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5 May 2021 File No. 05304-662

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Region 1 5 Post Office Square, Suite 100 Mail Code OEP06-4 Boston, Massachusetts 02129

Attention: Shauna Little

Subject: NPDES RGP Application for Temporary Construction Dewatering

Cambridge Crossing - Parcel U

441 Morgan Avenue

Cambridge, Massachusetts

Ladies and Gentlemen:

On behalf of our client, DW PROPCO U, LLC., Haley & Aldrich, Inc. (Haley & Aldrich) is submitting this application to request authorization under the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Remediation General Permit (RGP) for off-site discharge of temporary construction dewatering effluent during construction activities at the Cambridge Crossing – Parcel U site located at 441 Morgan Avenue in Cambridge, Massachusetts (the "Parcel U site"). A copy of the Notice of Intent (NOI) is included in Appendix A.

GENERAL SITE INFORMATION

Site Conditions and Proposed Construction

The Parcel U site is part of a larger overall development called Cambridge Crossing located in Cambridge, Massachusetts. Refer to Figure 1 for the Project Locus. The Cambridge Crossing development includes several mixed-use buildings constructed in phases within a network of roads and other infrastructure. The Parcel U site is currently an at-grade residential parking lot, with existing grades ranging from approximately El. 24 to El. 26¹. Several existing utilities and easements exist in and around the parking lot.

The proposed construction at the Parcel U site includes a 13-story building with 3 to 3.5 levels of below-grade parking. The approximate limits of the Parcel U site and the building footprint are shown on Figure 2.

¹ Elevations referenced herein are in feet and reference Cambridge City Base (CCB) datum unless otherwise noted.

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Temporary construction dewatering will be required to lower groundwater levels inside the excavation and conduct work in-the-dry. Additional effluent may also be generated from surface runoff from precipitation, groundwater seepage, and construction-generated water (e.g., wheel washes, decontamination activities) at the Parcel U site. Dewatering is expected to begin in June 2021 and continue for up to 18 months.

Site History

The overall Cambridge Crossing (formerly known as North Point) development has a history of past maritime and industrial use. Historical maps indicate that the area was originally part of the Charles and Millers Rivers and was progressively filled during the 19th century. Since the mid 1800's numerous buildings, structures, railways, and seawalls were constructed, some of which may still be present beneath the Parcel U site. Above-grade structures have been demolished and/or filled over to the current site conditions. It is likely that the former foundation elements, below-grade building floors and walls, utilities, or other features were left in-place.

Previous site usage as a railroad included the construction of railroad tracks and associated railyard structures (i.e., freight houses and depot structures, etc.). Sanborn maps indicate the presence to railroad tracks and associated structures from 1873 to 1995. Remnants of those uses may also be present, buried within the Parcel U site.

Following construction of the adjacent buildings located at Sierra and Tango (Parcels S and T), during the 2005 to 2007 timeframe, grades at Parcel U were raised prior to parking lot construction to current site grades. The current parking lot as seen today appeared on aerial maps beginning in 2011.

Regulatory Status

While there are multiple Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (MassDEP) Release Tracking Numbers (RTNs) associated with the Cambridge Crossing development, only one is associated with the Parcel U site, RTN 3-24479.

RTN 3-24479 is associated with concentrations of total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH), polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), volatile organic compounds (VOCs), and metals in soil resulting from the presence of urban fill and historical industrial uses. RTN 3-24479 also includes other portions of the Cambridge Crossing development adjacent to the Parcel U site. RTN 3-24479 achieved regulatory closure in July 2013 under a Class A-3 Response Action Outcome (RAO) through the implementation of Activity and Use Limitation (AUL) over a portion of the RTN 3-24479 Disposal Site that does not include the Parcel U site. The Parcel U site is <u>not</u> subject to the AUL.

The results of exploration programs in November and December 2020 and March 2021 indicated the presence of VOCs, SVOCs, metals, and TPH at concentrations exceeding the applicable MCP RCS-1 reportable concentrations and higher than those previously detected at the Parcel U site used to close out RTN 3-24479. Additionally, new compounds (polychlorinated biphenyls [PCBs]) were detected in the Parcel U site soil (at one location and depth interval) above RCS-1 criteria.



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Due to the higher concentrations of previously detected compounds and newly detected compounds, on behalf of DW PROPCO U, LLC, an eligible person under M.G.L.c. 21E § 5C, a Release Notification Form (RNF) was submitted to MassDEP by Haley & Aldrich on 27 April 2021. Proposed construction activities for the Parcel U site will be conducted under a Release Abatement Measure (RAM) Plan under this newly reported RTN, to be filed with MassDEP prior to intrusive activities.

SOURCE WATER INFORMATION

To evaluate groundwater (source water) quality at the Parcel U site, one groundwater sample was obtained from observation wells VES-X-9 on 20 January 2021. The well is located at the Parcel U site as shown on Figure 2.

The groundwater sample was sent to a MassDEP-certified laboratory, Alpha Analytical (Alpha), for analysis of constituents consistent with requirements for a NPDES RGP. The groundwater sample was analyzed for the following parameters: VOCs, semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), total metals, hardness, ethanol, PCBs, chloride, total residual chlorine, total cyanide, ammonia nitrogen, total phenolics, total suspended solids (TSS), and TPH. Temperature and pH were measured in the field at the time of sampling.

A summary of the groundwater chemical analytical data is provided in Table I. The data is compared to the applicable 2014 MCP Reportable Groundwater Concentrations (RCGW-2) criteria and the 2017 NPDES RGP Site-Specific Effluent Criteria as determined in the WQBEL calculations. The source water laboratory data report is provided in Appendix F.

RECEIVING WATER INFORMATION

Receiving water quality data was collected in support of this NOI on 20 January 2021 and submitted to Alpha to be analyzed for hardness, ammonia, and total metals. The results of the sample are summarized in Table I. Receiving water temperature was measured in the field at 3.42°C, noted on the effluent limitations input calculation page in Appendix B and on Table I. The receiving water laboratory data report is provided in Appendix F.

The sample was collected from the Charles River along Cambridge Parkway within 0.5 miles of the two proposed Outfalls, Outfall D03OF0005 (Figure 3) and Outfall D03OF0010 (Figure 4). Outfall D03OF0005 discharges into the Lechmere Canal off of the Charles River. Outfall D03OF0010 discharges directly into the Charles River.

The final receiving water is the Charles River with Waterbody Segment ID MA72-38 and is identified as a Class B(CSO) receiving water. On 13 April 2021, MassDEP confirmed that there is no dilution factor when discharging into the Charles River from the Lechmere Canal and that there is not a 7Q10 value available for the Lechmere Canal. MassDEP confirmation of the dilution factor, 7Q10 value, and outfall locations are provided in Appendix B.



EFFLUENT CRITERIA DETERMINATION

Groundwater and Receiving Water data were input into the WQBEL Calculation spreadsheet and used to calculate the effluent criteria for the site. A dilution factor and 7Q10 flow rate of 0 was used in the calculations as directed by MassDEP. Copies of the "EnterData" and "FreshwaterResults" tabs from the excel file provided as an additional resource by EPA will be transmitted concurrently with this application. The effluent limitations calculated are included for reference in Table I.

Copies of the "EnterData" and "FreshwaterResults" tabs from the excel file provided as an additional resource by EPA are included in Appendix B and will be transmitted electronically with the NOI. The effluent limitations calculated are included for reference in Table I.

DISCHARGE INFORMATION

Construction dewatering will include discharging effluent into catch basins adjacent to the Parcel U site. The catch basins proposed for discharge and the proposed discharge routes are shown on Figures 3 and 4. We anticipate effluent discharge rates to be about 50 gallons per minute (gpm) or less, with occasional peak flows of about 150 gpm during significant precipitation events. The temporary dewatering will take place in trench excavations and be conducted with sumps.

A Best Management Practices Plan (BMPP), which outlines the proposed discharge operations covered under the RGP, will be available at the site and is not being submitted with this NOI.

DEWATERING TREATMENT SYSTEM INFORMATION

An effluent treatment system will be designed and implemented by the Contractor to meet the applicable 2017 NPDES RGP Site-Specific Effluent Criteria. Prior to discharge, collected water will be routed through a pH controller, designed to adjust the pH when necessary, and then through a sedimentation tank and bag filters to remove suspended solids and undissolved chemical constituents, as shown on Figure 5. Additional treatment may include granulated activated carbon (GAC) and/or ion exchange.

TREATMENT CHEMICALS AND ADDITIVES

pH adjustment, if required, will be conducted using sodium hydroxide that will be dosed to reduce or increase pH using a metered system. Potential product information, including chemical formula, safety data sheet (SDS), CAS registry number, manufacturer, and associated hazards, toxicological and ecological information, and manufacturer information, including dosing and metering, are provided in Appendix C. The CAS Registry Numbers for the components of the sodium hydroxide solution are 7732-18-5 (water), 1310-73-2 (sodium hydroxide), and 7647-14-5 (sodium chloride).

A pH system that can adjust pH will be implemented as required to meet permit discharge requirements. The pH system is designed to raise the pH with sodium hydroxide solution and includes an automatic metered additive feed system with a mix tank, additive feed pumps and setpoint controls that maintain the pH approved by the permit.



The sodium hydroxide will be stored in 55-gallon plastic drums with secondary containment systems in place; a summary of control measures for proper handling and spill prevention is provided in Appendix C. The addition of sodium hydroxide to control pH is a standard treatment for temporary construction dewatering; it is not expected to exceed applicable permit limitations and water quality standards or alter conditions in the receiving water. No additional testing is considered necessary for use of this product or to demonstrate that use of this product will not adversely affect the receiving water since pH is already expected to be a required testing parameter for dewatering effluent.

pH will be automatically and continuously monitored, and additive added only as needed. The specific dosing will be based on the pH of the influent water, but at its maximum, the concentrations of sodium hydroxide would be 220 ppm mg/L based on the calculations provided below:

Worst case scenario: pumping at 150 gpm and using 48 gallons of sodium hydroxide per day (based on a 2 gal/hr metering rate).

150 gpm = 216,000 gal/day Sodium Hydroxide use (one day) = 48 gal/day 48 gal / 216,000 gal = 2.22 x 10-4 gal 2.22 x 10-4 gal * 100% = 0.022% 1% = 10,000 ppm, therefore; 0.022% * 10,000 ppm = 220 ppm (220 mg/L)

The EC50 for sodium hydroxide for fish is 340.7 – 469.2 mg/l (ppm) as listed on the provided SDS. Even at a worst-case scenario, the addition of sodium hydroxide is less than the EC50.

If deemed necessary to meet the 2017 NPDES RGP Site-Specific Effluent Criteria, additional treatment including a GAC and/or ion exchange may be added to the treatment system. If additional treatment is needed to meet necessary effluent limits or if the specifics of the pH adjustment change before or during dewatering, a Notice of Change (NOC) will be submitted to the EPA for review, including proposed product information (e.g., Safety Data Sheets, associated hazards, manufacturer, and proper system operation, etc.).

DETERMINATION OF ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT ELIGIBILITY

According to the guidelines outlined in Appendix I of the 2017 NPDES RGP, a preliminary determination for the action area associated with this project was established using the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) Information, Planning, and Conservation (IPAC) online system; a copy of the determination is attached in Appendix D. Based on the results of the determination, the project and work area meet FWS Criterion A as no critical habitats have been established to be present within the project action area. Additionally, a MassDEP Phase 1 Site Assessment Map is included in Appendix E, which confirms that no critical habitats are present at the site.



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DOCUMENTATION OF NATIONAL HISTORIC PRESERVATION ACT REQUIREMENTS

Based on a review of the resources provided by the U.S. National Register of Historic Places and a review of the Massachusetts Cultural Resource Information System (MACRIS), no historic properties have been established to be present at the Parcel U site, and discharges and discharge-related activities are not considered to have the potential to affect historic properties. The discharge is considered to meet Criterion A. Documentation is included in Appendix E.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Permits for temporary construction dewatering will also be required from the City of Cambridge. The City of Cambridge Permit to Dewater will be submitted by the Contractor prior to discharge.

Owner and operator information are provided below for reference. Mark Johnson is serving as the contact person for DW PROPCO U, LLC, an eligible person under M.G.L.c. 21E § 5C.

Owner:

DW PROPCO U, LLC. 301 Howard Street, Suite 2100 San Francisco, CA 94105 Attn: Mark Johnson

Operator:

John Moriarty & Associates 3 Church Street #2 Winchester, MA 01890 Attn: Gillian Dahill

CLOSING

Thank you very much for your consideration. Please feel free to contact us should you wish to discuss the information contained herein or if you need additional information.

Sincerely yours, HALEY & ALDRICH, INC.

Engineer

Joel S. Mooney, P.E. (MA), LSP

Principal | Senior Vice President

Elizabeth J. Christmas, P.E. (NH) Assistant Project Manager



Enclosures:

Table I – Summary of Water Quality Data

Figure 1 – Project Locus

Figure 2 – Site and Subsurface Exploration Plan

Figure 3 – Proposed Discharge Route 1

Figure 4 – Proposed Discharge Route 2

Figure 5 – Proposed Treatment System Schematic

Appendix A – Notice of Intent (NOI)

Appendix B – Effluent Limitations Documentation

Appendix C – Additional Treatment Information

Appendix D – Endangered Species Act Assessment

Appendix E – National Historic Preservation Act Review

Appendix F – Laboratory Data Reports



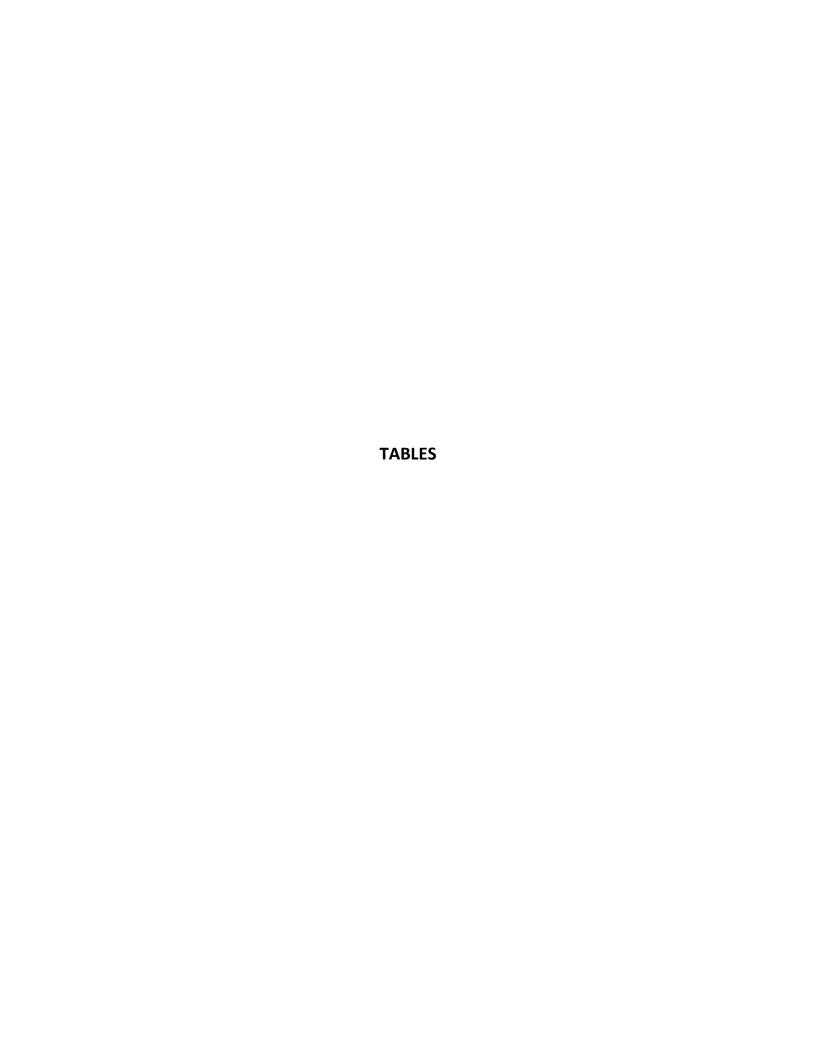


TABLE I SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER DATA PARCEL U CAMBRIDGE CROSSING CAMBRIDGE, MA FILE NO. 05304-652

FILE NO. 05304-652			INCLUENT	FEELLIENT
LOCATION			INFLUENT VES-X-9	SW
SAMPLE NAME		2017 NPDES RGP	VES-X-9-20210120	2021-0120-SW
SAMPLING DATE	MassDEP MCP	Site-Specific	01/20/2021	01/20/2021
LAB SAMPLE ID	RCGW-2 2014	Effluent	L2103167-02	L2103167-01
SAMPLE TYPE		Criteria	WATER	WATER
Volatile Organics (μg/l)				
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4000	200	ND(2)	-
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	900	5	ND(1.5)	-
1,1-Dichloroethane	2000	70	ND(1.5)	-
1,1-Dichloroethene 1,2-Dichlorobenzene	80 2000	3.2 600	ND(1) ND(5)	-
1,2-Dichloroethane	5	5	ND(3) ND(1.5)	-
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	6000	320	ND(5)	-
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	60	5	ND(5)	-
Acetone	50000	7970	ND(10)	-
Benzene	1000	5	ND(1)	-
Carbon tetrachloride	2	4.4	ND(1)	-
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	20	70	ND(1)	-
Ethylbenzene	5000	100	ND(1)	-
Methyl tert butyl ether	5000	70	ND(10)	-
Methylene chloride	2000	4.6	ND(1) ND(1)	-
o-xylene p/m-Xylene	3000 3000	NA NA	ND(1) ND(2)	-
Tert-Butyl Alcohol	NA	120	ND(100)	-
Tertiary-Amyl Methyl Ether	NA	90	ND(20)	-
Tetrachloroethene	50	5	ND(1)	-
Toluene	40000	100	ND(1)	-
Trichloroethene	5	5	ND(1)	-
Vinyl chloride	2	2	ND(1)	-
Xylenes, Total	3000	100	ND(1)	-
SUM of Volatile Organic Compounds	NA	NA	ND	-
Volatile Organics by SIM (μg/l)				
1,4-Dioxane	6000	200	ND(50)	_
			112 (00)	
Semivolatile Organics (µg/I)				
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	50000	101	ND(2.2)	-
Butyl benzyl phthalate	10000	NA	ND(5)	-
Di-n-butylphthalate	5000	NA	ND(5)	-
Di-n-octylphthalate	100000	NA	ND(5)	-
Diethyl phthalate	9000	101	ND(5)	-
Dimethyl phthalate Total Phthalates	50000 NA	NA 190	ND(5) ND	-
Pentachlorophenol	200	1	ND(1)	-
Phenol	2	1080	ND(30)	-
SUM of Semivolatile Organic Compounds	NA	NA	ND	-
Semivolatile Organics by SIM (μg/l)				
Acenaphthene	10000	Group II PAHs	ND(0.1)	-
Acenaphthylene	40	Group II PAHs	ND(0.1)	-
Anthracene Benzo(a)anthracene	30 1000	Group II PAHs	ND(0.1) ND(0.1)	-
Benzo(a)pyrene	500	1 1	ND(0.1) ND(0.1)	-
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	400	1	ND(0.1) ND(0.1)	-
Benzo(ghi)perylene	20	Group II PAHs	ND(0.1)	=
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	100	1	ND(0.1)	-
Chrysene	70	1	ND(0.1)	-
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	40	1	ND(0.1)	-
Fluoranthene	200	Group II PAHs	ND(0.1)	-
Fluorene	40	Group II PAHs	ND(0.1)	-
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	100	1	ND(0.1)	-
Naphthalene Phenanthrene	700 10000	20 Group II PAHs	ND(0.1) ND(0.1)	-
Pyrene	20	Group II PAHs Group II PAHs	ND(0.1) ND(0.1)	-
SUM of Group I PAHs	NA	1	ND ND	
SUM of Group II PAHs	NA	100	ND ND	-
SUM of Semivolatile Organic Compounds (SIM)	NA	NA	ND	-

TABLE I SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER DATA PARCEL U CAMBRIDGE CROSSING CAMBRIDGE, MA FILE NO. 05304-652

			INFLUENT	EFFLUENT
LOCATION		2017 NDDEC DCD	VES-X-9	SW
SAMPLE NAME		2017 NPDES RGP	VES-X-9-20210120	2021-0120-SW
SAMPLING DATE	MassDEP MCP	Site-Specific	01/20/2021	01/20/2021
LAB SAMPLE ID	RCGW-2 2014	Effluent	L2103167-02	L2103167-01
SAMPLE TYPE		Criteria	WATER	WATER
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (µg/l)				
TPH, SGT-HEM	5000	5000	ND(4000)	-
Total Metals (μg/l)				
Antimony, Total	8000	206	ND(2)	ND(4)
Arsenic, Total	900	10	16.85	ND(1)
Cadmium, Total	4	10.2	ND(1)	ND(0.2)
Chromium, Total	300	NA	ND(5)	ND(1)
Copper, Total	100000	242	ND(5)	1.61
Iron, Total	NA	1000	43400	362
Lead, Total	10	160	ND(5)	1.93
Mercury, Total	20	0.739	ND(0.2)	ND(0.2)
Nickel, Total	200	1450	ND(10)	ND(2)
Selenium, Total	100	235.8	ND(25)	ND(5)
Silver, Total	7	35.1	ND(2)	ND(0.4)
Zinc, Total	900	420	ND(50)	16.49
Balantia di sata di Bisha anda (sa (f))				
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (μg/l)	5		ND(0.35)	
Aroclor 1016 Aroclor 1221	5	NA NA	ND(0.25)	-
Aroclor 1221 Aroclor 1232	5	NA NA	ND(0.25) ND(0.25)	-
Aroclor 1232 Aroclor 1242	5	NA NA	ND(0.25) ND(0.25)	-
Aroclor 1242 Aroclor 1248	5	NA NA	ND(0.25) ND(0.25)	-
Aroclor 1248	5	NA NA	ND(0.25) ND(0.25)	-
Aroclor 1254 Aroclor 1260	5	NA NA	ND(0.23) ND(0.2)	
Total PCBs	5	0.5	ND ND	
Total Tess		0.5	IND	
Microextractables (µg/I)				
1,2-Dibromoethane (Ethylene Dibromide)	2	0.05	ND(0.01)	-
			` '	
General Chemistry (µg/l)				
Chloride	NA	Report	1960000	-
Chlorine, Total Residual	NA	50	ND(20)	-
Chromium, Hexavalent	300	323	ND(10)	ND(10)
Chromium, Trivalent	600	323	ND(10)	ND(10)
Cyanide, Total	30	5.2	11	-
Ethanol	NA	Report	ND(20000)	-
Hardness	NA	NA	332000	67300
Nitrogen, Ammonia	NA	Report	3560	190
pH*	NA	6.5 - 8.5	6.51	7.53
Temperature (°C)*	NS	NA	11.65	3.42
Phenolics, Total	NA	NA	ND(30)	-
Total Suspended Solids	NA	30000	23000	-
ABBREVIATIONS NOTES:				

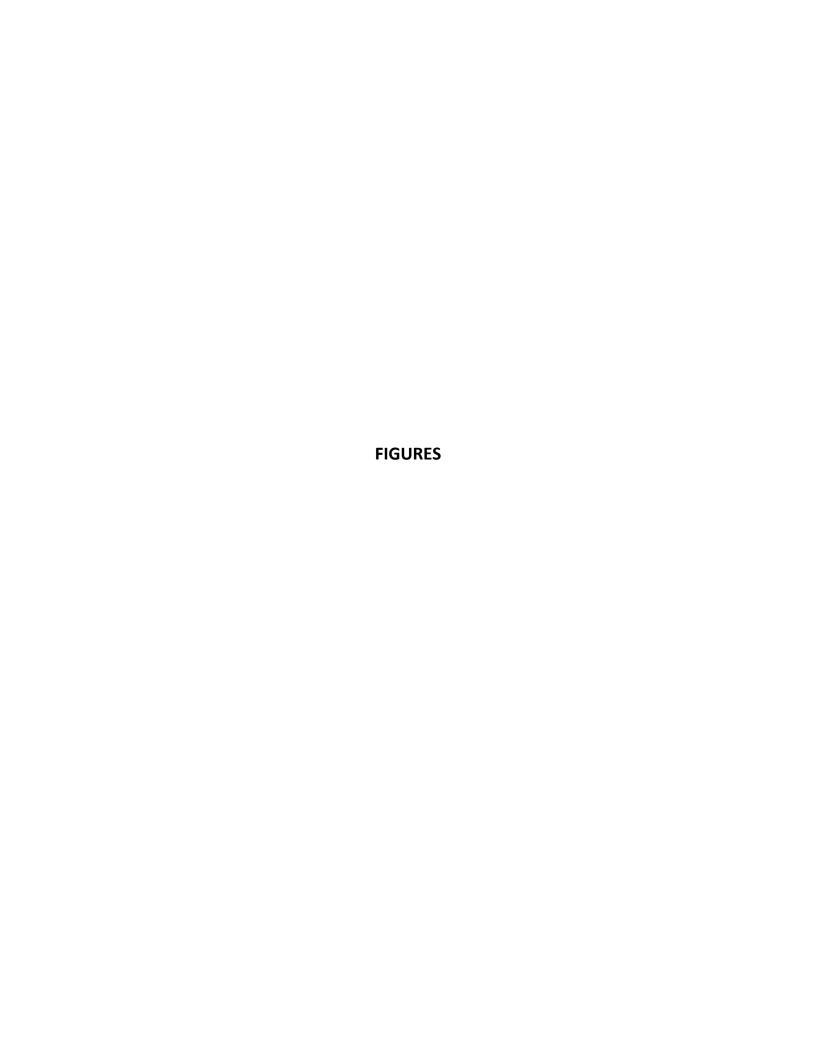
ABBREVIATIONS NOTES:

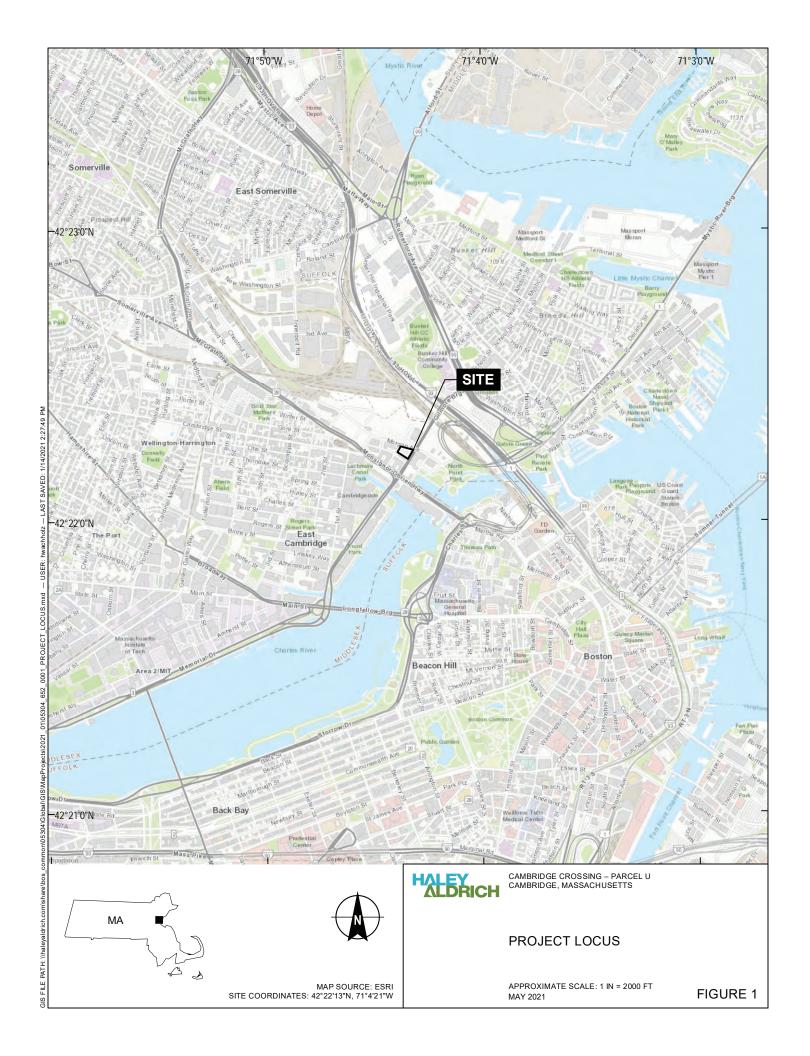
-: Not analyzed

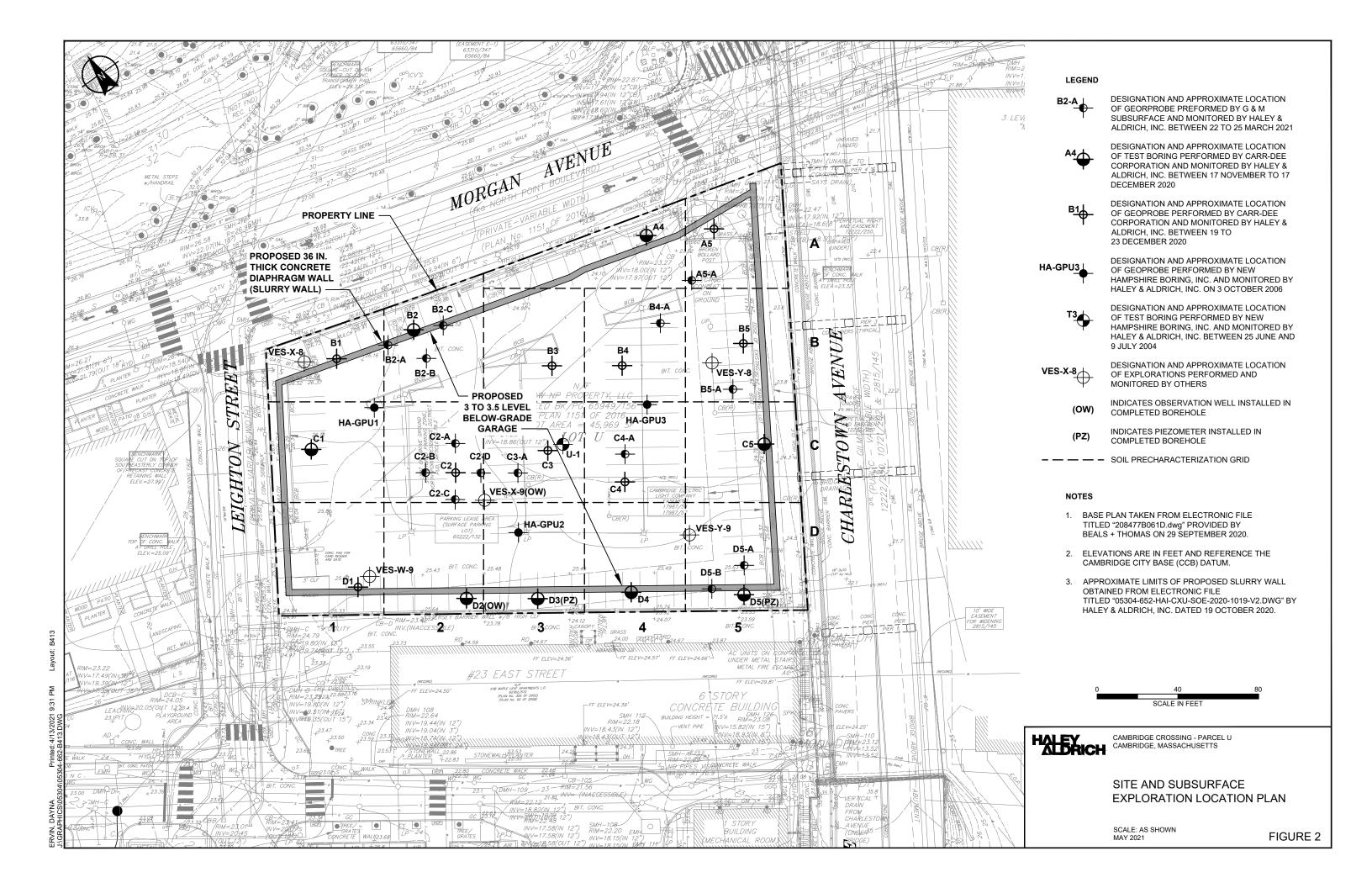
μg/l: micrograms per liter
ND (2.5): Result not detected above reporting limit (shown in parentheses)

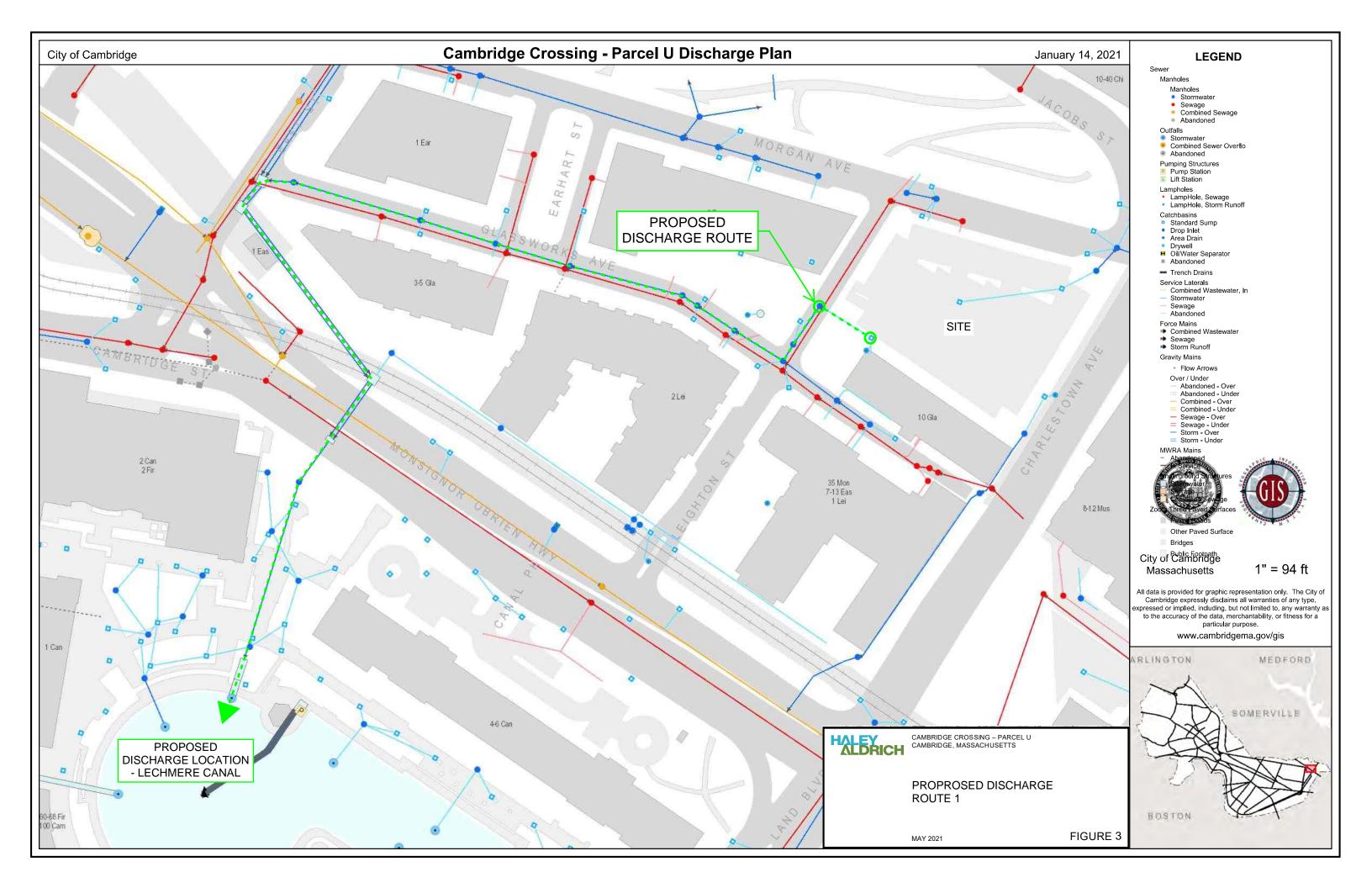
* Measured in the field at the time of sampling.

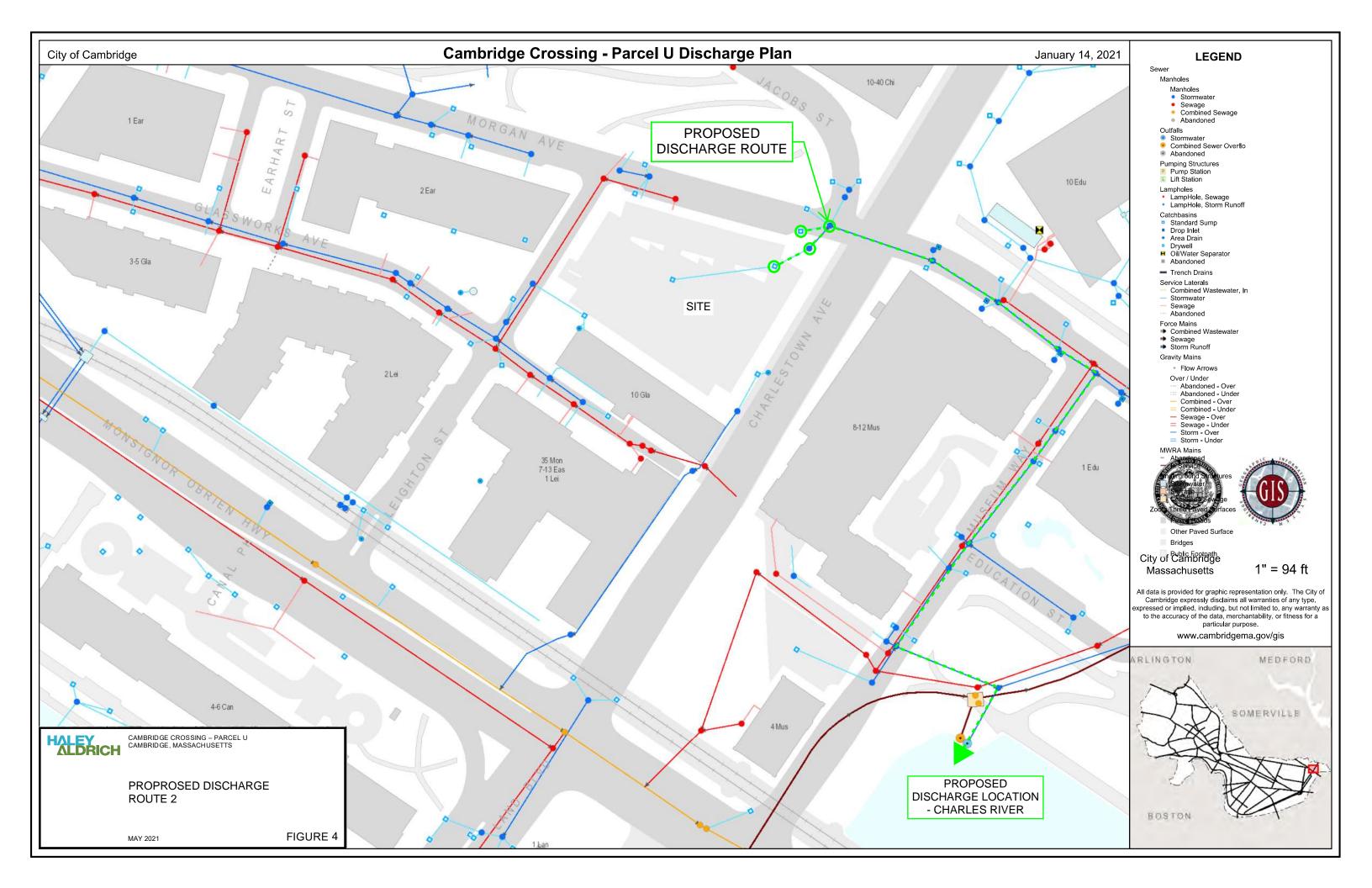
1. Red Bold values indicate an exceedance of site-specific RGP Criteria.

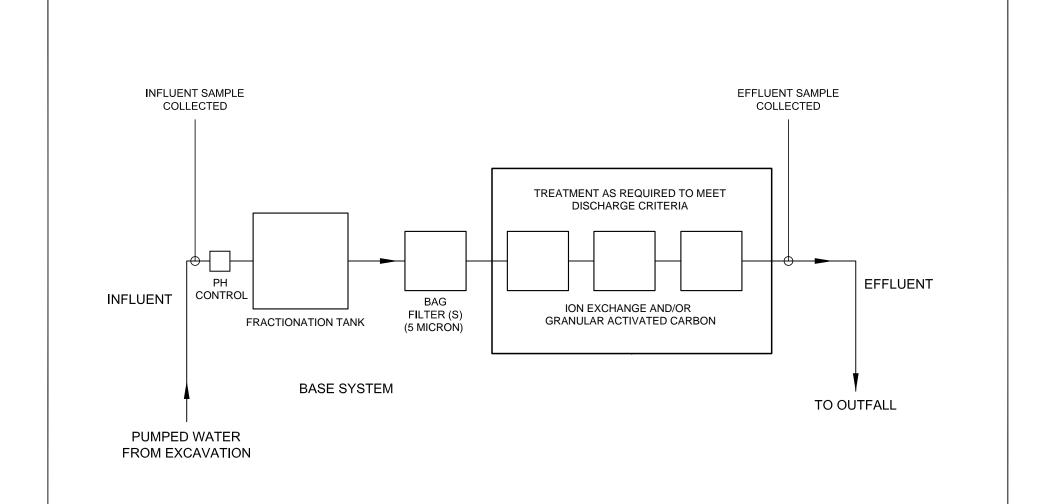
















NOTE:

DETAILS OF TREATMENT SYSTEM MAY VARY FROM SYSTEM INDICATED ABOVE. SPECIFIC MEANS AND METHODS OF TREATMENT TO BE SELECTED BY CONTRACTOR. WATER WILL BE TREATED TO MEET REQUIRED EFFLUENT STANDARDS.



CAMBRIDGE CROSSING – PARCEL U CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSETTS

PROPOSED TREATMENT SYSTEM SCHEMATIC

SCALE: NONE MAY 2021

FIGURE 5

APPENDIX A

Notice of Intent (NOI)

II. Suggested Format for the Remediation General Permit Notice of Intent (NOI)

A. General site information:

1. Name of site:	Site address: 441 Morgan Avenue						
Cambridge Crossing - Parcel U	Street:						
	City: Cambridge		State: MA	^{Zip:} 02141			
2. Site owner DW PROPCO U, LLC	Contact Person: Mark Johnson						
BWTHOI GO O, LLO	Telephone: 617.914.8640	Email: MJ	ohnson@di	vcowest.com			
	Mailing address: 301 Howard Street, Suite 2100						
	Street:						
Owner is (check one): ☐ Federal ☐ State/Tribal ☐ Private ☐ Other; if so, specify: Institution	City: San Francisco		State: CA	Zip: 94105			
3. Site operator, if different than owner	Contact Person: Gillian Dahill						
John Moriarty & Associates	Telephone: 781.264.1096	Dahill@jm-a.com					
	Mailing address:						
	3 Church Street #2 Street:						
	City: Winchester		State: MA	Zip: 01890			
4. NPDES permit number assigned by EPA:	5. Other regulatory program(s) that apply to the site (check all the		at apply):				
Not Applicable	■ MA Chapter 21e; list RTN(s):	□ CERCL	LΑ				
NIDDES require to (check all that analys DCD DCD CCD		☐ UIC Program					
NPDES permit is (check all that apply: ■ RGP □ DGP □ CGP □ MSGP □ Individual NPDES permit □ Other; if so, specify:	☐ NH Groundwater Management Permit or Groundwater Release Detection Permit:	☐ POTW Pretreatment					
Land to marvidual for DES permit La Outer, it so, specify:	Ground water Release Detection I clinic.	☐ CWA Section 404					

B. Receiving water information:									
1. Name of receiving water(s):	Waterbody identification of receiving water((s): Classin	ication of receiving water(s):						
Charles River	narles River MA72-38 Class B(CSO)								
Receiving water is (check any that apply): □ Outstanding Resource Water □ Ocean Sanctuary □ territorial sea □ Wild and Scenic River									
2. Has the operator attached a location map in accordance with the instructions in B, above? (check one): ■ Yes □ No									
Are sensitive receptors present near the site? (check one): □ Yes ■ No If yes, specify:									
3. Indicate if the receiving water(s) is listed in the State's Integrated List of Waters (i.e., CWA Section 303(d)). Include which designated uses are impaired, and any pollutants indicated. Also, indicate if a final TMDL is available for any of the indicated pollutants. For more information, contact the appropriate State as noted in Part Impaired - aesthetic (P), fish consumption, fish, other aquatic life and wildlife (P), primary contact rec. (P, pathogens), and secondary contact rec (P): two TMDLs (pathogens and phosphorus)									
4. Indicate the seven day-ten-year low flow (7Q10) of the receiving water determined in accordance with the instructions in Appendix V for sites located in Massachusetts and Appendix VI for sites located in New Hampshire.									
5. Indicate the requested dilution factor for the calcul accordance with the instructions in Appendix V for s	1 ,	` /	0						
6. Has the operator received confirmation from the appropriate State for the 7Q10and dilution factor indicated? (check one): ■ Yes □ No If yes, indicate date confirmation received: 7. Has the operator attached a summary of receiving water sampling results as required in Part 4.2 of the RGP in accordance with the instruction in Appendix VIII? (check one): ■ Yes □ No									
C. Source water information:									
1. Source water(s) is (check any that apply):									
■ Contaminated groundwater	ontaminated groundwater Contaminated surface water The receiving water Potable water; if so, incompanie municipality or origin:								
Has the operator attached a summary of influent sampling results as required in Part 4.2 of the RGP	Has the operator attached a summary of influent sampling results as required in Part 4.2 of the	☐ A surface water other							
in accordance with the instruction in Appendix VIII? (check one):	RGP in accordance with the instruction in Appendix VIII? (check one):	than the receiving water; i so, indicate waterbody:	f						
■ Yes □ No									

2. Source water contaminants: arsenic, iron, chloride, ammonia, cyanide, to	otal suspended solids
a. For source waters that are contaminated groundwater or contaminated surface water, indicate are any contaminants present that are not included in	b. For a source water that is a surface water other than the receiving water, potable water or other, indicate any contaminants present at the maximum concentration in accordance
the RGP? (check one): ☐ Yes ■ No If yes, indicate the contaminant(s) and the maximum concentration present in accordance with the instructions in Appendix VIII.	with the instructions in Appendix VIII? (check one): □ Yes □ No
3. Has the source water been previously chlorinated or otherwise contains resid	dual chlorine? (check one): □ Yes ■ No
D. Discharge information	
1. The discharge(s) is a(n) (check any that apply): ■ Existing discharge □ New	w discharge □ New source
Outfall(s): D03OF0010 D03OF0005	Outfall location(s): (Latitude, Longitude) 42.369176, -71.071378 42.369442, -71.075856
Discharges enter the receiving water(s) via (check any that apply): □ Direct di	scharge to the receiving water Indirect discharge, if so, specify:
Into the Charles/into the Lechmere Canal and then the Charles River vi	ia City of Cambridge storm drains
☐ A private storm sewer system ■ A municipal storm sewer system If the discharge enters the receiving water via a private or municipal storm sew	ver system:
Has notification been provided to the owner of this system? (check one): \Box Ye	es ■ No
Has the operator has received permission from the owner to use such system for obtaining permission: City of Cambridge dewatering application will be sultain the operator attached a summary of any additional requirements the owner	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Tes a res
Provide the expected start and end dates of discharge(s) (month/year): June 2	021 to June 2022
Indicate if the discharge is expected to occur over a duration of: ☐ less than 1	2 months ■ 12 months or more □ is an emergency discharge
Has the operator attached a site plan in accordance with the instructions in D, a	above? (check one): ■ Yes □ No

2. Activity Category: (check all that apply)	3. Contamination Type Category: (check all that apply)					
	a. If Activity Category I or II: (check all that apply)					
	 □ A. Inorganics □ B. Non-Halogenated Volatile Organic Compounds □ C. Halogenated Volatile Organic Compounds □ D. Non-Halogenated Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds □ E. Halogenated Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds □ F. Fuels Parameters 					
☐ I – Petroleum-Related Site Remediation ☐ II – Non-Petroleum-Related Site Remediation	b. If Activity Category III, IV	V, V, VI, VII or VIII: (check either G or H)				
■ III – Contaminated Site Dewatering □ IV – Dewatering of Pipelines and Tanks □ V – Aquifer Pump Testing □ VI – Well Development/Rehabilitation □ VII – Collection Structure Dewatering/Remediation □ VIII – Dredge-Related Dewatering	■ G. Sites with Known Contamination c. If Category III-G, IV-G, V-G, VI-G, VII-G or VIII-G: (check all that apply)	☐ H. Sites with Unknown Contamination				
	 ■ A. Inorganics □ B. Non-Halogenated Volatile Organic Compounds □ C. Halogenated Volatile Organic Compounds □ D. Non-Halogenated Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds □ E. Halogenated Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds □ F. Fuels Parameters 	d. If Category III-H, IV-H, V-H, VI-H, VII-H or VIII-H Contamination Type Categories A through F apply				

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4. Influent and Effluent Characteristics

	Known	Known		750 /	.		Inf	luent	Effluent Limitations		
Parameter	or believed absent	or believed present	# of samples	Test method (#)	Detection limit (µg/l)	Daily maximu (µg/l)	m	Daily average (μg/l)	TBEL	WQBEL	ı
A. Inorganics											
Ammonia		✓	1 +	121,4500+	75 +	3560	+	_ +	Report mg/L		
Chloride		✓	1 +	44,300.0 +	50000 +	1960000	+	+	Report μg/l		
Total Residual Chlorine	✓		1 +	121,4500 +	20 +	<20	+	+	0.2 mg/L	NA	Ę
Total Suspended Solids		✓	1 +	121,2540 +	10000	23000	+	-	30 mg/L		
Antimony	✓		1 +	3,200.8 +	2 +	<2	+	_	206 μg/L	NA	E
Arsenic		✓	1 +	3,200.8	5 +	16.85	+	+	104 μg/L	NA	E
Cadmium	✓		1 +	3,200.8 +	1 +	<1	+	_	10.2 μg/L	NA	E
Chromium III	✓		1 +	107,-	10 +	<10	+	_ +	323 μg/L	NA	E
Chromium VI	1		1 +	1,7196A +	10 +	<10	+	_	323 μg/L	NA	E
Copper	1		1 +			<5	+	+	242 μg/L	NA	E
Iron		✓	1 +	19,200.7	50 +	43400	+	_	5,000 μg/L	NA	Е
Lead	✓		1 +	3,200.8	5 +	<5	+	-	160 μg/L	NA	E
Mercury	1		1 +	3,245.1 +	0.2	<0.2	+	+	0.739 μg/L	NA	H
Nickel	·		1 +	3,200.8	10 +	<10	+	+	1,450 μg/L	NA	E
Selenium	· /		1 +	3,200.8	25 +	<25	+	_ +	235.8 μg/L	NA	E
Silver	·		1 +	3,200.8 +	2 +	<2	+	_ +	35.1 μg/L	NA	Н
Zinc	✓		1 +	3,200.8 +	50 +	<50	+	_	420 μg/L	NA	E
Cyanide		✓	1 +				+	_ +	178 mg/L	5.2	E
B. Non-Halogenated VOC	S										
Total BTEX	V		1 +	128,624.1+	2 +	<2	+		100 μg/L		
Benzene	✓		1 +	128,624.1+		<1	+	_	5.0 μg/L		
1,4 Dioxane	✓		1 +	128,624.1+		<50	+	_ +	200 μg/L		
Acetone	1		1 +	128,624.1+		<10	+	_ +	7.97 mg/L		
Phenol	✓				30 +		+		1,080 μg/L	NA	E

	Known	Known				Int	fluent	Effluent Li	mitations
Parameter	or believed absent	or believed present	# of samples	Test method (#)	Detection limit (µg/l)	Daily maximum (µg/l)	Daily average (μg/l)	TBEL	WQBEL
C. Halogenated VOCs									
Carbon Tetrachloride	✓		1	128,624.1	1	<1	_	4.4 μg/L	NA
1,2 Dichlorobenzene	1		1	128,624.1	5	<5	-	600 μg/L	
1,3 Dichlorobenzene	1		1	128,624.1	5	<5	_	320 μg/L	
1,4 Dichlorobenzene	1		1	128,624.1	5	<5	_	5.0 μg/L	
Total dichlorobenzene	1		1	NA	5	<5	-	763 μg/L in NH	
1,1 Dichloroethane	✓		1	128,624.1	1.5	<1.5	-	70 μg/L	
1,2 Dichloroethane	·		1	128,624.1	1.5	<1.5	_	5.0 μg/L	
1,1 Dichloroethylene	·		1	128,624.1	1	<1	_	3.2 μg/L	
Ethylene Dibromide	1		1	14,504.1	0.01	<0.01	-	0.05 μg/L	
Methylene Chloride	1		1	128,624.1	1	<1	-	4.6 μg/L	
1,1,1 Trichloroethane	1		1	128,624.1	2	<2	-	200 μg/L	
1,1,2 Trichloroethane	1		1	128,624.1	1.5	<1.5	_	5.0 μg/L	
Trichloroethylene	1		1	128,624.1	1	<1	-	5.0 μg/L	
Tetrachloroethylene	1		1	128.624.1	1	<1	_	5.0 μg/L	NA
cis-1,2 Dichloroethylene	1		1	128,624.1	1	<1	_	70 μg/L	
Vinyl Chloride	1		1	128,624.1	1	<1	-	2.0 μg/L	
D. Non-Halogenated SVO	٦,								
Total Phthalates	∠ s		1	129,625.1	5	<5	_	190 μg/L	NA
Diethylhexyl phthalate	1		1		2.2	<2.2	_	101 μg/L	NA
Total Group I PAHs	1		1	129,625.1+	0.1	<0.1	_	1.0 μg/L	
Benzo(a)anthracene	1		1	129,625.1		<0.1	_		NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	✓		1	129,625.1+		<0.1	_	7	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1		1	129,625.1+		<0.1	_	7	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1		1	129,625.1+		<0.1	_	As Total PAHs	NA
Chrysene	1		1	129,625.1+		<0.1	_	7	NA
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	1		1	129,625.1		<0.1	_	7	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1		1	129,625.1		<0.1			NA

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	Known	Known				Int	fluent	Effluent Limitations	
Parameter	or believed absent	or believed present	# of samples	Test method (#)	Detection limit (µg/l)	Daily maximum (µg/l)	Daily average (μg/l)	TBEL	WQBEL
Total Group II PAHs	✓		1	129,625.1+	0.1	<0.1	-	100 μg/L	
Naphthalene	✓		1	129,625.1+		<0.1	_	20 μg/L	
E. Halogenated SVOCs									/
Total PCBs	✓		1	127,608.3	0.25	<0.25	_	0.000064 μg/L	<u> </u>
Pentachlorophenol	✓		1	129,625.1+		<1	-	1.0 μg/L	
F. Fuels Parameters Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	· ·		1	74,1664A	4000	<4000	-	5.0 mg/L	
Ethanol	1		1	1671A	20000	<20000		Report mg/L	
Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether	✓		1	128,624.1	10	<10	_	70 μg/L	NA
tert-Butyl Alcohol	~		1	128,624.1	100	<100	-	120 μg/L in MA 40 μg/L in NH	
tert-Amyl Methyl Ether	1		1	128,624.1	20	<20	-	90 μg/L in MA 140 μg/L in NH	
Other (i.e., pH, temperatur	re, hardness,	salinity, LC	C ₅₀ , addition	nal pollutan	ts present);	if so, specify:			
Hardeness		1	1	19,200.7	660	332000	-		
Temperature		✓	1	Field	NA	11.65 C			
See next page									

LIST OF COMPOUNDS DETECTED IN SOIL *compounds detected in GW and Soil Volatile Organic Compounds (mg/kg) Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (mg/kg) Inorganic Compounds (mg/kg) 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1.4-Dichlorobenzene Antimony 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene 2-Methylnaphthalene Arsenic * 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 3&4-Methylphenol Barium 2-Butanone (Methyl Ethyl Ketone) Acenaphthene Beryllium Acenaphthylene 2-Chlorotoluene Cadmium 2-Phenylbutane (sec-Butylbenzene) Anthracene Chromium Acetone Benzo(a)anthracene Lead Benzo(a)pyrene Benzene Mercury Carbon disulfide Benzo(b)fluoranthene Nickel Chlorobenzene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Vanadium cis-1,2-Dichloroethene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Zinc Cymene (p-Isopropyltoluene) bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether Ethylbenzene bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate PCBs (mg/kg) Isopropylbenzene (Cumene) Aroclor-1242 (PCB-1242) Chrysene Dibenz(a,h)anthracene Naphthalene Aroclor-1260 (PCB-1260) n-Butylbenzene Dibenzofuran n-Propylbenzene Fluoranthene Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (mg/kg) Petroleum hydrocarbons Styrene Fluorene Tetrachloroethene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Toluene Naphthalene trans-1,2-Dichloroethene Phenanthrene Trichloroethene Phenol Xylene (total) Pyrene

E. Treatment system information

1. Indicate the type(s) of treatment that will be applied to effluent prior to discharge: (check all that apply)						
☐ Adsorption/Absorption ☐ Advanced Oxidation Processes ☐ Air Stripping ☐ Granulated Activated Carbon ("GAC")/Liquid Phase Carbon Adsorption						
□ Ion Exchange □ Precipitation/Coagulation/Flocculation ■ Separation/Filtration ■ Other; if so, specify:						
Granular activated carbon (GAC), Ion Exchange and/or pH adjustment may be added to meet necessary effluent limits.						
2. Provide a written description of all treatment system(s) or processes that will be applied to the effluent prior to discharge. Prior to discharge, collected water will be routed through a pH controller, designed to raise or lower the pH when necessary, and then through a sedimentation tank and ba remove suspended solids and undissolved chemical constituents, as shown on Figure 4. Additional treatment may include granulated activated carbon (GAC) and/or ion expenses.						
Identify each major treatment component (check any that apply):						
■ Fractionation tanks□ Equalization tank □ Oil/water separator □ Mechanical filter □ Media filter						
☐ Chemical feed tank ☐ Air stripping unit ■ Bag filter ■ Other; if so, specify: pH Adjustment as needed Granulated Activated Carbon (GAC) and/or Ion Exchange may be added to meet necessary						
Indicate if either of the following will occur (check any that apply): effluent limits.						
☐ Chlorination ☐ De-chlorination	-					
3. Provide the design flow capacity in gallons per minute (gpm) of the most limiting component. Indicate the most limiting component: Flowmeter Is use of a flow meter feasible? (check one): ■ Yes □ No, if so, provide justification:	250 gpm					
Provide the proposed maximum effluent flow in gpm.	150 gpm					
Provide the average effluent flow in gpm.	50 gpm					
If Activity Category IV applies, indicate the estimated total volume of water that will be discharged:	NA					
4. Has the operator attached a schematic of flow in accordance with the instructions in E, above? (check one): ■ Yes □ No						

F. Chemical and additive information

1. Indicate the type(s) of chemical or additive that will be applied to effluent prior to discharge or that may otherwise be present in the discharge(s): (check all that apply)
1. Indicate the type(s) of chemical of additive that will be applied to efficient prior to discharge of that may otherwise be present in the discharge(s). (check an that apply)
□ Algaecides/biocides □ Antifoams □ Coagulants □ Corrosion/scale inhibitors □ Disinfectants □ Flocculants □ Neutralizing agents □ Oxidants □ Oxygen □
scavengers □ pH conditioners □ Bioremedial agents, including microbes □ Chlorine or chemicals containing chlorine ■ Other; if so, specify:
pH conditioners may be added to the treatment system if necessary to meet effluent limits.
2. Provide the following information for each chemical/additive, using attachments, if necessary:
Refer to attached Haley & Aldrich, Inc. letter
a. Product name, chemical formula, and manufacturer of the chemical/additive; b. Purpose or use of the chemical/additive or remedial agent;
c. Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) and Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) Registry number for each chemical/additive;
d. The frequency (hourly, daily, etc.), duration (hours, days), quantity (maximum and average), and method of application for the chemical/additive;
e. Any material compatibility risks for storage and/or use including the control measures used to minimize such risks; and
f. If available, the vendor's reported aquatic toxicity (NOAEL and/or LC50 in percent for aquatic organism(s)).
3. Has the operator attached an explanation which demonstrates that the addition of such chemicals/additives may be authorized under this general permit in accordance
with the instructions in F, above? (check one): Yes No; if no, has the operator attached data that demonstrates each of the 126 priority pollutants in CWA Section
307(a) and 40 CFR Part 423.15(j)(1) are non-detect in discharges with the addition of the proposed chemical/additive?
(check one): ☐ Yes ☐ No
G. Endangered Species Act eligibility determination
1. Indicate under which criterion the discharge(s) is eligible for coverage under this general permit:
■ FWS Criterion A: No endangered or threatened species or critical habitat are in proximity to the discharges or related activities or come in contact with the
"action area".
□ FWS Criterion B : Formal or informal consultation with the FWS under section 7 of the ESA resulted in either a no jeopardy opinion (formal consultation)
or a written concurrence by FWS on a finding that the discharges and related activities are "not likely to adversely affect" listed species or critical habitat
(informal consultation). Has the operator completed consultation with FWS? (check one): ☐ Yes ☐ No; if no, is consultation underway? (check one): ☐
Yes □ No
☐ FWS Criterion C : Using the best scientific and commercial data available, the effect of the discharges and related activities on listed species and critical
habitat have been evaluated. Based on those evaluations, a determination is made by EPA, or by the operator and affirmed by EPA, that the discharges and
related activities will have "no effect" on any federally threatened or endangered listed species or designated critical habitat under the jurisdiction of the
FWS. This determination was made by: (check one) \square the operator \square EPA \square Other; if so, specify:

□ NMFS Criterion: A determination made by EPA is affirmed by the operator that the discharges and related activities will have "no effect" or are "not likely to adversely affect" any federally threatened or endangered listed species or critical habitat under the jurisdiction of NMFS and will not result in any take of
listed species. Has the operator previously completed consultation with NMFS? (check one): □ Yes □ No
2. Has the operator attached supporting documentation of ESA eligibility in accordance with the instructions in Appendix I, and G, above? (check one): ■ Yes □ No
Does the supporting documentation include any written concurrence or finding provided by the Services? (check one): ☐ Yes ■ No; if yes, attach.
H. National Historic Preservation Act eligibility determination
1. Indicate under which criterion the discharge(s) is eligible for coverage under this general permit:
■ Criterion A: No historic properties are present. The discharges and discharge-related activities (e.g., BMPs) do not have the potential to cause effects on historic properties.
☐ Criterion B: Historic properties are present. Discharges and discharge related activities do not have the potential to cause effects on historic properties.
☐ Criterion C : Historic properties are present. The discharges and discharge-related activities have the potential to have an effect or will have an adverse effect on historic properties.
2. Has the operator attached supporting documentation of NHPA eligibility in accordance with the instructions in H, above? (check one): ■ Yes □ No
Does the supporting documentation include any written agreement with the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO), Tribal Historic Preservation Officer (TPHO), or other tribal representative that outlines measures the operator will carry out to mitigate or prevent any adverse effects on historic properties? (check one): \Box Yes \blacksquare No
I. Supplemental information
Describe any supplemental information being provided with the NOI. Include attachments if required or otherwise necessary.
Refer to attached Haley & Aldrich, Inc. letter
Has the operator attached data, including any laboratory case narrative and chain of custody used to support the application? (check one): ■ Yes □ No
Has the operator attached the certification requirement for the Best Management Practices Plan (BMPP)? (check one): ■ Yes □ No

J. Certification requirement

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in a that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and be no personal knowledge that the information submitted is other than true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.	persons who mana elief, true, accurat	ge the system, or those e. and complete. I have
A BMPP meeting the requirements of this general permit will be imple BMPP certification statement: being submitted with this NOI.	emented at the	site and is not
Notification provided to the appropriate State, including a copy of this NOI, if required.	Check one: Yes	□ No ■
Notification provided to the municipality in which the discharge is located, including a copy of this NOI, if requested.	Check one: Yes	Will be sent by the Contractor prior to start of discharge
Notification provided to the owner of a private or municipal storm sewer system, if such system is used for site discharges, including a copy of this NOI, if requested. Permission obtained from the owner of a private or municipal storm sewer system, if such system is used for site discharges. If yes, attach additional conditions. If no, attach explanation and timeframe for obtaining permission.	Will prior	□ No ■ NA □ be sent by the Contractor to start of discharge □ No ■ NA □
Notification provided to the owner/operator of the area associated with activities covered by an additional discharge permit(s). Additional discharge permit is (check one): □ RGP □ DGP □ CGP □ MSGP □ Individual NPDES permit □ Other; if so, specify:	Check one: Yes	□ No □ NA ■
Signature: Date	= 4 21	N.
Print Name and Title: Gillian Davill PROJECT ENGINEER		

*As development manager, on behalf of DW Propco U, LLC and not individually.

APPENDIX B

Effluent Limitations Documentation

Joyce, Liza

From: Vakalopoulos, Catherine (DEP) <catherine.vakalopoulos@state.ma.us>

Sent: Monday, April 19, 2021 9:19 AM

To: Joyce, Liza

Subject: Re: 7Q10 + Dilution Factor for NPDES NOI - Cambridge Crossing - Parcel U

CAUTION: External Email

Yes, if this was a discharge to the shoreline of the Charles River, you could calculate a 7Q10 but since this is a discharge to the canal where there is much less flushing, the dilution is zero. And the 7Q10 is not available.

From: "Joyce, Liza" <EJoyce@haleyaldrich.com>

Date: Monday, April 19, 2021 at 9:03 AM

To: "Vakalopoulos, Catherine (DEP)" <catherine.vakalopoulos@mass.gov>

Subject: RE: 7Q10 + Dilution Factor for NPDES NOI - Cambridge Crossing - Parcel U

CAUTION: This email originated from a sender outside of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts mail system. Do not click on links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Okay, good to know about the Lechmere Canal. So to summarize, I will be using both a dilution factor of 0 and therefore a 7Q10 value of 0.

Liza Joyce, E.I.T. | Haley & Aldrich, Inc.

Engineer

From: Vakalopoulos, Catherine (DEP) <catherine.vakalopoulos@state.ma.us>

Sent: Tuesday, April 13, 2021 2:47 PM **To:** Joyce, Liza <EJoyce@haleyaldrich.com>

Subject: Re: 7Q10 + Dilution Factor for NPDES NOI - Cambridge Crossing - Parcel U

CAUTION: External Email

Hi Liza,

I've looked at Lechmere Canal for other RGP authorizations, including Cambridge Crossing (back in 2017 when it was called Northpoint). Though there is a high 7Q10 and plenty of dilution in the main channel of the Charles River, there isn't in Lechmere Canal. Also, the drainage lines you see in StreamStats are not quite accurate. Therefore, using a 7Q10 from a location downstream of the Museum of Science is not applicable for Lechmere Canal. Unfortunately, as with the other RGPs that discharged to Lechmere Canal, a dilution factor cannot be used for this proposed discharge.

For the NOI:

Waterbody and ID: Charles River (MA72-38) within Charles River Watershed

Classification: B(CSO)

Outstanding Resource Water?: no

State's most recent Integrated List is located here: https://www.mass.gov/files/documents/2020/01/07/16ilwplist.pdf,

search for "MA72-38" to see the causes of impairments.

TMDLs: there are two approved TMDL (pathogens and phosphorus) for this segment.

As you may know, if this is not a *current* MCP site, then in addition to submitting the NOI to EPA, you need to apply with MassDEP and submit a \$500 fee (unless fee exempt, e.g., municipality) using the ePLACE. The instructions are located here: https://www.mass.gov/how-to/wm-15-npdes-general-permit-notice-of-intent. Technical assistance is available on the front page of the ePLACE application webpage.

Please let me know if you have any questions, and again, I'm very sorry for the delay.

Cathy

From: "Joyce, Liza" < EJoyce@haleyaldrich.com > Date: Wednesday, March 17, 2021 at 1:50 PM

To: "Vakalopoulos, Catherine (DEP)" < catherine.vakalopoulos@mass.gov > Subject: 7Q10 + Dilution Factor for NPDES NOI - Cambridge Crossing - Parcel U

CAUTION: This email originated from a sender outside of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts mail system. Do not click on links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Hi Cathy,

I am working on a NPDES NOI for a site in Cambridge. For your review, I have attached the StreamStats report with the 7Q10 low flow value and the dilution factor calculations. The maximum design flow of the system is 150 GPM, which was used in the calculation. Can you confirm that my calculations are appropriate for the project?

The proposed discharge routes are into the Lechmere Canal (which feeds to the Charles River), and directly into the Charles River. I have attached the discharge figures for reference.

Let me know if you need anymore information. Thanks!

Liza Joyce, E.I.T.

Engineer

Haley & Aldrich, Inc 465 Medford Street | Suite 2200 Charlestown, MA 02129

T: 617-886-7432 C: 404-384-1988

Enter number values in green boxes below

Enter values in the units specified



Enter a dilution factor, if other than zero



Enter values in the units specified

\downarrow	
332	C_d = Enter influent hardness in mg/L CaCO ₃
67.3	C. = Enter receiving water hardness in mg/L CaCO

Enter receiving water concentrations in the units specified

\downarrow	_
7.53	pH in Standard Units
3.42	Temperature in °C
0.19	Ammonia in mg/L
67.3	Hardness in mg/L CaCO:
0	Salinity in ppt
0	Antimony in μg/L
0	Arsenic in μg/L
0	Cadmium in μg/L
0	Chromium III in µg/L
0	Chromium VI in µg/L
1.61	Copper in µg/L
362	Iron in μg/L
1.93	Lead in μg/L
0	Mercury in μg/L
0	Nickel in μg/L
0	Selenium in μg/L
0	Silver in μg/L
16.49	Zinc in µg/L

Enter influent concentrations in the units specified

\downarrow	•
0	TRC in μg/L
3.32	Ammonia in mg/L
0	Antimony in μg/L
16.85	Arsenic in μg/L
0	Cadmium in µg/L
0	Chromium III in µg/L
0	Chromium VI in μg/L
0	Copper in µg/L
43400	Iron in μg/L
0	Lead in μg/L
0	Mercury in μg/L
0	Nickel in μg/L
0	Selenium in μg/L
0	Silver in μg/L
0	Zinc in μg/L
11	Cyanide in µg/L
0	Phenol in μg/L
0	Carbon Tetrachloride in µg/L
0	Tetrachloroethylene in µg/L
0	Total Phthalates in μg/L
0	Diethylhexylphthalate in μg/L
0	Benzo(a)anthracene in µg/L
0	Benzo(a)pyrene in µg/L
0	Benzo(b)fluoranthene in μg/L
0	Benzo(k)fluoranthene in μg/L
0	Chrysene in µg/L
0	Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene in μg/L
0	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene in μg/L
0	Methyl-tert butyl ether in μg/L

Notes:

Freshwater: Q_R equal to the 7Q10; enter alternate Q_R if approved by the State; enter 0 if no dilution factor approved

Saltwater (estuarine and marine): enter Q_{R} if approved by the State; enter $\boldsymbol{0}$ if no entry

Discharge flow is equal to the design flow or 1 MGD, whichever is less Only if approved by State as the entry for $Q_{R^{\dagger}}$ leave 0 if no entry

Saltwater (estuarine and marine): only if approved by the State Leave 0 if no entry

Freshwater only

pH, temperature, and ammonia required for all discharges Hardness required for freshwater Salinity required for saltwater (estuarine and marine) Metals required for all discharges if present and if dilution factor is ≥ 1 Enter 0 if non-detect or testing not required

if>1 sample, enter maximum if>10 samples, may enter 95th percentile

Enter 0 if non-detect or testing not required

I. Dilution Factor Calculation Method

A. 7010

Refer to Appendix V for determining critical low flow; must be approved by State before use in calculations.

B. Dilution Factor

Calculated as follows:

$$Df = \frac{Q_R + Q_P}{Q_P}$$

 $Q_R = 7Q10$ in MGD

 Q_P = Discharge flow, in MGD

II. Effluent Limitation Calculation Method

A. Calculate Water Quality Criterion:

Step 1. Downstream hardness, calculated as follows:

$$C_r = \underline{Q_d C_d + Q_s C_s}$$

 $C_r = Downstream hardness in mg/L$

 $Q_d = Discharge flow in MGD$

 $C_d = Discharge hardness in mg/L$

 $Q_s = \text{Upstream flow (7Q10) in MGD}$

 $C_s = Upstream$ (receiving water) hardness in mg/L

 Q_r = Downstream receiving water flow in MGD

Step 2. Total recoverable water quality criteria for hardness-dependent metals, calculated as follows:

Total Recoverable Criteria = $\exp\{m_c [\ln(h)] + b_c\}$

 $m_c = Pollutant-specific coefficient (m_a for silver)$

 b_c = Pollutant-specific coefficient (b_a for silver)

ln = Natural logarithm

h = Hardness calculated in Step 1

Step 3. Total recoverable water quality criteria for non-hardness-dependent metals, calculated as follows:

WQC in
$$\mu$$
g/L = _____ dissolved WQC in μ g/L

dissolved to total recoverable factor

B. Calculate WQBEL:

Step 1. WQBEL calculated as follows for parameter sampled in and detected in the receiving water:

$$C_{d} = \underline{Q_{r} C_{r} - Q_{s} C_{s}}$$

 C_r = Water quality criterion in μ g/L

 $Q_d = Discharge flow in MGD$

 $C_d = WQBEL \text{ in } \mu g/L$

 $Q_s = Upstream flow (7Q10) in MGD$

 C_s = Ustream (receiving water) concentration in μ g/L

 $Q_r = Downstream receiving water flow in MGD$

Step 2. WQBEL calculated as follows for parameter not sampled in or not detected in receiving water:

$$C_d = (Q_r/Q_d) \times C_r$$

 C_r = Water quality criterion in μ g/L

 $Q_d = Discharge flow in MGD$

 Q_r = Downstream receiving water flow in MGD

C. Determine if a WQBEL applies:

Step 1. For parameter sampled in and detected in receiving water, downstream concentrations calculated as follows:

$$C_r = \underline{Q_d}\underline{C_d} + \underline{Q_s}\underline{C_s}$$

Q

 C_r = Downstream concentration in μ g/L

 $Q_d = Discharge flow in MGD$

 C_d = Influent concentration in $\mu g/L$

 $Q_s = \text{Upstream flow (7Q10) in MGD}$

 C_s = Upstream (receiving water) concentration in μ g/L

 Q_r = Downstream receiving water flow in MGD

The WQBEL applies if:

1) the projected downstream concentration calculated in accordance with Step 1, above, and the discharge concentration of a parameter are greater than the WQC calculated for that parameter in accordance with II.A, above

AND

2) the WQBEL determined for that parameter in accordance with II.B, above, is less than the TBEL in Part 2.1.1 of the RGP for that parameter. Otherwise, the TBEL in Part 2.1.1

of the RGP for that parameter applies.

Step 2. For a parameter not sampled in or not detected in receiving water, the WQBEL applies if:

1) the discharge concentration of a parameter is greater than the WQBEL determined for that parameter in accordance with II.A or II.B, above;

AND

2) the WQBEL determined for that parameter in accordance with II.A or II.B, above is less than the TBEL in Part 2.1.1 of the RGP for that parameter. Otherwise, the TBEL in

Part 2.1.1 of the RGP for that parameter applies.

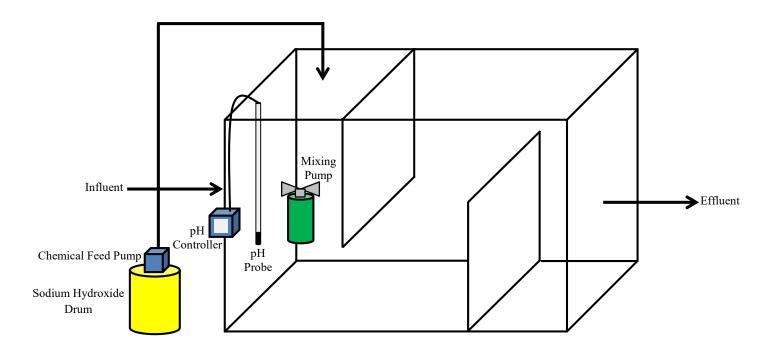
Dilution Factor 1.0

Dilution Factor	1.0					
A. Inorganics	TBEL applies if	bolded	WQBEL applies i	f bolded	Compliance Level applies if shown	
Ammonia	Report	mg/L				
Chloride	Report	μg/L				
Total Residual Chlorine	0.2	mg/L	11	μg/L	50	μg/L
Total Suspended Solids	30	mg/L		rs 2		F-8-2
Antimony	206	μg/L	640	μg/L		
Arsenic			10			
	104	μg/L		μg/L		
Cadmium	10.2	μg/L	0.6584	μg/L		
Chromium III	323	μg/L	230.3	μg/L		
Chromium VI	323	$\mu g/L$	11.4	$\mu g/L$		
Copper	242	$\mu g/L$	26.0	$\mu g/L$		
Iron	5000	μg/L	1000	μg/L		
Lead	160	μg/L	14.66	μg/L		
Mercury	0.739	μg/L	0.91	μg/L		
Nickel	1450	μg/L	144.0	μg/L		
Selenium	235.8		5.0			
		μg/L		μg/L		
Silver	35.1	μg/L	29.8	μg/L		
Zinc	420	μg/L	331.2	μg/L		
Cyanide	178	mg/L	5.2	$\mu g/L$		μ g/L
B. Non-Halogenated VOCs						
Total BTEX	100	μg/L				
Benzene	5.0	μg/L				
1,4 Dioxane	200	μg/L				
Acetone	7970	μg/L	200	/T		
Phenol	1,080	μg/L	300	μg/L		
C. Halogenated VOCs Carbon Tetrachloride	4.4	~/T	1.6	~/T		
1,2 Dichlorobenzene	600	μg/L		μg/L		
1.3 Dichlorobenzene	320	μg/L μg/L				
1,4 Dichlorobenzene	5.0	μg/L μg/L				
Total dichlorobenzene		μg/L μg/L				
1,1 Dichloroethane	70	μg/L				
1,2 Dichloroethane	5.0	μg/L				
1,1 Dichloroethylene	3.2	μg/L				
Ethylene Dibromide	0.05	μg/L				
Methylene Chloride	4.6	μg/L				
1,1,1 Trichloroethane	200	μg/L				
1,1,2 Trichloroethane	5.0	μg/L				
Trichloroethylene	5.0	μg/L				
Tetrachloroethylene	5.0	μg/L	3.3	μg/L		
cis-1,2 Dichloroethylene	70	μg/L		•		
Vinyl Chloride	2.0	$\mu g/L$				
D. Non-Halogenated SVOCs						
Total Phthalates	190	$\mu g/L$		$\mu g/L$		
Diethylhexyl phthalate	101	μg/L	2.2	μg/L		

Total Group I Polycyclic							
Aromatic Hydrocarbons	1.0	μg/L					
Benzo(a)anthracene	1.0	μg/L	0.0038	μg/L		μg/L	
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.0	μg/L	0.0038	μg/L		μg/L	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.0	μg/L	0.0038	μg/L		μg/L	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.0	μg/L	0.0038	μg/L		μg/L	
Chrysene	1.0	μg/L	0.0038	μg/L		μg/L	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	1.0	μg/L	0.0038	μg/L		μg/L	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.0	μg/L	0.0038	μg/L		μg/L	
Total Group II Polycyclic							
Aromatic Hydrocarbons	100	μg/L					
Naphthalene	20	μg/L					
E. Halogenated SVOCs							
Total Polychlorinated Biphenyls	0.000064	μg/L			0.5	μg/L	
Pentachlorophenol	1.0	μg/L					
F. Fuels Parameters							
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	5.0	mg/L					
Ethanol	Report	mg/L					
Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether	70	μg/L	20	μg/L			
tert-Butyl Alcohol	120	μg/L					
tert-Amyl Methyl Ether	90	μg/L					

APPENDIX C

Additional Treatment Information



Notes:

- 1.) Figure is not to scale.
- 2.) System layout can vary with site conditions.

Job Safety Analysis pH/Chem Feed System

Required PPE: Hard Hat, Safety Toe Boots, Reflective Vest, Safety Glasses, Chemical Resistant Gloves

TASK	POTENTIAL RISK/HAZARD	CONTROLS
Transporting acid/chemical drum	Splash, spill, heavy lifting	Inspect condition of drum prior to transportation. Use material handling devices when possible to move equipment (lift gates, pallet jacks, hand trucks, etc.). If necessary, use a ramp for loading/unloading wheeled devices, ensuring the ramp is properly supported prior to use. Lift with your knees and use drum dolly. Make sure drum is secure in vehicle prior to transportation. Review SDS on acid/chemical. Wear proper PPE and dispose of materials after clean up in a sealed container. Immediately use the eye wash station if acid or chemical comes in contact with your eye.
Opening acid drum	Splash, spill	Review MSDS on acid/chemical. Wear proper PPE and dispose of materials after clean up in a sealed container. Immediately use the eye wash station if acid or chemical comes in contact with your eye. Use bung wrench to open the drum properly.
Set up chemical feed pump	Splash, spill, leak	Wear proper PPE and dispose of materials after clean up in a sealed container. Immediately use the eye wash station if acid or chemical comes in contact with your eye. Monitor chem feed pump to assure its working and not leaking. Use chemical resistant tubing to transport liquid from the pump.
Notes:		

Note any changes/deviations to this JSA

Page1 Issued: 5/10/16 Revision# 0



One Controller for the Broadest Range of Sensors.

Choose from 30 digital and analog sensor families for up to 17 di:erent parameters.

Maximum Versatility

The sc200 controller allows the use of digital and analog sensors, either alone or in combination, to provide compatibility with Hach's broad range of sensors, eliminating the need for dedicated, parameter-specific controllers.

Ease of Use and Confidence in Results

Large, high-resolution, transreflective display provides optimal viewing resolution in any lighting condition. Guided calibration procedures in 19 languages minimize complexity and reduce operator error. Password-protected SD card reader o:ers a simple solution for data download and transfer. Visual warning system provides critical alerts.

Wide Variety of Communication Options

Utilize two to five analog outputs to transmit primary and secondary values for each sensor, or integrate Hach sensors and analyzers into MODBUS RS232/RS485, Profibus® DP, and HART networks.



Password protected SD card reader offers a simple solution for data download and transfer, and sc200 and digital sensor configuration file duplication and backup.

Controller Comparison







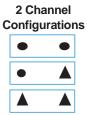
	Previous I	Models		
Features	sc100™ Controller	GLI53 Controller	sc200™ Controller	Benefits
Display	64 x 128 pixels 33 x 66 mm (1.3 x 2.6 in.)	64 x 128 pixels 33 x 66 mm (1.3 x 2.6 in.)	160 x 240 pixels 48 x 68 mm (1.89 x 2.67 in.) Transreflective	 Improved user interface— 50% bigger Easier to read in daylight and sunlight
Data Management	irDA Port/PDA Service Cable	N/A	SD Card Service Cable	Simplifies data transfer Standardized accessories/ max compatibility
Sensor Inputs	2 Max Direct Digital Analog via External Gateway	2 Max Analog Depending on Parameter	2 Max Digital and/or Analog with Sensor Card	Simplifies analog sensor connectionsWorks with analog and digital sensors
Analog Inputs	N/A	N/A	1 Analog Input Signal Analog 4-20mA Card	 Enables non-sc analyzer monitoring Accepts mA signals from other analyzers for local display Consolidates analog mA signals to a digital output
4-20 mA Outputs	2 Standard	2 Standard	2 Standard Optional 3 Additional	Total of five (5) 4-20 mA outputs allows multiple mA outputs per sensor input
Digital Communication	MODBUS RS232/RS485 Profibus DP V1.0	HART	MODBUS RS232/RS485 Profibus DP V1.0 HART7.2	Unprecedented combination of sensor breadth and digital communication options

sc200™ Universal Controller 3

Choose from Hach's Broad Range of Digital and Analog Sensors					
Parameter	Sensor	Digital or Analog			
Ammonia	AMTAX™ sc, NH4D sc, AISE sc, AN-ISE sc	•			
Chlorine	CLF10 sc, CLT10 sc, 9184 sc	•			
Chlorine Dioxide	9185 sc	•			
Conductivity	GLI 3400 Contacting, GLI 3700 Inductive	A			
Dissolved Oxygen	LDO® Model 2, 5740 sc	•			
Dissolved Oxygen	5500	A			
Flow	U53, F53 Sensors	A			
Nitrate	NITRATAX™ sc, NO3D sc, NISE sc, AN-ISE sc	•			
Oil in Water	FP360 sc	•			
Organics	UVAS sc	•			
Ozone	9187 sc	•			
pH/ORP	pHD	•			
pH/ORP	pHD, pH Combination, LCP	A			
Phosphate	PHOSPHAX™ sc	•			
Sludge Level	SONATAX™sc	•			
Suspended Solids	SOLITAX™ sc, TSS sc	•			
Turbidity	1720E, FT660 sc, SS7 sc, ULTRATURB sc, SOLITAX sc, TSS sc	•			
Ultra Pure Conductivity	8310, 8311, 8312, 8315, 8316, 8317 Contacting	A			
Ultra Pure pH/ORP	8362	A			

● = Digital ▲ = Analog

Connect up to two of any of the sensors listed above, in any combination, to meet your application needs. The diagrams below demonstrate the potential configurations. Operation of analog sensors requires the controller to be equipped with the appropriate sensor module. Contact Hach Technical Support for help with selecting the appropriate module.



1 Channel
Configurations

Specifications*

Dimensions (H x W x

D)

(144 mm x 144 mm x 181 mm) Graphic dot matrix LCD with LED

Display

backlighting, transreflective

Display Size

1.9 x 2.7 in. (48 mm x 68 mm)

Display Resolution

240 x 160 pixels 3.75 lbs. (1.70 kg)

5.7 in x 5.7 in x 7.1 in

Weight **Power Requirements**

100 - 240 V AC, 24 V DC

(Voltage)

Power Requirements

50/60 Hz

(Hz)

Operating **Temperature Range** -20 to 60 °C, 0 to 95% RH non-condensing

Analog Outputs

Two (Five with optional expansion module) to isolated current outputs, max 550 Ω , Accuracy: ± 0.1% of FS (20mA) at 25 °C, ± 0.5% of FS over -20 °C to 60 °C

range

Operational Mode: measurement

or calculated value

Analog Output Functional Mode Linear, Logarithmic, Bi-linear, PID

Security Levels

Mounting

2 password-protected levels

Configurations

Wall, pole, and panel mounting

Enclosure Rating Conduit Openings

1/2 in NPT Conduit

NEMA 4X/IP66

Relay: Operational

Primaryorsecondary

Mode

measurement, calculated value (dual channel only) or timer

Relay Functions

Scheduler (Timer), Alarm, Feeder Control, Event Control, Pulse Width

Modulation, Frequency Control,

and Warning

Four electromechanical SPDT Relays

(Form C) contacts, 1200 W, 5 A

Communication MODBUS RS232/RS485,

PROFIBUS DPV1, or HART 7.2

optional

Memory Backup

Electrical Certifications Flash memory

EMC

CE compliant for conducted and

radiated emissions:

- CISPR 11 (Class A limits)

- EMC Immunity EN 61326-1

(Industrial limits)

Safety

cETLus safety mark for:

- General Locations per ANSI/UL 61010-1 & CAN/CSA C22.2. No.

61010-1

- Hazardous Location Class I, Division 2, Groups A,B,C & D (Zone 2, Group IIC) per FM 3600 / FM 3611 & CSA C22.2 No. 213 M1987 with approved options and appropriately rated Class I, Division 2 or Zone 2 sensors

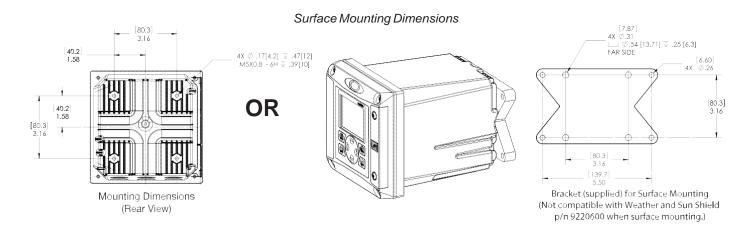
cULus safety mark

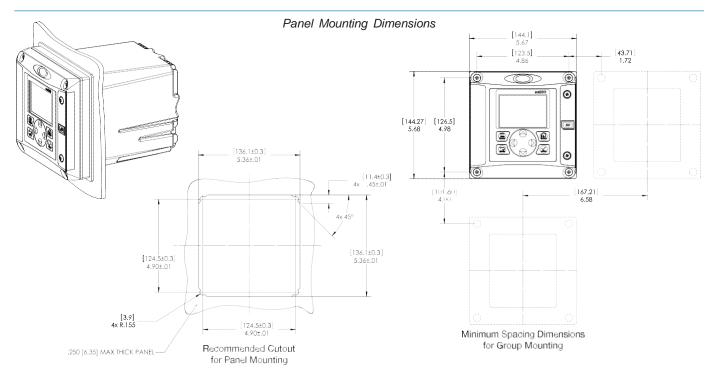
- General Locations per UL 61010-1 & CAN/CSA C22.2. No. 61010-1

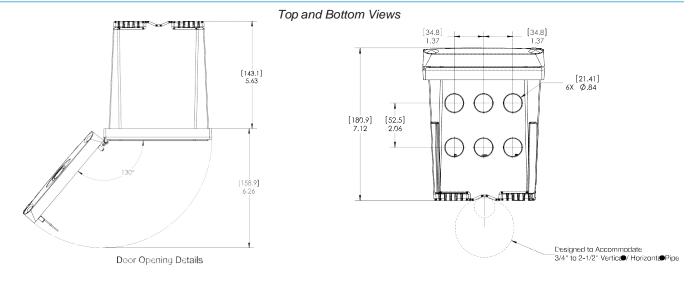
*Subject to change without notice.

sc200™ Universal Controller

Dimensions







3/4-inch Combination pH and ORP Sensor Kits





Use the Digital Gateway to make any Hach analog combination pH or ORP sensor compatible with the Hach sc1000 Controller.





Digital combination pH and ORP sensors are available in convertible, insertion, and sanitary mounting styles. Choose from rugged dome electrodes or "easy-to-clean" flat glass electrodes.

Features and Benefits

Low Price—High Performance

These combination sensors are designed for specialty applications for immersion or in-line mounting. The reference cell features a double-junction design for extended service life, and a built-in solution ground. The body is molded from chemically-resistant Ryton® or PVDF, and the reference junction is coaxial porous Teflon®. All sensors are rated 0 to 105°C up to 100 psig, and have integral 4.5 m (15 ft.) cables with tinned leads. The PC-series (for pH) and RC-series (for ORP) combination sensors are ideal for measuring mild and aggressive media.

Special Electrode Configurations

Sensors with rugged dome electrodes, "easy-to-clean" flat glass electrodes, and even HF (hydrofluoric acid) resistant glass electrodes are available for a wide variety of process solutions.

Temperature Compensation Element Option

The PC-series combination pH sensors are available with or without a Pt 1000 ohm RTD temperature element. The RC-series combination ORP sensors are supplied without a temperature element.

Versatile Mounting Styles

Sensors are available in three mounting styles—convertible, insertion, and sanitary. Please turn to page 3 for more information.

Full-Featured "Plug and Play" Hach sc Digital Controllers

There are no complicated wiring or set up procedures with any Hach sc controller. Just plug in any combination of Hach digital sensors and it's ready to use—it's "plug and play."

One or multiple sensors—The sc controller family allows you to receive data from up to eight Hach digital sensors in any combination using a single controller.

Communications—Multiple alarm/control schemes are available using the relays and PID control outputs. Available communications include analog 4-20 mA, digital MODBUS[®] (RS485 and RS232) or Profibus DP protocols. (Other digital protocols are available. Contact your Hach representative for details.)

Data logger—A built-in data logger collects measurement data, calibration, verification points, and alarm history.

Specifications*

Most pH applications fall in the 2.5-12.5 pH range. General purpose pH glass electrodes perform well in this range. Some industrial applications require accurate measurements and control at pH values below 2 or above 12. Consult Hach Technical Support for details on these applications.

Combination pH Sensors

Measuring Range

0 to 14 pH

Accuracy

Less than 0.1 pH under reference conditions

Temperature Range

0 to 105°C (32 to 221°F)

Flow Rate

0 to 2 m/s (0 to 6.6 ft./s); non-abrasive

Pressure Range

0 to 6.9 bar at 100°C (0 to 100 psig at 212°F)

Signal Transmission Distance

100 m (328 ft.) when used with the Hach Digital Gateway and a Hach sc Digital Controller.

1000 m (3280 ft.) when used with the Hach Digital Gateway, Termination Box, and a Hach sc Digital Controller.

Sensor Cable

Integral coaxial cable (plus two conductors for temperature compensator option); 4.5 m (15 ft.) long

Wetted Materials

Convertible style: Ryton® body (glass filled)

Insertion style: PVDF body (Kynar®)

Sanitary style: 316 stainless steel sleeved PVDF body

Common materials for all sensor styles include PTFE Teflon double junction, glass process electrode, and Viton® O-rings

Warranty

90 days

Combination ORP Sensors

Measuring Range

-2000 to +2000 millivolts

Accuracy

Limited to calibration solution accuracy (± 20 mV)

Temperature Range

0 to 105°C (32 to 221°F)

Flow Rate

0 to 2 m/s (0 to 6.6 ft./s); non-abrasive

Pressure Range

0 to 6.9 bar at 100°C (0 to 100 psig at 212°F)

Signal Transmission Distance

100 m (328 ft.) when used with the Hach Digital Gateway and a Hach sc Digital Controller.

1000 m (3280 ft.) when used with the Hach Digital Gateway, Termination Box, and a Hach sc Digital Controller.

Sensor Cable

Integral coaxial cable; 4.5 m (15 ft.) long; terminated with stripped and tinned wires

Wetted Materials

Convertible style: Ryton® body (glass filled)

Insertion style: PVDF body (Kynar®)

Common materials for all sensor styles include PTFE Teflon double junction, glass with platinum process electrode, and Viton® O-rings

Warranty

90 days

*Specifications subject to change without notice.

Ryton® is a registered trademark of Phillips 66 Co.; Viton® is a registered trademark of E.I. DuPont de Nemours + Co.; Kynar® is a registered trademark of Pennwalt Corp.

Engineering Specifications

- The pH sensor shall be available in convertible, insertion or sanitary styles. The ORP sensor shall be available in only convertible or insertion styles.
- 2. The convertible style sensor shall have a Ryton[®] body. The insertion style sensor shall have a PVDF body. The sanitary style sensor shall have a 316 stainless steel sleeved PVDF body. Common materials for all sensor styles shall include a PTFE Teflon[®] double junction, and Viton[®] O-rings. The pH sensor shall have a glass pH electrode. The ORP sensor shall have a platinum ORP electrode.
- 3. The convertible style pH sensor shall be available with or without a built-in Pt 1000 ohm RTD temperature element. Insertion and sanitary style pH sensors shall have a built-in Pt 1000 ohm RTD temperature element. Convertible and insertion style ORP sensors shall not have a built-in temperature element.
- 4. The sensor shall communicate via MODBUS[®] RS-485 to a Hach sc Digital Controller.
- The sensor shall be Hach Company Model PC sc or PC-series for pH measurement or Model PC sc or RC-series for ORP measurement.

Dimensions

Convertible Style Sensor

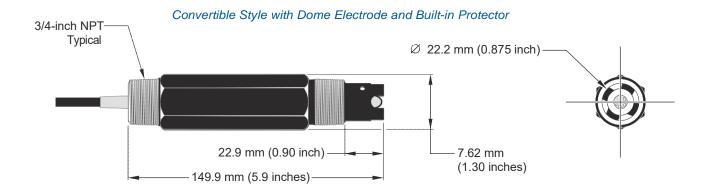
The convertible style sensor has a Ryton[®] body that features 3/4-inch NPT threads on both ends. The sensor can be directly mounted into a standard 3/4-inch pipe tee for flow-through mounting or fastened onto the end of a pipe for immersion mounting. The convertible style sensor enables inventory consolidation, thereby reducing associated costs. Mounting tees and immersion mounting hardware are offered in a variety of materials to suit application requirements.

Insertion Style Sensor

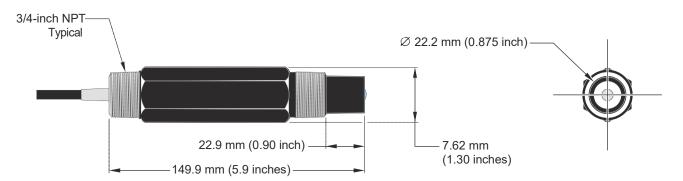
Insertion style sensors feature a longer, non-threaded PVDF body with two Viton® O-rings, providing a seal when used with the optional Hach insertion mount hardware assembly. This ball valve hardware enables sensor insertion and retraction from a pipe or vessel without having to stop the process flow.

Sanitary Style Sensor

The sanitary style sensor, offered for pH measurement, has a 316 stainless steel-sleeved PVDF body with a 2-inch flange. The sensor mates to a standard 2-inch Tri-Clover fitting. The optional Hach sanitary mounting hardware includes a standard 2-inch sanitary tee, sanitary clamp, and Viton[®] sanitary gasket.



Convertible Style with Flat Electrode



The Pulsatron Series A Plus offers manual function controls over stroke length and stroke rate as standard with the option to select external pace for automatic control.

Ten distinct models are available, having pressure capabilities to 250 PSIG (17 BAR) @ 12 GPO (1.9 lph), and flow capacities to 58 GPO (9.1 lph) @ 100 PSIG (7.0 BAR), with a standard turndown ratio of 100:1, and optional ratio of 1000:1. Metering performance is reproducible to within \pm 3% of maximum capacity.

Features

- Manual Control by on-line adjustable stroke rate and stroke length.
- Highly Reliable timing circuit.
- Circuit Protection against voltage and current upsets.
- Solenoid Protection by thermal overload with autoreset
- Water Resistant, for outdoor and indoor applications.
- Internally Dampened To Reduce Noise.
- Guided Ball Check Valve Systems, to reduce back flow and enhance outstanding priming characteristics.
- Few Moving Parts and Wall Mountable.
- Safe & Easy Priming with durable leak-free bleed valve assembly (standard).
- Optional Control: External pace with auto/manual selection.

Controls



Manual Stroke Rate
Manual Stroke Length
External Pacing-Optional
External Pace With Stop-Optional (125 SPM only)

Controls Options						
F4	Standard	Optional				
Feature	Configuration	Configuration ¹				
External Pacing		Auto / Manual Selection /				
External Pace w/ Stop		Auto / Manual Selection 2				
(125SPMonly)						
Manual Stroke Rate	10:1Ratio	100:1 Raio				
Manual Stroke Length	10:1Ratio	10:1 Ratio				
Total Turndown Ratio	1001 Ratio	1000:1 Ratio				

Note 1:On S2,S3 & S4 sizes only.

Note 2:Not available on 1000:1turndown pumps.

Operating Benefits

- Reliable metering performance.
- Rated "hot" for continuous duty.
- High viscosity capability.
- Leak-free, sealless, liquid end.



Aftermarket

- KOPkits
- Gauges
- Dampeners
- Pressure Relief Valves
- Tanks
- Pre-Engineered Systems
- Process Controllers

(PULSAblue, MicroVision)







Series A Plus Electronic Metering Pumps

Series A Plus

Specifications and Model Selection

	MODEL		LBC2	LB02	LBC3	LB03	LB04	LB64	LBC4	LBS2	LBS3	LBS4
Capacity		GPH	0.25	025	0.42	0.50	1.00	125	2.00	0.50	1.38	2.42
nominal		GPO	6	6	10	12	24	30	48	12	33	58
(max.)		LPH	0.9	0.9	1.6	1.9	3.8	4.7	7.6	1.9	5.2	9.14
Pressure ³ (max.)	GFPP,PVDF,316SS or PVC <;Ncode) wTFE Seats) PVC (V code) Vton or CSPE Seats IDegas Liquid End	PSIG (Bar)	250 (17) 150 (10)	150 (10)	250 (17)	150 (10)	100 (7)	100 (7)	50 (33)	250 (17) 150 (10)	150 (10)	100(7)
Connections:		Tubina		114'IDX 318' OD 318'DX 112' OD				114	!D X 318' O[)		
		Pioina					1	14'FNPT				
Strokes/Minute		SPM				125					250	

Note 3: Pumps with rated pressure above 150 PSI will be de-rated to 150 PSI Max. when selecting certain valve options, see Price Book for details.

Engineering Data

Pump Head Materials Available: **GFPPL**

PVC PVDF 316 SS

Diaphragm: PTFE-faced CSPE-backed

Check Valves Materials Available:

Fittings Materials Available:

Seats/0-Rings: **PTFE**

> **CSPE** Viton

Balls: Ceramic

PTFE 316 SS

Alloy C **GFPPL**

PVC

PVDF

Bleed Valve: Same as fitting and check valve

selected, except 316SS

Same as fitting and check valve hjection Valve & Foot Valve Assy:

selected

Tubing: ClearPVC

White PF

Important: Material Code - GFPPL=Glass-filled Polypropylene, PVC=Polyvinyl Chloride, PE=Polyethylene, PVDF=Polyvinylidene Fluoride, CSPE=Generic formulation of Hypalon, a registered trademark of E.I. DuPont Company. Viton is a registered trademark of E.I. DuPont Company. PVC wetted end recommended for sodium hypochlorite.

Engineering Data

Reproducibility: +/- 3% at maximum capacty

Viscosity Max CPS: 1000 CPS Stroke Frequency Max SPM: 125 / 250 by Model Stroke Frequency Turn-Down Ratio: 10:1/100:1 by Model

Stroke Length Turn-Down Ratio:

Power Input: 115 VAC/50-60 HZ/1 ph 230 VAC/50-60 HZ/1 ph

Average Current Draw:

@ 115 VAC; Amps: 0.6 Amps @ 230 VAC; Amps: 0.3 Amps Peak hput Power: 130 Watts 50 Watts Average Input Power @ Max SPM:

Custom Engineered Designs-Pre-Engineered Systems

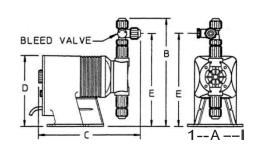


Pre-Engineered Systems Pulsafeeder's Pre-Engineered Systems are designed to provide complete chemical feed solutions for all electronic metering applications. From stand alone simplex pH control applications to full-featured, redundant sodium hypochlorite disinfection metering, these rugged fabricated assemblies offer turnkey simplicity and industrial-grade durability. The UV-stabilized, high-grade HOPE frame offers maximum chemical compatibility and structural rigidity. Each system is factory assembled and hydrostatically tested prior to shipment.

Dimensions

Series A PLUS Dimensions (inches)						
						Shipping
Model No.	Α	В	c	D	Ε	Weight
LB02 IS2	5.0	9.6	9.5	6.5	8.2	10
LBC2	5.0	9.9	9.5	6.5	8.5	10
LBC3	5.0	9.9	9.5	6.5	8.5	10
LB03 IS3	5.0	9.9	9.5	6.5	8.5	10
LB0 \$ 4	5.0	9.9	9.5	6.5	8.5	10
LB64	5.0	9.9	9.5	6.5	8.5	10
LBC4	5.0	9.9	9.5	6.5	8.5	10

NOTE: hches X 2.54 cm



95-Gallon OverPack - 32" dia x 41.5", 1 each/package



Stock a SpillTech® OverPack with sorbents for emergency spill response, or use it as a salvage drum to ship damaged containers or hazardous waste.

- DOT-Approved for Salvage: All SpillTech® OverPacks are DOT-approved and X-rated for use as salvage drums. Helps companies conform to federal regulations when shipping damaged or leaking containers of hazardous materials, or absorbents contaminated with hazardous substances.
- Perfect for Spill Kits: Stores sorbent products (not included) for easy access as needed for spill control. Saves time when quick response is necessary.
- Sturdy Construction: 100% polyethylene OverPack resists chemicals, rust and corrosion for years of use. Integrated handles make them easy to lift, move or carry with standard material handling equipment. Twist-on, double-wall lid with closed-cell gasket provides sealed, secure closure to prevent leaks and protect contents from moisture, dirt and damage. Durable to withstand rough handling.
- Customized for You: We can customize a Spill Kit to your exact specifications, including the container, its contents and accessories, with no upcharge! Contact your local Distributor for details.

A950VER Specifications

Dimensions: ext. dia. 32" x 41.5" H

Shipping 31.75" W x 41.5" L x 31.75" H

Dimensions:

Sold as: 1 per package

Color: Yellow

Composition: Polyethylene

per Pallet: 3
Incinerable: No
Ship Class: 250

Metric Equivalent Specifications

Dimensions: ext. dia. 81.3cm x 105.4cm H

Shipping 80.6cm W x 105.4cm L x 80.6cm H

Dimensions:

A950VER Technical Information

Warnings & Restrictions:

There are no known warnings and restrictions for this product.

Regulations and Compliance:

49 CFR 173.3(c)(1) - If a container of hazardous waste is damaged or leaking, it can be placed in a compatible salvage drum that meets UN criteria for shipping

49 CFR 173.12(b)(2)(iv) - When labpacking, "Inner packagings...must be surrounded by a chemically compatible absorbent material in sufficient quantity to absorb the total liquid contents."

49 CFR 173.12(b) - A container used for labpacking must be "a UN 1A2 or UN 1B2 metal drum, a UN 1D plywood drum, a UN 1G fiber drum or a UN 1H2 plastic drum tested and marked at least for the Packing Group III performance level for liquids or solids."

SAFETY DATA SHEET

M32415 - ANSI - EN





CAUSTIC SODA LIQUID (ALL GRADES)

SDS No.: M32415 SDS Revision Date: 13-Jan-2016

SECTION 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Company Identification: Occidental Chemical Corporation

5005 LBJ Freeway P.O. Box 809050 Dallas, TX 75380-9050 1-800-752-5151

24 Hour Emergency Telephone

Number:

1-800-733-3665 or 1-972-404-3228 (USA); CANUTEC (Canada): 1-613-996-6666; CHEMTREC (within USA and Canada): 1-800-424-9300; CHEMTREC (outside USA and Canada): +1 703-527-3887; CHEMTREC Contract No: CCN16186

To Request an SDS: MSDS@oxy.com or 1-972-404-3245

Customer Service: 1-800-752-5151 or 1-972-404-3700 (55) 55959542 (Mexico)

Product Identifier: CAUSTIC SODA LIQUID (ALL GRADES)

Trade Name: Caustic Soda Diaphragm Grade 10%, 15%, 18%, 20%, 25%, 30%, 35%, 40%,

50%, Caustic Soda Membrane 6%, 18%, 20%, 25%, 30%, 48%, 50%, 50% Caustic Soda Membrane OS, 50% Caustic Soda Diaphragm OS, Caustic Soda Low Salt 50%, Membrane Blended, 50% Caustic Soda Diaphragm (West Coast),

Membrane Cell Liquor

Synonyms: Sodium hydroxide solution, Liquid Caustic, Lye Solution, Caustic, Lye, Soda Lye,

Secondary Caustic Soda Liquids

Product Use: Metal finishing, Cleaner, Process chemical, Petroleum Industry

Uses Advised Against: None identified

Print date: 13-Jan-2016 **1 of 16**

SDS No.: M32415 SDS Revision Date: 13-Jan-2016

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

OSHA REGULATORY STATUS: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:

Color: Colorless to slightly colored

Physical State: Liquid

Appearance: Clear to opaque

Odorless

Signal Word: DANGER

MAJOR HEALTH HAZARDS: CORROSIVE. CAUSES SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE. CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION. EFFECTS OF CONTACT OR INHALATION MAY BE DELAYED.

PHYSICAL HAZARDS: MAY BE CORROSIVE TO METALS. Mixing with water, acid or incompatible materials may cause splattering and release of heat. Do not store in aluminum container or use aluminum fittings or transfer lines, as flammable hydrogen gas may be generated.

ECOLOGICAL HAZARDS: This material has exhibited moderate toxicity to aquatic organisms. Keep out of water supplies and sewers. This material is alkaline and may raise the pH of surface waters.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear eye protection, face protection, protective gloves. Do not breathe mist, vapors, or spray. Do not ingest. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wash thoroughly after handling- exposure can cause burns which are not immediately painful or visible.

ADDITIONAL HAZARD INFORMATION: This material is corrosive. It may cause severe burns and permanent damage to any tissue with which it comes into contact. Toxicity may be delayed, and may not be readily visible. To treat contacted tissue, flush with water to dilute. There is no specific antidote. Significant exposures must be referred for medical attention immediately.

GHS CLASSIFICATION:

GHS: PHYSICAL HAZARDS:	Corrosive to Metals
	Mixing with water may cause splattering and release of heat
GHS: CONTACT HAZARD - SKIN:	Category 1B - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
GHS: CONTACT HAZARD - EYE:	Category 1 - Causes serious eye damage

Print date: 13-Jan-2016 2 of 16

SDS No.: M32415 **SDS Revision Date**: 13-Jan-2016

GHS: TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE):	Category 3 - May cause respiratory irritation
	Not classified as a carcinogen per GHS criteria. This product is not classified as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA.
GHS: HAZARDOUS TO AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD:	Category 3 - Harmful to aquatic life

UNKNOWN ACUTE TOXICITY: 100% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity. There is no acute toxicity data available for this product.

GHS SYMBOL: Corrosive



GHS SIGNAL WORD: DANGER

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS:

GHS - Physical Hazard Statement(s)

May be corrosive to metals

GHS - Health Hazard Statement(s)

- · Causes serious eye damage
- · Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- May cause respiratory irritation

GHS - Precautionary Statement(s) - Prevention

- Do not breathe mist, vapors, or spray
- · Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye, and face protection
- Wash thoroughly after handling
- Keep only in original container
- · Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

GHS - Precautionary Statement(s) - Response

- IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower
- · Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
- IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
- Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
- IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
- Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
- IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
- IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
- Specific treatment (see First Aid information on product label and/or Section 4 of the SDS)
- · Absorb spillage to prevent material damage

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SDS No.: M32415 SDS Revision Date: 13-Jan-2016

GHS - Precautionary Statement(s) - Storage

- Store locked up
- Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
- Store in corrosive resistant and NON-ALUMINUM container with a resistant inner liner (NOTE: flammable hydrogen gas may be generated if aluminum container and/or aluminum fittings are used)

GHS - Precautionary Statement(s) - Disposal

• Dispose of contents and container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and/or international regulations

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

Mixing with water may cause splattering and release of heat

Additional Hazard Information

Mixing with water may cause splattering and release of heat.

See Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Synonyms: Sodium hydroxide solution, Liquid Caustic, Lye Solution, Caustic, Lye, Soda Lye, Secondary Caustic Soda Liquids

Component	Percent [%]	CAS Number
Water	48.5 - 94.5	7732-18-5
Sodium Hydroxide	5.5 - 51.5	1310-73-2
Sodium Chloride	0 - 35	7647-14-5

Notes: All hazardous and non-hazardous components of product composition are listed.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION: If inhalation of mists, vapors, or spray occurs and adverse effects result, remove to uncontaminated area. Evaluate ABC's (is Airway constricted, is Breathing occurring, and is blood Circulating) and treat symptomatically. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. There is no specific antidote, treat symptomatically.

SKIN CONTACT: Immediately flush contaminated areas with water. Remove contaminated clothing, jewelry, and shoes immediately. Wash contaminated areas with large amounts of water. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing before reuse. Discard contaminated leather goods.

EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush contaminated eyes with a directed stream of water for as long as possible. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. Washing eyes within several seconds is essential to achieve maximum effectiveness.

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INGESTION: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. For definite or probable ingestion, do not administer oral fluids. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep airway clear. Monitor airway. Volume resuscitation (IV fluids) and circulatory support (CPR) may be required. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsive person. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects (Acute and Delayed) Corrosive. This material may be corrosive to any tissue it comes in contact with. It can cause serious burns and extensive tissue destruction resulting in: liquefaction, necrosis, and/or perforation.

Acute Symptoms/Effects: Listed below.

Inhalation (Breathing): Respiratory System Effects: Exposure to airborne material may cause irritation, redness of upper and lower airways, coughing, laryngeospasm, shortness of breath, bronchoconstriction, and possible pulmonary edema. Severe and permanent scarring may occur. Pulmonary edema may develop several hours after a severe acute exposure. Aspiration of this material may cause the same conditions.

Skin: Skin Corrosion. Exposure to skin may cause redness, itching, irritation, swelling, burns (first, second, or third degree), liquefaction of skin, and damage to underlying tissues (deep and painful wounds).

Eye: Serious Eye Damage. Eye exposures may cause eye lid burns, conjunctivitis, corneal edema, corneal burn, corneal perforation, damage to internal contents of the eye, permanent visual defects, and blindness and/or loss of the eye.

Ingestion (Swallowing): Gastrointestinal System Effects: Exposure by ingestion may cause irritation, swelling, and perforation of upper and lower gastrointestinal tissues. Permanent scarring may occur.

Delayed Symptoms/Effects:

- Skin: Repeated and prolonged skin contact may cause a chronic dermatitis

Interaction with Other Chemicals Which Enhance Toxicity: None known.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: May aggravate preexisting conditions such as: eye disorders that decrease tear production or have reduced integrity of the eye; skin disorders that compromise the integrity of the skin; and respiratory conditions including asthma and other breathing disorders.

Protection of First-Aiders: Protect yourself by avoiding contact with this material. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment. Refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment recommendations. At minimum, treating personnel should utilize PPE sufficient for prevention of bloodborne pathogen transmission.

Notes to Physician: Medical observation and assessment is recommended for all ingestions, all eye exposures, and symptomatic inhalation and dermal exposures. For symptomatic ingestion, do not administer oral fluids and consider investigation by endoscopy, X-ray, or CT scan. Esophageal perforation, airway compromise, hypotension, and shock are possible. For prolonged exposures and significant exposures, consider delayed injury to exposed tissues. There is no antidote. Treatment is supportive care. Follow normal parameters for airway, breathing, and circulation. Surgical intervention may be required.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

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Fire Hazard: Non-combustible, substance itself does not burn but may decompose upon heating to produce corrosive and/or toxic fumes. May react with chemically reactive metals such as aluminum, zinc, magnesium, copper, etc. to release hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures in air.

Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing agents appropriate for surrounding fire.

Fire Fighting: Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers with water. Do not apply water directly on this product. Heat is generated when mixed with water. Wear NIOSH approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus operated in pressure demand mode. Avoid contact with skin.

Component	Immediately Dangerous to Life/ Health (IDLH)
Sodium Hydroxide	10 mg/m³ IDLH
1310-73-2	-

Hazardous Combustion

Sodium hydroxide fumes can be generated by thermal decomposition at elevated

Products:

temperatures

Sensitivity to Mechanical

Impact:

Not sensitive.

Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Not sensitive.

Lower Flammability Level (air): Not flammable

Upper Flammability Level (air): Not flammable

Flash point: Not flammable

Auto-ignition Temperature: Not applicable

GHS: PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

- Corrosive to Metals

- Mixing with water may cause splattering and release of heat

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions:

Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Avoid breathing mist, vapor, or spray. Do not ingest. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up:

In case of spill or leak, stop the leak as soon as possible, if safe to do so. Completely contain spilled materials with dikes, sandbags, etc. Shovel dry material into suitable container. Liquid material may be removed with a vacuum truck. Remaining material may be diluted with water and neutralized with dilute acid, then absorbed and collected. Flush spill area with water, if appropriate.

Environmental Precautions:

Keep out of water supplies and sewers. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. This material is alkaline and may raise the pH of surface waters with low buffering capacity. Releases should be reported, if required, to appropriate agencies.

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SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling:

Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not ingest. Do not eat, drink or smoke in areas where this material is used. Wear personal protective equipment as described in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (Section 8) of the SDS. NEVER add water to product. When mixing, slowly add to water to minimize heat generation and spattering.

Safe Storage Conditions:

Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Keep container tightly closed and properly labeled. Do not store in aluminum container or use aluminum fittings or transfer lines, as flammable hydrogen gas may be generated. Keep separated from incompatible substances (see below or Section 10 of the Safety Data Sheet).

Incompatibilities/ Materials to Avoid:

Acids and halogenated compounds, Prolonged contact with aluminum, brass, bronze, copper, lead, tin, zinc or other alkali sensitive metals or alloys, Releases heat when diluted in water

GHS: PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

- Corrosive to Metals
- Mixing with water may cause splattering and release of heat

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Regulatory Exposure Limit(s): Listed below for the product components that have regulatory occupational exposure limits (OEL's).

Component	OSHA Final PEL TWA	OSHA Final PEL STEL	OSHA Final PELCeiling
Sodium Hydroxide 1310-73-2	2 mg/m³		

OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit; OSHA: United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit; TWA: Time Weighted Average; STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

NON-REGULATORY EXPOSURE LIMIT(S): Listed below for the product components that have non-regulatory occupational exposure limits (OEL's).

Component	ACGIH TWA	ACGIH STEL	ACGIH Ceiling	OSHA TWA (Vacated)	OSHA STEL (Vacated)	OSHA Ceiling (Vacated)
Sodium Hydroxide			2 mg/m ³			2 mg/m ³

⁻ The Non-Regulatory United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) limits, if shown, are the Vacated 1989 PEL's (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993).

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- The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) is a voluntary organization of professional industrial hygiene personnel in government or educational institutions in the United States. The ACGIH develops and publishes recommended occupational exposure limits each year called Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) for hundreds of chemicals, physical agents, and biological exposure indices.

Component	OXY REL	OXY REL	OXY REL
	8 hr TWA	STEL	Ceiling
Sodium Chloride 7647-14-5 (0 - 35)			

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Provide local exhaust ventilation where dust or mist may be generated. Ensure compliance with applicable exposure limits.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Eye Protection: Wear chemical safety goggles with a face-shield to protect against eye and skin contact when appropriate. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear protective clothing to minimize skin contact. Wear chemical resistant clothing and rubber boots when potential for contact with the material exists. Always place pants legs over boots. Contaminated clothing should be removed, then discarded or laundered. Discard contaminated leather goods.

Hand Protection: Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Consult a glove supplier for assistance in selecting an appropriate chemical resistant glove.

Protective Material Types:

- Natural rubber
- Neoprene
- Nitrile
- Polyvinyl chloride (PVC)
- Tvvek®
- Tychem®

Respiratory Protection: A NIOSH approved respirator with N95 (dust, fume, mist) cartridges may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits, or when symptoms have been observed that are indicative of overexposure. If eye irritation occurs, a full face style mask should be used. A respiratory protection program that meets 29 CFR 1910.134 must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant use of a respirator.

Component	Immediately Dangerous to Life/ Health (IDLH)
Sodium Hydroxide 1310-73-2	10 mg/m³ IDLH

HYGIENE MEASURES: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Wash hands and affected skin immediately after handling, before breaks, and at the end of the workday. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Print date: 13-Jan-2016 8 of 16

SDS No.: M32415 SDS Revision Date: 13-Jan-2016

Physical State: Liquid

Appearance: Clear to opaque

Colorless to slightly colored

Odor: Odorless

Odor Threshold [ppm]: No data available.

Molecular Weight: 40.01 Molecular Formula: NaOH

Decomposition Temperature: No data available

Boiling Point/Range: 215 - 291°F (102 - 144°C)
Freezing Point/Range: -26 to 59°F (-32 to 15 °C).

Vapor Pressure: 13 - 135 mmHg @ 60 °C

Vapor Density (air=1): No data available

Relative Density/Specific Gravity 1.05 - 1.56 @ 15.6 °C

(water=1):

Density: 8.8 - 13.0 lbs/gal @ 15.6 °C

Water Solubility: 100%

pH: 14.0 (theoretical value of 7.5% solution)

Volatility:

Evaporation Rate (ether=1):

No data available
No data available
No data available

(n-octanol/water):

Flash point:

Flammability (solid, gas):

Lower Flammability Level (air):

Upper Flammability Level (air):

Auto-ignition Temperature:

Not flammable
Not flammable
Not applicable

Viscosity: About 24cp for 50% solution at 40 °C (104 °F)

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Soluble in water, releasing heat sufficient to ignite combustibles. Reacts with metals, and may form hydrogen gas.

Chemical Stability: Stable at normal temperatures and pressures.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:

Mixing with water, acid, or incompatible materials may cause splattering and release of large amounts of heat. Will react with some metals forming flammable hydrogen gas. Carbon monoxide gas may form upon contact with reducing sugars, food and beverage products in enclosed spaces.

Conditions to Avoid: (e.g., static discharge, shock, or vibration) -. None known.

Incompatibilities/ Materials to Avoid: Acids and halogenated compounds. Prolonged contact with aluminum, brass, bronze, copper, lead, tin, zinc or other alkali sensitive metals or alloys. Releases heat when diluted in water.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Toxic fumes of sodium oxide

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

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SDS No.: M32415 SDS Revision Date: 13-Jan-2016

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

IRRITATION DATA: PRIMARY SKIN IRRITATION: Severe Irritation, Corrosive (rabbit, 24 hr)

PRIMARY EYE IRRITATION: Severe Irritation, Corrosive (rabbit, 24 hr)

TOXICITY DATA:

PRODUCT TOXICITY DATA: CAUSTIC SODA LIQUID (ALL GRADES)

LD50 Oral:	LD50 Dermal:	LC50 Inhalation:
No reliable data available	No reliable data available	No data available

COMPONENT TOXICITY DATA:

Note: The component toxicity data is populated by the LOLI database and may differ from the product toxicity data given.

Component	Component LD50 Oral:		LC50 Inhalation:	
Water 7732-18-5	90 mL/kg (Rat)			
Sodium Hydroxide 1310-73-2	140-3400 mg/kg	1350 mg/kg (Rabbit)		
Sodium Chloride 7647-14-5	3 g/kg (Rat)		42 g/m³ (1 hr-Rat)	

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

Eye contact: Corrosive. Causes serious eye damage which can result in: severe irritation, pain

and burns, and permanent damage including blindness.

Skin contact: Corrosive. Causes severe skin burns. Prolonged or repeat skin exposures can

result in dermatitis.

Inhalation: Corrosive. Inhalation injury may result from ingestion and/or aspiration of this

material. May cause severe irritation of the respiratory tract with potential airway compromise, coughing, choking, pain, and burns of the mucous membrane and respiratory system. This material can be extremely destructive to the tissue of the mucus membranes and respiratory system. Aspiration may cause chemical

pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, damage to lung tissue, death.

Ingestion: Corrosive. If swallowed, may cause severe oral and esophageal, mucus

membrane, and gastrointestinal burns and possible perforation. If swallowed, may

pose a lung aspiration hazard during vomiting.

Chronic Effects: Repeated or prolonged skin contact may result in dermatitis.

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SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE:

This material may cause severe burns and permanent damage to any tissue with which it comes into contact. It can cause serious burns and extensive tissue destruction resulting in liquefaction, necrosis and/or perforation. Signs and symptoms of exposure vary, and are dependent on the route of exposure, degree of exposure, and duration of exposure.

Inhalation (Breathing): Respiratory System Effects: Exposure to airborne material may cause irritation, redness of upper and lower airways, coughing, laryngeospasm, shortness of breath, bronchoconstriction, and possible pulmonary edema. Severe and permanent scarring may occur. Pulmonary edema may develop several hours after a severe acute exposure. Aspiration of this material may cause the same conditions.

Skin: Skin Corrosion. Exposure to skin may cause redness, itching, irritation, swelling, burns (first, second, or third degree), liquefaction of skin, and damage to underlying tissues (deep and painful wounds).

Eye: Serious Eye Damage. Eye exposures may cause eye lid burns, conjunctivitis, corneal edema, corneal burn, corneal perforation, damage to internal contents of the eye, permanent visual defects, and blindness and/or loss of the eye.

Ingestion (Swallowing): Gastrointestinal System Effects: Exposure by ingestion may cause irritation, swelling, and perforation of upper and lower gastrointestinal tissues. Permanent scarring may occur.

TOXICITY:

ECOTOXICITY DATA:

When in solution, this material will affect all tissues with which it comes in contact. The severity of the tissue damage is a function of its concentration, the length of tissue contact time, and local tissue conditions. After exposure there may be a time delay before irritation and other effects occur. This material is a strong irritant and is corrosive to the skin, eyes, and mucus membranes. This material may cause severe burns and permanent damage to any tissue with which it comes into contact.

which it comes into contact.
Interaction with Other Chemicals Which Enhance Toxicity: None known.

GHS HEALTH HAZARDS:
GHS: CONTACT HAZARD - EYE: Category 1 - Causes serious eye damage
GHS: CONTACT HAZARD - Category 1B - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage SKIN:
Skin Absorbent / Dermal Route? No.
GHS: CARCINOGENICITY: Not classified as a carcinogen per GHS criteria. This product is not classified as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA.
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (Single Exposure): Category 3 - Respiratory Irritation

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SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

SDS No.: M32415 SDS Revision Date: 13-Jan-2016

Aquatic Toxicity:

This material has exhibited moderate toxicity to aquatic organisms. Data provided are for sodium hydroxide

Component	Invertebrate Toxicity:	Algae Toxicity:	Other Toxicity:
Sodium Chloride	340.7 - 469.2 mg/L		
7647-14-5 (0 - 35)	EC50 = 1000 mg/L		
	EC50		

FATE AND TRANSPORT:

BIODEGRADATION: This material is inorganic and not subject to biodegradation

PERSISTENCE: This material is alkaline and may raise the pH of surface waters with low buffering capacity This material is believed to exist in the disassociated state in the environment

BIOCONCENTRATION: This material is not expected to bioconcentrate in organisms.

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: Does not bioaccumulate.

MOBILITY IN SOIL: No data available.

<u>ADDITIONAL ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:</u> This material has exhibited slight toxicity to terrestrial organisms. This material has exhibited moderate toxicity to aquatic organisms.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from material:

Reuse or reprocess, if possible. May be subject to disposal regulations. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Container Management:

Dispose of container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and/or international regulations. Container rinsate must be disposed of in compliance with applicable regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

LAND TRANSPORT

U.S. DOT 49 CFR 172.101:

UN NUMBER: UN1824

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Sodium Hydroxide Solution

HAZARD CLASS/ DIVISION: 8

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SDS No.: M32415 **SDS Revision Date:** 13-Jan-2016

PACKING GROUP: || LABELING REQUIREMENTS: 8

RQ (lbs): RQ 1000 lbs. (Sodium Hydroxide)

CANADIAN TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS:

UN NUMBER: UN1824

SHIPPING NAME: Sodium hydroxide solution

CLASS OR DIVISION: 8
PACKING/RISK GROUP: ||
LABELING REQUIREMENTS: 8

MARITIME TRANSPORT (IMO / IMDG) :

UN NUMBER: UN1824

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Sodium hydroxide solution

HAZARD CLASS / DIVISION: 8
Packing Group: ||
LABELING REQUIREMENTS: 8

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. REGULATIONS

OSHA REGULATORY STATUS:

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

CERCLA SECTIONS 102a/103 HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES (40 CFR 302.4):

If a release is reportable under CERCLA section 103, notify the state emergency response commission and local emergency planning committee. In addition, notify the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802 or (202) 426-2675.

Component	CERCLA Reportable Quantities:		
Sodium Hydroxide	1000 lb (final RQ)		

SARA EHS Chemical (40 CFR 355.30)

No components are listed

EPCRA SECTIONS 311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES (40 CFR 370.10):

Acute Health Hazard

EPCRA SECTION 313 (40 CFR 372.65):

No components are listed

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SDS No.: M32415 SDS Revision Date: 13-Jan-2016

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY (DHS)- Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards (6 CFR 27):

No components in this material are regulated under DHS

OSHA PROCESS SAFETY (PSM) (29 CFR 1910.119):

Not regulated

FDA: This material has Generally Recognized as Safe (GRAS) status under specific FDA regulations. Additional information is available from the Code of Federal Regulations which is accessible on the FDA's website. This product is not produced under all current Good Manufacturing Practices (cGMP) requirements as defined by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA).

NATIONAL INVENTORY STATUS

U.S. INVENTORY STATUS: Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA): All components are listed or exempt

Component	U.S. INVENTORY STATUS: Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA):
Water 7732-18-5 (48.5 - 94.5)	Listed
Sodium Hydroxide 1310-73-2 (5.5 - 51.5)	Listed
Sodium Chloride 7647-14-5 (0 - 35)	Listed

TSCA 12(b): This product is not subject to export notification.

Canadian Chemical Inventory: All components of this product are listed on either the DSL or the NDSL.

STATE REGULATIONS

California Proposition 65:

This product and its ingredients are not listed, but it may contain impurities/trace elements known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity as listed under Proposition 65 State Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act. For additional information, contact OxyChem Technical Services at 1-800-733-1165.

Component	Proposition 65 Cancer WARNING:	Proposition 65 CRT List - Male reproductive	Proposition 65 CRT List - Female	Right to Know Hazardous	Hazardous	New Jersey Special Health Hazards Substance List
Sodium Hydroxide 1310-73-2	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	Listed	1706	corrosive

Component	Environmental	to Know Hazardous Substance List	to Know Special Hazardous	to Know	Rhode Island Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
Water 7732-18-5	Not Listed	Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Sodium Hydroxide 1310-73-2	Not Listed	Listed	Not Listed	Present	Listed

CANADIAN REGULATIONS

Print date: 13-Jan-2016 **14 of 16**

SDS No.: M32415 **SDS Revision Date:** 13-Jan-2016

• This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations

Component	Water
WHMIS - Classifications of Substances:	
Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria	
Component	Sodium Hydroxide
WHMIS - Classifications of Substances:	
E	
Component	Sodium Chloride
WHMIS - Classifications of Substances:	
Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria	

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared by: OxyChem Corporate HESS - Product Stewardship

Rev. Date: 13-Jan-2016

Other information:

The Safety Data Sheet for Caustic Soda Liquid (ALL Grades) can be used for hazard communication purposes for off-specification, secondary caustic soda liquids generated when cleaning caustic soda storage tanks, including the general disclaimer found in section 16 of the Safety Data Sheet

HMIS: (SCALE 0-4) (Rated using National Paint & Coatings Association HMIS: Rating Instructions, 2nd Edition)

Health Rating: 3 Flammability Rating: 0 Reactivity Rating: 1

NFPA 704 - Hazard Identification Ratings (SCALE 0-4): Listed below.

Health Rating: 3 Flammability: 0 Reactivity Rating: 1

Reason for Revision:

Changed GHS Classification: SEE SECTION 2

Toxicological Information has been revised: SEE SECTION 11

Print date: 13-Jan-2016

15 of 16

SDS No.: M32415 SDS Revision Date: 13-Jan-2016

IMPORTANT:

The information presented herein, while not guaranteed, was prepared by technical personnel and is true and accurate to the best of our knowledge. NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR WARRANTY OR GUARANTY OF ANY OTHER KIND, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE REGARDING PERFORMANCE, SAFETY, SUITABILITY, STABILITY OR OTHERWISE. This information is not intended to be all-inclusive as to the manner and conditions of use, handling, storage, disposal and other factors that may involve other or additional legal, environmental, safety or performance considerations, and OxyChem assumes no liability whatsoever for the use of or reliance upon this information. While our technical personnel will be happy to respond to questions, safe handling and use of the product remains the responsibility of the customer. No suggestions for use are intended as, and nothing herein shall be construed as, a recommendation to infringe any existing patents or to violate any Federal, State, local or foreign laws

OSHA Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 requires that information be provided to employees regarding the hazards of chemicals by means of a hazard communication program including labeling, safety data sheets, training and access to written records. We request that you, and it is your legal duty to, make all information in this Safety Data Sheet available to your employees

End of Safety Data Sheet

Print date: 13-Jan-2016 16 of 16

APPENDIX D

Endangered Species Act Assessment

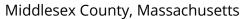
IPaC

IPaC resource list

This report is an automatically generated list of species and other resources such as critical habitat (collectively referred to as *trust resources*) under the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's (USFWS) jurisdiction that are known or expected to be on or near the project area referenced below. The list may also include trust resources that occur outside of the project area, but that could potentially be directly or indirectly affected by activities in the project area. However, determining the likelihood and extent of effects a project may have on trust resources typically requires gathering additional site-specific (e.g., vegetation/species surveys) and project-specific (e.g., magnitude and timing of proposed activities) information.

Below is a summary of the project information you provided and contact information for the USFWS office(s) with jurisdiction in the defined project area. Please read the introduction to each section that follows (Endangered Species, Migratory Birds, USFWS Facilities, and NWI Wetlands) for additional information applicable to the trust resources addressed in that section.

Location





Local office

New England Ecological Services Field Office

(603) 223-2541

(603) 223-0104

70 Commercial Street, Suite 300 Concord, NH 03301-5094

http://www.fws.gov/newengland

Endangered species

This resource list is for informational purposes only and does not constitute an analysis of project level impacts.

The primary information used to generate this list is the known or expected range of each species. Additional areas of influence (AOI) for species are also considered. An AOI includes areas outside of the species range if the species could be indirectly affected by activities in that area (e.g., placing a dam upstream of a fish population even if that fish does not occur at the dam site, may indirectly impact the species by reducing or eliminating water flow downstream). Because species can move, and site conditions can change, the species on this list are not guaranteed to be found on or near the project area. To fully determine any potential effects to species, additional site-specific and project-specific information is often required.

Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act **requires** Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of such proposed action" for any project that is conducted, permitted, funded, or licensed by any Federal agency. A letter from the local office and a species list which fulfills this requirement can **only** be obtained by requesting an official species list from either the Regulatory Review section in IPaC (see directions below) or from the local field office directly.

For project evaluations that require USFWS concurrence/review, please return to the IPaC website and request an official species list by doing the following:

- 1. Draw the project location and click CONTINUE.
- 2. Click DEFINE PROJECT.
- 3. Log in (if directed to do so).
- 4. Provide a name and description for your project.
- 5. Click REQUEST SPECIES LIST.

Listed species¹ and their critical habitats are managed by the <u>Ecological Services Program</u> of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and the fisheries division of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA Fisheries²).

Species and critical habitats under the sole responsibility of NOAA Fisheries are **not** shown on this list. Please contact <u>NOAA Fisheries</u> for <u>species under their jurisdiction</u>.

- 1. Species listed under the <u>Endangered Species Act</u> are threatened or endangered; IPaC also shows species that are candidates, or proposed, for listing. See the <u>listing status page</u> for more information. IPaC only shows species that are regulated by USFWS (see FAQ).
- 2. <u>NOAA Fisheries</u>, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

THERE ARE NO ENDANGERED SPECIES EXPECTED TO OCCUR AT THIS LOCATION.

Migratory birds

Certain birds are protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act 1 and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act 2 .

Any person or organization who plans or conducts activities that may result in impacts to migratory birds, eagles, and their habitats should follow appropriate regulations and consider implementing appropriate conservation measures, as described <u>below</u>.

- 1. The Migratory Birds Treaty Act of 1918.
- 2. The Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act of 1940.

Additional information can be found using the following links:

- Birds of Conservation Concern http://www.fws.gov/birds/management/managed-species/birds-of-conservation-concern.php
- Measures for avoiding and minimizing impacts to birds
 http://www.fws.gov/birds/management/project-assessment-tools-and-guidance/conservation-measures.php
- Nationwide conservation measures for birds http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/pdf/management/nationwidestandardconservationmeasures.pdf

The birds listed below are birds of particular concern either because they occur on the <u>USFWS Birds of Conservation Concern</u> (BCC) list or warrant special attention in your project location. To learn more about the levels of concern for birds on your list and how this list is generated, see the FAQ <u>below</u>. This is not a list of every bird you may find in this location, nor a guarantee that every bird on this list will be found in your project area. To see exact locations of where birders and the general public have sighted birds in and around your project area, visit the <u>E-bird data mapping tool</u> (Tip: enter your location, desired date range and a species on your list). For projects that occur off the Atlantic Coast, additional maps and models detailing the relative occurrence and abundance of bird species on your list are available. Links to additional information about Atlantic Coast birds, and other important information about your migratory bird list, including how to properly interpret and use your migratory bird report, can be found <u>below</u>.

For guidance on when to schedule activities or implement avoidance and minimization measures to reduce impacts to migratory birds on your list, click on the PROBABILITY OF PRESENCE SUMMARY at the top of your list to see when these birds are most likely to be present and breeding in your project area.

NAME

BREEDING SEASON (IF A
BREEDING SEASON IS INDICATED
FOR A BIRD ON YOUR LIST, THE
BIRD MAY BREED IN YOUR
PROJECT AREA SOMETIME WITHIN
THE TIMEFRAME SPECIFIED,
WHICH IS A VERY LIBERAL
ESTIMATE OF THE DATES INSIDE
WHICH THE BIRD BREEDS
ACROSS ITS ENTIRE RANGE.

"BREEDS ELSEWHERE" INDICATES
THAT THE BIRD DOES NOT LIKELY
BREED IN YOUR PROJECT AREA.)

Bald Eagle Haliaeetus leucocephalus

This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.

Breeds Oct 15 to Aug 31

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1626

Black-billed Cuckoo Coccyzus erythropthalmus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9399

Breeds May 15 to Oct 10

Bobolink Dolichonyx oryzivorus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds May 20 to Jul 31

Canada Warbler Cardellina canadensis

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds May 20 to Aug 10

Cerulean Warbler Dendroica cerulea

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/2974

Breeds Apr 29 to Jul 20

Dunlin Calidris alpina arcticola

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA

Breeds elsewhere

Evening Grosbeak Coccothraustes vespertinus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds elsewhere

Kentucky Warbler Oporornis formosus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds Apr 20 to Aug 20

Lesser Yellowlegs Tringa flavipes

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9679

Breeds elsewhere

		A I		
NIDICAN'C LAS	rraw	/\mmaa	ramilic	nalcani
Nelson's Spa	11000	\neg	Tallius	116120111

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds May 15 to Sep 5

Prairie Warbler Dendroica discolor

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds May 1 to Jul 31

Prothonotary Warbler Protonotaria citrea

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds Apr 1 to Jul 31

Red-headed Woodpecker Melanerpes erythrocephalus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds May 10 to Sep 10

Red-throated Loon Gavia stellata

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds elsewhere

Rusty Blackbird Euphagus carolinus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds elsewhere

Semipalmated Sandpiper Calidris pusilla

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds elsewhere

Snowy Owl Bubo scandiacus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds elsewhere

Wood Thrush Hylocichla mustelina

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds May 10 to Aug 31

Probability of Presence Summary

The graphs below provide our best understanding of when birds of concern are most likely to be present in your project area. This information can be used to tailor and schedule your project activities to avoid or minimize impacts to birds. Please make sure you read and understand the FAQ "Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report" before using or attempting to interpret this report.

Probability of Presence (■)

Each green bar represents the bird's relative probability of presence in the 10km grid cell(s) your project overlaps during a particular week of the year. (A year is represented as 12 4-week months.) A taller bar indicates a higher probability of species presence. The survey effort (see below) can be used to establish a level of confidence in the presence score. One can have higher confidence in the presence score if the corresponding survey effort is also high.

How is the probability of presence score calculated? The calculation is done in three steps:

- 1. The probability of presence for each week is calculated as the number of survey events in the week where the species was detected divided by the total number of survey events for that week. For example, if in week 12 there were 20 survey events and the Spotted Towhee was found in 5 of them, the probability of presence of the Spotted Towhee in week 12 is 0.25.
- 2. To properly present the pattern of presence across the year, the relative probability of presence is calculated. This is the probability of presence divided by the maximum probability of presence across all weeks. For example, imagine the probability of presence in week 20 for the Spotted Towhee is 0.05, and that the probability of presence at week 12 (0.25) is the maximum of any week of the year. The relative probability of presence on week 12 is 0.25/0.25 = 1; at week 20 it is 0.05/0.25 = 0.2.
- 3. The relative probability of presence calculated in the previous step undergoes a statistical conversion so that all possible values fall between 0 and 10, inclusive. This is the probability of presence score.

To see a bar's probability of presence score, simply hover your mouse cursor over the bar.

Breeding Season (=)

Yellow bars denote a very liberal estimate of the time-frame inside which the bird breeds across its entire range. If there are no yellow bars shown for a bird, it does not breed in your project area.

Survey Effort (1)

Vertical black lines superimposed on probability of presence bars indicate the number of surveys performed for that species in the 10km grid cell(s) your project area overlaps. The number of surveys is expressed as a range, for example, 33 to 64 surveys.

To see a bar's survey effort range, simply hover your mouse cursor over the bar.

No Data (-)

A week is marked as having no data if there were no survey events for that week.

Survey Timeframe

Surveys from only the last 10 years are used in order to ensure delivery of currently relevant information. The exception to this is areas off the Atlantic coast, where bird returns are based on all years of available data, since data in these areas is currently much more sparse.

Tell me more about conservation measures I can implement to avoid or minimize impacts to migratory birds.

Nationwide Conservation Measures describes measures that can help avoid and minimize impacts to all birds at any location year round. Implementation of these measures is particularly important when birds are most likely to occur in the project area. When birds may be breeding in the area, identifying the locations of any active nests and avoiding their destruction is a very helpful impact minimization measure. To see when birds are most likely to occur and be breeding in your project area, view the Probability of Presence Summary. Additional measures or permits may be advisable depending on the type of activity you are conducting and the type of infrastructure or bird species present on your project site.

What does IPaC use to generate the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location?

The Migratory Bird Resource List is comprised of USFWS <u>Birds of Conservation Concern (BCC)</u> and other species that may warrant special attention in your project location.

The migratory bird list generated for your project is derived from data provided by the <u>Avian Knowledge Network (AKN)</u>. The AKN data is based on a growing collection of <u>survey, banding, and citizen science datasets</u> and is queried and filtered to return a list of those birds reported as occurring in the 10km grid cell(s) which your project intersects, and that have been identified as warranting special attention because they are a BCC species in that area, an eagle (<u>Eagle Act</u> requirements may apply), or a species that has a particular vulnerability to offshore activities or development.

Again, the Migratory Bird Resource list includes only a subset of birds that may occur in your project area. It is not representative of all birds that may occur in your project area. To get a list of all birds potentially present in your project area, please visit the AKN Phenology Tool.

What does IPaC use to generate the probability of presence graphs for the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location?

The probability of presence graphs associated with your migratory bird list are based on data provided by the <u>Avian Knowledge Network (AKN)</u>. This data is derived from a growing collection of <u>survey, banding, and citizen science datasets</u>.

Probability of presence data is continuously being updated as new and better information becomes available. To learn more about how the probability of presence graphs are produced and how to interpret them, go the Probability of Presence Summary and then click on the "Tell me about these graphs" link.

How do I know if a bird is breeding, wintering, migrating or present year-round in my project area?

To see what part of a particular bird's range your project area falls within (i.e. breeding, wintering, migrating or year-round), you may refer to the following resources: The Cornell Lab of Ornithology All About Birds Bird Guide, or (if you are unsuccessful in locating the bird of interest there), the Cornell Lab of Ornithology Neotropical Birds guide. If a bird on your migratory bird species list has a breeding season associated with it, if that bird does occur in your project area, there may be nests present at some point within the timeframe specified. If "Breeds elsewhere" is indicated, then the bird likely does not breed in your project area.

What are the levels of concern for migratory birds?

Migratory birds delivered through IPaC fall into the following distinct categories of concern:

- 1. "BCC Rangewide" birds are <u>Birds of Conservation Concern</u> (BCC) that are of concern throughout their range anywhere within the USA (including Hawaii, the Pacific Islands, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands);
- 2. "BCC BCR" birds are BCCs that are of concern only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA; and
- 3. "Non-BCC Vulnerable" birds are not BCC species in your project area, but appear on your list either because of the <u>Eagle Act</u> requirements (for eagles) or (for non-eagles) potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities (e.g. offshore energy development or longline fishing).

Although it is important to try to avoid and minimize impacts to all birds, efforts should be made, in particular, to avoid and minimize impacts to the birds on this list, especially eagles and BCC species of rangewide concern. For more information on conservation measures you can implement to help avoid and minimize migratory bird impacts and requirements for eagles, please see the FAQs for these topics.

Details about birds that are potentially affected by offshore projects

For additional details about the relative occurrence and abundance of both individual bird species and groups of bird species within your project area off the Atlantic Coast, please visit the <u>Northeast Ocean Data Portal</u>. The Portal also offers data and information about other taxa besides birds that may be helpful to you in your project review. Alternately, you may download the bird model results files underlying the portal maps through the <u>NOAA NCCOS Integrative Statistical Modeling and Predictive Mapping of Marine Bird Distributions and Abundance on the Atlantic Outer Continental Shelf project webpage.</u>

Bird tracking data can also provide additional details about occurrence and habitat use throughout the year, including migration. Models relying on survey data may not include this information. For additional information on marine bird tracking data, see the <u>Diving Bird Study</u> and the <u>nanotag studies</u> or contact <u>Caleb Spiegel</u> or <u>Pam Loring</u>.

What if I have eagles on my list?

If your project has the potential to disturb or kill eagles, you may need to <u>obtain a permit</u> to avoid violating the Eagle Act should such impacts occur.

Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report

The migratory bird list generated is not a list of all birds in your project area, only a subset of birds of priority concern. To learn more about how your list is generated, and see options for identifying what other birds may be in your project area, please see the FAQ "What does IPaC use to generate the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location". Please be aware this report provides the "probability of presence" of birds within the 10 km grid cell(s) that overlap your project; not your exact project footprint. On the graphs provided, please also look carefully at the survey effort (indicated by the black vertical bar) and for the existence of the "no data" indicator (a red horizontal bar). A high survey effort is the key component. If the survey effort is high, then the probability of presence score can be viewed as more dependable. In contrast, a low survey effort bar or no data bar means a lack of data and, therefore, a lack of certainty about presence of the species. This list is not perfect; it is simply a starting point for identifying what birds of concern have the potential to be in your project area, when they might be there, and if they might be breeding (which means nests might be present). The list helps you know what to look for to confirm presence, and helps guide you in knowing when to implement conservation measures to avoid or minimize potential impacts from your project activities, should presence be confirmed. To learn more about conservation measures, visit the FAQ "Tell me about conservation measures I can implement to avoid or minimize impacts to migratory birds" at the bottom of your migratory bird trust resources page.

Facilities

National Wildlife Refuge lands

Any activity proposed on lands managed by the <u>National Wildlife Refuge</u> system must undergo a 'Compatibility Determination' conducted by the Refuge. Please contact the individual Refuges to discuss any questions or concerns.

THERE ARE NO REFUGE LANDS AT THIS LOCATION.

Fish hatcheries

THERE ARE NO FISH HATCHERIES AT THIS LOCATION.

Wetlands in the National Wetlands Inventory

Impacts to <u>NWI wetlands</u> and other aquatic habitats may be subject to regulation under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, or other State/Federal statutes.

For more information please contact the Regulatory Program of the local <u>U.S. Army Corps of Engineers District</u>.

THERE ARE NO KNOWN WETLANDS AT THIS LOCATION.

Data limitations

The Service's objective of mapping wetlands and deepwater habitats is to produce reconnaissance level information on the location, type and size of these resources. The maps are prepared from the analysis of high altitude imagery. Wetlands are identified based on vegetation, visible hydrology and geography. A margin of error is inherent in the use of imagery; thus, detailed on-the-ground inspection of any particular site may result in revision of the wetland boundaries or classification established through image analysis.

The accuracy of image interpretation depends on the quality of the imagery, the experience of the image analysts, the amount and quality of the collateral data and the amount of ground truth verification work conducted. Metadata should be consulted to determine the date of the source imagery used and any mapping problems.

Wetlands or other mapped features may have changed since the date of the imagery or field work. There may be occasional differences in polygon boundaries or classifications between the information depicted on the map and the actual conditions on site.

Data exclusions

Certain wetland habitats are excluded from the National mapping program because of the limitations of aerial imagery as the primary data source used to detect wetlands. These habitats include seagrasses or submerged aquatic vegetation that are found in the intertidal and subtidal zones of estuaries and nearshore coastal waters. Some deepwater reef communities (coral or tuberficid worm reefs) have also been excluded from the inventory. These habitats, because of their depth, go undetected by aerial imagery.

Data precautions

Federal, state, and local regulatory agencies with jurisdiction over wetlands may define and describe wetlands in a different manner than that used in this inventory. There is no attempt, in either the design or products of this inventory, to define the limits of proprietary jurisdiction of any Federal, state, or local government or to establish the geographical scope of the regulatory programs of government agencies. Persons intending to engage in activities involving modifications within or adjacent to wetland areas should seek the advice of appropriate federal, state, or local agencies concerning specified agency regulatory programs and proprietary jurisdictions that may affect such activities.

MassDEP - Bureau of Waste Site Cleanup

Phase 1 Site Assessment Map: 500 feet & 0.5 Mile Radii

Site Information:

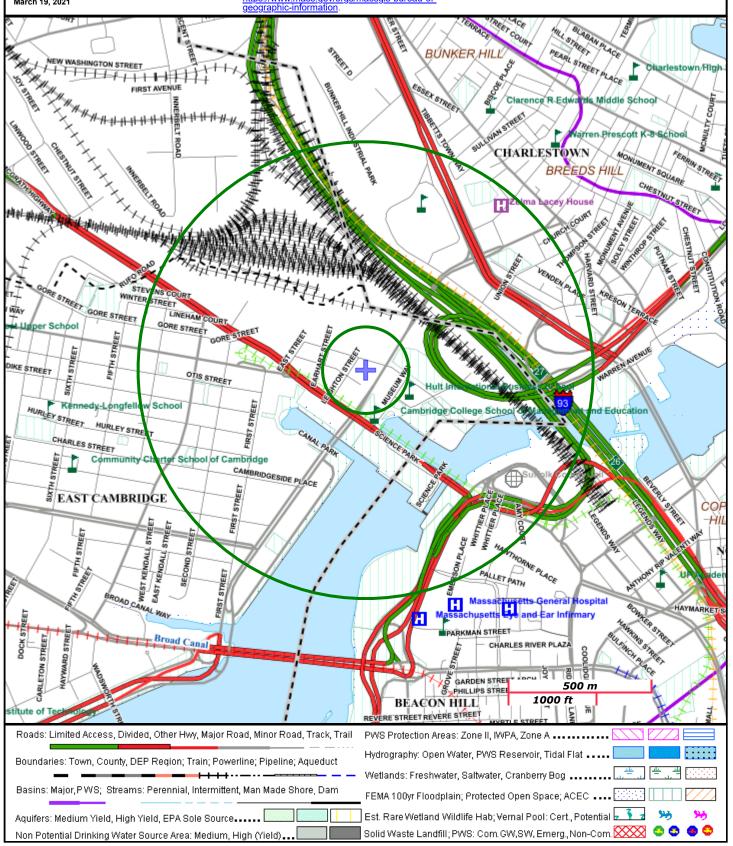
CAMBRIDGE CROSSING - PARCEL U CAMBRIDGE, MA

NAD83 UTM Meters: 4693011mN , 329347mE (Zone: 19) March 19, 2021

The information shown is the best available at the date of printing. However, it may be incomplete. The responsible party and LSP are ultimately responsible for ascertaining the true conditions surrounding the site. Metadata for data layers shown on this map can be found as be found at:

https://www.mass.gov/orgs/massgis-bureau-of-





APPENDIX E

National Historic Preservation Act Review

Massachusetts Cultural Resource Information System MACRIS

MACRIS Search Results

Search Criteria: Town(s): Cambridge; Street Name: Leighton St; Resource Type(s): Area, Building, Burial Ground, Object, Structure;

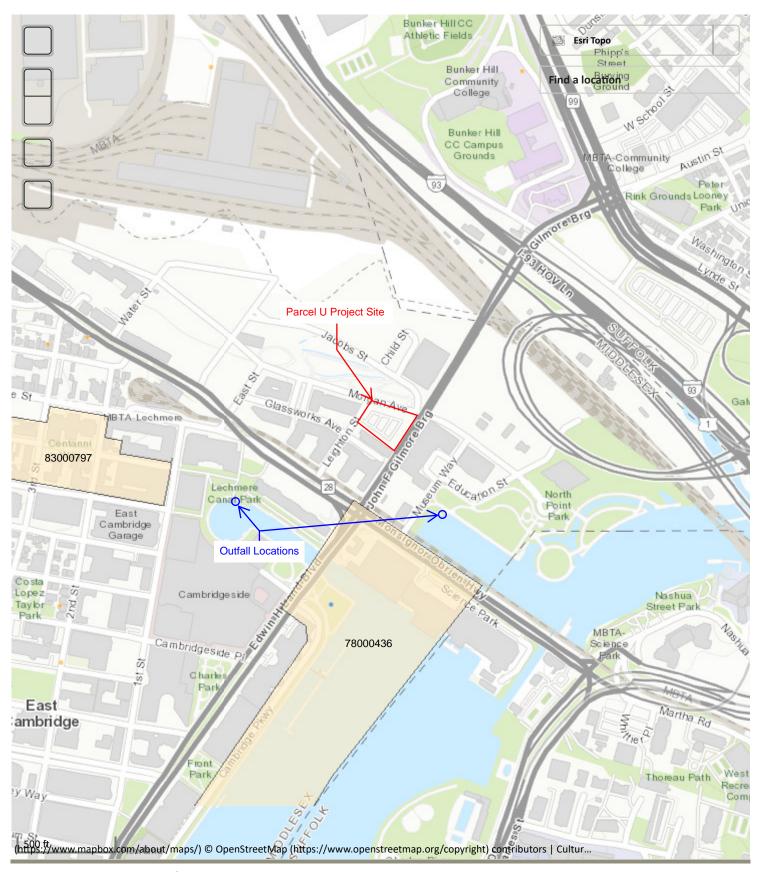
Inv. No. Property Name Street Town Year

Friday, March 19, 2021 Page 1 of 1

National Register of Histori...

National Park Service U.S. Department of the Interior

Public, non-restricted data depicting National Register spatial data proce...



Home (https://www.nps.gov) | Frequently Asked Questions (https://www.nps.gov/faqs.htm)

APPENDIX F

Laboratory Data Reports



ANALYTICAL REPORT

Lab Number: L2103167

Client: Haley & Aldrich, Inc.

465 Medford Street, Suite 2200 Charlestown, MA 02129-1400

ATTN: Tim Becker
Phone: (617) 886-7400

Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Project Number: 05304-662

Report Date: 01/27/21

The original project report/data package is held by Alpha Analytical. This report/data package is paginated and should be reproduced only in its entirety. Alpha Analytical holds no responsibility for results and/or data that are not consistent with the original.

Certifications & Approvals: MA (M-MA086), NH NELAP (2064), CT (PH-0574), IL (200077), ME (MA00086), MD (348), NJ (MA935), NY (11148), NC (25700/666), PA (68-03671), RI (LAO00065), TX (T104704476), VT (VT-0935), VA (460195), USDA (Permit #P330-17-00196).

Eight Walkup Drive, Westborough, MA 01581-1019 508-898-9220 (Fax) 508-898-9193 800-624-9220 - www.alphalab.com



Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Project Number: 05304-662

Lab Number:

L2103167

Report Date: 01/27/21

Alpha Sample ID	Client ID	Matrix	Sample Location	Collection Date/Time	Receive Date
L2103167-01	VES-X-9	WATER	CAMBRIDGE, MA	01/20/21 12:40	01/20/21
L2103167-02	2021-0120-SW	WATER	CAMBRIDGE, MA	01/20/21 14:30	01/20/21



Project Name:PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSINGLab Number:L2103167Project Number:05304-662Report Date:01/27/21

Case Narrative

The samples were received in accordance with the Chain of Custody and no significant deviations were encountered during the preparation or analysis unless otherwise noted. Sample Receipt, Container Information, and the Chain of Custody are located at the back of the report.

Results contained within this report relate only to the samples submitted under this Alpha Lab Number and meet NELAP requirements for all NELAP accredited parameters unless otherwise noted in the following narrative. The data presented in this report is organized by parameter (i.e. VOC, SVOC, etc.). Sample specific Quality Control data (i.e. Surrogate Spike Recovery) is reported at the end of the target analyte list for each individual sample, followed by the Laboratory Batch Quality Control at the end of each parameter. Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs), if requested, are reported for compounds identified to be present and are not part of the method/program Target Compound List, even if only a subset of the TCL are being reported. If a sample was re-analyzed or re-extracted due to a required quality control corrective action and if both sets of data are reported, the Laboratory ID of the re-analysis or re-extraction is designated with an "R" or "RE", respectively.

When multiple Batch Quality Control elements are reported (e.g. more than one LCS), the associated samples for each element are noted in the grey shaded header line of each data table. Any Laboratory Batch, Sample Specific % recovery or RPD value that is outside the listed Acceptance Criteria is bolded in the report. In reference to questions H (CAM) or 4 (RCP) when "NO" is checked, the performance criteria for CAM and RCP methods allow for some quality control failures to occur and still be within method compliance. In these instances, the specific failure is not narrated but noted in the associated QC Outlier Summary Report, located directly after the Case Narrative. QC information is also incorporated in the Data Usability Assessment table (Format 11) of our Data Merger tool, where it can be reviewed in conjunction with the sample result, associated regulatory criteria and any associated data usability implications.

Soil/sediments, solids and tissues are reported on a dry weight basis unless otherwise noted. Definitions of all data qualifiers and acronyms used in this report are provided in the Glossary located at the back of the report.

HOLD POLICY - For samples submitted on hold, Alpha's policy is to hold samples (with the exception of Air canisters) free of charge for 21 calendar days from the date the project is completed. After 21 calendar days, we will dispose of all samples submitted including those put on hold unless you have contacted your Alpha Project Manager and made arrangements for Alpha to continue to hold the samples. Air canisters will be disposed after 3 business days from the date the project is completed.

Please contact Project Management at 800-624-9220 with any questions.	



Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING Lab Number: L2103167

Project Number: 05304-662 Report Date: 01/27/21

Case Narrative (continued)

Report Submission

January 27, 2021: This final report includes the results of all requested analyses.

January 26, 2021: This is a preliminary report.

Sample Receipt

L2103167-01 (VES-X-9): The sample was received above the appropriate pH for the Total Phenol - EPA 420.1 analysis. The laboratory added additional H2SO4 to a pH <2.

Total Metals

L2103167-01 (VES-X-9): The sample has elevated detection limits for all elements, with the exception of iron and mercury, due to the dilution required by the high concentrations of non-target elements.

The WG1457346-3 MS recoveries for iron (0%) and hardness (74%), performed on L2103167-01 (VES-X-9), do not apply because the sample concentrations are greater than four times the spike amounts added.

I, the undersigned, attest under the pains and penalties of perjury that, to the best of my knowledge and belief and based upon my personal inquiry of those responsible for providing the information contained in this analytical report, such information is accurate and complete. This certificate of analysis is not complete unless this page accompanies any and all pages of this report.

M 2M Jennifer L Clements

Authorized Signature:

Title: Technical Director/Representative

-

Date: 01/27/21

ORGANICS



VOLATILES



L2103167

01/20/21 12:40

Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Project Number: 05304-662

SAMPLE RESULTS

01/27/21

Report Date:

Lab Number:

Date Collected:

Lab ID: L2103167-01

Client ID: VES-X-9

Sample Location: CAMBRIDGE, MA Date Received: 01/20/21 Field Prep: Refer to COC

Sample Depth:

Matrix: Water Analytical Method: 128,624.1 Analytical Date: 01/22/21 18:41

Analyst: MKS

Parameter	Result	Qualifier Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor
Volatile Organics by GC/MS - Wes	stborough Lab				
Methylene chloride	ND	ug/l	1.0		1
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/l	1.5		1
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ug/l	1.0		1
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/l	1.5		1
Tetrachloroethene	ND	ug/l	1.0		1
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/l	1.5		1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/l	2.0		1
Benzene	ND	ug/l	1.0		1
Toluene	ND	ug/l	1.0		1
Ethylbenzene	ND	ug/l	1.0		1
Vinyl chloride	ND	ug/l	1.0		1
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/l	1.0		1
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/l	1.0		1
Trichloroethene	ND	ug/l	1.0		1
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/l	5.0		1
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/l	5.0		1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/l	5.0		1
p/m-Xylene	ND	ug/l	2.0		1
o-xylene	ND	ug/l	1.0		1
Xylenes, Total	ND	ug/l	1.0		1
Acetone	ND	ug/l	10		1
Methyl tert butyl ether	ND	ug/l	10		1
Tert-Butyl Alcohol	ND	ug/l	100		1
Tertiary-Amyl Methyl Ether	ND	ug/l	20		1



Project Name: Lab Number: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING L2103167

Project Number: Report Date: 05304-662 01/27/21

SAMPLE RESULTS

Lab ID: Date Collected: L2103167-01 01/20/21 12:40

Date Received: Client ID: 01/20/21 VES-X-9 Sample Location: Field Prep: CAMBRIDGE, MA Refer to COC

Sample Depth:

Parameter Result Qualifier Units RL MDL **Dilution Factor**

Volatile Organics by GC/MS - Westborough Lab

Surrogate	% Recovery	Qualifier	Acceptance Criteria	
Pentafluorobenzene	95		60-140	
Fluorobenzene	97		60-140	
4-Bromofluorobenzene	101		60-140	



L2103167

01/27/21

Project Name: Lab Number: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Project Number: 05304-662

SAMPLE RESULTS

Report Date:

Lab ID: Date Collected: 01/20/21 12:40 L2103167-01

Client ID: Date Received: 01/20/21 VES-X-9 Field Prep: Sample Location: CAMBRIDGE, MA Refer to COC

Sample Depth:

Matrix: Water

Analytical Method: 128,624.1-SIM Analytical Date: 01/22/21 18:41

Analyst: MKS

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor			
Volatile Organics by GC/MS-SIM - Westbore	Volatile Organics by GC/MS-SIM - Westborough Lab								
1,4-Dioxane	ND		ug/l	50		1			
Surrogate			% Recovery	Qualifier		otance teria			
Fluorobenzene			101		60	0-140			
4-Bromofluorobenzene			101		60	0-140			

Project Name: Lab Number: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING L2103167

Project Number: Report Date: 05304-662 01/27/21

SAMPLE RESULTS

Lab ID: Date Collected: 01/20/21 12:40 L2103167-01

Date Received: 01/20/21 Client ID: VES-X-9 Sample Location: Field Prep: CAMBRIDGE, MA Refer to COC

Sample Depth:

Extraction Method: EPA 504.1 Matrix: Water **Extraction Date:** 01/22/21 13:52 Analytical Method: 14,504.1

Analytical Date: 01/22/21 15:09

Analyst: AMM

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Column
Microextractables by GC - Westborough Lab							
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND		ug/l	0.010		1	Α



Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING Lab Number: L2103167

> Method Blank Analysis Batch Quality Control

Analytical Method: 14,504.1 Extraction Method: EPA 504.1

Analytical Date: 01/22/21 14:30 Extraction Date: 01/22/21 13:52

Analyst: AMM

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	
Microextractables by GC - Westbord	ough Lab for	sample(s)	: 01	Batch: W	G1457276-1	
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND		ug/l	0.010		А



Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Project Number: 05304-662

Lab Number:

L2103167

Report Date:

01/27/21

Method Blank Analysis Batch Quality Control

Analytical Method: 128,624.1 Analytical Date: 01/22/21 17:27

Analyst: GT

Parameter	Result	Qualifier Units	RL	MDL
/olatile Organics by GC/MS - \	Westborough Lab	for sample(s): 01	Batch:	WG1458014-4
Methylene chloride	ND	ug/l	1.0	
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/l	1.5	
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ug/l	1.0	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/l	1.5	
Tetrachloroethene	ND	ug/l	1.0	
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/l	1.5	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/l	2.0	
Benzene	ND	ug/l	1.0	
Toluene	ND	ug/l	1.0	
Ethylbenzene	ND	ug/l	1.0	
Vinyl chloride	ND	ug/l	1.0	
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/l	1.0	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/l	1.0	
Trichloroethene	ND	ug/l	1.0	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/l	5.0	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/l	5.0	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/l	5.0	
p/m-Xylene	ND	ug/l	2.0	
o-xylene	ND	ug/l	1.0	
Xylenes, Total	ND	ug/l	1.0	
Acetone	ND	ug/l	10	
Methyl tert butyl ether	ND	ug/l	10	
Tert-Butyl Alcohol	ND	ug/l	100	
Tertiary-Amyl Methyl Ether	ND	ug/l	20	



Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING Lab Number: L2103167

Method Blank Analysis
Batch Quality Control

Analytical Method: 128,624.1 Analytical Date: 01/22/21 17:27

Analyst: GT

Parameter Result Qualifier Units RL MDL

Volatile Organics by GC/MS - Westborough Lab for sample(s): 01 Batch: WG1458014-4

		Acceptance			
Surrogate	%Recovery (Qualifier Criteria			
Pentafluorobenzene	95	60-140			
Fluorobenzene	97	60-140			
4-Bromofluorobenzene	99	60-140			



Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING **Lab Number:** L2103167

> Method Blank Analysis Batch Quality Control

Analytical Method: 128,624.1-SIM Analytical Date: 01/22/21 17:27

Analyst: GT

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units		RL	MDL	
Volatile Organics by GC/MS-SIM -	Westborough	Lab for sa	ample(s):	01	Batch:	WG1458016-4	
1,4-Dioxane	ND		ug/l		50		

		Acceptance			
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Criteria		
Fluorobenzene	101		60-140		
4-Bromofluorobenzene	102		60-140		



Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Lab Number:

L2103167

Project Number: 05304-662

Report Date:

01/27/21

Parameter	LCS %Recovery	Qual	LCSD %Recovery	Qual	%Recovery Limits	RPD	Qual	RPD Limits	Column
Microextractables by GC - Westborough Lab	Associated sam	ple(s): 01	Batch: WG1457	7276-2					
1,2-Dibromoethane	84		-		80-120	-			Α



Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Project Number: 05304-662

Lab Number: L2103167

Report Date: 01/27/21

Parameter	LCS %Recovery	LCSD Qual %Recovery	%Recovery Qual Limits	RPD	RPD Qual Limits
Volatile Organics by GC/MS - Westborough	Lab Associated	sample(s): 01 Batch: W0	G1458014-3		
Methylene chloride	115	-	60-140	-	28
1,1-Dichloroethane	115	-	50-150	-	49
Carbon tetrachloride	110	-	70-130	-	41
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	105	-	70-130	-	45
Tetrachloroethene	110	-	70-130	-	39
1,2-Dichloroethane	95		70-130	-	49
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	105	•	70-130	-	36
Benzene	100	-	65-135	-	61
Toluene	110	-	70-130	-	41
Ethylbenzene	115	-	60-140	-	63
Vinyl chloride	105	-	5-195	-	66
1,1-Dichloroethene	110	-	50-150	-	32
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	130	-	60-140	-	30
Trichloroethene	100	-	65-135	-	48
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	100	-	65-135	-	57
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	95	-	70-130	-	43
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	95		65-135	-	57
p/m-Xylene	118	-	60-140	-	30
o-xylene	110		60-140	-	30
Acetone	88	-	40-160	-	30
Methyl tert butyl ether	100	-	60-140	-	30
Tert-Butyl Alcohol	100	-	60-140	-	30
Tertiary-Amyl Methyl Ether	80	-	60-140	-	30



PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Lab Number: L2103167

Project Number: 05304-662

Project Name:

Report Date: 01/27/21

	LCS		LCSD		%Recovery			RPD
Parameter	%Recovery	Qual	%Recovery	Qual	Limits	RPD	Qual	Limits

Volatile Organics by GC/MS - Westborough Lab Associated sample(s): 01 Batch: WG1458014-3

Surrogate	LCS %Recovery Qual	LCSD %Recovery Qual	Acceptance Criteria
Pentafluorobenzene	94		60-140
Fluorobenzene	98		60-140
4-Bromofluorobenzene	101		60-140



Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Lab Number:

L2103167

Project Number: 05304-662

Report Date:

01/27/21

Parameter	LCS %Recovery	Qual	LCSD %Recovery	Qual	%Recovery Limits	RPD	Qual	RPD Limits	
Volatile Organics by GC/MS-SIM - Westboro	ugh Lab Associa	ted sample(s)	: 01 Batch:	WG1458016	S-3				
1,4-Dioxane	110		-		60-140	-		20	

Surrogate	LCS %Recovery Qual	LCSD %Recovery	Qual	Acceptance Criteria
Fluorobenzene 4-Bromofluorobenzene	101 103			60-140 60-140



Matrix Spike Analysis Batch Quality Control

Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Project Number: 05304-662

Lab Number:

L2103167

Report Date:

01/27/21

Parameter	Native Sample	MS Added	MS Found %	MS 6Recovery	Qual	MSD Found	MSD %Recovery		covery imits	RPD	Qual	RPD Limits	<u>Column</u>
Microextractables by GC	- Westborough Lab	Associat	ted sample(s): 01	QC Batch	ID: WG1	457276-3	QC Sample:	L2102846-	01 Clie	ent ID: N	/IS Sam	ple	
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	0.25	0.246	98		-	-	8	80-120	-		20	А
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	0.25	0.324	130	Q	-	-	8	30-120	-		20	Α
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	0.25	0.186	74	Q	-	-	8	30-120	-		20	Α



SEMIVOLATILES



Project Name: Lab Number: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING L2103167

Project Number: Report Date: 05304-662 01/27/21

SAMPLE RESULTS

Lab ID: Date Collected: 01/20/21 12:40 L2103167-01

Date Received: 01/20/21 Client ID: VES-X-9 Sample Location: Field Prep: CAMBRIDGE, MA Refer to COC

Sample Depth:

Extraction Method: EPA 625.1 Matrix: Water **Extraction Date:** 01/21/21 09:54 Analytical Method: 129,625.1

Analytical Date: 01/21/21 17:40

Analyst: SZ

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	
Semivolatile Organics by GC/MS	- Westborough Lab						
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	ND		ug/l	2.20		1	
Butyl benzyl phthalate	ND		ug/l	5.00		1	
Di-n-butylphthalate	ND		ug/l	5.00		1	
Di-n-octylphthalate	ND		ug/l	5.00		1	
Diethyl phthalate	ND		ug/l	5.00		1	
Dimethyl phthalate	ND		ug/l	5.00		1	

Surrogate	% Recovery	Acceptar Qualifier Criteri	
Nitrobenzene-d5	99	42-12	22
2-Fluorobiphenyl	92	46-12	21
4-Terphenyl-d14	87	47-13	38



01/27/21

Lab Number: **Project Name:** PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING L2103167

Project Number: 05304-662

SAMPLE RESULTS

Date Collected: 01/20/21 12:40

Report Date:

Lab ID: L2103167-01 Date Received: 01/20/21 Client ID: VES-X-9

Sample Location: Field Prep: CAMBRIDGE, MA Refer to COC

Sample Depth:

Extraction Method: EPA 625.1 Matrix: Water

Extraction Date: 01/21/21 09:54 Analytical Method: 129,625.1-SIM Analytical Date: 01/22/21 15:57

Analyst: ALS

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	
Semivolatile Organics by GC/MS-	-SIM - Westborough La	ab					
Acenaphthene	ND		ug/l	0.100		1	
Fluoranthene	ND		ug/l	0.100		1	
Naphthalene	ND		ug/l	0.100		1	
Benzo(a)anthracene	ND		ug/l	0.100		1	
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND		ug/l	0.100		1	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ND		ug/l	0.100		1	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND		ug/l	0.100		1	
Chrysene	ND		ug/l	0.100		1	
Acenaphthylene	ND		ug/l	0.100		1	
Anthracene	ND		ug/l	0.100		1	
Benzo(ghi)perylene	ND		ug/l	0.100		1	
Fluorene	ND		ug/l	0.100		1	
Phenanthrene	ND		ug/l	0.100		1	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	ND		ug/l	0.100		1	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND		ug/l	0.100		1	
Pyrene	ND		ug/l	0.100		1	
Pentachlorophenol	ND		ug/l	1.00		1	

Surrogate	% Recovery	Acceptance Qualifier Criteria	
2-Fluorophenol	54	25-87	
Phenol-d6	37	16-65	
Nitrobenzene-d5	85	42-122	
2-Fluorobiphenyl	96	46-121	
2,4,6-Tribromophenol	110	45-128	
4-Terphenyl-d14	105	47-138	



L2103167

Lab Number:

Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

129,625.1-SIM

01/21/21 12:22

> Method Blank Analysis Batch Quality Control

Analyst: RP

Analytical Method:

Analytical Date:

Extraction Method: EPA 625.1
Extraction Date: 01/20/21 15:14

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	
Semivolatile Organics by GC/MS-SI	M - Westbor	ough Lab	for sample	e(s): 01	Batch: WG14	56953-1
Acenaphthene	ND		ug/l	0.100		
Fluoranthene	ND		ug/l	0.100		
Naphthalene	ND		ug/l	0.100		
Benzo(a)anthracene	ND		ug/l	0.100		
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND		ug/l	0.100		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ND		ug/l	0.100		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND		ug/l	0.100		
Chrysene	ND		ug/l	0.100		
Acenaphthylene	ND		ug/l	0.100		
Anthracene	ND		ug/l	0.100		
Benzo(ghi)perylene	ND		ug/l	0.100		
Fluorene	ND		ug/l	0.100		
Phenanthrene	ND		ug/l	0.100		
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	ND		ug/l	0.100		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND		ug/l	0.100		
Pyrene	ND		ug/l	0.100		
Pentachlorophenol	ND		ug/l	1.00		

Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier	Acceptance Criteria
O. Flywards and	00		05.07
2-Fluorophenol	60		25-87
Phenol-d6	44		16-65
Nitrobenzene-d5	124	Q	42-122
2-Fluorobiphenyl	87		46-121
2,4,6-Tribromophenol	115		45-128
4-Terphenyl-d14	108		47-138



Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING Lab Number: L2103167

> Method Blank Analysis Batch Quality Control

Analytical Method: 129,625.1 Extraction Method: EPA 625.1
Analytical Date: 01/21/21 13:32 Extraction Date: 01/20/21 18:03

Analyst: SZ

arameter	Result	Qualifier Units	RL	MDL
Semivolatile Organics by GC/I	MS - Westborough	Lab for sample(s):	01 Batch:	WG1457031-1
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	ND	ug/l	2.20	
Butyl benzyl phthalate	ND	ug/l	5.00	
Di-n-butylphthalate	ND	ug/l	5.00	
Di-n-octylphthalate	ND	ug/l	5.00	
Diethyl phthalate	ND	ug/l	5.00	
Dimethyl phthalate	ND	ug/l	5.00	

		Acceptance			
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier Criteria			
Nitrobenzene-d5	99	42-122			
2-Fluorobiphenyl	94	46-121			
4-Terphenyl-d14	95	47-138			



Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Project Number: 05304-662

Lab Number: L2103167

Report Date: 01/27/21

nrameter	LCS %Recovery Qua	LCSD MRecovery Q	%Recovery ual Limits	RPD	RPD Qual Limits	
emivolatile Organics by GC/MS-SI	M - Westborough Lab Associate	ed sample(s): 01 Batch:	NG1456953-3			
Acenaphthene	102	-	60-132	-	30	
Fluoranthene	103	-	43-121	-	30	
Naphthalene	90	-	36-120	-	30	
Benzo(a)anthracene	106	-	42-133	-	30	
Benzo(a)pyrene	102	-	32-148	-	30	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	113	-	42-140	-	30	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	100	-	25-146	-	30	
Chrysene	101	-	44-140	-	30	
Acenaphthylene	100	-	54-126	-	30	
Anthracene	106	-	43-120	-	30	
Benzo(ghi)perylene	106	-	1-195	-	30	
Fluorene	97	-	70-120	-	30	
Phenanthrene	99	-	65-120	-	30	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	115	-	1-200	-	30	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	124	-	1-151	-	30	
Pyrene	103	-	70-120	-	30	
Pentachlorophenol	53	-	38-152	-	30	



Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Lab Number: L2103167

Project Number: 05304-662 Report Date:

01/27/21

	LCS		LCSD		%Recovery			RPD
Parameter	%Recovery	Qual	%Recovery	Qual	Limits	RPD	Qual	Limits

Semivolatile Organics by GC/MS-SIM - Westborough Lab Associated sample(s): 01 Batch: WG1456953-3

Surrogate	LCS %Recovery Qual	LCSD %Recovery Qual	Acceptance Criteria
2-Fluorophenol	64		25-87
Phenol-d6	48		16-65
Nitrobenzene-d5	125 Q		42-122
2-Fluorobiphenyl	88		46-121
2,4,6-Tribromophenol	116		45-128
4-Terphenyl-d14	106		47-138



Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Project Number: 05304-662

Lab Number:

L2103167

Report Date:

<u>Parameter</u>	LCS %Recovery	Qual	LCSD %Recovery	Qual	%Recovery Limits	RPD	Qual	RPD Limits	
Semivolatile Organics by GC/MS - Westborou	gh Lab Associa	ated sample(s)	: 01 Batch:	WG1457031	l - 3				
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	98		-		29-137	-		82	
Butyl benzyl phthalate	107		-		1-140	-		60	
Di-n-butylphthalate	97		-		8-120	-		47	
Di-n-octylphthalate	101		-		19-132	-		69	
Diethyl phthalate	94		-		1-120	-		100	
Dimethyl phthalate	98		-		1-120	-		183	

Surrogate	LCS %Recovery Qual	LCSD %Recovery Qual	Acceptance Criteria	
Nitrobenzene-d5	105		42-122	
2-Fluorobiphenyl	93		46-121	
4-Terphenyl-d14	97		47-138	



PCBS



Serial_No:01272119:23

Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING Lab Number: L2103167

Project Number: 05304-662 **Report Date:** 01/27/21

SAMPLE RESULTS

Lab ID: Date Collected: 01/20/21 12:40

Client ID: VES-X-9 Date Received: 01/20/21 Sample Location: CAMBRIDGE, MA Field Prep: Refer to COC

Sample Depth:

Matrix: Water Extraction Method: EPA 608.3
Analytical Method: 127,608.3 Extraction Date: 01/22/21 11:56

Analystical Date: 01/24/21 08:41 Cleanup Method: EPA 3665A Analyst: JAW Cleanup Date: 01/23/21

Cleanup Method: EPA 3660B Cleanup Date: 01/23/21

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Column
Polychlorinated Biphenyls by	GC - Westborough Lab						
Aroclor 1016	ND		ug/l	0.250		1	А
Aroclor 1221	ND		ug/l	0.250		1	Α
Aroclor 1232	ND		ug/l	0.250		1	Α
Aroclor 1242	ND		ug/l	0.250		1	Α
Aroclor 1248	ND		ug/l	0.250		1	Α
Aroclor 1254	ND		ug/l	0.250		1	Α
Aroclor 1260	ND		ug/l	0.200		1	Α

	Acceptance						
Surrogate	% Recovery	Qualifier	Criteria	Column			
2,4,5,6-Tetrachloro-m-xylene	95		37-123	В			
Decachlorobiphenyl	86		38-114	В			
2,4,5,6-Tetrachloro-m-xylene	78		37-123	Α			
Decachlorobiphenyl	67		38-114	Α			



L2103167

Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING Lab Number:

> Method Blank Analysis Batch Quality Control

Analytical Method: 127,608.3 Analytical Date: 01/24/21 07:56

Analyst: JAW

Extraction Method: EPA 608.3
Extraction Date: 01/22/21 11:56
Cleanup Method: EPA 3665A
Cleanup Date: 01/23/21
Cleanup Method: EPA 3660B
Cleanup Date: 01/23/21

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Column
Polychlorinated Biphenyls by GC - V	Vestborough	Lab for s	ample(s):	01 Batch:	WG1457752-	·1
Aroclor 1016	ND		ug/l	0.250		Α
Aroclor 1221	ND		ug/l	0.250		Α
Aroclor 1232	ND		ug/l	0.250		Α
Aroclor 1242	ND		ug/l	0.250		Α
Aroclor 1248	ND		ug/l	0.250		Α
Aroclor 1254	ND		ug/l	0.250		Α
Aroclor 1260	ND		ug/l	0.200		Α

4,5,6-Tetrachloro-m-xylene ecachlorobiphenyl		Acceptance			
Surrogate	%Recovery Qualifie	r Criteria	Column		
O 4.5.6 Tatasahlara as undana	04	27.422			
2,4,5,6-1 etracnioro-m-xylene	94	37-123	В		
Decachlorobiphenyl	94	38-114	В		
2,4,5,6-Tetrachloro-m-xylene	85	37-123	Α		
Decachlorobiphenyl	74	38-114	Α		



01/27/21

Lab Control Sample Analysis Batch Quality Control

Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Lab Number: L2103167

Project Number:

05304-662

Report Date:

Parameter	LCS %Recovery	Qual S	LCSD %Recovery	Qual	%Recovery Limits	RPD	Qual	RPD Limits	Column
Polychlorinated Biphenyls by GC - We	estborough Lab Associa	ted sample(s):	01 Batch:	WG1457752-	-2				
Aroclor 1016	91		-		50-140	-		36	Α
Aroclor 1260	78		-		8-140	-		38	Α

Surrogate	LCS %Recovery Qua	LCSD al %Recovery Qual	Acceptance Criteria Column
2,4,5,6-Tetrachloro-m-xylene	86		37-123 B
Decachlorobiphenyl	86		38-114 B
2,4,5,6-Tetrachloro-m-xylene	75		37-123 A
Decachlorobiphenyl	68		38-114 A



METALS



Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING Lab Number:

4-662 Report Date:

L2103167 01/27/21

Project Number: 05304-662

SAMPLE RESULTS

Lab ID: L2103167-01

Client ID: VES-X-9
Sample Location: CAMBRIDGE, MA

Date Collected: 01/20/21 12:40 Date Received: 01/20/21

Field Prep: Refer to COC

Sample Depth:

Matrix: Water

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Prepared	Date Analyzed	Prep Method	Analytical Method	Analyst
Total Metals - Mansfield Lab											
Antimony, Total	ND		mg/l	0.02000		5	01/22/21 04:3	5 01/22/21 13:01	FPA 3005A	3,200.8	AM
Arsenic, Total	0.01685		mg/l	0.00500		5		5 01/22/21 13:01		3,200.8	AM
Cadmium, Total	ND		mg/l	0.00100		5		5 01/22/21 13:01		3,200.8	AM
Chromium, Total	ND		mg/l	0.00500		5		5 01/22/21 13:01		3,200.8	AM
Copper, Total	ND		mg/l	0.00500		5		5 01/22/21 13:01		3,200.8	AM
Iron, Total	43.4		mg/l	0.050		1		5 01/26/21 10:02		19,200.7	GD
Lead, Total	ND		mg/l	0.00500		5		5 01/22/21 13:01		3,200.8	AM
Mercury, Total	ND		mg/l	0.00020		1		8 01/26/21 14:03		3,245.1	VW
Nickel, Total	ND		mg/l	0.01000		5		5 01/22/21 13:01		3,200.8	AM
Selenium, Total	ND		mg/l	0.02500		5		5 01/22/21 13:01		3,200.8	AM
Silver, Total	ND		mg/l	0.00200		5		5 01/22/21 13:01		3,200.8	AM
Zinc, Total	ND		mg/l	0.05000		5		5 01/22/21 13:01		3,200.8	AM
Total Hardness by		Manefiel		0.00000			01/22/21 04.0	0 0 1/22/21 10:01	2171000071		7.11
•		- Mansher		0.000	NIA	4	04/00/04 04 0	- 04/00/04 40 00	EDA 0005A	10 200 7	OD
Hardness	332		mg/l	0.660	NA	1	01/22/21 04:3	5 01/26/21 10:02	EPA 3005A	19,200.7	GD
General Chemistry	- Mansfiel	d Lab									
Chromium, Trivalent	ND		mg/l	0.010		1		01/22/21 13:01	NA	107,-	



Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Lab Number: Report Date:

L2103167 01/27/21

Project Number: 05304-662

SAMPLE RESULTS

Lab ID: L2103167-02

Client ID: 2021-0120-SW Sample Location: CAMBRIDGE, MA Date Collected: 01/20/21 14:30

Date Received: 01/20/21 Field Prep: Not Specified

Sample Depth:

Matrix: Water

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Prepared	Date Analyzed	Prep Method	Analytical Method	Analyst
Total Metals - Mans	sfield Lab										
Antimony, Total	ND		mg/l	0.00400		1	01/22/21 04:3	5 01/22/21 13:17	EPA 3005A	3,200.8	AM
Arsenic, Total	ND		mg/l	0.00100		1	01/22/21 04:3	5 01/22/21 13:17	EPA 3005A	3,200.8	AM
Cadmium, Total	ND		mg/l	0.00020		1	01/22/21 04:3	5 01/22/21 13:17	EPA 3005A	3,200.8	AM
Chromium, Total	ND		mg/l	0.00100		1	01/22/21 04:3	5 01/22/21 13:17	EPA 3005A	3,200.8	AM
Copper, Total	0.00161		mg/l	0.00100		1	01/22/21 04:3	5 01/22/21 13:17	EPA 3005A	3,200.8	AM
Iron, Total	0.362		mg/l	0.050		1	01/22/21 04:3	5 01/26/21 09:57	EPA 3005A	19,200.7	GD
Lead, Total	0.00193		mg/l	0.00100		1	01/22/21 04:3	5 01/22/21 13:17	EPA 3005A	3,200.8	AM
Mercury, Total	ND		mg/l	0.00020		1	01/22/21 06:2	8 01/26/21 14:06	EPA 245.1	3,245.1	VW
Nickel, Total	ND		mg/l	0.00200		1	01/22/21 04:3	5 01/22/21 13:17	EPA 3005A	3,200.8	AM
Selenium, Total	ND		mg/l	0.00500		1	01/22/21 04:3	5 01/22/21 13:17	EPA 3005A	3,200.8	AM
Silver, Total	ND		mg/l	0.00040		1	01/22/21 04:3	5 01/22/21 13:17	EPA 3005A	3,200.8	AM
Zinc, Total	0.01649		mg/l	0.01000		1	01/22/21 04:3	5 01/22/21 13:17	EPA 3005A	3,200.8	AM
Total Hardness by	SM 2340B	B - Mansfiel	d Lab								
Hardness	67.3		mg/l	0.660	NA	1	01/22/21 04:3	5 01/26/21 09:57	EPA 3005A	19,200.7	GD
	37.0		,,,a,,	0.000	1471		5.// <i>ELIE</i> 1 07.0	0 0 .720,21 00.01	2. 7. 000071	,	
General Chemistry	- Mansfiel	d Lab									
Chromium, Trivalent	ND		mg/l	0.010		1		01/22/21 13:17	NA	107,-	



Serial_No:01272119:23

Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Project Number: 05304-662

Lab Number:

L2103167

Report Date:

01/27/21

Method Blank Analysis Batch Quality Control

Parameter	Result Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Prepared	Date Analyzed	Analytical Method	
Total Metals - Mar	nsfield Lab for sample(s):	01-02 E	Batch: WC	314573	46-1				
Iron, Total	ND	ma/l	0.050		1	01/22/21 04:35	01/26/21 09:38	3 19.200.7	GD

Prep Information

Digestion Method: EPA 3005A

Parameter	Result Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Prepared	Date Analyzed	Analytical Method	Analyst
Total Hardness by SM 2	2340B - Mansfield La	b for sam	ple(s):	01-02 E	Batch: WG1	1457346-1			
Hardness	ND	mg/l	0.660	NA	1	01/22/21 04:35	01/26/21 09:38	19,200.7	GD

Prep Information

Digestion Method: EPA 3005A

Parameter	Result Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Prepared	Date Analyzed	Analytical Method	Analyst
Total Metals - Mans	sfield Lab for sample(s):	01-02 E	Batch: WO	G14573	49-1				
Antimony, Total	ND	mg/l	0.00400		1	01/22/21 04:35	01/22/21 12:39	3,200.8	AM
Arsenic, Total	ND	mg/l	0.00100		1	01/22/21 04:35	01/22/21 12:39	3,200.8	AM
Cadmium, Total	ND	mg/l	0.00020		1	01/22/21 04:35	01/22/21 12:39	3,200.8	AM
Chromium, Total	ND	mg/l	0.00100		1	01/22/21 04:35	01/22/21 12:39	3,200.8	AM
Copper, Total	ND	mg/l	0.00100		1	01/22/21 04:35	01/22/21 12:39	3,200.8	AM
Lead, Total	ND	mg/l	0.00100		1	01/22/21 04:35	01/22/21 12:39	3,200.8	AM
Nickel, Total	ND	mg/l	0.00200		1	01/22/21 04:35	01/22/21 12:39	3,200.8	AM
Selenium, Total	ND	mg/l	0.00500		1	01/22/21 04:35	01/22/21 12:39	3,200.8	AM
Silver, Total	ND	mg/l	0.00040		1	01/22/21 04:35	01/22/21 12:39	3,200.8	AM
Zinc, Total	ND	mg/l	0.01000		1	01/22/21 04:35	01/22/21 12:39	3,200.8	AM

Prep Information

Digestion Method: EPA 3005A



Serial_No:01272119:23

L2103167

Lab Number:

Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Project Number: Report Date:

05304-662 01/27/21

> **Method Blank Analysis Batch Quality Control**

Dilution Date Date Analytical Method Analyst **Parameter Result Qualifier** Units RL**Factor Prepared** Analyzed MDL Total Metals - Mansfield Lab for sample(s): 01-02 Batch: WG1457351-1 Mercury, Total ND 0.00020 01/26/21 13:00 VW mg/l 1 01/22/21 06:28 3,245.1

Prep Information

Digestion Method: EPA 245.1



Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Project Number: 05304-662

Lab Number: L2103167

Report Date: 01/27/21

Parameter	LCS %Recovery	Qual	LCSD %Recovery	Qual	%Recovery Limits	RPD	Qual	RPD Limits
Total Metals - Mansfield Lab Associated sample	e(s): 01-02 Bate	ch: WG145	7346-2					
Iron, Total	95		-		85-115	-		
Total Hardness by SM 2340B - Mansfield Lab A	ssociated sampl	e(s): 01-02	Batch: WG145	7346-2				
Hardness	101		-		85-115	-		
Total Metals - Mansfield Lab Associated sample	e(s): 01-02 Bate	ch: WG145	7349-2					
Antimony, Total	88		-		85-115	-		
Arsenic, Total	110		-		85-115	-		
Cadmium, Total	113		-		85-115	-		
Chromium, Total	100		-		85-115	-		
Copper, Total	102		-		85-115	-		
Lead, Total	105		-		85-115	-		
Nickel, Total	99		-		85-115	-		
Selenium, Total	114		-		85-115	-		
Silver, Total	107		-		85-115	-		
Zinc, Total	110		-		85-115	-		
otal Metals - Mansfield Lab Associated sample	e(s): 01-02 Bat	ch: WG145	7351-2					
Mercury, Total	102		-		85-115	-		



Matrix Spike Analysis Batch Quality Control

Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Project Number: 05304-662 Lab Number: L2103167

01/27/21

Report Date:

arameter	Native Sample	MS Added	MS Found	MS %Recovery	Qual	MSD Found	MSD %Recovery Qu	Recovery al Limits	RPD Qual	RPD Limits
otal Metals - Mansfield Lab	b Associated sam	ple(s): 01-02	QC Bato	h ID: WG145	7346-3	QC Sam	ple: L2103167-01	Client ID: VES	S-X-9	
Iron, Total	43.4	1	43.3	0	Q	-	-	75-125	-	20
otal Hardness by SM 2340)B - Mansfield Lal	o Associated	sample(s):	01-02 QC	Batch ID	: WG1457	346-3 QC Sampl	le: L2103167-01	Client ID:	VES-X-9
Hardness	332	66.2	381	74	Q	-	-	75-125	-	20
otal Metals - Mansfield Lab	b Associated sam	ple(s): 01-02	QC Bato	h ID: WG145	7346-7	QC Sam	ple: L2103167-02	Client ID: 202	1-0120-SW	
Iron, Total	0.362	1	1.37	101		-	-	75-125	-	20
otal Hardness by SM 2340 120-SW	DB - Mansfield Lal	o Associated	sample(s):	01-02 QC	Batch ID	: WG1457	346-7 QC Sampl	le: L2103167-02	Client ID:	2021-
Hardness	67.3	66.2	135	102		-	-	75-125	-	20
otal Metals - Mansfield Lab	b Associated sam	ple(s): 01-02	QC Bato	h ID: WG145	7349-3	QC Sam	ple: L2103167-01	Client ID: VES	S-X-9	
Antimony, Total	ND	0.5	0.5409	108		-	-	70-130	-	20
Arsenic, Total	0.01685	0.12	0.1484	110		-	-	70-130	-	20
Cadmium, Total	ND	0.051	0.05590	110		-	-	70-130	-	20
Chromium, Total	ND	0.2	0.1965	98		-	-	70-130	-	20
Copper, Total	ND	0.25	0.2420	97		-	-	70-130	-	20
Lead, Total	ND	0.51	0.5494	108		-	-	70-130	-	20
Nickel, Total	ND	0.5	0.4763	95		-	-	70-130	-	20
Selenium, Total	ND	0.12	0.1333	111		-	-	70-130	-	20
Silver, Total	ND	0.05	0.05088	102		-	-	70-130	-	20
Zinc, Total	ND	0.5	0.5121	102		-	-	70-130	-	20



Matrix Spike Analysis Batch Quality Control

Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Project Number: 05304-662

Lab Number:

L2103167

Report Date:

Parameter	Native Sample	MS Added	MS Found	MS %Recovery	MSD Found	MSD %Recovery	Recovery Limits	RPD	RPD Limits
Total Metals - Mansfield Lab A	Associated sam	ple(s): 01-02	QC Bat	tch ID: WG1457351-3	QC Sam	nple: L2103127-01	Client ID: MS	Sample	
Mercury, Total	ND	0.005	0.00485	97	-	-	70-130	-	20
Total Metals - Mansfield Lab A	Associated sam	ple(s): 01-02	QC Bat	tch ID: WG1457351-5	QC Sam	nple: L2103150-01	Client ID: MS	Sample	
Mercury, Total	0.00031	0.005	0.00508	95	-	-	70-130	-	20



Lab Duplicate Analysis Batch Quality Control

Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Project Number: 05304-662

Lab Number:

L2103167

Report Date:

Parameter	Native Sample	Duplicate Sample	Units	RPD	Qual I	RPD Limits
Total Metals - Mansfield Lab Associated sample(s): 01-0	2 QC Batch ID: \	NG1457346-4 QC Sampl	e: L2103167-01	Client ID:	: VES-X-9	
Iron, Total	43.4	43.2	mg/l	0		20
Total Hardness by SM 2340B - Mansfield Lab Associated	sample(s): 01-02	QC Batch ID: WG14573	46-4 QC Samp	ole: L2103	167-01 Clien	t ID: VES-X-9
Hardness	332	330	mg/l	1		20
Total Metals - Mansfield Lab Associated sample(s): 01-0	2 QC Batch ID: \	WG1457346-8 QC Sampl	e: L2103167-02	Client ID:	: 2021-0120-	SW
Iron, Total	0.362	0.366	mg/l	1		20
Total Hardness by SM 2340B - Mansfield Lab Associated SW	sample(s): 01-02	QC Batch ID: WG14573	46-8 QC Samp	ole: L2103	167-02 Clien	t ID: 2021-0120
Hardness	67.3	67.8	mg/l	1		20
Total Metals - Mansfield Lab Associated sample(s): 01-0	2 QC Batch ID: \	NG1457349-4 QC Sampl	e: L2103167-01	Client ID:	: VES-X-9	
Antimony, Total	ND	ND	mg/l	NC		20
Arsenic, Total	0.01685	0.01664	mg/l	1		20
Cadmium, Total	ND	ND	mg/l	NC		20
Chromium, Total	ND	ND	mg/l	NC		20
Copper, Total	ND	ND	mg/l	NC		20
Lead, Total	ND	ND	mg/l	NC		20
Nickel, Total	ND	ND	mg/l	NC		20
Selenium, Total	ND	ND	mg/l	NC		20
Silver, Total	ND	ND	mg/l	NC		20
Zinc, Total	ND	ND	mg/l	NC		20



Lab Duplicate Analysis

Batch Quality Control

Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Project Number: 05304-662

Lab Number:

L2103167

Report Date:

Parameter	Native Sample	Duplicate Sample	Units	RPD	RPD Limits
Total Metals - Mansfield Lab Associated sample(s): 01-0	2 QC Batch ID:	WG1457351-4 QC Sample:	L2103127-01	Client ID:	DUP Sample
Mercury, Total	ND	ND	mg/l	NC	20
Total Metals - Mansfield Lab Associated sample(s): 01-0	2 QC Batch ID:	WG1457351-6 QC Sample:	L2103150-01	Client ID:	DUP Sample
Mercury, Total	0.00031	0.00027	mg/l	13	20



INORGANICS & MISCELLANEOUS



Serial_No:01272119:23

Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING Lab Number: L2103167

SAMPLE RESULTS

Lab ID: L2103167-01 Date Collected: 01/20/21 12:40

Client ID: VES-X-9 Date Received: 01/20/21

Sample Location: CAMBRIDGE, MA Field Prep: Refer to COC

Sample Depth:

Matrix: Water

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Prepared	Date Analyzed	Analytical Method	Analyst
General Chemistry - Wes	stborough La	b								
Solids, Total Suspended	23.		mg/l	10	NA	2	-	01/22/21 14:00	121,2540D	AC
Cyanide, Total	0.011		mg/l	0.005		1	01/21/21 10:05	01/21/21 12:35	121,4500CN-CE	CR
Chlorine, Total Residual	ND		mg/l	0.02		1	-	01/20/21 20:39	121,4500CL-D	AS
Nitrogen, Ammonia	3.56		mg/l	0.075		1	01/20/21 23:45	01/21/21 20:45	121,4500NH3-BH	H AT
TPH, SGT-HEM	ND		mg/l	4.00		1	01/25/21 16:00	01/25/21 17:00	74,1664A	TL
Phenolics, Total	ND		mg/l	0.030		1	01/25/21 07:18	01/25/21 10:24	4,420.1	KP
Chromium, Hexavalent	ND		mg/l	0.010		1	01/21/21 07:20	01/21/21 07:57	1,7196A	KP
Anions by Ion Chromatog	graphy - Wes	tborough	Lab							
Chloride	1960		mg/l	50.0		100	-	01/22/21 18:51	44,300.0	AT



Serial_No:01272119:23

Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING Lab Number: L2103167

SAMPLE RESULTS

Lab ID: L2103167-02 Date Collected: 01/20/21 14:30

Client ID: 2021-0120-SW Date Received: 01/20/21 Sample Location: CAMBRIDGE, MA Field Prep: Not Specified

Sample Depth:

Matrix: Water

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Prepared	Date Analyzed	Analytical Method	Analyst
General Chemistry - We	estborough Lal)								
Nitrogen, Ammonia	0.190		mg/l	0.075		1	01/20/21 23:45	01/21/21 20:46	121,4500NH3-BH	AT
Chromium, Hexavalent	ND		mg/l	0.010		1	01/21/21 07:20	01/21/21 07:57	1,7196A	KP



L2103167

Lab Number:

Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Project Number: 05304-662 **Report Date:** 01/27/21

Method Blank Analysis Batch Quality Control

Parameter	Result Qual	ifier Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Prepared	Date Analyzed	Analytical Method	Analyst
General Chemistry - \	Westborough Lab fo	r sample(s): 01	Batch:	WG14	57074-1				
Chlorine, Total Residual	ND	mg/l	0.02		1	-	01/20/21 20:39	121,4500CL-D	AS
General Chemistry - \	Westborough Lab fo	r sample(s): 01	-02 Bat	tch: Wo	G1457088-1				
Nitrogen, Ammonia	ND	mg/l	0.075		1	01/20/21 23:45	01/21/21 20:27	121,4500NH3-BH	H AT
General Chemistry - '	Westborough Lab fo	r sample(s): 01	-02 Bat	tch: Wo	G1457217-				
Chromium, Hexavalent	ND	mg/l	0.010		1	01/21/21 07:20	01/21/21 07:55	1,7196A	KP
General Chemistry - \	Westborough Lab fo	r sample(s): 01	Batch:	WG14	157243-1				
Cyanide, Total	ND	mg/l	0.005		1	01/21/21 10:05	01/21/21 12:19	121,4500CN-CE	CR
General Chemistry - \	Westborough Lab fo	r sample(s): 01	Batch:	WG14	157685-1				
Solids, Total Suspended	ND	mg/l	5.0	NA	1	-	01/22/21 14:00	121,2540D	AC
Anions by Ion Chrom	atography - Westbord	ough Lab for sa	imple(s):	01 B	atch: WG1	457931-1			
Chloride	ND	mg/l	0.500		1	-	01/22/21 16:50	44,300.0	AT
General Chemistry - \	Westborough Lab fo	r sample(s): 01	Batch:	WG14	158180-1				
Phenolics, Total	ND	mg/l	0.030		1	01/25/21 07:18	01/25/21 10:13	4,420.1	KP
General Chemistry - \	Westborough Lab fo	r sample(s): 01	Batch:	WG14	158367-1				
TPH, SGT-HEM	ND	mg/l	4.00		1	01/25/21 16:00	01/25/21 17:00	74,1664A	TL



Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Project Number: 05304-662

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Parameter	LCS %Recovery Qu	LCSD al %Recovery	% Qual	Recovery Limits	RPD	Qual	RPD Limits
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s): 01	Batch: WG1457074	-2				
Chlorine, Total Residual	100	-		90-110	-		
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s): 01	-02 Batch: WG14570	088-2				
Nitrogen, Ammonia	106	-		80-120	-		20
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s): 01	-02 Batch: WG14572	217-2				
Chromium, Hexavalent	108	-		85-115	-		20
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s): 01	Batch: WG1457243	J-2				
Cyanide, Total	90	-		90-110	-		
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s): 01	Batch: WG1457685	i-2				
Solids, Total Suspended	102	-		80-120	-		
nions by Ion Chromatography - Westbo	orough Lab Associated s	ample(s): 01 Batch: '	WG1457931-2				
Chloride	108	-		90-110	-		
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s): 01	Batch: WG1458180)-2				
Phenolics, Total	108	-		70-130	-		



Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

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Parameter	LCS %Recovery	LCSD %Recovery	%Recovery Limits	RPD	RPD Limits
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s): 01	Batch: WG1458367-2			
ТРН	70	-	64-132	-	34



Matrix Spike Analysis Batch Quality Control

Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Project Number: 05304-662

Lab Number:

L2103167

Report Date: 01/27/21

Parameter	Native Sample	MS Added	MS Found	MS %Recovery	MSD Qual Found	MSD %Recovery Qu	Recovery al Limits RPD	RPD Qual Limits
General Chemistry - Westbor	ough Lab Assoc	ciated samp	ole(s): 01	QC Batch ID: \	WG1457074-4	QC Sample: L21031	67-01 Client ID: VI	ES-X-9
Chlorine, Total Residual	ND	0.25	0.21	84	-	-	80-120 -	20
General Chemistry - Westbor	ough Lab Assoc	ciated samp	ole(s): 01-02	2 QC Batch II	D: WG1457088-4	QC Sample: L210	02839-03 Client ID:	MS Sample
Nitrogen, Ammonia	0.149	4	3.70	89		-	80-120 -	20
General Chemistry - Westbor	ough Lab Assoc	ciated samp	ole(s): 01-02	2 QC Batch II	D: WG1457217-4	QC Sample: L210	03167-02 Client ID:	2021-0120-SW
Chromium, Hexavalent	ND	0.1	0.103	103	-	-	85-115 -	20
General Chemistry - Westbor	ough Lab Assoc	ciated samp	ole(s): 01	QC Batch ID: \	WG1457243-4	QC Sample: L21031	68-02 Client ID: M	S Sample
Cyanide, Total	ND	0.2	0.182	91		-	90-110 -	30
Anions by Ion Chromatograph Sample	hy - Westboroug	ıh Lab Asso	ociated sam	nple(s): 01 Q0	C Batch ID: WG1	457931-3 QC Sam	ple: L2103503-05	Client ID: MS
Chloride	142	40	184	104		-	90-110 -	18
General Chemistry - Westbor	ough Lab Assoc	ciated samp	ole(s): 01	QC Batch ID: \	WG1458180-4	QC Sample: L21031	67-01 Client ID: VI	ES-X-9
Phenolics, Total	ND	0.4	0.47	117	-	-	70-130 -	20
General Chemistry - Westbor	ough Lab Assoc	ciated samp	ole(s): 01	QC Batch ID: \	WG1458367-4	QC Sample: L21000	09-160 Client ID: N	MS Sample
TPH	ND	19.4	12.5	64		-	64-132 -	34



L2103167

Lab Duplicate Analysis Batch Quality Control

Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Project Number: 05304-662

Quality Control Lab Number:

Report Date: 01/27/21

Parameter	Nativ	ve Sample	Duplicate Sampl	le Units	RPD	Qual RPD Limits
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s):	01 QC Batch ID:	WG1457074-3 C	QC Sample: L2	102975-01 CI	ient ID: DUP Sample
Chlorine, Total Residual		ND	ND	mg/l	NC	20
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s):	01-02 QC Batch	ID: WG1457088-3	QC Sample:	L2102839-03	Client ID: DUP Sample
Nitrogen, Ammonia		0.149	0.143	mg/l	4	20
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s):	01-02 QC Batch	ID: WG1457217-3	QC Sample:	L2103167-01	Client ID: VES-X-9
Chromium, Hexavalent		ND	ND	mg/l	NC	20
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s):	01 QC Batch ID:	WG1457243-3 C	QC Sample: L2	103114-02 CI	ient ID: DUP Sample
Cyanide, Total		ND	ND	mg/l	NC	30
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s):	01 QC Batch ID:	WG1457685-3 C	QC Sample: L2	103167-01 CI	ient ID: VES-X-9
Solids, Total Suspended		23	26	mg/l	12	29
Anions by Ion Chromatography - Westbo Sample	orough Lab Associated	sample(s): 01 Q	C Batch ID: WG14	457931-4 QC	Sample: L210	03503-05 Client ID: DUP
Chloride		142	140	mg/l	1	18
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s):	01 QC Batch ID:	WG1458180-3 C	QC Sample: L2	103167-01 CI	ient ID: VES-X-9
Phenolics, Total		ND	ND	mg/l	NC	20
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s):	01 QC Batch ID:	WG1458367-3 C	QC Sample: L2	100009-159	Client ID: DUP Sample
ТРН		ND	ND	mg/l	NC	34



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Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING

Project Number: 05304-662

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Sample Receipt and Container Information

Were project specific reporting limits specified?

Cooler Information

Cooler Custody Seal

C Absent

Container Info	ormation		Initial	Final	Temp			Frozen	
Container ID	Container Type	Cooler	рН	рН	deg C	Pres	Seal	Date/Time	Analysis(*)
L2103167-01A	Vial Na2S2O3 preserved	С	NA		2.8	Υ	Absent		624.1-RGP(7),624.1-SIM-RGP(7)
L2103167-01A1	Vial Na2S2O3 preserved	С	NA		2.8	Υ	Absent		624.1-RGP(7),624.1-SIM-RGP(7)
L2103167-01B	Vial Na2S2O3 preserved	С	NA		2.8	Υ	Absent		624.1-RGP(7),624.1-SIM-RGP(7)
L2103167-01B1	Vial Na2S2O3 preserved	С	NA		2.8	Υ	Absent		624.1-RGP(7),624.1-SIM-RGP(7)
L2103167-01C	Vial Na2S2O3 preserved	С	NA		2.8	Υ	Absent		624.1-RGP(7),624.1-SIM-RGP(7)
L2103167-01C1	Vial Na2S2O3 preserved	С	NA		2.8	Υ	Absent		624.1-RGP(7),624.1-SIM-RGP(7)
L2103167-01D	Vial Na2S2O3 preserved	С	NA		2.8	Υ	Absent		504(14)
L2103167-01E	Vial Na2S2O3 preserved	С	NA		2.8	Υ	Absent		504(14)
L2103167-01F	Vial unpreserved	С	NA		2.8	Υ	Absent		SUB-ETHANOL(14)
L2103167-01G	Vial unpreserved	С	NA		2.8	Υ	Absent		SUB-ETHANOL(14)
L2103167-01H	Vial unpreserved	С	NA		2.8	Υ	Absent		SUB-ETHANOL(14)
L2103167-01I	Plastic 250ml NaOH preserved	С	>12	>12	2.8	Υ	Absent		HOLD-WETCHEM(),TCN-4500(14)
L2103167-01I1	Plastic 250ml NaOH preserved	С	>12	>12	2.8	Υ	Absent		HOLD-WETCHEM(),TCN-4500(14)
L2103167-01J	Plastic 250ml HNO3 preserved	С	<2	<2	2.8	Υ	Absent		HOLD-METAL-DISSOLVED(180)
L2103167-01K	Plastic 250ml HNO3 preserved	С	<2	<2	2.8	Y	Absent		CD-2008T(180),NI-2008T(180),ZN- 2008T(180),CU-2008T(180),HARDU(180),FE- UI(180),HG-U(28),AS-2008T(180),AG- 2008T(180),SE-2008T(180),PB-2008T(180),CR- 2008T(180),SB-2008T(180)
L2103167-01L	Plastic 500ml H2SO4 preserved	С	<2	<2	2.8	Υ	Absent		NH3-4500(28)
L2103167-01M	Plastic 950ml unpreserved	С	7	7	2.8	Υ	Absent		CL-300(28),HEXCR-7196(1),TRC-4500(1)
L2103167-01N	Plastic 950ml unpreserved	С	7	7	2.8	Υ	Absent		TSS-2540(7)
L2103167-01O	Amber 950ml H2SO4 preserved	С	7	<2	2.8	N	Absent		TPHENOL-420(28)
L2103167-01P	Amber 1000ml Na2S2O3	С	7	7	2.8	Υ	Absent		PCB-608.3(365)
L2103167-01P1	Amber 1000ml Na2S2O3	С	7	7	2.8	Υ	Absent		PCB-608.3(365)



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Container Info	ormation		Initial	Final	Temp			Frozen	
Container ID	Container Type	Cooler	pН	рН	deg C	Pres	Seal	Date/Time	Analysis(*)
L2103167-01Q	Amber 1000ml Na2S2O3	С	7	7	2.8	Υ	Absent		625.1-RGP(7)
L2103167-01Q1	Amber 1000ml Na2S2O3	С	7	7	2.8	Υ	Absent		625.1-RGP(7)
L2103167-01R	Amber 1000ml Na2S2O3	С	7	7	2.8	Υ	Absent		625.1-SIM-RGP(7)
L2103167-01R1	Amber 1000ml Na2S2O3	С	7	7	2.8	Υ	Absent		625.1-SIM-RGP(7)
L2103167-01S	Amber 1000ml HCl preserved	С	NA		2.8	Υ	Absent		TPH-1664(28)
L2103167-01S1	Amber 1000ml HCl preserved	С	NA		2.8	Υ	Absent		TPH-1664(28)
L2103167-02A	Plastic 250ml HNO3 preserved	С	<2	<2	2.8	Y	Absent		CD-2008T(180),NI-2008T(180),ZN- 2008T(180),FE-UI(180),HARDU(180),CU- 2008T(180),HG-U(28),AS-2008T(180),SE- 2008T(180),AG-2008T(180),CR- 2008T(180),SB-2008T(180),PB-2008T(180)
L2103167-02B	Plastic 500ml H2SO4 preserved	С	<2	<2	2.8	Υ	Absent		NH3-4500(28)
L2103167-02C	Plastic 950ml unpreserved	С	7	7	2.8	Υ	Absent		HEXCR-7196(1)



Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING Lab Number: L2103167

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GLOSSARY

Acronyms

EDL

LOQ

MS

RL

DL - Detection Limit: This value represents the level to which target analyte concentrations are reported as estimated values, when those target analyte concentrations are quantified below the limit of quantitation (LOQ). The DL includes any adjustments from dilutions, concentrations or moisture content, where applicable. (DoD report formats only.)

 Estimated Detection Limit: This value represents the level to which target analyte concentrations are reported as estimated values, when those target analyte concentrations are quantified below the reporting limit (RL). The EDL includes any adjustments from dilutions, concentrations or moisture content, where applicable. The use of EDLs is specific to the analysis of PAHs using Solid-Phase Microextraction (SPME).

EMPC - Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration: The concentration that results from the signal present at the retention time of an analyte when the ions meet all of the identification criteria except the ion abundance ratio criteria. An EMPC is a worst-case estimate of the concentration.

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency.

LCS - Laboratory Control Sample: A sample matrix, free from the analytes of interest, spiked with verified known amounts of analytes or a material containing known and verified amounts of analytes.

LCSD - Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate: Refer to LCS.

LFB - Laboratory Fortified Blank: A sample matrix, free from the analytes of interest, spiked with verified known amounts of analytes or a material containing known and verified amounts of analytes.

LOD - Limit of Detection: This value represents the level to which a target analyte can reliably be detected for a specific analyte in a specific matrix by a specific method. The LOD includes any adjustments from dilutions, concentrations or moisture content, where applicable. (DoD report formats only.)

- Limit of Quantitation: The value at which an instrument can accurately measure an analyte at a specific concentration. The LOQ includes any adjustments from dilutions, concentrations or moisture content, where applicable. (DoD report formats only.)

Limit of Quantitation: The value at which an instrument can accurately measure an analyte at a specific concentration. The LOQ includes any adjustments from dilutions, concentrations or moisture content, where applicable. (DoD report formats only.)

MDL - Method Detection Limit: This value represents the level to which target analyte concentrations are reported as estimated values, when those target analyte concentrations are quantified below the reporting limit (RL). The MDL includes any adjustments from dilutions, concentrations or moisture content, where applicable.

- Matrix Spike Sample: A sample prepared by adding a known mass of target analyte to a specified amount of matrix sample for which an independent estimate of target analyte concentration is available. For Method 332.0, the spike recovery is calculated using the native concentration, including estimated values.

MSD - Matrix Spike Sample Duplicate: Refer to MS.

NA - Not Applicable.

NC - Not Calculated: Term is utilized when one or more of the results utilized in the calculation are non-detect at the parameter's reporting unit.

NDPA/DPA - N-Nitrosodiphenylamine/Diphenylamine.

NI - Not Ignitable.

NP - Non-Plastic: Term is utilized for the analysis of Atterberg Limits in soil.

NR - No Results: Term is utilized when 'No Target Compounds Requested' is reported for the analysis of Volatile or Semivolatile Organic TIC only requests.

- Reporting Limit: The value at which an instrument can accurately measure an analyte at a specific concentration. The RL

includes any adjustments from dilutions, concentrations or moisture content, where applicable.

RPD - Relative Percent Difference: The results from matrix and/or matrix spike duplicates are primarily designed to assess the precision of analytical results in a given matrix and are expressed as relative percent difference (RPD). Values which are less

than five times the reporting limit for any individual parameter are evaluated by utilizing the absolute difference between the values; although the RPD value will be provided in the report.

SRM - Standard Reference Material: A reference sample of a known or certified value that is of the same or similar matrix as the

associated field samples.

STLP - Semi-dynamic Tank Leaching Procedure per EPA Method 1315.

TEF - Toxic Equivalency Factors: The values assigned to each dioxin and furan to evaluate their toxicity relative to 2,3,7,8-TCDD.

TEQ - Toxic Equivalent: The measure of a sample's toxicity derived by multiplying each dioxin and furan by its corresponding TEF and then summing the resulting values.

TIC - Tentatively Identified Compound: A compound that has been identified to be present and is not part of the target compound list (TCL) for the method and/or program. All TICs are qualitatively identified and reported as estimated concentrations.

list (TCL) for the method and/or program. All TICs are qualitatively identified and reported as estimated concentrations.

Report Format: Data Usability Report



Project Name:PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSINGLab Number:L2103167Project Number:05304-662Report Date:01/27/21

Footnotes

1 - The reference for this analyte should be considered modified since this analyte is absent from the target analyte list of the original method.

Terms

Analytical Method: Both the document from which the method originates and the analytical reference method. (Example: EPA 8260B is shown as 1,8260B.) The codes for the reference method documents are provided in the References section of the Addendum.

Difference: With respect to Total Oxidizable Precursor (TOP) Assay analysis, the difference is defined as the Post-Treatment value minus the Pre-Treatment value.

Final pH: As it pertains to Sample Receipt & Container Information section of the report, Final pH reflects pH of container determined after adjustment at the laboratory, if applicable. If no adjustment required, value reflects Initial pH.

Frozen Date/Time: With respect to Volatile Organics in soil, Frozen Date/Time reflects the date/time at which associated Reagent Water-preserved vials were initially frozen. Note: If frozen date/time is beyond 48 hours from sample collection, value will be reflected in 'bold'.

Initial pH: As it pertains to Sample Receipt & Container Information section of the report. Initial pH reflects pH of container determined up

Initial pH: As it pertains to Sample Receipt & Container Information section of the report, Initial pH reflects pH of container determined upon receipt, if applicable.

PAH Total: With respect to Alkylated PAH analyses, the 'PAHs, Total' result is defined as the summation of results for all or a subset of the following compounds: Naphthalene, C1-C4 Naphthalenes, 2-Methylnaphthalene, 1-Methylnaphthalene, Biphenyl, Acenaphthylene, Acenaphthene, Fluorene, C1-C3 Fluorenes, Phenanthrene, C1-C4 Phenanthrenes/Anthracenes, Anthracene, Fluoranthene, Pyrene, C1-C4 Fluoranthenes/Pyrenes, Benza(a)anthracene, Chrysene, C1-C4 Chrysenes, Benzo(b)fluoranthene, Benzo(j)+(k)fluoranthene, Benzo(e)pyrene, Benzo(a)pyrene, Perylene, Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, Dibenz(ah)+(ac)anthracene, Benzo(g,h,i)perylene. If a 'Total' result is requested, the results of its individual components will also be reported.

PFAS Total: With respect to PFAS analyses, the 'PFAS, Total (5)' result is defined as the summation of results for: PFHpA, PFHxS, PFOA, PFNA and PFOS. In addition, the 'PFAS, Total (6)' result is defined as the summation of results at or above the RL for: PFHpA, PFHxS, PFOA, PFNA, PFDA and PFOS. (Note: 'PFAS, Total (6)' is applicable to MassDEP DW compliance analysis only.). If a "Total' result is requested, the results of its individual components will also be reported.

The target compound Chlordane (CAS No. 57-74-9) is reported for GC ECD analyses. Per EPA, this compound "refers to a mixture of chlordane isomers, other chlorinated hydrocarbons and numerous other components." (Reference: USEPA Toxicological Review of Chlordane, In Support of Summary Information on the Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS), December 1997.)

Total: With respect to Organic analyses, a 'Total' result is defined as the summation of results for individual isomers or Aroclors. If a 'Total' result is requested, the results of its individual components will also be reported. This is applicable to 'Total' results for methods 8260, 8081 and 8082.

Data Qualifiers

- A -Spectra identified as "Aldol Condensates" are byproducts of the extraction/concentration procedures when acetone is introduced in the process.
- The analyte was detected above the reporting limit in the associated method blank. Flag only applies to associated field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte at less than ten times (10x) the concentration found in the blank. For MCP-related projects, flag only applies to associated field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte at less than ten times (10x) the concentration found in the blank. For DOD-related projects, flag only applies to associated field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte at less than ten times (10x) the concentration found in the blank AND the analyte was detected above one-half the reporting limit (or above the reporting limit for common lab contaminants) in the associated method blank. For NJ-Air-related projects, flag only applies to associated field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte above the reporting limit. For NJ-related projects (excluding Air), flag only applies to associated field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte, which was detected above the reporting limit in the associated method blank or above five times the reporting limit for common lab contaminants (Phthalates, Acetone, Methylene Chloride, 2-Butanone).
- Co-elution: The target analyte co-elutes with a known lab standard (i.e. surrogate, internal standards, etc.) for co-extracted analyses.
- Concentration of analyte was quantified from diluted analysis. Flag only applies to field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte.
- E Concentration of analyte exceeds the range of the calibration curve and/or linear range of the instrument.
- F The ratio of quantifier ion response to qualifier ion response falls outside of the laboratory criteria. Results are considered to be an estimated maximum concentration.
- G The concentration may be biased high due to matrix interferences (i.e, co-elution) with non-target compound(s). The result should be considered estimated.
- H The analysis of pH was performed beyond the regulatory-required holding time of 15 minutes from the time of sample collection.
- I The lower value for the two columns has been reported due to obvious interference.
- J Estimated value. This represents an estimated concentration for Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs).
- M Reporting Limit (RL) exceeds the MCP CAM Reporting Limit for this analyte.
- **ND** Not detected at the reporting limit (RL) for the sample.
- NJ Presumptive evidence of compound. This represents an estimated concentration for Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs), where

Report Format: Data Usability Report



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Data Qualifiers

the identification is based on a mass spectral library search.

- P The RPD between the results for the two columns exceeds the method-specified criteria.
- Q -The quality control sample exceeds the associated acceptance criteria. For DOD-related projects, LCS and/or Continuing Calibration Standard exceedences are also qualified on all associated sample results. Note: This flag is not applicable for matrix spike recoveries when the sample concentration is greater than 4x the spike added or for batch duplicate RPD when the sample concentrations are less than 5x the RL. (Metals only.)
- **R** Analytical results are from sample re-analysis.
- **RE** Analytical results are from sample re-extraction.
- S Analytical results are from modified screening analysis.

Report Format: Data Usability Report



Project Name: PARCEL U - CAMBRIDGE CROSSING Lab Number: L2103167

Project Number: 05304 663

REFERENCES

Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods. EPA SW-846. Third Edition. Updates I - VI, 2018.

- Methods for the Determination of Metals in Environmental Samples, Supplement I. EPA/600/R-94/111. May 1994.
- 4 Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes. EPA 600/4-79-020. Revised March 1983.
- Methods for the Determination of Organic Compounds in Finished Drinking Water and Raw Source Water. EPA/600/4-88/039, Revised July 1991.
- 19 Inductively Coupled Plasma Atomic Emission Spectrometric Method for Trace Element Analysis of Water and Wastes. Appendix C, Part 136, 40 CFR (Code of Federal Regulations). July 1, 1999 edition.
- Methods for the Determination of Inorganic Substances in Environmental Samples, EPA/600/R-93/100, August 1993.
- Method 1664,Revision A: N-Hexane Extractable Material (HEM; Oil & Grease) and Silica Gel Treated N-Hexane Extractable Material (SGT-HEM; Non-polar Material) by Extraction and Gravimetry, EPA-821-R-98-002, February 1999.
- 107 Alpha Analytical In-house calculation method.
- 121 Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater. APHA-AWWA-WEF. Standard Methods Online.
- 127 Method 608.3: Organochlorine Pesticides and PCBs by GC/HSD, EPA 821-R-16-009, December 2016.
- 128 Method 624.1: Purgeables by GC/MS, EPA 821-R-16-008, December 2016.
- Method 625.1: Base/Neutrals and Acids by GC/MS, EPA 821-R-16-007, December 2016.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITIES

Alpha Analytical performs services with reasonable care and diligence normal to the analytical testing laboratory industry. In the event of an error, the sole and exclusive responsibility of Alpha Analytical shall be to re-perform the work at it's own expense. In no event shall Alpha Analytical be held liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages, including but not limited to, damages in any way connected with the use of, interpretation of, information or analysis provided by Alpha Analytical.

We strongly urge our clients to comply with EPA protocol regarding sample volume, preservation, cooling, containers, sampling procedures, holding time and splitting of samples in the field.



Serial_No:01272119:23

Alpha Analytical, Inc.
Facility: Company-wide
Department: Quality Assurance

Department: Quality Assurance

Title: Certificate/Approval Program Summary

ID No.:**17873**

Published Date: 4/28/2020 9:42:21 AM

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Certification Information

The following analytes are not included in our Primary NELAP Scope of Accreditation:

Westborough Facility

EPA 624/624.1: m/p-xylene, o-xylene, Naphthalene

EPA 8260C: <u>NPW</u>: 1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene; 4-Ethyltoluene, Azobenzene; <u>SCM</u>: lodomethane (methyl iodide), 1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene; 4-Ethyltoluene.

EPA 8270D: NPW: Dimethylnaphthalene,1,4-Diphenylhydrazine; SCM: Dimethylnaphthalene,1,4-Diphenylhydrazine.

SM4500: NPW: Amenable Cyanide; SCM: Total Phosphorus, TKN, NO2, NO3.

Mansfield Facility

SM 2540D: TSS

EPA 8082A: NPW: PCB: 1, 5, 31, 87,101, 110, 141, 151, 153, 180, 183, 187.

EPA TO-15: Halothane, 2,4,4-Trimethyl-2-pentene, 2,4,4-Trimethyl-1-pentene, Thiophene, 2-Methylthiophene,

3-Methylthiophene, 2-Ethylthiophene, 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene, Indan, Indene, 1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene, Benzothiophene, 1-Methylnaphthalene.

EPA TO-12 Non-methane organics

EPA 3C Fixed gases

Biological Tissue Matrix: EPA 3050B

The following analytes are included in our Massachusetts DEP Scope of Accreditation

Westborough Facility:

Drinking Water

EPA 300.0: Chloride, Nitrate-N, Fluoride, Sulfate; EPA 353.2: Nitrate-N, Nitrite-N; SM4500NO3-F: Nitrate-N, Nitrite-N; SM4500F-C, SM4500CN-CE,

EPA 180.1, SM2130B, SM4500CI-D, SM2320B, SM2540C, SM4500H-B, SM4500NO2-B

EPA 332: Perchlorate; EPA 524.2: THMs and VOCs; EPA 504.1: EDB, DBCP.

Microbiology: SM9215B; SM9223-P/A, SM9223B-Colilert-QT,SM9222D.

Non-Potable Water

SM4500H,B, EPA 120.1, SM2510B, SM2540C, SM2320B, SM4500CL-E, SM4500F-BC, SM4500NH3-BH: Ammonia-N and Kjeldahl-N, EPA 350.1: Ammonia-N, LACHAT 10-107-06-1-B: Ammonia-N, EPA 351.1, SM4500NO3-F, EPA 353.2: Nitrate-N, SM4500P-E, SM4500P-B, E, SM4500SO4-E, SM5220D, EPA 410.4, SM5210B, SM5310C, SM4500CL-D, EPA 1664, EPA 420.1, SM4500-CN-CE, SM2540D, EPA 300: Chloride, Sulfate, Nitrate. EPA 624.1: Volatile Halocarbons & Aromatics,

EPA 608.3: Chlordane, Toxaphene, Aldrin, alpha-BHC, beta-BHC, gamma-BHC, delta-BHC, Dieldrin, DDD, DDE, DDT, Endosulfan II, Endosulfan III, Endosulfan sulfate, Endrin, Endrin Aldehyde, Heptachlor, Heptachlor Epoxide, PCBs

EPA 625.1: SVOC (Acid/Base/Neutral Extractables), EPA 600/4-81-045: PCB-Oil.

Microbiology: SM9223B-Colilert-QT; Enterolert-QT, SM9221E, EPA 1600, EPA 1603.

Mansfield Facility:

Drinking Water

EPA 200.7: Al, Ba, Cd, Cr, Cu, Fe, Mn, Ni, Na, Ag, Ca, Zn. EPA 200.8: Al, Sb, As, Ba, Be, Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Mn, Ni, Se, Ag, TL, Zn. EPA 245.1 Hg. EPA 522.

Non-Potable Water

EPA 200.7: Al, Sb, As, Be, Cd, Ca, Cr, Co, Cu, Fe, Pb, Mg, Mn, Mo, Ni, K, Se, Ag, Na, Sr, TL, Ti, V, Zn.

EPA 200.8: Al, Sb, As, Be, Cd, Cr, Cu, Fe, Pb, Mn, Ni, K, Se, Ag, Na, TL, Zn.

EPA 245.1 Hg.

SM2340B

For a complete listing of analytes and methods, please contact your Alpha Project Manager.

Document Type: Form Pre-Qualtrax Document ID: 08-113

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HIBA Address: 465 Media Boston, MA 02129	rd Street	Project Manager: ALPHAQuele E	Tim Becker, 12964	Liz Christmas			1		EPA	MPOE	SPIGE												Please identify below location of applicable disposal facilities.	
n&A Phone: 617-886-3-	100	Turn-Around Time	12004									1											Organia Facility	
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Document ID: 20455 Fee 1 (1/2)	Addres)			_								F.											Militation and Alpha Analytical.	



http://www.teklabinc.com/

100226

E-10374

05002

05003

9978

Illinois

Kansas

Louisiana

Louisiana

Oklahoma

January 27, 2021

Melissa Gulli Alpha Analytical 145 Flanders Road Westborough, MA 01581

TEL: (603) 319-5010

FAX:

RE: L2103167 **WorkOrder:** 21011149

Dear Melissa Gulli:

TEKLAB, INC received 1 sample on 1/22/2021 9:47:00 AM for the analysis presented in the following report.

Samples are analyzed on an as received basis unless otherwise requested and documented. The sample results contained in this report relate only to the requested analytes of interest as directed on the chain of custody. NELAP accredited fields of testing are indicated by the letters NELAP under the Certification column. Unless otherwise documented within this report, Teklab Inc. analyzes samples utilizing the most current methods in compliance with 40CFR. All tests are performed in the Collinsville, IL laboratory unless otherwise noted in the Case Narrative.

All quality control criteria applicable to the test methods employed for this project have been satisfactorily met and are in accordance with NELAP except where noted. The following report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of Teklab, Inc.

If you have any questions regarding these tests results, please feel free to call.

Sincerely,

Marvin L. Darling

Project Manager

(618)344-1004 ex 41

mdarling@teklabinc.com

Mowin L. Darling I



Report Contents

http://www.teklabinc.com/

Client: Alpha AnalyticalWork Order: 21011149Client Project: L2103167Report Date: 27-Jan-21

This reporting package includes the following:

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Case Narrative	5
Accreditations	6
Laboratory Results	7
Quality Control Results	8
Receiving Check List	9
Chain of Custody	Appended



Definitions

http://www.teklabinc.com/

Client: Alpha Analytical Work Order: 21011149

Client Project: L2103167 Report Date: 27-Jan-21

Abbr Definition

- * Analytes on report marked with an asterisk are not NELAP accredited
- CCV Continuing calibration verification is a check of a standard to determine the state of calibration of an instrument between recalibration.
- CRQL A Client Requested Quantitation Limit is a reporting limit that varies according to customer request. The CRQL may not be less than the MDL.
 - DF Dilution factor is the dilution performed during analysis only and does not take into account any dilutions made during sample preparation. The reported result is final and includes all dilution factors.
 - DNI Did not ignite
- DUP Laboratory duplicate is a replicate aliquot prepared under the same laboratory conditions and independently analyzed to obtain a measure of precision.
- ICV Initial calibration verification is a check of a standard to determine the state of calibration of an instrument before sample analysis is initiated.
- IDPH IL Dept. of Public Health
- LCS Laboratory control sample is a sample matrix, free from the analytes of interest, spiked with verified known amounts of analytes and analyzed exactly like a sample to establish intra-laboratory or analyst specific precision and bias or to assess the performance of all or a portion of the measurement system.
- LCSD Laboratory control sample duplicate is a replicate laboratory control sample that is prepared and analyzed in order to determine the precision of the approved test method. The acceptable recovery range is listed in the QC Package (provided upon request).
- MBLK Method blank is a sample of a matrix similar to the batch of associated sample (when available) that is free from the analytes of interest and is processed simultaneously with and under the same conditions as samples through all steps of the analytical procedures, and in which no target analytes or interferences should present at concentrations that impact the analytical results for sample analyses.
- MDL "The method detection limit is defined as the minimum measured concentration of a substance that can be reported with 99% confidence that the measured concentration is distinguishable from method blank results."
- MS Matrix spike is an aliquot of matrix fortified (spiked) with known quantities of specific analytes that is subjected to the entire analytical procedures in order to determine the effect of the matrix on an approved test method's recovery system. The acceptable recovery range is listed in the QC Package (provided upon request).
- MSD Matrix spike duplicate means a replicate matrix spike that is prepared and analyzed in order to determine the precision of the approved test method. The acceptable recovery range is listed in the QC Package (provided upon request).
- MW Molecular weight
- NC Data is not acceptable for compliance purposes
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
- NELAP NELAP Accredited
 - PQL Practical quantitation limit means the lowest level that can be reliably achieved within specified limits of precision and accuracy during routine laboratory operation conditions.
 - RL The reporting limit the lowest level that the data is displayed in the final report. The reporting limit may vary according to customer request or sample dilution. The reporting limit may not be less than the MDL.
 - RPD Relative percent difference is a calculated difference between two recoveries (ie. MS/MSD). The acceptable recovery limit is listed in the QC Package (provided upon request).
 - SPK The spike is a known mass of target analyte added to a blank sample or sub-sample; used to determine recovery deficiency or for other quality control purposes.
 - Surr Surrogates are compounds which are similar to the analytes of interest in chemical composition and behavior in the analytical process, but which are not normally found in environmental samples.
 - TIC Tentatively identified compound: Analytes tentatively identified in the sample by using a library search. Only results not in the calibration standard will be reported as tentatively identified compounds. Results for tentatively identified compounds that are not present in the calibration standard, but are assigned a specific chemical name based upon the library search, are calculated using total peak areas from reconstructed ion chromatograms and a response factor of one. The nearest Internal Standard is used for the calculation. The results of any TICs must be considered estimated, and are flagged with a "T". If the estimated result is above the calibration range it is flagged "ET"
- TNTC Too numerous to count (> 200 CFU)



Definitions

http://www.teklabinc.com/

Client: Alpha Analytical Work Order: 21011149

Client Project: L2103167 Report Date: 27-Jan-21

Qualifiers

- B Analyte detected in associated Method Blank
 - E Value above quantitation range
 - I Associated internal standard was outside method criteria
 - Manual Integration used to determine area response
 - R RPD outside accepted recovery limits
 - T TIC(Tentatively identified compound)

- # Unknown hydrocarbon
- RL shown is a Client Requested Quantitation Limit
- Holding times exceeded H -
- Analyte detected below quantitation limits
- Not Detected at the Reporting Limit ND -
 - Spike Recovery outside recovery limits
- X Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level



Case Narrative

http://www.teklabinc.com/

Work Order: 21011149

Report Date: 27-Jan-21

Cooler Receipt Temp: 1.4 °C

Client Project: L2103167

Client: Alpha Analytical

Locations

	Collinsville		Springfield		Kansas City
Address	5445 Horseshoe Lake Road	Address	3920 Pintail Dr	Address	8421 Nieman Road
	Collinsville, IL 62234-7425		Springfield, IL 62711-9415		Lenexa, KS 66214
Phone	(618) 344-1004	Phone	(217) 698-1004	Phone	(913) 541-1998
Fax	(618) 344-1005	Fax	(217) 698-1005	Fax	(913) 541-1998
Email	jhriley@teklabinc.com	Email	KKlostermann@teklabinc.com	Email	jhriley@teklabinc.com
	Collinsville Air		Chicago		
Address	5445 Horseshoe Lake Road	Address	1319 Butterfield Rd.		
	Collinsville, IL 62234-7425		Downers Grove, IL 60515		
Phone	(618) 344-1004	Phone	(630) 324-6855		
Fax	(618) 344-1005	Fax			
Email	EHurley@teklabinc.com	Email	arenner@teklabinc.com		



Accreditations

http://www.teklabinc.com/

Client: Alpha Analytical Work Order: 21011149

Client Project: L2103167 Report Date: 27-Jan-21

State	Dept	Cert #	NELAP	Exp Date	Lab
Illinois	IEPA	100226	NELAP	1/31/2021	Collinsville
Kansas	KDHE	E-10374	NELAP	4/30/2021	Collinsville
Louisiana	LDEQ	05002	NELAP	6/30/2021	Collinsville
Louisiana	LDEQ	05003	NELAP	6/30/2021	Collinsville
Oklahoma	ODEQ	9978	NELAP	8/31/2021	Collinsville
Arkansas	ADEQ	88-0966		3/14/2021	Collinsville
Illinois	IDPH	17584		5/31/2021	Collinsville
Kentucky	UST	0073		1/31/2021	Collinsville
Missouri	MDNR	00930		5/31/2021	Collinsville
Missouri	MDNR	930		1/31/2022	Collinsville



Lab ID: 21011149-001

Laboratory Results

http://www.teklabinc.com/

Client: Alpha Analytical Work Order: 21011149

Client Sample ID: VES-X-9

Client Project: L2103167 Report Date: 27-Jan-21

Matrix: AQUEOUS Collection Date: 01/20/2021 12:40

Analyses Certification RL Qual Result Units DF Date Analyzed Batch EPA 600 1671A, PHARMACEUTICAL MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY NON-PURGEABLE VOLATILE ORGANICS

Ethanol * 20 **ND** mg/L 1 01/22/2021 13:08 R286595



Quality Control Results

http://www.teklabinc.com/

Client: Alpha Analytical Work Order: 21011149
Client Project: L2103167 Report Date: 27-Jan-21

TICAL MA	ANUFA	ACTURING	INDUSTRY NO	N-PURG	EABLE VOL	ATILE OF	RG		
MBLK		Units mg/L							
									Date
Cert	RL	Qual	Result	Spike	SPK Ref Val	%REC	Low Limit	High Limit	Analyzed
*	20		ND						01/22/202
LCS		Units mg/L							
									Date
Cert	RL	Qual	Result	Spike	SPK Ref Val	%REC	Low Limit	High Limit	Analyzed
*	20		230	250.0	0	90.3	70	132	01/22/202
MS		Units mg/L							
									Date
Cert	RL	Qual	Result	Spike	SPK Ref Val	%REC	Low Limit	High Limit	Analyzed
*	20		230	250.0	0	92.9	70	132	01/22/202
MSD		Units mg/L					RPD Lin	nit 30	
									Date
Cert	RL	Oual	Result	Spike	SPK Ref Val	%REC	RPD Ref Va	al %RPD	Analyzed
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Receiving Check List

http://www.teklabinc.com/

Work Order: 21011149 Client: Alpha Analytical Client Project: L2103167 Report Date: 27-Jan-21 Carrier: UPS Received By: EAH Elizabeth a Hurley Completed by: Reviewed by: Emily Pols On: On: 22-Jan-21 22-Jan-21 Elizabeth A. Hurley **Emily Pohlman** Extra pages included 0 Pages to follow: Chain of custody Shipping container/cooler in good condition? Yes 🗸 No Not Present Temp °C Type of thermal preservation? Ice 🗹 Blue Ice None Dry Ice Chain of custody present? **V** No _ Yes Chain of custody signed when relinquished and received? **V** Yes No __ **V** Chain of custody agrees with sample labels? No 🗔 Yes **V** Samples in proper container/bottle? Yes No 🗀 **V** Sample containers intact? Yes No Sufficient sample volume for indicated test? Yes ~ No **V** No 🗌 All samples received within holding time? Yes NA 🗸 Field Lab 🗌 Reported field parameters measured: Yes 🗹 No 🗌 Container/Temp Blank temperature in compliance? When thermal preservation is required, samples are compliant with a temperature between 0.1°C - 6.0°C, or when samples are received on ice the same day as collected. Yes 🗸 No VOA vials Water - at least one vial per sample has zero headspace? No 🗀 No 🗌 No TOX containers Water - TOX containers have zero headspace? Yes Yes 🗹 No 🗌 Water - pH acceptable upon receipt? NA 🗸 NPDES/CWA TCN interferences checked/treated in the field? Yes No 🗌 Any No responses must be detailed below or on the COC.

W PHA
TICAL
. World Class Chomistry

Subcontract Chain of Custody

Tek Lab, Inc. 5445 Horsehoe Lake Road Collinsville, IL 62234-7425 Alpha Job Number L2103167 Regulatory Requirements/Report Limits Project Information Client Information State/Federal Program: Client: Alpha Analytical Labs Address: Eight Walkup Drive Westborough, MA 01581-1019 Project Location: MA Project Manager: Melissa Gulli Regulatory Criteria: RCS-1-14;51/G1-14 **Turnaround & Deliverables Information** Phone: 603.319.5010 Email: mgulli@alphalab.com Due Date: 01/29/21 Deliverables: Project Specific Requirements and/or Report Requirements Report to include Method Blank, LCS/LCSD: Reference following Alpha Job Number on final report/deliverables: L2103167 Additional Comments: Send all results/reports to subreports@alphalab.com Batch QC Collection Date/Time Sample Matrix Analysis Client ID Lab ID 21011149-001 NES-X-9 WATER Ethanol by EPA 1671 Revision A 01-20-21 12:40 Received By: Date/Time: Relinquished By: Date/Time: Form No: AL subcoc