Via Electronic Mail

July 15, 2019



Shauna Little U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 5 Post Office Square – Suite 100 (OEP06-01) Boston, MA 02109-3912

Re: University of New Hampshire Drinking Water Treatment Plant Remediation General Permit – Notice of Intent Resubmission

Dear Ms. Little:

We have reviewed your comments from the initial submittal of a Notice of Intent (NOI) for the Remediation General Permit (RGP) that we submitted on behalf of the University of New Hampshire. We have addressed the comments and provided the requested information to our permit resubmittal for your review.

Please note that we have listed each response directly following the comment received.

 (EPA Comment) Suggested NOI format, Part B.7. Please combine receiving water information with remainder of NOI. Revise response to this part.

(W&C Response) See attachment C.

- 2. (EPA Comment) Suggested NOI format, Part D.4. Please fill in all columns for each parameter analyzed. Please provide an electronic copy of the WQBEL calculations (in excel format).
 - (W&C Response) Part D.4 of the NOI has been updated with sampling results and calculated WQBELs for the influent/receiving water. The excel sheet with calculations is Attachment G.
- 3. (EPA Comment) Suggested NOI format, Part E.3. Please clarify proposed design flow and maximum flow. The RGP covers discharges up to 1.0 MGD, with very limited exception. You have indicated a design and max flow greater than 1 MGD, but a significantly lower avg flow. Will you be utilizing any flow control to ensure the flow remains less than 1 MGD? If a discharge flow greater than 1 MGD is necessary, please discuss further with EPA.
 - (W&C Response) See Attachment H.
- 4. (EPA Comment) Suggested NOI format, Part F. Information regarding proposed use of pH conditioners is incomplete. For EPA to grant authorization to discharge a chemical/additive provided in a NOC, all information required in Part 2.5.3.d of the RGP is required.

(W&C Response) See Attachment I, formerly Attachment F.

If you have any questions about the information provided or need more detail on the project, please do not hesitate to contact me at 978-482-7902.

Sincerely,

WOODARD & CURRAN



Rachel Gilbert, P.E. Project Manager

cc: Hayley Franz, New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services (NHDES)

Mark Geuther, University of New Hampshire (UNH)

Attachments: Attachment A: Notice of Intent Resubmittal

Attachment B: Location Map

Attachment C: Receiving Water Sampling Results Attachment D: Permission for Use of Catch Basins

Attachment E: Site Plan

Attachment F: Schematic of Flow

Attachment G: WQBEL Calculations (Excel)
Attachment H: Water Usage and Discharge Rate

Attachment I: Chemical Additive Information and Explanation to the Authorization of

Addition

Attachment J: Chemical SDS

Attachment K: ESA Eligibility Determination Attachment L: NHPA Eligibility Determination

Attachment M: Notification of Discharge to Oyster River - Letter to the Town of

Durham, NH



ATTACHMENT A: NOTICE OF INTENT - RESUBMITTAL

II. Suggested Format for the Remediation General Permit Notice of Intent (NOI)

A. General site information:

1. Name of site:	Site address: 28 Waterworks Road					
University of New Hampshire Water Treatment Plant	Street:					
	City: Durham	State: NH	^{Zip:} 03823			
Site owner University of New Hampshire	Contact Person: Mark Geuther					
Oniversity of New Flampshire	Telephone: (603) 862-1787	Email: ma	rk.geuther@	Dunh.edu		
	Mailing address: 22 Colovos Road	1				
	Street:					
Owner is (check one): ☐ Federal ■ State/Tribal ☐ Private ☐ Other; if so, specify:	City: Durham		State: NH	Zip: 03824		
3. Site operator, if different than owner	Contact Person: Brendan Healey					
Waterline Industries Corp	Telephone: (603) 235-2790	nealey@waterlineind.com				
	Mailing address:					
	7 London Lane Street:					
	City: Seabrook	State: NH	Zip: 03874			
4. NPDES permit number assigned by EPA:	5. Other regulatory program(s) that apply to the site	(check all th	at apply):			
NA	☐ MA Chapter 21e; list RTN(s): ☐ CERCL					
NPDES permit is (check all that apply: \square RGP \square DGP \square CGP		□ UIC Pro	ogram			
	☐ NH Groundwater Management Permit or Groundwater Release Detection Permit:	☐ POTW Pretreatment				
☐ MSGP ☐ Individual NPDES permit ☐ Other; if so, specify:	Groundwater Release Detection retilit.	☐ CWA Section 404				

1. Name of receiving water(s):	Waterbody identification of receiving water(s):	Classification of receiving water(s):					
Oyster River	NHRIV600030902	Class B					
Receiving water is (check any that apply): □ Outstanding Resource Water □ Ocean Sanctuary □ territorial sea □ Wild and Scenic River							
2. Has the operator attached a location map in accordance with the instructions in B, above? (check one): ■ Yes □ No Are sensitive receptors present near the site? (check one): ■ Yes □ No If yes, specify: The UNH Treatment Plant source water is located on the Oyster River, and is the source water and receiving water for this planned discharge.							
3. Indicate if the receiving water(s) is listed in the State's Integrated List of Waters (i.e., CWA Section 303(d)). Include which designated uses are impaired, and any pollutants indicated. Also, indicate if a final TMDL is available for any of the indicated pollutants. For more information, contact the appropriate State as noted in Part 4.6 of the RGP. The receiving water is listed in the State's Integrated List of Waters. (See Answer Continued Below, at bottom of page)							
4. Indicate the seven day-ten-year low flow (7Q10) of Appendix V for sites located in Massachusetts and A	of the receiving water determined in accordance with the insuppendix VI for sites located in New Hampshire.	o.219 cfs					
	lation of water quality-based effluent limitations (WQBELs sites in Massachusetts and Appendix VI for sites in New Ha						
6. Has the operator received confirmation from the a If yes, indicate date confirmation received: March 6, 2	ppropriate State for the 7Q10and dilution factor indicated? 2019	(check one): ■ Yes □ No					
7. Has the operator attached a summary of receiving (check one): ■ Yes □ No	water sampling results as required in Part 4.2 of the RGP in	accordance with the instruction in Appendix VIII?					

	1. Source water(s) is (check any that apply):									
	☐ Contaminated groundwater	☐ Contaminated surface water	☐ The receiving water	■ Potable water; if so, indicate municipality or origin:						
Has the operator attached a summary of influent sampling results as required in Part 4.2 of the RGP		Has the operator attached a summary of influent sampling results as required in Part 4.2 of the	☐ A surface water other	University of New Hampshire						
	n accordance with the instruction in Appendix Appendix VIII? (check one):		than the receiving water; if so, indicate waterbody:	☐ Other; if so, specify:						
	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No								

B-3 (CONT.) The impaired uses include; Aquatic Life, Fish Consumption, and Shellfishing. The final TMDL include; DO saturation, Estuarine Bioassessments, Light Attenuation Coefficient, Nitrogen (Total), Oxygen (Dissolved), Polychlorinated biphenyls, and Dioxin, all are low priority.

2. Source water contaminants:					
a. For source waters that are contaminated groundwater or contaminated surface water, indicate are any contaminants present that are not included in	b. For a source water that is a surface water other than the receiving water, potable water or other, indicate any contaminants present at the maximum concentration in accordance				
the RGP? (check one): Yes No If yes, indicate the contaminant(s) and the maximum concentration present in accordance with the instructions in Appendix VIII.	with the instructions in Appendix VIII? (check one): □ Yes □ No				
3. Has the source water been previously chlorinated or otherwise contains resid	dual chlorine? (check one): ■ Yes □ No We acknowledge that dechlorination may be required.				
D. Discharge information					
1. The discharge(s) is a(n) (check any that apply): \Box Existing discharge \blacksquare New	w discharge □ New source				
Outfall(s): Outfall 001	Outfall location(s): (Latitude, Longitude) 43.132114, -70.940834				
Discharges enter the receiving water(s) via (check any that apply): □ Direct di	ischarge to the receiving water ■ Indirect discharge, if so, specify:				
Storm sewer that discharges to the receiving water. Storm sewer syste	em is owned by UNH.				
■ A private storm sewer system □ A municipal storm sewer system If the discharge enters the receiving water via a private or municipal storm sew	ver system:				
Has notification been provided to the owner of this system? (check one):	•				
Has the operator has received permission from the owner to use such system for	for discharges? (check one): ■ Yes □ No, if so, explain, with an estimated timeframe for				
obtaining permission: The Owner of the storm sewer is the same as the Owner of the new Water Treatment Plant. Has the operator attached a summary of any additional requirements the owner of this system has specified? (check one): Yes No requirements.					
Provide the expected start and end dates of discharge(s) (month/year): 08/20	19 through 10/2019				
Indicate if the discharge is expected to occur over a duration of: ■ less than 1					
Has the operator attached a site plan in accordance with the instructions in D,	above? (check one): ■ Yes □ No				

2. Activity Category: (check all that apply)	3. Contamination Type Category: (check all that apply)					
	a. If Activity Category I or II: (check all that apply)					
	 □ A. Inorganics □ B. Non-Halogenated Volatile Organi □ C. Halogenated Volatile Organic Cor □ D. Non-Halogenated Semi-Volatile Organi □ E. Halogenated Semi-Volatile Organi □ F. Fuels Parameters 	mpounds Drganic Compounds				
□ I – Petroleum-Related Site Remediation□ II – Non-Petroleum-Related Site Remediation	b. If Activity Category III, IV, V, VI, VII or VIII: (check either G or H)					
□ III – Contaminated Site Dewatering■ IV – Dewatering of Pipelines and Tanks	■ G. Sites with Known Contamination	☐ H. Sites with Unknown Contamination				
 □ V – Aquifer Pump Testing □ VI – Well Development/Rehabilitation □ VII – Collection Structure Dewatering/Remediation 	c. If Category III-G, IV-G, V-G, VI-G, VII-G or VIII-G: (check all that apply)					
□ VIII – Dredge-Related Dewatering	 ■ A. Inorganics □ B. Non-Halogenated Volatile Organic Compounds □ C. Halogenated Volatile Organic Compounds □ D. Non-Halogenated Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds □ E. Halogenated Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds □ F. Fuels Parameters 	d. If Category III-H, IV-H, V-H, VI-H, VII-H or VIII-H Contamination Type Categories A through F apply				

4. Influent and Effluent Characteristics

	Known	Known				Influent		Effluent Limitations	
Parameter	or believed absent	or believed present	# of samples	Test method (#)	Detection limit (µg/l)	Daily maximum (µg/l)	Daily average (µg/l)	TBEL	WQBEL
A. Inorganics									
Ammonia								Report mg/L	
Chloride								Report µg/l	
Total Residual Chlorine								0.2 mg/L	
Total Suspended Solids								30 mg/L	
Antimony								206 μg/L	
Arsenic								104 μg/L	
Cadmium								10.2 μg/L	
Chromium III								323 μg/L	
Chromium VI								323 μg/L	
Copper								242 μg/L	
Iron								5,000 μg/L	
Lead								160 μg/L	
Mercury								0.739 μg/L	
Nickel								1,450 μg/L	
Selenium								235.8 μg/L	
Silver								35.1 μg/L	
Zinc								420 μg/L	
Cyanide								178 mg/L	
B. Non-Halogenated VOCs	3								
Total BTEX								100 μg/L	
Benzene								5.0 μg/L	
1,4 Dioxane								200 μg/L	
Acetone								7.97 mg/L	
Phenol								1,080 µg/L	

	Known	Known				Influent		Effluent Limitations	
Parameter	or believed absent	or believed present	# of samples	Test method (#)	Detection limit (µg/l)	Daily maximum (µg/l)	Daily average (µg/l)	TBEL	WQBEL
C. Halogenated VOCs									
Carbon Tetrachloride								4.4 μg/L	
1,2 Dichlorobenzene								600 μg/L	
1,3 Dichlorobenzene								320 µg/L	
1,4 Dichlorobenzene								5.0 μg/L	
Total dichlorobenzene								763 µg/L in NH	
1,1 Dichloroethane								70 μg/L	
1,2 Dichloroethane								5.0 μg/L	
1,1 Dichloroethylene								3.2 µg/L	
Ethylene Dibromide								0.05 μg/L	
Methylene Chloride								4.6 μg/L	
1,1,1 Trichloroethane								200 μg/L	
1,1,2 Trichloroethane								5.0 μg/L	
Trichloroethylene								5.0 μg/L	
Tetrachloroethylene								5.0 μg/L	
cis-1,2 Dichloroethylene								70 μg/L	
Vinyl Chloride								2.0 μg/L	
D. Non-Halogenated SVO	Cs	_							
Total Phthalates								190 μg/L	
Diethylhexyl phthalate								101 μg/L	
Total Group I PAHs								1.0 μg/L	
Benzo(a)anthracene								_	
Benzo(a)pyrene								_	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene								<u> </u>	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene								As Total PAHs	
Chrysene								_	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene								_	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene									

	Known	Known				Inf	Influent		nitations
Parameter	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		Daily maximum (µg/l)	Daily average (µg/l)	TBEL	WQBEL			
Total Group II PAHs								100 μg/L	
Naphthalene								20 μg/L	
E. Halogenated SVOCs									
Total PCBs								0.000064 µg/L	
Pentachlorophenol								1.0 μg/L	
	1			•					
F. Fuels Parameters Total Petroleum		1	1	1		1 1		<u> </u>	
Hydrocarbons								5.0 mg/L	
Ethanol								Report mg/L	
Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether								70 μg/L	
tert-Butyl Alcohol								120 μg/L in MA 40 μg/L in NH	
tert-Amyl Methyl Ether								90 μg/L in MA 140 μg/L in NH	
Other (i.e., pH, temperatur	re, hardness,	salinity, LC	50, addition	al pollutar	ats present);	if so, specify:			

E. Treatment system information

1. Indicate the type(s) of treatment that will be applied to effluent prior to discharge: (cl	heck all that apply)						
☐ Adsorption/Absorption ☐ Advanced Oxidation Processes ☐ Air Stripping ☐ Granul	ated Activated Carbon ("GAC")/Liquid Phase Carbon Adsorption	on					
□ Ion Exchange ■ Precipitation/Coagulation/Flocculation ■ Separation/Filtration □ Other; if so, specify:							
2. Provide a written description of all treatment system(s) or processes that will be appled Potassium permanganate and PACL are added to precipitate manganese from the raw water and an as needed (seasonal) basis dependent on the concentration of manganese in the raw water. The in series allowing the suspended solids to aggregate. The floc is settled out of suspension in the bed consisting of a layer of anthracite and a layer of sand to polish the water. The disinfectant sell-dentify each major treatment component (check any that apply): ☐ Fractionation tanks☐ Equalization tank ☐ Oil/water separator ☐ Mechanical filter ☐ Chemical feed tank ☐ Air stripping unit ☐ Bag filter ☐ Other; if so, specify:	as a coagulant for floc formation respectively. Potassium permanganathe chemically dosed water enters a rapid mix chamber followed by two clarification tank using a plate settler. Next the water travels through a odium hypochlorite and fluoride are added to the water before it passes chlorine contact tank into the clear wells. Lastly, sodium ortho-phosphate are added for pH adjustment and corre	flocculation tanks dual media filter through the n hydroxide and					
Indicate if either of the following will occur (check any that apply):							
■ Chlorination ■ De-chlorination We acknowledge that dechlorination may be require	ed.						
3. Provide the design flow capacity in gallons per minute (gpm) of the most limiting condicate the most limiting component: Design Flow Capacity Is use of a flow meter feasible? (check one): ■ Yes □ No, if so, provide justification:	omponent. Note: while the maximum design flow capacity of the system is 1350 gpm, flow will go to the lagoons for equalization and pumped to the catch	1,350					
Provide the proposed maximum effluent flow in gpm.	basin at a constant rate of approximately 160 gpm	160					
Provide the average effluent flow in gpm. See attachm	ent for determination of average effluent flow GPM	160					
If Activity Category IV applies, indicate the estimated total volume of water that will	be discharged:	1,914,000					
4. Has the operator attached a schematic of flow in accordance with the instructions in I	E, above? (check one): ■ Yes □ No						

F. Chemical and additive information

1. Indicate the type(s) of chemical or additive that will be applied to effluent prior to discharge or that may otherwise be present in the discharge(s): (check all that apply)
□ Algaecides/biocides □ Antifoams ■ Coagulants ■ Corrosion/scale inhibitors ■ Disinfectants □ Flocculants □ Neutralizing agents □ Oxidants □ Oxygen □
scavengers ■ pH conditioners □ Bioremedial agents, including microbes ■ Chlorine or chemicals containing chlorine ■ Other; if so, specify:
Potassium Permanganate for the precipitation of manganese.
2. Provide the following information for each chemical/additive, using attachments, if necessary:
See Attachment a. Product name, chemical formula, and manufacturer of the chemical/additive; b. Purpose or use of the chemical/additive or remedial agent;
c. Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) and Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) Registry number for each chemical/additive;
d. The frequency (hourly, daily, etc.), duration (hours, days), quantity (maximum and average), and method of application for the chemical/additive;
e. Any material compatibility risks for storage and/or use including the control measures used to minimize such risks; and f. If available, the vendor's reported aquatic toxicity (NOAEL and/or LC50 in percent for aquatic organism(s)).
1. If available, the vehicle steported aquatic toxicity (NOAEL and/of LC30 in percent for aquatic organism(s)).
3. Has the operator attached an explanation which demonstrates that the addition of such chemicals/additives may be authorized under this general permit in accordance
with the instructions in F, above? (check one): Yes No; if no, has the operator attached data that demonstrates each of the 126 priority pollutants in CWA Section
307(a) and 40 CFR Part 423.15(j)(1) are non-detect in discharges with the addition of the proposed chemical/additive?
(check one): □ Yes □ No
G. Endangered Species Act eligibility determination
1. Indicate under which criterion the discharge(s) is eligible for coverage under this general permit:
□ FWS Criterion A : No endangered or threatened species or critical habitat are in proximity to the discharges or related activities or come in contact with the "action area".
□ FWS Criterion B : Formal or informal consultation with the FWS under section 7 of the ESA resulted in either a no jeopardy opinion (formal consultation) or a written concurrence by FWS on a finding that the discharges and related activities are "not likely to adversely affect" listed species or critical habitat
(informal consultation). Has the operator completed consultation with FWS? (check one): ☐ Yes ☐ No; if no, is consultation underway? (check one): ☐
Yes □ No
■ FWS Criterion C: Using the best scientific and commercial data available, the effect of the discharges and related activities on listed species and critical habitat have been evaluated. Based on those evaluations, a determination is made by EPA, or by the operator and affirmed by EPA, that the discharges and related activities will have "no effect" on any federally threatened or endangered listed species or designated critical habitat under the jurisdiction of the
FWS. This determination was made by: (check one) ■ the operator □ EPA □ Other; if so, specify:

F3. (cont.) The addition of such chemicals will not add any pollutants that would justify the application of permit conditions that are different or absent in this permit as no chemical will be on site unless listed in the permit.

□ NMFS Criterion: A determination made by EPA is affirmed by the operator that the discharges and related activities will have "no effect" or are "not likely to adversely affect" any federally threatened or endangered listed species or critical habitat under the jurisdiction of NMFS and will not result in any take of
listed species. Has the operator previously completed consultation with NMFS? (check one): □ Yes □ No
2. Has the operator attached supporting documentation of ESA eligibility in accordance with the instructions in Appendix I, and G, above? (check one): ■ Yes □ No
Does the supporting documentation include any written concurrence or finding provided by the Services? (check one): ☐ Yes ■ No; if yes, attach.
H. National Historic Preservation Act eligibility determination
1. Indicate under which criterion the discharge(s) is eligible for coverage under this general permit:
■ Criterion A: No historic properties are present. The discharges and discharge-related activities (e.g., BMPs) do not have the potential to cause effects on historic properties.
☐ Criterion B: Historic properties are present. Discharges and discharge related activities do not have the potential to cause effects on historic properties.
☐ Criterion C : Historic properties are present. The discharges and discharge-related activities have the potential to have an effect or will have an adverse effect on historic properties.
2. Has the operator attached supporting documentation of NHPA eligibility in accordance with the instructions in H, above? (check one): ■ Yes □ No
Does the supporting documentation include any written agreement with the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO), Tribal Historic Preservation Officer (TPHO), or
other tribal representative that outlines measures the operator will carry out to mitigate or prevent any adverse effects on historic properties? (check one): Yes No
I. Supplemental information
Describe any supplemental information being provided with the NOI. Include attachments if required or otherwise necessary.
Attachment B - Location Map, Attachment C - Receiving Water Sampling Results, Attachment D - Permission for Use of Catch Basins, Attachment E - Site Plan, Attachment F - Schematic of Flow, Attachment G - WQBEL Calculations (Excel), Attachment H - Water Usage and Discharge Rate, Attachment I - Chemical Additive Information and Explanation to Authorization of Addition, Attachment J - Chemical SDS, Attachment K - ESA Eligibility Determination, Attachment L - NHPA Eligibility Determination, Attachment M - Notification of Discharge to Oyster River - Letter to the Town of Durham, NH
Has the operator attached data, including any laboratory case narrative and chain of custody used to support the application? (check one): ■ Yes □ No
Has the operator attached the certification requirement for the Best Management Practices Plan (BMPP)? (check one): ■ Yes □ No

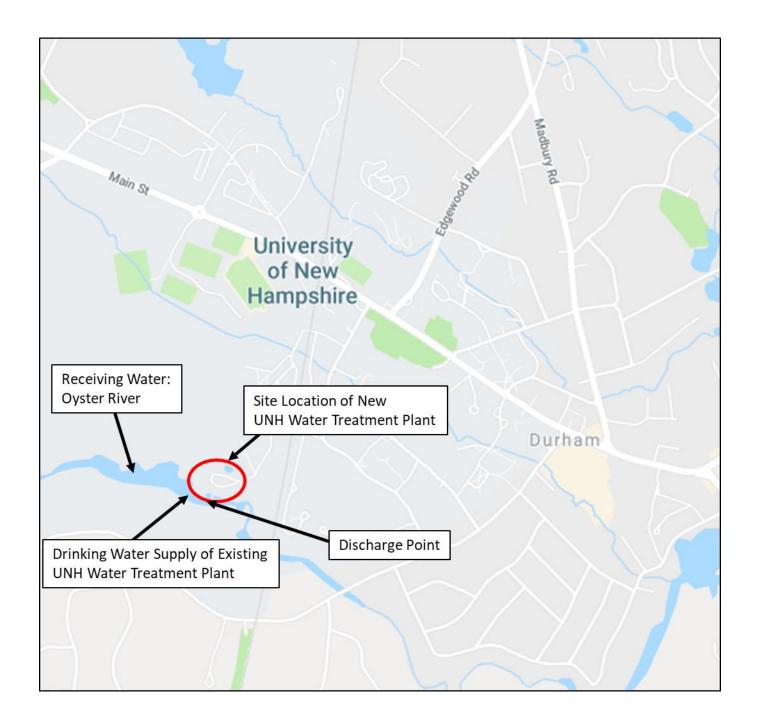
J. Certification requirement

Print Name and Title: Robert S. Little, P.E.

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in a that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and be no personal knowledge that the information submitted is other than true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.	persons who manage welief, true, accurate, a	the system, or those nd complete. I have
I certify that a Best Management Practices Plan will be developed and BMPP certification statement: initial discharge.	d implemented a	t the time of
Notification provided to the appropriate State, including a copy of this NOI, if required.	Check one: Yes ■	No □
Notification provided to the municipality in which the discharge is located, including a copy of this NOI, if requested.	Check one: Yes ■	No □
Notification provided to the owner of a private or municipal storm sewer system, if such system is used for site discharges, including a copy of this NOI, if requested.	Check one: Yes ■	No □ NA □
Permission obtained from the owner of a private or municipal storm sewer system, if such system is used for site discharges. If yes, attach additional conditions. If no, attach explanation and timeframe for obtaining permission.	Check one: Yes ■	No □ NA □
Notification provided to the owner/operator of the area associated with activities covered by an additional discharge permit(s). Additional discharge permit is (check one): □ RGP □ DGP □ CGP □ MSGP □ Individual NPDES permit □ Other; if so, specify:	Check one: Yes □	No □ NA ■
Signature: Dat	e: 7/12/19	

ATTACHMENT B: LOCATION MAP





ATTACHMENT C: RECEIVING WATER SAMPLING RESULTS





professional laboratory and drilling services

Katy Anderson Seacoast Analytical Services PO Box 555 Barrington, NH 03825

nelac =

Subject: Laboratory Report

Eastern Analytical, Inc. ID: 195695

Client Identification: Oyster River Raw | S05219C / 33 Waterworks Rd. Durham, NH

Date Received: 5/21/2019

Dear Ms. Anderson:

Enclosed please find the laboratory report for the above identified project. All analyses were performed in accordance with our QA/QC Program. Unless otherwise stated, holding times, preservation techniques, container types, and sample conditions adhered to EPA Protocol. Samples which were collected by Eastern Analytical, Inc. (EAI) were collected in accordance with approved EPA procedures. Eastern Analytical, Inc. certifies that the enclosed test results meet all requirements of NELAP and other applicable state certifications. Please refer to our website at www.easternanalytical.com for a copy of our NELAP certificate and accredited parameters.

The following standard abbreviations and conventions apply to all EAI reports:

Solid samples are reported on a dry weight basis, unless otherwise noted

< : "less than" followed by the reporting limit

> : "greater than" followed by the reporting limit

%R: % Recovery

Eastern Analytical Inc. maintains certification in the following states: Connecticut (PH-0492), Maine (NH005), Massachusetts (M-NH005), New Hampshire/NELAP (1012), Rhode Island (269), Vermont (VT1012) and New York (12072).

The following information is contained within this report: Sample Conditions summary, Analytical Results/Data, Quality Control data (if requested) and copies of the Chain of Custody. This report may not be reproduced except in full, without the the written approval of the laboratory.

If you have any questions regarding the results contained within, please feel free to directly contact me or the chemist(s) who performed the testing in question. Unless otherwise requested, we will dispose of the sample (s) 30 days from the sample receipt date.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service and look forward to your continued patronage.

Sincerely,

Lorraine Olashaw, Lab Director

5.28.(9
Date

of pages (excluding cover letter)

SAMPLE CONDITIONS PAGE



EAI ID#: 195695

Client: Seacoast Analytical Services

Client Designation: Oyster River Raw | S05219C / 33 Waterworks Rd. Durham, NH

Temperature upon receipt (°C): 5.2

Received on ice or cold packs (Yes/No): Y

Acceptable temperature range (°C): 0-6

Sample ID

Lab ID

Date Date Sample % Dry

Received Sampled Matrix Weight Exceptions/Comments (other than thermal preservation)

195695.01 S05219C2 5/21/19 5/21/19 aqueous Adheres to Sample Acceptance Policy

Samples were properly preserved and the pH measured when applicable unless otherwise noted. Analysis of solids for pH, Flashpoint, Ignitability, Paint Filter, Corrosivity, Conductivity and Specific Gravity are reported on an "as received" basis.

Immediate analyses, pH, Total Residual Chlorine, Dissolved Oxygen and Sulfite, performed at the laboratory were run outside of the recommended 15 minute hold time.

All results contained in this report relate only to the above listed samples.

References include:

- 1) EPA 600/4-79-020, 1983
- 2) Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Wastewater, 20th, 21st, 22nd & 23rd Edition or noted Revision year.
- 3) Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste SW 846 3rd Edition including updates IVA and IVB
- 4) Hach Water Analysis Handbook, 4th edition, 1992



LABORATORY REPORT

EAI ID#: 195695

Client: Seacoast Analytical Services

Oyster River Raw | S05219C / 33 Waterworks Rd. Durham, NH Client Designation:

Sample ID:

S05219C2

Lab Sample ID:

195695.01

Matrix:

aqueous

Date Sampled:

Date Received:

5/21/19

5/21/19

Analysis

Units

Date Time

Method Analyst

Ammonia-N

< 0.05

mg/L

5/22/19 12:13 TM NH3-001 SEL



LABORATORY REPORT

EAI ID#: 195695

Client: Seacoast Analytical Services

Client Designation: Oyster River Raw | S05219C / 33 Waterworks Rd. Durham, NH

Sample ID:	S05219C2
campic ib.	00021002

Lab Sample ID:	195695.01
Matrix:	aqueous
Date Sampled:	5/21/19
Date Received:	5/21/19
Antimony	< 0.001
Cadmium	< 0.001
Chromium	< 0.001
Chromium (III)	< 0.01
Mercury	< 0.0001
Nickel	< 0.001
Selenium	< 0.001
Silver	< 0.001
Zinc	< 0.005
Chromium (VI)	< 0.01

Analytical Matrix	Units	Date of Analysis	Method A	nalyst
AqTot	mg/L	5/22/19	200.8	DS
AqTot	mg/L	5/22/19	200.8	DS
AqTot	mg/L	5/22/19	200.8	DS
AqTot	mg/L	5/22/19	200.8	DS
AqTot	mg/L	5/22/19	200.8	DS
AqTot	mg/L	5/22/19	200.8	DS
AqTot	mg/L	5/22/19	200.8	DS
AqTot	mg/L	5/22/19	200.8	DS
AqTot	mg/L	5/22/19	200.8	DS
AqTot	mg/L	5/21/19	7196A	HEH

Bold Fields Regumed. Please Circle Requested Analysis.

0

PHONE: ADDRESS: Project Manager: REGULATORY PROGRAM: NPDES: RGP POTW STORMWATER OR Project #: _ SITE NAME: Company: PRESERVATIVE: H-HCL; N-HNO3; 5-H2SO4; Na-NaOH; M-MEOH MATRIX: A-AIR; S-SOIL; GW-GROUND WATER; SW-SURFACE WATER; DW-DRINKING 8000 WW-WASTE WATER Z Sample I.C. AND CHARLES CONTROL OF THE CARRY OF THE CARR YSter X X OIL FUILD, BROWNFIELD OR OTHER: professional laboratory services Seacoast Analytical Services X M Anderson Indicate Both Start & Finish *IF COMPOSITE DATE / TIME DATE / TIME SPECINO. P0 #: OTHER: STATE Waterworks 18:30 25 CHENELL DRIVE | CONCORD, NH 03301 | Tel: 603,228,0525 | 1,800,287,0525 Ų. EXT.: ₩: Matrix (see below) WATER; 0 Grab/*Composite 524.2 524.2 BTEX 524.2 MTBE only VTICs EDB DBCP 19 8260B 624 I, 4 DIOXANE SAMPLER(S) 8021B BTEX HALOS Keingususes üy: Relinguished By: PRESUMPTIVE CERTAINTY REPORTING LEVEL ONOC DATE MEEDED: ⋗ BOISB GRO MEGRO MAVPH 8270D 625 SYTICS S $\boldsymbol{\varpi}$ TPH8100 U L2 80ISB DRO MEDRO MAEPH 0 PCB 608 PCB 8082 806 T239 PEST BOBIA DIL & GREASE 1664 TPH 1664 No Fax IF YES: FAX OR PDF Electronic Options PRELIMS: YES ON NO CLP METALS REPORTING OPTIONS TCLP 1311 VOC PE ABN METALS DISSOLVED METALS (LIST BELOW) E-MAIL PDF 1220 Ũ Ħ Ē TOTAL METALS (LUST BELOW) TDS **TS**5 SPEC. CON. Ci NO₂ RECEIVED BY:

| FILD READINGS: | FILD RE FOZ ONEON Ba NO₂ RECEIVED BY NORGA No BOD CBOD E T. ALK Œ E. TEN NH3 T. PHOS. O. Phos 50 T. RES. CHLORINE Thanksl COD PREHOLS TOC Please email to customerservice@seacoastanalytical.com 중 ď TOTAL SULFIDE TOTAL CYANIDE REACTIVE CYANIDE REACTIVE SULFIDE SITE HISTORY: SUSPECTED CONTAMINATION: OTHER METALS: METALS: NOTES: (IE: SPECIAL DETECTION LIMITS, BILLING INFO, IF DIFFERENT) DISSOLVED METALS FIELD FILTERED? Flashpoiht Ighitability TOTAL COLIFORM FECAL COLIFORN EHTEROCOCCI **~** HETEROTROPHIC PLATE COURT RCRA \mathcal{O} ವ 끟 # of Containers تىا Ĕ 'n, 3 MEOH VIAL # ₹ MOTES S ₽, 2

SEACOAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES

Route 125 & Pinkham Road Lee, New Hampshire 603 868 1457

(Mail to: PO Box 555, Barrington, NH 03825)



WATER TEST RESULTS

Date: May 23, 2019 Reference #: S05219C1

Client: UNH Durham Water Supply Water location: 33 Waterworks Road

Durham, NH

(Oyster River Raw)

Test Method	ANALYTE (mg/L) = milligrams per liter	EPA MAXIMUM recommended concentration	YOUR WATER'S VALUE < means less than	Exceeds Primary Standard	Exceeds Secondary Standard
SM 2340B	Hardness (mg/L)	No limit	30.1	-	-
EPA 200.5	Iron (mg/L)	0.300	0.216	-	-
EPA 200.5	Copper (mg/L)	1.300	< 0.050	-	-
EPA 200.5	Lead (mg/L)	0.015	< 0.005	-	-
EPA 200.5	Arsenic (mg/L)	0.010	< 0.005	-	-

THE TESTED PARAMETERS MEET FEDERAL PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARDS. Secondary standards measure the aesthetic quality of the water and if exceeded should not affect healthy individuals. Analytes which exceed the recommended concentration or range are indicated with an X under the primary or secondary column above. Nitrate-N/nitrite-N should be analyzed within 48 hours of collection. Samples tested after this time period may not yield accurate results. pH should ideally be measured at the time of collection. Reported pH may differ from field measurement. This report relates only to the sample received.

http://des.nh.gov/organization/commissioner/pip/index.htm is the NHDES website where you can get information about water contaminants. Scroll down to 'Publications', and choose 'Fact Sheets', then Drinking Water/Ground Water. Date/time sampled: 05/21/19 08:21 EPA 200.5 analysis: 05/22/19

*Turbidity above 1.0 NTU. Metals reported as dissolved. Date rec'd: 05/21/19 Temp (°C) rec'd: 14 On Ice: Y

THIS REPORT IS CONFIDENTIAL. IF YOU RECEIVE THIS INFORMATION IN ERROR, PLEASE CALL 603-868-1457.

SEACOAST ANALYTICAL SERVICES is a NELAP Accredited Laboratory in NH #1733 and ME #NH00043 for the analysis of fluoride, chloride, nitrite-N, nitrate-N, pH, sodium, calcium, total hardness, iron, manganese, lead, arsenic, copper, total coliform bacteria and <u>E. coli</u> bacteria by Colilert and Colisure. This sample was received and analyzed in compliance with the National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Conference (NELAC) requirements unless noted. Please call with questions regarding this analysis, or anytime that we might be of service.

Seacoast Analytical Services - TRUE COPY Katy Anderson, Technical Director

ATTACHMENT D: PERMISSION FOR USE OF CATCH BASINS



May 9, 2019

Rachel Gilbert, P.E. Woodard & Curran 40 Shattuck Road Suite 110 Andover, MA 01810

Re:

New University of New Hampshire Water Treatment Plant

Permission to Utilize Catch Basin

Ms. Gilbert:

I am writing to notify you of approval for your request to utilize the catch basin located near the Oyster River Pump Station for the discharge of potable drinking water into the Oyster River during start-up and commissioning of the new Water Treatment Plant. We will not implement any additional requirements on the discharge beyond what is specified in the Remediation General Permit and any conditions of the permit.

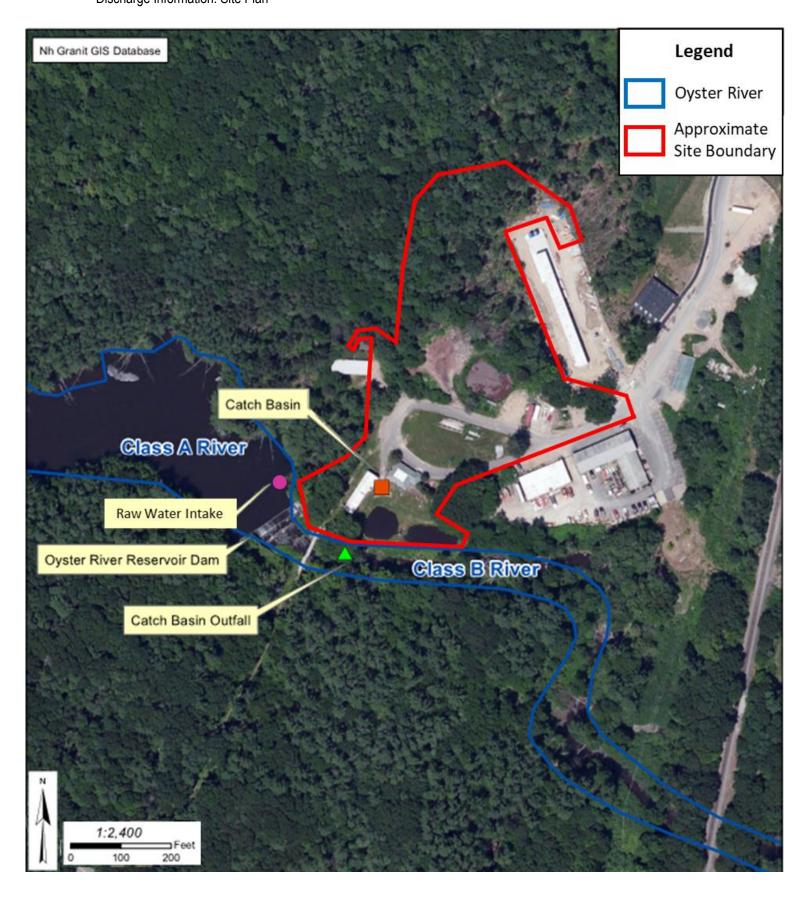
Please contact William Janelle at 603-862-1903 with questions regarding the catch basin utilization.

Sincerely,

William Janelle



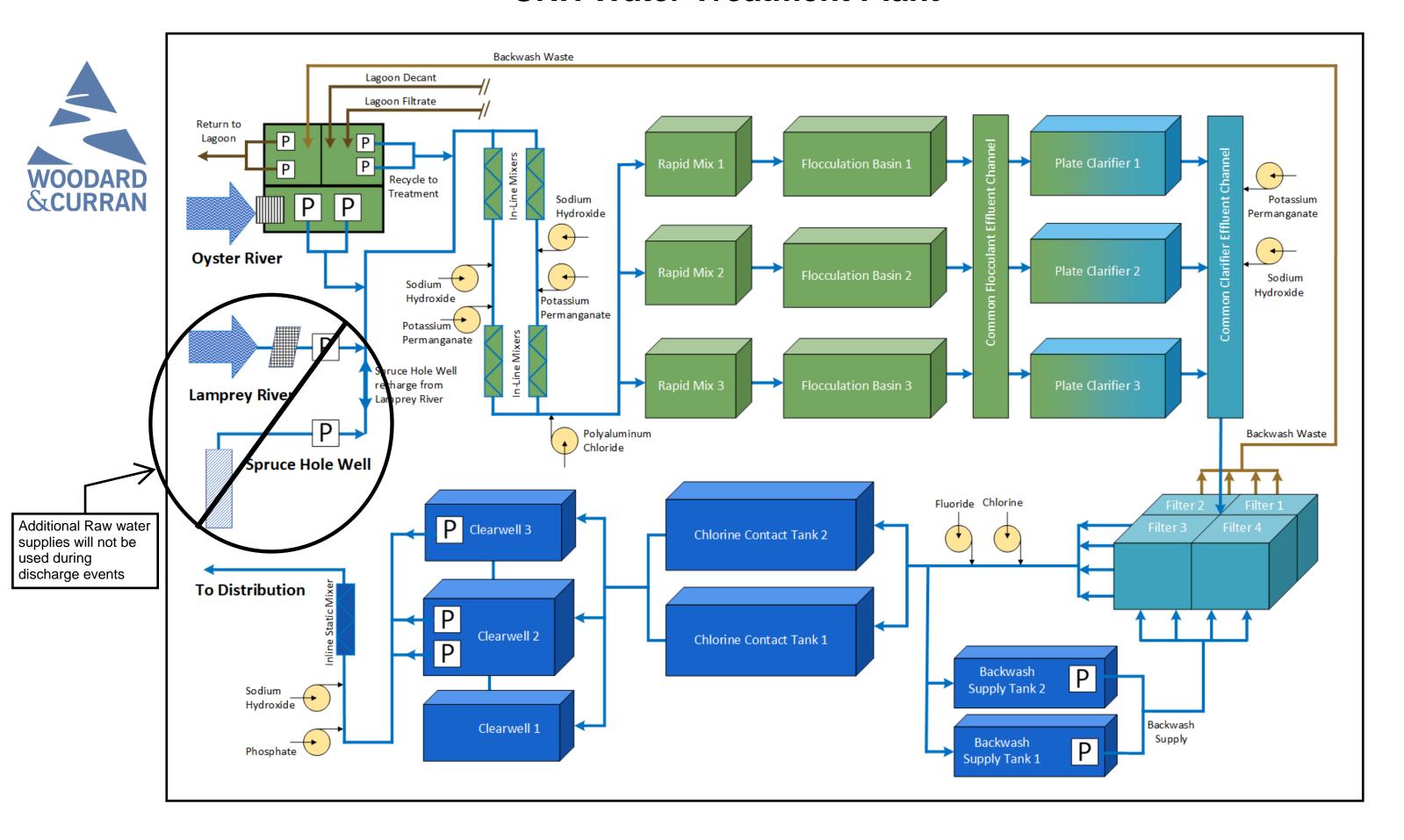
ATTACHMENT E: SITE PLAN



ATTACHMENT F: SCHEMATIC OF FLOW



UNH Water Treatment Plant



ATTACHMENT G: WQBEL CALCULATIONS (ELECTRONIC EXCEL DOCUMENT)



	110			
A. Inorganics	TBEL applies if bolded		WQBEL applies if bolded	
Ammonia	Report	mg/L		
Chloride	Report	μg/L		
Total Residual Chlorine	0.2	mg/L	11	μg/L
Total Suspended Solids	30	mg/L		1.8
Antimony	206	μg/L	4.4	mg/L
Arsenic	104	μg/L	10	μg/L
Cadmium	10.2	μg/L	0.1142	μg/L
Chromium III	323	μg/L	33.1	μg/L
Chromium VI	323	μg/L	11.7	μg/L
Copper	242	μg/L	3.4	μg/L
Iron	5000	μg/L	1000	μg/L
Lead	160	μg/L	0.71	μg/L
Mercury	0.739	μg/L μg/L	0.93	μg/L
Nickel	1450	μg/L μg/L	19.4	μg/L
Selenium	235.8	μg/L μg/L	5.1	μg/L
Silver	35.1	μg/L μg/L	0.5	μg/L
Zinc	420	μg/L μg/L	44.5	μg/L
Cyanide	178	μg/L mg/L	5.3	μg/L
B. Non-Halogenated VOCs	170	mg/L	3.3	μg/L
Total BTEX	100	μg/L		
Benzene	5.0	μg/L		
1,4 Dioxane	200	μg/L		
Acetone	7970	μg/L		
Phenol	1,080	μg/L	308	μg/L
C. Halogenated VOCs				
Carbon Tetrachloride	4.4	$\mu g/L$		
1,2 Dichlorobenzene	600	$\mu g/L$		
1,3 Dichlorobenzene	320	$\mu g/L$		
1,4 Dichlorobenzene	5.0	$\mu g/L$		
Total dichlorobenzene		$\mu g/L$		
1,1 Dichloroethane	70	$\mu g/L$		
1,2 Dichloroethane	5.0	$\mu g/L$		
1,1 Dichloroethylene	3.2	$\mu g/L$		
Ethylene Dibromide	0.05	$\mu g/L$		
Methylene Chloride	4.6	$\mu g/L$		
1,1,1 Trichloroethane	200	$\mu g/L$		
1,1,2 Trichloroethane	5.0	$\mu g/L$		
Trichloroethylene	5.0	$\mu g/L$		
Tetrachloroethylene	5.0	$\mu g/L$		
cis-1,2 Dichloroethylene	70	$\mu g/L$		

2.0	$\mu g/L$		
190	$\mu g/L$	3.1	μg/L
101	μg/L	2.3	$\mu g/L$
1.0	μg/L		
1.0	μg/L	0.0039	$\mu g/L$
1.0	μg/L	0.0039	$\mu g/L$
1.0	μg/L	0.0039	$\mu g/L$
1.0	μg/L	0.0039	μg/L
1.0	μg/L	0.0039	μg/L
1.0	μg/L	0.0039	$\mu g/L$
1.0	μg/L	0.0039	μg/L
100	μg/L		
20	μg/L		
0.000064	ug/L		
	FB =		
5.0	mg/L		
	-		
_	•		
	r-6-7		
	190 101 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	190 μg/L 101 μg/L 1.0 μg/L 20 μg/L 1.0 μg/L	190 μg/L 3.1 101 μg/L 2.3 1.0 μg/L 1.0 μg/L 0.0039 1.0 μg/L 20 μg/L 20 μg/L 5.0 μg/L 5.0 μg/L 70 μg/L 120 μg/L 120 μg/L

Compliance Level applies if shown

 $\mu g/L$

--- μg/L

--- μg/L
--- μg/L
--- μg/L
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--- μg/L
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--- μg/L
--- μg/L

 $0.5 \hspace{1cm} \mu g/L$

ATTACHMENT H: WATER USAGE AND DISCHARGE RATE





MEMORANDUM TO FILE

PROJECT: University of New Hampshire Water Treatment Plant

DATE: July 12, 2019

SUBJECT: Water Usage and Discharge Rate

During startup and commissioning of the volume of water to be used exceeds the current storage capacity of the lagoons on site. To account for this difference a Remediation General Permit will be used to allow for the discharge of potable water into the Oyster River. The lagoons will be able to handle the water used for all the individual equipment and system startup. Performance testing and the disinfection of tanks will require discharge into the Oyster River.

Disinfection is necessary for the Chlorine Contact Tanks, the Backwash Tanks, and the Clearwells. To disinfect and flush the tanks approximately two tank volumes of water will be needed for each. The total volume of water anticipated to be used during disinfection is 677,000 gallons. Performance testing will occur over four days and the total water usage for each day is depicted in Figure 1 with a total anticipated water usage of 1,237,000 gallons.

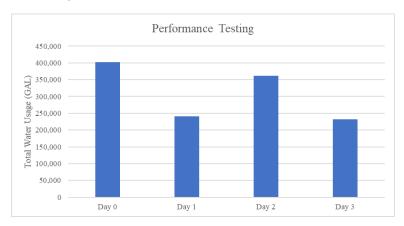


Figure 1: Water Usage during Stage 4 Performance Testing

During each process the lagoons will be used as equalization basins to control the discharge flow rate. Water from the Water Treatment Plant will enter the lagoons and the decant and filtrate will then be directed to the return wet well in the Oyster River pump house. Two temporary 2-inch sump pumps (Tsurini LB-800) each with a maximum pumping capacity of 82 GPM will be used to transfer the water from the wet well into the catch basin with direct discharge to the river. We anticipate these pumps to be used 24 hours a day during the disinfection and performance testing period to ensure adequate volume in the lagoon to accept water used in subsequent tests. No water will be directly discharged from the Water Treatment Plant to the Oyster River thus controlled the flow rate of discharge.

ATTACHMENT I: CHEMICAL ADDITIVE INFORMATION AND EXPLANATION TO THE AUTHORIZATION OF ADDITION



Attachment I: Chemical Additive Information and Explanation to the Authorization of Addition University of New Hampshire Water Treatment Plant

Produ	uct Name	Potassium Permanganate	Sodium Hydroxide	PCH 180	Carus 8500	Sodium Hypochlorite	Sodium Fluoride
Chemic	al Formula	KMnO ₄	NaOH			NaCIO	NaF
Man	ufacturer	Carus Corporation	Harcros	Holland Company	Carus Corporation	Harcros	Univar
Pι	ırpose	Manganese Precipitation	pH Control	Coagulation	Corrosion Control	Disinfection	Dental Health
CAS	Registry	7722-64-7	1310-73-2	14215-15-7		7681-52-9	7681-49-4
Frequer	ncy/Duration	Seasonally/Continuously during plant operation	Continuously during plant operation	Continuously during plant operation	Continuously during plant operation	Continuously during plant operation	Continuously during plant operation
	Max (GPH)	3.35	5.15	6.38	0.16	2.23	2.80
Dose	Avg (GPH)	1.22	2.01	2.32	0.06	0.83	1.09
Method o	of Application	Liquid Injection	Liquid Injection	Liquid Injection	Liquid Injection	Liquid Injection	Liquid Injection
Incompat	ible Materials	Acids, Peroxides, Reducing Agents, Combustible Material, Metals	Acids, Oxidizing Agents, Halogenated Materials, Alkali Sensitive Metals or Alloys	Sodium Hypochlorite, Chlorites, Sulfites, Strong Bases, Aqua Ammonia, Copper, Aluminum, Iron Steel, Low Grades of Stainless Steel	Black Iron, Mild Steel, Galvanized Metals, Aluminum, Zinc, Copper, Lead, Brass, Bronze, Tin, Other Base Metals	Acids, Oxidizing Agents, Combustible Material, Reducing agents, Metals, Bases, Alkalis	Strong Acids, Glass
Ĺ	ic Toxicity .C50 ng/L)	Bluegill – 1.8-5.6 Carp – 2.97-3.77 GoldFish – 3.3-3.93 Milkfish - >1.4 Rainbow Trout – 0.77-1.38 Donaldson Trout – 0.275-0.339	Fish – 500 Water flea – 34.59-47.13 Western Mosquitofish – 125	Danio rerio (OCED test guideline 203) ->1000 > 0.156 mg/L as Al	No data provided by vendor	Fish – 12.5131 Water flea – 34.59-47.13 Western Mosquitofish – 125 Chinook Salmon – 0.038-0.065	Lepomis macrochirus – 530 Salmo gairdneri – 112
Ν	lotes:	The addition of Potassium Permanganate is seasonal and may not be needed during the discharge event.	The addition of Sodium Hydroxide can be adjusted to provide a different target pH, if necessary, for discharge events.		-	Water will be dechlorinated prior to discharge to prevent the discharge of pollutants in excess of the permit and drinking water quality standards. There will be periodic field testing to confirm adequate dichlorination.	Fluoride will not be used during discharge events and thus will not be discharged in excess of the permit and water quality standards.
Additiona	ll Statements	 The addition of Potassium Permanganate will not add any pollutants in concentrations which exceed permit effluent limitations*; The addition of Potassium Permanganate will not exceed any applicable water quality standard; and The addition of Potassium Permanganate will not add any pollutants that would justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in this permit; 	1. The addition of Sodium Hydroxide will not add any pollutants in concentrations which exceed permit effluent limitations*; 2. The addition of Sodium Hydroxide will not exceed any applicable water quality standard; and 3. The addition of Sodium Hydroxide will not add any pollutants that would justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in this permit;	exceed any applicable water quality standard; and	1. The addition of CARUS 8500 will not add any pollutants in concentrations which exceed permit effluent limitations*; 2. The addition of CARUS 8500 will not exceed any applicable water quality standard; and 3. The addition of CARUS 8500 will not add any pollutants that would justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in this permit;	Refer to note above.	Refer to note above.

^{*}No existing permit exists for the discharge, so this will refer to the pending Remediation General Permit

ATTACHMENT J: CHEMICAL SDS



EARUS[®]

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Potassium Permanganate

Other means of identification Not available.

Recommended usePotassium Permanganate is an oxidant recommended for applications that require a strong

oxidant.

Recommended restrictionsUse in accordance with supplier's recommendations.

Manufacturer / Importer / Supplier / Distributor information

Company name CARUS CORPORATION

Address 315 Fifth Street,

Peru, IL 61354, USA

Telephone 815 223-1500 - All other non-emergency inquiries about the product should be

directed to the company

E-mail salesmkt@caruscorporation.com
Website www.caruscorporation.com
Contact person Dr. Chithambarathanu Pillai

Emergency Telephone For Hazardous Materials [or Dangerous Goods] Incidents ONLY

(spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident), call CHEMTREC at

CHEMTREC®, USA: 001 (800) 424-9300

CHEMTREC®, Mexico (Toll-Free - must be dialed from within country):

01-800-681-9531

CHEMTREC®, Other countries: 001 (703) 527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsOxidizing solidsCategory 2Health hazardsAcute toxicity, oralCategory 4

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 1 (Respiratory System)

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 1 (Respiratory System, Central

exposure

Nervous System)

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

Not classified

Category 1

Category 1

OSHA defined hazards

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement May intensify fire; oxidizer. Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Causes damage to organs (Respiratory System). Causes damage to organs (Respiratory System, Central Nervous System) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very

toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat. Keep/Store away from clothing//combustible materials. Wash thoroughly

after handling. Do not breathe dust. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take any precaution to avoid

mixing with combustibles. Avoid release to the environment.

Response In case of fire: Use water for extinction. If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on

skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Collect spillage. Immediately call a poison

center/doctor.

Storage Store locked up.

Potassium Permanganate SDS US

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substances

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Potassium permanganate		7722-64-7	>97.5

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in

percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. For breathing

difficulties, oxygen may be necessary. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Get

medical attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Contact with skin may leave a brown stain of insoluble manganese dioxide. This can be easily removed by washing with a mixture of equal volume of household vinegar and 3% hydrogen

peroxide, followed by washing with soap and water. Immediately flush with plenty of water for up to 15 minutes. Remove any contact lenses and open

eyelids wide apart. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

Eye contact

Immediately rinse mouth and drink plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is having convulsions. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low

so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical attention immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Contact with this material will cause burns to the skin, eyes and mucous membranes. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Decomposition products are alkaline. Brown stain is insoluble manganese dioxide.

General information

In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Flood with water from a distance, water spray or fog.

The following extinguishing media are ineffective: Dry chemical. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Halogenated materials.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

May intensify fire; oxidizer. May ignite combustibles (wood, paper, oil, clothing, etc.). Contact with incompatible materials or heat (135 °C / 275 °F) could result in violent exothermic chemical reaction. Oxidizing agent, may cause spontaneous ignition of combustible materials. By heating and fire, corrosive vapors/gases may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace.

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions

Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply. Dike fire control water for later disposal. Water runoff can cause environmental damage.

General fire hazards

The product is not flammable. May intensify fire; oxidizer. May ignite combustibles (wood, paper, oil, clothing, etc.). Contact with incompatible materials or heat (135 °C / 275 °F) could result in violent exothermic chemical reaction.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Keep upwind. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

SDS US Potassium Permanganate

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Should not be released into the environment. This product is miscible in water. Stop leak if possible without any risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Clean up spills immediately by sweeping or shoveling up the material. Do not return spilled material to the original container; transfer to a clean metal or plastic drum. To clean up potassium permanganate solutions, follow either of the following two options:

Option # 1: Dilute to approximately 6% with water, and then reduce with sodium thiosulfate, a bisulfite or ferrous salt solution. The bisulfite or ferrous salt may require some dilute sulfuric acid (10% w/w) to promote reduction. Neutralize with sodium carbonate to neutral pH, if acid was used. Decant or filter and deposit sludge in approved landfill. Where permitted, the sludge may be drained into sewer with large quantities of water.

Option # 2: Absorb with inert media like diatomaceous earth or inert floor dry, collect into a drum and dispose of properly. Do not use saw dust or other incompatible media. Disposal of all materials shall be in full and strict compliance with all federal, state, and local regulations pertaining to permanganates.

To clean contaminated floors, flush with abundant quantities of water into sewer, if permitted by federal, state, and local regulations. If not, collect water and treat as described above.

Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter drains, sewers or watercourses. Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles. Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials. Do not get this material in your eyes, on your skin, or on your clothing. Do not breathe dust or mist or vapor of the solution. If clothing becomes contaminated, remove and wash off immediately. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Good personal hygiene is necessary. Wash hands and contaminated areas with water and soap before leaving the work site. Avoid release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Store in a cool, dry place. Store away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Follow applicable local/national/international recommendations on storage of oxidizers. Store in accordance with NFPA 430 requirements for Class II oxidizers.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limits noted for ingredient(s).

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value
Potassium permanganate (CAS 7722-64-7)	Ceiling	5 mg/m3

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Potassium permanganate (CAS 7722-64-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
,		0.02 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Potassium permanganate (CAS 7722-64-7)	STEL	3 mg/m3	Fume.
(6/16/1/22/6/1/)	TWA	1 ma/m3	Fume

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s). **Biological limit values**

Exposure guidelines Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. An eye wash and safety shower must be available in the immediate work area.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Wear face shield if there is risk of splashes. Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Use protective gloves made of: Rubber or plastic. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the Hand protection

glove supplier.

Other Wear chemical-resistant, impervious gloves.

Potassium Permanganate SDS US

917772 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 17-February-2014

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of dust, use suitable respiratory equipment with particle filter. In the United States of America, if respirators are used, a program should be instituted to assure compliance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

Measurement Element: Manganese (Mn)

10 mg/m3

Any particulate respirator equipped with an N95, R95, or P95 filter (including N95, R95, and P95 filtering facepieces) except quarter-mask respirators. The following filters may also be used: N99, R99, P99, N100, R100 or P100.

Any supplied-air respirator.

25 mg/m3

Any supplied-air respirator operated in a continuous-flow mode.

Any powered, air-purifying respirator with a high-efficiency particulate filter.

Any air-purifying, full-face piece respirator equipped with an N100, R100, or P100 filter.

Any supplied-air respirator with a tight-fitting face piece that is operated in a continuous-flow mode. Any powered, air-purifying respirator with a tight-fitting face piece and a high-efficiency particulate

Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full face piece.

Any supplied-air respirator with a full face piece.

500 mg/m3

Any supplied-air respirator operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.

Emergency or planned entry into unknown concentrations or IDLH conditions -Any self-contained breathing apparatus that has a full face piece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.

Any air-purifying, full-face piece respirator equipped with an N100, R100, or P100 filter.

Any appropriate escape-type, self-contained breathing apparatus.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Keep from contact with clothing and other combustible materials. Remove and wash contaminated clothing promptly. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and

safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Not available.

Solid Physical state **Form** Powder. Color Dark purple. Odor Odorless **Odor threshold** Not applicable. Not applicable.

Starts to decompose with evolution of oxygen (O2) at temperatures above 150 °C. Once initiated, Melting point/freezing point

the decomposition is exothermic and self sustaining.

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Not applicable.

Flash point Not applicable. Not applicable. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) Non flammable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not applicable.

Flammability limit - upper

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

(%)

Vapor density

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%) Vapor pressure Not applicable.

Relative density 2.7 (20 °C) (Water = 1)

SDS US Potassium Permanganate

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) 64 g/l water (20 °C)
Partition coefficient Not applicable.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperatureNot available.Decomposition temperature464 °F (240 °C)ViscosityNot applicable.

Other information

Explosive propertiesNot explosive. Can explode in contact with sulfuric acid, peroxides and metal powders.

Granulometry Mass median : 175.8 μ m Particle size: D90 < 298 μ m, D10 < 106.1 μ m

Molecular formula H-Mn-O4.K Molecular weight 158.03 g/mol

Oxidizing properties Strong oxidizing agent.

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Stable at normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Contact with combustible material may cause fire. Can explode in contact with sulfuric acid, peroxides and metal powders. Starts to decompose with evolution of oxygen (O2) at temperatures above 150 °C. Once initiated, the decomposition is exothermic and self sustaining.

Conditions to avoid Contact with incompatible materials or heat (135 °C / 275 °F) could result in violent exothermic

chemical reaction.

Incompatible materials Acids. Peroxides. Reducing agents. Combustible material. Metal powders. Contact with

hydrochloric acid liberates chlorine gas.

Hazardous decomposition

products

By heating and fire, corrosive vapors/gases may be formed.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

Inhalation May cause irritation to the respiratory system.

Skin contact Causes severe skin burns.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Contact with this material will cause burns to the skin, eyes and mucous membranes. Permanent

eye damage including blindness could result.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if swallowed

Components Species Test Results

Potassium permanganate (CAS 7722-64-7)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rat 2000 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 2000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns.

Serious eye damage/eye Causes serious eye damage.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitizationTest data conclusive but not sufficient for classification.Skin sensitizationTest data conclusive but not sufficient for classification.Germ cell mutagenicityTest data conclusive but not sufficient for classification.CarcinogenicityTest data conclusive but not sufficient for classification.Reproductive toxicityTest data conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Causes damage to organs (respiratory system).

Potassium Permanganate SDS US

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Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (respiratory system, central nervous system) through prolonged or

repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic effects

May cause damage to respiratory system. Prolonged exposure, usually over many years, to manganese oxide fume/dust can lead to chronic manganese poisoning, chiefly affecting the

central nervous system.

Further information

No other specific acute or chronic health impact noted.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

	Species	Test Results
nate (CAS 7722-64-	7)	
LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	2.7 mg/l, 96 hours, static
		2.3 mg/l, 96 hours, flow through
		2.3 mg/l, 96 hours
		1.8 - 5.6 mg/l
	Carp (Cyprinus carpio)	3.16 - 3.77 mg/l, 96 hours
		2.97 - 3.11 mg/l, 96 hours
	Goldfish (Carassius auratus)	3.3 - 3.93 mg/l, 96 hours, static
	Milkfish, salmon-herring (Chanos chanos)	> 1.4 mg/l, 96 hours
	Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	1.8 mg/l, 96 hours
		1.08 - 1.38 mg/l, 96 hours
		0.77 - 1.27 mg/l, 96 hours
	Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	0.275 - 0.339 mg/l, 96 hours
		LC50 Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) Carp (Cyprinus carpio) Goldfish (Carassius auratus) Milkfish, salmon-herring (Chanos chanos) Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Persistence and degradability

Expected to be readily converted by oxidizable materials to insoluble manganese oxide.

Bioaccumulative potential

Potential to bioaccumulate is low.

Mobility in soil

Not available.

Mobility in general

The product is water soluble and may spread in water systems.

Other adverse effects

None known.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

D001: Ignitable waste

The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Dispose in accordance with all

applicable regulations.

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Rinse container at least three times to an absence of pink color before disposing. Empty

containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1490

UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Potassium permanganate

Class 5.1
Subsidiary risk Packing group || Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes

Special precautions for user Not available.

Special provisions IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33

Packaging exceptions 152
Packaging non bulk 212

Potassium Permanganate SDS US

240 Packaging bulk

IATA

UN1490 UN number

UN proper shipping name Potassium permanganate

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 5.1 Subsidiary risk Label(s) 5.1 **Packing group** Ш **Environmental hazards** Yes **ERG Code** 5L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN1490 **UN** number

POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE **UN proper shipping name**

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 5.1 Subsidiary risk 5.1 Label(s) **Packing group** Ш **Environmental hazards**

Marine pollutant Yes F-H, S-Q **EmS**

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List. CERCLA/SARA Hazardous Substances - Not applicable.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) (21 CFR 1310.02 (b) 8: List II chemical.

Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards (6 CFR 27,

Appendix A): Listed.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not available.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Potassium permanganate (CAS 7722-64-7) LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) **Hazard categories** Immediate Hazard - No

Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name CAS number % by wt. Potassium permanganate 7722-64-7 >97.5

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Potassium permanganate (CAS 7722-64-7)

Potassium Permanganate SDS US

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Potassium permanganate (CAS 7722-64-7) 6579

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Potassium permanganate (CAS 7722-64-7) 15 % wt

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Potassium permanganate (CAS 7722-64-7) 6579

US state regulationsThis product does not contain a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth

defects or other reproductive harm.

California OSH Hazardous Substance List: Listed.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Potassium permanganate (CAS 7722-64-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Potassium permanganate (CAS 7722-64-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Inventory name

Potassium permanganate (CAS 7722-64-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Potassium permanganate (CAS 7722-64-7)

US. California Proposition 65

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

Not listed.

International Inventories

Australia

Country(s) or region

Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

^{*}A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 17-February-2014

Revision date - Version # 01

NFPA Ratings



List of abbreviations LD50: Lethal Dose, 50%.

LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50%.

Potassium Permanganate SDS US

On inventory (yes/no)*

Yes

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

References

Chemical safety report.

ECHA registered substances database

Disclaimer

This safety data sheet was prepared in accordance with the Safety Data Sheet for Chemical Products (JIS Z 7250:2005). The information contained herein is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, data, safety standards and government regulations are subject to change and, therefore, holders and users should satisfy themselves that they are aware of all current data and regulations relevant to their particular use of product. CARUS CORPORATION DISCLAIMS ALL LIABILITY FOR RELIANCE ON THE COMPLETENESS OR ACCURACY OR THE INFORMATION INCLUDED HEREIN. CARUS CORPORATION MAKES NO WARRANTY, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTIABILITY OR FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR USE OR PURPOSE OF THE PRODUCT DESCRIBED HEREIN. All conditions relating to storage, handling, and use of the product are beyond the control of Carus Corporation, and shall be the sole responsibility of the holder or user of the product.

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Potassium Permanganate SDS US



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Caustic Soda 25%

Other means of identification

SDS number 320698-03

Recommended use For industrial and manufacturing use only.

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Harcros Chemicals Inc **Address** 5200 Speaker Rd.

Kansas City, KS 66106

United States

Main Telephone Number1-913-321-3131Websitewww.harcros.comE-mailcustserv@harcros.com

Emergency #: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

Emergency #: CHEMTREC 1-703-527-3887 (call collect)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazards Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Category 3

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Combustible dust Not applicable

Pyrophoric gas Not applicable
Simple asphyxiant Not applicable

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. Harmful to aquatic life.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Category 3

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Wash contaminated clothing

before reuse.

Material name: Caustic Soda 25% SDS US

Store away from incompatible materials. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly Storage

closed. Store locked up. Store in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information

None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	<u></u> %
Sodium Hydroxide		1310-73-2	20 - < 30
Other components below re	eportable levels		70 - < 80

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Call a physician or

poison control center immediately. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Ingestion Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If

vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and

delaved

Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Chemical burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

and precautions for firefighters Fire fighting

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

equipment/instructions Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Material name: Caustic Soda 25% SDS US

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

This product is miscible in water. Prevent product from entering drains.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Provide adequate ventilation. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Store in original tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	
Sodium Hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)	PEL	2 mg/m3	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values	;		
Components	Туре	Value	
Sodium Hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem	nical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	
Sodium Hydroxide (CAS	Ceiling	2 mg/m3	

1310-73-2) Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product. It is recommended that users of this product perform a risk assessment to determine the appropriate PPE.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

Material name: Caustic Soda 25% SDS US

General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear.

Physical state Liquid.

Form Liquid.

Color Colorless.

Odor Odorless.

pH 12 - 14

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling

200 - 250 °F (93.33 - 121.11 °C)

range

Odor threshold

Flash point Not available.

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower Not available.

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

Not available.

Not available.

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%)

Explosive limit - upper (%)

Vapor pressure

Vapor density

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Soluble.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature

Not available.

Decomposition temperature

Not available.

Viscosity

Not available.

Other information

Explosive propertiesNot explosive.Flash point classNon-flammableOxidizing propertiesNot oxidizing.

Specific gravity 1.272 - 1.277 @25°C

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Reacts violently with strong acids. This product may react with oxidizing agents.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Contact with incompatible materials. Do not mix with other chemicals.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Acids. Oxidizing agents. Halogenated materials. Prolonged contact with alkali

sensitive metals or alloys.

Material name: Caustic Soda 25% SDS US

Hazardous decomposition

products

Irritating and/or toxic fumes and gases may be emitted upon the products decomposition. Oxides

of Sodium.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact

Causes severe skin burns.

Eye contact

Causes serious eye damage.

Ingestion

Causes digestive tract burns.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including

blindness could result.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not available.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Not available.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not available.

Reproductive toxicityThis product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Material name: Caustic Soda 25%

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

	Species	Test Results	
EC50	Daphnia	138.36 mg/l, 48 hours estimated	
LC50	Fish	500 mg/l, 96 hours estimated	
	Species	Test Results	
3 1310-73-2)			
EC50	Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia)	34.59 - 47.13 mg/l, 48 hours	
	LC50 S 1310-73-2)	EC50 Daphnia LC50 Fish Species S 1310-73-2)	

Test Results Components **Species**

LC50 Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis) 125 mg/l, 96 hours Fish

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available. No data available. Mobility in soil

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1824

UN proper shipping name Sodium hydroxide solution

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 8 Subsidiary risk Label(s) 8 Packing group Ш

Special precautions for user

Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions B2, IB2, N34, T7, TP2

154 Packaging exceptions 202 Packaging non bulk 242 Packaging bulk

Reportable Quantity for Sodium Hydroxide = 1000 lbs.

IATA

UN1824 **UN number**

UN proper shipping name Sodium hydroxide solution

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 8 Subsidiary risk Packing group Ш **Environmental hazards** No. **ERG Code** 8L

Special precautions for user

Other information

Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed.

Cargo aircraft only Allowed.

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

IMDG

UN number UN1824

UN proper shipping name SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 8
Subsidiary risk Packing group II
Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No.

EmS F-A, S-B

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Not established.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

DOT



IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulationsThis product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Sodium Hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

Material name: Caustic Soda 25%

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Yes

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Sodium Hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Sodium Hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Sodium Hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Sodium Hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Sodium Hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 10-19-2015

Material name: Caustic Soda 25% SDS US

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

01-29-2016 Revision date

Version # 02

HMIS® ratings Health: 3

Flammability: 0

Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings Health: 3

Flammability: 0 Instability: 0

Disclaimer Harcros Chemicals Inc cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its

> product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable. Harcros Chemicals Inc., provides no warranties, either expressed or implied and assumes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the data contained herein. This information is offered for your information, consideration, and investigation. You should satisfy yourself that you have all current data relevant to your particular use. Harcros Chemicals Inc., knows of no medical condition, other than those noted on this Safety Data Sheet, which are generally recognized as

being aggravated by exposure to this product.

Revision Information Product and Company Identification: Product and Company Identification

> Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties Physical and chemical properties: Appearance

Physical and chemical properties: Oxidizing properties Physical and chemical properties: Explosive properties Ecological information: Persistence / degradability

Material name: Caustic Soda 25% SDS US



Holland Company

PCH 180, PCH 182

Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product/Chemical Name: PCH 180, PCH 182 **Chemical Family**: Inorganic aluminum salt

General use: Water treatment and manufacturing applications

Company Information:

Holland Company, Inc. 153 Howland Avenue Adams, MA 01220 U.S.A.

Phone: 413-743-1292 FAX: 413-743-1298

Emergency Phone:

1-800-424-9300 Chemtrac (USA)

1-613-996-6666 or Cell *666 CANTUTEC (Canada)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION



WARNING - IRRITANT AVOID CONTACT



WARNING - CORROSION Corrosive to Some Metals

Hazard Statements

Harmful if ingested.

Irritating to skin and eyes.

Untreated contact with eyes may result in damage.

Mist is irritating to respiratory system.

Will corrode some metals.

Precautionary Statements

Avoid direct contact.

Use protective equipment if direct contact is possible.

Wash hands thoroughly after contact.

Use appropriate materials of construction for storage and handling.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance

Chemical name: Aluminum soluble salts (liquid)

Name: PCH 180, PCH 182 / Liquid Polyaluminum Chloride

CAS#: 14215-15-7

Impurities: NA. No impurities or additives which are themselves classified and which contribute to the

classification of the substance.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation of mist or liquid:

Remove from continued exposure.

Get medical attention if difficulty with breathing or uncontrolled coughing occurs.

Skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing - footwear and wash skin with water.

If irritation develops get medical attention.

Eye contact:

A stinging - irritating sensation will occur.

Immediately rinse eyes with water for an extended period.

Get medical attention. Untreated exposure may result in damage to the eyes.

Ingestion:

Spontaneous vomiting may occur.

Do not actively induce vomiting.

Rinse mouth and drink water.

Get medical attention.

SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability:

Product is not flammable and will not burn.

Controls:

To maintain the integrity use water to keep containers cool.

If possible remove portable containers from areas under fire threat.

Hazards:

In a fire dried product can decompose at elevated temperatures resulting in the formation of hydrogen chloride fumes. Exposure to products of decomposition during a fire may be hazardous to health. Stay up wind and avoid low areas.

Special equipment:

In case of possible exposure to products of decomposition use appropriate self-contained or other approved respiratory protection. Consult engineers if necessary.

Mechanical impact:

Not sensitive.

Static discharge:

Not sensitive.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTIAL RELEASE MEASURES

General:

Site specific procedures to address accidental spills are necessary as dictated by facility design, location, staffing, containment structures, and regulatory requirements. Consult engineers if necessary.

Personal protection:

In the event of a spill clear unnecessary staff from spill area.

If direct contact with spilled material is likely use protective equipment.

Small spills:

Manage spill using containment structures or inert materials and collect for reuse.

Product not reused can be neutralized and converted to aluminum hydroxide using a mild alkali such as soda ash, or calcium carbonate (agricultural lime). Neutralized residue can be swept up or rinsed down with water and captured using absorbent materials for disposal in accordance with local, state, province, and federal regulations. Consult engineers if necessary.

Large spills:

Manage spill using containment structures or inert materials and collect for reuse.

Product not reused can be neutralized and converted to aluminum hydroxide using a mild alkali such as soda ash, or calcium carbonate (agricultural lime). Neutralized residue can be swept up or rinsed down with water and captured using absorbent materials for disposal in accordance with local, state, province, and federal regulations. Caution: When neutralizing large spills CO₂ will be created and can be a breathing hazard. Take steps to provide adequate ventilation. Consult engineers if necessary.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Incompatible Chemicals:

Avoid contact with sodium hypochlorite (bleach), chlorites, sulfites, strong bases, aqua ammonia and other similar materials. Consult engineers if necessary.

Containment:

To minimize the possibility of a release into the environment and contact with other incompatible chemicals, storage tanks and containers should have a dedicated liquid tight secondary containment system. Consult engineers if necessary.

General hygiene:

Do not eat, drink, take medication or smoke when direct contact is possible.

Always thoroughly wash hands after leaving a work area where contact is possible or has occurred.

Storage: Use tanks, transfer lines, pumps valves and process instrumentation designed for this material using appropriate materials of construction. Some materials commonly used are FRP, plastic, PVC, CPVC, Teflon®, and Hastelloy® metal alloys. To prevent possible corrosion damage avoid the use of common metals such as copper, aluminum, iron, steel, and low grades of SS. Consult engineers if necessary. Clean storage tanks on a regular schedule based on inspection and experience.

Have storage tanks, containers, and transfer systems properly labeled for contents.

Have procedures for determining product quantity in storage tanks and for accepting deliveries.

Temperature for storage: Preferred storage temperature range is 7C-35C (45F-95F).

Outside of these temperature ranges optimal product performance and shelf life may be affected.

Ventilation: No special requirements.

Personal protection:

If direct contact with material is likely use protective equipment.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROL / PERSONNAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits

Ingredient: aluminum soluble salts

OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH
TWA ST	TWA STEL	IDLH
2mg/m ³ as Al none est.	2mg/m ³ as Al none est.	none est.

Respiratory - Ventilation: Local passive ventilation is typically used. Under normal conditions respiratory protective equipment is not needed. If work requires direct exposure to product mist use appropriate, approved respiratory protection. Consult engineers if necessary.

Eye wash: Have an appropriate eye wash bottle, fountain, or safety shower available in the work area.

Eyes: Use protective eye glasses-goggles and face shield protection to prevent direct contact. **Skin:** Use impervious gloves and foot covering. Wear long sleeve shirts and full length trousers.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Liquid clear to slight haze.

Flammability: Not flammable.

Upper/lower flammability limits: NA

Auto ignition: NA Flash point: NA

Odor: Not significant. Free from organic or solvent odors.

Vapor density: NA

pH: 2.5-2.8 @ 25C (77F) as is basis **Density:** 1.26 - 1.28 S.G. @ 21C (70F) **Melting/Freeze point:** -10C (14F) + -

Boiling point-range: 105C-115C (221F-235F)

Water Solubility: Complete. Evaporation rate: NA

Partial coefficient: n-octanol/water; NA, inorganic compound column 2 of REACH Annex VII.

Decomposition temperature: >200C (392F) **Viscosity:** 20-35 centipoise/mPa.s @ 23C (73F)

VOC: 0.0

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability:

Product is chemically stable under normal ambient temperature and conditions while stored or used.

Conditions to avoid:

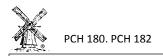
Do not exceed 200C (392F)

Materials to avoid:

Chlorite, hypochlorite (bleach), sulfites, strong bases, common metals.

Decomposition products:

Thermal decomposition of dried product can release irritating fumes.



SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION

Toxicity:

Low order of acute toxicity

Oral (ingestion) estimate:

LD50/Oral Rat >2,000mg/kg (as aluminum)

Inhalation estimate:

LC50/Inhalation rat >5.6mg/l (as aluminum)

Dermal estimate:

LD50/dermal: >550mg/kg (as aluminum)

Effects of exposure:

Skin: Repeated contact may dry and irritate skin.

Eyes: Will cause irritation, untreated exposure may result in damage to the eye. **Respiratory:** Inhalation of liquid or mist may cause bronchial irritation and coughing.

Mucous membranes: May cause irritation.

Ingestion: Can cause vomiting, pain and discomfort to mouth, throat, and stomach.

Sensitization: Not sensitizing

Carcinogenicity: NTP Not listed. IARC Not listed. OSHA Not listed.

Reproductive Toxicity, Mutagenic or teratogenic effects:

No known reproductive toxicity, mutagenic or teratogenic effects in animal experiments are known.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Aquatic toxicity:

With preapproval; Federal, State, Provincial, and EU regulators allow the direct application of aluminum salts into surface waters such as lakes, ponds, and streams for beneficial uses such as:

Phosphorus inactivation.

Cyanobacteria (Blue-Green Algae) control.

Turbidity reduction for improved water clarity.

Reported that at environmentally relevant pH range of 5.5-8.5 the solubility of aluminum is low. Aluminum salts dissociate with water resulting in rapid formation and precipitation of aluminum hydroxides. Aluminum salts must not be introduced into surface waters in an uncontrolled way. In aquatic environments at a pH <5.5 and >8.5 the direct addition of aluminum salts may result in soluble aluminum, and until a pH range of 5.5-8.8 is reached could demonstrate toxicity and be harmful to aquatic organisms.

For Polyaluminum chloride:

NOEC/Danio rerio/OECD test guideline 203: >1,000mg/l

LC50/96h/Danio rerio/OCED test guideline 203: >1,000mg/l

LC50: >0.156 mg/l as Al*. Maximum *soluble aluminum concentration under the test conditions

EC50/Daphnia magna (water flea) semi-static/OECD test guideline 202: 98mg/l

EC50: 24 mg/l as Al (aluminum)

Toxicity to other organisms: No data available.

Bioaccumulation potential: This product is not expected to bioaccumulate.

Octanol-water coefficient: NA, inorganic compound. **Biodegradability:** Not applicable to inorganic substances.

Chemical degradability: In water at pH range of 5.5-8.8 precipitates of aluminum hydroxide are formed.

Mobility in Soil: No data available.



SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

RCRA Hazardous waste: Not listed. Consult engineers if necessary.

Neutralization:

Product can be neutralized and converted to aluminum hydroxide using a mild alkali such as soda ash, calcium carbonate (agricultural lime). Neutralized residue can be swept up or rinsed down with water and captured using absorbent materials for reuse or disposal in accordance with local, state, province, and federal regulations. Consult engineers if necessary.

Special precautions:

None known

Container reuse:

Packaging and storage containers that cannot be thoroughly cleaned must be disposed of in accordance with local, state, province, and federal regulations. Consult engineers if necessary.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Land (DOT), Sea (IMDG), Air (ICAO/IATA)

UN number: UN3082

Shipping name: environmentally hazardous substance inorganic N.O.S. (Polyaluminum Chloride)

Hazard class: 9
Packing group: III

Environmental hazards: Not a marine pollutant

Special precautions: None known

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

RCRA Hazardous waste: Not Listed. Consult engineers if necessary. CERCLA Hazardous substance: Not listed CWA, Sec.311 (b) (4)

CERCLA Reportable Quantity (RQ): NA

SARA 311/312 Categories:

Acute (immediate) health effects: Yes Chronic (delayed) health effects: No Sudden release of pressure hazard: No

Reactivity hazard: No

SARA 313 Toxic Chemical listing: Not listed

SARA Extremely hazardous substance (EHS): Not listed OSHA Air (29CFR 1910.10000, table Z-1, Z-1A): Not listed OSHA Special Regulated Substance (29CFR 1910): Not listed

California prop 65 chemical: No

WHMIS: E corrosive

United States TSCA Section Inventory Status: Product exempt or listed on the TSCA Inventory.

Canada CEPA / Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL):

All components of this product are included on the Domestic Substance List (DSL) or are not required to be listed (Canada ref. CAS# 1327-41-9).

State - Province regulations: State and Province specific regulations have not been determined by the Holland Company. Consult engineers if necessary.

Inventories: Chinese, Korean (ECL), Philippines (PICCS), Japanese (ENCS), European (EINECS), NZ.



SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

NSF/ANSI 60 Drinking Water Treatment Chemicals:

Maximum use 325mg/L

Preparatory statement:

The information in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is correct to the best of our knowledge, information we have available, and belief as of the publication date. The information is designed solely as guidance for handling, storage, transportation, release, and disposal and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification.

Date Sources for the SDS:

Literature, databases, practice, experience, publications, own tests, regulations

Revision:

June 2015 replaces all earlier SDS ID: PCH180182906080015



Holland Company, Inc. 153 Howland Avenue Adams, Massachusetts 01220 U.S.A. 800-639-9602



Canada Colors and Chemicals Limited

152 Kennedy Road South
Brampton, Ontario
Canada
L6W 3G4

General Inquiry Number: (905) 459-1232

Material Safety Data Sheet Attached

SAFETY DATA SHEET

This product is distributed by Canada Colors and Chemicals Limited General Inquiry: (905) 459-1232 24 Hour Emergency: (416) 444-2112

19195

CARUS 8500

1. Identification

Product identifier CARUS™ 8500 Water Treatment Chemical

Other means of identification

SDS number

Recommended use CARUS™ 8500 water treatment chemical is an effective corrosion inhibitor and sequesterant for

use in potable and industrial water systems.

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

CARUS CORPORATION Company name

315 Fifth Street, **Address** Peru, IL 61354, USA

Telephone 815 223-1500 - All other non-emergency inquiries about the product should be

directed to the company

E-mail salesmkt@caruscorporation.com Website www.caruscorporation.com Contact person Dr. Chithambarathanu Pillai

Emergency Telephone For Hazardous Materials [or Dangerous Goods] Incidents ONLY

(spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident), call CHEMTREC at

CHEMTREC®, USA: 001 (800) 424-9300

CHEMTREC®, Mexico (Toll-Free - must be dialed from within country):

01-800-681-9531

CHEMTREC®, Other countries: 001 (703) 527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Not classified. Physical hazards Health hazards Not classified. **OSHA** defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

None. Hazard symbol Signal word None.

Hazard statement The mixture does not meet the criteria for classification.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Wash hands after handling. Response

Store away from incompatible materials. Storage

Disposal Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

Not classified.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Composition comments The components are not hazardous or are below required disclosure limits.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Ingestion

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SDS US

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special

treatment needed

General information

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to

protect themselves.

Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in

the workplace.

Fire-fighting

equipment/instructions

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions. protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills in original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid inhalation and contact with skin and eyes. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Occupational exposure limits

Store in original tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Biological limit values

No exposure limits noted for ingredient(s).

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering

controls

General ventilation normally adequate.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

Skin protection

Other

Hand protection For prolonged or repeated skin contact use suitable protective gloves.

Respiratory protection

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective

In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of vapors, use suitable respiratory equipment.

equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Colorless solution. **Appearance**

Physical state Liquid.

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Form Liquid.
Color Colorless.
Odor None.

Odor threshold Not available.

pH 5.7±0.5

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling Not available.

range

Flash point Not available.

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not available.

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

Not available.

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure Not available.

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density 1.38±0.03 at 25°C

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Completely soluble.

Partition coefficient

Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperatureNot available.Decomposition temperatureNot available.ViscosityNot available.

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoidContact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materialsStrong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong bases.Hazardous decompositionNo hazardous decomposition products are known.

products

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Inhalation In high concentrations, vapors may be irritating to the respiratory system.

Skin contact Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause irritation.

Eye contact May cause eye irritation on direct contact.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin. **Serious eye damage/eye** Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

irritation

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Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization No data available. Not a skin sensitizer. Skin sensitization

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

No data available. Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity -No data available.

single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

No data available.

Aspiration hazard Not classified.

12. Ecological information

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the **Ecotoxicity**

possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

The product is not expected to be readily biodegradable. Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential No data available for this product.

Mobility in soil Not available.

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation Other adverse effects

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site.

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Local disposal regulations

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste Hazardous waste code

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

This substance/mixture is not intended to be transported in bulk.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is not known to be a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

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Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Immediate Hazard - No **Hazard categories**

Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Not regulated.

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Not listed.

US. Rhode Island RTK

Not regulated.

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Not listed.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

^{*}A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

24-July-2014 Issue date

Revision date Version # 01

CARUS™ 8500 Water Treatment Chemical

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A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

HMIS® ratings

Health: 0 Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings



References Disclaimer

HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank

The information contained herein is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, data, safety standards and government regulations are subject to change and, therefore, holders and users should satisfy themselves that they are aware of all current data and regulations relevant to their particular use of product. CARUS CORPORATION DISCLAIMS ALL LIABILITY FOR RELIANCE ON THE COMPLETENESS OR ACCURACY OR THE INFORMATION INCLUDED HEREIN. CARUS CORPORATION MAKES NO WARRANTY, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTIABILITY OR FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR USE OR PURPOSE OF THE PRODUCT DESCRIBED HEREIN. All conditions relating to storage, handling, and use of the product are beyond the control of Carus Corporation, and shall be the sole responsibility of the holder or user of the product.

HARCROS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Sodium Hypochlorite 12.5%

Other means of identification

SDS number 320222-05

Product registration number EPA 148-1288

Recommended useBleaching agent; detergent; cleaning agent.

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company name Harcros Chemicals Inc **Address** 5200 Speaker Rd.

Kansas City, KS 66106

United States

Main Telephone Number1-913-321-3131Websitewww.harcros.comE-mailcustserv@harcros.com

Emergency #: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

Emergency #: CHEMTREC 1-703-527-3887 (call collect)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Oxidizing liquids Category 2

Corrosive to metals Category 1

Health hazards Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Category 1

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement May intensify fire; oxidizer. May be corrosive to metals. Causes severe skin burns and eye

damage. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. Very toxic to

Category 1

aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat. Keep/Store away from clothing and other combustible materials. Take any

precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles. Keep only in original container. Do not breathe mixt or vapor. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection.

Material name: Sodium Hypochlorite 12.5%

If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all Response

> contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Absorb spillage to prevent

material damage.

Storage Store away from incompatible materials. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly

closed. Store locked up. Store in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information 9.9% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic

environment. 1% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 12.5% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 9.9% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aguatic environment. 22.4% of the

mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Sodium Hypochlorite		7681-52-9	11.9 - < 15.6
Sodium Hydroxide		1310-73-2	0.1 - < 2
Other components below re	portable levels		86.5

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact IF ON CLOTHING: rinse immediately contaminated clothing and skin with plenty of water before

> removing clothes. Rinse skin with water/shower. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before

reuse.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Ingestion Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If

vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment

needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Chemical burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Contact with combustible material may cause fire. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Foam. Powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

heated. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Greatly increases the burning rate of combustible materials. Containers may explode when

Material name: Sodium Hypochlorite 12.5%

Fire fighting

equipment/instructions

Specific methods

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards May intensify fire; oxidizer. Contact with combustible material may cause fire.

Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Ventilate the contaminated area. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. This product is miscible in water. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat. Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles. Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Keep only in the original container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not store near combustible materials. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	
Sodium Hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)	PEL	2 mg/m3	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			
Components	Туре	Value	
Sodium Hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3	

Material name: Sodium Hypochlorite 12.5%

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Туре	Value	
Sodium Hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3	
US. AIHA Workplace Environmental	Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides		
Components	Туре	Value	
Sodium Hypochlorite (CAS	STEL	2 mg/m3	

7681-52-9)

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product. It is recommended that users of this product perform a risk assessment to determine the appropriate PPE.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear chemical goggles and face shield. Do not get in eyes. Provide an emergency eye wash

fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Be aware that the liquid may penetrate the gloves.

Frequent change is advisable.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations Keep from contact with clothing and other combustible materials. Remove and wash contaminated

clothing promptly. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing

and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear.
Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.

Color Clear to pale yellow.

Odor Chlorine.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -4 - 3 °F (-20 - -16.11 °C)

Initial boiling point and boiling

> 230 °F (> 110 °C)

range

Flash point Not available.

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not available.

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

Not available.

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%)

Vapor pressure 12 mm Hg @20°C

Vapor density Not available. Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Soluble.

Not available. Partition coefficient

(n-octanol/water)

Not available. Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Not available. Not available. **Viscosity**

Other information

Explosive properties Not explosive.

Oxidizing properties May intensify fire; oxidizer. pH in aqueous solution 12 - 14 (1% in DI Water)

Specific gravity 1.209 @20°C

10. Stability and reactivity

Greatly increases the burning rate of combustible materials. Reacts violently with strong acids. Reactivity

This product may react with oxidizing agents. May be corrosive to metals.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

Conditions to avoid

Reacts violently with strong acids. This product may react with oxidizing agents. Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Heat. Contact with incompatible materials. Do not mix with other chemicals.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Oxidizing agents. Combustible material. Reducing

agents. Metals. Bases, alkalis (organic).

Hazardous decomposition

products

Chlorine. Hydrogen chloride.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact Causes severe skin burns. Eye contact Causes serious eye damage. Ingestion Causes digestive tract burns.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including

blindness could result.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not known.

Species Test Results Components

Sodium Hypochlorite (CAS 7681-52-9)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 8.91 g/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Material name: Sodium Hypochlorite 12.5%

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^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Sodium Hypochlorite (CAS 7681-52-9)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Toot Dooulto

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicityThis product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Chaoica

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Drodust

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Product		Species	Test Results
Sodium Hypochlorite 1	2.5%		
	EC50		40 mg/l, 96 hours Nittocra Spinipes Fasciatus
			4 mg/l, 96 hours Gammarus Fasciatus
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	2519.1724 mg/l, 48 hours estimated
			0.07 - 0.7 mg/l, 24 hours magnia
			0.006 mg/l, 24 hours Ceriodaphina sp.
Fish	LC50	Fish	12.5131 mg/l, 96 hours estimated
Components		Species	Test Results
Sodium Hydroxide (CA	AS 1310-73-2)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia)	34.59 - 47.13 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis)	125 mg/l, 96 hours
Sodium Hypochlorite (CAS 7681-52-9)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Chinook salmon (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha)	0.038 - 0.065 mg/l, 96 hours

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Mobility in soil No data available.

Material name: Sodium Hypochlorite 12.5%

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Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions

Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hypochlorite solutions, MARINE POLLUTANT

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

D002: Waste Corrosive material [pH <=2 or =>12.5, or corrosive to steel]

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1791

UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 8
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 8
Packing group III

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes

Special precautions for user

IB3, N34, T4, TP2, TP24

Special provisionsIB3,Packaging exceptions154Packaging non bulk203

Packaging bulk 241
Reportable Quantity for Sodium Hypochlorite = 500 lbs.

Not a Marine Pollutant by DOT in containers of 119 gallons or less.

IATA

UN number UN1791

UN proper shipping name Hypochlorite solution

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 8
Subsidiary risk Packing group III
Environmental hazards Yes
ERG Code 8L

Special precautions for user

Other information

Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number UN1791

UN proper shipping name Hypochlorite solution, MARINE POLLUTANT

SDS US

1950 Version #: 10 Revision date: 11-28-2016 Issue date: 05-05-2014

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 8
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 8
Packing group III

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes

EmS Not available.

Special precautions for user
Transport in bulk according to
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and
Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Not established.

the IBC Code

DOT



IATA; IMDG



Marine pollutant



General information IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Sodium Hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2) Listed. Sodium Hypochlorite (CAS 7681-52-9) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Immediate Hazard - Yes Hazard categories

> Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

Yes

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

US state regulations

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Sodium Hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 05-05-2014 Revision date 11-28-2016

Version # 10

United States & Puerto Rico

HMIS® ratings Health: 3

> Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0

Material name: Sodium Hypochlorite 12.5%

SDS US

1950 Version #: 10 Revision date: 11-28-2016 Issue date: 05-05-2014

Yes

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

NFPA ratings Health: 3

Flammability: 0 Instability: 1

Special hazards: OX

Disclaimer

Harcros Chemicals Inc cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable. Harcros Chemicals Inc., provides no warranties, either expressed or implied and assumes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the data contained herein. This information is offered for your information, consideration, and investigation. You should satisfy yourself that you have all current data relevant to your particular use. Harcros Chemicals Inc., knows of no medical condition, other than those noted on this Safety Data Sheet, which are generally recognized as being aggravated by exposure to this product.

Revision information

Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties Physical and chemical properties: Appearance

1950 Version #: 10 Revision date: 11-28-2016 Issue date: 05-05-2014



Material Safety Data Sheet

LA9221 SODIUM FLUORIDE POWDER DRY CRYSTAL

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Id: LA9221

Product Name: SODIUM FLUORIDE POWDER DRY CRYSTAL

Synonyms: None.

Chemical Family: None Known.

Application: Welding and fluxing agents, metallurgy, glass industry, dental application, water fluordation.

Distributed By: Univar Canada Ltd. 9800 Van Horne Way Richmond, BC V6X 1W5.

Prepared By: The Safety, Health and Environment Department of Univar Canada Ltd.

Preparation date of MSDS: 11 June 2007

Telephone number of preparer: 1-866-686-4827

24-Hour Emergency Telephone Number (CANUTEC): (613) 996-6666

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients	Percentage (W/W)	LD50s and LC50s Route & Species:
Sodium Fluoride	60-100	Dermal LD50 (Rat) 175 mg/kg
7681-49-4.		Oral LD50 (Rat) 52 mg/kg
Sodium Fluorosilicate 16893-85-9.	1-5	Oral LD50 (Rat) 125 mg/kg
Water 7732-18-5.	0.1-1	Oral LD50 (Rat) >90 mL/kg

Note: No additional remark.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Eye Contact: Severe eye irritation, watering and redness. Risk of temporary eye lesions.

Skin Contact: Skin contact may cause irritation or burns.

Inhalation: Causes irritation of the mouth, nose and throat. May cause coughing. At high concentrations risk of hypocalcemia with nervous problems (tetany) and cardiac arrhythmia. In case of repeated or prolonged exposure: risk of sore throat, nose bleeds, chronic bronchitis.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Ingestion: Severe irritation of the mouth, throat and stomach. May cause excess salivation and thirst. Causes vomiting, nausea, and diarrhea. May cause life threatening hypocalcemia. May cause cardiac irregularities. May cause convulsions, shock, organ failure, coma and/or death. May cause cardiopulmonary arrest. Risk of general symptoms having a severe prognosis.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact: Obtain medical attention without delay, preferably from an ophthalmologist. Flush eyes with running water for 5 minutes, while keeping the eyelids wide open. Rinse the eyes with a calcium gluconate 1% solution in saline solution (10 ml of calcium gluconate 10% in 90 ml of saline solution) for 10 minutes. If 1% calcium gluconate is not available continue flushing with water. In the case of difficulty opening the lids, administer an analgesiceye wash. Do not use oily drops, ointment or HF skin burn treatments. Consult an ophthalmologist or eye specialist and physician immediately in all cases. Take to hospital immediately.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes while washing. Immediately wash with plenty of soap and water for at least 5 minutes. Immediately apply calcium gluconate gel (2.5%) and massage into the affected area using rubber gloves; continue to massage while repeatedly applying gel until 15 minutes after pain is relieved. If fingers/finger nails are touched, even if there is no pain, dip them in a bath of 5% calcium gluconate for 15 to 20 minutes. Thoroughly clean contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse or discard. Consult a physician in cases of persistent pain or redness. **Inhalation:** Remove person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, get immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: If conscious rinse mouth with fresh water, give a 1% aqueous calcium gluconate solution to drink, if subject presents nervouse, respiratory or cardiovascular disorders administer oxygen and administer classical resuscitation measures. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Seek immediate medical attention. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs.

Notes to Physician: Treatment based on sound judgment of physician and individual reactions of patient.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point: None.

Flash Point Method: Not applicable.

Autoignition Temperature: Not Available.

Flammable Limits in Air (%): Not Available.

Extinguishing Media: Use DRY chemicals, CO2, alcohol foam or water spray.

Special Exposure Hazards: Not Available.

Hazardous Decomposition/Combustion Materials (under fire conditions): Formation of dangerous gas/vapors in

case of decomposition.

Special Protective Equipment: Fire fighters should wear full protective clothing, including self-contained breathing

equipment.

NFPA RATINGS FOR THIS PRODUCT ARE: HEALTH 3, FLAMMABILITY 0, INSTABILITY 0 HMIS RATINGS FOR THIS PRODUCT ARE: HEALTH 3, FLAMMABILITY 0, REACTIVITY 0

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautionary Measures: Avoid dispersing the dust into a cloud. Wear appropriate protective equipment. **Environmental Precautionary Measures:** Prevent entry into sewers or streams, dike if needed. Consult local authorities

Procedure for Clean Up: Collect the product with suitable means avoiding dust formation. Place everything into a closed, labelled container compatible with the product. Clean the area with large quantities of water.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: For industrial use only. Handle and open containers with care. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid inhalation of chemical. Empty containers may contain hazardous product residues. Keep the containers closed when not in use. Protect against physical damage. Use appropriate personnel protective equipment.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from heat and ignition sources. Place away from incompatible materials. Store in accordance with good industrial practices.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls:

Localized ventilation should be used to control dust levels.

Respiratory Protection: Self-contained breathing apparatus in medium confinement/insufficient oxygen/ in case of large uncontrolled emissions/ in all circumstances when the mask and cartridge do not give adequate protection. Use only respirator that conforms to international/national standards. Use only NIOSH approved respirators. Comply with OSHA respiratory protection requirements.

Gloves:

Appropriate chemical resistant gloves should be worn.

Skin Protection: Overalls. Apron/boots of PVC, neoprene, rubber in case of dust.

Eyes: Dust proof goggles.

Other Personal Protection Data: It is recommended that a shower be taken after completion of workshift especially if significant contact has occurred. Work clothing should than be laundered prior to use. Street clothing should be stored separately from work clothing and protective equipment. Work clothing and shoes should not be taken home. Consult industrial hygienist or the safety manager for the slection of personal protective equipment suitable for the working conditions. Maintain adequate supply of antidote gel, calcium gluconate.

Ingredients	Exposure Limit - ACGIH	Exposure Limit - OSHA	Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health - IDLH
Sodium Fluoride .	2.5 mg/m ³ TLV-TWA	Not available.	250 mg/m ³
Sodium Fluorosilicate .	2.5 mg/m ³ TLV-TWA	Not available.	Not Available.
Water.	Not available.	Not available.	Not Available.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Crystalline Powder

Colour: White.
Odour: Odourless

pH 9.2 at 20°C (68°F) 1% solution

Specific Gravity: 2.5-2.6

Boiling Point: 1695 °C / 3083 °F

Freezing/Melting Point: 995 °C / 1823 °F

Vapour Pressure: 1.33hPa
Vapour Density: Not Available.
% Volatile by Volume: Not Available.
Evaporation Rate: Not Available.
Solubility: 42g/1000ml water @ 20°C

VOCs: Not Available. Viscosity: Not Available.

Molecular Weight: Not Available.

Other: Not Available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Moisture.

Materials to Avoid: Strong acids. Glass.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Hydrogen fluoride.

Additional Information: No additional remark.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Principle Routes of Exposure

Ingestion: Severe irritation of the mouth, throat and stomach. May cause excess salivation and thirst. Causes vomiting, nausea, and diarrhea. May cause life threatening hypocalcemia. May cause cardiac irregularities. May cause convulsions, shock, organ failure, coma and/or death. May cause cardiopulmonary arrest. Risk of general symptoms having a severe prognosis.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Skin Contact: Skin contact may cause irritation or burns.

Inhalation: Causes irritation of the mouth, nose and throat. May cause coughing. At high concentrations risk of hypocalcemia with nervous problems (tetany) and cardiac arrhythmia. In case of repeated or prolonged exposure: risk of sore throat, nose bleeds, chronic bronchitis.

Eye Contact: Severe eye irritation, watering and redness. Risk of temporary eye lesions.

Additional Information: Target organ: skeleton / thyroid / testes / kidney, liver, ca. 1mg/kg, observed effect. Ambiguous carcinogenic effect. Ambiguous mutagenic effect. Chronic exposure may entail dental or skeletal fluorosis. The carcinogenic effect found in animals is not demonstrated in humans. Risk of toxic effect on reproduction.

Acute Test of Product:

Acute Oral LD50: Not Available.
Acute Dermal LD50: Not Available.
Acute Inhalation LC50: Not Available.

Carcinogenicity:

Ingredients	IARC - Carcinogens	ACGIH - Carcinogens
Sodium Fluoride .	Group 3	Listed
Sodium Fluorosilicate .	Group 3	Listed
Water .	Not listed.	Not listed.

Carcinogenicity Comment: No additional information available.

Reproductive Toxicity/ Teratogenicity/ Embryotoxicity/ Mutagenicity: May cause birth defects and impair fertility based on data from animal studies. Laboratory experiments have shown mutagenic effects.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological Information:

Ingredients	Ecotoxicity - Fish Species Data	Acute Crustaceans Toxicity:	Ecotoxicity - Freshwater Algae Data
Sodium Fluoride .	LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus) 530 mg/L	Not Available.	EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum) 272 mg/L
Sodium Fluorosilicate .	LC50 (Poecilia reticulata) 65 mg/L	Not Available.	Not Available.
Water .	Not Available.	Not Available.	Not Available.

Other Information: Fishes, Salmo gairdneri, LC 50, 96 h, 112 mg/l, Crustaceans, Daphnia magna EC 50, 48 h, 213 mg/l conditions: fresh water, Crustaceans, Mysidopsis bahia, EC 50, 96, 23 mg/l conditions: salt water, Algae, Scenedesmus sp., EC 50/ 96 h, 95 mg/l

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal of Waste Method: Disposal of all wastes must be done in accordance with municipal, provincial and federal regulations.

Contaminated Packaging: Empty containers should be recycled or disposed of through an approved waste management facility.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (U.S.):

DOT Shipping Name: SODIUM FLUORIDE

DOT Hazardous Class 6.1 DOT UN Number: UN1690 DOT Packing Group: III

DOT Reportable Quantity (lbs): Not Available.

Note: No additional remark.

LA9221 SODIUM FLUORIDE POWDER DRY CRYSTAL Page 4 of 6

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Marine Pollutant: No.

TDG (Canada):

TDG Proper Shipping Name: SODIUM FLUORIDE

Hazard Class: 6.1 UN Number: UN1690 Packing Group: III

Note: No additional remark. **Marine Pollutant:** No.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. TSCA Inventory Status: All components of this product are either on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory List or exempt.

Canadian DSL Inventory Status: All components of this product are either on the Domestic Substances List (DSL), the Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) or exempt.

Note: Not available.

U.S. Regulatory Rules

Ingredients	CERCLA/SARA - Section 302:	SARA (311, 312) Hazard Class:	CERCLA/SARA - Section 313:
Sodium Fluoride .	Not Listed.	Listed	Not Listed.
Sodium Fluorosilicate .	Not Listed.	Not Listed.	Not Listed.
Water .	Not Listed.	Not Listed.	Not Listed.

California Proposition 65: Not Listed. MA Right to Know List: Listed.

New Jersey Right-to-Know List: Listed.
Pennsylvania Right to Know List: Listed.

WHMIS Hazardous Class:
D1B TOXIC MATERIALS
D2A VERY TOXIC MATERIALS
D2B TOXIC MATERIALS



16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional Information:

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

Disclaimer:

NOTICE TO READER:

Univar, expressly disclaims all express or implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, with respect to the product or information provided herein, and shall under no circumstances be liable for incidental or consequential damages.

Do not use ingredient information and/or ingredient percentages in this MSDS as a product specification. For product specification information refer to a Product Specification Sheet and/or a Certificate of Analysis. These can be obtained from your local Univar Sales Office.

All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from the manufacturer and/or recognized technical sources. While the information is believed to be accurate, Univar makes no representations as to its accuracy or sufficiency. Conditions of use are beyond Univar's control and therefore users are responsible to verify this data under their own operating conditions to determine whether the product is suitable for their particular purposes and they assume all risks of their use, handling, and disposal of the product, or from the publication or use of, or reliance upon, information contained herein. This information relates only to the product designated herein, and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any other process.

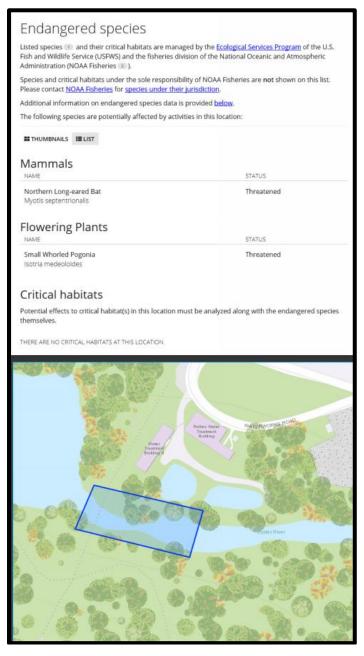
END OF MSDS

ATTACHMENT K: ESA ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION



Attachment K: Endangered Species Act Eligibility Determination University of New Hampshire Water Treatment Plant

A review of the action area of the discharge was conducted to identify federally listed endangered and threatened species and critical habitats. The review, done utilizing the Fish and Wildlife Services' (FWS) Information, Planning, and Conservation (IPaC) online system, identified two threatened species and no critical habitats. The two threatened species are: northern long-eared bat (mammal) and the small whorled pogonia (flowering plant). A copy of the IPaC generated preliminary determination is provided below. In our assessment of our proposed discharge, it was determined the activity would have no effect on the listed species. This determination was reached with the understanding that the activity involves discharging treated drinking water into the Oyster River, and neither of the species' habitat would extend into a marine environment. It was therefore determined that the activity would have no effect on these species, and the proposed discharge would fall under FWS Criterion C of the Endangered Species Act eligibility determination.



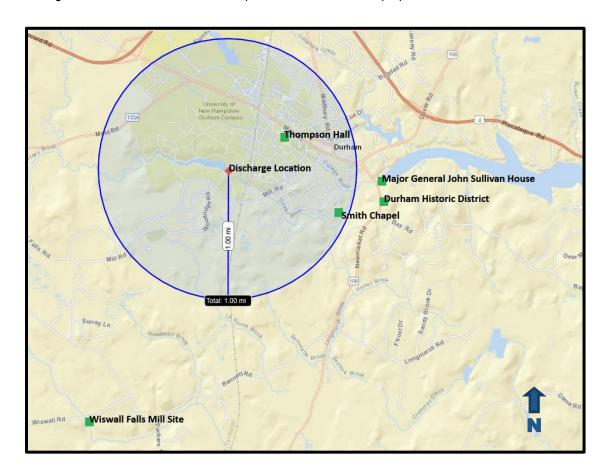
ATTACHMENT L: NHPA ELEGIBILITY DETERMINATION



Attachment L: National Historic Preservation Act Eligibility Determination University of New Hampshire Water Treatment Plant

A list of locations on the National Register of Historic Places was downloaded from the National Archives (NARA) on Feburary 20, 2019. Five locations were identified in the Town of Durham, NH. None of the locations were in the immediate vicinity of the discharge location. Two locations are within one-mile of the discharge location: Thompson Hall and Smith Chapel. Since the proposed activity does not involve any construction, and this is a one-time discharge of treated drinking water, the discharge does not have the potential to affect any place considered eligible to be listed on the National Registrar of Historic Places.

The proposed discharge meets the requirements under Criterion A: No historic properties are present. The discharge and discharge related activities do not have the potential to affect historic properties.



ATTACHMENT M: NOTIFICATION OF DISCHARGE TO OYSTER RIVER – LETTER TO THE TOWN OF DURHAM, NH



Via Electronic Mail and US Mail



May 7, 2019

April Talon City of Durham 8 Newmarket Rd Durham, NH 03824

Re: New University of New Hampshire Water Treatment Plant

Notification of Discharge to Oyster River

To Ms. Talon:

I am writing to notify you of the request for a Remediation General Permit for the start-up of the new drinking water treatment plant for the University of New Hampshire (UNH), in Durham, New Hampshire. The proposed discharge activity will consist of taking source water from the Oyster River, treating the water to potable drinking water standards, and returning the water to the Oyster River downstream of the Oyster River Dam in a portion of the river designated Class B during the startup phases of the facility, prior to NHDES approval for sending water to the distribution system.

The discharges will occur periodically between May 2019 and August 2019. The potable water will be sent to a catch basin with a direct outlet, designed with erosion prevention, into the Oyster River located approximately 175-200 feet downstream of the dam.

Please contact Rachel Gilbert at 978-482-7902 with questions regarding this planned potable water discharge.

Sincerely,

WOODARD & CURRAN

Rachel Gilbert, P.E. Project Manager

cc: Mark Geuther, University of New Hampshire

PN: 0230340.01