



*Monterey Bay Unified
Air Pollution Control District*

**Annual Monitoring Network Plan
2015**

**North Central Coast Air Basin
California**

July 8, 2015

Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District
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ACRONYMS

8HrO₃	Ozone eight hour running average
AIRS	Air Information Retrieval System
APCD	Air Pollution Control District
CARB AQS	The CARB Air Quality System audit division
BAAQMD	Bay Area Air Quality Management District
AMS	Air monitoring station
ARM	approved regional method
ATM	Atmospheric temperature monitor
BAM	Beta Attenuation Monitor
CARB	California Air Resources Board
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CO	carbon monoxide
District	Short for Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District
EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
EPA AQS	The EPA Air Quality System
FEM	Federal Equivalent Method
FRM	Federal Reference Method
IMPROVE	Interagency Monitoring of Protected Visual Environments
m	meters
MBUAPCD	Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District
MSA	Metropolitan Statistical Area
NAAQS	National Ambient Air Quality Standards
NCCAB	North Central Coast Air Basin
NO	nitric oxide
NO₂	nitrogen dioxide
NO_x	nitrogen oxides
O₃	ozone
PM₁₀	particulate matter (0 to 10 microns aerodynamic diameter)
PM_{2.5}	particulate matter (0 to 2.5 microns aerodynamic diameter)
SIP	State Implementation Plan
SLAMS	State and Local Air Monitoring Stations
SLV	San Lorenzo Valley
SO₂	sulfur dioxide
SPM	Special Purpose Monitoring
WDA	Wind direction average
WSA	Wind speed average

Executive Summary

The Air Monitoring Section is responsible for operating and maintaining the Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District's (District) ongoing ambient air monitoring network described in this plan and for operating and maintaining any monitoring equipment in support of temporary, seasonal, or special projects. The Air Monitoring Section is also responsible for ensuring the accuracy of the monitoring data collected and making sure that it is made available to the public and to any interested organizations and agencies. This past year, the Air Monitoring Section has carried out or has been involved with several short-term and long-term projects that support these responsibilities.

Over the past several years, the Air Monitoring Section has upgraded the monitoring network infrastructure and has improved various procedures in order to increase efficiency and reduce operating costs. The District invested in continuous particulate monitors to replace filter-based instruments which resulted in reduced maintenance requirements and ended the need for in-house filter weighing. The data acquisition system was upgraded which allowed for increased flexibility to make changes to the network, enhanced data handling, and remote management of the network when needed. A digital filing system was set up to remove the need for physical storage and data management, forms, and correspondence. These steps have allowed the Air Monitoring Section to streamline our operations.

People who live in the District's jurisdiction or are visiting the area are regularly interested in the current and expected local air quality. To meet the needs of the concerned citizenry, the District operates and maintains a webpage to provide air quality information as it relates to the Air Quality Index. The air quality data website contains four sections. The first provides hourly data and daily trends of the particulate and ozone monitors within the District's ambient monitoring network. The second provides daily forecasts for cities within the District. The third section provides burn status information. The last section provides a network map and hourly data for controlled burns on the Fort Ord property. The webpage is reached through the "Air Quality" tab on the District's website (<http://mbuapcd.org>).

The air district is fortunate to experience good regional air quality, yet localized high PM_{2.5} concentrations continue to be a challenge. Special monitors in the San Lorenzo Valley (SLV) area near Santa Cruz continue to record high levels of wintertime PM_{2.5} due to the topography of the area, the large number of homes heated with wood stoves and intermittent outdoor burning of yard waste. The mountainous terrain of SLV traps winter smoke, causing PM_{2.5} concentrations as well as smoke complaints to increase during the winter months. The Air Monitoring Section of the District has been carrying out several special projects to address this issue. Since 2011, particulate monitors have been placed in the towns of Felton, Ben Lomond, and Boulder Creek to monitor smoke concentrations. These have been seasonal studies conducted from October through April. One monitor was placed in Scotts Valley from 2011-2012 to collect information on background concentrations during this time in an area where there was little expected wood smoke. This monitoring has demonstrated that there have been significant levels of smoke in particular areas of the San Lorenzo Valley during the winter seasons.

In October 2014, the District established a long-term ambient air monitoring station at the San Lorenzo Valley Middle School in Felton in order to collect neighborhood scale data on a continual basis. This station is set up to monitor PM_{2.5}, wind speed, wind direction, and outdoor temperature. It also has the capacity to support other monitors and space to carry out special studies. The District hopes to track progress in the resolution of the local wood smoke problem through data collected by this station and the seasonal monitors set up elsewhere in the valley.

A special study was carried out this past winter from October 2014 to March 2015. Levoglucosan and other cellulose byproducts were analyzed on filters to confirm to the public that the cause of the smoke

problem has been from wood burning and not from other sources, such as exhaust from vehicles. Two monitors were set up in Felton, one at the Cal-Fire station and the other at the San Lorenzo Valley Middle School. Every three days, a filter based monitor was run for twenty-four hours. The filters were then collected and shipped to the California Air Resources Board in Sacramento for analysis. The presence of these byproducts of wood burning confirmed the source of the smoke as from wood burning.

The District plans to continue declaring Spare the Air days in the San Lorenzo Valley during the wintertime residential smoke season when air stagnation occurs. Aside from detailed air monitoring data, reliable measurements of meteorological conditions are critical to making these declarations. In support of this effort, the air monitoring division is interested in collecting reliable meteorological data using state of the art instrumentation. It looks to replace its aging analog met instruments and supporting equipment with the purchase of sonic sensors which will communicate digitally with the data logger at each station. These purchases will both increase the reliability of the network and free up space within the station.

INTRODUCTION

Formed in 1974, the Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District (District) is the public agency responsible for air quality management in Monterey, Santa Cruz, and San Benito Counties, which make up the North Central Coast Air Basin (NCCAB). The District collects and reports data from a network of six air monitoring stations throughout the NCCAB. These monitoring sites currently consist of five State and Local Air Monitoring Stations (SLAMS) and one Special Purpose Monitoring Station (SPM).



The Pinnacles site is operated and maintained by the National Parks Service. The District also performs short-term monitoring and special testing, as needed. It also maintains a network consisting of both mobile and stationary instruments, which include beta attenuation monitors, BAM-1020s and E-BAMs that are primarily intended for the detection of PM_{2.5} from outdoor and residential burning, as well as wildfires.

NETWORK DESCRIPTION

Network Plan Requirements

The District adopts and submits an Annual Monitoring Network Plan to the EPA Regional Administrator. This plan provides for the establishment, maintenance, and evolution of an air quality monitoring system. The Code of Federal Regulations currently requires that this report be submitted to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) by July 1 of each year. The geographical scope of this report consists of Monterey, Santa Cruz, and San Benito counties, which make up the North Central Coast Air Basin (NCCAB) in California.

General Information

The ambient air quality standards are limits on air pollutant concentrations. They are set by the California Air Resources Board (CARB) and the EPA, and they are designed to protect human health and the environment. The District monitors the air quality in the NCAAB. If an area does not meet the air quality standards, then regulations and control strategies are developed to reduce pollutants. The District collects pollutant and meteorological data. The primary pollutants of concern, from a regulatory and public health perspective, are O₃, PM_{2.5} and PM₁₀. Most sites monitor for some or all of these pollutants and may collect data for other pollutants, such as NO-NO₂-NO_x, and CO. Meteorological parameters are monitored at all sites and include atmospheric temperature monitors (ATM), wind speed average (WSA), and wind direction average (WDA).

Data Use

The air monitoring data collected by the District is used in a number of ways. It is available to various regulatory agencies, health and environmental researchers, and to the general public; including environmental groups, businesses, and concerned citizens. This data is reviewed for compliance with the ambient air quality standards, as well as associated public health and environmental effects and impacts. The data is submitted to CARB and the EPA, and is published on the District's website, the "AirNow" website, and in newspapers.

EPA Monitoring Requirements

EPA regulations dictate the minimum number of monitoring sites to be established by State and local air agencies. The District network meets the minimum monitoring requirements for all criteria pollutants (Tables 1-5). These requirements are based on local Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) data, as set forth in the Code of Federal Regulations, (40 CFR 58). MSAs are part of a classification of geographical regions developed by the U.S. Census Bureau and include one or more counties, although not all counties fall within an MSA. For the criteria pollutants, such as O₃, PM_{2.5}, and PM₁₀, the required minimum

number of monitoring sites is based on both the population and the pollutant concentration in a MSA. The San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara MSA falls across the jurisdictions of both the Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District and the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD). Because of this, in accordance with 40 CFR Part 58, Appendix D, Section (2)(e), an interagency agreement (See Appendix B) has been entered into in order for both Districts to share responsibility in meeting some of these requirements. BAAQMD also operates a National Core (NCORE) monitoring station in San Jose within this MSA, and since MBUAPCD is not part of the NCORE Program, no agreement is required for it. State and local agencies may deploy additional monitors to meet more stringent State standards, to track specific local air quality issues, or to address local public concerns. For example, CARB which is the primary quality assurance organization for MBUAPCD, maintains a network of collocated PM_{2.5} sites. The Salinas Air Monitoring Station is part of that network and maintains relatively low design values (See detailed site information).

Table 1: Minimum Monitoring Requirements for Ozone. (DV site is highest listed regardless of agency.)

MSA	County(ies)	Population (2014)	8-hour Design Value [ppb] (2012-2014)	Design Value Site	# Required Monitors	# Active Monitors	# Additional Monitors Needed
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	San Benito Santa Clara	1952872	70	San Martin 060852006	2	5*	0
Santa Cruz-Watsonville	Santa Cruz	271804	53	Santa Cruz 060870007	0	1	0
Salinas	Monterey	431344	58	King City 060530008	1	3	0

(Note: Refer to 40 CFR, Part 58, Appendix D, section 4.1 and Table D-2)

Monitors required for SIP or Maintenance Plan: None

*One of the monitors located in the San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara MSA is located within MBUAPCD (See Appendix B).

Table 2: Minimum Monitoring Requirements for PM_{2.5} SLAMS. (DV site is highest listed regardless of agency.)

MSA	County(ies)	Population (2014)	Annual Design Value (2012-2014)	Annual Design Value Site	Daily Design Value (2012-2014)	Daily Design Value Site	Minimum # of Monitors Required	# of Monitors Present
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	San Benito Santa Clara	1952872	10.0	Jackson Street 060850005	29	Jackson Street 060850005	3	3*
Santa Cruz-Watsonville	Santa Cruz	271804	6.1	Santa Cruz 060870007	13	Santa Cruz 060870007	0	1
Salinas	Monterey	431344	6.1	Carmel Valley 060531003	14	Salinas 060531003	0	1

(Note: Refer to 40 CFR, Part 58, Appendix D, section 4.7 and Table D-5)

Monitors required for SIP or Maintenance Plan: None

*One of the monitors located in the San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara MSA is located within MBUAPCD (See Appendix B).

Table 3: Minimum Monitoring Requirements for PM₁₀. (Max. Conc. site is highest listed regardless of agency.)

MSA	County(ies)	Population (2014)	Max Concentration (2014)	Max Concentration Site	# Required Monitors	# Active Monitors	# Additional Monitors Needed
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	San Benito Santa Clara	1952872	56.4	Jackson Street 060850005	2-4	2*	0
Santa Cruz-Watsonville	Santa Cruz	271804	N/A	N/A	0-1	0	0
Salinas	Monterey	431344	99.2	King City 2 060530008	0-1	1	0

(Note: Refer to 40 CFR, Part 58, Appendix D, section 4.6 and Table D-4)

Monitors required for SIP or Maintenance Plan: None

*One of the monitors located in the San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara MSA is located within MBUAPCD (See Appendix B).

Table 4: Minimum Monitoring Requirements for NOx.

CBSA	Population (2014)	Max AADT Counts (2012)	# Required Near Road Monitors	# Active Near Road Monitors	# Additional Near Road Monitors	# Required Area Wide Monitors	# Active Area Wide Monitors	Additional Monitors Needed
Salinas MSA	431344	22371	0	0	0	0	1	0

(Note: Refer to 40 CFR, Part 58, Appendix D, section 4.3) (See Appendix B.) Monitors required for SIP or Maintenance Plan: None. MBUAPCD is currently operating no other NOx monitors. Near-road monitoring (NO₂ by 2014, CO & PM_{2.5} by 2017), and area-wide by 2013 NO_x requirements being met by BAAQMD (see interagency agreements – Appendix B).

Table 5: Minimum Monitoring Requirements for CO.

CBSA	Population (2014)	# Required Near Road Monitors	# Active Near Road Monitors	# Additional Near Road Monitors Needed
Salinas MSA	431344	0	0	0

(Note: Refer to 40 CFR, Part 58, Appendix D, section 4.2) (See Appendix B.) Monitors required for SIP or Maintenance Plan: None. MBUAPCD is currently operating no other CO monitors. Near-road monitoring (NO₂ by 2014, CO & PM_{2.5} by 2017), and area-wide NO_x requirements being met by BAAQMD (see interagency agreements – Appendix B).

- **SO₂** (Note: Refer to 40 CFR, Part 58, Appendix D, section 4.4)
Monitors required for SIP or Maintenance Plan: None
- **Pb** (Note: Refer to 40 CFR, Part 58, Appendix D, section 4.5) BAAQMD is monitoring for the San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara MSA. No additional Pb monitoring is being carried out by MBUAPCD. Monitors required for SIP or Maintenance Plan: None

Ambient Air Quality Standards

The EPA sets National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS - Table 6) for criteria pollutants as directed by the federal Clean Air Act. The State of California has adopted a set of State standards (Table 7) which are required to be at least as stringent as the NAAQS. The State standards and the federal primary standards are both designed to protect public health. The State standards and the federal secondary standards safeguard public welfare, including protection against decreased visibility, damage to property, and damage to the environment. The federal primary and secondary standards for the pollutants currently measured in the NCCAB are identical.

Table 6: Federal Standards (NAAQS)

Pollutant	Requirements of Standard	Level
Ozone	The 3-year average of each year's 4 th highest daily maximum 8-hour ozone concentration is not to exceed the level of the standard.	0.075 ppm
Particulate Matter 10µm	The 24-hour average is not to exceed the level of the standard more than once per year.	150 µg/m ³
Particulate Matter 2.5µm	The 3-year average of the 98 th percentile of the 24-hour averages is not to exceed the level of the standard.	35 µg/m ³
	The 3-year average of the weighted annual means is not to exceed the level of the standard.	15.0 µg/m ³
Nitrogen Dioxide	The 3-year average of the 98 th percentile of the daily maximum 1-hour averages is not to exceed the level of the standard.	100 ppb
	The Annual average is not to exceed the level of the standard.	53 ppb
Carbon Monoxide	The 1-hour average is not to exceed the level of the standard more than once per year.	35 ppm
	The 8-hour average is not to exceed the level of the standard more than once per year.	9 ppm

(Note: The national ambient air quality standards are found within 40 CFR, Part 50.)

(Note: The EPA adopts both rounding and truncating conventions depending on the standard. Where rounding conventions are used, as long as the measured pollutant level does not round up to a value higher than the standard, as read with the same number of significant digits as listed by the standard, the standard is not considered to be exceeded.

Table 7: State Standards (CAAQS)

Pollutant	Standard	Level
Ozone	The 1-hour average is not to exceed the level of the standard.	0.09 ppm
	The 8-hour average is not to exceed the level of the standard.	0.07 ppm
Particulate Matter 10 µm	The 24-hour average is not to exceed the level of the standard.	50 µg/m ³
	The Annual average is not to exceed the level of the standard.	20 µg/m ³
Particulate Matter 2.5 µm	The 24-hour average is not to exceed the level of the standard.	35 µg/m ³
	The Annual average is not to exceed the level of the standard.	12 µg/m ³
Nitrogen Dioxide	The 1-hour average is not to exceed the level of the standard.	0.18 ppm
	The Annual average is not to exceed the level of the standard.	0.03 ppm
Carbon Monoxide	The 1-hour average is not to exceed the level of the standard.	20 ppm
	The 8-hour average is not to exceed the level of the standard.	9.0 ppm

(Note: The State ambient air quality standards are found within Section 70200 of Title 17 of the California Code of Regulations.)

Quality Assurance

The District follows a quality assurance program to ensure compliance with the regulations set within 40 CFR 58. Consistent with these federal regulations, the California Air Resources Board, Quality Assurance Section (CARB QAS) conducts annual performance evaluations of nitrogen dioxide, ozone and carbon monoxide analyzers, meteorological instruments, and flow rates for PM_{2.5} and PM₁₀ monitors. CARB QAS also conducts site evaluations as part of the annual audit at each air monitoring station. Physical measurements and observations, including probe/sensor height above ground level, distance from trees, type of ground cover, residence time, obstructions to air flow, distance to local sources, topography, vehicle counts, predominant wind direction, and probe material are used to determine compliance with the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendix E.

The CARB QAS also ensures the quality of the data collected by the air monitoring sites operating in the NCCAB. This is done on a monthly basis through analysis of precision data submitted to the U.S. EPA Air Quality System (EPA AQS). The EPA reviews the frequency of flow rate verifications for manual samplers and the frequency of one-point quality control checks for gas-measuring instruments. On an annual basis, the EPA performs an analysis of the precision data that concentrates on three parameters: precision data submission, validity, and usability. The data analyses are conducted in accordance with 40 CFR 58, Appendix A.

The EPA QAS, through a contractor, conducts annual flow rate audits on PM_{2.5} and PM₁₀ monitors. The District performs both weekly and monthly checks of instrument functionality. Calibrations are done on either a quarterly or a semi-annual basis depending on the individual requirements for each instrument. The District has collocated PM_{2.5} monitors in Salinas as a further quality check as required by 40 CFR 58, Appendix A.

Finally, CARB QAS conducts technical systems audits to determine if the District's air monitoring program satisfies the requirements of 40 CFR 58, and U.S. EPA's Quality Assurance Handbook for Air Pollution Measurement Systems, Volume II, April 1994. Compliance with these regulations is necessary for the data to be considered data-for-record, as required by the California Code of Regulations (Title 17, Article 3, Section 70301). Data meeting these requirements is eligible to be used in actions taken pursuant to the federal and state Clean Air Acts.

Proposed Modifications to Network in the Next 18 Months

There are several proposed changes to the air monitoring network approved by the District's Board and the APCO to reduce air monitoring costs and improve efficiencies by shutting down monitoring parameters and stations.

- Parameter changes for SLAM stations:
 - The District is planning a potential relocation of the PM₁₀ monitor located at Hollister AMS, for a period not expected to exceed three years, to a site within 4 miles of its current location. This will involve setting up a new station at the relocation site. BAAQMD will be contacted upon any progress with this relocation in accordance with our interagency agreement.
 - The District is looking at shutting down the CO and NO/NO₂/NO_x monitors at the Salinas AMS. Readings from these instruments are consistently very low and population requirements do not indicate the need for either instrument.
- Parameter changes for SPM stations:
 - None currently planned.
- Other Monitoring Projects:
 - The District will continue to carry out a PM_{2.5} survey of wood smoke concentrations during the winter seasons, from October 1 to April 30, in the Santa Cruz mountain area in the San Lorenzo Valley. The instruments used in this survey are Met-One E-BAMs one BAM-1020 at the San Lorenzo Valley Middle School.

Modifications Made to Network in 2014 and Early 2015

The District collected data from seven monitoring sites in 2014. The following sites and/or monitoring parameters were changed:

- A special purpose air monitoring station in Scotts Valley was shut down in April, 2014. The shelter was used for the Santa Cruz Station at its new location.
- A special purpose air monitoring station in Felton was shut down in April, 2014. Resources including the structure itself were needed in Santa Cruz.
- The Santa Cruz Air Monitoring Station Building was moved several hundred feet on May 13th, 2014, to its current location at 960 Bostwick Lane (See MBUAPCD-EPA email in the Santa Cruz detailed site information on page 16). The parameters measured and the AIRS Code for the site, are unchanged.
- A special purpose air monitoring station at San Lorenzo Valley Middle School was established in October, 2014. This station is established to allow for neighborhood scale monitoring using an FEM BAM-1020 and is planned to become a SLAMS site after two years of operation.

REVIEW OF CHANGES TO PM_{2.5} MONITORING NETWORK

The NCCAB is currently in compliance with the PM_{2.5} ambient air quality standards. In the event that standards are exceeded, appropriate changes will be made to the PM_{2.5} monitoring network. This would then be documented in the Annual Network Plan which would then undergo a 30-day public review before submittal to the EPA.

DATA SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

Precision reports are submitted to the EPA's AQS. Annual data certification is submitted by May 1, each year.

DETAILED SITE INFORMATION FOR STATE AND LOCAL AIR MONITORING STATIONS (SLAMS)

Salinas 3

This station was established in December 1999 to monitor air quality conditions in the Salinas MSA, the District's most populated area. This station features one of the District's most extensive set of measurements. The data collected include CO, NO₂, O₃, FRM R&P PM_{2.5}, FEM BAM-1020 PM_{2.5}, WSA, WDA and ATM. PM_{2.5} data is collected hourly using the FEM BAM-1020 as the primary instrument. It is also collected by an R&P FRM-2000, a filter based instrument operating on the 1 in 6 day schedule, which is collocated to the BAM-1020. The collocation is required by CARB, our Primary Quality Assurance Organization (PQAO), and is a part of their overall collocation network. The PM_{2.5} filters are analyzed by BAAQMD according to EPA specifications (See following two pages). Data from this populated area generally indicate good air quality and meet all State and federal standards for CO, NO₂, O₃, and PM_{2.5}. Data from this site have been useful in assessing air pollution impacts on populations during unusual events, such as wildfires at Fort Ord. The 2014 PM_{2.5} annual design value is 5.7µg/m³ for the primary instrument (BAM-1020). The 2014 PM_{2.5} 24-Hour design value is 14µg/m³ for the primary instrument (BAM-1020).

Salinas Site Information

Site Name	Salinas 3
AQS ID	06-053-1003
GIS Coordinates	36.69683, -121.636167
Address	867 East Laurel Dr., Salinas, CA 93905
County	Monterey (TAMC)
Distance to Roadways	5000m
Traffic Count	22371 ADT (2010)
Groundcover	Gravel
Representative Statistical Area	MSA: Salinas, CA

From: Eric Stevenson <EStevenson@baaqmd.gov>
Sent: Thursday, May 23, 2013 4:45 PM
To: Mark Stoelting; Wendy Caruso; William Chevalier
Cc: Katherine Hoag (Hoag.Katherine@epamail.epa.gov)
Subject: Letter for Data Certification for PM2.5 Weighing
Attachments: PM2 5 Laboratory Document.docx

All –

I've attached a document regarding weighing of PM2.5 filters. EPA Region 9 has asked that this letter be included in your Annual Network Plans to ensure that your data meet requirements.

Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns.

Thanks,

Eric Stevenson
Director of Technical Services
Bay Area Air Quality Management District
939 Ellis Street
San Francisco, CA 94109
415-749-4695, estevenson@baaqmd.gov



PM_{2.5} team members,

This correspondence is to inform the appropriate members of the North Coast Unified Air Quality Management District and Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District that all pre- and post-sampled PM_{2.5} filters weighed by the designated staff of the Bay Area Air Quality Management District gravimetric analysis laboratory followed EPA specifications as required by the references listed in Tables 1 & 2 below and that the room was operating in accordance with EPA requirements on the days the filters were weighed. Therefore the weights can be used for comparison to the NAAQS and the data can be certified by the aforementioned agencies.

Table 1 QC Measures

Quality Control Measures (Laboratory)		
Equipment	Reference	Frequency
Filter Conditioning Environment	40 CFR Part 50, Appendix L, Sections 8.0 & 10.0	All filters
Filters	Quality Assurance Guidance Document 2.12, Section 7.7	All filters
Filter Weighing	40 CFR Part 50, Appendix L, Section 10.10; Quality Assurance Guidance Document 2.12, Sections 7.9, 7.10, & 7.11	Within 30 days of collection if provided to the laboratory within 23 days of collection
Working Mass standards	Quality Assurance Guidance Document 2.12, Sections 7.9 & 7.11	Every weighing session

Table 2 QA Measures

Quality Assurance Measures (Laboratory)		
Equipment	Reference	Frequency
Working Mass standards	Quality Assurance Guidance Document 2.12 Sections 3.3, 4.3.7 & 7.3	Yearly
Temperature & Relative Humidity	Quality Assurance Guidance Document 2.12 Section 3.3, 4.3.7, & 7.6	Quarterly
Balance	Quality Assurance Guidance Document 2.12 Section 3.3, 4.3.6 & 7.2	Yearly
Working Mass standards vs. primary standards	Quality Assurance Guidance Document 2.12 Sections 3.3, 4.3 & 7.3	Quarterly
Primary standards	Quality Assurance Guidance Document 2.12 Section 3.3, 4.3 & 7.3	Yearly

Salinas Air Monitoring Instrument Information

Pollutant, POC	O ₃ , 1	CO, 1	NO ₂ , 1	Wind Speed, 1
Parameter Code	44201	42101	42602	61101
Basic Monitoring Objective	NAAQS Comparison	NAAQS Comparison	NAAQS Comparison	N/A
Site Types	Population Oriented	Population Oriented	Population Oriented	Population Oriented
Monitor Types	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS
Instrument Manufacturer and Model	TEI 49C	TEI 48	TECO 42C	MET-ONE 010C
Method Code	047	054	074	050
FRM/FEM/ARM/other	FEM	FRM	FRM	N/A
Collecting Agency	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD
Analytical Lab	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Reporting Agency	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD
Spatial scale	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood
Start date	12/31/1999	12/31/1999	12/31/1999	12/31/1999
Current Sampling Frequency	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous
Calculated Sampling Frequency	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sampling season	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31
Probe height	6.0m	6.0m	6.0m	10m
Distance from supporting structure	6.0m	6.0m	6.0m	10m
Distance from obstructions on roof	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance from obstructions not on roof	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance from trees	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance to furnace or incinerator flue	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance between collocated monitors	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Unrestricted airflow	360 Degrees	360 Degrees	360 Degrees	360 Degrees
Probe material	Teflon	Teflon	Teflon	N/A
Residence time	3.7s	4.1s	4.6s	N/A
Will there be changes within the next 18 months?	No	No.	No	No
Is it suitable for comparison against the annual PM _{2.5} ?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Frequency of flow rate verification for manual PM samplers audit	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Frequency of flow rate verification for automated PM analyzers audit	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Frequency of one-point QC check (gaseous)	Daily	Weekly	Weekly	N/A
Last Annual Performance Evaluation (gaseous)	9/10/2014	9/10/2014	9/10/2014	N/A
Last two semi-annual flow rate audits for PM monitors	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Salinas Air Monitoring Instrument Information

Pollutant, POC	Wind Direction, 1	ATM, 1	PM _{2.5} , 3	PM _{2.5} , 2
Parameter Code	61102	62101	88101	88101
Basic Monitoring Objective	N/A	N/A	NAAQS Comparison	NAAQS Comparison
Site Types	Population Oriented	Population Oriented	Population Oriented	Population Oriented
Monitor Types	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS	QA Collocated
Instrument Manufacturer and Model	MET-ONE 020B	MET-ONE 064-2	MET ONE BAM-1020	R&P FRM-2000
Method Code	050	40	170	117
FRM/FEM/ARM/other	N/A	N/A	FEM	FRM
Collecting Agency	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD
Analytical Lab	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bay Area AQMD
Reporting Agency	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	Bay Area AQMD
Spatial scale	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood
Start date	12/31/1999	12/31/1999	1/1/2009	11/1/2008
Current Sampling Frequency	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	1:6
Calculated Sampling Frequency	N/A	N/A	N/A	1:6
Sampling season	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31
Probe height	10m	10m	6.0m	5.8m
Distance from supporting structure	10m	10m	1.7m	1.5m
Distance from obstructions on roof	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance from obstructions not on roof	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance from trees	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance to furnace or incinerator flue	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance between collocated monitors	N/A	N/A	1.8m	1.8m
Unrestricted airflow	360 Degrees	360 Degrees	360 Degrees	360 Degrees
Probe material	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Residence time	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Will there be changes within the next 18 months?	No	No	No	No
Is it suitable for comparison against the annual PM _{2.5} ?	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes
Frequency of flow rate verification for manual PM samplers audit	N/A	N/A	N/A	Monthly
Frequency of flow rate verification for automated PM analyzers audit	N/A	N/A	Weekly	N/A
Frequency of one-point QC check (gaseous)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Last Annual Performance Evaluation (gaseous)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Last two semi-annual flow rate audits for PM monitors	N/A	N/A	3/05/2014 9/10/2014	3/05/2014 9/10/2014

Carmel Valley

This station was established in 1982 due to the smoke sensitive nature of the rural/residential Carmel Valley. The limited natural ventilation of the valley can also lead to trapping of ozone. Measurements made at this site include O₃, FEM BAM-1020 PM_{2.5}, WSA, WDA, and ATM. Data from this location has been useful for issuing public Health Advisories during wildfire events. A siting waiver for this station had been sought and approved by the EPA (See Appendix C) due to the presence of a nearby tree. The 2014 PM_{2.5} annual design value is 6.1 µg/m³ and the 2014 PM_{2.5} 24 Hour design value is 13 µg/m³ for this station.

Carmel Valley Site Information

Site Name	Carmel Valley
AQS ID	06-053-0002
GIS Coordinates	36.495833, -121.730556
Street Address	35 Ford Rd., Carmel Valley, CA 93924
County	Monterey
Distance to Road	25m
Traffic Count	10920 ADT (2010) (TAMC-Peak)
Groundcover	Paved
Representative Area	MSA: Salinas, CA

Carmel Valley Instrument Information

Pollutant, POC	O ₃ , 1	Wind Direction, 1	Wind Speed, 1	ATM, 1	PM _{2.5} , 3
Parameter Code	44201	61102	61101	62101	88101
Basic Monitoring Objective	NAAQS Comparison	N/A	N/A	N/A	NAAQS Comparison
Site Types	Population Oriented	Population Oriented	Population Oriented	Population Oriented	Population Oriented
Monitor Types	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS	Special Purpose
Instrument Manufacturer and Model	TEI 49C	MET-ONE 020C	MET-ONE 010C	MET-ONE 064-2	MET ONE BAM-1020
Method Code	047	050	050	040	170
FRM/FEM/ARM/other	FEM	N/A	N/A	N/A	FEM
Collecting Agency	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD
Analytical Lab	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Reporting Agency	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD
Spatial scale	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood
Start date	10/12/1982	7/1/2007	7/1/2007	1/1/1997	1/1/2012
Current Sampling Frequency	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous
Calculated Sampling Frequency	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sampling season	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31
Probe height	5.9m	10m	10m	10 m	5.1m
Distance from supporting structure	3.0m	10m	10m	10m	2.0m
Distance from obstructions on roof	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance from obstructions not on roof	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance from trees	6.1m (Waiver – Appendix C)	11m	11m	11m	N/A
Distance to furnace or incinerator flue	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance between collocated monitors	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Unrestricted airflow	360 Degrees	360 Degrees	360 Degrees	360 Degrees	360 Degrees
Probe material	Teflon	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Residence time	9.0s	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Will there be changes within the next 18 months?	No	No	No	No	No
Is it suitable for comparison against the annual PM _{2.5} ?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes
Frequency of flow rate verification for manual PM samplers audit	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Frequency of flow rate verification for automated PM analyzers audit	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Weekly
Frequency of one-point QC check (gaseous)	Daily	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Last Annual Performance Evaluation (gaseous)	9/16/2014	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Last two semi-annual flow rate audits for PM monitors	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3/04/2014 9/16/2014

King City 2

This station was relocated to the city center in 2007 and now serves as a population exposure/representative concentration site. The station was previously operated by a contractor, but has now been operated by the District since July 1, 2010. Measurements made at the site include FEM BAM-1020 PM_{2.5}, FEM BAM-1020 PM₁₀, O₃, WSA, WDA and ATM. This is the southernmost site in the NCCAB network. The 2014 PM_{2.5} annual design value is 5.5 µg/m³ and the 2014 PM_{2.5} 24 Hour design value is 13 µg/m³ for this station.

King City 2 Site Information

Site Name	King City 2
AQS ID	06-053-0008
GIS Coordinates	36.209286, -121.126371
Street Address	415 Pearl St., King City, CA 93930
County	Monterey
Distance to Road	50 m
Traffic Count	2616 ADT (2010) (TAMC-Peak)
Groundcover	Paved
Representative Area	MSA: Salinas, CA

King City Instrument Information

Pollutant, POC	O ₃ , 1	Wind Direction, 1	Wind Speed, 1	ATM, 1	PM ₁₀ , 3	PM _{2.5} , 3
Parameter Code	44201	61102	61101	62101	81102	88101
Basic Monitoring Objective	NAAQS Comparison	N/A	N/A	N/A	NAAQS Comparison	NAAQS Comparison
Site Types	Population Oriented	Population Oriented	Population Oriented	Population Oriented	Highest Concentration	Population Oriented
Monitor Types	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS	Special Purpose
Instrument Manufacturer and Model	TEI 49C	MET-ONE 020C	MET-ONE 010C	MET-ONE 064-2	MET ONE BAM-1020	MET ONE BAM-1020
Method Code	047	050	050	040	122	170
FRM/FEM/ARM/other	FEM	N/A	N/A	N/A	FEM	FEM
Collecting Agency	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD
Analytical Lab	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Reporting Agency	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD
Spatial scale	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood
Start date	6/1/2007	10/1/2007	10/1/2007	10/1/2007	2/1/2011	1/1/2012
Current Sampling Frequency	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous
Calculated Sampling Frequency	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sampling season	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31
Probe height	4.3	10m	10m	10m	4.2	4.2
Distance from supporting structure	1.5	10m	10m	10m	1.4	1.5
Distance from obstructions on roof	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance from obstructions not on roof	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance from trees	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance to furnace or incinerator flue	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance between collocated monitors	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Unrestricted airflow	360 Degrees	360 Degrees	360 Degrees	360 Degrees	360 Degrees	360 Degrees
Probe material	Teflon	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Residence time	2.5s	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Will there be changes within the next 18 months?	No	No	No	No	No	No
Is it suitable for comparison against the annual PM _{2.5} ?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes
Frequency of flow rate verification for manual PM samplers audit	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Frequency of flow rate verification for automated PM analyzers audit	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Weekly	Weekly
Frequency of one-point QC check (gaseous)	Daily	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Last Annual Performance Evaluation (gaseous)	9/09/2014 & 11/17/2014	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Last two semi-annual flow rate audits for PM monitors	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3/04/2014 9/09/2014	3/04/2014 9/09/2014

Santa Cruz

Monitoring at this station began in 1996 to assess population exposure in the Santa Cruz/Watsonville Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA). Santa Cruz is currently the largest city in Santa Cruz County and is the second most populated city in the NCCAB. Data collected hourly at this SLAMS site include O₃, FEM BAM-1020 PM_{2.5}, WSA, WDA and ATM. The data generally indicate good air quality and meet all state and federal standards for both ozone and particulates. The 2014 PM_{2.5} annual design value is 6.1 µg/m³ and the 2013 PM_{2.5} 24 Hour design value is 13 µg/m³ for this station. The Santa Cruz Air Monitoring Station is not the District's Design Value site for O₃ or PM_{2.5}.

Santa Cruz Site Information

Site Name	Santa Cruz
AQS ID	06-087-0007
GIS Coordinates	36.983, -121.988
Street Address	960 Bostwick Lane, Santa Cruz, CA 95062
County	Santa Cruz
Distance to Road	120m
Traffic Count	8941 ADT (2009) (Santa Cruz County)
Groundcover	Gravel, Grass
Representative Area	MSA: Santa Cruz – Watsonville, CA

William Chevalier

Sent: Thursday, April 24, 2014 11:06 AM
To: William Chevalier
Cc: Kurpius, Meredith; Hoag, Katherine; Flagg, Michaela; YOSHIMURA, GWEN; Clover, Fletcher
Subject: Approval of Santa Cruz Station relocation

Hi Bill,

After a visit to the proposed relocation site and upon our review of the documentation you have provided, EPA approves your selection of the replacement site for the current Santa Cruz Air Monitoring station (06- 087-0007). Please make a note in the comment field in AQS for 06-087-0007 and include the request and response email documentation in next year's Annual Ambient Air Quality Network Plan. In response to your inquiry, parallel monitoring is not necessary given that the replacement site is a nearby location with the same scale of representation (i.e., measuring similar PM2.5 and O3 concentrations from similar sources).

Best regards,
Dena

From: William Chevalier [<mailto:WChevalier@mbuapcd.org>]
Sent: Monday, April 21, 2014 5:19 PM
To: Vallano, Dena
Subject: Santa Cruz Station

Hello Dena,

The Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District is looking to move the Santa Cruz Air Monitoring Station in a couple of weeks during the first half of May, 2014. Enclosed is a Google Earth Image showing the old and new sites and their coordinates. They are in the same neighborhood and about 850 feet from each other on each side of 7th Avenue Just off of Soquel Avenue. We would like to use the same AQS Code Number of 06-087-0007 if possible. All station pollutant parameters will remain the same. We are also capable of making the switch with little to no loss of data during the transition. I am enclosing the Santa Cruz Station description and list of parameters from last year's Network Plan. This information will be updated in this year's Network Plan. We would like to vacate the current station as soon as possible. We are also keeping ARB informed of this transition as well.

There are two reasons for this transition. First of all, we are looking to reduce expenditures where possible and this move should save us nearly \$8000 each year. Second, the owners of the building where the station is currently located have verbally informed us of their interest in tearing down/remodeling the building at some point in the near future although they did not have a fixed date. They would update us when they had further information, but it would still mean a relocation for us when it happens. Instead of having to react to this, we would like to be in control of this transition as much as possible. If you need any further information, please let me know.

Thank You,
William J. Chevalier Jr.
Supervising Air Monitoring Specialist
Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution
Control District 24580 Silver Cloud Ct.
Monterey, CA
93940 (831)
647-9418 x223
wchevalier@mbuapcd.org

Santa Cruz Instrument Information

Pollutant, POC	O ₃ , 1	Wind Direction, 1	Wind Speed, 1	ATM, 1	PM _{2.5} , 3
Parameter Code	44201	61102	61101	62101	88101
Basic Monitoring Objective	NAAQS Comparison	N/A	N/A	N/A	NAAQS Comparison
Site Types	Population Oriented				
Monitor Types	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS
Instrument Manufacturer and Model	TEI 49C	MET-ONE 020B	MET-ONE 010B	MET-ONE 064-2	MET ONE FEMBAM-1020
Method Code	047	050	050	040	170
FRM/FEM/ARM/other	FEM	N/A	N/A	N/A	FEM
Collecting Agency	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD
Analytical Lab	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Reporting Agency	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD
Spatial scale	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood
Start date	9/1/1996	8/1/2006	8/1/2006	1/1/1999	1/1/2009
Current Sampling Frequency	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous
Calculated Sampling Frequency	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sampling season	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31
Probe height	4.8m	6.2m	6.2m	6.2m	4.3m
Distance from supporting structure	2.0m	3.5m	3.5m	3.5m	1.6m
Distance from obstructions on roof	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance from obstructions not on roof	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance from trees	10.7m	16m	16m	16m	N/A
Distance to furnace or incinerator flue	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance between collocated monitors	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Unrestricted airflow	360 Degrees				
Probe material	Teflon	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Residence time	6.3s	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Will there be changes within the next 18 months?	No	No	No	No	No
Is it suitable for comparison against the annual PM _{2.5} ?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes
Frequency of flow rate verification for manual PM samplers audit	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Frequency of flow rate verification for automated PM analyzers audit	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Weekly
Frequency of one-point QC check (gaseous)	Daily	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Last Annual Performance Evaluation (gaseous)	9/16/2014	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Last two semi-annual flow rate audits for PM monitors	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3/05/2014 9/16/2014

Hollister

This station was established in 1987 to monitor potential air pollution exposures in the Hollister area, the largest and most rapidly growing city in San Benito County. Data collected hourly at this site include O₃, FEM BAM-1020 PM₁₀, FEM BAM-1020 PM_{2.5}, WSA, WDA and ATM. Hollister is the second highest station on the NCCAB's ozone monitoring network. Ozone levels at Hollister are impacted by both local sources as well as ozone transported from the San Francisco Bay Area Air Basin. Ozone data from this site have been useful in a number of regional photochemical modeling studies including SARMAP and CCOS, as well as, a special District-funded project using the BAAQMD's urban air shed model. PM₁₀ exceedances at this site might occasionally be impacted by wildfire events, although fugitive dust appears to be the most common contributor to PM₁₀ measurements. The 2014 PM_{2.5} annual design value is 5.4 µg/m³ and the 2014 PM_{2.5} 24 Hour design value is 13 µg/m³ for this station.

Hollister Site Information

Site Name	Hollister
AQS ID	06-069-0002
GIS Coordinates	36.844167, -121.361111
Street Address	1979 Fairview Rd., Hollister, CA 95023
County	San Benito
Distance to Road	100m
Traffic Count	(Nearby Sunnyslope Rd.) 7392 ADT (2006) Nothing more recent.
Groundcover	Gravel
Representative Area	MSA: San Jose – Sunnyvale – Santa Clara, CA

Hollister Instrument Information

Pollutant, POC	O ₃	Wind Direction	Wind Speed	ATM	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}
Parameter Code	44201	61102	61101	62101	81102	88101
Basic Monitoring Objective	NAAQS Comparison	N/A	N/A	N/A	NAAQS Comparison	NAAQS Comparison
Site Types	Highest Concentration	Population Oriented	Population Oriented	Population Oriented	Highest Concentration	Highest Concentration
Monitor Types	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS
Instrument Manufacturer and Model	TEI 49C	MET-ONE 020B	MET-ONE 010B	MET-ONE 064-2	MET ONE FEM BAM-1020	MET ONE FEM BAM-1020
Method Code	047	050	050	040	122	170
FRM/FEM/ARM/other	FEM	N/A	N/A	N/A	FEM	FEM
Collecting Agency	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD
Analytical Lab	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Reporting Agency	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD
Spatial scale	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood
Start date	1/1/1980	1/1/1980	1/1/1980	1/1/1980	2/1/2011	1/1/2009
Current Sampling Frequency	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous
Calculated Sampling Frequency	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sampling season	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31
Probe height	4.2m	10m	10m	10m	4.0m	4.6m
Distance from supporting structure	1.4m	10m	10m	10m	1.0m	1.8m
Distance from obstructions on roof	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance from obstructions not on roof	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance from trees	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance to furnace or incinerator flue	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance between collocated monitors	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Unrestricted airflow	360 Degrees	360 Degrees	360 Degrees	360 Degrees	360 Degrees	360 Degrees
Probe material	Teflon	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Residence time	6.2s	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Will there be changes within the next 18 months?	No	No	No	No	No	No
Is it suitable for comparison against the annual PM _{2.5} ?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes
Frequency of flow rate verification for manual PM samplers audit	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Frequency of flow rate verification for automated PM analyzers audit	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Weekly	Weekly
Frequency of one-point QC check (gaseous)	Daily	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Last Annual Performance Evaluation (gaseous)	9/08/2014	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Last two semi-annual flow rate audits for PM monitors	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3/05/2014 9/08/2014	3/05/2014 9/08/2014

DETAILED SITE INFORMATION FOR SPECIAL PURPOSE MONITORING SITES (SPM)

Pinnacles National Park

This station was established in 1987 by the National Parks Service (NPS) to monitor conditions at Pinnacles National Park, which is a federal Class I protected area, and part of the National Park Monitoring Network operated by the National Parks Service. Data acquired at this site include O₃, WS, WD, and ATM. In addition, as part of the federal Interagency Monitoring of Protected Visual Environments (IMPROVE) program, a wide variety of particulate aerosols is monitored for the purpose of assessing visibility trends. However, the only parameters reported by the District at this site are O₃ and 8HrO₃. Although this site is located in a remote and unpopulated area, ozone readings there are the highest in the District and the ozone data are used to establish the NCCAB's designations in relation to the State and federal standards. CARB's triennial transport assessments have demonstrated that the cause of the high readings at this mountain site has often been overwhelming transport, particularly from the upwind San Francisco Bay Area. Nitrate data from the IMPROVE monitors have also been used in District plans to indicate an improving trend. This is most likely due to regional reductions in motor vehicle NO_x emissions, as well as controls on stationary sources.

Pinnacles Site Information

Site Name	Pinnacles National Monument
AQS ID	06-069-0003
GIS Coordinates	36.485278, -121.155556
Street Address	Pinnacles National Monument, 5000 Hwy 146, Paicines, CA 95043
County	San Benito
Distance to Road	75 m
Traffic Count	170 ADT (2006) (D.O.T./CA)
Groundcover	Gravel
Representative Area	CBSA: San Jose – Sunnyvale – Santa Clara, CA

Pinnacles Instrument Information:

Pollutant, POC	O ₃ , 1	Distance from supporting structure	N/A
Parameter Code	44201	Distance from obstructions on roof	N/A
Basic Monitoring Objective	NAAQS Comp.	Distance from obstructions not on roof	N/A
Site Types	Other	Distance from trees	N/A
Monitor Types	Special Purpose	Distance to furnace or incinerator flue	N/A
Instrument Manufacturer and Model	TEI 49C	Distance between collocated monitors	N/A
Method Code	047	Unrestricted airflow	360 Degrees
FRMFEM/ARM/other	FEM	Probe material	Teflon
Collecting Agency	NPS	Residence time	8.4s
Analytical Lab	N/A	Will there be changes within the next 18 months?	See page 6.
Reporting Agency	NPS	Is it suitable for comparison against the annual PM _{2.5} ?	N/A
Spatial scale	Neighborhood	Frequency of flow rate verification for manual PM samplers audit	N/A
Start date	11/7/1986	Frequency of flow rate verification for automated PM analyzers audit	N/A
Current Sampling Frequency	Continuous	Frequency of one-point QC check (gaseous)	Weekly
Calculated Sampling Frequency	N/A	Last Annual Performance Evaluation (gaseous)	9/17/2014
Sampling season	01/01-12/31	Last two semi-annual flow rate audits for PM monitors	N/A
Probe height	10.0 meters		

San Lorenzo Valley Middle School

This station was set up in October of 2014 for the purpose of monitoring PM_{2.5} on a Neighborhood scale with the use of an FEM BAM-1020. It is intended to become a SLAMS site after two years of operation. The station also provides a good platform for conducting special studies such as a levoglucosan study during the 2014/2015 winter season. For years, the San Lorenzo Valley has been the source of many of the District's wood smoke complaints. The sources have primarily been smoke output from residential chimneys during the winter months or from outdoor brush during the burn season. Monitoring has been carried out at this location during the months of October to April during the 2011-2012, 2012-2013, 2013-2014, and 2014-2015 winter and burn seasons, and indicated significant levels of smoke periodically. Data collected hourly at this site include FEM BAM-1020 PM_{2.5}, WSA, WDA and ATM. The current PM_{2.5} monitor has not yet been in place long enough to calculate a design value, however, this station will be expected to have the highest design value in the Santa Cruz – Watsonville MSA.

San Lorenzo Valley Middle School Site Information

Site Name	San Lorenzo Valley Middle School
AQS ID	06-087-1005
GIS Coordinates	37.0632, -122.0831
Street Address	7179 Hacienda Way, Felton, CA 95018
County	Santa Cruz
Distance to Road	88m
Traffic Count	23818 ADT (2006) (Santa Cruz County)
Groundcover	Paved
Representative Area	MSA: Santa Cruz – Watsonville, CA

San Lorenzo Valley Middle School Instrument Information

Pollutant, POC	Wind Direction, 1	Wind Speed, 1	ATM, 1	PM _{2.5} , 3
Parameter Code	61102	61101	62101	88101
Basic Monitoring Objective	N/A	N/A	N/A	NAAQS Comparison
Site Types	Population Oriented	Population Oriented	Population Oriented	Highest Concentration (Expected)
Monitor Types	Special Purpose	Special Purpose	Special Purpose	Special Purpose
Instrument Manufacturer and Model	MET-ONE 020B	MET-ONE 010B	MET-ONE 064-2	MET ONE FEMBAM-1020
Method Code	050	050	040	170
FRM/FEM/ARM/other	N/A	N/A	N/A	FEM
Collecting Agency	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD
Analytical Lab	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Reporting Agency	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD	MBUAPCD
Spatial scale	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood
Start date	01/15/2015	10/23/2014	10/23/2014	10/23/2014
Current Sampling Frequency	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous
Calculated Sampling Frequency	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sampling season	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31	01/01-12/31
Probe height	6.7m	6.7m	6.7m	4.3m
Distance from supporting structure	4.3m	4.3m	4.3m	1.8
Distance from obstructions on roof	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance from obstructions not on roof	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance from trees	10m	10m	10m	N/A
Distance to furnace or incinerator flue	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distance between collocated monitors	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Unrestricted airflow	360 Degrees	360 Degrees	360 Degrees	360 degrees
Probe material	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Residence time	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Will there be changes within the next 18 months?	No	No	No	No
Is it suitable for comparison against the annual PM _{2.5} ?	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes
Frequency of flow rate verification for manual PM samplers audit	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Frequency of flow rate verification for automated PM analyzers audit	N/A	N/A	N/A	Weekly
Frequency of one-point QC check (gaseous)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Last Annual Performance Evaluation (gaseous)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Last two semi-annual flow rate audits for PM monitors	N/A	N/A	N/A	12/29/14 03/12/15

Appendix A - Public Process

Released for Comment -- May 27, 2015
Published to District WEB Page -- May 27, 2015
Board of Directors Public Hearing -- June 17, 2015
Submitted to U.S. EPA -- June 30, 2015

As of June 30, 2015 no comments received to the District.

Appendix B
MBUAPCD/BAAQMD PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} Agreements



BAY AREA
AIR QUALITY
MANAGEMENT
DISTRICT

December 13, 2012

MONTEREY BAY
UNIFIED APCD

2012 DEC 17 PM 4:30

Mr. William Chevalier
Supervising Air Monitoring Specialist
Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District
24580 Silver Cloud Court
Monterey, CA 93940

Dear Mr. Chevalier:

During a recent review of the Annual Network Report for the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD), EPA Region 9 pointed out that we do not have a written agreement to share minimum monitoring requirements with neighboring Air Districts. For PM_{2.5} monitoring in the San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), both of our agencies are required to meet the full minimum monitoring requirements of 40 CFR Part 58 Appendix D, section (2)(e) in the absence of a PM_{2.5} monitoring agreement.

The San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara MSA must have three SLAMS PM_{2.5} monitors to meet EPA minimum monitoring requirements. The BAAQMD operates two SLAMS PM_{2.5} monitors (San Jose and Gilroy) and both instruments are FEM BAM operating continuously. Additionally, the San Jose site has a collocated filter measurement as of October 1, 2012 for quality assurance purposes. The BAAQMD will continue to operate all of the above instruments indefinitely.

The BAAQMD requests Monterey reply to this letter confirming agreement to continue operation of the SLAMS PM_{2.5} FEM BAM at Hollister. As part of the agreement, both agencies will advise each other if changes to the instruments (as shown below) are planned.

	AQS#	Parameter	Method	POC
San Jose	060850005	88101	170	3 (Primary)
San Jose	060850005	88101	145	1 (QA – collocated)
Gilroy	060850002	88101	170	3
Hollister	060690002	88101	170	3

Sincerely,

Eric D. Stevenson
Director, Technical Services Division



BAY AREA
AIR QUALITY
MANAGEMENT
DISTRICT

January 14, 2013

MONTEREY BAY
UNIFIED APCD

2013 JAN 17 PM 4:03

Mr. William Chevalier
Supervising Air Monitoring Specialist
Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District
24580 Silver Cloud Court
Monterey, CA 93940

Dear Mr. Chevalier:

During a recent review of the Annual Network Report for the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD), EPA Region 9 pointed out that we do not have a written agreement to share minimum monitoring requirements with neighboring Air Districts. For PM₁₀ monitoring in the San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), both of our agencies are required to meet the full minimum monitoring requirements of 40 CFR Part 58 Appendix D, section (2)(e) in the absence of a PM₁₀ monitoring agreement.

The San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara MSA must have two SLAMS PM₁₀ monitors to meet EPA minimum monitoring requirements. The BAAQMD operates one SLAMS PM₁₀ monitor at San Jose and will continue to operate this instrument indefinitely.

The BAAQMD requests Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District reply to this letter confirming agreement to continue operating the SLAMS PM₁₀ monitor at Hollister. As part of the agreement, both agencies will advise each other if changes to the instruments (as shown below) are planned.

	AQS#	Parameter	Method	POC
San Jose	060850005	81102	127	1
Hollister	060690002	81102	122	3

Sincerely,

Eric D. Stevenson
Director, Technical Services Division



MBUAPCD

Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District
Serving Monterey, San Benito, and Santa Cruz Counties

24580 Silver Cloud Court
Monterey, CA 93940
PHONE: (831) 647-9411 • FAX: (831) 647-8501

January 22, 2013

Mr. Eric D. Stevenson
Director, Technical Services Division
Bay Area Air Quality Management District
939 Ellis Street
San Francisco, CA 94109

Dear Mr. Stevenson,

In response to your letters dated December 13, 2012, and January 14, 2013, the District will continue the operation of the Hollister air monitoring station (AQS#: 060690002) for purpose of meeting 40 CFR Part 58, Appendix D minimum monitoring requirements. The District's intention is to continue operation of this SLAMs site for both PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} FEM BAM indefinitely. Should the District need to revisit this in the future, we will coordinate with BAAQMD prior to any changes to the station.

Sincerely,

Michael J. Gilroy
Deputy Air Pollution Control Officer
Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District
24580 Silver Cloud Ct.
Monterey, CA 93940
(831) 647-9411



MBUAPCD

Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District
Serving Monterey, San Benito, and Santa Cruz Counties

24580 Silver Cloud Court

Monterey, CA 93940

PHONE: (831) 647-9411 • FAX: (831) 647-8501

May 23, 2014

Mr. Eric D. Stevenson
Director, Technical Services Division
Bay Area Air Quality Management District
939 Ellis Street
San Francisco, CA 94109

Subject: Shared Ozone Monitoring Responsibilities

Dear Mr. Stevenson:

For Ozone monitoring in the San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), both of our agencies are required to meet the full minimum monitoring requirements of 40 CFR Part 58 Appendix D, section (2)(e) in the absence of an Ozone monitoring agreement. The Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District (MBUAPCD) currently operates one SLAMS Ozone monitor in this MSA (at Hollister) but two monitors are required. Therefore, MBUAPCD would like this letter to serve as a monitoring agreement between our two agencies.

The MBUAPCD requests BAAQMD reply to this letter confirming agreement to continue operation of the SLAMS Ozone monitors at San Jose, Los Gatos, Gilroy, and San Martin. Both agencies will advise each other if changes to the instruments listed below are planned.

	AQS#	Parameter	Method	POC
San Jose	060850005	44201	047	1
Los Gatos	060851001	44201	047	1
Gilroy	060850002	44201	047	1
San Martin	060852006	44201	047	1
Hollister	060690002	44201	047	1

Sincerely,

Michael J Gilroy
Deputy Air Pollution Control Officer
Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District
24580 Silver Cloud Court
Monterey, CA 93940
(831) 647-9411



BAY AREA
AIR QUALITY
MANAGEMENT
DISTRICT

2014 JUN 9 AM 8:05

June 4, 2014

Mr. Michael J. Gilroy
Deputy Air Pollution Control Officer
Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District
24580 Silver Cloud Court
Monterey, CA 93940

Dear Mr. Gilroy:

The Bay Area Air Quality Management District has signed the Ozone monitoring agreement as described in your letter of May 23, 2014 (attached). We will continue to operate the Ozone monitors at San Jose, Los Gatos, Gilroy, and San Martin as stated in your letter. We will advise you well in advance if any of these monitors are shutdown or moved to another location.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Eric D. Stevenson".

Eric D. Stevenson
Director, Technical Services Division

Enclosure



MBUAPCD

Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District
Serving Monterey, San Benito, and Santa Cruz Counties

24580 Silver Cloud Court
Monterey, CA 93940

PHONE: (831) 647-9411 • FAX: (831) 647-8501

May 23, 2014

Mr. Eric D. Stevenson
Director, Technical Services Division
Bay Area Air Quality Management District
939 Ellis Street
San Francisco, CA 94109

Subject: Shared NO/NO₂/NO_x Monitoring Responsibilities

Dear Mr. Stevenson:

40 CFR Part 58 Appendix D, section (2)(e), requires air monitoring of oxides of nitrogen to be performed to meet minimum federal requirement for the San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA). The Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District (MBUAPCD) currently does not operate any SLAMS NO₂ monitors in this MSA and would like this letter to serve as a monitoring agreement between our two agencies.

The MBUAPCD requests the Bay Area Air Quality Management District reply to this letter confirming agreement to continue operation of the SLAMS NO₂ monitor at San Jose and advise MBUAPCD if changes to this instrument are planned.

	AQS#	Parameter	Method	POC
San Jose	060850005	42602	074	1

Sincerely,

Michael J. Gilroy
Deputy Air Pollution Control Officer
Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District
24580 Silver Cloud Court
Monterey, CA 93940
(831) 647-9411



BAY AREA
AIR QUALITY
MANAGEMENT
DISTRICT

2014 JUN 9 AM 8:04

June 4, 2014

Mr. Michael J. Gilroy
Deputy Air Pollution Control Officer
Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District
24580 Silver Cloud Court
Monterey, CA 93940

Dear Mr. Gilroy:

The Bay Area Air Quality Management District has signed the NO₂ monitoring agreement as described in your letter of May 23, 2014 (attached). We will continue to operate the NO₂ monitor at San Jose as stated in your letter. We will advise you well in advance if this monitor is shutdown or moved to another location.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Eric D. Stevenson".

Eric D. Stevenson
Director, Technical Services Division

Enclosure



MBUAPCD

Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District
Serving Monterey, San Benito, and Santa Cruz Counties

24580 Silver Cloud Court
Monterey, CA 93940

PHONE: (831) 647-9411 • FAX: (831) 647-8501

June 9, 2014

Mr. Eric D. Stevenson
Director, Technical Services Division
Bay Area Air Quality Management District
939 Ellis Street
San Francisco, CA 94109

Subject: Shared Near-Road CO Monitoring Responsibilities

Dear Mr. Stevenson:

40 CFR Part 58 Subparts 58.10(a)(7), 58.13(e)(1), and Appendix D section 4.3.1, requires near-road monitoring of CO to be performed to meet minimum federal requirements for the San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara Core Based Statistical Area (CBSA), 41940. The Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) is establishing a near-road monitor in San Jose on July 1, 2014 and will take responsibility for meeting these near-road requirements as they currently exist. The Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District (MBUAPCD) currently does not operate any Near-Road CO monitors in this MSA and would like this letter to serve as a monitoring agreement between our two agencies.

The MBUAPCD requests the Bay Area Air Quality Management District reply to this letter confirming agreement to continue operation of the Near-Road CO monitor at San Jose-Knox Avenue and advise MBUAPCD if changes to this instrument are planned.

	AQS#	Parameter	Method	POC
San Jose	060850006	42101	054	1

Sincerely,

Michael J. Gilroy
Deputy Air Pollution Control Officer
Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District
24580 Silver Cloud Court
Monterey, CA 93940
(831) 647-9411



BAY AREA
AIR QUALITY
MANAGEMENT
DISTRICT

MONTEREY BAY
UNIFIED APCD

2014 JUN 20 PM 2:48

June 17, 2014

Mr. Michael J. Gilroy
Deputy Air Pollution Control Officer
Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District
24580 Silver Cloud Court
Monterey, CA 93940

Dear Mr. Gilroy:

The Bay Area Air Quality Management District has signed the CO near-road monitoring agreement as described in your letter of June 9, 2014 (attached). This monitor is not yet operational but we expect it to be so in July 2014. We will continue to operate the near-road CO monitor at San Jose indefinitely and will advise you well in advance if this monitor is shutdown or moved to another location.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Eric D. Stevenson", written over a circular scribble.

Eric D. Stevenson
Director, Technical Services Division

Enclosure



MBUAPCD

Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District
Serving Monterey, San Benito, and Santa Cruz Counties

24580 Silver Cloud Court
Monterey, CA 93940

PHONE: (831) 647-9411 • FAX: (831) 647-8501

May 13, 2015

Mr. Eric D. Stevenson
Director, Technical Services Division
Bay Area Air Quality Management District
939 Ellis Street
San Francisco, CA 94109

Subject: Shared Near-Road CO, NO₂, and PM_{2.5} Monitoring Responsibilities

Dear Mr. Stevenson:

40 CFR Part 58 Subparts 58.10(a)(7), 58.13(e)(1), and Appendix D section 4.3.1, requires near-road monitoring of CO, NO_x, and PM_{2.5} to be performed to meet minimum federal requirements for the San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara Core Based Statistical Area (CBSA), 41940. The Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) established a near-road monitor in San Jose on September 1, 2014 and will take responsibility for meeting these near-road requirements as they currently exist. The Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District (MBUAPCD) currently does not operate any Near-Road CO, NO₂, and PM_{2.5} monitors in this MSA and would like this letter to serve as a monitoring agreement between our two agencies.

The MBUAPCD requests the Bay Area Air Quality Management District reply to this letter confirming agreement to continue operation of the Near-Road CO, NO₂, and PM_{2.5} monitors at San Jose-Knox Avenue and advise MBUAPCD if changes to this instrument are planned.

	AQS#	Parameter	Method	POC
San Jose	060850006	42101	054	1
San Jose	060850006	42602	074	1
San Jose	060850006	88101	170	1

Sincerely,

Michael J. Gilroy
Deputy Air Pollution Control Officer
Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District
24580 Silver Cloud Court
Monterey, CA 93940
(831) 647-9411



BAY AREA
AIR QUALITY
MANAGEMENT
DISTRICT

MONTEREY BAY
UNIFIED APCD

2015 MAY 18 AM 9:00

May 14, 2015

Mr. Michael J. Gilroy
Deputy Air Pollution Control Officer
Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District
24580 Silver Cloud Court
Monterey, CA 93940

Dear Mr. Gilroy:

The Bay Area Air Quality Management District has signed the shared near-road CO, NO₂ and PM_{2.5} monitoring agreement as described in your letter of May 13, 2015 (attached). We will continue to operate these monitors at the San Jose Knox monitoring site (060850006) as stated in your letter. We will advise you in advance if any of these monitors are shutdown or moved to another location.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Eric D. Stevenson".

Eric D. Stevenson
Director, Meteorology, Measurement and Rules Division

Enclosure

Appendix C
EPA Site Waiver for Carmel Valley AMS



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
REGION IX
75 Hawthorne Street
San Francisco, CA 94105

NOV 01 2012

MONTEREY BAY
UNIFIED APCD

2012 NOV -5 PM 2:56

Bill Chevalier
Supervising Air Monitoring Specialist
Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District
24580 Silver Cloud Court
Monterey, California 93940

Dear Mr. Chevalier:

We received your letter dated October 30, 2012, requesting a 40 CFR 58 Appendix E siting waiver for the Carmel Valley (AQS ID 06-053-0002) air monitoring station in Monterey County. Having reviewed the information provided, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) grants a waiver from the spacing from trees requirement in 40 CFR 58 Appendix E, Section 5, for the ozone monitor at the Carmel Valley site.

40 CFR 58 Appendix E, Section 10.1.1 states that a siting waiver may be granted for an existing site provided that the site "...can be demonstrated to be as representative of the monitoring area as it would be if the siting criteria were being met." As shown in the wind rose attachments, the wind comes from the direction of the tree less than 3% of the time. EPA concludes that the tree is not presenting an obstruction and it is unlikely to produce a scrubbing effect that would impact the concentrations recorded at the ozone monitor. We therefore grant the waiver per Section 10.1.1. EPA encourages Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control District to continue monitoring the tree growth and coordinate with the owners to keep the tree trimmed as much as possible.

In future annual network plans, please include this waiver approval as well as a note in the detailed site information section for Carmel Valley. Please also make a note in the comment field in AQS for 06-063-0002-44201 that an Appendix E siting waiver for proximity to trees was granted on 11/1/2012.

Thank you for your correspondence and the thorough data evaluation provided with the site closure request. Should you have any questions, please contact me at 415-972-3851, or Gwen Yoshimura (yoshimura.gwen@epa.gov) at 415-947-4134.

Sincerely,

Matthew Lakin
Manager, Air Quality Analysis Office

cc: Karen Magliano, ARB