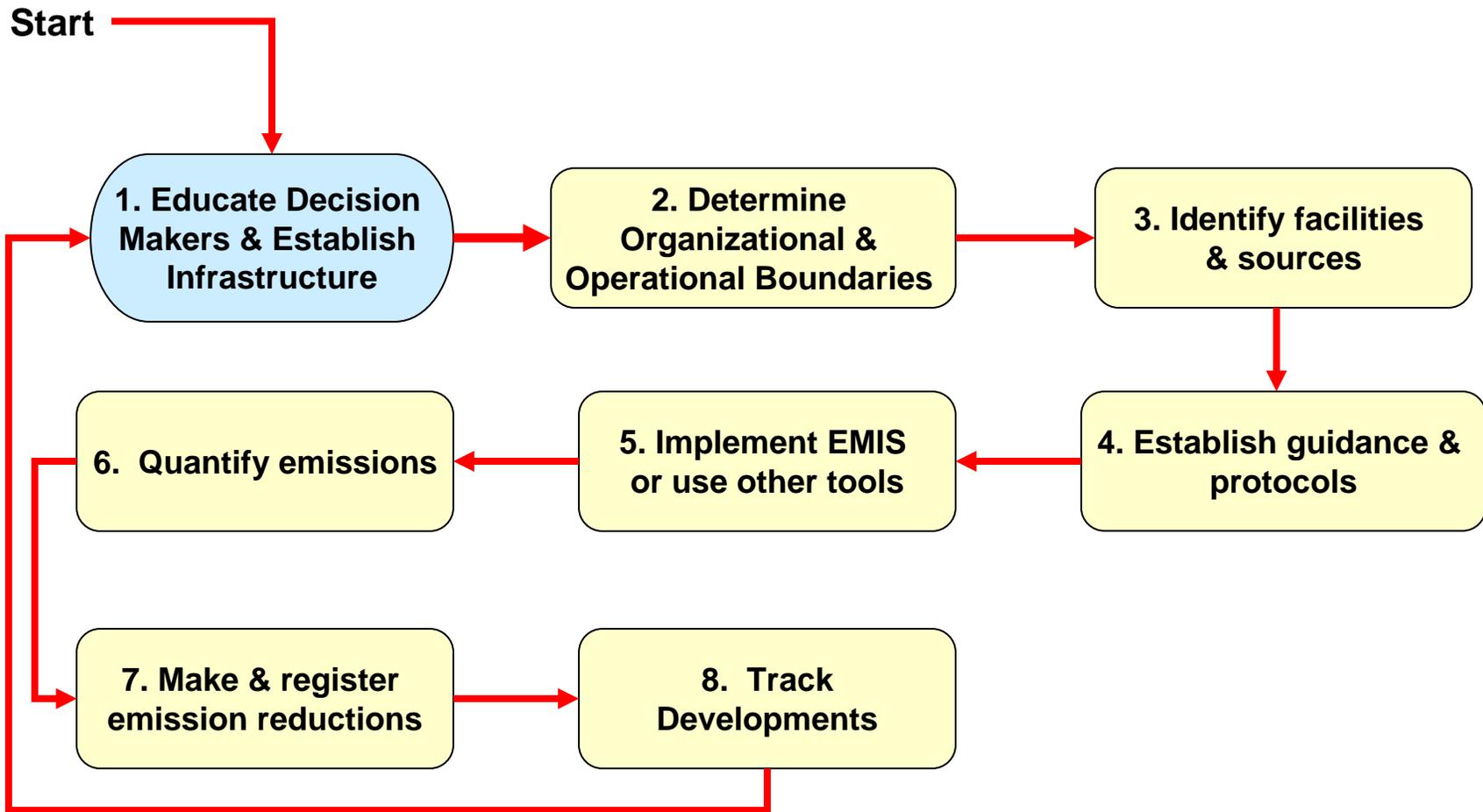


Post-Emissions Inventory Development

- Baseline Tracking – Datum used to measure GHG emissions performance
- Performance Metrics – Normalized emissions based on production or economic output
- Future Reduction Goals – Process improvements, conservation, use of renewables
- Communication – Results to stakeholders
- Developments – Regulatory and non-regulatory



General Manufacturing Company Case Study Greenhouse Gas Initiative





General Manufacturing Company Case Study Greenhouse Gas Initiative

- Educating the Decision-Makers
- Designing the Inventory
- Establishing a Reporting Basis
- Identifying Emission Sources
- Quantifying Emissions (Including EMIS)
- Prioritizing Emission Reduction Opportunities



General Manufacturing Company Case Study

Educating the Decision Makers

- Why prepare a corporate GHG emissions inventory?
 - ◆ Shareholder resolution to prepare a corporate emissions inventory
 - ◆ Carbon Disclosure Project (CDP)
 - ◆ Company's increasing sustainability focus
 - ◆ Need to consolidate and establish a basis for responses to numerous stakeholders on GHG

General Manufacturing Company Case Study

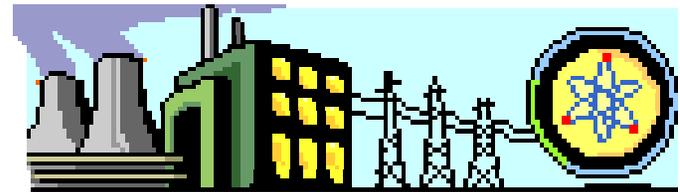
Establishing a Reporting Basis

- Draw organizational boundaries
- Align reporting principles: Operational Scope and Emissions
- Reporting Basis
 - ◆ Management Control w/operational control criterion
 - ◆ Scope 1 and 2
- Define geographic scope
 - ◆ Regional
 - ◆ U.S. domestic operations only
 - ◆ Globally - International operations



General Manufacturing Company Case Study: Identifying Emission Sources

- Direct Emissions (Scope 1)
 - ◆ Combustion – Boilers, Engines,...
 - ◆ Process – Combustion in thermal oxidizers and incinerators
 - ◆ Mobile Sources – Transportation
 - ◆ Fugitive – Refrigeration, AC, Chillers,...
- Indirect Emissions (Scope 2)
 - ◆ Imported/Purchased Utilities
 - Electricity
 - Heat
 - Steam





General Manufacturing Company Case Study

Designing the Inventory

- Numerous guidance protocols
- Develop internal GHG protocol
- Allow flexibility for future changes – EMIS helps

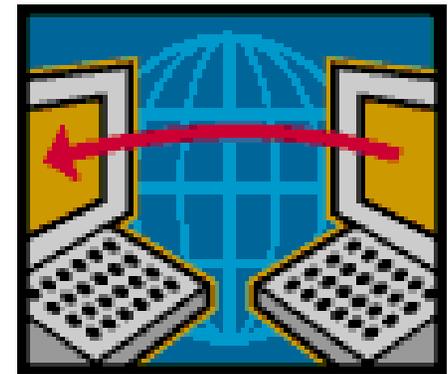
General Manufacturing Company Case Study: Emissions Inventory, Not as Easy as it Looks

- Various Calculation Methodologies
 - ◆ Guidance Protocol Emission Factors
 - ◆ Industry Specific Emission Factors
- Large number of individual emission-generating activities -- which ones do you omit? Operational Boundaries
- Categorize de minimis emission sources by:
 - ◆ Conservative estimate of emission rates
- International facilities – Email database and training



General Manufacturing Company Case Study: Quantifying Emissions

- Data Collection – EMIS Design and Implementation
 - ◆ Central web-based tool with access to all responsible parties
 - ◆ List all facilities and emission sources
 - ◆ Prepare spreadsheet templates and data entry forms
 - ◆ Establish means of generating reports
 - ◆ Identify responsible parties for data population
 - ◆ Customized training on use of tool
- Performing Calculations
 - ◆ Spreadsheets
 - ◆ EMIS
 - ◆ Customized – Built custom report templates in EMIS
- Answer facility specific questions and assist in data collection



General Manufacturing Company Case Study: Quantifying Emissions

- Data Validation – Two Step Process
- Step 1
 - ◆ Analyze initial reports while collecting data
 - ◆ Assists in identifying missing and incorrect data (figures and units)
- Step 2
 - ◆ Analyze reports while performing calculations
 - ◆ Assists in comparing emissions footprint with similar emission units and facilities
- Follow-up Action – Seek revised/missing data and enhance emission calculations





General Manufacturing Company Case Study: Take Home Lessons (1 of 2)

- **Internal ambassador for GHG initiative** – Corporate environmental manager
- **Responsible officials at individual sites** – Having technical/environmental background
- **Custom GHG protocol** – Guidance protocols to follow, use of online tools (CARROT), management control of operations, and scope of sources covered
- **Necessity of EMIS tool** – How many entities, global or local, future enhancements, archiving...
- **Data accuracy** – Data verification at multiple stages, comparison of emissions with emissions from similar entities



General Manufacturing Company Case Study: Take Home Lessons (2 of 2)

- **Emissions documentation** – Assumptions, source of emission factors, and methodology
- **Energy management system** – Integration of GHG with energy management system data
- **Emissions inventory enhancement** – Annual evaluation, third party verification
- **Emissions reduction targets** – Future projections and firm targets, process improvements, conservation
- **Tracking developments** – Detailed research on GHG initiatives in operating states





Questions?

