

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Region 1 5 Post Office Square, Suite 100 Boston, MA 02109-3912

VIA EMAIL

June 29, 2020

Joshua Snyder John Moriarty & Associates 3 Church Street, Suite 2 Winchester, MA 01890

Re: Authorization to discharge under the Remediation General Permit (RGP) – Authorization #MAG910929 for the DOT Block site located at 1207 Dorchester Ave in Boston, MA

Joshua Snyder:

Based on the review of a Notice of Intent (NOI) dated February 18, 2020 submitted by Haley & Aldrich, Inc. for the site referenced above, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 1 (EPA) hereby authorizes John Moriarty & Associates, as the named operator, to discharge in accordance with the provisions of the RGP from this site via the City of Boston storm sewer system to the Dorchester Bay (MA70-03). Please note that the operator is responsible for obtaining permission to discharge to this system, prior to initiating discharges. EPA's authorization to discharge does not convey any such permission. The authorization number is listed above. The effective date of coverage is the date of this authorization letter. The RGP and this authorization to discharge will expire on April 8, 2022, or upon Notice of Termination, whichever occurs first. In accordance with Part 5.3 of the RGP, your permit coverage will be administratively continued upon expiration if the RGP has not been reissued.

Enclosed with this RGP authorization to discharge is a summary of the applicable effluent limitations and monitoring requirements for your activity category III, contaminated site dewatering discharge. Where a given parameter does not apply to the discharge, EPA has indicated "Not Required" in the enclosed summary. No dilution factor was used in calculating effluent limits applicable to the proposed discharge from this site. Please note that this summary does not represent the complete requirements of the RGP. Operators must comply with all of the applicable requirements of the RGP, including influent and effluent monitoring, record keeping, and reporting requirements. For the complete general permit, see EPA's RGP website, currently available at: https://www.epa.gov/npdes-permits/remediation-general-permit-rgp-massachusetts-new-hampshire.

A Best Management Practices Plan (BMPP) and Best Management Practices (BMPs) are required for all operators. This includes corrective actions required upon discovery of a violation of a permit limitation or requirement. See Part 2.5.1 and 2.5.2 of the RGP for more information. In accordance with Part 2.5.3 of the RGP, the chemical(s) and/or additive(s) which have been

disclosed to EPA may be discharged up to the frequency and level disclosed, provided that such discharge does not violate Section 307 or 311 of the Clean Water Act or applicable state water quality standards. The specific chemical(s) and/or additive(s) authorized are the pH conditioner(s) disclosed in the NOI. In accordance with Part 2.5.3 of the RGP, you must conduct one acute whole effluent toxicity (WET) test. This monitoring requirement applies because information regarding the chemicals and/or additives proposed for treatment indicate that these materials may cause toxicity. Monitoring for WET shall be conducted in conjunction with the monitoring required for the other parameters applicable in Part 2.1.1 of the RGP after the proposed chemicals and additives have been added. Monitoring for WET shall otherwise be conducted as specified in Part 4.1.6 of the RGP and the results submitted to EPA upon completion. To discharge any new chemical(s) and/or additive(s), a Notice of Change is required. See Part 5.1 and Appendix IV, Part 2 of the RGP for more information.

Monitoring requirements begin upon initiation of discharge. Please ensure that sufficiently sensitive test methods are used for all sample analyses conducted for this permit. To be considered sufficiently sensitive, test methods must achieve a minimum level (ML) for analysis for a given parameter that is no greater than the effluent limitation for that parameter, unless otherwise specified for that parameter. Where no effluent limitation applies, EPA has provided the ML required with the enclosed summary. Where a compliance level applies, EPA has provided the required compliance level with the enclosed summary. See Part 4.1, 4.3, and 4.4 of the RGP for more information regarding monitoring requirements. Also see Appendix VII for more information regarding sufficiently sensitive test methods.

You must submit a Notice of Termination (NOT) within thirty (30) days of the termination of discharges, which must include an electronic attachment in accordance with Appendix VIII of all monitoring data collected. Since you have reported your discharges are expected to last twelve (12) months or more, EPA expects you will be subject to NetDMR reporting requirements. You must begin submitting monitoring data using NetDMR for the monitoring period beginning on July 1, 2021. See Parts 4.6, 5.1, 5.2 and 6, Appendix IV, and Appendix VIII of the RGP for more information regarding reporting requirements. For additional Appendix VIII resources, including instructions for establishing a NetDMR account, see EPA's RGP website noted above.

Thank you in advance for your cooperation in this matter. Please contact Shauna Little at (617) 918-1989 or little.shauna@epa.gov, if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Todd Borci, Acting Chief Stormwater and Construction Permits Section Water Division

Enclosure

cc: Paula Turnbull, Wintergold, LLC, via email Elizabeth White, EIT, Haley & Aldrich, Inc, via email

Ian Phillips, LSP, Haley & Aldrich, Inc, via email Cathy Vakalopoulos, MassDEP, via email Boston Water and Sewer Commission, via email

GENERAL PERMIT FOR REMEDIATION ACTIVITY DISCHARGES

Table 1: Authorization Information

Permit Number	MAG910929
Receiving Water	Dorchester Bay
Outfall Number(s)	Outfall 001 to City of Boston
	See Table 2 through Table 6, below;
Monitoring Requirements	See Parts 4.1, 4.3 and 4.4 of the RGP;
	WET testing required
	See Parts 4.6, 5.1, 5.2 and 6 of the RGP;
Reporting Requirements	NetDMR reporting will begin July 1, 2021
	unless NOT received by EPA

Table 2: Chemical-Specific Effluent Limitations and Monitor-Only Requirements¹

Parameter ²	Effluent Limitation ³	
A. Inorganics		
Ammonia ⁴	Report mg/L	
Chloride ⁵	Report µg/L	
Total Residual Chlorine ⁶	Not Required	
Total Suspended Solids	30 mg/L	
Antimony ⁷	206 μg/L	
Arsenic ⁷	104 μg/L	
Cadmium ⁷	10.2 μg/L	
Chromium III ⁷	323 μg/L	
Chromium VI ⁷	323 μg/L	
Copper ⁷	242 μg/L	
Iron ⁷	5,000 μg/L	
Lead ⁷	160 μg/L	
Mercury ⁷	0.739 μg/L	
Nickel ⁷	1,450 µg/L	
Selenium ⁷	235.8 μg/L	
Silver ⁷	35.1 μg/L	
Zinc ⁷	420 μg/L	
Cyanide ⁸	Not Required	
B. Non-Halogenated Volatile Organic Compounds		
Total BTEX ⁹	100 μg/L	
Benzene	5.0 μg/L	
1,4 Dioxane	200 μg/L	
Acetone	7.97 mg/L	
Phenol	Not Required	
C. Halogenated Volatile Organic Compounds		
Carbon Tetrachloride	Not Required	
1,2 Dichlorobenzene	Not Required	
1,3 Dichlorobenzene	Not Required	
1,4 Dichlorobenzene	Not Required	
1,1 Dichloroethane	70 μg/L	
1,2 Dichloroethane	Not Required	

1,1 Dichloroethylene	3.2 µg/L	
Ethylene Dibromide	Not Required	
Methylene Chloride	Not Required	
1,1,1 Trichloroethane	200 µg/L	
1,1,2 Trichloroethane	Not Required	
Trichloroethylene	5.0 µg/L	
Tetrachloroethylene	3.3 µg/L	
cis-1,2 Dichloroethylene	70 μg/L	
Vinyl Chloride	2.0 μg/L	
D. Non-Halogenated Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds		
Total Phthalates ¹⁰	190 μg/L	
Diethylhexyl Phthalate	2.2 μg/L	
Total Group I Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons ¹¹	$1.0~\mu g/L$	
Benzo(a)anthracene ¹¹	Report μg/L	
Benzo(a)pyrene ¹¹	Report μg/L	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene ¹¹	Report μg/L	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene ¹¹	Report μg/L	
Chrysene ¹¹	Report μg/L	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene ¹¹	Report μg/L	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene ¹¹	Report μg/L	
Total Group II Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons ¹²	100 µg/L	
Naphthalene	20 μg/L	
E. Halogenated Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds		
Total Polychlorinated Biphenyls ¹³	0.000064 μg/L	
Pentachlorophenol	Not Required	
F. Fuels Parameters		
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	5.0 mg/L	
Ethanol ¹⁴	Not Required	
Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether	70 μg/L	
tert-Butyl Alcohol	Not Required	
tert-Amyl Methyl Ether	Not Required	

Table 2 Notes:

1: The following abbreviations are used in Table 2, above:

a: mg/L = milligrams per liter

b: $\mu g/L = micrograms per liter$

- 2: The sample type required for all parameters is grab. Grab samples must be analyzed individually and cannot be composited.
- 3: The effluent limitation and/or monitor-only requirement for any parameter applies, unless "Not Required" is shown. The limitation type for all parameters is monthly average.
- 4: The minimum level (ML) for analysis of ammonia must be less than or equal to 0.1 mg/L.
- 5: The ML for analysis of chloride must be less than or equal to 230 mg/L.

- 6: The ML for analysis of total residual chlorine (TRC) must be less than or equal to 50 μg/L.
- 7: The limitation for this parameter is on the basis of total recoverable metal in the water column.
- 8: The ML for analysis of total cyanide must be less than or equal to $5.0 \mu g/L$.
- 9: Total BTEX is the sum of: benzene; toluene; ethylbenzene; and (m,p,o) xylenes.
- 10: Total Phthalates is the sum of: diethylhexyl phthalate; butyl benzyl phthalate; di-n-butyl phthalate; diethyl phthalate; dimethyl phthalate; and di-n-octyl phthalate.
- 11: Total Group I PAHs is the sum of: benzo(a)anthracene; benzo(a)pyrene; benzo(b)fluoranthene; benzo(k)fluoranthene; chrysene; dibenzo(a,h)anthracene; indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene. ML for analysis of group I polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) must be less than or equal to 0.1 µg/L using a test method in 40 CFR §136 with selected ion monitoring. MassDEP (e.g., EPH) and RCRA (e.g., 8260) methods cannot be used for analysis.
- 12: Total Group II PAHs is the sum of: acenaphthene; acenaphthylene; anthracene (CAS No. 120-12-7); benzo(g,h,i)perylene; fluoranthene; fluorene; naphthalene; phenanthrene; pyrene. MassDEP (e.g., EPH) and RCRA (e.g., 8270) methods cannot be used for analysis.
- 13: Total PCBs is the sum of the following aroclors: PCB-1016, PCB-1221, PCB-1232, PCB-1242, PCB-1248, PCB-1254, and PCB-1260. The ML for analysis of total polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) must be less than or equal to $0.5~\mu g/L$. The compliance level for total PCBs is $0.5~\mu g/L$.

Table 3: Effluent Flow Limitation¹

Effluent Flow	Effluent Limitation
Elliuent Flow	0.216 MGD

Table 3 Notes:

- 1: The following abbreviations are used in Table 3, above: a: MGD = million gallons per day
- 2: The limitation type for effluent flow is daily maximum.

Table 4: pH Limitations¹

Receiving Water Class	Effluent Limitation ²
Saltwater	6.5 to 8.5 SU

Table 4 Notes:

- 1: The following abbreviations are used in Table 4, above: a: SU = standard units
- 2: The limitation type for pH is range. The sample type required for pH is grab.

Table 5: Temperature Limitations¹

Receivi	ng Water Class	Effluent Limitation ²	ΔT Limitation
Saltwater	Class SB	Not Required	Not Required

Table 5 Notes

1: The following abbreviations are used in Table 5, above:

a: °F = degrees Fahrenheit

b: ΔT = change in temperature

c: \leq = less than or equal to

2: The limitation type for temperature is daily maximum. The ample type required for temperature is grab.

3: Change in temperature from background shall be determined by subtracting the temperature of the effluent from the temperature of the receiving water measured at a point immediately upstream of a discharge's zone of influence at a reasonably accessible location.

Table 6: Additional Requirements

Parameter ²	Effluent Limitation ³
LC ₅₀	Report %

Table 6 Notes:

1: The following abbreviations are used in Table 6, above:

a: LC_{50} = lethal concentration 50% test endpoint

b: % = percent

- 2: One acute whole effluent toxicity test must be conducted no later than 30 days following authorization to discharge. See Part 4.1.6 of the RGP and Attachment A: Whole Effluent Toxicity Test Procedure and Protocol.
- 3: Monitor-only requirement. Results must be submitted to EPA in accordance with Part 4.6.1 of the RGP upon completion.