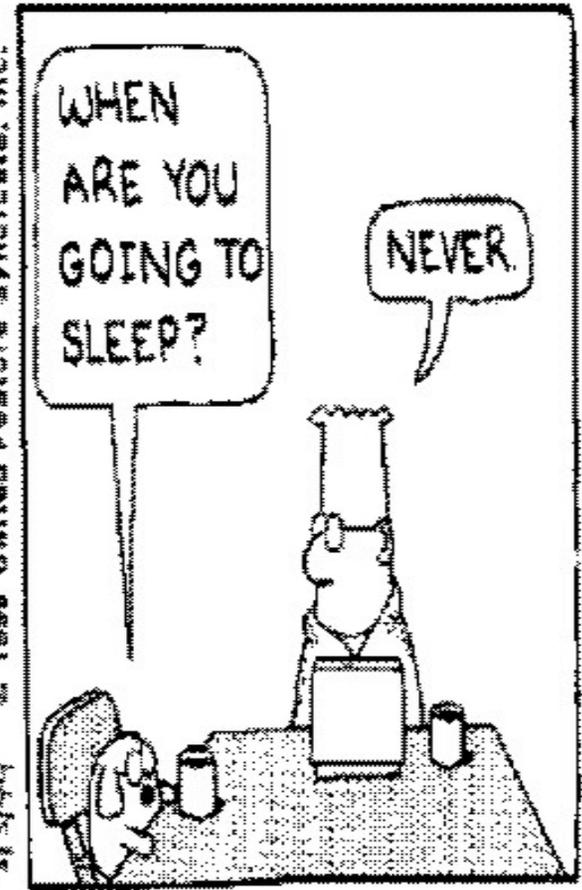
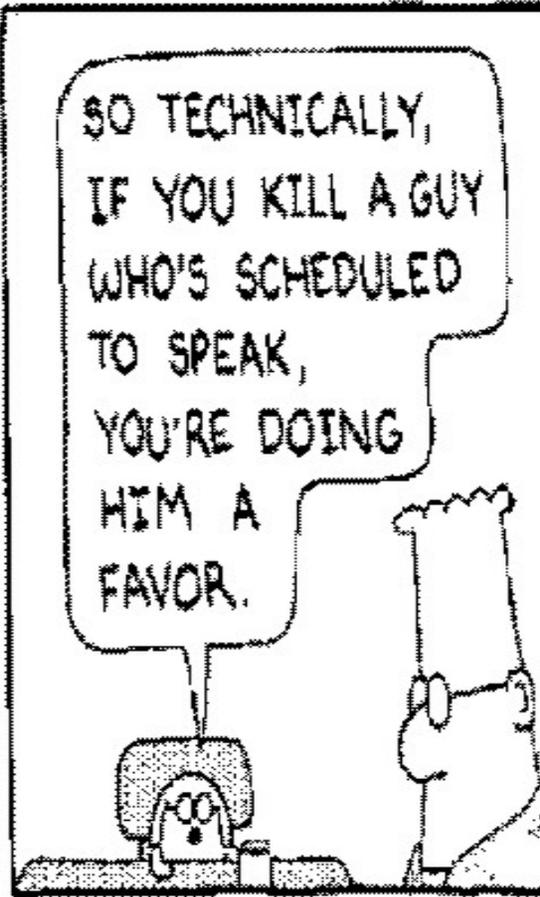
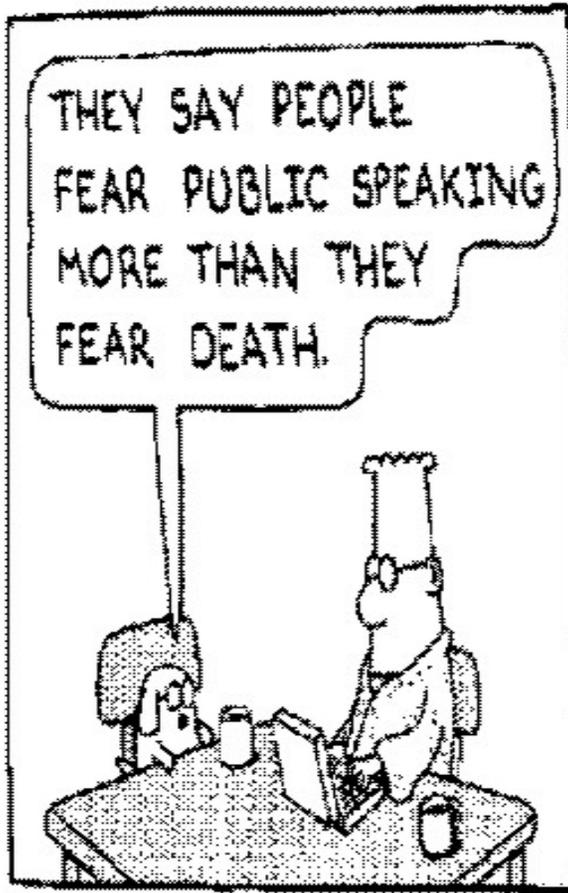
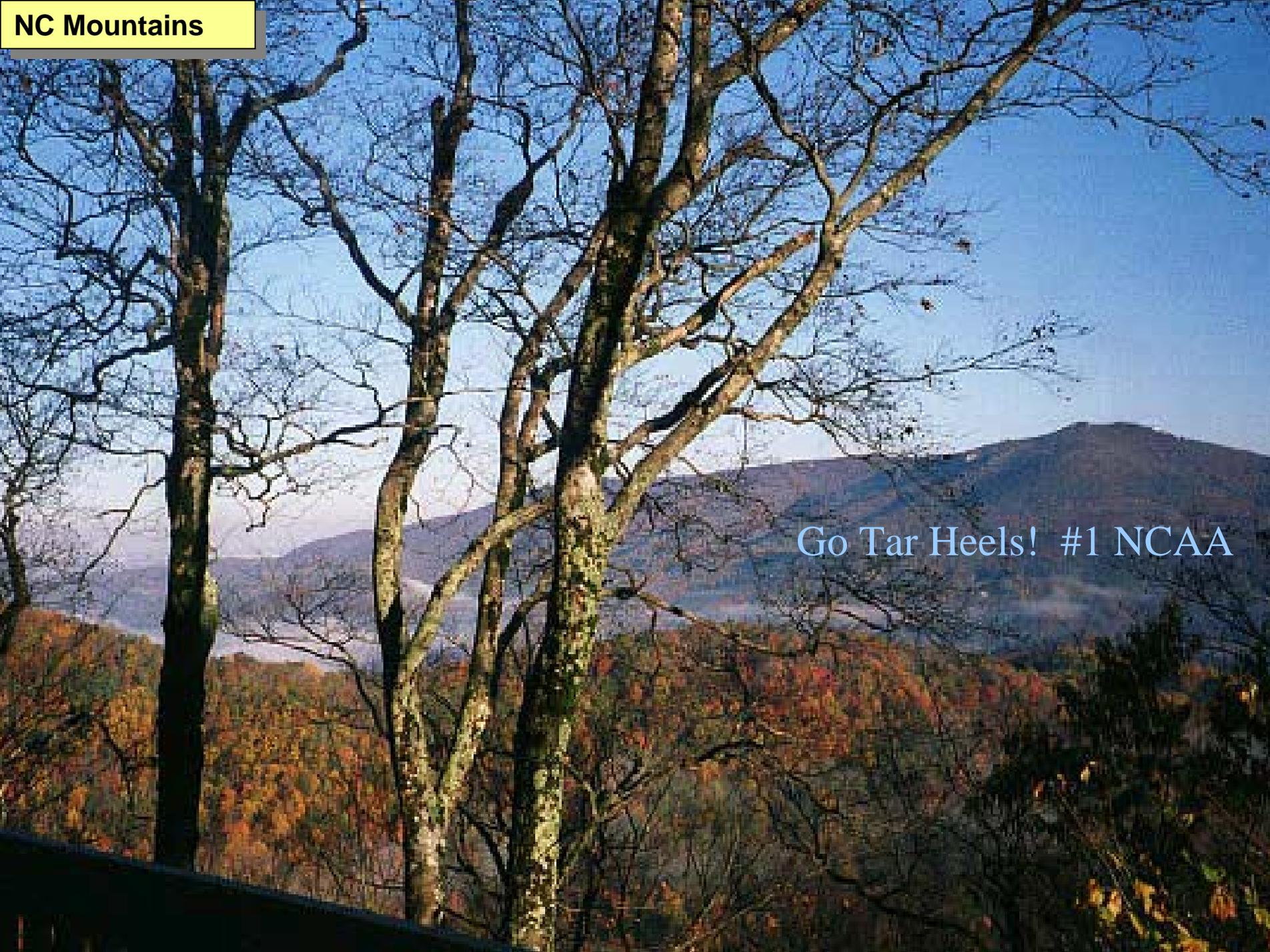


# Dilbert's Perspective





Go Tar Heels! #1 NCAA

# North Carolina's Integrated Approach to Satisfying Data Needs for Components of its Air Quality Management Program (short title)



James (Jim) Southerland QEP  
NC DENR  
Division of Air Quality  
Raleigh, NC

**Autumn In NC**



# NC Reporting (Permit) Categories

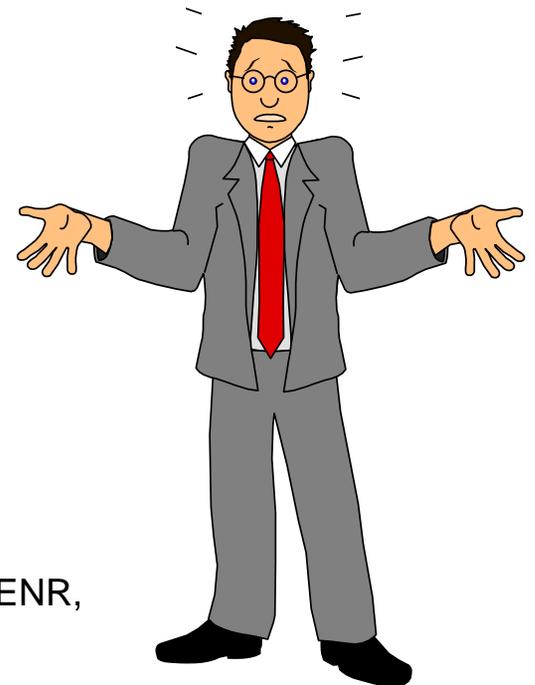
NC's Point Source Inventory is very "permit oriented"

Emissions are reported to state by the facilities  
– 97 Counties handled by State; 3 Counties by local agencies

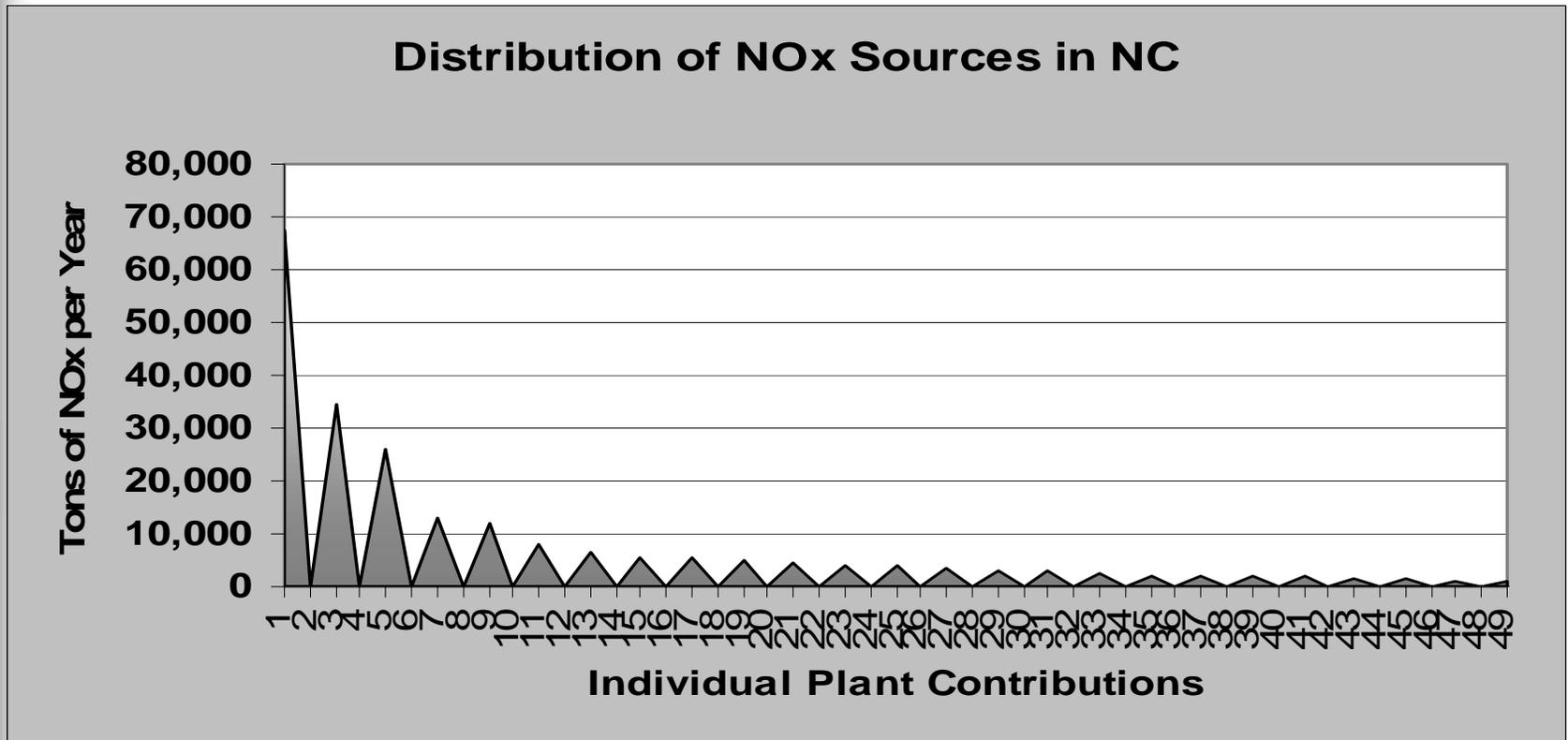
Title V Permits

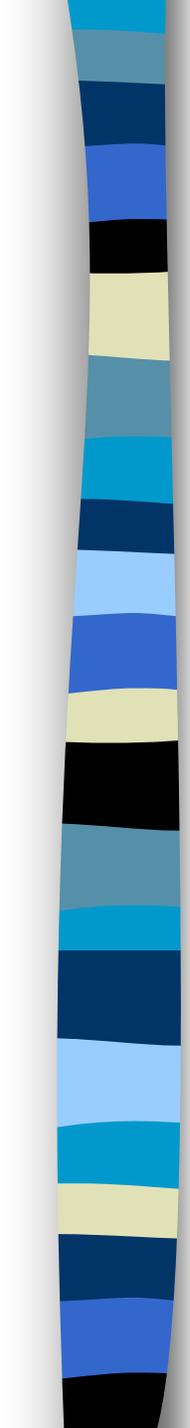
Synthetic Minor

Small



# Example of Distribution of Emissions in NC Inventory





# NC Reporting Categories

## ■ Title V Permits

- Required by CAA
- Cover major sources (>100, 25, 10 tons potential)
- Basis for Fees (Annually)
- Requirement to invoice facilities
- Help fund the program
- ~ 375 facilities in North Carolina – was 600

# NC Reporting Categories

## ■ Non-TV

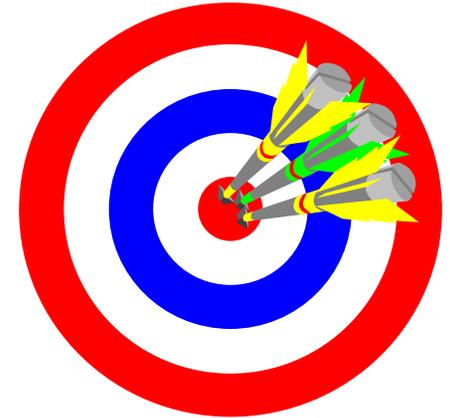
### – Synthetic Minor –

- “could have been” Title V –
- ~ <600 Facilities

### – Small

- From ~3 to 5 tons upward to Syn Minor & TV
- ~2000+ Facilities

- ## ■ Traditionally in NC, these have been completed each third year (e.g. 1996, 1999)
- Now NC does each 5<sup>th</sup> year (rolling -20%/year)
  - Required at time of & condition of permit renewal
  - Below CERR Thresholds



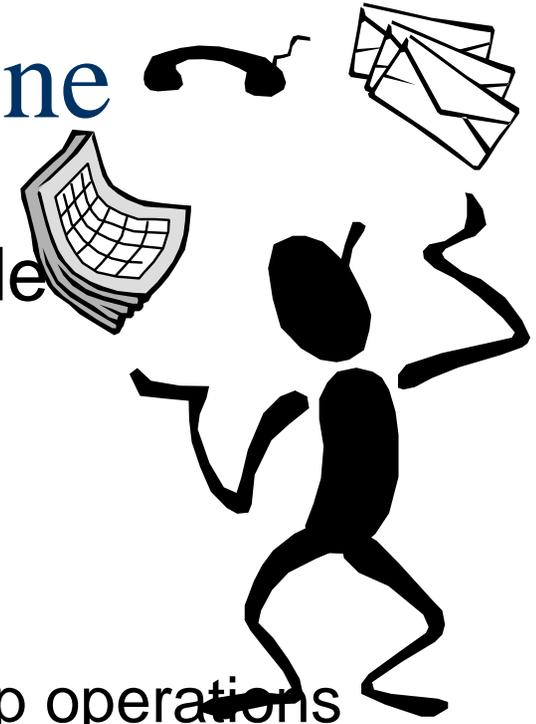


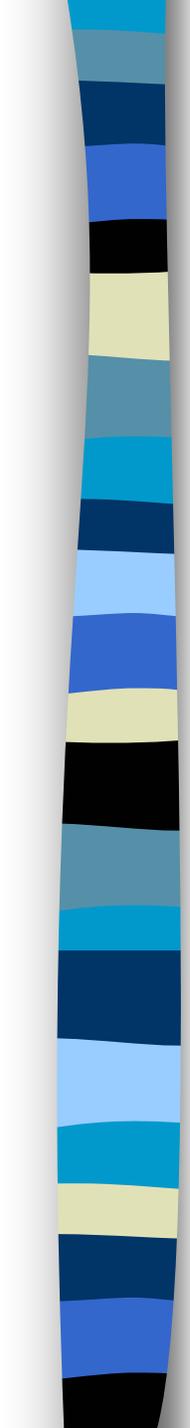
# Smalls

- ✓ Smalls may only have a boiler or a few emitting processes OR may be large, but with few emissions
- ✓ de minimus for requiring a permit and becoming a point source reporting is ~3 to 5 tons per year
- ✓ Some Smalls may be large enough to be Title V if they increase their operations and schedules, but take permit limitations to avoid
- ✓ They represent a very mixed group as relates to ability and sophistication of staff for emission reporting
- ✓ For many, reporting to EPA is normally not required

# Other Categories- Define

- **Non-Permitted** sources include
  - Dry cleaners
  - Gasoline Service Stations
  - Auto body repair
  - Furniture rehabilitation shops
  - Very small boilers and other shop operations
  - Reporting to USEPA is not **required** individually
- **Area and Mobile** sources are generally compiled only
  - When models will be run for regional ozone
  - Or PM problem analyses

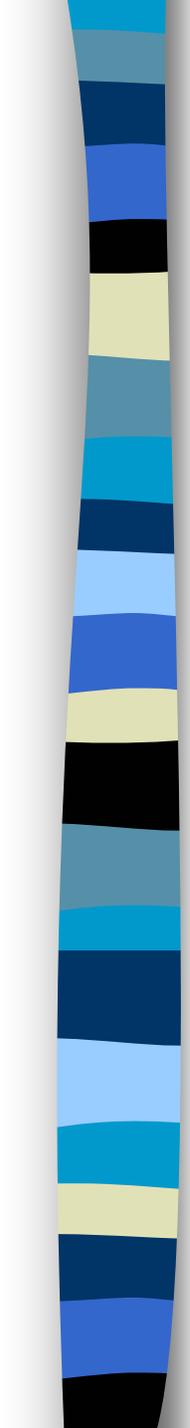




# EPA's Combined Emissions Reporting Rule (CERR-2002) for NC

## ■ Criteria Pollutant Reporting Minimums

- NOX - 2500 tons/year (83%) or 100 tpy (~97%)
- CO - 2500 tons/year (58%) or 1000 tpy (~75%)
- SO<sub>x</sub> - 2500 tons/year (94%) or 100 tpy (~99%)
- VOC - 250 tons/year (65%) or 100 tpy (~88%)
- PM<sub>10</sub> - 250 tons/year (78%) or 100 tpy (~85%)
- PM<sub>2.5</sub> - 250 tons/year (83%) or 100 tpy (~91%)

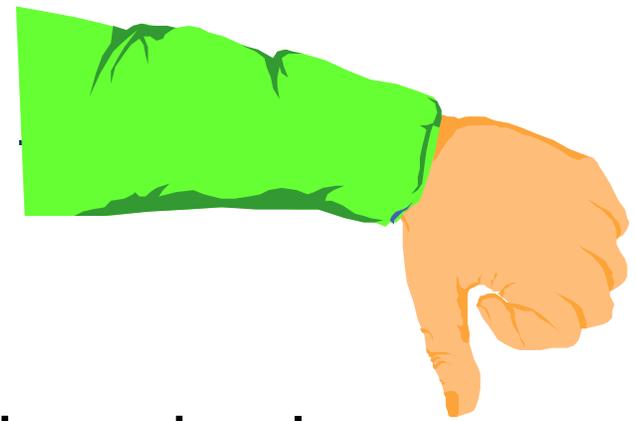


# NC HAP Data Collection and Reporting to EPA

## ■ Hazardous/Toxic Air Pollutants

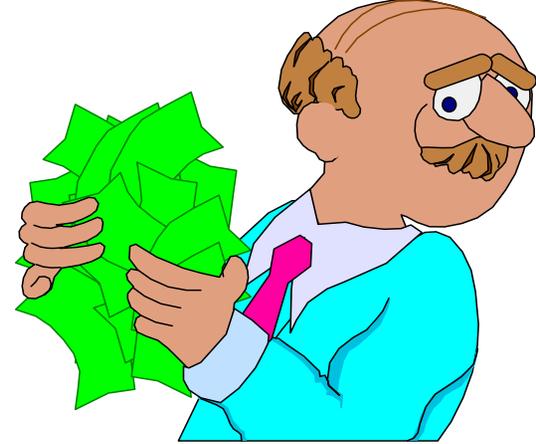
- ❖ NC tracks ~240 Pollutants: (187 HAPs) + State TAPs
- ❖ We currently are/plan reporting area/mobile sources 3<sup>rd</sup> year + SIPs
- ❖ Some Risk Assessment done for TAPs
- ❖ Facilities Report & DAQ regional staff enter or review resulting data
- ❖ Reported to EPA annually for convenience and reviewed/verified with 3<sup>rd</sup> year EPA cycle

# QA and Validation Point Sources



- NC has inspections, semi-randomly on a schedule of approximately once per year
- Calculations documentation is required to be submitted by facility
- The calculations are reviewed upon receipt and validated when making inspections
- New web entry data system (ED/AERO) has many checks to prevent unreasonable data entry and identifies many outliers- makes comparisons with past data

# Incentives to Facilities

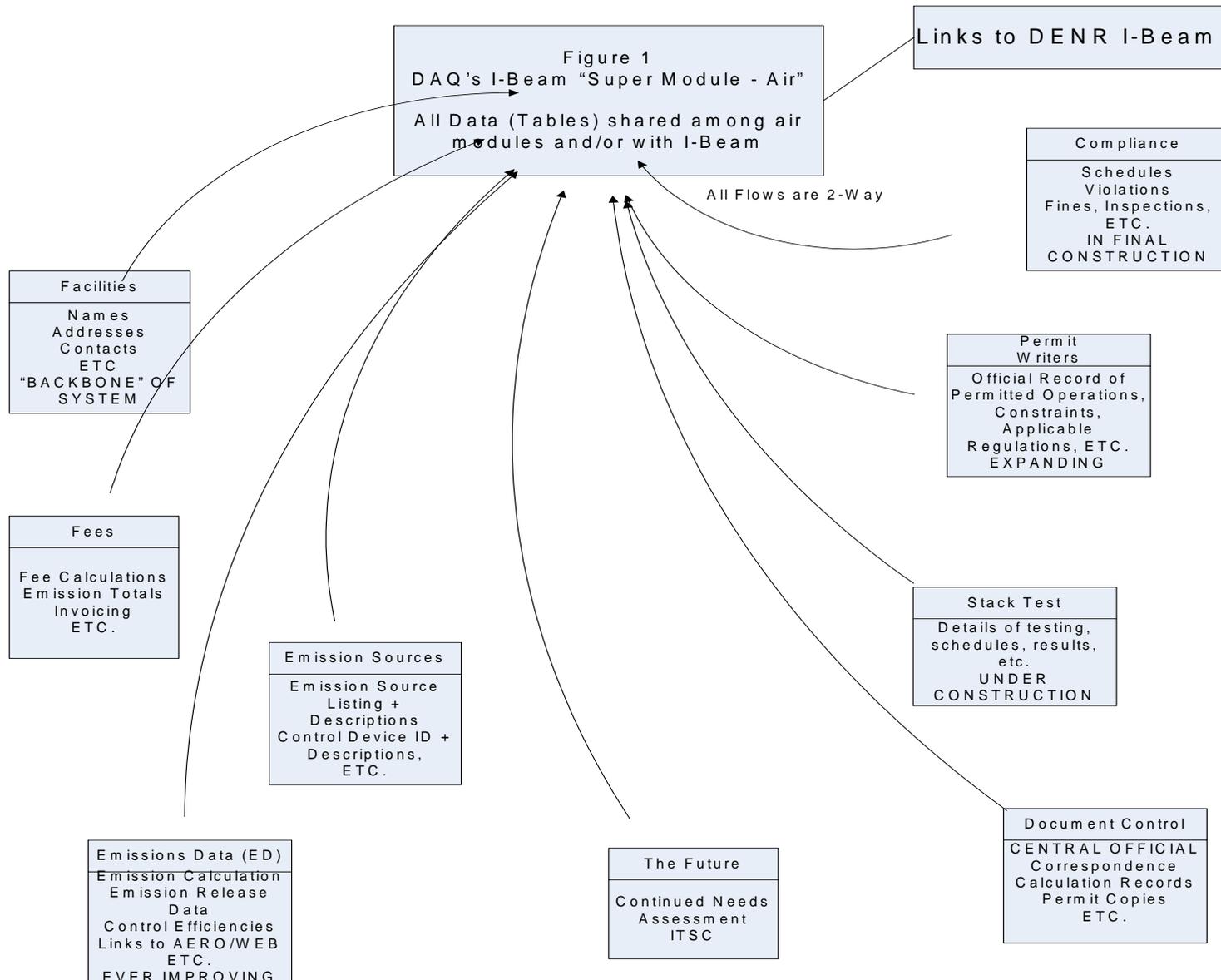


- Reporting Required by State statutes
- Reporting further defined in State/DAQ Rules
- Penalties of up to \$10,000/day for not reporting
- For TV, fraudulent reporting can result in “Cell Time” and/or significant fines

# Incentives & Support to Facilities

- NC DAQ strives to be “customer friendly” and assist facilities whenever needed
  - Personal Attention
  - Training Sessions/Workshops, etc.
  - Tools + Links to EPA Tools
- Many facilities hire consultants and DAQ steers them in the right direction when possible
- NC DAQ provides AP-42 based assists for emission calculations

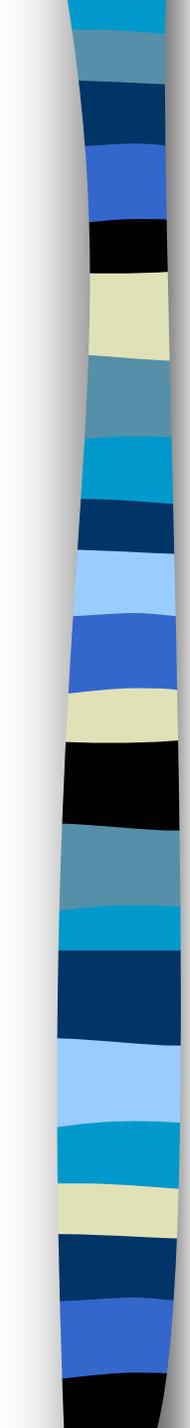




# I-Beam/ED/AERO - definitions

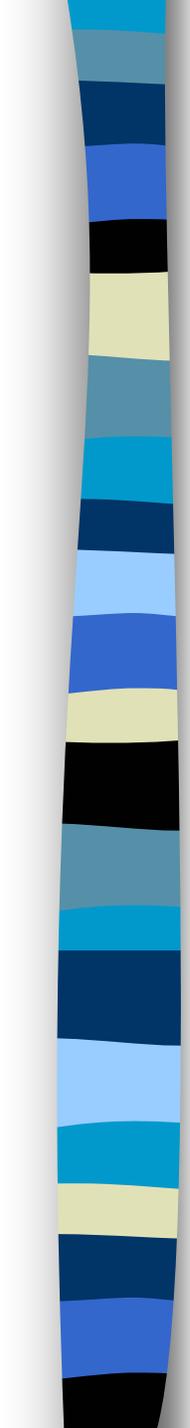
- I-Beam is Departmental, multimedia system
  - Partly in use (e.g. air), partly a gleam
  - Links with EPA's "Super-all media system"
- ED is NC DAQ's internally accessed part of emission inventory system
- AERO is web interface and (temporary) data storage tool for facility direct entry
- Both were developed in-house (3-4 years)





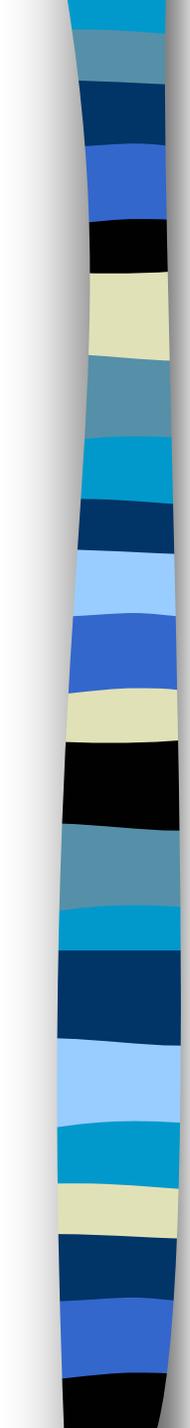
# I-Beam & ED/AERO

DAQ's I-Beam "Super Module - Air"  
Many Modules  
All Data (Tables) shared among air  
modules and/or with I-Beam  
Each Module is "integrated but stand-  
alone"



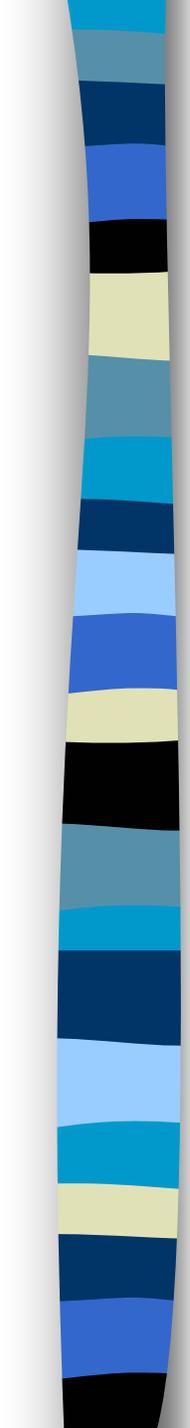
# Emission Sources Module

Emission Source  
Listing +  
Descriptions  
Control Device ID +  
Descriptions,  
ETC.



# Facilities

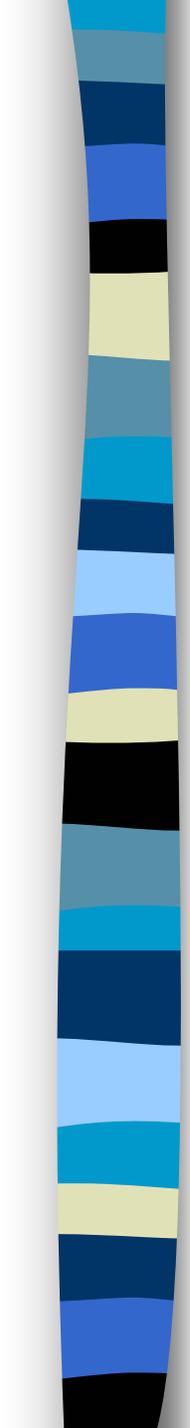
- Names
- Addresses
- Contacts
- ETC
- **“BACKBONE” OF SYSTEM**



# Permit Writer Module

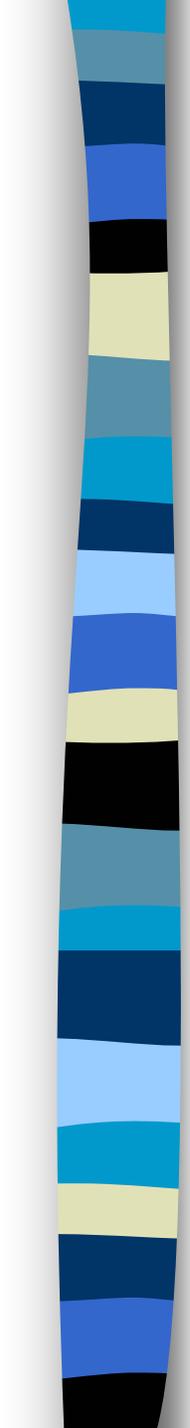
(new/renewal, TV + non-TV)

**Official Record of  
Permitted Operations,  
Constraints,  
Applicable  
Regulations, ETC.  
EXPANDING**



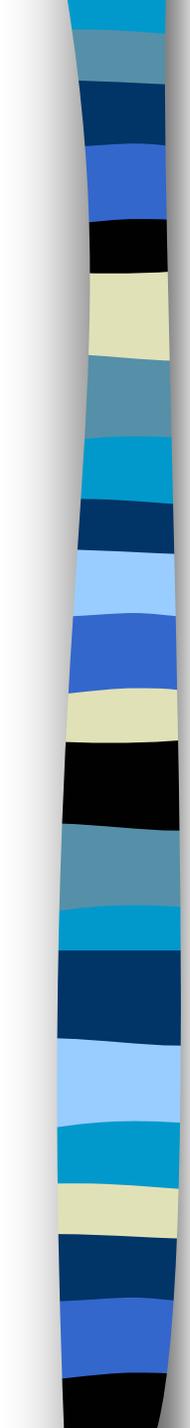
# Emissions Data Module

**Emission Calculation  
Emission Release Data  
Control Efficiencies  
Links to AERO/WEB  
ETC.  
EVER IMPROVING**



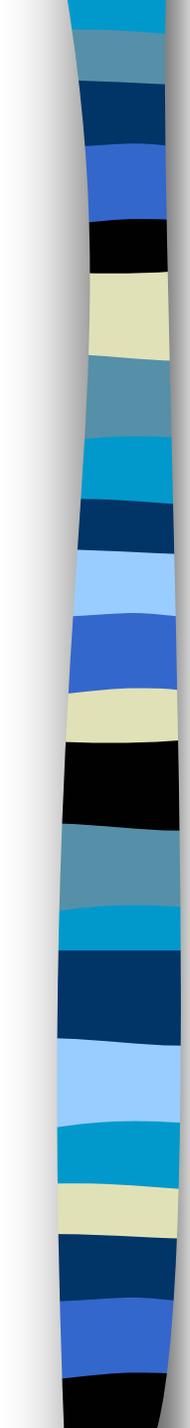
# Compliance Module

**Schedules  
Violations  
Fines, Inspections,  
ETC.  
IN FINAL CONSTRUCTION**



# Fees Module

F e e C a l c u l a t i o n s  
E m i s s i o n T o t a l s  
I n v o i c i n g  
E T C .



# Documents Management Module

**CENTRAL - OFFICIAL  
Correspondence  
Calculation Records  
Permit Copies  
ETC.**

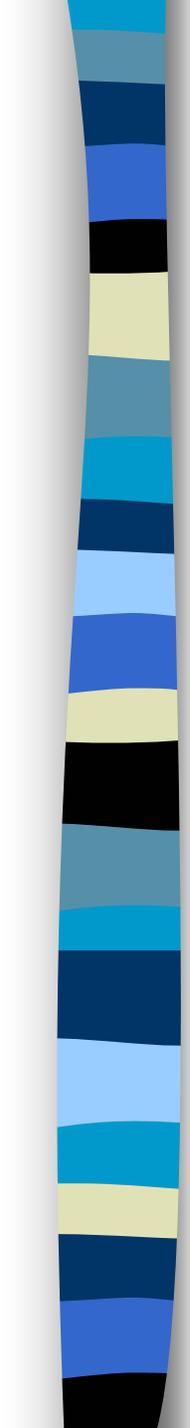


# Stack Test Module

Details of testing, schedules,  
results, etc.

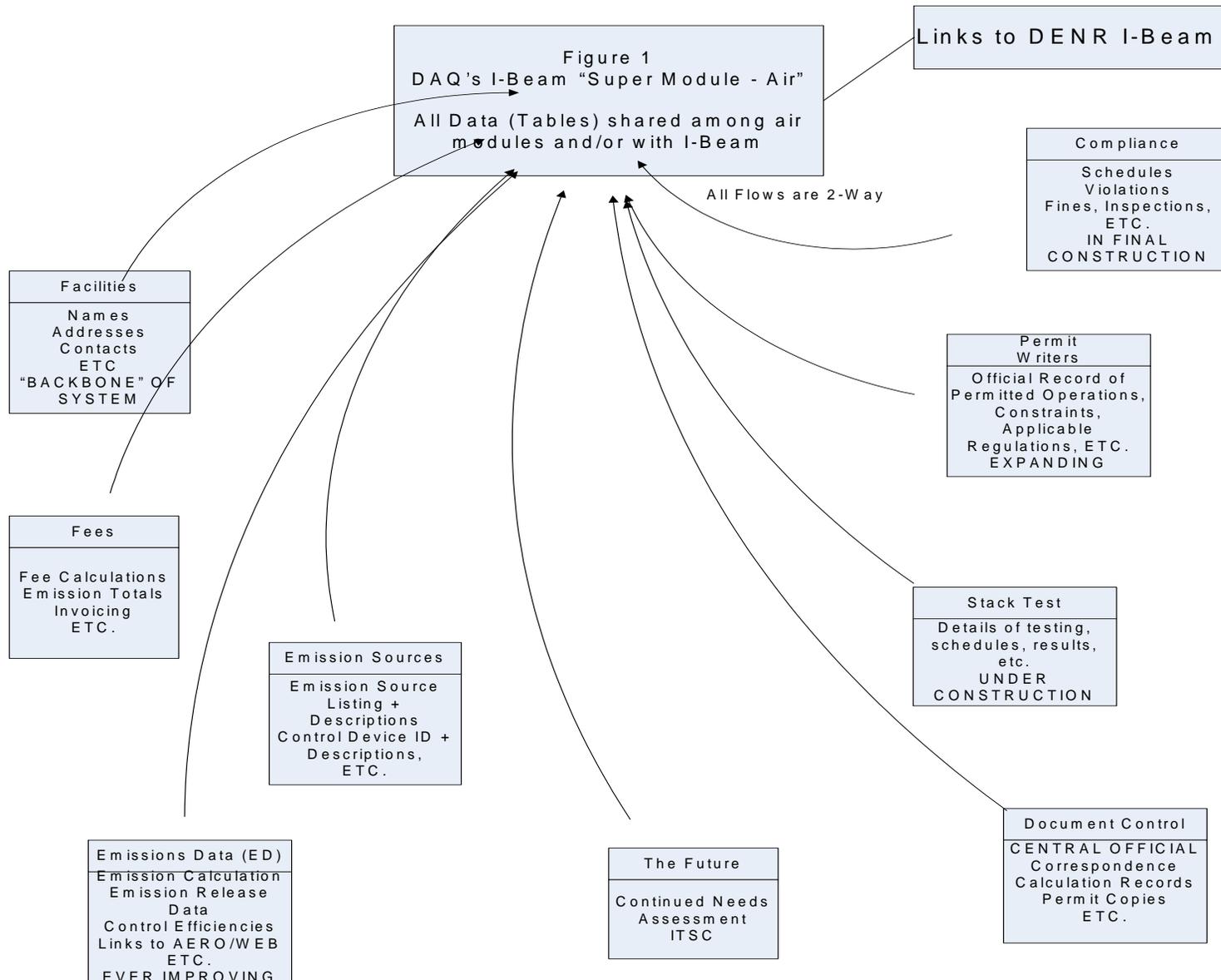
**UNDER CONSTRUCTION**

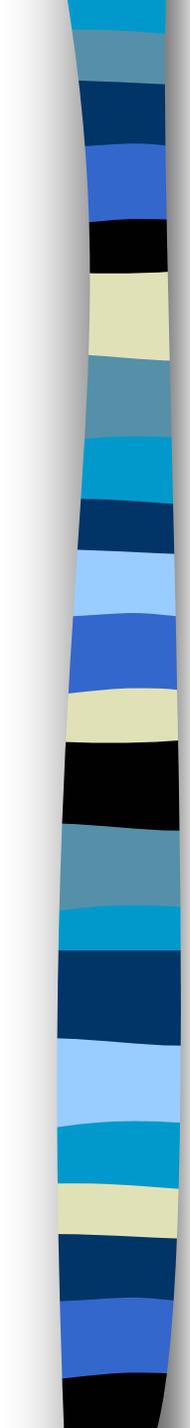
Coming Soon



# The Future

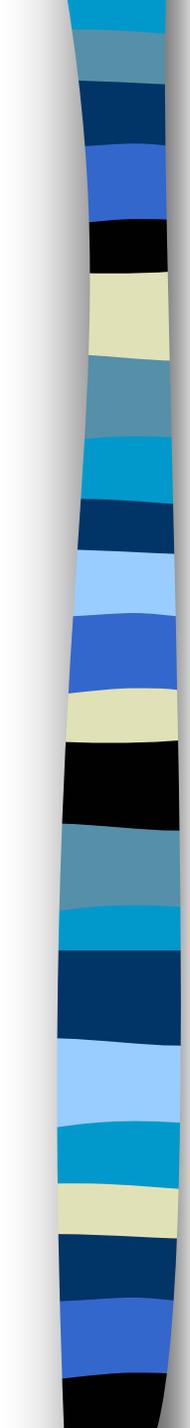
## Continued Needs Assessment ITSC





# Some Measures to Assure Best Inventory Possible

- Have the data users involved in the decision process for data collection
- Use the same language – subtle meanings
- Make sure the data submitter is clear on what is required and how the data are to be used
- Make sure that the hand-off of data to next party includes awareness of details, problems, issues and other caveats
- Don't screw up the arithmetic!



# Conclusions

- NC Inventory is fairly typical
  - It has flaws
  - It provides pretty good estimates
- Data System is Critical Component
- All parts of AQ Management must work together with same data
- Teamwork is important – the system is *“sacred”*