# Document Change History

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version #</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Change Author</th>
<th>Change Summary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<tr>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>06/28/2007</td>
<td>Sree Rayankula</td>
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<td>Reneé Rufo</td>
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</tr>
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<td>Reformatted and updated the content</td>
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<td>Reneé Rufo</td>
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<td>Reformatted and updated the content</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>Added Section 2 and Appendix D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.1</td>
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<td>Don Li</td>
<td>Added the executive summary</td>
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<td>Don Li</td>
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<td>Don Li</td>
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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Today web service has become the de facto industry standard to seamlessly exchange information amongst business entities and their customers and partners. The EPA Office of Water has made available a set of web services in order to better serve its STORET user community and the general public.

STORET Web Services provide several technological and business benefits to the users.

- **Interoperability**: STORET Web Services uses XML technology and the HTTP protocol that allow user applications to integrate with STORET system from any platforms using any programming languages.
- **Versatility**: STORET Web Services can be accessed by end users via a simple browser, or they can be accessed by users’ own complex business applications.
- **Real-time Integration**: STORET Web Services are published to UDDI registry and self-describing using WSDL, so STORET users can locate these web services programmatically and invoke them on a real-time basis.
- **Low-cost Integration**: STORET Web Services leverage ubiquitous industry protocols and the web infrastructure, so they require little if any additional technology investment by STORET users. Furthermore, users can design their own applications to receive automatic updates about STORET Web Services via UDDI registry and thus reduce the cost of maintenance.

In summary, STORET Web Services will help users integrate their applications with STORET quickly, easily and at a lower cost than previous generation solutions.

This document provides a description of the STORET Web Services and an introduction to consuming STORET Web Services from other applications. STORET Web Services were developed using Oracle WebServicesAssembler tool, and they are hosted on an OFM-Weblogic Server. The STORET Web Services are based on Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP).

1.1 Purpose

This document aims at providing guidelines to the software developer community intending to consume STORET Web Services. A description of the operations supported by each STORET Web Service is also provided.

1.2 Scope

The currently available STORET Web Services are described in detail in later sections of the document:

- Project Catalog Web Service
- Station Catalog Web Service
- Station Web Service
- STORET Result Web Service
- Watershed Summary Web Service.
Station Catalog Web Service, Watershed Summary Web Service and Project Catalog Web Service provide summary information of the water quality monitoring result data available for stations, watershed and projects. Station Web Service provides monitoring location information of all the stations within a geographic bounding box and STORET Result Web Service provides result data.

Methodology used to consume all of the STORET Web Services is similar. For example, this document outlines the steps involved in consuming the Station Web Service. The same steps should be followed to access the remaining STORET Web Services while using the Uniform Resource Locators (URLs) and client proxy classes relevant to the Web Service(s) being consumed. Operations supported by each Web Service are listed in this document, along with a list of input parameters and other details required for requesting information using the individual operations.

The document only provides the steps to help consume the Web Service, but it does not provide the details of parsing the Extensible Markup Language (XML) output returned by the Web Service.

### 1.3 Acronyms and Definitions

The following table provides a brief description for terms and acronyms used throughout this document.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acronym</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CTM</td>
<td>Contract Task Manager</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPA</td>
<td>U.S. Environmental Protection Agency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jar</td>
<td>Java archive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JRE</td>
<td>Java Runtime Environment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFM</td>
<td>Oracle Fusion Middleware</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OW</td>
<td>Office of Water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QA</td>
<td>Quality Assurance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RPC</td>
<td>Remote Procedure Call</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SEC</td>
<td>Systems Engineering Center</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOAP</td>
<td>Simple Object Access Protocol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STORET</td>
<td>STOrage and RETrieval</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TBD</td>
<td>To Be Determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TO</td>
<td>Task Order</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UDDI</td>
<td>Universal Description Discovery and Integration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>URL</td>
<td>Uniform Resource Locator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WSDL</td>
<td>Web Service Description Language</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WQX</td>
<td>Water Quality Exchange</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XML</td>
<td>Extensible Markup Language</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 1.4 Document Overview

The document provides a brief description of STORET Web Services and the procedure involved in consuming STORET Web Services using a static Web Service client. In Section 2.0, the individual services are described in details including method signatures, input data types, output format, wild card
conventions and exceptions. Section 3.0 provides an overview of the Web Service home pages provided by the Oracle Web Services. Section 4.0 describes the procedure involved in consuming a STORET Web Service. A context diagram is also provided in Section 4.0 to provide a high level overview of the consumption process.
2.0 STORET WEB SERVICES

The STORET Data Warehouse consolidates the surface and ground water quality data received from states, tribes and agencies across the United States. Thus, the STORET data warehouse is a comprehensive source of water quality monitoring data for the entire nation. STORET Web Services are based on STORET Data Warehouse, and they serve as a means of retrieving nationwide water quality information based on a few search criteria.

Station Catalog Web Service, Watershed Summary Web Service and Project Catalog Web Service provide summary information of the water quality monitoring result data available for stations, watershed and projects. Station Web Service provides monitoring location information of all the stations within a geographic bounding box and STORET Result Web Service provides result data.

STORET Web Services are registered to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Universal Description Discovery and Integration (UDDI) registry. The URL to the EPA UDDI registry and the provider name for STORET Web Services is shown in Table 1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>URL of the EPA UDDI Registry</th>
<th>Provider Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://uddi.epacdxnode.net/uddi/bsc/web">https://uddi.epacdxnode.net/uddi/bsc/web</a></td>
<td>Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Office of Water STORET Web Services</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following sections provide the list of web methods supported by each Web Service.

2.1 Project Catalog Web Service

**Web Service End Point:** [http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/ProjectCatalogService/](http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/ProjectCatalogService/)

**Web Service Description Language (WSDL) Location:**
[http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/ProjectCatalogService/?wsdl](http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/ProjectCatalogService/?wsdl)

**Description:** Project Catalog Web Service provides project wide summary of the number of results for each characteristic monitored. The Web Service provides four web methods. Two methods, getProjectInfoByParameters and getProjectInfoByLatLong, return the detail project information in the same format. The information returned by the web methods of Project Catalog Web Service is as follows:

- Identifier and name of each organization and project summary.
- Attributes pertaining to projects that meet the specified criteria, including the project identifier, project name, activity start date, activity end date, characteristic count, result count and result information for each characteristic within the characteristic types found for the specified criteria.
- Names, identifiers, latitude/longitude measures and the HUC of monitoring locations where the project related activities were conducted.

Project Catalog Web Service provides the following web methods:

- getProjectInfoByParameters
- getProjectInfoByLatLong
- getProjectCountByParameters
- getProjectCountByLatLong

These methods are described, in detail, in the following subsections with the parameters and information required for consumption.
2.1.1 getProjectInfoByParameters

Signature: getProjectInfoByParameters(String OrganizationIdentifier, String ProjectIdentifier, String StationIdentifier, String HydrologicUnitcode)

Description: Returns project information that satisfies the specified criteria. Information returned by the web method is listed under “Description” in section 2.1. The maximum number of output per request by this web method is restricted to **200**. This limit is re-configurable and can be changed in production. If the number of projects requested exceeds the limit, then the method will notify the end user to narrow down the search criteria in order to reduce the number of projects requested. Users can also use getProjectCountByParameters method to find out whether the getProjectInfoByParameters output exceeds the above limit.

Input Parameters: Arguments provided as input must be non-null values. An empty string is allowed to be passed for all the string type parameters that are marked optional. A non-empty value is required for all the required parameters. Input parameters of the web method are listed in Table 2.1.1.1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial #</th>
<th>Input Parameter</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Mandatory/Optional</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Organization Identifier</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Conditionally optional</td>
<td>Organization Identifier is required whenever a non-empty value is provided for Project Identifier or Station Identifier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Project Identifier</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>When a non-empty value is specified for Project Identifier, Organization Identifier must also be provided</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Station Identifier</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>When a non-empty value is specified for Station Identifier, Organization Identifier must also be provided</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Hydrologic Unit Code</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>Identifier of the watershed, for which information is being requested</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Output Format: An XML document that conforms to the Project Catalog Web Service output schema. A pictorial view of the Project Catalog Web Service output XML schema can be seen in Figure 6, Appendix D.

Output XML Schema Location: TBD

Exceptions that can be thrown while consuming the web method are listed in Table 2.1.1.2.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exception Type</th>
<th>Potential Cause for the Exception</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>javax.xml.rpc.soap.SOAPFaultException</td>
<td>One of the following input conditions will cause SOAPFaultException:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. A non-empty value is provided for Project Identifier, but a null value or an empty string is provided for organization identifier</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Exception Type

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Potential Cause for the Exception</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2. A non-empty value is provided for Station Identifier, but a null value or an empty string is provided for organization identifier</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Example usage:

```java
String _soapURL = “http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/ProjectCatalogService/”;
ProjectCatalogServiceProxy wsStub = new ProjectCatalogServiceProxy();
wStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
try{
    Element projectCatalogXML = wsStub.getProjectInfoByParameters(
        “emap-cs”,””,””,””
    );
    //process projectCatalogXML to extract the required information
}catch(…..){}
```

### 2.1.2 getProjectInfoByLatLong

**Signature:** `getProjectInfoByLatLong(float MinimumLatitude, float MaximumLatitude, float MinimumLongitude, float MaximumLongitude)`

**Description:** Returns project information from all the monitoring locations that fall under the specified geographic bounding box. Information returned by the web method is listed under "Description" in section 2.1. The maximum number of output per request by this web method is restricted to 200. This limit is re-configurable and can be changed in production. If the number of projects requested exceeds the limit, then the method will notify the end user to narrow down the search criteria in order to reduce the number of projects requested. Users can also use getProjectCountByLatLong method to find out whether the getProjectInfoByLatLong output exceeds the above limit.

**Input Parameters:** Arguments provided as input must be non-null values. An empty string is allowed to be passed for all the string type parameters that are marked optional. A non-empty string value is required for all the required parameters. Input parameters of the web method are listed in Table 2.1.2.1.

### Table 2.1.2.1 getProjectInfoByLatLong

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial #</th>
<th>Input Parameter</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Mandatory/Optional</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Minimum Latitude</td>
<td>float</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>A non-numeric value will result in java.langNumberFormatException</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Maximum Latitude</td>
<td>float</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>A non-numeric value will result in java.langNumberFormatException</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Minimum Longitude</td>
<td>float</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>A non-numeric value will result in java.langNumberFormatException</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Maximum Longitude</td>
<td>float</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>A non-numeric value will result in java.langNumberFormatException</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Output Format:** An XML document that conforms to the Project Catalog Web Service output schema. A pictorial view of the Project Catalog Web Service output XML schema can be seen in Figure 6, Appendix D.

**Output XML Schema Location:** TBD
Exceptions that can be thrown while consuming the web method are listed in Table 2.1.2.2.

### Table 2.1.2.2 Possible Exceptions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exception Type</th>
<th>Potential Cause for the Exception</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Java.lang.NumberFormatException</td>
<td>A non-numeric value is provided for any input parameters</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Example Usage:**

```java
String _soapURL = "http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/ProjectCatalogService/";
ProjectCatalogServiceProxy wsStub = new ProjectCatalogServiceProxy();
wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
try{
    Element projectCatalogXML = wsStub.getProjectInfoByLatLong(
        New Float(30), new Float(40), new Float(-90), new Float(-70));
    //process projectCatalogXML to extract the required information
}catch(…..){
}
```

### 2.1.3 getProjectCountByParameters

**Signature:** getProjectCountByParameters(String OrganizationIdentifier, String StationIdentifier, String HydrologicUnitcode)

**Description:** Returns the number of projects that satisfy the specified criteria.

**Input Parameters:** Arguments provided as input must be non-null values. An empty string is allowed to be passed for all the string type parameters that are marked optional. A non-empty value is required for all the required parameters. Input parameters of the web method are listed in Table 2.1.3.1.

### Table 2.1.3.1 getProjectCountbyParameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial #</th>
<th>Input Parameter</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Mandatory/Optional</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Organization Identifier</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Conditionally optional</td>
<td>Organization Identifier is required whenever a non-empty value is provided for Project Identifier or Station Identifier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Station Identifier</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>When a non-empty value is specified for Station Identifier, Organization Identifier must also be provided.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Hydrologic Unit Code</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>Identifier of the watershed, for which information is being requested.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Output Format:** An integer that represents the number of projects is embedded in a SOAP envelope.

**Output XML Schema Location:** TBD
Exceptions that can be thrown while consuming the web method are listed in Table 2.1.3.2.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Possible Exceptions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Exception Type</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| javax.xml.rpc.soap.SOAPFaultException | One of the following input conditions will cause SOAPFaultException:  
1. A non-empty value is provided for Station Identifier, but a null value or an empty string is provided for organization identifier. |

**Example usage:**

```java
String _soapURL = "http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/ProjectCatalogService/";
ProjectCatalogServiceProxy wsStub = new ProjectCatalogServiceProxy();
wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
try{
  Integer projectCount = wsStub.getProjectCountByParameters("emap-cs","");
  int projCount = projectCount.intValue();
}catch(…..){}
```

2.1.4 **getProjectCountByLatLong**

**Signature:** getProjectCountByLatLong(float MinimumLatitude, float MaximumLatitude, float MinimumLongitude, float MaximumLongitude)

**Description:** Returns the number of projects from all the monitoring locations that fall under the specified geographic bounding box.

**Input Parameters:** Arguments provided as input must be non-null values. An empty string is allowed to be passed for all the string type parameters that are marked optional. A non-empty string value is required for all the required parameters. Input parameters of the web method are listed in Table 2.1.4.1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial #</th>
<th>Input Parameter</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Mandatory/Optional</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Minimum Latitude</td>
<td>float</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>A non-numeric value will result in java.lang.NumberFormatException.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Maximum Latitude</td>
<td>float</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>A non-numeric value will result in java.lang.NumberFormatException.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Minimum Longitude</td>
<td>float</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>A non-numeric value will result in java.lang.NumberFormatException.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Maximum Longitude</td>
<td>float</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>A non-numeric value will result in java.lang.NumberFormatException.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Output Format:** An integer that represents the number of projects is embedded in a SOAP envelope.
Exceptions that can be thrown while consuming the web method are listed in Table 2.1.4.2.

**Table 2.1.4.2 Possible Exceptions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exception Type</th>
<th>Potential Cause for the Exception</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Java.lang.NumberFormatException</td>
<td>A non-numeric value is provided for any input parameters</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Example Usage:**

```java
String _soapURL = “http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/ProjectCatalogService/”;
ProjectCatalogServiceProxy wsStub = new ProjectCatalogServiceProxy();
wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
try{
    Integer projectCount = wsStub.getProjectCountByLatLong(
        New Float(30), new Float(40), new Float(-90), new Float(-70));
    int projCount = projectCount.intValue();
}catch(…..){}
```

### 2.2 Station Catalog Web Service

**Web Service End Point:** [http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationCatalogService/](http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationCatalogService/)

**WSDL Location:** [http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationCatalogService/?wsdl](http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationCatalogService/?wsdl)

**Description:** The Station Catalog Web Service provides a station-wide summary of results available for each characteristic. The web methods of this Web Service accept different sets of parameters but return station summary information in the same format. Except for the ‘getWebServiceCatalog’ method, all other web methods return station summary information in the following format:

- Organization identifier and name
- Station identifier, station name, latitude/longitude, and the hydrologic unit code of the watershed to which the station belongs
- Activity start date, activity stop date, characteristic count and result count of each station
- Characteristic-based result counts and the period of record for each characteristic type within each station returned

In addition, the Station Catalog Web Service provides the ‘getWebServiceCatalog’ web method that allows the clients to request information about all the other web methods provided by the Web Service.

The following is a list of web methods supported by the Station Catalog Web Service:

- `getWatershedOrgStationCharTypeSummary`
- `getStationCharTypeSummaryUsingXMLInput`
- `getStationCharacteristicSummary`
- `getStationCharTypeSummaryUsingStringInput`
- `getWatershedStationCharTypeSummary`.

The following subsections describe the above methods, list the parameters, and provide the information for consumption.
2.2.1 getWatershedOrgStationCharTypeSummary

**Signature:** getWatershedOrgStationCharTypeSummary(String HydrologicUnitCode, String OrganizationIdentifier)

**Description:** Provides station catalog information described in section 2.2 for the specified criteria.

**Input Parameters:** Arguments provided as input must be non-null values. An empty string is allowed to be passed for all the string type parameters that are marked optional. A non-empty value is required, for all the required parameters. Input parameters of the web method are listed in Table 2.2.1.1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial #</th>
<th>Input Parameter</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Mandatory/Optional</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Hydrologic Unit Code</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Unique identifier of the watershed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Organization Identifier</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Identifier of the organization that has monitoring locations within the watershed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Output Format:** An XML document that conforms to the Station Catalog Web Service output schema. A pictorial view of the Station Catalog Web Service output XML schema can be seen in Figure 7, Appendix D.

**Output XML Schema Location:** TBD

**Example Usage:**

```java
String _soapURL = "http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationCatalogService/");
StationCatalogServiceProxy wsStub = new StationCatalogServiceProxy();
wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
try{
    Element stationCatalogXML = wsStub.getWatershedOrgStationCharTypeSummary
                             ("02060007","MDEDAT04");
    //process stationCatalogXML to extract the required information
}catch(…..){
}
```

2.2.2 getStationCharTypeSummaryUsingXMLInput

**Signature:** getStationCharTypeSummaryUsingXMLInput(Element xmlStationIdsDocument)

**Description:** Provides station catalog information described in section 2.2 for the specified criteria.

**Input Parameters:** Arguments provided as input must be non-null values. Input parameters of the web method are listed in Table 2.2.2.1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial #</th>
<th>Input Parameter</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Mandatory/Optional</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Station XML</td>
<td>Element</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>An XML document containing a list of organization and station identifiers, for which information is being requested</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Output Format: An XML document that conforms to the Station Catalog Web Service output schema. A pictorial view of the Station Catalog Web Service output XML schema can be seen in Figure 7, Appendix D.

Output XML Schema Location: TBD

Example Usage:

```java
String _soapURL = "http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationCatalogService/";
StationCatalogServiceProxy wsStub = new StationCatalogServiceProxy();
wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
try{
    Element stationIdentifierXML = getStationIdentifiersXML();
    Element stationCatalogXML = wsStub.getStationCharTypeSummaryUsingXMLInput(stationIdentifierXML);
    //process stationCatalogXML to extract the required information
}catch(.....){
}
```

2.2.3  getStationCharacteristicSummary

**Signature:** getStationCharacteristicSummary(String CharacteristicType, String StationIdentifier, String OrganizationIdentifier)

**Description:** Provides station catalog information described in section 2.2 for the specified criteria.

**Input Parameters:** Arguments provided as input must be non-null values. An empty string is allowed to be passed for all the string type parameters that are marked optional. A non-empty value is required for all parameters marked mandatory. Input parameters of the web method are listed in Table 2.2.3.1.

**Table 2.2.3.1 getStationCharacteristicSummary**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial #</th>
<th>Input Parameter</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Mandatory/Optional</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Char Type</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Characteristic type name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Station Identifier</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Identifier of the monitoring location</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Organization Identifier</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Identifier of the organization</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Output Format: An XML document that conforms to the Station Catalog Web Service output schema. A pictorial view of the Station Catalog Web Service output XML schema can be seen in Figure 7, Appendix D.

Output XML Schema Location: TBD

Example Usage:

```java
String _soapURL = "http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationCatalogService/";
StationCatalogServiceProxy wsStub = new StationCatalogServiceProxy();
wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
try{
    Element stationCatalogXML = wsStub.getStationCharTypeSummaryUsingXMLInput("Microbiological", "WISCHU", "MDEDAT08");
    //process stationCatalogXML to extract the required information
}catch(.....){
}
2.2.4  getStationCharTypeSummaryUsingStringInput

Signature: getStationCharTypeSummaryUsingStringInput(String StationIdentifierInputstring)

Description: Provides station catalog information described in section 2.2 for the specified criteria.

Input Parameters: Arguments provided as input must be non-null values. An empty string is allowed to be passed for all the string type parameters that are marked optional. A non-empty value is required for all the parameters marked mandatory. Input parameters of the web method are listed in Table 2.2.4.1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial #</th>
<th>Input Parameter</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Mandatory/Optional</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 1        | Station Identifier Input String | String | Mandatory | Organization Identifier and Station identifier are separated by a comma, and enclosed inside parenthesis. Information for multiple stations can be requested by specifying a number of organization identifier and station identifier pairs, each separated by a semi-colon.
Example 1: (EMAP-CS, VA93-640)
Example 2: (EMAP-CS, VA93-640);(MDEDAT04, ADW0001) |

Output Format: An XML document that conforms to the Station Catalog Web Service output schema. A pictorial view of the Station Catalog Web Service output XML schema can be seen in Figure 7, Appendix D.

Output XML Schema Location: TBD

Example Usage:

```java
String _soapURL = "http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationCatalogService/";
StationCatalogServiceProxy wsStub = new StationCatalogServiceProxy();
wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
try{
    Element stationCatalogXML = wsStub.getStationCharTypeSummaryUsingStringInput
                          ("(EMAP-CS, VA93-640);(MDEDAT04, ADW0001)");
                          //process stationCatalogXML to extract the required information
}
```

2.2.5  getWatershedStationCharTypeSummary

Signature: getWatershedStationCharTypeSummary(String HydrologicUnitCode).

Description: Provides station catalog information described in section 2.2 for the specified criteria.

Input Parameters: Arguments provided as input must be non-null values. An empty string is allowed to be passed for all the string type parameters that are marked optional. A non-empty value is required for all the required parameters. Input parameters of the web method are listed in Table 2.2.6.1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial #</th>
<th>Input Parameter</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Mandatory/Optional</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 1        | Hydrologic Unit Code | String | Mandatory | Organization Identifier and Station identifier are separated by a comma, and enclosed inside parenthesis. Information for multiple stations can be requested by specifying a number of organization identifier and station identifier pairs, each separated by a semi-colon.
Example 1: (EMAP-CS, VA93-640)
Example 2: (EMAP-CS, VA93-640);(MDEDAT04, ADW0001) |

Output Format: An XML document that conforms to the Station Catalog Web Service output schema. A pictorial view of the Station Catalog Web Service output XML schema can be seen in Figure 7, Appendix D.

Output XML Schema Location: TBD

Example Usage:

```java
String _soapURL = "http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationCatalogService/";
StationCatalogServiceProxy wsStub = new StationCatalogServiceProxy();
wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
try{
    Element stationCatalogXML = wsStub.getWatershedStationCharTypeSummaryUsingStringInput
                          ("(EMAP-CS, VA93-640);(MDEDAT04, ADW0001)");
                          //process stationCatalogXML to extract the required information
}
```
### Station Catalog Web Service

**Output Format:** An XML document that conforms to the Station Catalog Web Service output schema. A pictorial view of the Station Catalog Web Service can be seen in Figure 7, Appendix D.

**Example Usage:**

```java
String _soapURL = "http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationCatalogService/";
StationCatalogServiceProxy wsStub = new StationCatalogServiceProxy();
wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
try{
    Element stationCatalogXML = wsStub.getWatershedStationCharTypeSummary("02060007");
    //process stationCatalogXML to extract the required information
}catch(…..){
}
```

### 2.3 Station Web Service

**Web Service End Point:** [http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationService/](http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationService/)

**WSDL Location:** [http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationService/?wsdl](http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationService/?wsdl)

**Description:** The Station Web Service provides information pertaining to all the monitoring locations within a specified geographic bounding box. The service also provides the identifier and formal name of the parent organization to which the monitoring location(s) belong. A geographic bounding box is specified by using minimum latitude, maximum latitude, minimum longitude and maximum longitude.

The following is a list of web methods supported by the Station Web Service:

- `getStationsForMap`
- `getStationInfo`
- `getStationCount`

The following subsections describe the above methods, list the parameters, and provide the information for consumption.

#### 2.3.1 `getStationsForMap`

**Description:** Returns the following information for the monitoring locations located within the specified geographic bounding box:

- Identifier and name of all the parent organizations that have monitoring locations within the specified geographic bounding box.
- Attributes related to Monitoring Location Identity, including Monitoring Location Identifier, Monitoring Location Name, and Monitoring Location Type Name.
- Latitude Measure and Longitude Measure of the monitoring locations.

The maximum number of output per request by this web method is restricted to **20000**. This limit is reconfigurable and can be changed in production. If the number of stations requested exceeds the limit, then the method will notify the end user to narrow down the search criteria in order to reduce the number of stations requested. Users can also use `getStationCount` method to find out whether the `getStationsForMap` output exceeds the above limit.
Input Parameters: Arguments provided as input must be non-null values. An empty string is allowed to be passed for all the string type parameters that are marked optional. A non-empty value is required for all the required parameters. Input parameters of the web method are listed in Table 2.3.1.1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial #</th>
<th>Input Parameter</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Mandatory/Optional</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Minimum Latitude</td>
<td>float</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Must be a numeric value. Non-numeric values cause a java.lang.NumberFormatException</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Maximum Latitude</td>
<td>float</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Must be a numeric value. Non-numeric values cause a java.lang.NumberFormatException</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Minimum Longitude</td>
<td>float</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Must be a numeric value. Non-numeric values cause a java.lang.NumberFormatException</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Maximum Longitude</td>
<td>float</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Must be a numeric value. Non-numeric values cause a java.lang.NumberFormatException</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Output Format: An XML document that conforms to the Station Web Service output schema. A pictorial view of the Station Web Service output XML schema can be seen in Figure 8.1, Appendix D.

Exceptions that can be thrown while consuming the web method are listed in Table 2.3.1.2.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exception Type</th>
<th>Potential Cause for the Exception</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>java.lang.NumberFormatException</td>
<td>A non-numeric value is provided for any input parameters</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example Usage:

```java
String _soapURL = "http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationService/";
StationServiceProxy wsStub = new StationServiceProxy();
wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
try{
    Element stationXML = wsStub.getStationsForMap(new Float(30), new Float(40),
                                                    New Float(-90), new Float(-70));
    //process stationXML to extract the required information
}catch(…..){
}
```

2.3.2 getStationInfo

Signature: getStationInfo(String StationIdentifierInputstring)

Description: Returns the following information for the monitoring locations specified in the input string.
Identifier and name of all the parent organizations that have monitoring locations within the specified geographic bounding box.

Attributes related to Monitoring Location Identity, including Monitoring Location Identifier, Monitoring Location Name, Monitoring Location Type Name, Eight Digit Hydrologic Unit Code, and Hydrologic Unit Name for all the Monitoring Locations within the specified geographic bounding box.

Attributes that help establish Geospatial Identity of the monitoring locations, such as Latitude Measure, Longitude Measure, Horizontal Collection Method Name, County Name, State Name and Country Name.

For a complete list of Monitoring Location Identity and Geospatial Identity attributes returned by the Web Service, please refer to the Station Web Service Output Schema.

Input Parameters: Arguments provided as input must be non-null values. An empty string is allowed to be passed for all the string type parameters that are marked optional. A non-empty value is required for all the parameters marked mandatory. Input parameters of the web method are listed in Table 2.3.2.1.

Table 2.3.2.1 getStationInfo

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial #</th>
<th>Input Parameter</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Mandatory/Optional</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Station Identifier</td>
<td>Input String</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Output Format: An XML document that conforms to the Station Web Service output schema. A pictorial view of the Station Web Service output XML schema can be seen in Figure 8.2, Appendix D.

Output XML Schema Location: TBD

Table 2.3.2.2 Possible Exceptions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exception Type</th>
<th>Potential Cause for the Exception</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>javax.xml.rpc.soap.SOAPFaultException</td>
<td>A value that does not conform to the (orgId, StationId) forma</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example Usage:

```
String _soapURL = "http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservice/StationService/";
StationServiceProxy wsStub = new StationServiceProxy();
wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
try{
```

Element stationXML
wsStub.getStationinfo
("(EMAP-CS, VA93-640);(MDEDAT04, ADW0001)"");
//process stationXML to extract the required information
}
catch(....){
}

2.3.3 getStationCount

Description: Returns the number of monitoring stations that satisfy the specified criteria.

Input Parameters: Arguments provided as input must be non-null values. An empty string is allowed to be
passed for all the string type parameters that are marked optional. A non-empty value is required for all
the required parameters. Input parameters of the web method are listed in Table 2.3.3.1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial #</th>
<th>Input Parameter</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Mandatory/ Optional</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Minimum Latitude</td>
<td>float</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Must be a numeric value. Non-numeric values cause a java.lang.NumberFormatException</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Maximum Latitude</td>
<td>float</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Must be a numeric value. Non-numeric values cause a java.lang.NumberFormatException</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Minimum Longitude</td>
<td>float</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Must be a numeric value. Non-numeric values cause a java.lang.NumberFormatException</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Maximum Longitude</td>
<td>float</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Must be a numeric value. Non-numeric values cause a java.lang.NumberFormatException</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Output Format: An integer that represents the number of stations is embedded in a SOAP envelope.

Exceptions that can be thrown while consuming the web method are listed in Table 2.3.3.2.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exception Type</th>
<th>Potential Cause for the Exception</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>java.lang.NumberFormatException</td>
<td>A non-numeric value is provided for any input parameters.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example Usage:
String _soapURL = “http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationService/”;
StationServiceProxy wsStub = new StationServiceProxy();
wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
try{
    Integer stationCount = wsStub.getStationCount(new Float(30), new Float(40), New Float(-90), new Float(-70));
}
2.4 STORET Result Web Service

Web Service End Point: http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StoretResultService/
WSDL Location: http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StoretResultService/?wsdl

Description: The STORET Result Web Service returns result information of organizations based on the criteria specified. The result information is returned as part of the parent activity for each organization. The results XML output returned by the Web Services conforms to the XML output schema defined for the Web service.

The following is the web methods supported by STORET Result Web Service:

- get.ActivityCount
- getResults
- getResultCount

The following subsections describe the web methods of the Web Service, list the parameters, and provide the information for consuming the web methods.

2.4.1 get.ActivityCount

Description: Returns the number of activities available for the specified criteria.

Input Parameters: Arguments provided as input must be non-null values. An empty string is allowed to be passed for all the string type parameters that are marked optional. A non-empty value is required for all the required parameters. Input parameters of the web method are listed in Table 2.4.1.1.
### Table 2.4.1.1 `getActivityCount`

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial #</th>
<th>Input Parameter</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Mandatory/Optional</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Organization Identifier</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Conditionally optional</td>
<td>A value must be provided for the Organization Identifier whenever a value is specified for one of the following: Activity Identifier, Monitoring Location Identifier, Project Identifier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Activity Identifier</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>The Organization Identifier must also be specified whenever an Activity Identifier is specified. Otherwise, the call to the web method will result in a SOAPFaultException. Exact match to a valid value is not required. Partial values are recognized.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Activity Type</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>Monitoring activity type. Exact match to a valid value is not required. Partial values are recognized.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Monitoring Location Identifier</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>The Organization Identifier must also be specified whenever a Monitoring Location Identifier is specified. Otherwise, the call to the web method will result in a SOAPFaultException.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Monitoring Location Type</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>Type of monitoring location. Exact match to a valid value is not required. Partial values are recognized.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Project Identifier</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>Organization Identifier must also be specified whenever a Project Identifier is specified. Otherwise the call to the web method will result in a SOAPFaultException.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Minimum Activity Start Date</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>Minimum Activity Start Date of the format MM/DD/YYYY.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Maximum Activity Start Date</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>Maximum Activity Start Date of the format MM/DD/YYYY.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Characteristic Type</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>Characteristic type name. Exact match to a valid value is not required. Partial values are recognized.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Characteristic Name</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>Display or search name of the characteristic. Exact match to a valid value is not required. Partial values are recognized. For instance, the following two values for characteristic name are considered valid by the Web Service: Example 1: Nitrogen, ammonium (NH₄) as NH₄ Example 2: NH₄</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Output Format: An integer that represents the number of activities is embedded in a SOAP envelope.

Exceptions that can be thrown while consuming the web method are listed in Table 2.4.1.2.

Table 2.4.1.2 Possible Exceptions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exception Type</th>
<th>Potential Cause for the Exception</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>javax.xml.rpc.soap.SOAPFaultException</td>
<td>One of the following conditions will cause a SOAPFaultException:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. All of the values passed as arguments to the web method are empty.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. A non-empty value is specified for one of the following input parameters: Activity Identifier, Monitoring Location Identifier, and Project Identifier, but the value provided for the Organization Identifier is empty.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Minimum or Maximum Activity Start Date is provided in an incorrect format.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>java.lang.NullPointerException</td>
<td>A null value is provided for one of the input parameters.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example Usage:

```java
String _soapURL = "http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StoretResultService/";
StoretResultServiceProxy wsStub = new StoretResultServiceProxy();
wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
try{
    Integer objActivityCount = wsStub.getActivityCount("EMAP-CS", ",", ",", ",", ",", "01/01/1980", ",", ",");
    int activityCount = objActivityCount.intValue();
}catch(…..){
}
```

2.4.2 getResults

Description: Returns result information based on specified criteria. The result information returned for each organization is attached to the parent activity. The maximum number of output per request by this web method is restricted to **20000**. This limit is re-configurable and can be changed in production. If the number of results requested exceeds the limit set on the maximum number of results, then the web method will notify the end user to narrow down the search criteria in order to reduce the number of results requested. Users can also use getResultCount method to find out whether the getResults output exceeds the above limit.

Input Parameters: Arguments provided as input must be non-null values. An empty string is allowed to be passed for all the string type parameters that are marked optional. A non-empty value is required for all the required parameters. Input parameters of the web method are listed in Table 2.4.2.1.

Table 2.4.2.1 getResults

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial #</th>
<th>Input Parameter</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Mandatory/Optional</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Organization</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Conditionally</td>
<td>A value must be provided for the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serial #</td>
<td>Input Parameter</td>
<td>Data Type</td>
<td>Mandatory/Optional</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------</td>
<td>----------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>--------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Identifier</td>
<td></td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>organization identifier if the minimum/maximum latitude/longitude measures are not provided.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Monitoring Location Identifiers</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>Comma delimited station IDs, e.g., ULBPS019, ULBPS021, ULBPS086. The Organization Identifier must also be specified whenever Monitoring Location Identifiers is specified. Otherwise, the call to the web method will result in a SOAPFaultException.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Monitoring Location Type</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>Monitoring location type. <strong>Exact match to a valid value is not required. It matches only against the leading characters.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Minimum Activity Start Date</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>Minimum Activity Start Date of the format MM/DD/YYYY.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Maximum Activity Start Date</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>Maximum Activity Start Date of the format MM/DD/YYYY.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Minimum Latitude</td>
<td>float</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>Must be a numeric value. Non-numeric values cause a java.lang.NumberFormatException.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Maximum Latitude</td>
<td>float</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>Must be a numeric value. Non-numeric values cause a java.lang.NumberFormatException.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Minimum Longitude</td>
<td>float</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>Must be a numeric value. Non-numeric values cause a java.lang.NumberFormatException.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Maximum Longitude</td>
<td>float</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>Must be a numeric value. Non-numeric values cause a java.lang.NumberFormatException.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Characteristic Type</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Conditionally Optional</td>
<td>Characteristic type name. If latitude and longitude measures are provided, either this parameter or Characteristic Name must be provided.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Exact match to a valid value is not required. It matches only against the leading characters.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Characteristic Name</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Conditionally Optional</td>
<td>Display or search name of the characteristic. If latitude and longitude measures are provided, either this parameter or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Serial # | Input Parameter | Data Type | Mandatory/Optional | Description
---|---|---|---|---
12 | Result Type | String | Optional | Legitimate values include: regular, biological and habitat. Any other values will be defaulted to ‘regular’.

**Note:** Minimum latitude, Maximum latitude, Minimum longitude and Maximum longitude are optional, but these four must be provided together. If they are provided, either “Characteristic Type” or “Characteristic Name” becomes mandatory.

**Caution:** If the latitude/longitude bounding box specified is too big, it may take a long time for this method to respond.

**Output Format:** An XML document that conforms to the STORET Result Web Service output schema. A pictorial view of the STORET Result Web Service output XML schema can be seen in Figure 9, Appendix D.

Exceptions that can be thrown while consuming the web method are listed in Table 2.4.2.2.

**Table 2.4.2.2 Possible Exceptions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exception Type</th>
<th>Potential Cause for the Exception</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| javax.xml.rpc.soap.SOAPFaultException | One of the following conditions will cause a SOAPFaultException:
1. All of the values passed as arguments to the web method are empty.
2. The organization Identifier is empty while minimum/maximum latitude/longitude are not provided.
3. Minimum or Maximum Activity Start Date is not provided in correct format.
4. Minimum/maximum latitude/longitude measures are not valid.
| java.lang.NullPointerException | A null value is provided for one of the input parameters. |

**Example Usage 1:**

```java
String _soapURL = “http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StoretResultService/”;
StoretResultServiceProxy wsStub = new StoretResultServiceProxy();
wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
try{```
Element resultXML = wsStub.getResults("EMAP-CS", 
"ULBPS019,ULBPS021,ULBPS086", “River”, 
"01/01/1980", “01/01/2001”, “”, “”, “”, “”, 
“metal”, “copp”, “regular”); 
//process resultXML to extract the required information
}catch(…..){
}

**Example Usage 2:**
String _soapURL = “http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservice/StoretResultService/”;
StoretResultServiceProxy wsStub = new StoretResultServiceProxy();
wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
try{
    Element resultXML = wsStub.getResults("", "", "", 
    "", "", "36", "36.2", "-80", "-79.8", “metal”, 
    “copp”, “regular”);
    //process resultXML to extract the required information
    }catch(…..){
}

### 2.4.3 `getResultCount`

**Description:** Returns the number of results matching the search criteria. **Input Parameters:** This method shares the identical input parameters as in Section 2.4.2 (getResults).

**Output Format:** An integer that represents the number of results is embedded in a SOAP envelope.

Exceptions that can be thrown while consuming the web method are listed in Table 2.4.3.1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Table 2.4.3.1</strong> Possible Exceptions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Exception Type</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>javax.xml.rpc.soap.SOAPFaultException</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>java.lang.NullPointerException</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Example Usage 1:**
String _soapURL = “http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservice/StoretResultService/”;
StoretResultServiceProxy wsStub = new StoretResultServiceProxy();
wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
try{
Example Usage 2:

```java
Integer resultNumber = wsStub.getResultCount("EMAP-CS", "ULBPS019,ULBPS021,ULBPS086", "River", "01/01/1980", "01/01/2001", "", ",", ",", ",", ",", "metal", "copp", "regular");
int resultNum = resultNumber.intValue();
}
catch(…..){
}
```

2.5 Watershed Summary Web Service


WSDL Location: [http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservice/WatershedSummaryService/?wsdl](http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservice/WatershedSummaryService/?wsdl)

Description: The Watershed Summary Web Service provides organization and characteristic summary information aggregated at the watershed level or aggregated for a given organization within the watershed. The operations provided by the Web Service are described in the sub-sections of this section.

The following is a list of web methods supported by the Watershed Summary Web Service:

- getOrganizationSummary
- getCharTypeCharacteristicSummary
- getCharacteristicSummary
- getOrganizationCharTypeSummary
- getOrganizationCharTypeCharacteristicSummary
- getCharTypeSummary

The subsections below describe the above methods, list the parameters, and provide the information for consuming the web methods.
2.5.1 getOrganizationSummary

Description: The web method returns a summary of result information for each organization within the watershed identified by the given hydrologic unit code. The organization summary information returned by the web method includes characteristic types, number and names of characteristics studied and the number of results logged for each characteristic. The types of information returned by the web method are listed below:

- Number of organizations within the watershed
- Number of stations within the watershed
- Total number of characteristics monitored within the watershed
- Total number of results logged throughout the watershed
- Summary information about each organization within the watershed, including organization identifier, organization name, activity start date, activity end date and number of stations
- Characteristic types monitored for each organization within the watershed
- Characteristics of each characteristic type that were monitored, and the number of results and the period of record for each characteristic.

Input Parameters: Arguments provided as input must be non-null values. An empty string is allowed to be passed for all the string type parameters that are marked optional. A non-empty value is required for all the required parameters. Input parameters of the web method are listed in Table 2.5.1.1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial #</th>
<th>Input Parameter</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Mandatory/Optional</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Hydrologic Unit Code</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Unique watershed identifier</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Output Format: An XML document that conforms to Watershed Summary Web Service output schema. A pictorial view of the Watershed Summary Web Service output XML schema can be seen in Figure 10, Appendix D.

Example Usage:

```java
String _soapURL = "http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/WatershedSummaryService/";
WatershedSummaryServiceProxy wsStub = new WatershedSummaryServiceProxy();
wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
try{
    Element orgInfo = wsStub.getOrganizationSummary("02060007");
    //process the result XML
}catch(....){
}  
```
2.5.2 getCharTypeCharacteristicSummary

**Description:** Provides result summary information for the specified characteristic type within a specified watershed, identified by the Hydrologic Unit Code. The following information can be extracted from the XML returned by the web method:

- Total number of characteristics of all characteristic types monitored within the watershed
- Total number of results logged for all characteristic types within the watershed
- Number of characteristics of the specified characteristic type that were monitored within the given watershed
- Number of results and the period of record for each characteristic of the specified characteristic type within the watershed.

**Input Parameters:** Arguments provided as input must be non-null values. An empty string is allowed to be passed for all the string type parameters that are marked optional. A non-empty value is required for all the required parameters. Input parameters of the web method are listed in Table 2.5.2.1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial #</th>
<th>Input Parameter</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Mandatory/Optional</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Characteristic Type</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Characteristic type name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Hydrologic Unit Code</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Unique identifier of the watershed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Output Format:** An XML document that conforms to Watershed Summary Web Service output schema. A pictorial view of the Watershed Summary Web Service output XML schema can be seen in Figure 10, Appendix D.

**Example Usage:**

```java
String _soapURL = "http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/WatershedSummaryService/";
WatershedSummaryServiceProxy wsStub = new WatershedSummaryServiceProxy();
wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
try{
    Element charTypeCharInfo =
        wsStub.getCharTypeCharacteristicSummary("Metal", "02060007");
    //process the result XML
}catch(....){
}
```
2.5.3 getCharacteristicSummary

Description: Given a hydrologic unit code, the web method returns a count of characteristics that were used for monitoring and the total number of results logged for the watershed identified by the hydrologic unit code. The method also lists the characteristic types and number of results for each characteristic for the characteristic types listed. The method provides the following types of information for the specified watershed:

- Total number of characteristics monitored in the watershed
- Total number of results logged for the watershed
- Characteristic types that were monitored in the watershed
- Individual characteristics of each characteristic type that were studied
- Total number of results and the period of record for each characteristic within the watershed.

Input Parameters: Arguments provided as input must be non-null values. An empty string is allowed to be passed for all the string type parameters that are marked optional. A non-empty value is required for all the required parameters. Input parameters of the web method are listed in Table 2.5.3.1.

Table 2.5.3.1 getCharacteristicSummary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial #</th>
<th>Input Parameter</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Mandatory/Optional</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Hydrologic Unit Code</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Unique watershed identifier</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Output Format: An XML document that conforms to Watershed Summary Web Service output schema. A pictorial view of the Watershed Summary Web Service output XML schema can be seen in Figure 10, Appendix D.

Example Usage:
```
String _soapURL = "http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/WatershedSummaryService/";
WatershedSummaryServiceProxy wsStub = new WatershedSummaryServiceProxy();
wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
try{
    Element charInfo = wsStub.getCharacteristicSummary("02060007");
    //process the result XML
} catch(...){}
```
2.5.4 getOrganizationCharTypeSummary

**Description:** Given a hydrologic unit code, the web method returns the organizations within the watershed and the number of results available for each organization across each characteristic type. The output XML returned by the web method can be parsed to obtain the following types of information:

- Number of organizations within the watershed
- Number of stations within the watershed
- Total number of characteristics monitored within the watershed
- Total number of results logged throughout the watershed
- High level information about each organization within the watershed, including organization identifier, organization formal name, activity start date, activity stop date, number of stations, total results
- Characteristic types monitored for each organization
- Characteristic count and result count for each characteristic of the characteristic types returned.

**Input Parameters:** Arguments provided as input must be non-null values. An empty string is allowed to be passed for all the string type parameters that are marked optional. A non-empty value is required for all the required parameters. Input parameters of the web method are listed in Table 2.5.4.1.

**Table 2.5.4.1 getOrganizationCharTypeSummary**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial #</th>
<th>Input Parameter</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Mandatory/Optional</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Hydrologic Unit Code</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Unique watershed identifier</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Output Format:** An XML document that conforms to Watershed Summary Web Service output schema. A pictorial view of the Watershed Summary Web Service output XML schema can be seen in Figure 10, Appendix D.

**Example Usage:**

```java
String _soapURL = "http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/WatershedSummaryService/";
WatershedSummaryServiceProxy wsStub = new WatershedSummaryServiceProxy();
wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
try{
    Element orgCharTypeSummary = wsStub.getOrganizationCharTypeSummary("02060007");
    //process the result XML
}catch(……){
}
```

2.5.5 getOrganizationCharTypeCharacteristicSummary

**Description:** Given the characteristic type, organization identifier and hydrologic unit code, the method returns the number of results and the period of record for each characteristic within the characteristic type for the specified organization and watershed.

**Input Parameters:** Arguments provided as input must be non-null values. An empty string is allowed to be passed for all the string type parameters that are marked optional. A non-empty value is required, for all the required parameters. Input parameters of the web method are listed in Table 2.5.5.1.
Table 2.5.5.1 getOrganizationCharTypeCharacteristicSummary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial #</th>
<th>Input Parameter</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Mandatory/Optional</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Char Type</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Characteristic type name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Organization Identifier</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Organization identifier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Hydrologic Unit Code</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Unique watershed identifier.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Output Format: An XML document that conforms to the Watershed Summary Web Service output schema. A pictorial view of the Watershed Summary Web Service output XML schema can be seen in Figure 10, Appendix D.

Output XML Schema Location: TBD

Example Usage:

```java
String _soapURL = "http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/WatershedSummaryService/
WatershedSummaryServiceProxy wsStub = new WatershedSummaryServiceProxy();
wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
try{
    Element orgCharTypeCharInfo =
    wsStub.getOrganizationCharTypeCharacteristicSummary( "metal", "emap-cs", "02060007");
    //process the result XML
}catch(…..){
}
```

2.5.6 getCharTypeSummary

Description: Returns the number of results and characteristics logged for a given watershed. A breakdown of the number of results by characteristic type is also included in the result XML.

Input Parameters: Arguments provided as input must be non-null values. An empty string is allowed to be passed for all the string type parameters that are marked optional. A non-empty value is required for all the required parameters. Input parameters of the web method are listed in Table 2.5.6.1.

Table 2.5.6.1 getCharTypeSummary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial #</th>
<th>Input Parameter</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Mandatory/Optional</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Hydrologic Unit Code</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
<td>Hydrologic unit code used to identify the watershed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example Usage:

String _soapURL = "http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/WatershedSummaryService/";
WatershedSummaryServiceProxy wsStub = new WatershedSummaryServiceProxy();
wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
try{
    Element charTypeInfo = wsStub.getCharTypeSummary("02060007");
    //process the result XML
}catch(…..){
}
3.0   STORET WEB SERVICES HOME PAGES

Each web service described in Section 2.0 has a home page. The home page can be accessed using the end point of the Web Service. The end points to the STORET Web Services are listed in Table 23.

Table 23. Web Services

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the Web Service</th>
<th>End Point of the Web Service</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Project Catalog Web Service</td>
<td><a href="http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/ProjectCatalogService/">http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/ProjectCatalogService/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Station Catalog Web Service</td>
<td><a href="http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationCatalogService/">http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationCatalogService/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Station Web Service</td>
<td><a href="http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationService/">http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationService/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STORET Result Web Service</td>
<td><a href="http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StoretResultService/">http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StoretResultService/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Watershed Summary Web Service</td>
<td><a href="http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/WatershedSummaryService/">http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/WatershedSummaryService/</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 1 depicts a screenshot of the Station Web Service home page.

3.1   View WSDL Document

As shown in Figure 1, follow the WSDL hyperlink on the Web Service home page to view the WSDL document of the Web Service.

Figure 1. —Station Web Service Home Page.

The WSDL document for the Web Service can also be directly accessed using the URLs provided in Table 24.
Table 24. WSDL URLs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the Web Service</th>
<th>URL to the WSDL Document</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Project Catalog Web Service</td>
<td><a href="http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/ProjectCatalogService/?wsdl">http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/ProjectCatalogService/?wsdl</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Station Catalog Web Service</td>
<td><a href="http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationCatalogService/?wsdl">http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationCatalogService/?wsdl</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Station Web Service</td>
<td><a href="http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationService/?wsdl">http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationService/?wsdl</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STORET Result Web Service</td>
<td><a href="http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StoretResultService/?wsdl">http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StoretResultService/?wsdl</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Watershed Summary Web Service</td>
<td><a href="http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/WatershedSummaryService/?wsdl">http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/WatershedSummaryService/?wsdl</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.0 CONSUMING STORET WEB SERVICES

A static Web Service client knows where a Web Service is located, and a UDDI lookup will not be required at runtime. The location of the WSDL document of the Web Service can be used to obtain proxy client class for the Web Service. The proxy client class will be included in the client application. The client application sends all the requests to the proxy client class. The proxy client class formats the request into a SOAP message and forwards it to the Web Service. The proxy class receives the response from the Web Service and sends it to the requesting client application. The following diagram provides a high level view of Web Service consumption by a client application:

Figure 2.—Web Service Consumption - High Level Diagram.

A dynamic Web Service client performs a lookup to find the Web Service location in a UDDI registry before accessing the service.
Steps involved in consuming a Web Service using a static Web Service, are given below:

1. Get the URL to the Web Service end point. For a list of STORET Web Services end points, refer to the table listed in Section 3.0.

2. Get the proxy client class. The proxy client can also be generated using the Oracle Web Services Assembler Toolkit and knowing the URL of the WSDL document of the Web service. Refer to Section 6.2 of the Appendix for more information about generating proxy client class using the Oracle Web Services Assembler Toolkit.

3. Add the proxy client class to the consumer/client application classes. Then add jar files required to support the Web Service consumption to the CLASSPATH of the client application. The list of jar files is provided in Section 6.1 of the Appendix.

4. Consume the Web Service using the proxy client class. Consuming the Web Service involves the following steps:
   - Create an instance of the proxy client class.
   - Set a value for the Web Service end point of the proxy client instance, using the method ‘_setSoapURL(String)’ provided by the proxy client class.
   - Call the Web Service operation using the methods provided by the proxy client class to send a request to the target Web Service.
   - The proxy client receives the call and packages a SOAP request to be sent to the Web Service. The SOAP request contains the client request enclosed within a SOAP-Envelope.
   - The Web Service receives the request, processes and sends the response back to the proxy client; the proxy client parses the XML received and presents the value to the client application.

5. A portion of sample STORET Web Service consumption code is provided below using the Station Web Service. For a more complete listing of the code, refer to Section 6.3 of the Appendix.

   ```java
   String _soapURL = "http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationService/
   //create an instance of proxy client
   StationServiceProxy wsStub = new StationServiceProxy();

   //set the URL to the Web Service end point
   wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);

   //call the Web Service method
   try{
       Element stationXML = wsStub.getStationsForMap(new Float(30),
       new Float(40), new Float(-90), new Float(-70));
       //process stationXML to extract the required information
   }catch(…..){
   }
   ```

All the STORET Web Services can be consumed in a similar manner by obtaining the proxy client of the target Web Service(s).
5.0 REFERENCES

- STORET Web Services System Requirements Specification - 50-0031(STORET WS REQ) 2007-1212.doc
APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: Jar Files Included in the CLASSPATH of the Consumer Application

Table A-1 provides a list of Jar files that need to be added to CLASSPATH of the client application, while consuming STORET Web Services:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component Jar</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>proxy.jar</td>
<td>The proxy jar file that provides access to the Web Service, if it is not already added to the classes folder of the client application.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$ORACLE_HOME/lib/xmlparserv2.jar</td>
<td>The Oracle XML parser jar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$ORACLE_HOME/j2ee/home/lib/http_client.jar</td>
<td>The Oracle HTTP client jar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$ORACLE_HOME/soap/lib/soap.jar</td>
<td>The Oracle SOAP jar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$ORACLE_HOME/j2ee/home/lib/mail.jar</td>
<td>Generally, this is available in the Java Runtime Environment (JRE). If this is not available in the JRE, then include it in the CLASSPATH.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$ORACLE_HOME/j2ee/home/lib/activation.jar</td>
<td>Generally, this is available in the JRE. If this is not available in the JRE, then include it in the CLASSPATH.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$ORACLE_HOME/webservices/lib/wsd1.jar</td>
<td>Required when the client is using a Dynamic Proxy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$ORACLE_HOME/webservices/lib/dsv2.jar</td>
<td>Required when the client is using a Dynamic Proxy.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
APPENDIX B: Description of Configuration File Parameters Used With WebServicesAssembler

The WebServicesAssembler tool can be invoked to create Web Service client objects based on a WSDL document.

The WebServicesAssembler tool requires a configuration file to run commands. The following is an example configuration that helps generate the client-side proxy jar:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<web-service>
  <proxy-gen>
    <proxy-dir>/TestArea/WatershedSummary</proxy-dir>
    <option name="include-source">true</option>
    <option name="wsdl-location" package-name="myPackage.proxy">
      http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/WatershedSummaryService/?WSDL
    </option>
  </proxy-gen>
</web-service>
```

The parameters used in the WebServicesAssembler configuration file to generate client-side proxy are listed in Table A-2.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tag</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>&lt;proxy-dir&gt;</code></td>
<td>Specifies the directory for the generated client-side proxy stubs jar file that is included in the generated Web Service .ear file.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>&lt;option name=&quot;include-source&quot;&gt;</code> value</td>
<td>Setting <code>value</code> to true tells the WebServicesAssembler tool to include the classes and the source in the generated client-side proxy. When the value is false, the source is not included in the generated jar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>&lt;option name=&quot;wsdl-location&quot;&gt;</code> URL or <code>&lt;option name=&quot;wsdl-location&quot; package-name=&quot;package&quot;&gt;</code> URL</td>
<td>This tag sets the URL to use for the source WSDL to generate the client-side proxy. The package-name can specify the name <code>package</code> for the generated client-side proxy.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Examples:

- `<option name="wsdl-location">` http://system1:8888/webservice3/TestService?WSDL </option>
- `<option name="wsdl-location" package-name="myPackage.proxy">` http://system1:8888/webservice3/TestService?WSDL </option>
APPENDIX C: Sample Station Web Service Client Program, Using Client-side Proxy

```java
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.StringReader;
import java.io.StringWriter;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
import org.apache.commons.logging.Log;
import org.apache.commons.logging.LogFactory;
import org.w3c.dom.Document;
import org.w3c.dom.Element;
import org.w3c.dom.Node;
import org.w3c.dom.NodeList;
import org.xml.sax.SAXException;
import oracle.xml.parser.v2.DOMParser;
import oracle.xml.parser.v2.XMLDocument;
import oracle.xml.parser.v2.XMLNode;
import oracle.xml.parser.v2.XMLParseException;
import oracle.xml.parser.v2.XSLException;
import stubs.WatershedSummaryServiceProxy;

public class StationClient {
    private Log _logger = LogFactory.getLog(this.getClass());
    private String _summaryInfo;
    private String _soapURL = "http://ofmpub.epa.gov/STORETwebservices/StationService/";

    /**
     * custom constructor
     * @param soapURL
     */
    public StationClient() {
    }

    public List<StationInfo> getStations(float minimumLatitude, float maximumLatitude,
                                        float minimumLongitude, float maximumLongitude) {
        List<StationInfo> lstStationInfo = null;
        StationServiceProxy wsStub = new StationServiceProxy();
        wsStub._setSoapURL(_soapURL);
        try {
            Element stationXmlElement = wsStub.getStationsForMap(new Float(minimumLatitude),
                                                                  new Float(maximumLatitude),
                                                                  new Float(minimumLongitude),
                                                                  new Float(maximumLongitude));
            XMLDocument xmlDataDoc = null;
            if (stationXmlElement != null) {
                xmlDataDoc = (XMLDocument) stationXmlElement.getOwnerDocument();
                // **** validate xmlDataDoc using the Station Web Service Output schema, if necessary**********/
                lstStationInfo = getStationInfoList(xmlDataDoc);
            }
        } catch (XMLParseException e) {
            _logger.error("XML parse error", e);
        } catch (XSLException e) {
            _logger.error("XSL error", e);
        } catch (SAXException e) {
            _logger.error("SAX error", e);
        } catch (IOException e) {
            _logger.error("I/O error", e);
        }
    }
}
```
}  

    )catch(SOAPException soapException){
        //handle exception
    }
    )catch(Exception exception){
        //handle exception
    }
    return lstStationInfo;
    
    }
APPENDIX D: Pictorial View of Web Service Output Schema

A pictorial representation of the output schema for **Project Catalog Web Service** is provided in Figure 6 below:

![Figure 6. Project Catalog Web Service Output Schema](image-url)
A pictorial representation of the output schema for **Station Catalog Web Service** is provided in Figure 7 below:

![Station Catalog Web Service Output Schema](image)

**Figure 7.**—Station Catalog Web Service Output Schema
A pictorial representation of the output schema for **Station Web Service** is provided in Figure 8.1 and Figure 8.2 below:

![Diagram of Station Web Service Output Schema](image-url)

**Figure 8.1** — Station Web Service Output Schema - getStationsForMap
Figure 8.2 —Station Web Service Output Schema - getStationInfo
A pictorial representation of the output schema for STORET Result Web Service is provided in Figure 9 below:

**Figure 9.** —STORET Result Web Service Output Schema
A pictorial representation of the output schema for **Watershed Summary Web Service** is provided in Figure 10 below:

![Watershed Summary Web Service Output Schema](image-url)

**Figure 10.** —Watershed Summary Web Service Output Schema