#### **USAEC's Air Emissions Factors from Munitions Use**



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Mr. James Bach Mr. Sean Mulligan

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#### **Outline**

- Test Program Overview
- Test and Factor Ratings
- Progress to Date
- Benefits to Publishing in AP-42
- Summary



 To provide scientifically defensible munitions emissions data to continue Army live fire training and testing.

#### **Test Program Overview**

- No standardized emission factors from tactical ordnance use
- Defensible scientific data is necessary to defend training and testing operations
- Use data for potential future Army efforts such as development of sustainable ammunition
- Only tactical firing delivers representative results

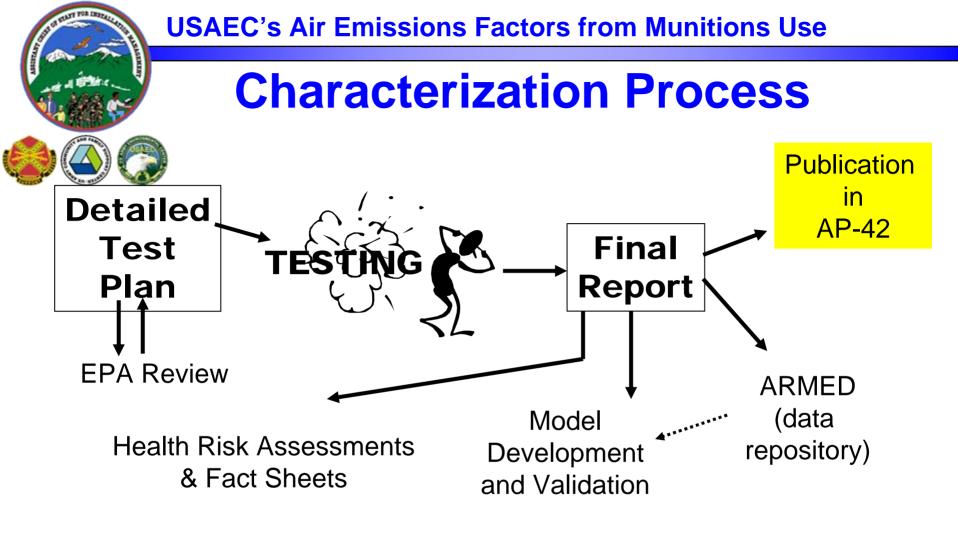
# **Source Category Description**

- ~125 Army installations operate ranges where ordnance are used for training and testing
- Categories of munitions used include:
  - Firing Point

Small caliber (<u><</u> .50 cal) Medium caliber (<u><</u> 81 mm ) Large caliber (> 81 mm)

- Exploding Ordnance (point of impact)
  <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb to 40 lb net explosive weight
- Smokes and Pyrotechnics
- Annual quantities of ordnance used per installation vary
- Criteria pollutant emissions vary





G-3 approved priority list of items to test



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# **Detailed Test Plans**

"These test plans are probably the most thorough that I have reviewed." - EPA

- Coordinated with EPA (Emissions Measurement Center, RTP)
- Partial list of analytes:
  - particulates (diameter  $\leq$  10 microns )
  - particulates (diameter ≤ 2.5 microns )
  - toxic metals
  - volatile organic compounds
  - polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons
  - semi-volatile organic compounds
  - energetic materials
  - carbonyls/aldehydes
  - carbon monoxide
  - oxides of nitrogen
  - sulfur dioxide
  - acid gases
  - dioxins/furans
  - hydrogen cyanide

STATES STATES

For each target compound, the DTP specifies the sampling equipment; sampling and analysis method (EPA, NIOSH, etc.); modifications to methods, number of samples; sample procedure, location, and duration; sample holding times, measurement quality objectives, and data quality controls.

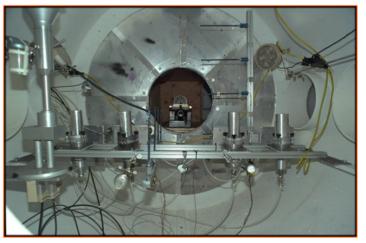
#### **Firing Point Emissions**





- Multiple sampling ports
  - Movable gun mountsSealed volume

- Adjustable volume up to 500 ft<sup>3</sup>
- Chemically inert
- 7' diameter X 15' long





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#### **Firing Point Emissions**

- Volume ~ 186,000 ft<sup>3</sup>
- Sealed volume
- Plastic strip door





- Steel blast shield with remotely operated firing port door
- High volume fans for rapid emissions mixing

### **Exploding Ordnance Emissions**

- **Bang Box Facility (DPG)**
- Large Octagon Test **Chamber (ATC)**
- Blast Sphere (ATC)



#### **Smoke and Pyro Testing**

- Designed for smoke/pyrotechnic munitions that release dyes and/or smoke
- Consists of converted refrigerator trailer
- Aluminum inner walls







# **Data Review**

- USAEC: Reviews for scientific accuracy (Analytical, Organic and Physical Chemists)
- ATC/DPG: Reviews for overall quality control (Chemists, Engineers, and Test Directors)
- EPA: Reviews for methodology and standardization
- Legal/Security USAEC, APG, DPG

- Air Force AFCEE
- Navy NFESC, NAVAIR
- Marine Corp MCHQ
- Contract Support: Independent auditor reviewing overall data quality and formatting
  - CHPPM: input and review of DTP and Final Reports; sampling and analysis, Health Risk Assessments/Fact Sheets

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# How the Army Utilizes Emissions Factors

#### Installation and HQ Support

- Standardized emission factors
- Guidance on site-specific health risk assessments
- Health Risk Assessments/Fact Sheets
- Support Army Training and Testing practices
- Emissions database
- TRI EPCRA

# **Third Party Review**

- EPA requested that USAEC use an independent reviewer
- Role of independent reviewer
  - Assign test data ratings
  - Assign emission factor ratings
  - Prepare data for publication in AP-42

- Used the rating system specified in Procedures for Preparing Emission Factor Documents
  - A Tests are performed by using an EPA reference test method, or when not applicable, a sound methodology. Tests are reported in enough detail for adequate validation and raw data are provided that can be used to duplicate the emission results presented in the report.
  - B Tests are performed by a generally sound methodology, but lacking enough detail for adequate validation. Data are insufficient to completely duplicate the emission result presented in the report.
  - C Tests are based on an unproven or new methodology, or are lacking a significant amount of background information.
  - D Tests are based on a generally unacceptable method, but the method may provide an order-of-magnitude value for the source.

Specific Criteria Considered

- **1** Source operation
- 2 Test methods and sampling procedures
- **3 Process information**
- 4 Analysis and calculations

Source Operations

- Ordnance were deployed in a manner to mimic deployment in field
- Tests appear to have replicated typical ordnance operating parameters
- Test data rated "A" for this criterion

**Test Methods and Sampling Procedures** 

- Appropriate and consistent with EPA test methods or sound methodology
- Few issues of any significance noted
  - CEM QC activity data not always provided
  - Tentatively identified compounds
- Test data rated "A" for this criterion except CEM data (rated "B") and TICs (rated "C")

**Process Information** 

- Ordnance are manufactured to tight tolerances and are expected to deploy in a very repeatable fashion
- Large relative percent differences in data occasionally noted
- Test data rated "A" for this criterion except RPD > 100% rated "C"

Analysis and Calculations

- Raw data and example calculations were available
- Emission factors presented in test reports were duplicated or differences explained
- Test data rated "A" for this criterion except for compounds present in method blanks or for which holding times exceeded

- Test data that received an "A" rating for all 4 criteria were rated "A"
- Test data that received less than an "A" rating for any criteria were downgraded to lowest rating received, either "B" or "C"

# **Emission Factor Ratings**

- A Excellent. Developed primarily from A- and B-rated source test data taken from many randomly chosen facilities in the industry population. Source category population was sufficiently specific to minimize variability.
- B Above average. Developed primarily from A- or B-rated test data from a moderate number of facilities. Source category population was sufficiently specific to minimize variability.
- C Average. Developed primarily from A-, B- and/or C-rated test data from a reasonable number of facilities. Source category population was sufficiently specific to minimize variability.
- D Below average. Developed primarily from A-, B-, and C-rated test data from a small number of facilities. Evidence of variability within the source category population.
- *E* Poor. Developed from C- and D-rated test data from a very limited number of facilities. Evidence of variability within the source category population.

# **Emission Factor Ratings**

- Developed using primarily A-rated test data, but only 1 or 2 tests were conducted for each type of ordnance
  - A or B rating considered inappropriate
- Negligible variability within each type of ordnance and items were randomly selected
  - E rating considered inappropriate
- C or D rating chosen, depending on test data rating

# **Data Preparation for AP-42**

- Prepared an AP-42 section for each ordnance tested
  - AP-42 Chapter 15
- Prepared a background document for each test series
  - Document third party review, emission factors
- Prepared supporting documentation

Emission factor calculations



#### **Accomplishments To Date:**

- Over 185 munitions have been tested
- 60 HRAs/Fact Sheets have been completed
- 57 AP-42 Background Documents sent to EPA



# **Benefits to Publishing in AP-42**

- Will result in more accurate (measured instead of modeled) estimates of atmospheric releases during ordnance use
- Ensures consistency of emission factor use
- Sharing data with EPA enhances data credibility while providing greater overall quality control and improved public relations

#### **Summary**

- Defensible scientific data to defend training and testing operations
- 57 Emission Factors including background documentation submitted to the EPA
- Data can be used for various future Army efforts



### **QUESTIONS?**

### **Additional Contact Information:**

### Ms. Brooke E. Conway USAEC/Booz Allen Hamilton

Email: <a href="mailto:brooke.conway@us.army.mil">brooke.conway@us.army.mil</a>

#### Phone: (410) 436-6850