

# UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

# Region 1 5 Post Office Square, Suite 100 Boston, MA 02109-3912

#### **VIA EMAIL**

October 1, 2020

Andrew Pramberger Skanska USA Civil 1365 Main Street Waltham, MA 02451

Re: Authorization to discharge under the Remediation General Permit (RGP) – Authorization #MAG910916 for the North Allston Storm Drain Extension Project site located at 140-156 Western Avenue in Boston/Allston, MA

### Andrew Pramberger:

Based on the review of a Notice of Intent (NOI) dated April 2, 2020 submitted by Haley & Aldrich, Inc. for the site referenced above, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 1 (EPA) hereby authorizes Skanska USA Civil, as a named operator and co-permittee with President and Fellows of Harvard College, to discharge in accordance with the provisions of the RGP from this site via the City of Boston and/or the Massachusetts Department of Conservation and Recreation storm sewer system to the Charles River (MA72-36). Please note that the operator is responsible for obtaining permission to discharge to this system, prior to initiating discharges. EPA's authorization to discharge does not convey any such permission. The authorization number is listed above. The effective date of coverage is the date of this authorization letter. The RGP and this authorization to discharge will expire on April 8, 2022, or upon Notice of Termination, whichever occurs first. In accordance with Part 5.3 of the RGP, your permit coverage will be administratively continued upon expiration if the RGP has not been reissued.

Enclosed with this RGP authorization to discharge is a summary of the applicable effluent limitations and monitoring requirements for your activity category III, contaminated site dewatering discharge. Where a given parameter does not apply to the discharge, EPA has indicated "Not Required" in the enclosed summary. A dilution factor of 56.2, approved by the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection, was used in calculating effluent limits applicable to the proposed discharge from this site, except for parameters for which the receiving water is impaired, if applicable. Please note that this summary does not represent the complete requirements of the RGP. Operators must comply with all of the applicable requirements of the RGP, including influent and effluent monitoring, record keeping, and reporting requirements. For the complete general permit, see EPA's RGP website, currently available at: <a href="https://www.epa.gov/npdes-permits/remediation-general-permit-rgp-massachusetts-new-hampshire">https://www.epa.gov/npdes-permits/remediation-general-permit-rgp-massachusetts-new-hampshire</a>. Your authorization to discharge includes the following additional water quality-based

limitations (WQBELs): 1) total recoverable arsenic, cadmium, chromium III, chromium VI, copper, iron, lead, mercury, nickel and zinc. These limitations are being required in accordance with Part 1.3.5 of the RGP, because the receiving water is impaired for metals and you disclosed that these metals are present at the site.

A Best Management Practices Plan (BMPP) and Best Management Practices (BMPs) are required for all operators. This includes corrective actions required upon discovery of a violation of a permit limitation or requirement. See Part 2.5.1 and 2.5.2 of the RGP for more information. In accordance with Part 2.5.3 of the RGP, the chemical(s) and/or additive(s) which have been disclosed to EPA may be discharged up to the frequency and level disclosed, provided that such discharge does not violate Section 307 or 311 of the Clean Water Act or applicable state water quality standards. The specific chemical(s) and/or additive(s) authorized are the pH conditioner(s) and coagulant(s) disclosed in the NOI. To discharge any new chemical(s) and/or additive(s), a Notice of Change is required. See Part 5.1 and Appendix IV, Part 2 of the RGP for more information.

Monitoring requirements begin upon initiation of discharge. Please ensure that sufficiently sensitive test methods are used for all sample analyses conducted for this permit. To be considered sufficiently sensitive, test methods must achieve a minimum level (ML) for analysis for a given parameter that is no greater than the effluent limitation for that parameter, unless otherwise specified for that parameter. Where no effluent limitation applies, EPA has provided the ML required with the enclosed summary. Where a compliance level applies, EPA has provided the required compliance level with the enclosed summary. See Part 4.1, 4.3, and 4.4 of the RGP for more information regarding monitoring requirements. Also see Appendix VII for more information regarding sufficiently sensitive test methods.

You must submit a Notice of Termination (NOT) within thirty (30) days of the termination of discharges, which must include an electronic attachment in accordance with Appendix VIII of all monitoring data collected. Since you have reported your discharges are expected to last twelve (12) months or more, EPA expects you will be subject to NetDMR reporting requirements. You must begin submitting monitoring data using NetDMR for the monitoring period beginning on July 1, 2021. See Parts 4.6, 5.1, 5.2 and 6, Appendix IV, and Appendix VIII of the RGP for more information regarding reporting requirements. For additional Appendix VIII resources, including instructions for establishing a NetDMR account, see EPA's RGP website noted above.

Thank you in advance for your cooperation in this matter. Please contact Shauna Little at (617) 918-1989 or little.shauna@epa.gov, if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Michelle Vuto for Todd Borci, Acting Chief Stormwater and Construction Permits Section Water Division

# Enclosure

cc: Katherine L. Dilawari, PE, LSP, Haley & Aldrich, Inc., via email Beck J. Straley, Haley & Aldrich, Inc., via email Jack D. Bitney, EIT, Haley & Aldrich, Inc., via email Cathy Vakalopoulos, MassDEP, via email Boston Water and Sewer Commission, via email Massachusetts Department of Conservation and Recreation

# GENERAL PERMIT FOR REMEDIATION ACTIVITY DISCHARGES

**Table 1: Authorization Information** 

Permit Number	MAG910916	
Receiving Water	Charles River	
Outfall Number(s)	Outfall 001 to City of Boston and/or DCR	
	See Table 2 through Table 6, below;	
Monitoring Requirements	See Parts 4.1, 4.3 and 4.4 of the RGP;	
	WET testing not required	
	See Parts 4.6, 5.1, 5.2 and 6 of the RGP;	
Reporting Requirements	NetDMR reporting will begin July 1, 2021	
	unless NOT received by EPA	

Table 2: Chemical-Specific Effluent Limitations and Monitor-Only Requirements<sup>1</sup>

Parameter <sup>2</sup>	Effluent Limitation <sup>3</sup>	
A. Inorganics		
Ammonia <sup>4</sup>	Report mg/L	
Chloride <sup>5</sup>	Report µg/L	
Total Residual Chlorine <sup>6</sup>	Not Required	
Total Suspended Solids	30 mg/L	
Antimony <sup>7</sup>	206 μg/L	
Arsenic <sup>7</sup>	10 μg/L	
Cadmium <sup>7</sup>	0.33 µg/L	
Chromium III <sup>7</sup>	108.6 μg/L	
Chromium VI <sup>7</sup>	11 μg/L	
Copper <sup>7</sup>	11.9 μg/L	
Iron <sup>7</sup>	1,000 μg/L	
Lead <sup>7</sup>	4.6 μg/L	
Mercury <sup>7</sup>	0.739 μg/L	
Nickel <sup>7</sup>	66.2 μg/L	
Selenium <sup>7</sup>	235.8 μg/L	
Silver <sup>7</sup>	35.1 μg/L	
Zinc <sup>7</sup>	152.2 μg/L	
Cyanide <sup>8</sup>	178 mg/L	
B. Non-Halogenated Volatile Organic Compounds		
Total BTEX <sup>9</sup>	100 μg/L	
Benzene	Report µg/L	
1,4 Dioxane	Not Required	
Acetone	7.97 mg/L	
Phenol	Not Required	
C. Halogenated Volatile Organic Compounds		
Carbon Tetrachloride	Not Required	
1,2 Dichlorobenzene	600 μg/L	
1,3 Dichlorobenzene	Not Required	
1,4 Dichlorobenzene	Not Required	
1,1 Dichloroethane	Not Required	
1,2 Dichloroethane	Not Required	

1,1 Dichloroethylene	Not Required	
Ethylene Dibromide	Not Required	
Methylene Chloride	Not Required	
1,1,1 Trichloroethane	Not Required	
1,1,2 Trichloroethane	Not Required	
Trichloroethylene	5.0 μg/L	
Tetrachloroethylene	3.3 µg/L	
cis-1,2 Dichloroethylene	70 μg/L	
Vinyl Chloride	Not Required	
D. Non-Halogenated Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds		
Total Phthalates <sup>10</sup>	190 μg/L	
Diethylhexyl Phthalate	Report µg/L	
Total Group I Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons <sup>11</sup>	1.0 μg/L	
Benzo(a)anthracene <sup>11</sup>	Report μg/L	
Benzo(a)pyrene <sup>11</sup>	Report μg/L	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene <sup>11</sup>	Report μg/L	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene <sup>11</sup>	Report μg/L	
Chrysene <sup>11</sup>	Report µg/L	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene <sup>11</sup>	Report µg/L	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene <sup>11</sup>	Report μg/L	
Total Group II Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons <sup>12</sup>	100 μg/L	
Naphthalene	20 μg/L	
E. Halogenated Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds		
Total Polychlorinated Biphenyls <sup>13</sup>	0.000064 μg/L	
Pentachlorophenol	Not Required	
F. Fuels Parameters		
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	5.0 mg/L	
Ethanol <sup>14</sup>	Not Required	
Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether	Not Required	
tert-Butyl Alcohol	Not Required	
tert-Amyl Methyl Ether	Not Required	

### **Table 2 Notes:**

1: The following abbreviations are used in Table 2, above:

a: mg/L = milligrams per liter

b:  $\mu g/L = micrograms per liter$ 

- 2: The sample type required for all parameters is grab. Grab samples must be analyzed individually and cannot be composited.
- 3: The effluent limitation and/or monitor-only requirement for any parameter applies, unless "Not Required" is shown. The limitation type for all parameters is monthly average.
- 4: The minimum level (ML) for analysis of ammonia must be less than or equal to 0.1 mg/L.
- 5: The ML for analysis of chloride must be less than or equal to 230 mg/L.

- 6: The ML for analysis of total residual chlorine (TRC) must be less than or equal to 50 μg/L.
- 7: The limitation for this parameter is on the basis of total recoverable metal in the water column.
- 8: The ML for analysis of total cyanide must be less than or equal to  $5.0 \mu g/L$ .
- 9: Total BTEX is the sum of: benzene; toluene; ethylbenzene; and (m,p,o) xylenes.
- 10: Total Phthalates is the sum of: diethylhexyl phthalate; butyl benzyl phthalate; di-n-butyl phthalate; diethyl phthalate; dimethyl phthalate; and di-n-octyl phthalate.
- 11: Total Group I PAHs is the sum of: benzo(a)anthracene; benzo(a)pyrene; benzo(b)fluoranthene; benzo(k)fluoranthene; chrysene; dibenzo(a,h)anthracene; indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene. ML for analysis of group I polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) must be less than or equal to 0.1 µg/L using a test method in 40 CFR §136 with selected ion monitoring. MassDEP (e.g., EPH) and RCRA (e.g., 8260) methods cannot be used for analysis.
- 12: Total Group II PAHs is the sum of: acenaphthene; acenaphthylene; anthracene (CAS No. 120-12-7); benzo(g,h,i)perylene; fluoranthene; fluorene; naphthalene; phenanthrene; pyrene. MassDEP (e.g., EPH) and RCRA (e.g., 8270) methods cannot be used for analysis.
- 13: Total PCBs is the sum of the following aroclors: PCB-1016, PCB-1221, PCB-1232, PCB-1242, PCB-1248, PCB-1254, and PCB-1260. The ML for analysis of total polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) must be less than or equal to  $0.5~\mu g/L$ . The compliance level for total PCBs is  $0.5~\mu g/L$ .

Table 3: Effluent Flow Limitation<sup>1</sup>

Effluent Flow	Effluent Limitation
Elliuent Flow	0.288 MGD

#### **Table 3 Notes:**

- 1: The following abbreviations are used in Table 3, above: a: MGD = million gallons per day
- 2: The limitation type for effluent flow is daily maximum.

Table 4: pH Limitations<sup>1</sup>

Receiving Water Class	Effluent Limitation <sup>2</sup>
Freshwater	6.5 to 8.3 SU

### **Table 4 Notes:**

- 1: The following abbreviations are used in Table 4, above: a: SU = standard units
- 2: The limitation type for pH is range. The sample type required for pH is grab.

**Table 5: Temperature Limitations**<sup>1</sup>

Receivi	ng Water Class	Effluent Limitation <sup>2</sup>	ΔT Limitation
Freshwater	Class B	Not Required	Not Required

### **Table 5 Notes**

1: The following abbreviations are used in Table 5, above:

a: °F = degrees Fahrenheit

b:  $\Delta T = \text{change in temperature}$ 

 $c: \le = less than or equal to$ 

2: The limitation type for temperature is daily maximum. The ample type required for temperature is grab.

3: Change in temperature from background shall be determined by subtracting the temperature of the effluent from the temperature of the receiving water measured at a point immediately upstream of a discharge's zone of influence at a reasonably accessible location.

**Table 6: Additional Requirements** 

Parameter <sup>2</sup>	Effluent Limitation <sup>3</sup>
None Required	NA

### **Table 6 Notes:**

1: The following abbreviations are used in Table 6, above:

a: NA = not applicable

2: NA

3: NA