§ 1961.2. Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures - 2015 and Subsequent Model Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Medium-Duty Vehicles.

Introduction. This section 1961.2 contains the California "LEV III" exhaust emission standards for 2015 and subsequent model year passenger cars, lightduty trucks, and medium-duty vehicles. A manufacturer must demonstrate compliance with the exhaust standards in subsection (a) applicable to specific test groups, and with the composite phase-in requirements in subsection (b) applicable to the manufacturer's entire fleet.

Before the 2015 model year, a manufacturer that produces vehicles that meet the standards in subsection (a) has the option of certifying the vehicles to those standards, in which case the vehicles will be treated as LEV III vehicles for purposes of the fleet-wide phase-in requirements. Similarly, 2015 - 2019 model-year vehicles may be certified to the "LEV II" exhaust emission standards in subsection 1961(a)(1), in which case the vehicles will be treated as LEV II vehicles for purposes of the fleet-wide phase-in requirements.

A manufacturer has the option of certifying engines used in incomplete and diesel medium-duty vehicles with a gross vehicle weight rating of greater than 10,000 lbs. GVW to the heavy-duty engine standards and test procedures set forth in title 13, CCR, subsections 1956.8(c) and (h). All medium-duty vehicles with a gross vehicle weight rating of less than or equal to 10,000 lbs. GVW, including incomplete otto-cycle medium-duty vehicles and medium-duty vehicles that use diesel cycle engines, must be certified to the LEV III chassis standards and test procedures set forth in this section 1961.2 in 2020 and subsequent model years.

* * * *

(a) Exhaust Emission Standards.

(1) *"LEV III" Exhaust Standards*. The following standards are the maximum exhaust emissions for the full useful life from new 2015 and subsequent model year "LEV III" passenger cars, light-duty trucks, and medium-duty vehicles, including fuel-flexible, bi-fuel and dual-fuel vehicles when operating on the gaseous or alcohol fuel they are designed to use. 2015 – 2019 model-year LEV II LEV vehicles may be certified to the <u>150,000 mile</u> NMOG+NOx emission standards numerical values for LEV160, LEV395, or LEV630, as applicable, in this subsection (a)(1) and the corresponding NMOG+NOx numerical values in subsection (a)(4), in lieu of the separate NMOG and NOx exhaust emission standards in subsection <u>1961(a)(1)</u> and <u>the corresponding NMOG numerical values in subsection</u> <u>1961(a)(4); and LEV II ULEV vehicles may be certified to the <u>150,000 mile NMOG numerical</u></u>

values for ULEV125, ULEV340, or ULEV570, as applicable, in this subsection (a)(1) and the corresponding NMOG+NOx numerical values in subsection (a)(4), in lieu of the separate NMOG and NOx exhaust emission standards in subsections 1961(a)(1) and the corresponding NMOG numerical values in subsection 1961(a)(4).; and LEV II SULEV vehicles may be certified to the NMOG+NOx numerical values for SULEV30, SULEV170, or SULEV230, as applicable, in subsection (a)(1) and the corresponding NMOG+NOx numerical values in subsection (a)(4), in lieu of the separate NMOG and NOx exhaust emission standards in subsections 1961(a)(1) and 1961(a)(4). 2015 - 2019model-year LEV II SULEV vehicles that receive a partial ZEV allowance in accordance with the "California Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures for 2009 through 2017 Model Zero-Emission Vehicles and Hybrid Electric Vehicles, in the Passenger Car, Light-Duty Truck and Medium-Duty Vehicle Classes" and 2015 – 2016 model year vehicles that are allowed to certify to LEV II SULEV standards using "carryover" of emission test data under the provisions in subsection (b)(2) may be certified to the 150,000 mile NMOG+NOx emission standards for SULEV30, SULEV170, or SULEV230, as applicable, in this subsection (a)(1) and the corresponding NMOG+NOx numerical values in subsection (a)(4), in lieu of the separate NMOG and NOx exhaust emission standards in subsection 1961(a)(1) and the corresponding NMOG numerical values in subsection 1961(a)(4). LEV II SULEV vehicles that do not either (1) receive a partial ZEV allowance or (2) certify to LEV II SULEV standards in the 2015 – 2016 model years using "carryover" of emission test data may not certify to combined NMOG+NOx standards. Such LEV II vehicles that certify to combined NMOG+NOx standards will be treated as LEV II vehicles for purposes of the fleet-wide phase-in requirements.

wodel Passer	iger Cars	, Light-Du	ty Trucks	s, and med	ium-Duty ve	nicies
Vehicle Type	Durability Vehicle Basis (mi)	Vehicle Emission Category ²	NMOG + Oxides of Nitrogen (g/mi)	Carbon Monoxide (g/mi)	Formaldehyde (mg/mi)	Particulates ¹ (g/mi)
All PCs; LDTs 8500 lbs. GVWR or less; MDPVs Vehicles in this category are tested at their loaded vehicle weight	150,000	LEV160	0.160	4.2	4	0.01
		ULEV125	0.125	2.1	4	0.01
		ULEV70	0.070	1.7	4	0.01
		ULEV50	0.050	1.7	4	0.01
		SULEV30	0.030	1.0	4	0.01
		SULEV20	0.020	1.0	4	0.01
MDVs 8501 - 10,000 lbs. GVWR Vehicles in this category are tested at their adjusted loaded vehicle weight	150,000	LEV395	0.395	6.4	6	0.12
		ULEV340	0.340	<u>3.26.4</u>	6	0.06
		ULEV250	0.250	2.<u>6.4</u>	6	0.06
		ULEV200	0.200	2.6<u>4.2</u>	6	0.06
		SULEV170	0.170	1.5<u>4.2</u>	6	0.06
		SULEV150	0.150	1.5<u>3.2</u>	6	0.06
MDVs 10,001-14,000 lbs. GVWR Vehicles in this category are tested at their adjusted loaded vehicle weight	150,000	LEV630	0.630	7.3	6	0.12
		ULEV570	0.570	3.<u>7.3</u>	6	0.06
		ULEV400	0.400	3.0<u>7.3</u>	6	0.06
		ULEV270	0.270	3.0<u>4.2</u>	6	0.06
		SULEV230	0.230	<u>1.74.2</u>	6	0.06
		SULEV200	0.200	<u>1.73.7</u>	6	0.06

LEV III Exhaust Mass Emission Standards for New 2015 and Subsequent Model Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Medium-Duty Vehicles

¹ These standards shall apply only to vehicles not included in the phase-in of the particulate standards set forth in subsection (a)(2).

The numeric portion of the category name is the NMOG+NOx value in thousandths of grams per mile.

(2) *"LEV III" Particulate Standards.*

(A) Particulate Standards for Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Medium-Duty Passenger Vehicles. Beginning in the 2017 model year, a manufacturer, except a small volume manufacturer, shall certify a percentage of its passenger car, light-duty truck, and medium-duty <u>passenger</u> vehicle fleet to the following particulate standards according to the following phase-in schedule. These standards are the maximum particulate emissions allowed at full useful life. All vehicles certifying to these particulate standards must certify to the LEV III exhaust emission standards set forth in subsection (a)(1).

* *

(D) Alternative Phase-in Schedule for Particulate Standards.

1. Alternative Phase-in Schedules for the 3 mg/mi Particulate Standard for Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Medium-Duty Passenger Vehicles. A manufacturer may use an alternative phase-in schedule to comply with the 3 mg/mi particulate standard phase-in requirements as long as equivalent PM emission reductions are achieved by the 2021 model year from passenger cars, light-duty trucks, and medium-duty passenger vehicles. Model year emission reductions shall be calculated by multiplying the percent of PC+LDT+MDPV vehicles meeting the 3 mg/mi particulate standard in a given model year (based on a manufacturer's projected sales volume of vehicles in each category) by 5 for the 2017 model year. 4 for the 2018 model year. 3 for the 2019 model year. 2 for the 2020 model year, and 1 for the 2021 model year. The yearly results for PC+LDT+MDPV vehicles shall be summed together to determine a cumulative total for PC+LDT+MDPV vehicles. In the 2021 model year, t∓he cumulative total must be equal to or greater than 490, and 100 percent of the manufacturer's passenger cars, light-duty trucks. and medium-duty passenger vehicles must be certified to the 3 mg/mi particulate standard, in the 2021 model year to be considered equivalent. A manufacturer may add vehicles introduced before the 2017 model year (e.g., the percent of vehicles introduced in 2016 would be multiplied by 5) to the cumulative total.

2. Alternative Phase-in Schedules for the 1 mg/mi Particulate Standard for Passenger Cars. Light-Duty Trucks. and Medium-Duty Passenger Vehicles. A manufacturer may use an alternative phase-in schedule to comply with the 1 mg/mi particulate standard phase-in requirements as long as equivalent PM emission reductions are achieved by the 2028 model year from passenger cars, light-duty trucks, and medium-duty passenger vehicles. Model year emission reductions shall be calculated by multiplying the percent of PC+LDT+MDPV vehicles meeting the 1 mg/mi particulate standard in a given model year (based on a manufacturer's projected sales volume of vehicles in each category) by 4 for the 2025 model year, 3 for the 2026 model year, 2 for the 2027 model year, and 1 for the 2028 model year. The yearly results for PC+LDT+MDPV vehicles shall be summed together to determine a cumulative total for PC+LDT+MDPV vehicles. In the 2028 model year, tThe cumulative total must be equal to or greater than 500, and 100 percent of the manufacturer's passenger cars, light-duty trucks, and

<u>medium-duty passenger vehicles must be certified to the 1 mg/mi</u> <u>particulate standard, in the 2028 model year</u> to be considered equivalent. A manufacturer may add vehicles introduced before the 2025 model year (e.g., the percent of vehicles introduced in 2024 would be multiplied by 4) to the cumulative total.

3. Alternative Phase-in Schedules for the Particulate Standards for Medium-Duty Vehicles Other than Medium-Duty Passenger Vehicles. A manufacturer may use an alternative phase-in schedule to comply with the particulate standard phase-in requirements as long as equivalent PM emission reductions are achieved by the 2021 model year from mediumduty vehicles other than medium-duty passenger vehicles. Model year emission reductions shall be calculated by multiplying the total percent of MDVs certified to the 8 mg/mi PM standard or to the 10 mg/mi PM standard, as applicable, in a given model year (based on a manufacturer's projected sales volume of vehicles in each category) by 5 for the 2017 model year, 4 for the 2018 model year, 3 for the 2019 model year, 2 for the 2020 model year, and 1 for the 2021 model year. The yearly results for MDVs shall be summed together to determine a cumulative total for MDVs. In the 2021 model year, t∓he cumulative total must be equal to or greater than 490, and 100 percent of the manufacturer's MDVs must be certified to the 8 mg/mi PM standard or to the 10 mg/mi PM standard, as applicable, in the 2021 model year to be considered equivalent. A manufacturer may add vehicles introduced before the 2017 model year (e.g., the percent of vehicles introduced in 2016 would be multiplied by 5) to the cumulative total.

* * *

(7) Supplemental Federal Test Procedure (SFTP) Off-Cycle Emission Standards.

(A) SFTP NMOG+NOx and CO Exhaust Emission Standards for Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Medium-Duty Passenger Vehicles. Manufacturers shall certify 2015 and subsequent model year LEVs, ULEVs, and SULEVs in the PC, LDT, and MDPV classes to either the SFTP NMOG+NOx and CO Stand-Alone Exhaust Emission Standards set forth in subsection (a)(7)(A)1, or in accordance with the SFTP NMOG+NOx and CO Composite Exhaust Emission Standards and Fleet-Average Requirements set forth in subsection (a)(7)(A)2. A manufacturer may also certify 2014 model LEVs, ULEVs, or SULEVs in the PC, LDT, or MDPV classes to LEV III SFTP standards, in which case, the manufacturer shall be subject to the LEV III SFTP emission standards and requirements, including the sales-weighted fleet-average NMOG+NOx composite emission standard applicable to 2015 model vehicles if choosing to comply with the SFTP NMOG+NOx and CO Composite Exhaust Emission Standards and Fleet-Average Requirements set forth in subsection (a)(7)(A)2.

The manufacturer shall notify the Executive Officer of its selected emission standard type in the Application for Certification of the first test group certifying to SFTP NMOG+NOx and CO emission standards on a 150,000 mile durability basis. Once an emission standard type for NMOG+NOx and CO is selected for a fleet, and the Executive Officer is notified of such selection, the selection must be kept through the 2025 model year for the entire fleet, which includes LEV II vehicles if selecting to comply with subsection (a)(7)(A)2. The manufacturer may not change its selection until the 2026 model year. Test groups not certifying to the 150,000-mile SFTP NMOG+NOx and CO emission standards pursuant to this subsection (a)(7)(A) shall be subject to the 4,000-mile SFTP NMOG+NOx and CO emission standards set forth in subsection 1960.1(r).

* * *

2. SFTP NMOG+NOx and CO Composite Exhaust Emission Standards. For the 2015 and subsequent model years, a manufacturer selecting this option must certify LEV II and LEV III LEVs, ULEVs, and SULEVs, such that the manufacturer's sales-weighted fleet-average NMOG+NOx composite emission value does not exceed the applicable NMOG+NOx composite emission standard set forth in the following table. In addition, the CO composite emission value of any LEV III test group shall not exceed the CO composite emission standard set forth in the following table. SFTP compliance shall be demonstrated using the same gaseous or liquid fuel used for FTP certification. In the case of fuel-flexible vehicles, SFTP compliance shall be demonstrated using the LEV III certification gasoline specified in Part II, Section A.100.3.1.2 of the "California 2015 and Subsequent Model Criteria Pollutant Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures and 2017 and Subsequent Model Greenhouse Gas Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures for Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Medium-Duty Vehicles."

For each test group subject to this subsection, manufacturers shall calculate a Composite Emission Value for NMOG+NOx and, for LEV III test groups, a separate Composite Emission Value for CO, using the following equation:

Composite Emission Value = 0.28 x US06 + 0.37 x SC03 + 0.35 x FTP [Eq. 1]

where "US06" = the test group's NMOG+NOx or CO emission value, as applicable, determined through the US06 test;

"SC03" = the test group's NMOG+NOx or CO emission value, as applicable, determined through the SC03 test; and

"FTP" = the test group's NMOG+NOx or CO emission value, as applicable, determined through the FTP test.

If no vehicles in a test group have air conditioning units, the FTP cycle emission value can be used in place of the SC03 cycle emission value in Equation 1. To determine compliance with the SFTP NMOG+NOx composite emission standard applicable to the model year, manufacturers shall use a sales-weighted fleet average of the NMOG+NOx composite emission values of every applicable test group. The sales-weighted fleet average shall be calculated using a combination of carry-over and new certification SFTP composite emission values (converted to NMOG+NOx, as applicable). LEV II test groups will use their emission values in the fleet average calculation but will not be considered LEV III test groups. Compliance with the CO composite emission standard cannot be demonstrated through fleet averaging. The NMOG+NOx sales-weighted fleet-average composite emission value for the fleet and the CO composite emission value for each test group shall not exceed:

SFTP NMOG+NOx and CO Composite Emission Standards for 2015 and								k		
Subsequent Model Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Medium-Duty										
Passenger Vehicles										
$(g/mi)^{1}$										
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025+
Sales-Weighted Fleet Average NMOG+NOx Composite Exhaust Emission Standards ^{2,4,5,6}										
0.140	0.110	0.103	0.097	0.090	0.083	0.077	0.070	0.063	0.057	0.050
CO Composite Exhaust Emission Standard ⁷										
					4.2					
	JMOG - uent M 2015 0.140	JMOG+NOx a uent Model P 2015 2016 Sales-We 0.140 0.110	IMOG+NOx and CO uent Model Passen 2015 2016 2017 Sales-Weighted 0.140 0.110 0.103 Co	IMOG+NOx and CO Compuent Model Passenger Ca 2015 2016 2017 2018 Sales-Weighted Fleet Av 0.140 0.110 0.103 0.097 CO Comp	IMOG+NOx and CO Composite I uent Model Passenger Cars, Lig Passenger V (g/mi) 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Sales-Weighted Fleet Average N 0.140 0.110 0.103 0.097 0.090 CO Composite Ex	IMOG+NOx and CO Composite Emissi uent Model Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Passenger Vehicles (g/mi) ¹ 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 Sales-Weighted Fleet Average NMOG+N Standards ² 0.140 0.110 0.103 0.097 0.090 0.083 CO Composite Exhaust E	IMOG+NOx and CO Composite Emission State uent Model Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Truck Passenger Vehicles (g/mi) ¹ 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 Sales-Weighted Fleet Average NMOG+NOx Composite Exhaust Standards ^{2,4,5,6} 0.140 0.110 0.103 0.097 0.090 0.083 0.077 CO Composite Exhaust Emission	IMOG+NOx and CO Composite Emission Standards uent Model Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Passenger Vehicles (g/mi) ¹ 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 Sales-Weighted Fleet Average NMOG+NOx Composite E Standards ^{2,4,5,6} 0.140 0.110 0.103 0.097 0.090 0.083 0.077 0.070 CO Composite Exhaust Emission Standards 4.2	IMOG+NOx and CO Composite Emission Standards for 20 uent Model Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Media Passenger Vehicles (g/mi) ¹ 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 Sales-Weighted Fleet Average NMOG+NOx Composite Exhaust Standards ^{2,4,5,6} 0.140 0.110 0.103 0.097 0.090 0.083 0.077 0.070 0.063 CO Composite Exhaust Emission Standard ⁷ 4.2	IMOG+NOx and CO Composite Emission Standards for 2015 and uent Model Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Medium-Dur Passenger Vehicles (g/mi) ¹ 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Sales-Weighted Fleet Average NMOG+NOx Composite Exhaust Emission Standards ^{2,4,5,6} 0.140 0.110 0.103 0.097 0.090 0.083 0.077 0.070 0.063 0.057 CO Composite Exhaust Emission Standard ⁷ 4.2

Mileage for Compliance. All test groups certifying to LEV III FTP emission standards on a 150,000-mile durability basis shall also certify to the SFTP on a 150,000-mile durability basis, as tested in accordance with the "California 2015 and Subsequent Model Criteria Pollutant Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures and 2017 and Subsequent Model Greenhouse Gas Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures for Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Medium-Duty Vehicles."

² Determining NMOG+NOx Composite Emission Values of LEV II Test Groups and Cleaner Federal <u>Vehicles</u>. For test groups certified to LEV II FTP emission standards, SFTP emission values shall be converted to NMOG+NOx and projected out to 120,000 miles or 150,000 miles (depending on LEV II FTP certification) using deterioration factors or aged components. NMHC emission values for the US06 and SC03 test cycles shall be converted to NMOG emission values by multiplying by a factor of 1.03. In lieu of deriving a deterioration factor specific to SFTP test cycles, carry-over LEV II test groups may use the applicable deterioration factor from the FTP cycle in order to determine the carry-over composite emission values for the purpose of the NMOG+NOx sales-weighted fleet-average calculation. If an SFTP full-useful life emission value is used to comply with the LEV II SFTP 4k standards, that value may be used in the sales-weighted fleet-average without applying an additional deterioration factor. For federally-certified test groups certifying in California in accordance with Section H.1.4 of the "California 2015 and Subsequent Model Criteria Pollutant Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures and 2017 and Subsequent Model Greenhouse Gas Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures for Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Medium-Duty Vehicles," the full-useful life emission value used to comply with federal full-useful life SFTP requirements may be used in the sales-weighted fleet-average without applying an additional deterioration factor. In all cases, NMHC emission values for the US06 and SC03 test cycles shall be converted to NMOG emission values by multiplying by a factor of 1.03.

³ MDPVs are excluded from SFTP NMOG+NOx and CO emission standards and the sales-weighted fleet average until they are certified to LEV III FTP 150,000-mile NMOG+NOx and CO requirements.

⁴ <u>LEV III</u> <u>T</u>test groups shall certify to bins in increments of 0.010 g/mi. Beginning with the 2018 model year, vehicles may not certify to bin values above a maximum of 0.180 g/mi.

⁵ Calculating the sales-weighted average for NMOG+NOx. For each model year, the manufacturer shall calculate its sales-weighted fleet-average NMOG+NOx composite emission value as follows.

 $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (number of vehicles in the test group)_{i} \times (composite value of bin)_{i}$ $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (number of vehicles in the test group)_{i}$ [Ea. 2]

where "n" = a manufacturer's total number of PC, LDT, and, if applicable, MDPV certification bins, in a given model year including carry-over certification bins, certifying to SFTP composite emission standards in that model year;

"number of vehicles in the test group" = the number of vehicles produced and delivered for sale in California in the certification test group; and

"Composite Value of Bin" = the numerical value selected by the manufacturer for the certification bin that serves as the emission standard for the vehicles in the test group with respect to all testing for test groups certifying to SFTP on a 150,000-mile durability basis, and the SFTP carry-over composite emission value, as described in footnote 7-2 of this table, for carry-over LEV II test groups.

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Requirement to Generate Additional NMOG+NOx Fleet Average (9)*Credit.* For a vehicle that is certified to the LEV III standards in subsection (a)(1). which does not generate a partial ZEV allocation according to the criteria set forth in section C.3 of the "California Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures for 2009 through 2017 Model Zero-Emission Vehicles and Hybrid Electric Vehicles, in the Passenger Car, Light-Duty Truck and Medium-Duty Vehicle Classes" and the "California Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures for 2018 and Subsequent Model Zero-Emission Vehicles and Hybrid Electric Vehicles, in the Passenger Car, Light-Duty Truck and Medium-Duty Vehicle Classes," a manufacturer may subtract 5 mg/mi from the NMOG+NOx emission standards value set forth in subsection (b)(1)(B)1.c when calculating the manufacturer's fleet average, provided that the manufacturer extends the performance and defects warranty period to 15 years or 150,000 miles, whichever occurs first, except that the time period is to be 10 years for a zero emission energy storage device (such as battery, ultracapacitor, or other electric storage device).

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(b) Emission Standards Phase-In Requirements for Manufacturers.

(1) Fleet Average NMOG + NOx Requirements for Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Medium-Duty Passenger Vehicles.

(A) The fleet average non-methane organic gas plus oxides of nitrogen exhaust mass emission values from the passenger cars, light-duty trucks, and medium-duty passenger vehicles that are produced and delivered for sale in California each model year by a manufacturer other than a small volume manufacturer shall not exceed:

FLEET AVERAGE NON-METHANE ORGANIC GAS PLUS						
OXIDES OF NITROGEN						
EXHAUST MASS EMISSION REQUIREMENTS FOR						
PASSENGER CARS, LIGHT-DUTY TRUCKS, AND MEDIUM-						
150 000 mile Durability Vehicle Basic)						
Model Vear Elect Average NMOG + NOv						
Woder rear	(arams per mile)					
	All PCs;	LDTs				
	LDTs 0-3750 lbs.	3751 lbs. LVW - 8500 lbs.				
	LVW	GVWR;				
		All MDPVs				
2014 ¹	0.107	0.128				
2015	0.100	0.119				
2016	0.093	0.110				
2017	0.086	0.101				
2018	0.079	0.092				
2019	0.072	0.083				
2020	0.065	0.074				
2021	0.058	0.065				
2022	0.051	0.056				
2023	0.044 0.047					
2024	0.037	0.038				
2025+	0.030	0.030				

¹ For the 2014 model year, a manufacturer may comply with the fleet average NMOG+NOx values in this table in lieu of complying with the NMOG fleet average values in subsection 1961(a)(b)(1)(A). A manufacturer must either comply with the NMOG+NOx fleet average requirements for both its PC/LDT1 fleet and its LDT2/MDPV fleet or comply with the NMOG fleet average requirements for both its PC/LDT1 fleet and its LDT2/MDPV fleet. A manufacturer must

calculate its fleet average NMOG+NOx values using the applicable full useful life standards.

* * *

2. PZEV Anti-Backsliding Requirement. In the 2018 and subsequent model years, a manufacturer must produce and deliver for sale in California a minimum percentage of its passenger car and light-duty truck fleet that certifies to SULEV30 and SULEV20 standards. This minimum percentage must be equal to the average percentage of PZEVs produced and deliver for sale in California for that manufacturer for the 2015 through 2017 model year. A manufacturer may calculate this average percentage using the projected sales for these model years in lieu of actual sales. The percentage of a manufacturer's passenger car and light-duty truck fleet that certifies to SULEV30 and SULEV20 standards averaged across the applicable model year and the two previous model years shall be used to determine compliance with this requirement, beginning with the 2020 model year.

* * * *

(D) Treatment of ZEVs. ZEVs classified as LDTs (>3750 lbs. LVW) that have been counted toward the ZEV requirement for PCs and LDTs (0-3750 lbs. LVW) as specified in sections 1962.1 and 1962.2 shall be included as LDT1s in the calculation of a fleet average NMOG<u>+NOx</u> value.

* * *

(4) SFTP Phase-In Requirements.

(A) Phase-In Requirement for Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Medium-Duty Passenger Vehicles. A test group certifying to LEV III FTP emission categories on a 150,000-mile durability basis shall also certify to SFTP requirements on a 150,000-mile durability basis.

Manufacturers shall have two options for phase in to the SFTP NMOG+NOx and CO emission standards.

1. Under Option 1, beginning with the 2015 model year, a manufacturer shall certify its PCs, LDTs, and MDPVs to the SFTP NMOG+NOx and CO emission standards in subsection (a)(7)(A)1 when the vehicles are also certifying to a LEV III FTP emission category at 150,000-mile durability.

2. Under Option 2, for 2015 and subsequent model years, a manufacturer shall certify its fleet of PCs, LDTs, and MDPVs such that the manufacturer's sales-weighted fleet-average NMOG+NOx composite emission value and each test group's CO composite emission value does not

exceed the <u>applicable_composite emission standards</u> in effect for that model year <u>in accordance with subsection (a)(7)(A)2</u>. During the 150,000-mile durability phase-in, the sales-weighted fleet-average NMOG+NOx composite emission value shall be calculated using a combination of carry-over values and new-certification values. Carry-over test groups shall convert values to NMOG+NOx and may use the applicable deterioration factor from the FTP cycle in lieu of deriving a deterioration factor specific to SFTP test cycles. Any vehicle certified to SFTP requirements on a 150,000-mile durability basis shall be subject to the applicable emission standards for the full useful life of that vehicle. Compliance with the CO composite emission standard cannot be demonstrated through fleet averaging.

Beginning with the 2017 model year, a manufacturer shall certify its PCs, LDTs, and MDPVs certifying to LEV III FTP PM emission standards on a 150,000-mile durability basis to the SFTP PM emission standards in subsection (a)(7)(B).

* * * *

(c) Calculation of NMOG + NOx Credits/Debits

(1) Calculation of NMOG+NOx Credits and Debits for Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Medium-Duty Passenger Vehicles.

* * *

(B) In 2015 and subsequent model years, a manufacturer that achieves fleet average NMOG+NOx values lower than the fleet average NMOG+NOx requirement for the corresponding model year shall receive credits in units of g/mi NMOG + NOx . A manufacturer with 2015 and subsequent model year fleet average NMOG+NOx values greater than the fleet average requirement for the corresponding model year shall receive debits in units of g/mi NMOG + NOx equal to the amount of negative credits determined by the aforementioned equation. The total g/mi NMOG+NOx credits or debits earned for PCs and LDTs 0-3750 lbs. LVW, for LDTs 3751-5750 lbs. LVW and for LDTs 3751 lbs. LVW - 8500 lbs. GVWR and for MDPVs shall be summed together. The resulting amount shall constitute the g/mi NMOG+NOx credits or debits accrued by the manufacturer for the model year.

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(3) Procedure for Offsetting Debits.

* * * *

(B) <u>For the 2015 and subsequent model years, t</u>The emission credits earned in any given model year shall retain full value through five

subsequent model years. Credits will have no value if not used by the beginning of the sixth model year after being earned.

* * * *

(d) Test Procedures. The certification requirements and test procedures for determining compliance with the emission standards in this section are set forth in the "California 2015 and Subsequent Model Criteria Pollutant Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures and 2017 and Subsequent Model Greenhouse Gas Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures for Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Medium-Duty Vehicles," as adopted March 22, 2012 amended December 6, 2012, the "California Non-Methane Organic Gas Test Procedures," as amended March 22, 2012 December 6, 2012, which are incorporated herein by reference. In the case of hybrid electric vehicles and on-board fuel-fired heaters, the certification requirements and test procedures for determining compliance with the emission standards in this section are set forth in the "California Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures for 2009 through 2017 Model Zero-Emission Vehicles and Hybrid Electric Vehicles, in the Passenger Car, Light-Duty Truck and Medium-Duty Vehicle Classes," incorporated by reference in section 1962.1, and the "California Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures for 2018 and Subsequent Model Zero-Emission Vehicles and Hybrid Electric Vehicles, in the Passenger Car, Light-Duty Truck and Medium-Duty Vehicle Classes," incorporated by reference in section 1962.2.

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Note: Authority cited: Sections 39500, 39600, 39601, 43013, 43018, 43101, 43104, 43105 and 43106, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 39002, 39003, 39667, 43000, 43009.5, 43013, 43018, 43100, 43101, 43101.5, 43102, 43104, 43105, 43106, 43204 and 43205, Health and Safety Code.