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23 October 2018 *Revised 25 October 2018* File No. 132470-002

US Environmental Protection Agency Office of Ecosystem Protection 5 Post Office Square – Suite 100 (OEP06-01) Boston, MA 02109-3912

Attention: Ms. Shelley Puleo; EPA/OEP RGP Applications Coordinator

Subject: NPDES RGP Permit Application - Temporary Construction Dewatering

150 Seaport Boulevard Boston, Massachusetts

Dear Ms. Puleo:

On behalf of our client, 150 Seaport LLC, Haley & Aldrich, Inc. (Haley & Aldrich) has prepared this submission for a NPDES RGP temporary construction dewatering permit during building construction activities at the subject site located at 150 Seaport Boulevard (the "site") in Boston, Massachusetts, as shown on Figure 1. The information presented herein has been prepared to follow requirements of the 2017 US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) General Remediation General Permit (RGP). A copy of the completed Notice of Intent (NOI) form is enclosed as Appendix A.

EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS

The site consists of an approximately 13,500 square feet (sf) parcel of land located along the Boston Harbor Waterfront and is currently an active construction site. The site was previously occupied by two restaurants, The Whiskey Priest and The Atlantic Beer Garden, which are currently being demolished for site redevelopment. Existing exterior site grades are generally level across the site at approximately El. 15.5 to El. 17¹.

The site is located in an urban setting in Boston, Massachusetts. Properties in the surrounding area are generally commercial and residential in nature. The site is bordered by 100 Pier 4, a 21-story apartment tower to the northwest, Boston Harbor to the northeast and southeast, and Seaport Boulevard to the southwest. The Boston Harbor sides of the site are contained by a steel sheetpile bulkhead wall.

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Elevations reported reference Boston City Base (BCB) Datum.

SITE HISTORY

Haley & Aldrich assessed past and present usage and filling history of the site through a review of available historical records including Sanborn maps dated 1923 to 2002, nearby properties, and documentation in "Gaining Ground: A History of Landmaking in Boston".²

Prior to the mid-1800s, the area in the vicinity of the site was part of the South Boston tidal flats. From the mid-1860s through 1880s, the majority of the tidal flats were filled, and the area became a center for railroad and shipping commerce for the remainder of the 1800s through the early 1900s. According to Gaining Ground, the site is located within a 50-acre lot formerly owned by the New York & New England Railroad, which filled the property in the 1880s and 1890s with "gravel, ash, and refuse". The railroad company developed the site as a terminal ground. The 1923 Sanborn Maps indicate three smaller buildings located on the site, including an engineering house, lobster boiling building, and a presumed shed. Three larger buildings are present in the 1950 Sanborn Map, indicated as a store, a wholesale fish building, and a larger lobster boiling building. By 1964, the wholesale fish building was replaced with a cold storage building and a fish warehouse. These buildings are present at the site through 1995, and in the 1998 and 2002 Sanborn Maps, the lobster boiling building is no longer present. The Whiskey Priest and Atlantic Beer Garden restaurants opened at the site around 2008.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS AND REGULATORY BACKGROUND

Haley & Aldrich, Inc. conducted subsurface exploration and soil sampling programs for project design and construction. Results of soil and groundwater sampling programs indicate concentrations of select semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs) and total lead in soil and dissolved lead in groundwater above applicable Reportable Concentrations, which triggered a 120-day reporting condition under the MCP in accordance with 310 CMR 40.0315. 150 Seaport LLC filed a Release Notification Form (RNF) with Mass DEP for soil and groundwater on 25 September 2018. MassDEP assigned RTN 3-35200 to the release. A Release Abatement Measure (RAM) Plan was submitted to MassDEP on 10 October 2018.

PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION

The proposed development consists of a new 22-story residential tower with three levels of below grade parking. A new Harbor Walk with a deck extending over the water will be located along the Boston Harbor sides of the site. A mix of pavement and permeable surfaces will surround the land-sides of the building.

Figure 2 shows the layout of the existing buildings and approximate limits of below-grade construction. The proposed first floor level of the new building will be finished at approximately El. 18.5 and the top of the lowest level garage slab is planned at El. -22.5. Site groundwater levels were measured at approximately El. 8.5.

² Seasholes, N.S. (2003). Gaining Ground: A History of Landmaking in Boston. Cambridge, MA: The MIT Press.



The new tower will be supported on deep foundations consisting of Load Bearing Elements (LBEs) deriving their support in bedrock. Excavation for construction of the below grade garage will extend to depths of approximately 45 ft below current site grades and approximately 35 ft below groundwater. Excavation and dewatering will be completed inside an impervious perimeter concrete diaphragm wall constructed by the slurry trench excavation method (i.e., slurry wall), which will serve as both temporary earth support during construction and the permanent foundation wall.

Construction of the slurry wall, excavation and dewatering will be conducted inside a cofferdam installed in Boston Harbor on the northeast and southeast sides of the site consisting of epoxy coated interlocking steel sheetpiling embedded into the Marine Clay. The cofferdam has been designed and will be installed to protect the work, allow for removal of the existing steel bulkhead wall, control tidal influence, and to create a stable working platform.

CURRENT GROUNDWATER QUALITY INFORMATION

On 18 July 2018, Haley & Aldrich collected one groundwater sample from existing observation well HA17-2(OW) and one surface water sample from Boston Harbor adjacent to the property near the proposed outfall. The samples were collected to assess groundwater and surface water quality at the site and for use in the construction dewatering permit application. The sample was submitted to Alpha Analytical, Inc. of Westborough, Massachusetts (Alpha) for analysis of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), SVOCs, total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH), total and/or dissolved metals, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), ammonia, chloride, residual chlorine, phenols, pH, salinity, and total suspended solids (TSS).

The results of the laboratory analysis detected dissolved lead in groundwater above the applicable MCP Reportable Concentration for Groundwater (RCGW-2). Additional sampling at HA17-2(OW) for dissolved and total lead was conducted on 12 September 2018 and 2 October 2018, which yielded results consistent with the first round of sampling. A summary of the groundwater quality data is provided in Table I. Copies of the laboratory data reports are included in Appendix G.

ETHANOL SAMPLING

Ethanol sampling was not conducted on the groundwater sample as site history does not suggest that ethanol was stored at the property, nor that a petroleum product containing ethanol was released at the site. Ethanol has been increasingly used in fuels since 2006 (according to the 2016 NOI Fact Sheet), and according to site history, the site has been a cold storage building and a fish warehouse since 1964 until two restaurants opened at the site around 2008.

RECEIVING WATERS SAMPLING AND DILUTION FACTOR

On 18 July 2018, one sample was collected adjacent to the site in Boston Harbor and submitted to Alpha Analytical to be analyzed for salinity, pH, and ammonia. The laboratory data report is included in Appendix G. The results of the surface water sampling program are provided in Table II.



The pH and temperature readings from the site on the day of sampling were used to calculate the site Water Quality Based Effluent Limitations (WQBELs). It is our understanding that since the receiving water is a saltwater body in Massachusetts, the dilution factor is assumed to be 1:1.

EFFLUENT CRITERIA DETERMINATION

Groundwater and Receiving Water data were input into the WQBEL Calculation spreadsheet and used to calculate the effluent criteria for the site. Copies of the "EnterData" and "SaltwaterResults" tabs from the excel file provided as an additional resource by EPA are included in Appendix B. The effluent limitation calculations are included for reference in Table I.

DEWATERING SYSTEM AND OFF-SITE DISCHARGE

During construction of the building, it will be necessary to perform temporary dewatering to dewater the excavation, control surface water runoff from precipitation, groundwater seepage, and construction-generated water, to enable below grade garage construction to be completed in-the-dry. Construction and construction dewatering activities are currently anticipated to be required for a period of up to 24 months. On average, we estimate effluent discharge rates of about 50 to 100 gallons per minute (gpm) or less, with occasional peak flows of approximately 150 gpm during significant precipitation events. Temporary dewatering will be conducted from sumps located within the excavation.

Construction dewatering will include piping and discharging to a storm drain located near the site that discharges into the Boston Harbor through outfall SDO195. The proposed discharge route is shown on Figure 2. Prior to discharge, collected water will be routed through a sedimentation tank and bag filters and other necessary treatment components, to remove suspended solids and undissolved chemical constituents, as shown on Sketch 1. The contractor's dewatering submittal documents are included in Appendix D. A Notice of Change (NOC) will be submitted to EPA if additional treatment components need to be mobilized at the site.

DOCUMENTATION OF NATIONAL HISTORIC PRESERVATION ACT ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

Based on a review of the resources provided by the U.S. National Register of Historic Places and a review of the Massachusetts Cultural Resource Information System (MACRIS), no historic properties have been established to be present at the project site, and discharges and discharge-related activities are not considered to have the potential to affect historic properties. The discharge is considered to meet Criterion A. Documentation is included in Appendix E. Note that a review of MACRIS was performed for both 150 Seaport Boulevard and Northern Avenue, as Northern Avenue is the former street name of Seaport Boulevard.

DETERMINATION OF ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT ELIGIBILITY

According to the guidelines outlined in Appendix I of the 2017 NPDES RGP, a preliminary determination for the action area associated with this project was established using the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service



(FWS) Information, Planning, and Conservation (IPAC) online system; a copy of the determination is attached in Appendix F. Based on the results of the determination, the project and action area are considered to meet FWS Criterion A as no listed species or critical habitat have been established to be present within the project action area. Additionally, a MassDEP Phase 1 site Assessment Map is included in Appendix F, which confirms that no critical habitats are present at the site.

It is our understanding that listed species under the jurisdiction of National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) are the Atlantic Sturgeon and the Shortnose Sturgeon, as well as two species of whales (North Atlantic Right Whale and Fin Whale and four species of sea turtles (Loggerhead Sea Turtle, Kemp's Ridley Sea Turtle, Leatherback Sea Turtle, Green Sea Turtle) in the marine environment. Based upon our review of National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Protected Resources Section 7 Program Species Information and Maps, accessed by Haley & Aldrich on 25 October 2018, no listed species under the jurisdiction of NMFS have been established to be present within the project action area. Tables providing the regions and nearshore areas of importance for each of the NMFS listed species are provided in Appendix F.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

An application for a temporary construction dewatering permit is being submitted to the City of Boston; a copy of the application is provided in Appendix C. Approval will be received prior to the start of discharge. A Best Management Practices Plan (BMPP), which outlines the proposed discharge operations covered under the RGP, will be available at the site.

Owner and Operator Information

Owner:

150 Seaport LLC 250 Northern Avenue, Suite 400 Boston, Massachusetts 02210

Attn: Jon Cronin

Operator:

John Moriarty & Associates 3 Church Street, Suite 2 Winchester, MA 01890 Attn: Rick Lennon

CLOSING

Thank you for your consideration. Please feel free to contact us should you have any questions or require additional information.

Sincerely yours,

HALEY & ALDRICH, INC.

Samantha Butwill, EIT

Engineer

Lee S. Vanzler, P.E.



TABLE I
SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER QUALITY DATA
150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD
BOSTON, MA
FILE NO. 132470-004

	Regulato	ry Criteria					
Location Name	MCP		HA17-2 (OW)				
Sample Name	Reportable	2017 NPDES RGP	HA17-2 (OW)-20180718	HA17-2 (OW)	HA17-2 (OW)		
Sample Date	Concentration	Project-Specific Effluent	07/18/2018	9/12/2018	10/2/2018		
Lab Sample ID	RCGW-2	Limits	L1827537-01	L1836195-01	L1839688-01		
Lab Sample ID	2014	Litties	L1830713-01	F1020127-01	L1033000-U1		
Volatile Organic Compounds (ug/L)							
SUM Of BTEX Compounds	NA	100	ND	-	-		
SUM of Volatile Organic Compounds	ND	NA	ND	-	-		
Volatile Organic Compounds SIM (ug/L)							
SUM of Volatile Organic Compounds SIM	ND	NA	ND	-	-		
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (ug/L)							
SUM of Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds	ND	NA	ND	-	-		
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SIM) (ug/L)							
SUM of Group II PAHs	NA	100	ND		-		
SUM of Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SIM)	ND	NA NA	ND ND	<u>-</u>	-		
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (mg/L)	-	-	ND (4)				
Petroleum hydrocarbons	5	5	ND (4)	-	-		
Dissolved Metals (mg/L)							
Chromium VI (Hexavalent)	0.3	NA	ND (0.01)	-	-		
Lead	0.01	NA	0.12	ND (0.01)	0.228		
Total Metals (mg/L)							
Antimony	NA	0.206	0.06686	-	-		
Arsenic	NA	0.104	0.01124	-	-		
Cadmium	NA	0.0102	ND (0.002)	-	-		
Chromium	NA	0.323	ND (0.01)	-	-		
Chromium III (Trivalent)	NA	0.323	ND (0.01)	-	-		
Copper	NA	0.242	ND (0.01)	-	-		
Cyanide	NA	0.178	ND (0.005)	-	-		
Iron	NA	5	2.04	-	-		
Lead	NA	0.0085	<u>0.12</u>	<u>3.58</u>	<u>0.202</u>		
Mercury	NA	0.000739	ND (0.0002)	-	-		
Nickel	NA	1.45	ND (0.02)	-	-		
Selenium	NA	0.2358	ND (0.05)	-	-		
Silver	NA	0.0351	ND (0.004)	-	-		
Zinc	NA	0.086	0.3123	-	-		
PCBs (ug/L)							
Aroclor-1016 (PCB-1016)	5	NA	ND (0.25)	-	-		
Aroclor-1221 (PCB-1221)	5	NA	ND (0.25)	-	-		
Aroclor-1232 (PCB-1232)	5	NA	ND (0.25)	-	-		
Aroclor-1242 (PCB-1242)	5	NA	ND (0.25)	-	-		
Aroclor-1248 (PCB-1248)	5	NA	ND (0.25)	-	-		
Aroclor-1254 (PCB-1254)	5	NA	ND (0.25)	-	-		
Aroclor-1260 (PCB-1260)	5	NA	ND (0.2)	-	-		
SUM of PCBs	5	0.000064	ND	-	-		
Other							
Total Ammonia (mg/L)	NA	Report	0.276	-	-		
Total Chloride (mg/L)	NA	Report	17900	-	_		
Total Residual Chlorine (mg/L)	NA	0.0075	ND (0.02)	-	-		
Total phenols (mg/L)	NA	1.08	ND (0.02)	-	-		
Total Suspended Solids (TSS) (mg/L)	NA	30	5.8	-	-		
Total Suspended Solids (199) (IIIB/ L)	IVA	50	5.0		I		

ABBREVIATIONS AND NOTES:

-: Not Analyzed

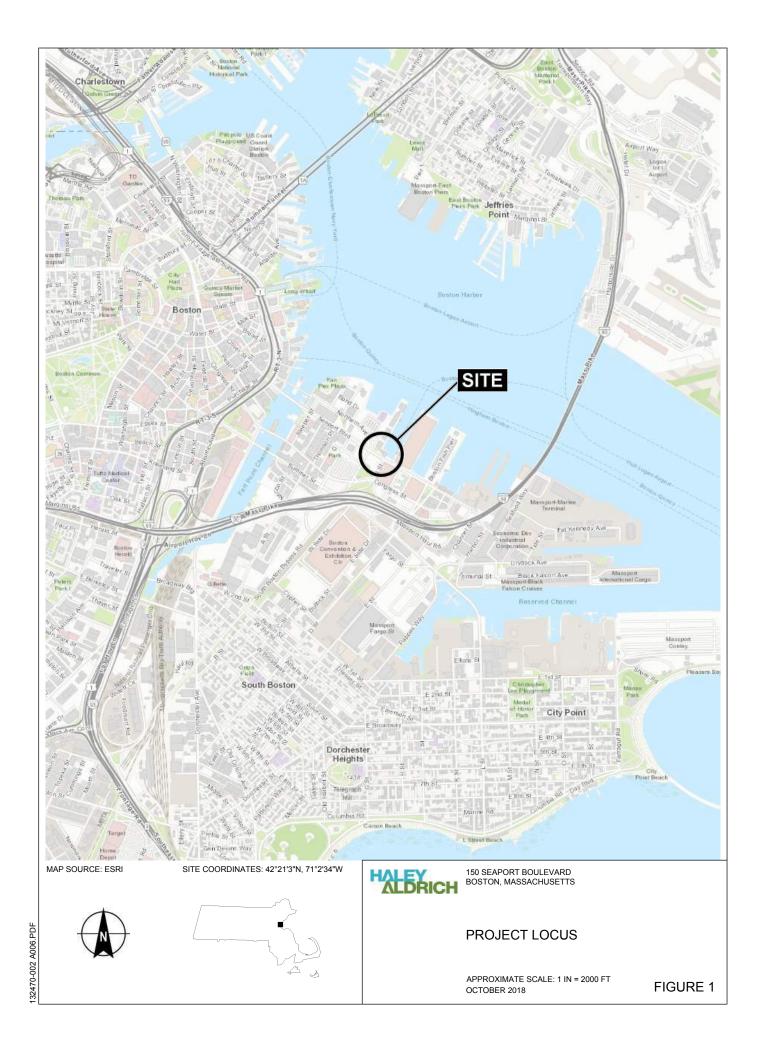
NA: Not Applicable

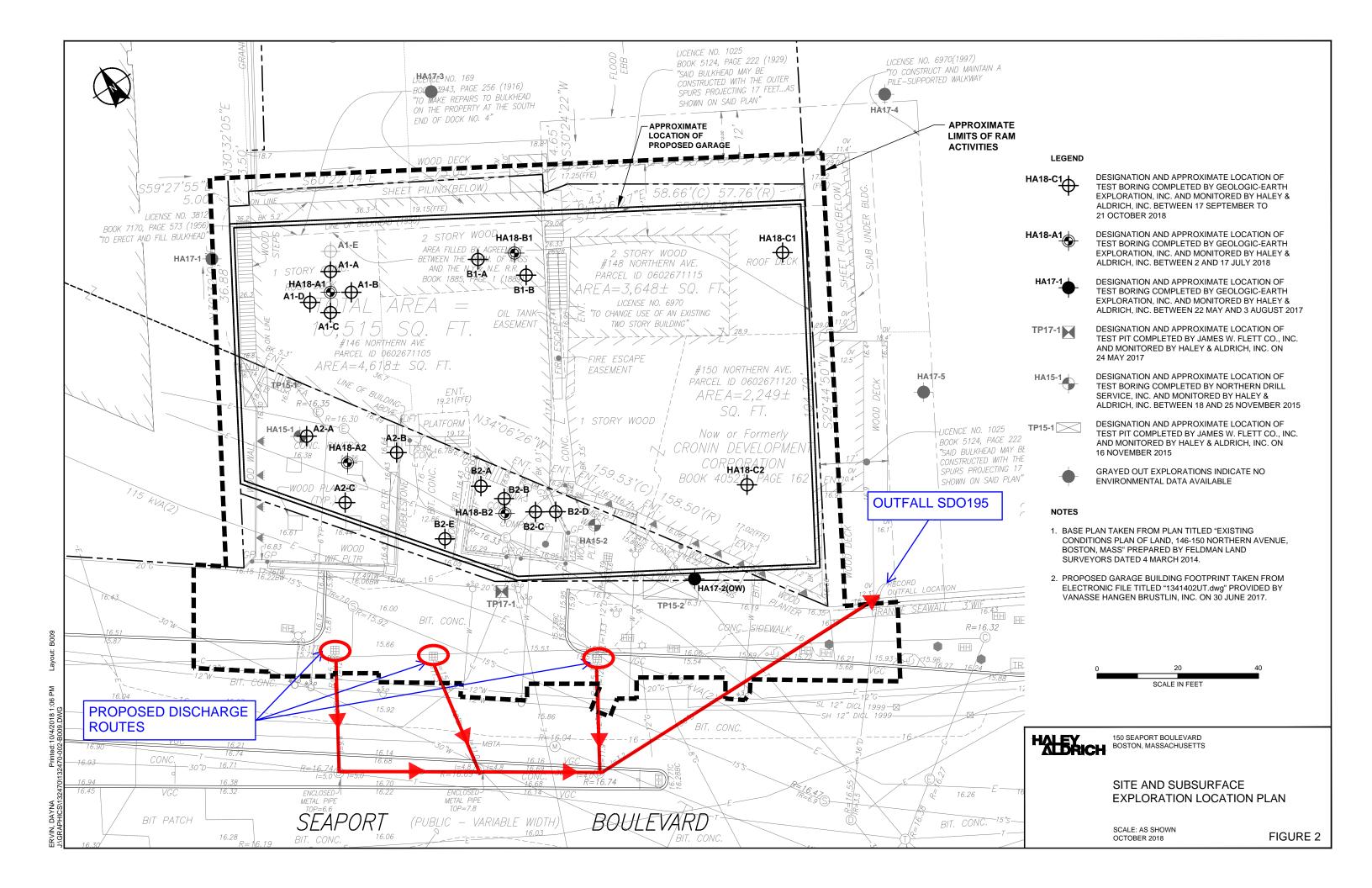
ND (2.5): Not detected, number in parentheses is the laboratory detection limit

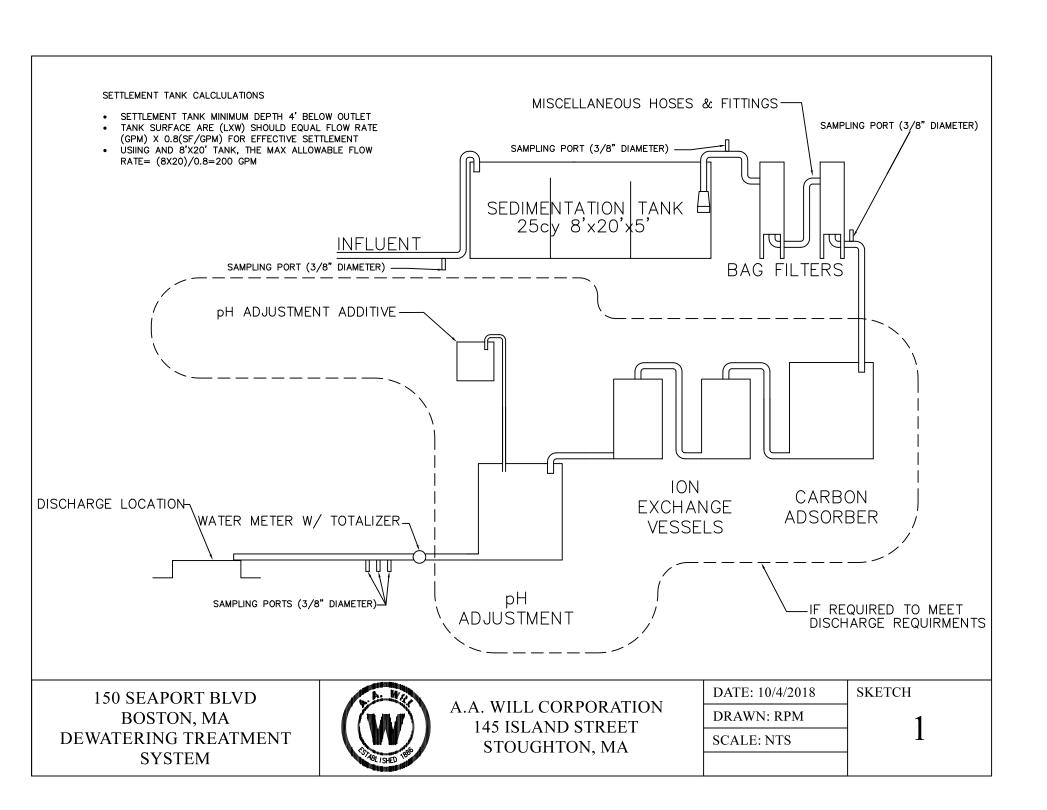
- Volatile and Semi-Volatile Organic analytes detected in at least one sample are reported herein. For a complete list of analytes see the laboratory data sheets.
- $\ \, \text{Bold values indicate an exceedance of the \textbf{RCGW-2} \ criteria.} \ \ \text{RCGW-2 for metals is based on dissolved concentrations}.$
- Underlined values indicate an exceedance of the $\underline{\text{NPDES RGP}}$ criteria.
- $\ \, \text{Bold underlined values indicate an exceedance of the } \ \, \underline{\textbf{RCGW-2 and NPDES RGP}} \ \, \text{criteria}. \ \, \text{RCGW-2 for metals is based on dissolved concentrations}.$

TABLE II
SUMMARY OF SURFACE WATER QUALITY DATA
150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD
BOSTON, MA
FILE NO. 132470-004

	Location Name	HASW
	Sample Name	HASW_07182018
	Sample Date	07/18/2018
	Lab Sample ID	L1827531-01
Other		
Total Ammonia (mg/L)		0.194
pH (lab)		7.7
Total Salinity (SU)		16







APPENDIX A

Notice of Intent (NOI)



II. Suggested Format for the Remediation General Permit Notice of Intent (NOI)

A. General site information:

1. Name of site:	Site address: 150 Seaport Boulevard							
150 Seaport Boulevard	Street:							
	City: Boston		State: MA	^{Zip:} 02210				
2. Site owner 150 Seaport LLC	Contact Person: Jon Cronin							
100 Ocaport LLO	Telephone: (617) 737-2366	Email: jon	@joncronin	.com				
	Mailing address: 250 Northern Avenue, Suite 400)						
	Street:							
Owner is (check one): ☐ Federal ☐ State/Tribal ■ Private ☐ Other; if so, specify:	City: Boston		State: MA	Zip: 02210				
3. Site operator, if different than owner	Contact Person: Rick Lennon							
John Moriarty & Associates	Telephone: 781-760-7387	Email: rler	nnon@jm-a.com					
	Mailing address:							
	3 Church Street, Suite 2							
	City: Winchester		State: MA	Zip: 01890				
4. NPDES permit number assigned by EPA:	5. Other regulatory program(s) that apply to the site (check all that apply):							
not applicable	■ MA Chapter 21e; list RTN(s):	□ CERCL	₋ A					
NDDES parmit is (sheek all that apply) DGD DGD CGD	3-35200	☐ UIC Program						
NPDES permit is (check all that apply: ■ RGP □ DGP □ CGP □ MSGP □ Individual NPDES permit □ Other; if so, specify:	☐ NH Groundwater Management Permit or Groundwater Release Detection Permit:	☐ POTW Pretreatment						
Misor is marviauar in Des permit is outer, it so, specify.	Countrated Release December 1 chillies	□ CWA Section 404						

VIII? (check one):

■ Yes □ No

so, indicate waterbody:

D	D		· C	4.9
ь.	Receivin	g water	inior	mation:

B. Receiving water information:									
1. Name of receiving water(s):	Waterbody identification of receiving water	(s): Classif	cation of receiving water(s):						
Boston Inner Harbor	MA70-02	MA70-02 SB(CSO)							
Receiving water is (check any that apply): □ Outstar	nding Resource Water □ Ocean Sanctuary □ territo	rial sea □ Wild and Scenic F	tiver						
2. Has the operator attached a location map in accord	lance with the instructions in B, above? (check one)	: ■ Yes □ No							
Are sensitive receptors present near the site? (check of If yes, specify:	one): □ Yes ■ No								
3. Indicate if the receiving water(s) is listed in the Stapollutants indicated. Also, indicate if a final TMDL i 4.6 of the RGP. Impaired: Cause - Entercoccus, Fecal Contact, fish consumption, and shellfish		nore information contact the	appropriate State as noted in Part						
4. Indicate the seven day-ten-year low flow (7Q10) of Appendix V for sites located in Massachusetts and A	of the receiving water determined in accordance with	the instructions in	0						
5. Indicate the requested dilution factor for the calcul accordance with the instructions in Appendix V for s			1:1						
6. Has the operator received confirmation from the all f yes, indicate date confirmation received:7. Has the operator attached a summary of receiving		,							
(check one): ■ Yes □ No									
C. Source water information:									
1. Source water(s) is (check any that apply):									
■ Contaminated groundwater	☐ Contaminated surface water	☐ The receiving water	☐ Potable water; if so, indicate municipality or origin:						
Has the operator attached a summary of influent sampling results as required in Part 4.2 of the RGP	Has the operator attached a summary of influent sampling results as required in Part 4.2 of the	☐ A surface water other than the receiving water; if							
in accordance with the instruction in Appendix	RGP in accordance with the instruction in	ction in so indicate waterbody:							

Appendix VIII? (check one):

□ Yes ■ No

2. Source water contaminants: Pb, Sb, As, Fe, Zn					
a. For source waters that are contaminated groundwater or contaminated surface water, indicate are any contaminants present that are not included in	b. For a source water that is a surface water other than the receiving water, potable water or other, indicate any contaminants present at the maximum concentration in accordance				
the RGP? (check one): ☐ Yes ■ No If yes, indicate the contaminant(s) and the maximum concentration present in accordance with the instructions in Appendix VIII.	with the instructions in Appendix VIII? (check one): ☐ Yes ☐ No				
3. Has the source water been previously chlorinated or otherwise contains reside	ual chlorine? (check one): □ Yes ■ No				
D. Discharge information					
1.The discharge(s) is a(n) (check any that apply): □ Existing discharge ■ New	discharge New source				
Outfall(s): Outfall location(s): (Latitude, Longitude) SDO195 42°21'02.6"N 71°02'33.7"W Boston Harbor Outfall 42.350715, -71.042690					
Discharges enter the receiving water(s) via (check any that apply): □ Direct dis	charge to the receiving water ■ Indirect discharge, if so, specify:				
☐ A private storm sewer system ■ A municipal storm sewer system If the discharge enters the receiving water via a private or municipal storm sewer	er system:				
Has notification been provided to the owner of this system? (check one): ■ Yes	s □ No				
Has the operator has received permission from the owner to use such system for obtaining permission: BWSC permit is being simultaneously submitted. At Has the operator attached a summary of any additional requirements the owner	,				
Provide the expected start and end dates of discharge(s) (month/year): 12/2018					
Indicate if the discharge is expected to occur over a duration of: \Box less than 12	2 months ■ 12 months or more □ is an emergency discharge				
Has the operator attached a site plan in accordance with the instructions in D, al	bove? (check one): ■ Yes □ No				

2. Activity Category: (check all that apply)	3. Contamination Type Category: (check all that apply)						
	a. If Activity Category I or II: (check all that apply)						
	 □ A. Inorganics □ B. Non-Halogenated Volatile Organic Compounds □ C. Halogenated Volatile Organic Compounds □ D. Non-Halogenated Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds □ E. Halogenated Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds □ F. Fuels Parameters 						
☐ I – Petroleum-Related Site Remediation☐ II – Non-Petroleum-Related Site Remediation	b. If Activity Category III, IV, V, VI, VII or VIII: (check either G or H)						
■ III – Contaminated Site Dewatering □ IV – Dewatering of Pipelines and Tanks	■ G. Sites with Known Contamination	☐ H. Sites with Unknown Contamination					
 □ V – Aquifer Pump Testing □ VI – Well Development/Rehabilitation □ VII – Collection Structure Dewatering/Remediation 	c. If Category III-G, IV-G, V-G, VI-G, VII-G or VIII-G: (check all that apply)						
□ VIII – Dredge-Related Dewatering	■ A. Inorganics						
	■ B. Non-Halogenated Volatile Organic Compounds □ C. Halogenated Volatile Organic Compounds	d. If Category III-H, IV-H, V-H, VI-H, VII-H or VIII-H Contamination Type Categories A through F apply					
	■ D. Non-Halogenated Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds						
	■ E. Halogenated Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds						
	■ F. Fuels Parameters						

4. Influent and Effluent Characteristics

	Known	Known				In	fluent	Effluent Li	mitations
Parameter	or believed absent	or believed present	# of samples	Test method (#)	Detection limit (µg/l)	Daily maximum (µg/l)	Daily average (µg/l)	TBEL	WQBEL
A. Inorganics									
Ammonia		✓	1 +	4500NH3+	75 +	276		Report mg/L	
Chloride		✓	1 +	300.0	12300	17900000	17900000 ±	Report μg/l	
Total Residual Chlorine	✓		1 +	4500CL-I+		0 +	0 +	0.2 mg/L	7.5 ug/L
Total Suspended Solids		1	1 +	2540D +	5000	5800	5800 ±	30 mg/L	
Antimony		1	1 +	200.8	40 +	66.86	66.86	206 μg/L	
Arsenic		1	1 +	200.8		11.24		104 μg/L	
Cadmium		✓	1 +	200.8	2 +	0	0 +	10.2 μg/L	
Chromium III		✓	1 +	200.8	1 +	0 +	0 +	323 μg/L	
Chromium VI			0 +	7196A +	10 +	0 +	0 +	323 μg/L	
Copper		✓	1 +	200.8 +	10 +	0 +	0 +	242 μg/L	
Iron		✓	1 +	200.7 +	50 +	2040	2040 +	5,000 μg/L	
Lead		✓	3 +	200.8		3580	1301 +	160 μg/L	8.5 ug/L
Mercury		/	1 +	245.1 +		0 +		0.739 μg/L	
Nickel		✓	1 +	200.8	20 +			1,450 μg/L	
Selenium	1		1 +	200.8	50 +	0 +	0 +	235.8 μg/L	
Silver		✓	1 +	200.8			+	35.1 μg/L	
Zinc		✓	1 +	200.8	100	312.3	312.3	420 μg/L	86 ug/L
Cyanide	1		1 +					178 mg/L	
B. Non-Halogenated VOCs	3								
Total BTEX	✓		1 +	624.1 +	NA +	0 +	0 +	100 μg/L	
Benzene		✓	1 +	624.1 +	1 +	0		5.0 μg/L	
1,4 Dioxane	V		1 +	624.1 +	50 +	0 +	0	200 μg/L	
Acetone		v	1 #	624.1 +		0 +	0 +	7.97 mg/L	
Phenol	✓ ·			624.1 +				1,080 μg/L	

	Known	Known				Inf	luent	Effluent Li	mitations
Parameter	or believed absent	or believed present	# of samples	Test method (#)	Detection limit (µg/l)	Daily maximum (µg/l)	Daily average (µg/l)	TBEL	WQBEL
C. Halogenated VOCs									
Carbon Tetrachloride	✓		1 +	624.1 +	1 +	0 +	0 +	4.4 μg/L	NA +
1,2 Dichlorobenzene	'		1 +	624.1 +	5 +	0 +	0 +	600 μg/L	
1,3 Dichlorobenzene	'		1 +	624.1	5 +	0 +	0 +	320 μg/L	
1,4 Dichlorobenzene	·		1 +	624.1 +	5 +	0 +	0 +	5.0 μg/L	
Total dichlorobenzene	V		1 +	624.1 +	5 +	0 +	0 +	763 μg/L in NH	
1,1 Dichloroethane	✓		1 +	624.1 +	1.5 +	0 +	0 +	70 μg/L	
1,2 Dichloroethane	'		1 +	624.1	1.5 +	0 +	0 +	5.0 μg/L	
1,1 Dichloroethylene	·		1 +	624.1	1 +	0 +	0 +	3.2 μg/L	
Ethylene Dibromide	·		1 +	624.1	2 +	0 +	0 +	0.05 μg/L	
Methylene Chloride	·		1 +	624.1	1 #	0 +	0 +	4.6 μg/L	
1,1,1 Trichloroethane	1		1 +		2 +	0 +	0 +	200 μg/L	
1,1,2 Trichloroethane	·		1 +		1.5	0 +	0 +	5.0 μg/L	
Trichloroethylene	·		1 =	624.1		0 +	0 +	5.0 μg/L	
Tetrachloroethylene	V		1 +		1.5 +	0 +	0 +	5.0 μg/L	NA ±
cis-1,2 Dichloroethylene	V		1 +	624.1		0 +	0 +	70 μg/L	
Vinyl Chloride	✓		1 +	624.1	1 +	0 +	0 +	2.0 μg/L	
D. Non-Halogenated SVOC	Ta								
Total Phthalates	.s 		1 +	625.1 +	NA +	0 +	0 +	190 μg/L	
Diethylhexyl phthalate	/		1 +	625.1 +		0 +	0 +	101 μg/L	
Total Group I PAHs		✓	1 +		0.1	0 +	0 +	1.0 μg/L	
Benzo(a)anthracene		✓	1 +		0.1 +	0 +	0 +	. 0	
Benzo(a)pyrene		✓	1 +		0.1 +	0 +	0 +		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		✓ /	1 +		0.1 +	0 +	0 +		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene		1	1 #			0 +		As Total PAHs	
Chrysene		✓ /	1 +		0.1	0 +	0 +		
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene		✓ /	1 +		0.1 +	0 +	0 +		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene		✓	1 +		0.1 +	0 +	0 +		

	Known	Known					In	fluent	Effluent Lir	nitations
Parameter	or believed absent	or believed present	# of samples	Test method (#)	Detection limit (µg/l)		Daily maximum (µg/l)	Daily average (µg/l)	TBEL	WQBEL
Total Group II PAHs		✓	1 +	625.1	0.1	+ (0 +	0 +	100 μg/L	
Naphthalene		✓	1 +	625.1	0.1	<u> </u>		0 +	20 μg/L	
E H L LOVOC										
E. Halogenated SVOCs Total PCBs		·	1 +	608.3	0.250	+ (0 🗖	0 +	0.000064 μg/L	
Pentachlorophenol	/	•	1 +		0.80	1 (0 4	0 +	1.0 μg/L	
1 entuemorophenor			1	623.1-81N					1.0 μg/L	
F. Fuels Parameters										
Total Petroleum		•	1 +	1664A +	4000	+) +	0 +	5.0 mg/L	
Hydrocarbons	_	•								
Ethanol	✓		0 +			_) 🛨		Report mg/L	
Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether	✓		1 +	624.1	1	+ (+	0 +	70 μg/L 120 μg/L in MA	
tert-Butyl Alcohol	✓		1 +	624.1	10	H () +	0 +	40 μg/L in NH	
tert-Amyl Methyl Ether	1		1 #	624.1	2	+ () +	0 +	90 μg/L in MA 140 μg/L in NH	
Other (i.e., pH, temperature	, hardness,	salinity, LC	1					7.7 (SU) +		
		✓	1 +				_			
Cymene (P-Isopropyltoluene) +		•	1 +	624.1	1.9	+ () +	0 +		
						+				
						+				

E. Treatment system information

1. Indicate the type(s) of treatment that will be applied to effluent prior to discharge: (check all that apply)	
□ Adsorption/Absorption □ Advanced Oxidation Processes □ Air Stripping □ Granulated Activated Carbon ("GAC")/Liquid Phase Carbon Adsorption □ Ion Exchange □ Precipitation/Coagulation/Flocculation ■ Separation/Filtration □ Other; if so, specify:	
2. Provide a written description of all treatment system(s) or processes that will be applied to the effluent prior to discharge. Prior to discharge, collected water is routed through a sedimentation tank and bag filters to remove suspended solids and undissolved chemical constituents. A Notice of C will be submitted to EPA if additional treatment components need to be mobilized at the site.	Change (NOC)
Identify each major treatment component (check any that apply):	
■ Fractionation tanks□ Equalization tank □ Oil/water separator □ Mechanical filter □ Media filter	
□ Chemical feed tank □ Air stripping unit ■ Bag filter □ Other; if so, specify:	
Indicate if either of the following will occur (check any that apply): □ Chlorination □ De-chlorination	
3. Provide the design flow capacity in gallons per minute (gpm) of the most limiting component. Indicate the most limiting component: Flowmeter Is use of a flow meter feasible? (check one): ■ Yes □ No, if so, provide justification:	170 gpm
Provide the proposed maximum effluent flow in gpm.	150 gpm
Provide the average effluent flow in gpm.	50 gpm
If Activity Category IV applies, indicate the estimated total volume of water that will be discharged:	NA
4. Has the operator attached a schematic of flow in accordance with the instructions in E, above? (check one): ■ Yes □ No	

F. Chemical and additive information

1. Indicate the type(s) of chemical or additive that will be applied to effluent prior to discharge or that may otherwise be present in the discharge(s): (check all that apply)
□ Algaecides/biocides □ Antifoams □ Coagulants □ Corrosion/scale inhibitors □ Disinfectants □ Flocculants □ Neutralizing agents □ Oxidants □ Oxygen □
scavengers □ pH conditioners □ Bioremedial agents, including microbes □ Chlorine or chemicals containing chlorine □ Other; if so, specify:
2. Provide the following information for each chemical/additive, using attachments, if necessary:
a. Product name, chemical formula, and manufacturer of the chemical/additive; b. Purpose or use of the chemical/additive or remedial agent; c. Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) and Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) Registry number for each chemical/additive; d. The frequency (hourly, daily, etc.), duration (hours, days), quantity (maximum and average), and method of application for the chemical/additive; e. Any material compatibility risks for storage and/or use including the control measures used to minimize such risks; and f. If available, the vendor's reported aquatic toxicity (NOAEL and/or LC50 in percent for aquatic organism(s)).
3. Has the operator attached an explanation which demonstrates that the addition of such chemicals/additives may be authorized under this general permit in accordance
with the instructions in F, above? (check one): \square Yes \square No; if no, has the operator attached data that demonstrates each of the 126 priority pollutants in CWA Section 307(a) and 40 CFR Part 423.15(j)(1) are non-detect in discharges with the addition of the proposed chemical/additive?
(check one): ☐ Yes ☐ No
G. Endangered Species Act eligibility determination
1. Indicate under which criterion the discharge(s) is eligible for coverage under this general permit:
■ FWS Criterion A: No endangered or threatened species or critical habitat are in proximity to the discharges or related activities or come in contact with the "action area".
□ FWS Criterion B : Formal or informal consultation with the FWS under section 7 of the ESA resulted in either a no jeopardy opinion (formal consultation) or a written concurrence by FWS on a finding that the discharges and related activities are "not likely to adversely affect" listed species or critical habitat
(informal consultation). Has the operator completed consultation with FWS? (check one): ☐ Yes ☐ No; if no, is consultation underway? (check one): ☐
Yes □ No
FWS Criterion C: Using the best scientific and commercial data available, the effect of the discharges and related activities on listed species and critical habitat have been evaluated. Based on those evaluations, a determination is made by EPA, or by the operator and affirmed by EPA, that the discharges and related activities will have "no effect" on any federally threatened or endangered listed species or designated critical habitat under the jurisdiction of the
FWS. This determination was made by: (check one) \square the operator \square EPA \square Other; if so, specify:

■ NMFS Criterion: A determination made by EPA is affirmed by the operator that the discharges and related activities will have "no effect" or are "not likely to adversely affect" any federally threatened or endangered listed species or critical habitat under the jurisdiction of NMFS and will not result in any take of						
listed species. Has the operator previously completed consultation with NMFS? (check one): ☐ Yes ■ No						
2. Has the operator attached supporting documentation of ESA eligibility in accordance with the instructions in Appendix I, and G, above? (check one): ■ Yes □ No						
Does the supporting documentation include any written concurrence or finding provided by the Services? (check one): ☐ Yes ■ No; if yes, attach.						
H. National Historic Preservation Act eligibility determination						
1. Indicate under which criterion the discharge(s) is eligible for coverage under this general permit:						
■ Criterion A: No historic properties are present. The discharges and discharge-related activities (e.g., BMPs) do not have the potential to cause effects on historic properties.						
☐ Criterion B: Historic properties are present. Discharges and discharge related activities do not have the potential to cause effects on historic properties.						
□ Criterion C : Historic properties are present. The discharges and discharge-related activities have the potential to have an effect or will have an adverse effect on historic properties.						
2. Has the operator attached supporting documentation of NHPA eligibility in accordance with the instructions in H, above? (check one): ■ Yes □ No						
Does the supporting documentation include any written agreement with the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO), Tribal Historic Preservation Officer (TPHO), or other tribal representative that outlines measures the operator will carry out to mitigate or prevent any adverse effects on historic properties? (check one): \square Yes \blacksquare No						
I. Supplemental information						
Describe any supplemental information being provided with the NOI. Include attachments if required or otherwise necessary.						
Refer to attached Haley & Aldrich, Inc. letter						
Has the operator attached data, including any laboratory case narrative and chain of custody used to support the application? (check one): ■ Yes □ No						
Has the operator attached the certification requirement for the Best Management Practices Plan (BMPP)? (check one): ■ Yes □ No						

Print Name and Title:

J. Certification requirement

of the third in the time in th	
I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person o persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and no personal knowledge that the information submitted is other than true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there a information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.	r persons who manage the system, or those belief, true, accurate, and complete. I have
A BMPP meeting the requirements of this general permit will be implementation statement:	ented at the site.
Notification provided to the appropriate State, including a copy of this NOI, if required.	Check one: Yes □ No ■
Notification provided to the municipality in which the discharge is located, including a copy of this NOI, if requested.	Check one: Yes ■ No □
Notification provided to the owner of a private or municipal storm sewer system, if such system is used for site	Check one: Yes ■ No □ NA □
discharges, including a copy of this NOI, if requested. Permission obtained from the owner of a private or municipal storm sewer system, if such system is used for site	BWSC PERMIT IS BEING SUBMITTED SIMULTANEOUSLY. PERMISSION FROM BWSC IS ANTICIPATED IN 4-6 WEEKS
discharges. If yes, attach additional conditions. If no, attach explanation and timeframe for obtaining permission.	Check one: Yes □ No ■ NA □
Notification provided to the owner/operator of the area associated with activities covered by an additional discharge permit(s). Additional discharge permit is (check one): □ RGP □ DGP □ CGP □ MSGP □ Individual NPDES permit □ Other; if so, specify:	Check one: Yes □ No □ NA ■
gnature: R-LMMM	ate: $10/24/18$

Rick Lennon, Site Superintendent

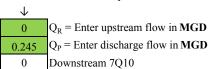
APPENDIX B

Dilution Factor and Effluent Limit Calculations



Enter number values in green boxes below

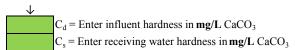
Enter values in the units specified



Enter a dilution factor, if other than zero



Enter values in the units specified



Enter receiving water concentrations in the units specified

\perp	_
7.7	pH in Standard Units
12	Temperature in °C
0.194	Ammonia in mg/L
0	Hardness in mg/L CaCO
16	Salinity in ppt
0	Antimony in μg/L
0	Arsenic in μg/L
0	Cadmium in µg/L
0	Chromium III in μg/L
0	Chromium VI in μg/L
0	Copper in µg/L
0	Iron in μg/L
0	Lead in μg/L
0	Mercury in μg/L
0	Nickel in μg/L
0	Selenium in μg/L
0	Silver in μg/L
0	Zinc in μg/L
	-

Enter influent concentrations in the units specified

Linci IIII	uent concentrations in the units s
<u> </u>	1
0	TRC in µg/L
0.276	Ammonia in mg/L
66.86	Antimony in μg/L
11.24	Arsenic in μg/L
0	Cadmium in μg/L
0	Chromium III in µg/L
0	Chromium VI in µg/L
0	Copper in µg/L
2040	Iron in μg/L
120	Lead in μg/L
0	Mercury in μg/L
0	Nickel in μg/L
0	Selenium in μg/L
0	Silver in μg/L
312.3	Zinc in μg/L
0	Cyanide in μg/L
0	Phenol in μg/L
0	Carbon Tetrachloride in µg/L
0	Tetrachloroethylene in µg/L
0	Total Phthalates in µg/L
0	Diethylhexylphthalate in μg/L
0	Benzo(a)anthracene in μg/L
0	Benzo(a)pyrene in μg/L
0	Benzo(b)fluoranthene in μg/L
0	Benzo(k)fluoranthene in μg/L
0	Chrysene in µg/L
0	Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene in μg/L
0	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene in μg/L
0	Methyl-tert butyl ether in μg/L

Notes:

Freshwater: Q_R equal to the 7Q10; enter alternate Q_R if approved by the State; enter 0 if no dilution factor approved Saltwater (estuarine and marine): enter Q_R if approved by the State; enter 0 if no entry Discharge flow is equal to the design flow or 1 MGD, whichever is less Only if approved by State as the entry for Q_R ; leave 0 if no entry

Saltwater (estuarine and marine): only if approved by the State Leave 0 if no entry

Freshwater only

pH, temperature, and ammonia required for all discharges Hardness required for freshwater $Salinity\ required\ for\ saltwater\ (estuarine\ and\ marine)$ Metals required for all discharges if present and if dilution factor is >1 Enter 0 if non-detect or testing not required

if >1 sample, enter maximum if >10 samples, may enter 95th percentile Enter 0 if non-detect or testing not required **Dilution Factor** 1.0

Dilution Factor	1.0				Compliance Level	
A. Inorganics	TBEL applies if	bolded	WQBEL applies i	if bolded	applies if shown	
Ammonia	Report	mg/L				
Chloride	Report	μg/L				
Total Residual Chlorine	0.2	mg/L	7.5	μg/L	50	μg/L
Total Suspended Solids	30	mg/L		W 8 -		M8 =
Antimony	206	μg/L	640	μg/L		
Arsenic	104		36			
Cadmium	10.2	μg/L	8.9	μg/L		
Chromium III		μg/L	100.0	μg/L		
Chromium VI	323	μg/L		μg/L		
	323	μg/L	50	μg/L		
Copper	242	μg/L	3.7	μg/L		
Iron	5000	μg/L		μg/L		
Lead	160	μg/L	8.5	μg/L		
Mercury	0.739	μg/L	1.11	$\mu g/L$		
Nickel	1450	$\mu g/L$	8.3	$\mu g/L$		
Selenium	235.8	$\mu g/L$	71	$\mu g/L$		
Silver	35.1	$\mu g/L$	2.2	$\mu g/L$		
Zinc	420	$\mu g/L$	86	$\mu g/L$		
Cyanide	178	mg/L	1.0	$\mu g/L$		μg/L
B. Non-Halogenated VOCs						
Total BTEX	100	μg/L				
Benzene 1,4 Dioxane	5.0 200	μg/L μg/L				
Acetone	7.97	μg/L mg/L				
Phenol	1,080	μg/L	300	μg/L		
C. Halogenated VOCs						
Carbon Tetrachloride	4.4	ar.	1.6	μg/L		
1,2 Dichlorobenzene1,3 Dichlorobenzene	600 320	μg/L μg/L				
1,4 Dichlorobenzene	5.0	μg/L μg/L				
Total dichlorobenzene		μg/L				
1,1 Dichloroethane	70	μg/L				
1,2 Dichloroethane	5.0	μg/L				
1,1 Dichloroethylene	3.2	μg/L				
Ethylene Dibromide Methylene Chloride	0.05 4.6	μg/L μg/L				
1,1,1 Trichloroethane	200	μg/L				
1,1,2 Trichloroethane	5.0	μg/L				
Trichloroethylene	5.0	$\mu g/L$				
Tetrachloroethylene	5.0	μg/L	3.3	μg/L		
cis-1,2 Dichloroethylene Vinyl Chloride	70 2.0	μg/L μg/L				
D. Non-Halogenated SVOCs		μg/ <u>L</u>				
Total Phthalates	190	$\mu g/L$		$\mu g/L$		
Diethylhexyl phthalate	101	$\mu g/L$	2.2	$\mu g/L$		
Total Group I Polycyclic	1.0	u a/I				
Aromatic Hydrocarbons Benzo(a)anthracene	1.0	μg/L μg/L	0.0038	μg/L		μg/L
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.0	μg/L	0.0038	μg/L		μg/L
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.0	μg/L	0.0038	μg/L		μg/L
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.0	μg/L	0.0038	μg/L		μg/L
Chrysene Dibarra (a h) anthra ann	1.0	μg/L	0.0038	μg/L		μg/L
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.0 1.0	μg/L μg/L	0.0038 0.0038	μg/L μg/L		μg/L μg/L
Total Group II Polycyclic	110	MB/ L	0.0050	M 5/ 2		MS E
Aromatic Hydrocarbons	100	$\mu g/L$				
Naphthalene Naphthalene	20	μg/L				
E. Halogenated SVOCs Total Polyablerinated Pinhanyla	0 0000 <i><</i> 4	~/T			0.5	,,, ~/T
Total Polychlorinated Biphenyls Pentachlorophenol	0.000064 1.0	μg/L μg/L			0.5	μg/L
F. Fuels Parameters	1.0	ME/L				
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	5.0	mg/L				
Ethanol	Report	mg/L				
Methyl-tert-Butyl Ether	70	μg/L	20	μg/L		
tert-Butyl Alcohol tert-Amyl Methyl Ether	120 90	μg/L μg/L				
wate a maya ividuiya Dillol	70	μg/L				

APPENDIX C

Copy of City of Boston Dewatering Permit Application





Haley & Aldrich, Inc. 465 Medford St. Suite 2200 Boston, MA 02129 617.886.7400

23 October 2017 File No. 132470-002

Boston Water and Sewer Commission Engineering Customer Services 900 Harrison Avenue Boston, MA 02119

Attention: Matthew Tuttle

Subject: Request for Approval of Temporary Construction Dewatering

150 Seaport Boulevard Boston, Massachusetts

Dear Mr. Tuttle:

On behalf of our client, 150 Seaport LLC, this letter submits the Dewatering Discharge Permit Application in support of the planned 150 Seaport Boulevard construction.

Dewatering is necessary to enable construction in-the-dry and is anticipated to begin in December 2018 and continue for up to 24 months. Prior to discharge, collected water will be routed through at minimum a sedimentation tank and 5-micron bag filter to remove suspended solids and un-dissolved chemical constituents. Other pre-treatment may be conducted as necessary to comply with NPDES discharge criteria. The site location is shown on Figure 1 and the proposed dewatering discharge route and BWSC outfall location are shown on Figure 2.

A Notice of Intent to discharge under the 2017 NPDES Remediation General Permit (RGP) has been submitted to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). A copy of the submitted application is attached. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact the undersigned at 617-886-7477.

Sincerely yours,

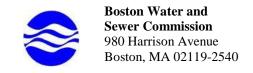
HALEY & ALDRICH, INC.

Samantha Butwill, E.I.T. Michael J. Cronan, LSP Engineer Senior Project Manager

Attachments:

Dewatering Discharge Permit Application Figure 1 – Project Locus Figure 2 – Proposed Discharge Route Copy of NPDES RGP Application

\\haleyaldrich.com\share\bos_common\132470 - 150 Seaport Blvd\\002 - Environmental\SID 3 - Temporary Construction Dewatering\\NPDES RGP Application\\BWSC Permit Application\2018 1004-HAI-150 Seaport BWSC Letter_D1.docx



DEWATERING DISCHARGE PERMIT APPLICATION

OWNER / AUTHORIZED APPLICANT PROVIDE INFORMATION HERE:

Company Name: 150 Seaport LLC	<u> </u>	Address: 250 Northern Aven	ue, Suite 400, Boston, MA 02210	
Phone Number: (617) 737-2366		Fax number: N/A		
Contact person name: Jon Cronin		Title: Authorized Signatory		
Cell number: Email address:jon@joncronin.com				
* '	**	,	Specify):	
Owner's Information (if different				
Owner of property being dewatered	d:			
			none number:	
Location of Discharge & Propose				
Street number and name: 150 Sea	port Boulevard	Neighborhood	i Seaport	
	System(s): Sedir Receivin nticipated Dates of D	mentation tank, bag filters ag Waters <u>Boston Harbor</u>		
□ Accumulated Surface Water		☐ Hydrogeologic Testing	□ Other	
Permanent Discharges □ Foundation Drainage □ Accumulated Surface Water □ Non-contact/Uncontaminated Proces	s	□ Crawl Space/Footing Drain □ Non-contact/Uncontaminated Coo □ Other;		
 Attach a Site Plan showing the source number, size, make and start reading. If discharging to a sanitary or combine as other relevant information. Dewatering Drainage Permit will be de Submit Completed Application to: 	of the discharge and the Note. All discharges to ed sewer, attach a copy of n, attach a copy of EPA' enied or revoked if appli Boston Water and Sew Engineering Customer 980 Harrison Avenue, Attn: Matthew Tuttle, E E-mail: tuttlemp@bws Phone: 617-989-7204	location of the point of discharge (i.e. the Commission's sewer system will be of MWRA's Sewer Use Discharge permits NPDES Permit or NOI application, or licant fails to obtain the necessary permits are Commission Services Boston, MA 02119 Engineering Customer Service accorg	e sewer pipe or catch basin). Include meter type, meter assessed current sewer charges. or application. NPDES Permit exclusion letter for the discharge, as well from MWRA or EPA.	
Signature of Authorized Representative f	or Property Owners		Date:	

APPENDIX D

Contractor's Dewatering Submittal



Bag Filters & Filter Media Manufacturer's Information

Model NCO and NLCO Bag or Cartridge Filter Housings

Low cost filter housings for flow rates to 100 gpm*

NCO high-capacity bag filters offer an exceptional value in basic filtration applications. Offered in trade sizes 1, 2, and 12, the NCO is also available with our Platinum 700 cartridge series.

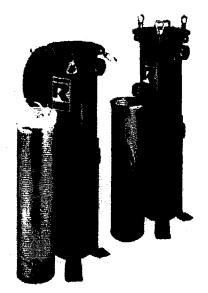
NCO housings provide large dirt-holding capacity combined with a rugged design rated to 150 psi. The housings incorporate an eyenut cover that is easily removed, reducing time spent on bag or cartridge change-out. The NCO bag housing offers versatility for any piping arrangement, utilizing our unistyle design (side and bottom outlet). Two connection sizes are available for both bag and cartridge filters.

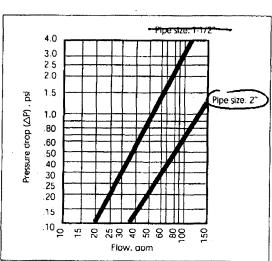
The NCO housings are electropolished creating a smooth, easy-to-clean surface. A variety of filter bags or cartridges (rated 0.5µ absolute to 100µ nominal) can be utilized in this housing. Keep your filtration process cost effective without sacrificing quality.

Features

- Permanently piped housings are opened without special tools
- Carbon or stainless steel housings
- Covers are O-ring sealed
- O-ring seals: Buna N, EPR and Viton®
- 150 psi rated housing
- Heavy-duty basket, over 50% open area
- Uses standard number 1, 2 or 12 size bags and 500 or 700 series cartridges

- Filter selection surface area is:
 2.3 square feet (number 1 size bag),
 4.4 square feet (number 2 size bag),
 5.6 square feet (number 12 size bag)
 68 square feet (500 series cartridge)
 100 square feet (700 series cartridge)
- 1-1/2 inch o 2-inch NPT inlet and outlet
- 1/4-inch NPT vent connection
- Adjustable leg assembly



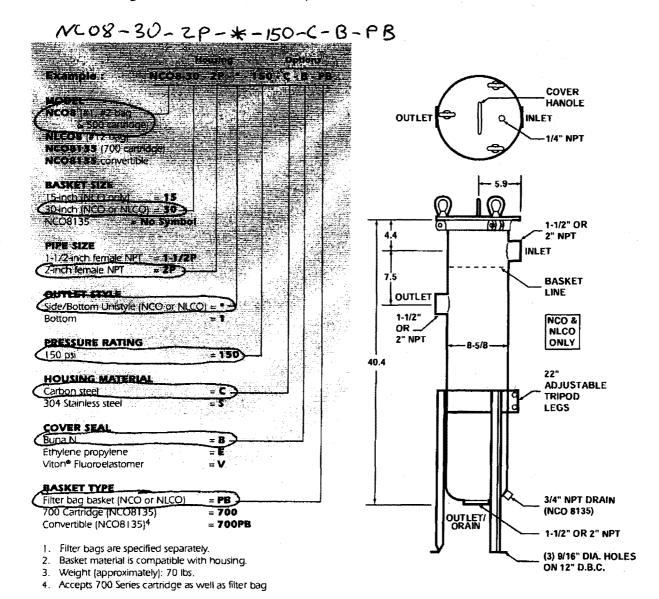


*Based on housing only. Fluid viscosity, filter bag used, and expected dirt loading should be considered when sizing a filter.



How To Order

Build an ordering code as shown in the example.



Dimensions are reference only and should not be used for hard plumbing. Consult factory for certified drawings.

FILTER BAG Design Details

Standard Filter Bag Types

RING TOP BAGS are stocked in sizes 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 9 & 12 with galvanized steel, rings.

MOLDED ROSEDALE TOP BAGS are stocked with polypropylene tops in sizes 1, 2, 3, 4, 8 & 9.

HANDLES are standard on all bags.

ALL STANDARD STOCK BAGS have sewn construction.

FILTER BAG FINISH

Felt filter bags are supplied with a glazed finish to reduce fiber migration. Mesh filter bags are supplied with a plain finish as woven.

Microfiber filter bags have spunbonded covers to prevent fiber migration.

CONSTRUCTION

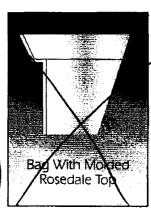
Standard filter bags are typically manufactured with a metal ring, either galvanized carbon steel or stainless steel, sewn in the top of the filter bag. Woven fabric handles are also sewn.

Another design incorporates a molded plastic top. These tops typically are polypropylene or polyester with molded lifting handles. Various types of tops are available to fit specific manufacturers' housings.

All Welded Construction

All seams and the collar are sonically welded, enhancing filtration quality, eliminating leaks and bypass that may have occurred with sewn seams.





Nominal Micron Rating- 50%	High Efficiency Micron Rating- 95%
1	35
. 5	48
10	55
25	65
50	70
100	110
200	200
	100

coryeas file observable actives

have used nominal rations it

about 50% efficiency for polyester

and polypropylene retriller bacs

Pric table gives me microminalings

de apout 95% efficiency.

Filter Bag Pressure Drop

The graphs give the clean pressure drop through a number 2 size bag for water, 1 CPS @ 68°F

To determine the pressure drop caused by the filter bag, follow these steps:

Step 1 Select the type of bag, micron rating and flow rate, determine the pressure drop for water, 1 cps @ 68°F, for a size #2 bag.

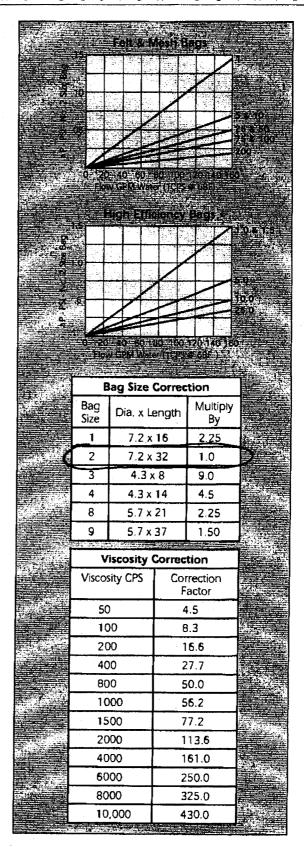
Step 2 Correct for bag size from the Bag Size Correction table at the right if the bag size is different than a #2 size.

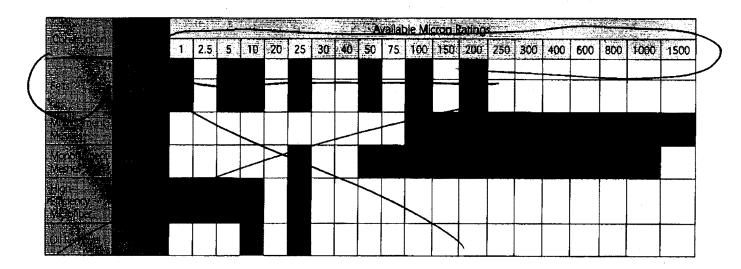
Step 3 If the viscosity of the liquid is greater than 1 cps (water@ 68°F), multiply the result from step 2 by the proper correction factor from the Viscosity Correction table at the right.

The value obtained in Step 3 is the clean pressure drop caused by the filter bag.

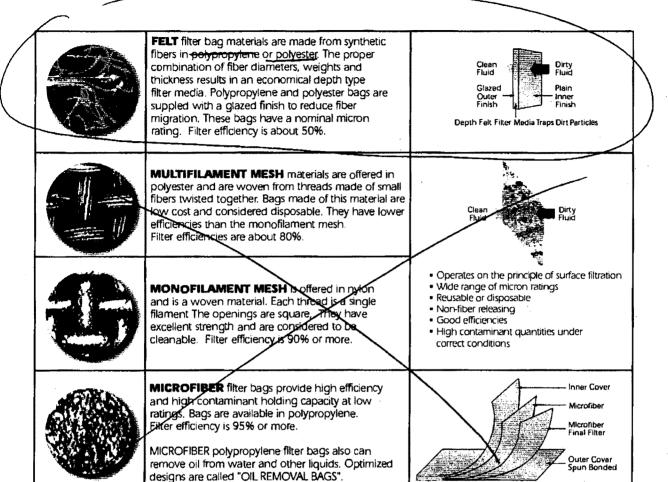
SUMMARY

For new applications, the clean pressure drop of the system, housing and bag should be 2.0 PSI or less. The lower the value is, the more contaminant a bag will hold. For applications with low dirt loading, this value can go to 3.0 PSI or more. Consult the factory for recommendations when the clean pressure drop of the system exceeds 3.0 PSI.





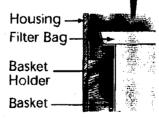
And in the second way	Diameter (Inches)	Length (Inches)	Area FR	er e	
1000	7.2	16	2.0		
	7,2	32	4.5		
2000	 4.3	8	0.5	File Housing CB green Considered Steplemen Considered And Steplemen Considered	
100000	4.3	14	1.0		Alegoria, Volcale
2000	5.1	20	2.8	The state of the s	
11500	5.7	15	1.5		
24555	5.7	32	3.0		
NAMES.	5.7	32	3.0		
APPERENTATION OF STREET	8.4	34	5.5		



MOLDED ROSEDALE TOPS - POR STYLE

Filter bags with molded Rosedale tops require no filter bag hold down devices. As the differential pressure in the application increases, the integrity of the seal improves. Polypropylene tops are standard with polyester optional for temperatures over 200°F, or for chemical capatibility.

THE MOLDED ROSEDALE TOP OFFERS THE BEST BAG-TO-HOUSING SEAL IN TODAY'S MARKETPLACE, IN ADDITION TO BEING THE EASIEST TO INSTALL AND REMOVE.



FILTER BAG WITH MOLDED ROSEDALE TOP JUST PRIOR TO INSTALLATION IN BASKET HOLDER

FILTER BAG WITH MOLDED ROSEDALE TOP INSTALLED IN HOUSING

OTHER BAG TYPES AND DESIGNS

500 SERIES 3M TYPE multiple layer filter bags with microfiber filter layers and felt prefilter layers. Up to 5 layers of felt

DOUBLE & TRIPLE LAYER felt bags where the micron rating of the layers are designed to optimize service life.

SPECIAL SIZE & DESIGN bags are available in all materials and most micron ratings.

OIL REMOVAL BAGS require a special design to obtain to result in the largest surface area of fibers in a bag for maximum oil removal capacity. These are standard in micron ratings of 10 and 25.

FILTER BAG HOLD-DOWNS

Adjustable filter bag hold-downs for Size #1 and #2 bags are available for side entry housings manufactured by:

Filter Specialists, Inc. / Micron Technologies / Krystil Klear / Strainrite / Other Side Entry Brands

Available in polypropylene, they provide additional positive filter bag hold-down capabilities for critical applications where necessary. It is suitable for ring top bags and bags with molded plastic tops. It is necessary for many bags with molded tops and ring bags if the bag manufacturer improperly designs and manufactures them.

A FILTER BAG HOLD-DOWN IS NOT REQUIRED WHEN USING FILTER BAGS WITH MOLDED ROSEDALE TOPS.

PE- -P-2-5

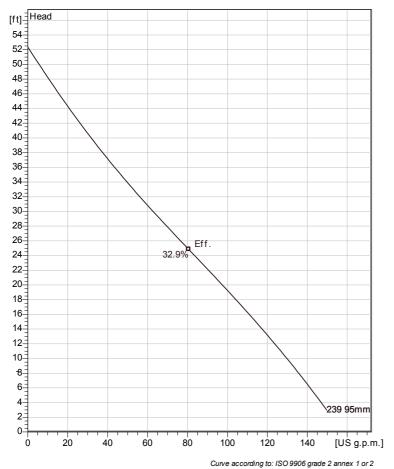
How To Order Build an ordering code as shown in the example



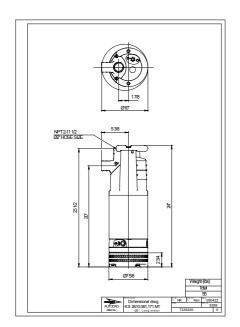
Dewatering Pumps Manufacturer's Information



Technical specification











Note: Picture might not correspond to the current configuration.

GeneralPortable pumps ideal for applications in which the water or liquid contains concentrations of abrasives when clogging problems can occur

Impeller	
Impeller material	Hard-Iron ™
Outlet width	1 15/16 inch
Inlet diameter	72 mm
Impeller diameter	95 mm
Number of blades	2
	0 inch

Motor	
Motor #	K2610.171 13-10-2BB-W 1.8hp
Stator v ariant	7
Frequency	60 Hz
Rated v oltage	220 V
Number of poles	2
Phases	1~
Rated power	<u>1.8 hp</u>
Rated current	7.5 A
Starting current	35 A
Rated speed	3465 rpm
Power factor	
1/1 Load	0.98
3/4 Load	0.98
1/2 Load	0.98
Efficiency	/
1/1 Load	82.0 %
3/4 Load	80.5 %
1/2 Load	75.5 %

Configuration

Project	Project ID	Created by	Created on	Last update
			2013-04-24	



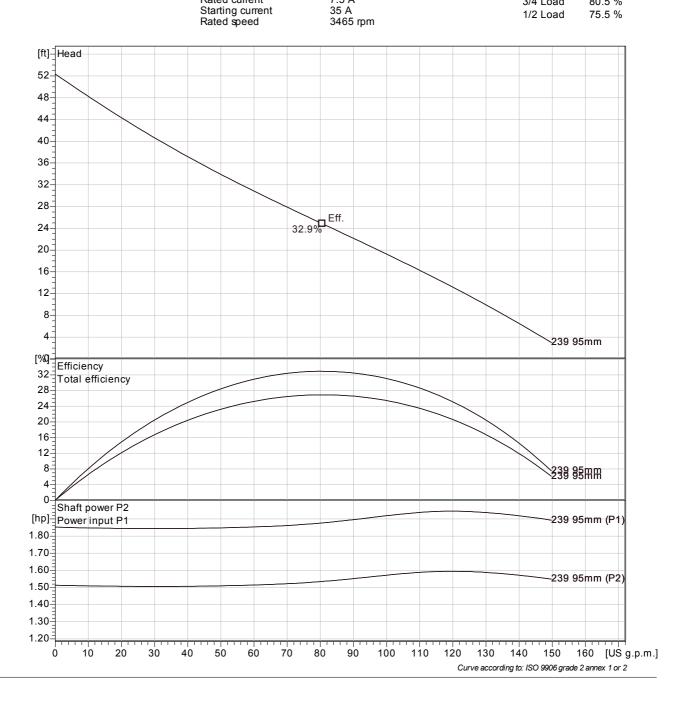


Motor



Performance curve Pump

Outlet width	1 15/16 in	nch Motor#	K2610.171 13-10-2BB-W 1.8hp	Power factor	r
Inlet diameter	72 mm	Stator variant	7	1/1 Load	0.98
Impeller diameter	33/4"	Frequency	60 Hz	3/4 Load	0.98
Number of blades	2	Rated voltage	220 V	1/2 Load	0.98
	0 inch	Number of poles	2	1/2 Load	0.00
		Phases	1~	Efficiency	
		Rated power	1.8 hp	1/1 Load	82.0 %
		Rated current	7.5 A	3/4 Load	80.5 %
		Starting current	35 A	1/2 Load	75.5 %

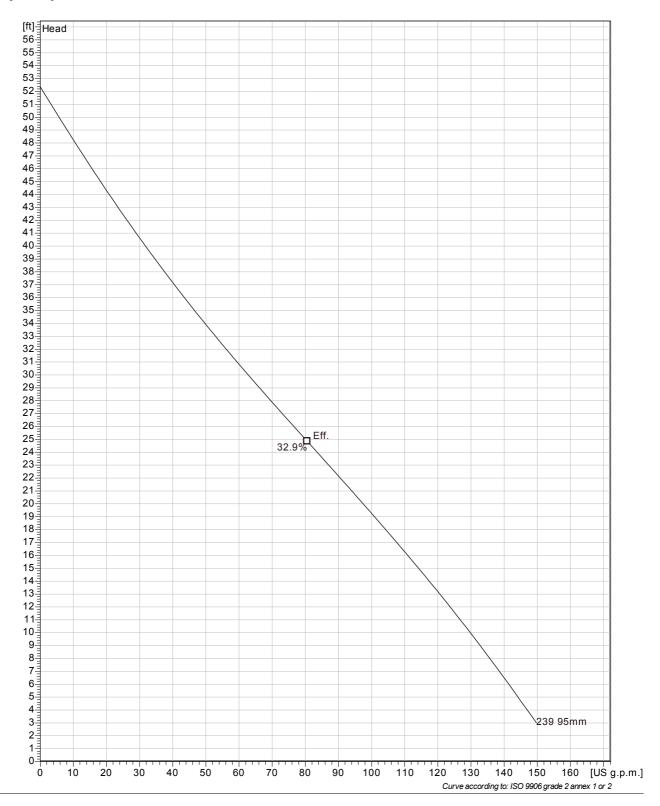


Project	Project ID	Created by	Created on	Last update
			2013-04-24	



Duty Analysis



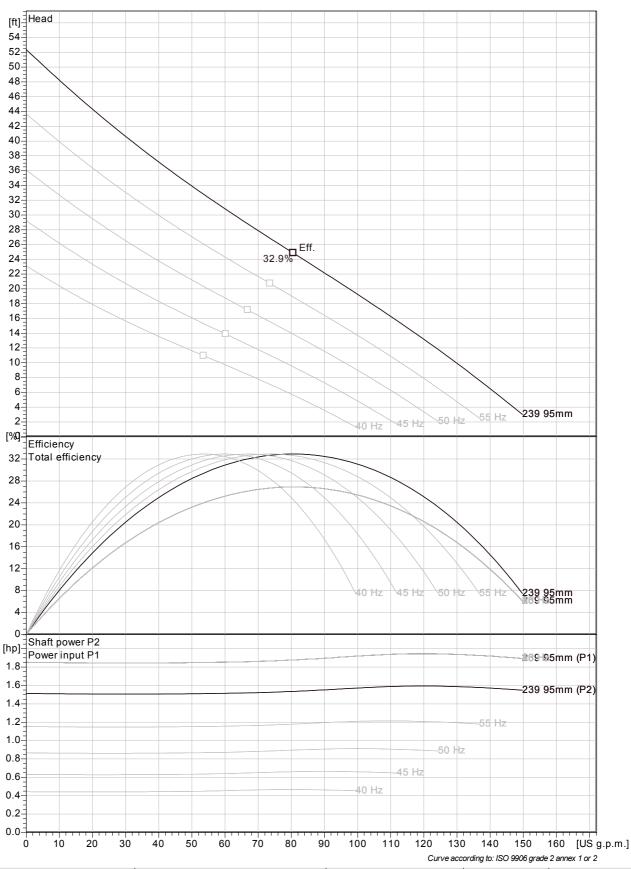


Project	Project ID	Created by	Created on	Last update
			2013-04-24	







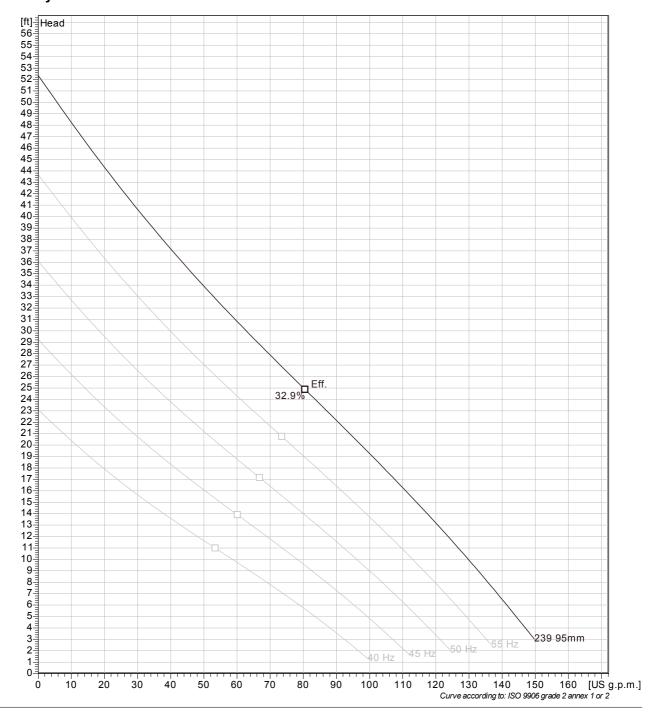


Project	Project ID	Created by	Created on	Last update
			2013-04-24	



VFD Analysis



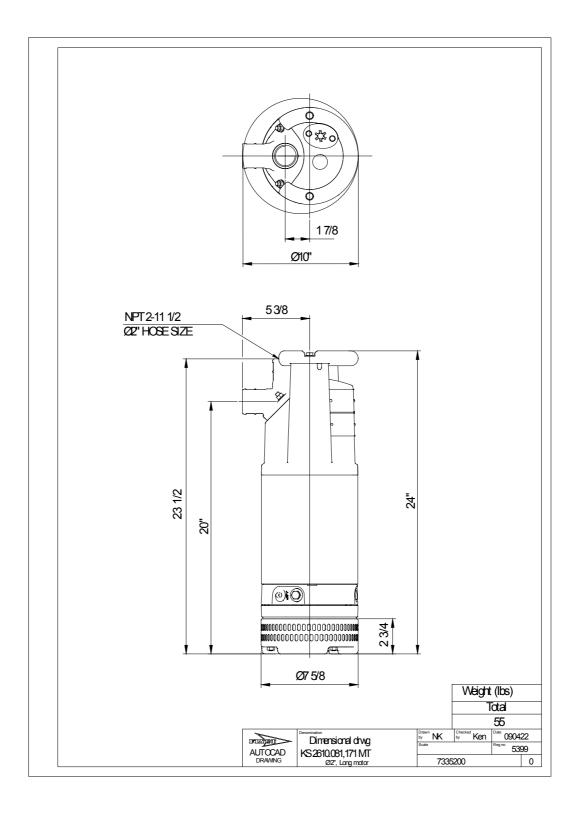


Project	Project ID	Created by	Created on	Last update
			2013-04-24	



Dimensional drawing





Project	Project ID	Created by	Created on	Last update
			2013-04-24	

TSURUMI PUMP

LB-800/LBT-800 SEMI-VORTEX - DEWATERING PUMP

SPECIFICATIONS

FEATURES

- Semi-vortex, urethane rubber impeller, urethane front & rear ware plates and ethylene propylene rubber casing increases wear resistance when pumpage contains abrasive particles.
- Double inside mechanical seals with silicon carbide faces, (both top and bottom) running in an oil filled chamber and further protected by a lip seal running against a replaceable, 304 stainless steel shaft sleeve, provides for the most durable seal design available.
- Highly efficient, continuous duty air filled, copper wound motor with class B, insulation minimizes the cost of operation.
- Built in thermal protector prevents motor failure due to-

- overloading or accidental run -dry conditions.
- Double shielded, permanently lubricated, high temperature C3 ball bearings, extend operational life.
- Top discharge, flow-thru design enables operation at low water levels for extended periods.

APPLICATIONS

- Residential, commercial, industrial wastewater and construction site drainage.
- Effluent transfer.
- Decorative waterfalls and fountains.
- Raw water supply from rivers or lakes..







SPECIFICATIONS

Discharge Size Horsepower Range Performance Range Capacity Head

Maximum water temperature Materials of Construction

Casing Impeller Shaft Motor Frame Fasteners

Mechanical Seal Elastomers Impeller Type Solids Handling Capability

Bearings

Motor Nomenclature Type, Speed, Hz. Voltage, Phase

Insulation

Accessories

Operational Mode

STANDARD

2" Npt (50 mm) 1 Hp. (.75 Kw) 10 ~ 82 Gpm. (.037 ~ .31 m³/min) 7 ~ 59 Ft. (2.1 ~ 17.9 m) 104° F. (40° C.)

Ethylene Propylene Rubber Urethane Rubber 403 Stainless Steel Aluminum alloy 304 Stainless Steel

Silicon Carbide/Silicon Carbide NBR (Nitril Buna Rubber) Semi-vortex, solids handling. Screen opening

Pre-lubricated, Double Shielded C3

Air Filled, 3600 Rpm, 60 Hz. 115/230 V., 1 Phase 230/460/575 V. 3 Phase (LBT-800) Class E

Submersible Power Cable 50' (9.75 m)

Manual

OPTIONS

Length as Required, (97' Max)

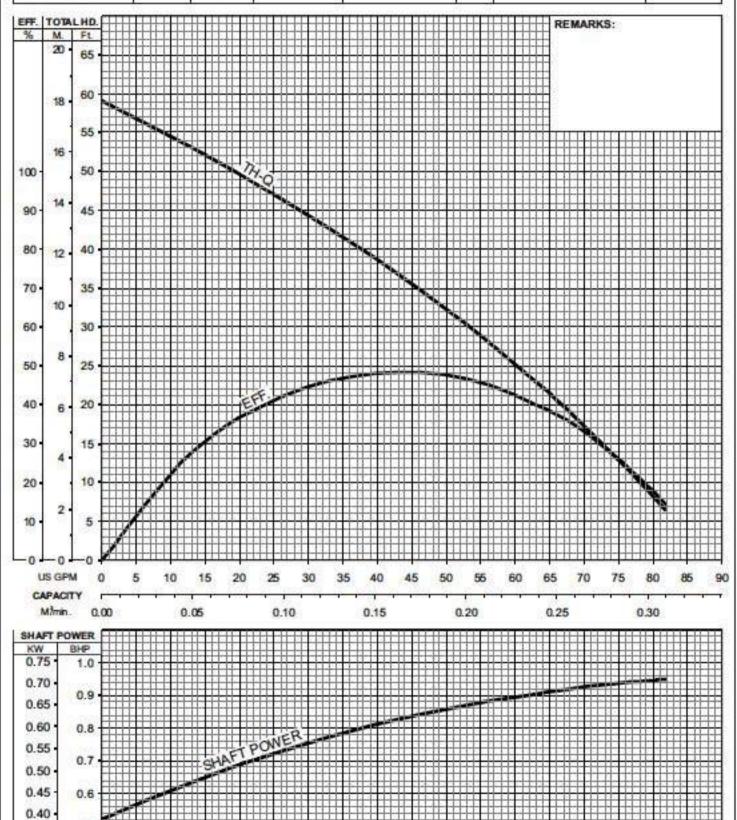
*See Technical Data section for details



LB SERIES SEMI-VORTEX - DEWATERING PUMP

PERFORMANCE CURVE

MODEL	š [BORE	HP	KW	RPM	SOLIDS DI	A	LIQUID	SG.	VISCOSIT	Y TEMP
LB-800-60		2"/50mm	1	0.75	3330	0.236"/6mi	m	Water	1.0	1.81 CST	60F
PUMPTYF	E	PHASE	VOL	TAGE	AM	PERAGE	HZ	STARTING	METHO	D INS	CLASS
Semi-Vortex - Dewal	ering Pump	Single	110/115	/220/230	10.8/10	0.3 / 5.7/5.5	60	Capaci	lor Start	- 6	E
CURVE No.	DATE	PHASE	VOL	TAGE	AM	PERAGE	HZ	STARTING	METHO	D INS	CLASS
59	590					11 E	+:	60		-	+



Water Meter w/Totalizer Manufacturer's Information

Recordall[®] Cold Water Top Load Bronze Disc Meter

Size 2" (DN 50mm)

Technical Brief

DESCRIPTION

Badger Meter offers the Recordall Disc meter in Cast Bronze and a Low Lead Alloy. The Low Lead Alloy (Trade Designation: M170 LL) version complies with NSF/ANSI Standard 61 and carries the NSF-61 Mark on the housing. All components of the Low Lead Alloy meter, i.e., disc, chamber, housing, seals, etc., comprise the certified system.

APPLICATIONS: For use in measurement of potable cold water in residential, commercial and industrial services where flow is in one direction only.

OPERATION: Water flows through the meter's strainer and into the measuring chamber where it causes the disc to nutate. The disc, which moves treely, nutates on its own ball, guided by a thrust roller. A drive magnet transmits the motion of the disc to a follower magnet located within the permanently-sealed register. The follower magnetis connected to the register gear train. The gear train reduces the disc nutations into volume totalization units displayed on the register dial face.

OPERATING PERFORMANCE: The Badger Recordall Disc meters meet or exceed registration accuracy for the low flow rates (95%), normal operating flow rates ($100 \pm 1.5\%$), and maximum continuous operation flow rates as specifically stated by AWWA Standard C700.

CONSTRUCTION: Badger Recordall Disc meter construction, which complies with ANSI/AWWA standard C700, consists of three basic components: bronze meter housing, measuring chamber, and permanently, sealed register. A corrosion-resistant thermoplastic material is used tor the measuring chamber.

To simplify maintenance, the register, measuring chamber, and strainer can be replaced without removing the meter housing from the installation. No change gears are required for accuracy calibration. Interchangeability of parts among like-sized meters also minimizes spare parts inventory investment. The built-in strainer has an effective straining area of twice the inlet size.

MAGNETIC DRIVE: Direct magnetic drive, through the use of highstrength magnets, provides positive, reliable and dependable register coupling for straight-reading, remote or automatic meter reading options.

SEALED REGISTER: The standard register consists of a straight-reading, odometer-type totalization display, 360° test circle with center sweep hand and flow finder to detect leaks. Register gearing consists of self-lubricating thermoplastic gears to minimize friction and provides long life. Permanently sealed, dirt, moisture, tampering and lens fogging problems are eliminated. Multi-position register simplifies meter installation and reading. Generator-type remote reading and automatic meter reading systems are available for all Recordall Disc meters. All reading options are removable from the meter without disrupting water service.

TAMPER-PROOF FEATURES: Customer removal of the register to obtain free water can be prevented when the optional tamper detection seal wire screw/or Torx® tamper seal resistant screw is added to the meter. Both can be installed at the meter site or at the factory.

MAINTENANCE: Badger Recordall Disc meters are designed and manufactured to provide long-term service with minimal maintenance. When maintenance is required, it can be performed easily either at the meter installation or at any other convenient location. As an alternative to repair by the utility, Badger offers various maintenance and meter component exchange programs to tit the needs of the utility.

CONNECTIONS: Tailpieces/Flanges for installations of meters on various pipe types and sizes, including misaligned pipes, are available as an option.



Model 170 shown with optional 1" Test Plug

SPECIFICATIONS

Typical Operating $21/2-170 \text{ GPM } (.57 \text{ to } 39 \text{ m}^3/\text{hr})$ **Range (100% \pm 1.5%)**

Low Flow 1 1/2 GPM (.34 m³/hr) (Min. 95%)

Maximum 100 GPM (23 m³/hr)
Continuous Operation

Pressure Loss 3.3 PSI at 100 GPM (.23 bar at 23 m³/hr)
Continuous Operation

Maximum Operating 80°F (26°C)
Temperature

Maximum Operating 150 PSI (10 bar)
Pressure

Measuring Element Nutating disc, positive displacement
Register Type Straight reading, permanently

sealed magnetic drive standard. Remote reading or Automatic Meter

Reading units optional.

100 Gallons, 10 Cubic Feet, 1 m³

Registration 100 Gallons, 10 Cubic Feet, 1 m³
Register Capacity 100,000,000 Gallons,

10,000,000 Cubic Feet, 1,000,000 m³. 6 odometer wheels.

Meter Connections 2" AWWA two bolt elliptical flange,

drilled, or 2" - 11 1/2 NPT internal pipe threads

Optional Test Plug 1" NPT test plug (TP) available on elliptical

long and short versions.

MATERIALS

Meter Housing Cast Bronze, Low Lead Alloy

Housing Top Plates Bronze, Low Lead Alloy

Measuring Chamber Thermoplastic

Disc Thermoplastic

Trim Stainless Steel/Bronze

Strainer Thermoplastic

Disc Spindle Stainless Steel

Magnet Ceramic

Magnet Spindle Stainless Steel

Register Lid and Box Thermoplastic or Bronze

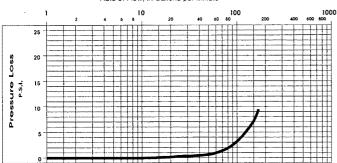
Generator Housing Thermoplastic

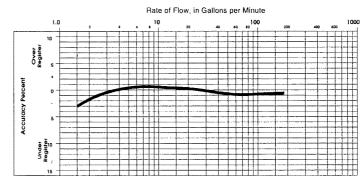


PRESSURE LOSS CHART

ACCURACY CHART

Rate of Flow, in Gallons per Minute





METER SIZE	METER MODEL	A LAYING LENGTH	B HEIGHT REG./RTR	C HEIGHT GEN.	D CENTERLINE BASE	WIDTH	APPROX. SHIPPING WEIGHT
2"	170 EL, Hex.	15 ¹ / ₄ "	8"	g³/ ₈ "	2 ⁷ / ₈ "	g _{1/2} "	30 lb.
(50mm)	170 EL, TP	(387mm)	(203mm)	(238mm)	(73mm)	(241mm)	(13.6kg)
2"	170 ELL,	17"	8"	g³/ ₈ " .	2 ⁷ / ₈ "	g _{1/2} "	30 lb.
(50mm)	170 ELL, TP	(432mm)	(203mm)	(238mm)	(73mm)	(241mm)	(13.6kg)

EL = Elliptical

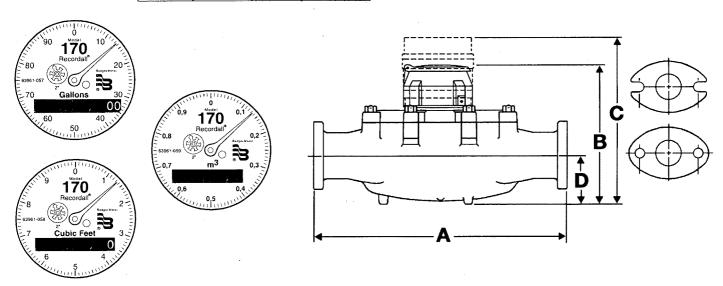
ELL = Elliptical Long

Hex = Hexagon, 2" - 111/2 NPT Thread

TP=Test Plug 1"

Sweep Hand Registration

MODEL	EL GALLON CU.FT.		CU. METER	
M170	100	10	1	



RTR® and Recordall® are registered trademarks of Badger Meter, Inc. TORX® is a registered trademark of Camcar, Division of Textron, Inc.



Please see our website at www.badgermeter.com for specific contacts.

Due to continuous research, product improvements and enhancements, Badger Meter reserves the right to change product or system specifications without notice, except to the extent an outstanding contractual obligation exists.



BadgerMeter, Inc.

P.O. Box 245036, Milwaukee, WI 53224-9536 (800) 876-3837 / Fax: (888) 371-5982 www.badgermeter.com

APPENDIX E

National Register of Historic Places Documentation



10/3/2018 Welcome to MACRIS

Massachusetts Historical Commission

William Francis Galvin, Secretary of the Commonwealth

Home | Feedback | Contact Us

MHC Home

Massachusetts Cultural Resource Information System MACRIS

Scanned forms and photos now available for selected towns!

The Massachusetts Cultural Resource Information System (MACRIS) allows you to search the Massachusetts Historical Commission database for information on historic properties and areas in the Commonwealth.

Users of the database should keep in mind that it does not include information on all historic properties and areas in Massachusetts, nor does it reflect all the information on file on historic properties and areas at the Massachusetts Historical Commission.

Click here to begin your search of the MACRIS database.









Home | Search | Index | Feedback | Contact

http://mhc-macris.net/

10/3/2018 MACRIS Results

Massachusetts Cultural Resource Information Sy

MHC Home | MACRIS Home

Results

Get Results in Report Format

PDF

Spreadsheet

Below are the results of your search, using the following search criteria:

Town(s): Boston Street No: 150

Street Name: Seaport Blvd

Resource Type(s): Area, Building, Burial Ground, Object, Structure For more information about this page and how to use it, <u>click here</u>

No Results Found.

New Search New S

New Search — Same Town(s)

Previous

MHC Home | MACRIS Home

10/3/2018 MACRIS Results

Massachusetts Cultural Resource Information S

MHC Home | MACRIS Home

Results

Get Results in Report Format

PDF

Spreadsheet

Below are the results of your search, using the following search criteria:

Town(s): Boston
Place: South Boston
Street Name: Northern Ave

Resource Type(s): Area, Building, Burial Ground, Object, Structure

For more information about this page and how to use it, click here

Inv. No.	Property Name	Street	Town	Year	SR
BOS.9000	Northern Avenue Draw Bridge	Northern Ave	Boston	c 1907	SR
BOS.12967	Boston Army Supply Base - Refrigeration Plant	Northern Ave	Boston	c 1980	
BOS.12968	Boston Army Supply Base - Building 38	Northern Ave	Boston	c 1940	
BOS.12971	Boston Army Supply Base - Building 18	Northern Ave	Boston	c 1940	
BOS.15356	Northern Avenue Draw Bridge Tenders House	Northern Ave	Boston	1908	SR
BOS.15229	Chapel of Our Lady of Good Voyage	65 Northern Ave	Boston	1952	
BOS.9252	South Boston Fish Pier	212-234 Northern Ave	Boston	c 1910	SR
BOS.16589	South Boston Fish Pier - East Building	212-234 Northern Ave	Boston	c 1910	SR
BOS.16590	South Boston Fish Pier - West Building	212-234 Northern Ave	Boston	c 1910	SR
BOS.16591	South Boston Fish Pier - Fish Exchange Building	212-234 Northern Ave	Boston	c 1910	SR
BOS.12969	Boston Army Supply Base - Building 56	300 Northern Ave	Boston	c 1940	
BOS.12970	Boston Army Supply Base - Building 53	306 Northern Ave	Boston	c 1940	
BOS.7179	Commonwealth Pier Five	162 Seaport Blvd	Boston	1914	SR

13 Properties Found

ew Search New Search — Same Town(s)

Previous

MHC Home | MACRIS Home

APPENDIX F

Endangered Species Act Documentation



IPaC

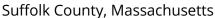
U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service

IPaC resource list

This report is an automatically generated list of species and other resources such as critical habitat (collectively referred to as *trust resources*) under the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's (USFWS) jurisdiction that are known or expected to be on or near the project area referenced below. The list may also include trust resources that occur outside of the project area, but that could potentially be directly or indirectly affected by activities in the project area. However, determining the likelihood and extent of effects a project may have on trust resources typically requires gathering additional site-specific (e.g., vegetation/species surveys) and project-specific (e.g., magnitude and timing of proposed activities) information.

Below is a summary of the project information you provided and contact information for the USFWS office(s) with jurisdiction in the defined project area. Please read the introduction to each section that follows (Endangered Species, Migratory Birds, USFWS Facilities, and NWI Wetlands) for additional information applicable to the trust resources addressed in that section.

Location





Local office

New England Ecological Services Field Office

(603) 223-2541

(603) 223-0104

70 Commercial Street, Suite 300 Concord, NH 03301-5094

http://www.fws.gov/newengland

Endangered species

This resource list is for informational purposes only and does not constitute an analysis of project level impacts.

The primary information used to generate this list is the known or expected range of each species. Additional areas of influence (AOI) for species are also considered. An AOI includes areas outside of the species range if the species could be indirectly affected by activities in that area (e.g., placing a dam upstream of a fish population, even if that fish does not occur at the dam site, may indirectly impact the species by reducing or eliminating water flow downstream). Because species can move, and site conditions can change, the species on this list are not guaranteed to be found on or near the project area. To fully determine any potential effects to species, additional site-specific and project-specific information is often required.

Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act **requires** Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of such proposed action" for any project that is conducted, permitted, funded, or licensed by any Federal agency. A letter from the local office and a species list which fulfills this requirement can **only** be obtained by requesting an official species list from either the Regulatory Review section in IPaC (see directions below) or from the local field office directly.

For project evaluations that require USFWS concurrence/review, please return to the IPaC website and request an official species list by doing the following:

- 1. Draw the project location and click CONTINUE.
- 2. Click DEFINE PROJECT.
- 3. Log in (if directed to do so).
- 4. Provide a name and description for your project.
- 5. Click REQUEST SPECIES LIST.

Listed species¹ and their critical habitats are managed by the <u>Ecological Services Program</u> of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and the fisheries division of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA Fisheries²).

Species and critical habitats under the sole responsibility of NOAA Fisheries are **not** shown on this list. Please contact <u>NOAA Fisheries</u> for <u>species under their jurisdiction</u>.

- Species listed under the <u>Endangered Species Act</u> are threatened or endangered; IPaC also shows species that are candidates, or proposed, for listing. See the <u>listing status page</u> for more information.
- 2. <u>NOAA Fisheries</u>, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

THERE ARE NO ENDANGERED SPECIES EXPECTED TO OCCUR AT THIS LOCATION.

Migratory birds

Certain birds are protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act^{1} and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act^{2} .

Any person or organization who plans or conducts activities that may result in impacts to migratory birds, eagles, and their habitats should follow appropriate regulations and consider implementing appropriate conservation measures, as described <u>below</u>.

- 1. The Migratory Birds Treaty Act of 1918.
- 2. The Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act of 1940.

Additional information can be found using the following links:

- Birds of Conservation Concern http://www.fws.gov/birds/management/managed-species/birds-of-conservation-concern.php
- Measures for avoiding and minimizing impacts to birds
 http://www.fws.gov/birds/management/project-assessment-tools-and-guidance/conservation-measures.php
- Nationwide conservation measures for birds http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/pdf/management/nationwidestandardconservationmeasures.pdf

The birds listed below are birds of particular concern either because they occur on the <u>USFWS Birds of Conservation Concern</u> (BCC) list or warrant special attention in your project location. To learn more about the levels of concern for birds on your list and how this list is generated, see the FAQ <u>below</u>. This is not a list of every bird you may find in this location, nor a guarantee that every bird on this list will be found in your project area. To see exact locations of where birders and the general public have sighted birds in and around your project area, visit the <u>E-bird data mapping tool</u> (Tip: enter your location, desired date range and a species on your list). For projects that occur off the Atlantic Coast, additional maps and models detailing the relative occurrence and abundance of bird species on your list are available. Links to additional information about Atlantic Coast birds, and other important information about your migratory bird list, including how to properly interpret and use your migratory bird report, can be found <u>below</u>.

For guidance on when to schedule activities or implement avoidance and minimization measures to reduce impacts to migratory birds on your list, click on the PROBABILITY OF PRESENCE SUMMARY at the top of your list to see when these birds are most likely to be present and breeding in your project area.

NAME

BREEDING SEASON (IF A
BREEDING SEASON IS INDICATED
FOR A BIRD ON YOUR LIST, THE
BIRD MAY BREED IN YOUR
PROJECT AREA SOMETIME WITHIN
THE TIMEFRAME SPECIFIED,
WHICH IS A VERY LIBERAL
ESTIMATE OF THE DATES INSIDE
WHICH THE BIRD BREEDS
ACROSS ITS ENTIRE RANGE.

"BREEDS ELSEWHERE" INDICATES
THAT THE BIRD DOES NOT LIKELY
BREED IN YOUR PROJECT AREA.)

American Oystercatcher Haematopus palliatus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8935

Breeds Apr 15 to Aug 31

Bald Eagle Haliaeetus leucocephalus

This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1626

Breeds Oct 15 to Aug 31

Black Skimmer Rynchops niger

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5234

Breeds May 20 to Sep 15

Bobolink Dolichonyx oryzivorus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds May 20 to Jul 31

Buff-breasted Sandpiper Calidris subruficollis

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9488

Breeds elsewhere

Canada Warbler Cardellina canadensis

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds May 20 to Aug 10

Dunlin Calidris alpina arcticola

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA

Breeds elsewhere

King Rail Rallus elegans

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8936

Breeds May 1 to Sep 5

Least Tern Sterna antillarum

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA

Breeds Apr 20 to Sep 10

Lesser Yellowlegs Tringa flavipes

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9679

Breeds elsewhere

Breeds elsewhere

Long-eared Owl asio otus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3631

Nelson's Sparrow Ammodramus nelsoni

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds May 15 to Sep 5

Prairie Warbler Dendroica discolor

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds May 1 to Jul 31

Purple Sandpiper Calidris maritima

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds elsewhere

Red-throated Loon Gavia stellata

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds elsewhere

Ruddy Turnstone Arenaria interpres morinella

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA

Breeds elsewhere

Rusty Blackbird Euphagus carolinus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds elsewhere

Saltmarsh Sparrow Ammodramus caudacutus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds May 15 to Sep 5

Seaside Sparrow Ammodramus maritimus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds May 10 to Aug 20

Semipalmated Sandpiper Calidris pusilla

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds elsewhere

Short-billed Dowitcher Limnodromus griseus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9480

Snowy Owl Bubo scandiacus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds elsewhere

Breeds elsewhere

Whimbrel Numenius phaeopus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9483

Breeds elsewhere

Willet Tringa semipalmata

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds Apr 20 to Aug 5

Wood Thrush Hylocichla mustelina

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds May 10 to Aug 31

Probability of Presence Summary

The graphs below provide our best understanding of when birds of concern are most likely to be present in your project area. This information can be used to tailor and schedule your project activities to avoid or minimize impacts to birds. Please make sure you read and understand the FAQ "Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report" before using or attempting to interpret this report.

Probability of Presence (■)

Each green bar represents the bird's relative probability of presence in the 10km grid cell(s) your project overlaps during a particular week of the year. (A year is represented as 12 4-week months.) A taller bar indicates a higher probability of species presence. The survey effort (see below) can be used to establish a level of confidence in the presence score. One can have higher confidence in the presence score if the corresponding survey effort is also high.

How is the probability of presence score calculated? The calculation is done in three steps:

- 1. The probability of presence for each week is calculated as the number of survey events in the week where the species was detected divided by the total number of survey events for that week. For example, if in week 12 there were 20 survey events and the Spotted Towhee was found in 5 of them, the probability of presence of the Spotted Towhee in week 12 is 0.25.
- 2. To properly present the pattern of presence across the year, the relative probability of presence is calculated. This is the probability of presence divided by the maximum probability of presence across all weeks. For example, imagine the probability of presence in week 20 for the Spotted Towhee is 0.05, and that the probability of presence at week 12 (0.25) is the maximum of any

- week of the year. The relative probability of presence on week 12 is 0.25/0.25 = 1; at week 20 it is 0.05/0.25 = 0.2.
- 3. The relative probability of presence calculated in the previous step undergoes a statistical conversion so that all possible values fall between 0 and 10, inclusive. This is the probability of presence score.

To see a bar's probability of presence score, simply hover your mouse cursor over the bar.

Breeding Season (

Yellow bars denote a very liberal estimate of the time-frame inside which the bird breeds across its entire range. If there are no yellow bars shown for a bird, it does not breed in your project area.

Survey Effort (1)

Vertical black lines superimposed on probability of presence bars indicate the number of surveys performed for that species in the 10km grid cell(s) your project area overlaps. The number of surveys is expressed as a range, for example, 33 to 64 surveys.

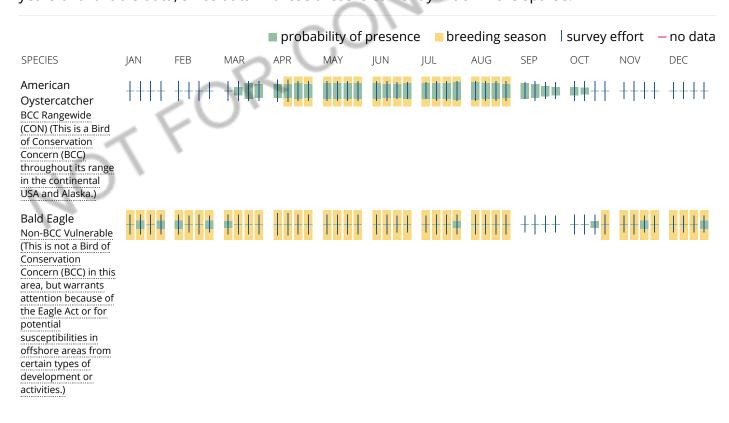
To see a bar's survey effort range, simply hover your mouse cursor over the bar.

No Data (-)

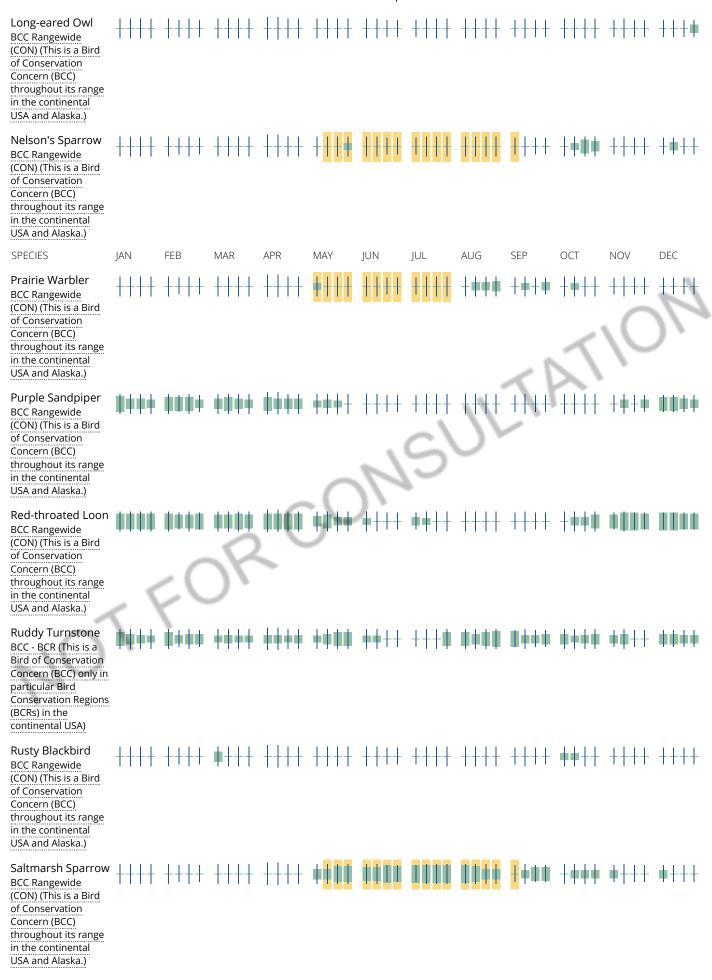
A week is marked as having no data if there were no survey events for that week.

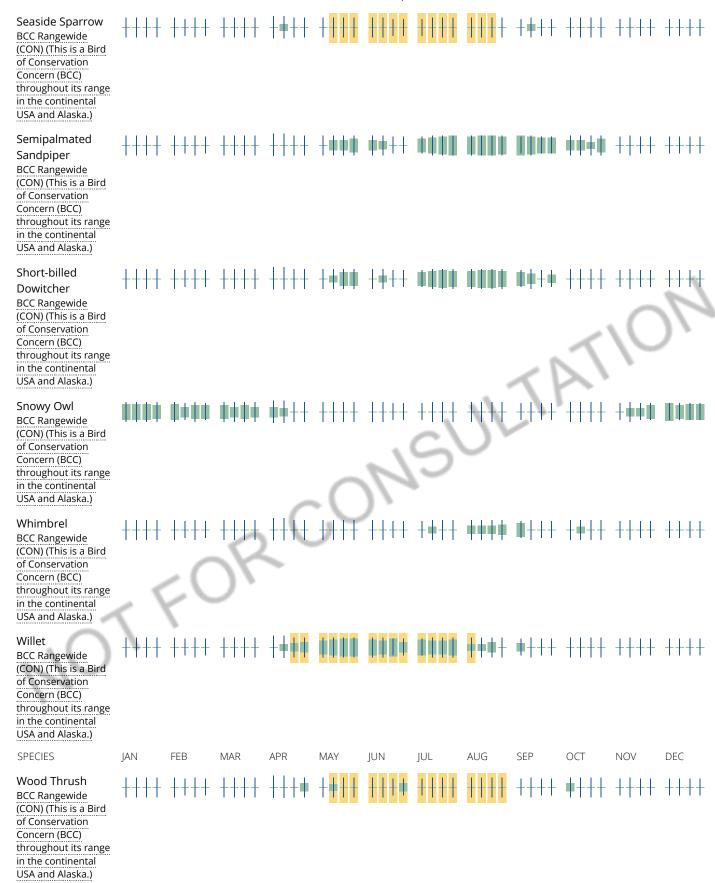
Survey Timeframe

Surveys from only the last 10 years are used in order to ensure delivery of currently relevant information. The exception to this is areas off the Atlantic coast, where bird returns are based on all years of available data, since data in these areas is currently much more sparse.









Tell me more about conservation measures I can implement to avoid or minimize impacts to migratory birds.

<u>Nationwide Conservation Measures</u> describes measures that can help avoid and minimize impacts to all birds at any location year round. Implementation of these measures is particularly important when birds are most likely to occur in the project area. When birds may be breeding in the area, identifying the locations of any active nests and

avoiding their destruction is a very helpful impact minimization measure. To see when birds are most likely to occur and be breeding in your project area, view the Probability of Presence Summary. <u>Additional measures</u> and/or <u>permits</u> may be advisable depending on the type of activity you are conducting and the type of infrastructure or bird species present on your project site.

What does IPaC use to generate the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location?

The Migratory Bird Resource List is comprised of USFWS <u>Birds of Conservation Concern (BCC)</u> and other species that may warrant special attention in your project location.

The migratory bird list generated for your project is derived from data provided by the <u>Avian Knowledge Network (AKN)</u>. The AKN data is based on a growing collection of <u>survey</u>, <u>banding</u>, <u>and citizen science datasets</u> and is queried and filtered to return a list of those birds reported as occurring in the 10km grid cell(s) which your project intersects, and that have been identified as warranting special attention because they are a BCC species in that area, an eagle (<u>Eagle Act</u> requirements may apply), or a species that has a particular vulnerability to offshore activities or development.

Again, the Migratory Bird Resource list includes only a subset of birds that may occur in your project area. It is not representative of all birds that may occur in your project area. To get a list of all birds potentially present in your project area, please visit the <u>E-bird Explore Data Tool</u>.

What does IPaC use to generate the probability of presence graphs for the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location?

The probability of presence graphs associated with your migratory bird list are based on data provided by the <u>Avian Knowledge Network (AKN)</u>. This data is derived from a growing collection of <u>survey</u>, <u>banding</u>, <u>and citizen science datasets</u>.

Probability of presence data is continuously being updated as new and better information becomes available. To learn more about how the probability of presence graphs are produced and how to interpret them, go the Probability of Presence Summary and then click on the "Tell me about these graphs" link.

How do I know if a bird is breeding, wintering, migrating or present year-round in my project area?

To see what part of a particular bird's range your project area falls within (i.e. breeding, wintering, migrating or year-round), you may refer to the following resources: The Cornell Lab of Ornithology All About Birds Bird Guide, or (if you are unsuccessful in locating the bird of interest there), the Cornell Lab of Ornithology Neotropical Birds guide. If a bird on your migratory bird species list has a breeding season associated with it, if that bird does occur in your project area, there may be nests present at some point within the timeframe specified. If "Breeds elsewhere" is indicated, then the bird likely does not breed in your project area.

What are the levels of concern for migratory birds?

Migratory birds delivered through IPaC fall into the following distinct categories of concern:

- 1. "BCC Rangewide" birds are <u>Birds of Conservation Concern</u> (BCC) that are of concern throughout their range anywhere within the USA (including Hawaii, the Pacific Islands, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands);
- 2. "BCC BCR" birds are BCCs that are of concern only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA; and
- 3. "Non-BCC Vulnerable" birds are not BCC species in your project area, but appear on your list either because of the <u>Eagle Act</u> requirements (for eagles) or (for non-eagles) potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities (e.g. offshore energy development or longline fishing).

Although it is important to try to avoid and minimize impacts to all birds, efforts should be made, in particular, to avoid and minimize impacts to the birds on this list, especially eagles and BCC species of rangewide concern. For more information on conservation measures you can implement to help avoid and minimize migratory bird

impacts and requirements for eagles, please see the FAQs for these topics.

Details about birds that are potentially affected by offshore projects

For additional details about the relative occurrence and abundance of both individual bird species and groups of bird species within your project area off the Atlantic Coast, please visit the Northeast Ocean Data Portal. The Portal also offers data and information about other taxa besides birds that may be helpful to you in your project review. Alternately, you may download the bird model results files underlying the portal maps through the NOAA NCCOS Integrative Statistical Modeling and Predictive Mapping of Marine Bird Distributions and Abundance on the Atlantic Outer Continental Shelf project webpage.

Bird tracking data can also provide additional details about occurrence and habitat use throughout the year, including migration. Models relying on survey data may not include this information. For additional information on marine bird tracking data, see the <u>Diving Bird Study</u> and the <u>nanotag studies</u> or contact <u>Caleb Spiegel</u> or <u>Pam Loring</u>.

What if I have eagles on my list?

If your project has the potential to disturb or kill eagles, you may need to <u>obtain a permit</u> to avoid violating the Eagle Act should such impacts occur.

Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report

The migratory bird list generated is not a list of all birds in your project area, only a subset of birds of priority concern. To learn more about how your list is generated, and see options for identifying what other birds may be in your project area, please see the FAQ "What does IPaC use to generate the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location". Please be aware this report provides the "probability of presence" of birds within the 10 km grid cell(s) that overlap your project; not your exact project footprint. On the graphs provided, please also look carefully at the survey effort (indicated by the black vertical bar) and for the existence of the "no data" indicator (a red horizontal bar). A high survey effort is the key component. If the survey effort is high, then the probability of presence score can be viewed as more dependable. In contrast, a low survey effort bar or no data bar means a lack of data and, therefore, a lack of certainty about presence of the species. This list is not perfect; it is simply a starting point for identifying what birds of concern have the potential to be in your project area, when they might be there, and if they might be breeding (which means nests might be present). The list helps you know what to look for to confirm presence, and helps guide you in knowing when to implement conservation measures to avoid or minimize potential impacts from your project activities, should presence be confirmed. To learn more about conservation measures, visit the FAQ "Tell me about conservation measures I can implement to avoid or minimize impacts to migratory birds" at the bottom of your migratory bird trust resources page.

Facilities

National Wildlife Refuge lands

Any activity proposed on lands managed by the <u>National Wildlife Refuge</u> system must undergo a 'Compatibility Determination' conducted by the Refuge. Please contact the individual Refuges to discuss any questions or concerns.

THERE ARE NO REFUGE LANDS AT THIS LOCATION.

Fish hatcheries

THERE ARE NO FISH HATCHERIES AT THIS LOCATION.

Wetlands in the National Wetlands Inventory

Impacts to <u>NWI wetlands</u> and other aquatic habitats may be subject to regulation under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, or other State/Federal statutes.

For more information please contact the Regulatory Program of the local <u>U.S. Army Corps of Engineers District</u>.

THERE ARE NO KNOWN WETLANDS AT THIS LOCATION.

Data limitations

The Service's objective of mapping wetlands and deepwater habitats is to produce reconnaissance level information on the location, type and size of these resources. The maps are prepared from the analysis of high altitude imagery. Wetlands are identified based on vegetation, visible hydrology and geography. A margin of error is inherent in the use of imagery; thus, detailed on-the-ground inspection of any particular site may result in revision of the wetland boundaries or classification established through image analysis.

The accuracy of image interpretation depends on the quality of the imagery, the experience of the image analysts, the amount and quality of the collateral data and the amount of ground truth verification work conducted. Metadata should be consulted to determine the date of the source imagery used and any mapping problems.

Wetlands or other mapped features may have changed since the date of the imagery or field work. There may be occasional differences in polygon boundaries or classifications between the information depicted on the map and the actual conditions on site.

Data exclusions

Certain wetland habitats are excluded from the National mapping program because of the limitations of aerial imagery as the primary data source used to detect wetlands. These habitats include seagrasses or submerged aquatic vegetation that are found in the intertidal and subtidal zones of estuaries and nearshore coastal waters. Some deepwater reef communities (coral or tuberficid worm reefs) have also been excluded from the inventory. These habitats, because of their depth, go undetected by aerial imagery.

Data precautions

Federal, state, and local regulatory agencies with jurisdiction over wetlands may define and describe wetlands in a different manner than that used in this inventory. There is no attempt, in either the design or products of this inventory, to define the limits of proprietary jurisdiction of any Federal, state, or local government or to establish the geographical scope of the regulatory programs of government agencies. Persons intending to engage in activities involving modifications within or adjacent to wetland areas should seek the advice of appropriate federal, state, or local agencies concerning specified agency regulatory programs and proprietary jurisdictions that may affect such activities.



United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

New England Ecological Services Field Office 70 Commercial Street, Suite 300 Concord, NH 03301-5094 Phone: (603) 223-2541 Fax: (603) 223-0104

http://www.fws.gov/newengland



In Reply Refer To: October 03, 2018

Consultation Code: 05E1NE00-2019-SLI-0025

Event Code: 05E1NE00-2019-E-00053 Project Name: 150 Seaport Boulevard

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project

location, and/or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

The enclosed species list identifies threatened, endangered, proposed and candidate species, as well as proposed and final designated critical habitat, that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project and/or may be affected by your proposed project. The species list fulfills the requirements of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*).

New information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list. Please feel free to contact us if you need more current information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally proposed, listed, and candidate species and federally designated and proposed critical habitat. Please note that under 50 CFR 402.12(e) of the regulations implementing section 7 of the Act, the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. This verification can be completed formally or informally as desired. The Service recommends that verification be completed by visiting the ECOS-IPaC website at regular intervals during project planning and implementation for updates to species lists and information. An updated list may be requested through the ECOS-IPaC system by completing the same process used to receive the enclosed list.

The purpose of the Act is to provide a means whereby threatened and endangered species and the ecosystems upon which they depend may be conserved. Under sections 7(a)(1) and 7(a)(2) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 et seq.), Federal agencies are required to utilize their authorities to carry out programs for the conservation of threatened and endangered species and to determine whether projects may affect threatened and endangered species and/or designated critical habitat.

A Biological Assessment is required for construction projects (or other undertakings having similar physical impacts) that are major Federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment as defined in the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4332(2) (c)). For projects other than major construction activities, the Service suggests that a biological evaluation similar to a Biological Assessment be prepared to determine whether the project may affect listed or proposed species and/or designated or proposed critical habitat. Recommended contents of a Biological Assessment are described at 50 CFR 402.12.

If a Federal agency determines, based on the Biological Assessment or biological evaluation, that listed species and/or designated critical habitat may be affected by the proposed project, the agency is required to consult with the Service pursuant to 50 CFR 402. In addition, the Service recommends that candidate species, proposed species and proposed critical habitat be addressed within the consultation. More information on the regulations and procedures for section 7 consultation, including the role of permit or license applicants, can be found in the "Endangered Species Consultation Handbook" at:

http://www.fws.gov/endangered/esa-library/pdf/TOC-GLOS.PDF

Please be aware that bald and golden eagles are protected under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 668 *et seq.*), and projects affecting these species may require development of an eagle conservation plan (http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/eagle_guidance.html). Additionally, wind energy projects should follow the wind energy guidelines (http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/) for minimizing impacts to migratory birds and bats.

Guidance for minimizing impacts to migratory birds for projects including communications towers (e.g., cellular, digital television, radio, and emergency broadcast) can be found at: http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/towers.htm; http://www.towerkill.com; and http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/comtow.html.

We appreciate your concern for threatened and endangered species. The Service encourages Federal agencies to include conservation of threatened and endangered species into their project planning to further the purposes of the Act. Please include the Consultation Tracking Number in the header of this letter with any request for consultation or correspondence about your project that you submit to our office.

Attachment(s):

Official Species List

Official Species List

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

New England Ecological Services Field Office 70 Commercial Street, Suite 300 Concord, NH 03301-5094 (603) 223-2541

Project Summary

Consultation Code: 05E1NE00-2019-SLI-0025

Event Code: 05E1NE00-2019-E-00053

Project Name: 150 Seaport Boulevard

Project Type: DEVELOPMENT

Project Description: The project is located at 150 Seaport Boulevard, Boston, Massachusetts.

The Site consists of a 13,500 square feet (sf) parcel of land located along the Boston Harbor Waterfront and is currently occupied by two one- to two-story wood framed and concrete block buildings. The proposed development consists of a new 23-story residential tower with three levels of below grade parking. The project is expected to take place from

October 2018 through October 2019.

Project Location:

Approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: https://www.google.com/maps/place/42.35080967790394N71.04291562137091W



Counties: Suffolk, MA

Endangered Species Act Species

There is a total of 0 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.

Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species.

IPaC does not display listed species or critical habitats under the sole jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries¹, as USFWS does not have the authority to speak on behalf of NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

1. <u>NOAA Fisheries</u>, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

Critical habitats

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA UNDER THIS OFFICE'S JURISDICTION.

MassDEP - Bureau of Waste Site Cleanup Phase 1 Site Assessment Map: 500 feet & 0.5 Mile Radii

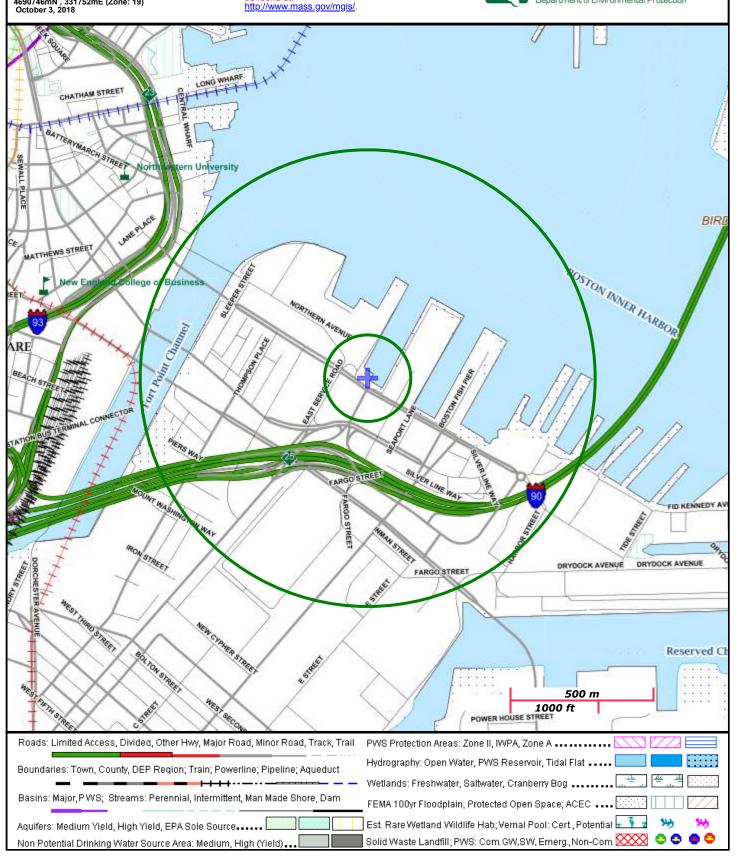
Site Information:

150 SEAPORT BLVD BOSTON, MA

NAD83 UTM Meters: 4690746mN , 331752mE (Zone: 19) October 3, 2018

The information shown is the best available at the date of printing. However, it may be incomplete. The responsible party and LSP are ultimately responsible for ascertaining the true conditions surrounding the site. Metadata for data layers shown on this map can be found. be found at:





General distribution: Atlantic Ocean waters and associated bays, estuaries, and coastal river systems from Minas Basin, Nova Scotia, Canada, to the St. Johns River, Florida; only adults occur in marine waters, with some adults making coastal migrations between river systems (e.g., Penobscot River to Merrimack River via the Gulf of Maine; Merrimack River to Connecticut River via the Gulf of Maine and Long Island Sound; Connecticut River to Hudson River via Long Island Sound and the East River); typically, distribution in rivers and inshore bays occurs from the estuary or river mouth up to the first impassible barrier (e.g., a dam or falls); comprehensive information on species biology and distribution is available in the Shortnose Sturgeon Status Review Team's Biological Assessment (SSSRT 2010; available at: http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/pr/pdfs/species/shortnosesturgeon biological assessment2010.pdf)

Disclaimer: the best available information on shortnose sturgeon presence within the Greater Atlantic Region is presented below; waterbodies included are ones where we have information specific to shortnose sturgeon use of the area that would be helpful for action agencies reviewing proposed actions and their potential effects on shortnose sturgeon; for waterbodies not listed below, we have no data on usage by shortnose sturgeon; however, we expect the species may be present in other coastal waters in the Gulf of Maine and along the U.S. Atlantic coast between the Merrimack and Hudson Rivers; bracketed footnotes are provided in the table to match up "Use of the Watershed" information to the specific reference(s) from which it came; a description of shortnose sturgeon life history stages are included at the end of the table below

Body of Water (State)	Distribution/Range in Watershed	Life Stages Present	Use of the Watershed	References
Narraguagus River (ME)	Up to Cherryfield Dam (RKM 10.6)	adults	Foraging - May be used for foraging; tag detections indicate that usage of the river is for short periods during coastal migrations[1]	[1] Dionne et al. 2013
Penobscot River (ME)	Up to Milford Dam (RKM 62)	adults documented; other life stages assumed but unknown	Spawning - Not documented to date; suitable spawning habitat is accessible[3] Foraging - Foraging concentrations from RKM 10-24.5 during the summer months as well as throughout the lower and middle estuary; RKM 21-45 by mid-July and August[1] Overwintering - Aggregations located from RKM 36.5-42 from mid-August to mid-April[2]	[1] Fernandes et al. 2010; [2] Lachapelle 2013; [3] Johnston 2016
St. George River (ME)	Up to RKM 39 in lower estuary	adults	Foraging - May be used for foraging; tag detections indicate that usage of the river is for short periods during coastal migrations[1][2]	[1] Zydlewski et al. 2011; [2] Dionne et al. 2013
Medomak River (ME)	Up to RKM 17.5	adults	Foraging - May be used for foraging; tag detections indicate that usage of the river is for short periods during coastal migrations[1][2][3]	[1] Zydlewski et al. 2011; [2] Dionne et al. 2013; [3] Johnston 2016
Damariscotta River (ME)	Up to Damariscotta Lake Dam (RKM 30.3)	adults	Foraging - May be used for foraging; tag detections indicate that usage of the river is for short periods during coastal migrations[1][2]	[1] Zydlewski et al. 2011; [2] Dionne et al. 2013
Sheepscot River (ME)	Up to Head Tide Dam (RKM 35)	adults	Foraging - Montsweag Bay during the summer [1] Overwintering - Suspected to occur in the estuary[2]	[1] Fried and McCleave 1973; [2] SSSRT 2010

General distribution: Atlantic Ocean waters and associated bays, estuaries, and coastal river systems from Minas Basin, Nova Scotia, Canada, to the St. Johns River, Florida; only adults occur in marine waters, with some adults making coastal migrations between river systems (e.g., Penobscot River to Merrimack River via the Gulf of Maine; Merrimack River to Connecticut River via the Gulf of Maine and Long Island Sound; Connecticut River to Hudson River via Long Island Sound and the East River); typically, distribution in rivers and inshore bays occurs from the estuary or river mouth up to the first impassible barrier (e.g., a dam or falls); comprehensive information on species biology and distribution is available in the Shortnose Sturgeon Status Review Team's Biological Assessment (SSSRT 2010; available at: http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/pr/pdfs/species/shortnosesturgeon biological assessment2010.pdf)

Disclaimer: the best available information on shortnose sturgeon presence within the Greater Atlantic Region is presented below; waterbodies included are ones where we have information specific to shortnose sturgeon use of the area that would be helpful for action agencies reviewing proposed actions and their potential effects on shortnose sturgeon; for waterbodies not listed below, we have no data on usage by shortnose sturgeon; however, we expect the species may be present in other coastal waters in the Gulf of Maine and along the U.S. Atlantic coast between the Merrimack and Hudson Rivers; bracketed footnotes are provided in the table to match up "Use of the Watershed" information to the specific reference(s) from which it came; a description of shortnose sturgeon life history stages are included at the end of the table below

Body of Water (State)	Distribution/Range in Watershed	Life Stages Present	Use of the Watershed	References
Kennebec River (ME)	Up to Lockwood Dam (RKM 103), also includes Merrymeeting Bay, Sagadahoc Bay, and the entirety of the Back, Sasanoa, Eastern, and Cathance Rivers	eggs, larvae, YOY, juveniles, and adults	Spawning - Occurs at two sites: below the former Edwards Dam[7] (RKM 58-74) and downstream of the Lockwood Dam[8] (RKM 87-103) Rearing - Eggs and larvae occur in freshwater reaches below the spawning sites[8] Foraging - Throughout the lower estuary to the mouth of the river[4][5][8] (below RKM 70) with concentration areas near Bath[3][5][8] (RKM 16-29) including Sagadahoc Bay[6] and the Back and Sasanoa Rivers[1][5][8] Overwintering - Majority in Merrymeeting Bay [5][7] (RKM 37-40 and 40-42), also Bluff Head [2][5] (RKM 15), and in the lower portions of the Eastern and Cathance Rivers (tributaries to Merrymeeting Bay)[2]	[1] McCleave et al. 1977; [2] Squiers and Robillard 1997; [3] Squiers 2003; [4] Fernandes et al. 2010; [5] SSSRT 2010; [6] Fire et al. 2012; [7] Wippelhauser and Squiers 2015; [8] Wippelhauser et al. 2015
Androscoggin River (ME)	Up to Brunswick Dam (RKM 8.4)	eggs, larvae, YOY, juveniles, and adults	Spawning - Below Brunswick Dam to the Rt. 201 Bridge(RKM 7.7-8.4)[2] Rearing - Eggs and larvae occur in freshwater reaches below the spawning sites[3] Foraging - Montsweag Bay during the summer [1]	[1] McCleave et al. 1977; [2] Wippelhauser and Squiers 2015; [3] Wippelhauser et al. 2015
Presumpscot River (ME)	Up to Presumpscot Falls (RKM 4)	adults	Foraging - May be used for foraging[1]	[1] Yoder et al. 2009
Saco River (ME)	Up to Cataract Dam (RKM 10)	adults	Foraging - Used seasonally May-November[1]	[1] Little et al. 2013; [2] Hodgdon et al. 2018
Piscataqua River (NH)	Entirety of Piscataqua River including Cocheco River from its confluence with Piscataqua River upstream to Cocheco Falls Dam and waters of Salmon Falls River from its confluence with Piscataqua River upstream to the Route 4 Dam	adults	Foraging - Used seasonally for foraging and resting during spring and fall migrations; tracking data indicates that use by individual sturgeon is limited to days or weeks[1]	[1] Kieffer and Trefry, pers. comm., April 18, 2017

General distribution: Atlantic Ocean waters and associated bays, estuaries, and coastal river systems from Minas Basin, Nova Scotia, Canada, to the St. Johns River, Florida; only adults occur in marine waters, with some adults making coastal migrations between river systems (e.g., Penobscot River to Merrimack River via the Gulf of Maine; Merrimack River to Connecticut River via the Gulf of Maine and Long Island Sound; Connecticut River to Hudson River via Long Island Sound and the East River); typically, distribution in rivers and inshore bays occurs from the estuary or river mouth up to the first impassible barrier (e.g., a dam or falls); comprehensive information on species biology and distribution is available in the Shortnose Sturgeon Status Review Team's Biological Assessment (SSSRT 2010; available at: http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/pr/pdfs/species/shortnosesturgeon biological assessment2010.pdf)

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Body of Water (State)	Distribution/Range in Watershed	Life Stages Present	Use of the Watershed	References
Merrimack River (MA)	Up to Essex Dam (RKM 46)	eggs, larvae, YOY, juveniles, and adults	Spawning - Near Haverhill[2] (RKM 30-32) Rearing - Eggs and larvae present in spawning grounds four weeks after spawning occurs, following which they would begin to move downstream continuing their development in the freshwater reach of the river[1] (RKM 16-32) Foraging - Lower river with concentrations near Amesbury and the lower islands[1][3] (RKM 6-24) Overwintering - Late fall to early spring[1]; multiple overwintering sites from RKM 15-29 in freshwater reaches beyond the maximum salt penetration[4]	[1] Kieffer and Kynard 1993; [2] Kieffer and Kynard 1996; [3] Kynard et al. 2000; [4] Wippelhauser et al. 2015
Narragansett Bay (RI)	Throughout the bay	adults	Foraging - Potentially occurs where suitable forage is present[1]	[1] NMFS 1998
Thames River (CT)	Up to the Greenville Dam (RKM 28)	adults undocumented, but assumed based on documented occurrences of Atlantic sturgeon in the river	Foraging - Assumed to occur where suitable forage is present[1]	[1] The Day June 17, 2016 (http://www.theday. com/article/20160617/NWS01 /160619212)

General distribution: Atlantic Ocean waters and associated bays, estuaries, and coastal river systems from Minas Basin, Nova Scotia, Canada, to the St. Johns River, Florida; only adults occur in marine waters, with some adults making coastal migrations between river systems (e.g., Penobscot River to Merrimack River via the Gulf of Maine; Merrimack River to Connecticut River via the Gulf of Maine and Long Island Sound; Connecticut River to Hudson River via Long Island Sound and the East River); typically, distribution in rivers and inshore bays occurs from the estuary or river mouth up to the first impassible barrier (e.g., a dam or falls); comprehensive information on species biology and distribution is available in the Shortnose Sturgeon Status Review Team's Biological Assessment (SSSRT 2010; available at: http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/pr/pdfs/species/shortnosesturgeon biological assessment2010.pdf)

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Body of Water (State)	Distribution/Range in Watershed	Life Stages Present	Use of the Watershed	References
Connecticut River (CT/MA)	Up to Turners Falls Dam, MA (RKM 198)	eggs, larvae, YOY, juveniles, and adults	Spawning - Below Turners Falls Dam/Cabot Station at two locations depending on river conditions[3] (RKM 193-194); limited spawning may occasionally occur below Holyoke Dam[3] (RKM 139-140) Rearing - Eggs and larvae spawned upstream documented up to 20 km downstream of the spawning site[3]; if spawning is successful downstream of Holyoke, early life stages would be present in downstream freshwater reaches [1][3] (RKM 13-194) Foraging - Concentrations above the Holyoke Dam in the Deerfield Concentration Area[3] (RKM 144-192), Agawam Concentration Area [1] (RKM 114-119), and the lower Connecticut Concentration Area[3] (RKM 0-110) Overwintering - Concentrations above the Holyoke Dam in the Deerfield Concentration Area[3] (RKM 144-192); below the Holyoke Dam concentrations near Holyoke[2] (RKM 137-140), Agawam[3] (RKM 114-119), Hartford [2] (RKM 82-86), Portland, CT[3] (RKM 46), and the lower river[2] (RKM 0-25)	[1] Buckley and Kynard 1983; [2] Buckley and Kynard 1985; [3] Kynard et al. 2012
Deerfield River (MA), tributary of the Connecticut River	Up to Deerfield No. 2 at Shelburne Falls (RKM 22.5)	adults documented in lower 3 km; larvae spawned in Connecticut River may be present during certain flow conditions	Rearing - Water flow could potentially draw migrating larvae into unfavorable habitat in the Deerfield River[1]; potential refuge area during high flows[2] Foraging - Spring through fall in lower river[2] (RKM 0-3.5) Overwintering - May be used as an overwintering area potential pre-spawning staging area for adults[1]	[1] Kieffer and Kynard 1992; [2] Kynard et al. 2012

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Body of Water (State)	Distribution/Range in Watershed	Life Stages Present	Use of the Watershed	References
Westfield River (MA), tributary of the Connecticut River	Up to DSI Dam (RKM 9.5)	adults	Foraging - Assumed to occur where suitable forage is present[1]	[1] USFWS 2007 in SSSRT 2010
Quinnipiac River (CT)	Up to Wallace Dam (RKM 27)	adults undocumented, but assumed based on documented occurrences of Atlantic sturgeon in the river	Foraging - Assumed to occur where suitable forage is present[1]	[1] Hartford Courant September 30, 1994 (http: //articles.courant.com/1994- 09- 30/news/9409300111_1_stur geon-fish-story-giant-fish)
Housatonic River (CT)	Up to Derby Dam (RKM 23.5)	adults	Spawning - Historical spawning occurred above the Derby Dam, none known to occur currently[1] Foraging - Potentially occurs where suitable forage is present[1]	[1] Savoy and Benway 2006 in SSSRT 2010
Long Island Sound (CT/NY)	Full length of Long Island Sound in nearshore coastal waters	adults	Foraging - Potentially occurs where suitable forage is present[1]	[1] Savoy 2004 in SSSRT 2010
East River (NY)	Full length of the East River	transient adults undocumented, but assumed based on detections of Atlantic sturgeon and occasional movements of shortnose sturgeon from Hudson River to Connecticut River	Foraging - Potentially occurs where suitable forage is present[1]	[1] Savoy 2004 in SSSRT 2010

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Body of Water (State)	Distribution/Range in Watershed	Life Stages Present	Use of the Watershed	References
Hudson River (NY/NJ)	Up to Troy Dam, NY (approximately RKM 246)	eggs, larvae, YOY, juveniles, and adults	Spawning - Documented from late March to early May when water temperatures reach 10°-18°C[1] from Coxsackie to below the Federal Dam at Troy[1][3] (RKM 190-246) Rearing - Eggs on the spawning grounds; larvae downstream to at least RKM 104; YOY downstream to at least RKM 64[1] Foraging - Throughout the Hudson River (RKM 38-175) [3][4] with concentrations in Haverstraw Bay[1] (RKM 56-64) Overwintering - Late fall to early spring[3]; largest area (mainly spawning adults) near Kingston[2] (RKM 137-149); smaller overwintering areas are located from Saugerties to Hyde Park[2] (RKM 123-170) and in the Croton-Haverstraw Bay area[2] (RKM 54-61); many juveniles overwinter in the lower river[1] (RKM 0-64)	[1] Dovel et al. 1992; [2] Geoghegan et al. 1992; [3] Bain 1997; [4] Pendleton et al. 2018

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Body of Water (State)	Distribution/Range in Watershed	Life Stages Present	Use of the Watershed	References
Delaware River and Bay (NJ/DE/PA)	Up to Lambertville, PA (RKM 240)	eggs, larvae, YOY, juveniles, and adults	Spawning - Documented from late March through late May; water temperatures 6-18°C; between Trenton and Lambertville[6] (RKM 214-238) Rearing - Eggs and larvae between Trenton and Lambertville[6] (RKM 214-238); juveniles located upstream of the salt wedge from Wilmington to Philadelphia[3] (RKM 114-148) Foraging - Throughout the river, between the vicinity of Trenton south to Artificial Island[7] (RKM 79) Overwintering - November to March[1]; overwinter when waters reach 10°C (typically mid-November)[2]; many adults concentrate from RKM 190-212[1][4], but occur downstream below Wilmington[4] (RKM 116); juveniles overwinter from Philadelphia to below Artificial Island[5] (RKM 70-154); variety of behaviors from sedentary to active[6]	[1] O'Herron et al. 1993; [2] USGS gauge at Philadelphia (01467200) during the 2003- 2008 time period; [3] Burton et al. 2005; [4] ERC 2006; [5] Brundage and O'Herron 2009; [6] ERC 2009; [7] SSSRT 2010
Schuylkill River (PA), tributary of the Delaware River	Up to Fairmount Dam (RKM 13.6)	juveniles and adults	Foraging - Potentially occurs where suitable forage is present[1]	[1] Philadelphia Water Department November 7, 2014 (http://www. phillywatersheds. org/endangered-shortnose- sturgeon-returns-schuylkill)
C&D Canal (DE/MD)	Used at least occasionally to move from Chesapeake Bay to the Delaware River	adults	Foraging - Assumed to occur in areas with suitable forage[1]	[1] Welsh et al. 2002
Chesapeake Bay (MD/VA)	Maryland and Virigina waters of mainstem bay and tidal tributaries including those specifically listed below.	adults documented; other life stage presence unknown	Foraging, Resting, and Overwintering - Assumed to occur in areas with suitable forage [1][2]	[1] SSSRT 2010; [2] Balazik 2017

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Body of Water (State)	Distribution/Range in Watershed	Life Stages Present	Use of the Watershed	References
Susquehanna River (MD)	Up to Conowingo Dam (RKM 16)	adults documented; other life stages assumed but unknown	Spawning - Historically occurred; currently unknown as suitability of habitat is likely impacted by dam operations[1] Foraging - Assumed to occur in areas with suitable forage[2] Overwintering - Not documented but assumed based on anecdotal reports of aggregations of sturgeon in deep holes near Lapidum and Perrysville[2]	[1] Litwiler 2001; [2] SSSRT 2010
Potomac River (MD/VA)	Up to Little Falls Dam (RKM 189)	adults documented; other life stages assumed but unknown	Spawning - Historically occurred; current spawning not documented but assumed based on presence of pre-spawning females and suitable habitat at RKM 185-187[1] Rearing - Eggs expected at RKM 185-187, larvae would be present downstream in freshwater[1] Foraging - Mainly in the deepwater channel from RKM 63-141[1][2] Overwintering - Near Mattawoman Creek; saltwater/freshwater reach near Craney Island [1][2] (RKM 63-141)	[1] Kynard et al. 2007; [2] Kynard et al. 2009
Rappahannock River (VA)	Range not confirmed, but they have been documented in this river (likely throughout the entire river)	adults	Foraging - Potentially occurs where suitable forage is present; one was captured in May 1998[1]	[1] Spells 1998
York River (VA)	Range unknown (potentially throughout the river and tributaries)	adults	Foraging - Potentially occurs where suitable forage is present [1]	[1] Balazik, pers. comm., June 7, 2018

General distribution: Atlantic Ocean waters and associated bays, estuaries, and coastal river systems from Minas Basin, Nova Scotia, Canada, to the St. Johns River, Florida; only adults occur in marine waters, with some adults making coastal migrations between river systems (e.g., Penobscot River to Merrimack River via the Gulf of Maine; Merrimack River to Connecticut River via the Gulf of Maine and Long Island Sound; Connecticut River to Hudson River via Long Island Sound and the East River); typically, distribution in rivers and inshore bays occurs from the estuary or river mouth up to the first impassible barrier (e.g., a dam or falls); comprehensive information on species biology and distribution is available in the Shortnose Sturgeon Status Review Team's Biological Assessment (SSSRT 2010; available at: http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/pr/pdfs/species/shortnosesturgeon biological assessment2010.pdf)

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Body of Water (State)	Distribution/Range in Watershed	Life Stages Present	Use of the Watershed	References
James River (VA)	Range not confirmed, but likely up to Boshers Dam (RKM 182.3)	adults	Foraging/Spawning - Foraging potentially occurs where suitable forage is present; a sturgeon, possibly from the Potomac or Delaware River, was captured on March 13, 2016, at RKM 48[1]; on February 2018, a second sturgeon (a confirmed gravid female) was captured near RKM 48[2] (genetics results not yet available); spawning area unknown; the salinity at RKM 48 is usually low (brackish).	[1] Balazik 2017; [2] Balazik, pers. comm., February 10, 2018

Listing rule: 32 FR 4001, March 11, 1967; Recovery plan: NMFS 1998. Available online: http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/pr/pdfs/recovery/sturgeon_shortnose.pdf

General distribution: Atlantic Ocean waters and associated bays, estuaries, and coastal river systems from Hamilton Inlet, Labrador, Canada, to Cape Canaveral, Florida; only subadult and adult lifestages occur in marine waters, where they are typically found in waters 5-50 meters in depth (Stein et al. 2004; ASMFC TC 2007); subadults and adults may travel long distances in marine waters, aggregate in both ocean and estuarine areas at certain times of the year, and exhibit seasonal coastal movements in the spring and fall; distribution in rivers and inshore bays typically occurs from the estuary or river mouth generally up to the first impassible barrier (e.g., a dam or falls); Atlantic sturgeon generally use the deepest habitats available to them in rivers, but they have also been collected over shallow (2.5 meters), tidally influenced flats and substrates ranging from mud to sand and mixed rubble and cobble (Savoy and Pacileo 2003)

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Body of Water (State)	Distribution/Range in Watershed	Life Stages Present	Use of the Watershed	References
Cobscook Bay/St. Croix River (ME)	Up to the Milltown Dam at Calais, ME (RKM 16)	subadults and adults	Foraging - assumed to occur wherever suitable forage is present[1]	[1] Zydlewski (UMaine) pers. comm., September 21, 2015
Penobscot River (ME)	Up to the Milford Dam (RKM 62)	subadults and adults (potentially eggs, larvae, YOY, and juveniles)	Spawning - undocumented, but 12 km of suitable spawning habitat is accessible[2] Foraging - wherever suitable forage is present, documented in the lower river (RKM 21-24.5)[1]	[1] Fernandes et al. 2010; [2] Wippelhauser et al. 2017
Damariscotta River (ME)	Up to Damariscotta Lake Dam (RKM 30.3)	subadults and adults	Foraging - assumed to occur wherever suitable forage is present; tag detections indicate that usage of the river is for short periods during coastal migrations[1]	[1] Picard and Zydlewski 2014
Sheepscot River (ME)	Up to the head-of-tide dam (RKM 35)	subadults and adults	Foraging - assumed to occur wherever suitable forage is present; may occur in Montsweag Bay as shortnose sturgeon foraging has been documented there[1]; subadults have been captured in the river[2]	[1] Fried and McCleave 1973; [2] ASSRT 2007
Kennebec River (ME)	Up to the Lockwood Dam (RKM 102), also includes the entirety of the Back and Sasanoa Rivers	eggs, larvae, YOY, juveniles, subadults, and adults	Spawning - May-August[4]; documented via captures of spawning condition adults and larvae (RKM 52.8-76)[1][4]; potentially occurs as far upstream as the Lockwood Dam in the restored spawning habitat (RKM 87-102)[4] Rearing - ELS have been documented near the spawning grounds[4]; juveniles have also been documented in the river[3] Foraging - assumed to occur wherever suitable forage is present (documented from RKM 0-42)[4]; also documented in the Sasanoa and Back Rivers[2][3]	Wippelhauser 2012; [3]

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Androscoggin River (ME)	Up to the Brunswick Dam (RKM 8.4)	eggs, larvae, YOY, juveniles, subadults, and adults	Spawning - May-August[2]; capture of a ripe male[2] in the summer below the Brunswick Dam (RKM 7.7-8.4)[1] indicates that spawning is likely occurring Rearing - Juveniles likely present throughout the river year-round Foraging - assumed to occur wherever suitable forage is present	[1] Wippelhauser and Squiers 2015; [2] Wippelhauser et al. 2017
Presumpscot River (ME)	Up to Presumpscot Falls (RKM 3)	subadults and adults	Foraging - assumed to occur wherever suitable forage is present; an Atlantic sturgeon was caught below Presumpscot Falls[1]	[1] Yoder et al. 2009
Scarborough River (ME)	Throughout the entire river	subadults and adults	Foraging - assumed to occur wherever suitable forage is present[1]	[1] Wippelhauser et al. 2017
Saco River (ME)	Up to Cataract Dam (RKM 10)	juveniles, subadults, and adults	Foraging - assumed to occur wherever suitable forage is present[1]	[1] Novak et al. 2017
Piscataqua River Watershed including Salmon Falls and Cocheco tributaries (NH)	Up to the confluence with the Salmon Falls and Cocheco Rivers (RKM 15) and including Great Bay; Salmon Falls River – up to the Route 4/South Berswick Dam (RKM 7); Cocheco River – up to the Cocheco Falls Dam (RKM 6)	subadults and adults (eggs, larvae, YOY, and juveniles possible)	Spawning - potentially occurs in the Salmon Falls and Cocheco rivers based on the presence of features necessary to support reproduction and recruitment as well as the capture of an adult female Atlantic sturgeon in spawning condition in 1990[1][3] Rearing - Juveniles potentially present throughout the river year-round Foraging - used seasonally for foraging and resting during spring and fall migrations; tagging data indicates that use by individual sturgeon is limited to days or weeks[2]	[1] ASSRT 2007; [2] Kieffer and Trefry 2017 pers. comm.; [3] NMFS 2017
Merrimack River (MA)	Up to the Essex Dam (RKM 46); often found around the lower islands reach (RKM 3-12) and the mouth of the river	subadults and adults (potentially eggs, larvae, YOY, and juveniles)	Spawning - potentially occurs due to the presence of features necessary to support reproduction and recruitment[4] Rearing - data suggests it is used as a nursery area for juveniles[3] Foraging - mouth of the river and the lower islands area (RKM 0-12); subadults use RKM 7-12[1][2]	[1] Kieffer and Kynard 1993; [2] Kynard et al. 2000; [3] ASSRT 2007; [4] NMFS 2017
Charles River (MA)	Up to Charles River Locks (RKM 5.5)	subadults and adults	Foraging - assumed to occur wherever suitable forage is present[1]	[1] Boston.com February 20, 2012 (http://archive.boston. com/news/science/articles/2012 /02/20/from_depths_of_the_cha rles_an_ancient_species/)
North River (MA)	Up to Dam #1 on the Indian Head Reservoir at Luddam's Ford (RKM 21)	subadults and adults	Foraging - assumed to occur wherever suitable forage is present; an adult was found in the North River, 4 miles from the mouth in 2012[1]	[1] The Patriot Ledger June 1, 2012 (http://www.patriotledger. com/article/20120601/NEWS/30 6019786)
Taunton River (MA)	Up to the convergence of the Town River and Matfield River	subadults and adults	Foraging - assumed to occur wherever suitable forage is present[1][2]	[1] Buerkett and Kynard 1993; [2] ASSRT 2007

Narragansett Bay (RI)	Throughout the bay	subadults and adults	Foraging - assumed to occur wherever suitable forage is present[1]	[1] ASSRT 2007
Thames River (CT)	Up to the Yantic Dam in the Yantic River and up to the Greenville Dam in the Shetucket River	subadults and adults	Foraging - assumed to occur wherever suitable forage is present[1][2][3]	[1] Whitworth 1996; [2] ASSRT 2007; [3] The Day June 17, 2016 (http://www.theday.com/article/20160617/NWS01/1 60619212)
Connecticut River (CT/MA)	Up to the Holyoke Dam (RKM 140); mainly stay in the summer range of the salt wedge (RKM 0-26)	eggs, larvae, YOY, juveniles, subadults, and adults	Spawning/Rearing - captures of pre- migratory juvenile sturgeon in the river strongly suggests that spawning is occurring in this river[3] Foraging - assumed to occur wherever suitable forage is present[1][2]	[1] Savoy and Shake 1993; [2] Savoy and Pacileo 2003; [3] Savoy et al. 2017
Quinnipiac River (CT)	Up to bridge at Quinnipiac Street and River Road in Wallingford (RKM 27)	subadults and adults	Foraging - assumed to occur wherever suitable forage is present[1]	[1] Hartford Courant September 30, 1994 (http://articles.courant.com/1994-09-30/news/9409300111_1_sturge on-fish-story-giant-fish)
Housatonic River (CT)	Up to the Derby Dam (RKM 23.5)	subadults and adults (potentially eggs, larvae, YOY, and juveniles)	Spawning - not documented; potentially occurs due to the presence of features necessary to support reproduction and recruitment[3] Foraging - assumed to occur wherever suitable forage is present[1][2]	[1] Whitworth 1996; [2] ASSRT 2007; [3] NMFS 2017
Long Island Sound (NY/CT)	All of Long Island Sound	subadults and adults	Foraging - where suitable forage is present; 85% of Atlantic sturgeon caught in Long Island Sound are over mud/transitional bottoms of 27-37 meters deep in the central basin[1]	[1] Savoy and Pacileo 2003
East River (NY)	full length of the East River	subadults and adults	Migration - subadults and adults have been documented using this waterbody to move between the Hudson River and western Long Island Sound[1][2] Foraging - assumed to occur wherever suitable forage is present, but forage is limited[1][2]	[1] Savoy and Pacileo 2003; [2] Tomichek et al. 2014

Hudson River (NY/NJ)	up to the Troy Dam (approximately RKM 246)	eggs, larvae, YOY, juveniles, subadults, and adults	Spawning - late April through August[1][6], notably around Hyde Park (RKM 129-135) [4] and Catskill (RKM 182)[2], as well as throughout RKM 113-184[4]; evidence strongly suggests that there is also spawning further upstream of RKM 193[6] Rearing - larvae and YOY - RKM 60-148[1] [3]; remain upstream of the salt wedge[2]; juveniles - RKM 63-140[1][3]; utilize the estuary up through Kingston (RKM 148)[1]; Newburgh and Haverstraw Bays (RKM 55-61) are areas of known juvenile concentrations[5] Foraging - assumed to occur wherever suitable forage is present Overwintering - juveniles - RKM 19-74 from fall through winter[1]; some juveniles were recorded in Esopus Meadows (RKM 134)[3]	[1] Dovel and Berggren 1983; [2] Van Eenennaam et al. 1996; [3] Bain 1997; [4] Bain et al. 1998; [5] Sweka et al. 2006; [6] Dewayne Fox, DSU, and Kathy Hattala, NYDEC, personal communication April 2014
Delaware River (NJ/DE/PA)	Up to the fall line near Trenton, NJ (RKM 211)	eggs, larvae, YOY, juveniles, subadults, and adults	of the detections in the Marcus Hook Area (RKM 127-129)[7] Foraging - where suitable forage and	[1] Lazzari et al. 1986; [2] Simpson and Fox 2006; [3] Simpson 2008; [4] Calvo et al. 2010; [5] Breece et al. 2013; [6] Stetzar et al. 2015; [7] Hale et al. 2016
C&D Canal (DE/MD)	Used at least occasionally to move from Chesapeake Bay to the Delaware River	juveniles, subadults, and adults	Foraging - Assumed to occur in areas with suitable forage [1][2]	[1] Simpson 2008; [2] Brundage and O'Herron 2009
Chesapeake Bay (MD/VA)	Throughout the bay typically in spring through fall	juveniles, subadults, and adults	Migration - April-November for adults[5] and subadults[1]; year round for juveniles[2] [3]; these lifestages wander among coastal and estuarine habitats[5] Foraging - typically in areas where suitable forage and appropriate habitat conditions are present; typically tidally influenced flats and mud, sand and mixed cobble substrates[4]	[1] Dovel and Berggren 1983; [2] Secor et al. 2000; [3] Welsh et al. 2002; [4] Stein et al. 2004; [5] Horne and Stence 2016
Susquehanna River (MD)	Up to the Conowingo Dam (RKM 16)	subadults and adults (potentially eggs, larvae, YOY, and juveniles)	Foraging - where suitable forage and appropriate habitat conditions are present [1]	[1] ASSRT 2007

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Choptank River (MD)	Range not confirmed, but they have been documented in this river (likely up to the dam at RKM 102)	subadults and adults (potentially eggs, larvae, YOY, and juveniles)	Foraging - where suitable forage and appropriate habitat conditions are present [2] Spawning - not documented, but a gravid female was caught at the mouth of the river near Tilghman Island[1]	[1] The Baltimore Sun June 13, 2007 (http://articles. baltimoresun.com/2007-06-13/news/0706130110_1_sturge on-chesapeake-bay-university-of-maryland); [2] ASSRT 2007
Nanticoke River, including Marshyhope Creek and Broad Creek tributaries (MD)	Range not confirmed, but they have been documented in the Nanticoke River up to the mouth of Broad Creek; they have also been found up to Federalsburg, MD in Marshyhope Creek and up to Laurel, DE in Broad Creek[2]	subadults and adults (potentially eggs, larvae, YOY, and juveniles)	Spawning - potential for spawning due to the presence of features necessary to support reproduction and recruitment in one of its tributaries (in Marshyhope Creek, spawn ready adults have been captured)[2] Rearing - may be used as a nursery for juveniles[1] Foraging - assumed to occur wherever suitable forage is present[1]	[1] ASSRT 2007; [2] Horne and Stence 2016
Pocomoke River (MD)	To the limit of tidal influence where Whiton Crossing Road crosses the river	subadults and adults	Foraging - assumed to occur wherever suitable forage is present[1]	[1] Horne and Stence 2016
Potomac River (MD/VA)	Up to Little Falls Dam (RKM 189)	juveniles, subadults, and adults (potentially eggs, larvae, and YOY)	Spawning - potentially occurs as three small juveniles[3] and a large mature female[2] have been captured and due to the presence of features necessary to support reproduction and recruitment[1][2] Rearing - three juveniles have been captured[3] Foraging - where suitable forage and appropriate habitat conditions are present [2]	[1] Niklitschek and Secor 2005; [2] ASSRT 2007; [3] Kynard et al. 2007
Rappahannock River (VA)	Range not confirmed, but they have been documented in this river (likely throughout the entire river)	subadults and adults (potentially eggs, larvae, YOY, and juveniles)	Spawning - potentially occurs due to the capture of a male sturgeon in spawning condition in September 2015 and the presence of features necessary to support reproduction and recruitment[1][3] Rearing - may be used as a nursery for juveniles[2] Foraging - where suitable forage and appropriate habitat conditions are present [2]	[1] Bushnoe et al. 2005; [2] ASSRT 2007; [3] NMFS 2016

York River, including Mattaponi and Pamunkey River tributaries (VA)	York River - up to confluence with the Mattaponi and Pamunkey Rivers (RKM 55); Pamunkey River - up to RKM 150; Mattaponi River - up to RKM 120	eggs, larvae, YOY, juveniles, subadults, and adults		[1] Bushnoe et al. 2005; [2] Balazik et al. 2012; [3] Hager et al. 2014; [4] Kahn et al. 2014
James River (VA)	Up to Boshers Dam (RKM 182.3)	eggs, larvae, YOY, juveniles, subadults, and adults	between RKM 105 and the fall line near Richmond, VA at RKM 155)[3]	[1] Florida Museum of Natural History 2004; [2] ASSRT 2007; [3] Balazik et al. 2012; [4] Balazik and Musick 2015
Appomattox River (VA), tributary of the James River	Range not confirmed, but they have been documented in this river (likely up to Battersea Dam, RKM 21)	subadults and adults	Foraging - where suitable forage and appropriate habitat conditions are present [1]	[1] The Hopewell News 2013

Listing rules: 77 FR 5880 and 77 FR 5914, February 6, 2012; Recovery plan: none published

6/7/2018

GARFO Master ESA Species Table - Marine Mammals

Species	Region	Offshore distribution	Nearshore areas of importance	Likely Presence	Life Stages Present	Behaviors Anticipated to Occur
North Atlantic right whale	Northeast (ME to Cape Cod, MA)	throughout continental shelf and slope waters	Cape Cod Bay, Massachusetts Bay, Great South Channel, western Gulf of Maine, Georges Bank, Jordan Basin, Wilkinson Basin, Jeffreys Ledge, Cashes Ledge	Year round	Adults and juveniles	Foraging - Cape Cod Bay (January-April), Massachusetts Bay (January-April), Great South Channel (April-June), the western Gulf of Maine (April-May and July-October), the northern edge of Georges Bank (May-July), Jordan Basin (August-October), and Wilkinson Basin (April-July) Wintering - Increasing evidence of wintering areas (approximately November-January) in Cape Cod Bay, Jeffreys and Cashes Ledge, Jordan Basin, and Massachusetts Bay (e.g., Stellwagen Bank)
	Mid-Atlantic (Cape Cod, MA to VA)	throughout continental shelf and slope waters	possibly waters off New Jersey and Virginia	Year round	Adults and juveniles	Migration - Migratory pathway to/from northern (high latitude) foraging and southern calving grounds (primarily November-April)
Fin whale	Northeast (ME to Cape Cod, MA)	throughout continental shelf and slope waters	Massachusetts Bay, Stellwagen Bank, Great South Channel, east of Cape Cod, western Gulf of Maine, eastern perimeter of Georges Bank	Year round	Adults and juveniles	Foraging - Greatest densities from March-August; lower densities from September-November; important foraging grounds include Massachusetts Bay (especially Stellwagen Bank), Great South Channel, waters off Cape Cod (~40-50 meter contour), the western Gulf of Maine (especially Jeffreys Ledge), and the eastern perimenter of Georges Bank Wintering - Evidence of wintering areas in Stellwagen Bank and eastern perimeter of Georges Bank
	Mid-Atlantic (Cape Cod, MA to VA)	throughout continental shelf and slope waters	east end of Long Island, mid-shelf east of New Jersey	Year round	Adults and juveniles	Foraging - Year round in the mid-shelf area off the east end of Long Island Migration - Migratory pathway to/from northern (high latitude) foraging and southern (low latitude) calving grounds Wintering - Evidence of wintering areas in mid-shelf areas east of New Jersey Calving - Possible offshore calving area (October-January)

1

GARFO Master ESA Species Table - Marine Mammals

Sei whale	Northeast (ME to Cape Cod, MA)	continental shelf edge/slope waters with depths greater than 200 meters	none	Year round	Adults and juveniles	Foraging - Spring through summer, found in greatest densities in offshore waters of the Gulf of Maine and Georges Bank (eastern margin into the Northeast Channel area; along the southwestern edge in the area of Hydrographer Canyon); prefer continental shelf edge/slope waters (i.e., >200 meters), although incursions into continental shelf waters do occur seasonally or sporadically during periods of high prey abundance; generally feed on copepods and can often be found in areas where right whales are also found foraging, typically a bit further offshore than Cape Cod Bay Migration - The population is believed to migrate from south of Cape Cod and along the coast of eastern Canada in June-July, and return on a southward migration again in September-October
Sperm whale	Northeast and Mid- Atlantic (ME to VA)	areas with depths greater than 600 meters, and are relatively uncommon in waters less than 300 meters deep	none	Year round	Adults and juveniles	Foraging - In winter, concentrated east and northeast of Cape Hatteras; in spring, the center of distribution shifts northward to east of Delaware and Virginia, and is widespread throughout the central portion of the Mid-Atlantic Bight and the southern portion of Georges Bank; in summer, the distribution is similar but also includes the area east and north of Georges Bank and into the Northeast Channel region, as well as the continental shelf (inshore of the 100 meter isobath) south of New England; in fall, occurrence south of New England on the continental shelf is at its highest level, and there remains a continental shelf edge occurrence in the Mid-Atlantic Bight Migration - In some mid-latitudes, there seems to be a general trend to migrate north and south depending on the seasons (they move poleward in the summer); in temperate areas, there appears to be no obvious seasonal migration

GARFO Master ESA Species Table - Marine Mammals

Blue whale	Northeast and Mid-		none	Year round	Adults and juveniles	Foraging - Off the U.S. Northeast and Mid-Atlantic coasts, they are most common during the summer and fall feeding seasons and typically leave by early winter; although they are rare in continental shelf waters, blue whales are occasionally seen off Cape Cod; best considered an occasional visitor in U.S. Atlantic waters, which may represent the southern limit of its feeding range Migration - Migrate seasonally between summer and winter, but some evidence suggests that individuals remain in certain areas year round; information about movements varies with location, and migratory routes are not well known
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Listing Rule	Recovery Plan
73 FR 12024; March 6, 2008	NMFS 2005
35 FR 18319; December 2, 1970	NMFS 2010a
35 FR 18319; December 2, 1970	NMFS 2011
35 FR 18319; December 2, 1970	NMFS 2010b
35 FR 18319; December 2, 1970	NMFS 1998
	73 FR 12024; March 6, 2008 35 FR 18319; December 2, 1970 35 FR 18319; December 2, 1970 35 FR 18319; December 2, 1970 35 FR 18319;

References: CETAP 1982; Watkins and Schevill 1982; Payne 1984; Kenney et al. 1986, 1995; Schevill et al. 1986; Winn et al. 1986; Wenzel et al. 1988; Hamilton and Mayo 1990; Payne et al. 1990; Hain et al. 1992; Brown et al. 2002; McClellan et al. 2004; Good 2008; NOAA 2008; Baumgartner et al. 2011; Cole et al. 2013; Khan et al. 2013, 2014, 2016; Waring et al. 2016; 81 FR 4837, January 27, 2016; 50 CFR 224.105.

GARFO Master ESA Species Table - Sea Turtles

General distribution: Four species (loggerhead, green, Kemp's ridley, and leatherback) found throughout continental shelf and slope waters of the Northwest Atlantic Ocean; tropical to boreal waters, preferred temperatures greater than 10°C; northward and inshore movement into waters of the Greater Atlantic Region begins in the spring, with turtles arriving into Mid-Atlantic waters in mid-April/May and into Gulf of Maine waters in June; in the fall, this trend is reversed with most turtles leaving the region's waters by the end of November; outside of these times, sea turtle presence in the region's waters is considered unlikely aside from cold-stunned individuals that fail to migrate south (see below); a fifth species (hawksbill) is considered extremely rare in the region based on only a few documented occurrences and its affinity for tropical waters and coral reef type habitats

Disclaimer: the best available information on the presence of sea turtles in the Greater Atlantic Region is presented below; coastal/inshore areas of regular occurrence highlighted below are ones where we have information specific to sea turtle use of the area that would be helpful for action agencies reviewing proposed actions and their potential effects on turtles; however, they may occur in other coastal/inshore areas within this region for which we do not currently have specific information; for nesting individuals, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service has jurisdiction over sea turtles when they are on land

State	Coastal / Inshore Areas of Regular Occurrence	Likely Presence	Life Stages Present	Behaviors Anticipated to Occur
ME/NH and MA (north of Cape Cod)	Cape Cod Bay	June to October/November (note: cold stunning of hard-shelled sea turtles occurs annually from October to January)		Foraging Loggerhead (Northwest Atlantic DPS) - Pelagic and benthic juveniles - omnivorous on bottom and surface - Sub-adults and adults - benthic invertebrates along the coast
MA (south of Cape Cod)	Buzzards Bay, Nantucket and Vineyard Sounds		Loggerhead (Northwest Atlantic DPS) - Pelagic and benthic juveniles, subadults, and	Green (North Atlantic DPS) - Juveniles - Omnivorous along coasts and in protected bays and lagoons - Adults - Herbivorous in nearshore areas
RI	Narragansett Bay and Block Island Sound		adults Green (North Atlantic DPS	Kemp's ridley - Juveniles - Benthic invertebrates in protected
CT/NY	Long Island Sound and associated bays/estuaries (e.g., Peconic Bay)		- Juveniles and adults Kemp's ridley	Leatherback
NY/NJ	Coastal waters off the New York Harbor Complex (e.g., Raritan and Sandy Hook Bays)	May to November (note: cold stunning of hard-shelled sea turtles occurs annually from October to January)	- Juveniles only Leatherback - Juveniles and adults	- Juveniles and adults - Primarily prey on jellyfish in offshore oceanic or coastal neritic areas
NJ/DE	Delaware Bay and other back bays (e.g., Barnegat Bay)			
DE/MD/VA	Coastal waters off Virginia Beach, coastal waters and back bays of the DelMarVa Peninsula, Chesapeake Bay, Tangier Sound, and lower portions of southern Chesapeake Bay tributaries (e.g., James, York, Rappahannock, and Potomac Rivers)			Nesting North of North Carolina, sea turtle nesting is rare (there is occasional loggerhead nesting in Virginia, but no established nesting beaches further north)

GARFO Master ESA Species Table - Sea Turtles

Loggerhead (Northwest Atlantic DPS	Listing rule: 76 FR 58868, September 22, 2011;Recovery plan: NMFS and USFWS 2008; Additional references: Shoop and Kenney 1992; Epperly et al. 1995a, 1995b, 1995c; Braun-McNeill and Epperly 2004; Morreale and Standora 2005; Braun-McNeill et al. 2008; Conant et al. 2009; Mansfield et al. 2009; NMFS NEFSC 2011; Griffin et al. 2013
`	h Listing rule: 81 FR 20057, April 6, 2016; Recovery plan: NMFS and USFWS 1991; Additional references: Lahanas et al. 1994; Wynne and Schwartz 1999; Ruiz-Urquiola et al. 2010; Seminoff et al. 2015
Kemp's ridle	Listing rule: 35 FR 18319, December 2, 1970;Recovery plan: NMFS et al. 2011; Additional references: TEWG 2000; Morreale et al. 2007; NMFS and USFWS 2015
Leatherback	Listing rule: 35 FR 8491, June 2, 1970; Recovery plan: NMFS and USFWS 1992; Additional references: Bjorndal 1997; TEWG 2007; Fossette et al. 2008; Dodge et al. 2011; NMFS and USFWS 2013
Hawksbill	Listing rule: 35 FR 18319, December 2, 1970:Recovery plan: NMFS and USFWS 1992; Additional references: NMFS and USFWS 2013

APPENDIX G

Laboratory Data Reports





ANALYTICAL REPORT

Lab Number: L1827531

Client: Haley & Aldrich, Inc.

465 Medford Street, Suite 2200 Charlestown, MA 02129-1400

ATTN: Lee Vanzler
Phone: (617) 886-7561

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002 Report Date: 07/23/18

The original project report/data package is held by Alpha Analytical. This report/data package is paginated and should be reproduced only in its entirety. Alpha Analytical holds no responsibility for results and/or data that are not consistent with the original.

Certifications & Approvals: MA (M-MA086), NH NELAP (2064), CT (PH-0574), IL (200077), ME (MA00086), MD (348), NJ (MA935), NY (11148), NC (25700/666), PA (68-03671), RI (LAO00065), TX (T104704476), VT (VT-0935), VA (460195), USDA (Permit #P330-17-00196).

Eight Walkup Drive, Westborough, MA 01581-1019 508-898-9220 (Fax) 508-898-9193 800-624-9220 - www.alphalab.com



Serial_No:07231817:41

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number:

L1827531

Report Date:

07/23/18

Alpha Sample ID	Client ID	Matrix	Sample Location	Collection Date/Time	Receive Date
L1827531-01	HASW 07182018	WATER	BOSTON, MA	07/18/18 08:40	07/18/18



Serial No:07231817:41

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD Lab Number: L1827531

Project Number: 132470-002 **Report Date:** 07/23/18

Case Narrative

The samples were received in accordance with the Chain of Custody and no significant deviations were encountered during the preparation or analysis unless otherwise noted. Sample Receipt, Container Information, and the Chain of Custody are located at the back of the report.

Results contained within this report relate only to the samples submitted under this Alpha Lab Number and meet NELAP requirements for all NELAP accredited parameters unless otherwise noted in the following narrative. The data presented in this report is organized by parameter (i.e. VOC, SVOC, etc.). Sample specific Quality Control data (i.e. Surrogate Spike Recovery) is reported at the end of the target analyte list for each individual sample, followed by the Laboratory Batch Quality Control at the end of each parameter. Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs), if requested, are reported for compounds identified to be present and are not part of the method/program Target Compound List, even if only a subset of the TCL are being reported. If a sample was re-analyzed or re-extracted due to a required quality control corrective action and if both sets of data are reported, the Laboratory ID of the re-analysis or re-extraction is designated with an "R" or "RE", respectively. When multiple Batch Quality Control elements are reported (e.g. more than one LCS), the associated samples for each element are noted in the grey shaded header line of each data table. Any Laboratory Batch, Sample Specific % recovery or RPD value that is outside the listed Acceptance Criteria is bolded in the report. All specific QC information is also incorporated in the Data Usability format of our Data Merger tool where it can be reviewed along with any associated usability implications. Soil/sediments, solids and tissues are reported on a dry weight basis unless otherwise noted. Definitions of all data qualifiers and acronyms used in this report are provided in the Glossary located at the back of the report.

In reference to questions H (CAM) or 4 (RCP) when "NO" is checked, the performance criteria for CAM and RCP methods allow for some quality control failures to occur and still be within method compliance. In these instances the specific failure is not narrated but noted in the associated QC table. The information is also incorporated in the Data Usability format of our Data Merger tool where it can be reviewed along with any associated usability implications.

Please see the associated ADEx data file for a comparison of laboratory reporting limits that were achieved with the regulatory Numerical Standards requested on the Chain of Custody.

HOLD POLICY

For samples submitted on hold, Alpha's policy is to hold samples (with the exception of Air canisters) free of charge for 21 calendar days from the date the project is completed. After 21 calendar days, we will dispose of all samples submitted including those put on hold unless you have contacted your Client Service Representative and made arrangements for Alpha to continue to hold the samples. Air canisters will be disposed after 3 business days from the date the project is completed.

Please contact Cli	ient Services at 800	-624-9220 with ai	ny questions.	

I, the undersigned, attest under the pains and penalties of perjury that, to the best of my knowledge and belief and based upon my personal inquiry of those responsible for providing the information contained in this analytical report, such information is accurate and complete. This certificate of analysis is not complete unless this page accompanies any and all pages of this report.

Authorized Signature:

Michelle M. Morris

Date: 07/23/18 Title: Technical Director/Representative



INORGANICS & MISCELLANEOUS



Serial_No:07231817:41

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD Lab Number: L1827531

Project Number: 132470-002 **Report Date:** 07/23/18

SAMPLE RESULTS

 Lab ID:
 L1827531-01
 Date Collected:
 07/18/18 08:40

 Client ID:
 HASW_07182018
 Date Received:
 07/18/18

Sample Location: BOSTON, MA Field Prep: Refer to COC

Sample Depth:

Matrix: Water

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Prepared	Date Analyzed	Analytical Method	Analyst
General Chemistry - West	borough La	b								
SALINITY	16		SU	2.0		1	-	07/19/18 06:25	121,2520B	UN
pH (H)	7.7		SU	-	NA	1	-	07/19/18 04:39	121,4500H+-B	MA
Nitrogen, Ammonia	0.194		mg/l	0.075		1	07/19/18 12:58	07/19/18 23:09	121,4500NH3-BH	AT



Serial_No:07231817:41

L1827531

Lab Number:

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Toport Bate. 07/29/

Method Blank Analysis Batch Quality Control

Parameter	Result Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Prepared	Date Analyzed	Analytical Method	Analyst
General Chemistry - \	Westborough Lab for samp	ole(s): 01	Batch:	: WG11	137333-1				
Nitrogen, Ammonia	ND	mg/l	0.075		1	07/19/18 12:58	07/19/18 22:32	121,4500NH3-E	BH AT



Lab Control Sample Analysis Batch Quality Control

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

General Chemistry - Westborough Lab Associated sample(s): 01

93

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number:

L1827531

07/23/18

20

Report Date:

Parameter	LCS %Recovery	LCSD Qual %Recovery	Qual	%Recovery Limits	RPD	Qual	RPD Limits	
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab Asso	ciated sample(s):	01 Batch: WG113724	14-1					
SALINITY	100	-			-			
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab Asso	ociated sample(s):	01 Batch: WG113725	54-1					
рН	100	-		99-101	-		5	

Batch: WG1137333-2

80-120



Nitrogen, Ammonia

Matrix Spike Analysis Batch Quality Control

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number:

L1827531

Report Date:

07/23/18

Parameter	Native Sample	MS Added	MS Found	MS %Recovery	MSD Qual Found	MSD %Recovery Qua	Recovery al Limits	RPD Q	RPD ual Limits
General Chemistry - Westbo	rough Lab Asso	ciated samp	ole(s): 01	QC Batch ID: V	VG1137333-4	QC Sample: L18275	31-01 Client I	D: HASV	V_07182018
Nitrogen, Ammonia	0.194	4	3.90	93	-	-	80-120	-	20



Lab Duplicate Analysis Batch Quality Control

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number:

L1827531

Report Date:

07/23/18

Parameter	Nati	ve Sa	ample	Duplicate Sam	ple Unit	s RPD	Qual	RPD Limits
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s):	01	QC Batch ID:	WG1137244-2	QC Sample:	L1827531-01	Client ID:	HASW_07182018
SALINITY		16		16	SU	0		
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s):	01	QC Batch ID:	WG1137254-2	QC Sample:	L1827102-01	Client ID:	DUP Sample
рН		7.4		7.4	SU	0		5
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s):	01	QC Batch ID:	WG1137333-3	QC Sample:	L1827531-01	Client ID:	HASW_07182018
Nitrogen, Ammonia		0.194	4	0.174	mg/	11		20



Serial_No:07231817:41

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD Lab Number: L1827531

Report Date: 07/23/18

Project Number: 132470-002

Sample Receipt and Container Information

Were project specific reporting limits specified?

Cooler Information

Cooler Custody Seal

B Absent

Container Information			Initial	Final	Temp			Frozen	
Container ID	Container Type	Cooler	pH pH deg C Pres S		Seal	Date/Time	Analysis(*)		
L1827531-01A	Plastic 250ml HNO3 preserved	В	<2	<2	3.0	Υ	Absent		HOLD-METAL-DISSOLVED(180)
L1827531-01B	Plastic 250ml HNO3 preserved	В	<2	<2	3.0	Υ	Absent		HOLD-METAL-TOTAL(180)
L1827531-01C	Plastic 500ml H2SO4 preserved	В	<2	<2	3.0	Υ	Absent		NH3-4500(28)
L1827531-01D	Plastic 60ml unpreserved	В	7	7	3.0	Υ	Absent		PH-4500(.01)
L1827531-01E	Amber 120ml unpreserved	В	7	7	3.0	Υ	Absent		SALINITY(28)
L1827531-01F	Plastic 500ml unpreserved	В	7	7	3.0	Υ	Absent		ARCHIVE()



Project Name:150 SEAPORT BOULEVARDLab Number:L1827531Project Number:132470-002Report Date:07/23/18

GLOSSARY

Acronyms

EDL - Estimated Detection Limit: This value represents the level to which target analyte concentrations are reported as estimated values, when those target analyte concentrations are quantified below the reporting limit (RL). The EDL includes any adjustments from dilutions, concentrations or moisture content, where applicable. The use of EDLs is specific to the analysis

of PAHs using Solid-Phase Microextraction (SPME).

EMPC - Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration: The concentration that results from the signal present at the retention time of an analyte when the ions meet all of the identification criteria except the ion abundance ratio criteria. An EMPC is a worst-case

estimate of the concentration.

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency.

LCS - Laboratory Control Sample: A sample matrix, free from the analytes of interest, spiked with verified known amounts of

analytes or a material containing known and verified amounts of analytes.

LCSD - Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate: Refer to LCS.

LFB - Laboratory Fortified Blank: A sample matrix, free from the analytes of interest, spiked with verified known amounts of

analytes or a material containing known and verified amounts of analytes.

MDL - Method Detection Limit: This value represents the level to which target analyte concentrations are reported as estimated values, when those target analyte concentrations are quantified below the reporting limit (RL). The MDL includes any

adjustments from dilutions, concentrations or moisture content, where applicable.

MS - Matrix Spike Sample: A sample prepared by adding a known mass of target analyte to a specified amount of matrix sample for which an independent estimate of target analyte concentration is available.

which an independent estimate of target analyte concentration is available.

MSD - Matrix Spike Sample Duplicate: Refer to MS.

NA - Not Applicable.

NC - Not Calculated: Term is utilized when one or more of the results utilized in the calculation are non-detect at the parameter's

reporting unit.

NDPA/DPA - N-Nitrosodiphenylamine/Diphenylamine.

NI - Not Ignitable.

NP - Non-Plastic: Term is utilized for the analysis of Atterberg Limits in soil.

RL - Reporting Limit: The value at which an instrument can accurately measure an analyte at a specific concentration. The RL

includes any adjustments from dilutions, concentrations or moisture content, where applicable.

RPD - Relative Percent Difference: The results from matrix and/or matrix spike duplicates are primarily designed to assess the

precision of analytical results in a given matrix and are expressed as relative percent difference (RPD). Values which are less than five times the reporting limit for any individual parameter are evaluated by utilizing the absolute difference between the

values; although the RPD value will be provided in the report.

SRM - Standard Reference Material: A reference sample of a known or certified value that is of the same or similar matrix as the

associated field samples.

STLP - Semi-dynamic Tank Leaching Procedure per EPA Method 1315.

TEF - Toxic Equivalency Factors: The values assigned to each dioxin and furan to evaluate their toxicity relative to 2,3,7,8-TCDD.

TEQ - Toxic Equivalent: The measure of a sample is toxicity derived by multiplying each dioxin and furan by its corresponding TEF

and then summing the resulting values.

TIC - Tentatively Identified Compound: A compound that has been identified to be present and is not part of the target compound

list (TCL) for the method and/or program. All TICs are qualitatively identified and reported as estimated concentrations.

Footnotes

- The reference for this analyte should be considered modified since this analyte is absent from the target analyte list of the original method.

Terms

Analytical Method: Both the document from which the method originates and the analytical reference method. (Example: EPA 8260B is shown as 1,8260B.) The codes for the reference method documents are provided in the References section of the Addendum.

Final pH: As it pertains to Sample Receipt & Container Information section of the report, Final pH reflects pH of container determined after adjustment at the laboratory, if applicable. If no adjustment required, value reflects Initial pH.

Frozen Date/Time: With respect to Volatile Organics in soil, Frozen Date/Time reflects the date/time at which associated Reagent Water-preserved vials were initially frozen. Note: If frozen date/time is beyond 48 hours from sample collection, value will be reflected in 'bold'.

Initial pH: As it pertains to Sample Receipt & Container Information section of the report, Initial pH reflects pH of container determined upon receipt, if applicable.

Total: With respect to Organic analyses, a 'Total' result is defined as the summation of results for individual isomers or Aroclors. If a 'Total' result is requested, the results of its individual components will also be reported. This is applicable to 'Total' results for methods 8260, 8081 and 8082.

Report Format: Data Usability Report



Project Name:150 SEAPORT BOULEVARDLab Number:L1827531Project Number:132470-002Report Date:07/23/18

Data Qualifiers

- A Spectra identified as "Aldol Condensation Product".
- The analyte was detected above the reporting limit in the associated method blank. Flag only applies to associated field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte at less than ten times (10x) the concentration found in the blank. For MCP-related projects, flag only applies to associated field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte at less than ten times (10x) the concentrations of the analyte at less than ten times (10x) the concentrations of the analyte at less than ten times (10x) the concentration found in the blank AND the analyte was detected above one-half the reporting limit (or above the reporting limit for common lab contaminants) in the associated method blank. For NJ-Air-related projects, flag only applies to associated field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte above the reporting limit. For NJ-related projects (excluding Air), flag only applies to associated field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte, which was detected above the reporting limit in the associated method blank or above five times the reporting limit for common lab contaminants (Phthalates, Acetone, Methylene Chloride, 2-Butanone).
- Co-elution: The target analyte co-elutes with a known lab standard (i.e. surrogate, internal standards, etc.) for co-extracted analyses.
- Concentration of analyte was quantified from diluted analysis. Flag only applies to field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte.
- E Concentration of analyte exceeds the range of the calibration curve and/or linear range of the instrument.
- G The concentration may be biased high due to matrix interferences (i.e, co-elution) with non-target compound(s). The result should be considered estimated.
- H The analysis of pH was performed beyond the regulatory-required holding time of 15 minutes from the time of sample collection.
- I The lower value for the two columns has been reported due to obvious interference.
- $\label{eq:MCPCAM} \textbf{M} \qquad \text{-Reporting Limit (RL) exceeds the MCP CAM Reporting Limit for this analyte.}$
- NJ Presumptive evidence of compound. This represents an estimated concentration for Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs), where the identification is based on a mass spectral library search.
- P The RPD between the results for the two columns exceeds the method-specified criteria.
- Q The quality control sample exceeds the associated acceptance criteria. For DOD-related projects, LCS and/or Continuing Calibration Standard exceedences are also qualified on all associated sample results. Note: This flag is not applicable for matrix spike recoveries when the sample concentration is greater than 4x the spike added or for batch duplicate RPD when the sample concentrations are less than 5x the RL. (Metals only.)
- R Analytical results are from sample re-analysis.
- **RE** Analytical results are from sample re-extraction.
- S Analytical results are from modified screening analysis.
- J Estimated value. This represents an estimated concentration for Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs).
- **ND** Not detected at the reporting limit (RL) for the sample.

Report Format: Data Usability Report



Serial_No:07231817:41

Project Name:150 SEAPORT BOULEVARDLab Number:L1827531Project Number:132470-002Report Date:07/23/18

REFERENCES

121 Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater. APHA-AWWA-WEF. Standard Methods Online.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITIES

Alpha Analytical performs services with reasonable care and diligence normal to the analytical testing laboratory industry. In the event of an error, the sole and exclusive responsibility of Alpha Analytical shall be to re-perform the work at it's own expense. In no event shall Alpha Analytical be held liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages, including but not limited to, damages in any way connected with the use of, interpretation of, information or analysis provided by Alpha Analytical.

We strongly urge our clients to comply with EPA protocol regarding sample volume, preservation, cooling, containers, sampling procedures, holding time and splitting of samples in the field.



Alpha Analytical, Inc. Facility: Company-wide

Department: Quality Assurance

Title: Certificate/Approval Program Summary

Serial_No:07231817:41

ID No.:17873 Revision 11

Published Date: 1/8/2018 4:15:49 PM

Page 1 of 1

Certification Information

The following analytes are not included in our Primary NELAP Scope of Accreditation:

Westborough Facility

EPA 624: m/p-xylene, o-xylene

EPA 8260C: NPW: 1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene; 4-Ethyltoluene, Azobenzene; SCM: lodomethane (methyl iodide), Methyl methacrylate, 1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene; 4-Ethyltoluene.

EPA 8270D: NPW: Dimethylnaphthalene,1,4-Diphenylhydrazine; SCM: Dimethylnaphthalene,1,4-Diphenylhydrazine.

EPA 300: DW: Bromide EPA 6860: SCM: Perchlorate

EPA 9010: NPW and SCM: Amenable Cyanide Distillation

SM4500: NPW: Amenable Cyanide, Dissolved Oxygen; SCM: Total Phosphorus, TKN, NO2, NO3.

Mansfield Facility

SM 2540D: TSS

EPA 8082A: NPW: PCB: 1, 5, 31, 87,101, 110, 141, 151, 153, 180, 183, 187.

EPA TO-15: Halothane, 2,4,4-Trimethyl-2-pentene, 2,4,4-Trimethyl-1-pentene, Thiophene, 2-Methylthiophene,

3-Methylthiophene, 2-Ethylthiophene, 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene, Indan, Indene, 1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene, Benzothiophene, 1-Methylnaphthalene.

Biological Tissue Matrix: EPA 3050B

The following analytes are included in our Massachusetts DEP Scope of Accreditation

Westborough Facility:

Drinking Water

EPA 300.0: Chloride, Nitrate-N, Fluoride, Sulfate; EPA 353.2: Nitrate-N, Nitrite-N; SM4500NO3-F: Nitrate-N, Nitrite-N; SM4500F-C, SM4500CN-CE, EPA 180.1, SM2130B, SM4500CI-D, SM2320B, SM2540C, SM4500H-B

EPA 332: Perchlorate; EPA 524.2: THMs and VOCs; EPA 504.1: EDB, DBCP.

Microbiology: SM9215B; SM9223-P/A, SM9223B-Colilert-QT,SM9222D.

Non-Potable Water

SM4500H,B, EPA 120.1, SM2510B, SM2540C, SM2320B, SM4500CL-E, SM4500F-BC, SM4500NH3-BH: Ammonia-N and Kjeldahl-N, EPA 350.1: Ammonia-N, LACHAT 10-107-06-1-B: Ammonia-N, EPA 351.1, SM4500NO3-F, EPA 353.2: Nitrate-N, EPA 351.1, SM4500P-B, E, E, EPA 351.1, SM4500P-B, E, EPA 351.1, SM4500P-B, E, EPA 351.1, SM4500P-B, E, EPA 351.1, SM4500P-B, EPA 351.1, SM450P-B, EPA 351.1, SM4 SM4500SO4-E, SM5220D, EPA 410.4, SM5210B, SM5310C, SM4500CL-D, EPA 1664, EPA 420.1, SM4500-CN-CE, SM2540D.

EPA 624: Volatile Halocarbons & Aromatics,

EPA 608: Chlordane, Toxaphene, Aldrin, alpha-BHC, beta-BHC, gamma-BHC, delta-BHC, Dieldrin, DDD, DDE, DDT, Endosulfan II, Endosulfan II, Endosulfan sulfate, Endrin, Endrin Aldehyde, Heptachlor, Heptachlor Epoxide, PCBs

EPA 625: SVOC (Acid/Base/Neutral Extractables), EPA 600/4-81-045: PCB-Oil.

Microbiology: SM9223B-Colilert-QT; Enterolert-QT, SM9221E, SM9222D.

Mansfield Facility:

Drinking Water

EPA 200.7: Al, Ba, Be, Cd, Cr, Cu, Mn, Ni, Na, Ag, Ca, Zn. EPA 200.8: Al, Sb, As, Ba, Be, Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Mn, Ni, Se, Ag, TL, Zn. EPA 245.1 Hg. EPA 522.

Non-Potable Water

EPA 200.7: Al, Sb, As, Be, Cd, Ca, Cr, Co, Cu, Fe, Pb, Mg, Mn, Mo, Ni, K, Se, Ag, Na, Sr, TL, Ti, V, Zn.

EPA 200.8: Al, Sb, As, Be, Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Mn, Ni, Se, Ag, TL, Zn.

EPA 245.1 Hg.

SM2340B

For a complete listing of analytes and methods, please contact your Alpha Project Manager.

Pre-Qualtrax Document ID: 08-113 Document Type: Form

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			_				-	-	-	-		\vdash	-	-		-	-	+	\vdash			_
							-	+-	-	-		-	\rightarrow	-	\vdash	\rightarrow	-	+	\vdash	_		
					-		-	+	-	-		\vdash	-	-	-	\rightarrow	-	+	\vdash	_		
					_	_	_	+-	-	-	_	\vdash	-	-	-	-	-	+	\vdash	_		
A = None B = HCl C = HNO ₃ D = H ₂ SO ₄ E = NaOH F = MeOH	Container Code P = Plastic A = Amber Glass V = Vial G = Glass B = Bacteria Cup C = Cube D = Olber	Westboro: Certificatio Mansfield: Certificatio	in No: MA015		C VTime	ontainer Type Preservative	P	P ved By:	Р	Р					Date/Ti	me				_	Please print clearly, legibly and complete Samples can not be logged in and turnar time clock will not start until any ambiguresolved. Alpha Analytical's services unde Chain of Custody shall be performed in acc with terms and conditions within Blanket Se Agreements 2015-18-Alpha Analytical by an	round lities are or this cordance ervice and
H = Na ₂ S ₂ O ₂	E = Encore D = BOD Bottle																				between Haley & Aldrich, Inc., its subsidiari affiliates and Alpha Analytical.	ica anu

```
JOB: L1827537
                  REPORT STYLE: Data Usability Report
0010: Alpha Analytical Report Cover Page - OK
0015: Sample Cross Reference Summary - OK
0060: Case Narrative - OK
0100: Volatiles Cover Page - OK
0110: Volatiles Sample Results - OK
0120: Volatiles Method Blank Report - OK
0130: Volatiles LCS Report - OK
0150: Volatiles Matrix Spike Report - OK
0180: Semivolatiles Cover Page - OK
0190: Semivolatiles Sample Results - OK
0200: Semivolatiles Method Blank Report - OK
0210: Semivolatiles LCS Report - OK
0700: PCBs Cover Page - OK
0710: PCBs Sample Results - OK
0720: PCBs Method Blank Report - OK
0730: PCBs LCS Report - OK
1005: Metals Sample Results - OK
1010: Metals Method Blank Report - OK
1020: Metals LCS Report - OK
1040: Metals Matrix Spike Report - OK
1050: Metals Duplicate Report - OK
1180: Inorganics Cover Page - OK
1200: Wet Chemistry Sample Results - OK
1210: Wet Chemistry Method Blank Report - OK
1220: Wet Chemistry LCS Report - OK
1240: Wet Chemistry Matrix Spike Report - OK
1250: Wet Chemistry Duplicate Report - OK
5100: Sample Receipt & Container Information Report - OK
5200: Glossary - OK
5400: References - OK
```



ANALYTICAL REPORT

Lab Number: L1827537

Client: Haley & Aldrich, Inc.

465 Medford Street, Suite 2200 Charlestown, MA 02129-1400

ATTN: Lee Vanzler
Phone: (617) 886-7561

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002 Report Date: 07/25/18

The original project report/data package is held by Alpha Analytical. This report/data package is paginated and should be reproduced only in its entirety. Alpha Analytical holds no responsibility for results and/or data that are not consistent with the original.

Certifications & Approvals: MA (M-MA086), NH NELAP (2064), CT (PH-0574), IL (200077), ME (MA00086), MD (348), NJ (MA935), NY (11148), NC (25700/666), PA (68-03671), RI (LAO00065), TX (T104704476), VT (VT-0935), VA (460195), USDA (Permit #P330-17-00196).

Eight Walkup Drive, Westborough, MA 01581-1019 508-898-9220 (Fax) 508-898-9193 800-624-9220 - www.alphalab.com



Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number:

L1827537

Report Date: 07/25/18

Alpha Sample ID	Client ID	Matrix	Sample Location	Collection Date/Time	Receive Date
L1827537-01	HA17-2 (OW)	WATER	BOSTON	07/18/18 10:45	07/18/18



L1827537

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD Lab Number:

Case Narrative

The samples were received in accordance with the Chain of Custody and no significant deviations were encountered during the preparation or analysis unless otherwise noted. Sample Receipt, Container Information, and the Chain of Custody are located at the back of the report.

Results contained within this report relate only to the samples submitted under this Alpha Lab Number and meet NELAP requirements for all NELAP accredited parameters unless otherwise noted in the following narrative. The data presented in this report is organized by parameter (i.e. VOC, SVOC, etc.). Sample specific Quality Control data (i.e. Surrogate Spike Recovery) is reported at the end of the target analyte list for each individual sample, followed by the Laboratory Batch Quality Control at the end of each parameter. Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs), if requested, are reported for compounds identified to be present and are not part of the method/program Target Compound List, even if only a subset of the TCL are being reported. If a sample was re-analyzed or re-extracted due to a required quality control corrective action and if both sets of data are reported, the Laboratory ID of the re-analysis or re-extraction is designated with an "R" or "RE", respectively. When multiple Batch Quality Control elements are reported (e.g. more than one LCS), the associated samples for each element are noted in the grey shaded header line of each data table. Any Laboratory Batch, Sample Specific % recovery or RPD value that is outside the listed Acceptance Criteria is bolded in the report. All specific QC information is also incorporated in the Data Usability format of our Data Merger tool where it can be reviewed along with any associated usability implications. Soil/sediments, solids and tissues are reported on a dry weight basis unless otherwise noted. Definitions of all data qualifiers and acronyms used in this report are provided in the Glossary located at the back of the report.

In reference to questions H (CAM) or 4 (RCP) when "NO" is checked, the performance criteria for CAM and RCP methods allow for some quality control failures to occur and still be within method compliance. In these instances the specific failure is not narrated but noted in the associated QC table. The information is also incorporated in the Data Usability format of our Data Merger tool where it can be reviewed along with any associated usability implications.

Please see the associated ADEx data file for a comparison of laboratory reporting limits that were achieved with the regulatory Numerical Standards requested on the Chain of Custody.

HOLD POLICY

For samples submitted on hold, Alpha's policy is to hold samples (with the exception of Air canisters) free of charge for 21 calendar days from the date the project is completed. After 21 calendar days, we will dispose of all samples submitted including those put on hold unless you have contacted your Client Service Representative and made arrangements for Alpha to continue to hold the samples. Air canisters will be disposed after 3 business days from the date the project is completed.

Please contact	t Client Services	at 800-624-9220	with any questions.



Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD Lab Number: L1827537

Project Number: 133470 003

Case Narrative (continued)

Report Submission

July 25, 2018: This is a preliminary report.

Semivolatile Organics

L1827537-01 (HA17-2 (OW)): The surrogate recovery is above the acceptance criteria for 4-terphenyl-d14 (115%). Since the sample(s) were non-detect for all target analytes, re-analysis was not required.

Semivolatile Organics by SIM

WG1138228: A Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate were prepared with the sample batch, however, the native sample was not available for reporting; therefore, the Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate results could not be reported.

Total Metals

L1827537-01 (HA17-2 (OW)): The sample has elevated detection limits for all elements, with the exception of mercury, due to the dilution required by the high concentrations of target and non-target elements.

Phenolics, Total

The WG1137268-4 MS recovery, performed on L1827537-01 (HA17-2 (OW)), is outside the acceptance criteria for (39%); however, the associated LCS recovery is within criteria. No further action was taken.

I, the undersigned, attest under the pains and penalties of perjury that, to the best of my knowledge and belief and based upon my personal inquiry of those responsible for providing the information contained in this analytical report, such information is accurate and complete. This certificate of analysis is not complete unless this page accompanies any and all pages of this report.

Kwil. Wister Lisa Westerlind

Authorized Signature:

Title: Technical Director/Representative

Date: 07/25/18



ORGANICS



VOLATILES



L1827537

07/18/18 10:45

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

L1827537-01

HA17-2 (OW)

BOSTON

Project Number: 132470-002

SAMPLE RESULTS

Report Date: 07/25/18

Lab Number:

Date Collected:

Date Received: 07/18/18 Field Prep: Refer to COC

Sample Depth:

Sample Location:

Lab ID:

Client ID:

Matrix: Water Analytical Method: 128,624.1 Analytical Date: 07/20/18 12:16

Volatile Organics by GC/MS - Westborough Lal Methylene chloride 1,1-Dichloroethane Carbon tetrachloride 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Tetrachloroethene	ND N	ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l	1.0 1.5 1.0 1.5 1.5 1.5	 1 1 1 1 1
1,1-Dichloroethane Carbon tetrachloride 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Tetrachloroethene	ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l	1.5 1.0 1.5 1.5	 1 1 1 1
Carbon tetrachloride 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Tetrachloroethene	ND ND ND ND ND	ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l	1.0 1.5 1.5 1.5	 1 1 1 1
1,1,2-Trichloroethane Tetrachloroethene	ND ND ND	ug/l ug/l ug/l	1.5 1.5 1.5	 1 1 1
Tetrachloroethene	ND ND ND	ug/l ug/l	1.5 1.5	 1
	ND ND	ug/l	1.5	 1
	ND			
1,2-Dichloroethane		ug/l	2.0	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND			1
Benzene		ug/l	1.0	 1
Toluene	ND	ug/l	1.0	 1
Ethylbenzene	ND	ug/l	1.0	 1
Vinyl chloride	ND	ug/l	1.0	 1
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/l	1.0	 1
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/l	1.0	 1
Trichloroethene	ND	ug/l	1.0	 1
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/l	5.0	 1
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/l	5.0	 1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/l	5.0	 1
p/m-Xylene	ND	ug/l	2.0	 1
o-xylene	ND	ug/l	1.0	 1
Xylenes, Total	ND	ug/l	1.0	 1
Acetone ¹	ND	ug/l	10	 1
Methyl tert butyl ether	ND	ug/l	10	 1
Tert-Butyl Alcohol	ND	ug/l	100	 1
Tertiary-Amyl Methyl Ether	ND	ug/l	20	 1



Project Name: Lab Number: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD L1827537

Project Number: Report Date: 132470-002 07/25/18

SAMPLE RESULTS

Lab ID: Date Collected: 07/18/18 10:45 L1827537-01

Date Received: Client ID: 07/18/18 HA17-2 (OW) Sample Location: Field Prep: **BOSTON** Refer to COC

Sample Depth:

Parameter Result Qualifier Units RL MDL **Dilution Factor**

Volatile Organics by GC/MS - Westborough Lab

Surrogate	% Recovery	Qualifier	Acceptance Criteria	
Pentafluorobenzene	105		60-140	
Fluorobenzene	105		60-140	
4-Bromofluorobenzene	93		60-140	



Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD **Lab Number:** L1827537

Project Number: 132470-002 **Report Date:** 07/25/18

CAMPLE DECLUTO

SAMPLE RESULTS

Lab ID: L1827537-01 Date Collected: 07/18/18 10:45

Client ID: HA17-2 (OW) Date Received: 07/18/18
Sample Location: BOSTON Field Prep: Refer to COC

Sample Depth:

Matrix: Water

Analytical Method: 128,624.1-SIM Analytical Date: 07/20/18 12:16

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor
Volatile Organics by GC/MS-SIN	И - Westborough Lab					
1,4-Dioxane	ND		ug/l	50		1
Surrogate			% Recovery	Qualifier		eptance riteria
Fluorobenzene			112		(60-140
4-Bromofluorobenzene			96		(60-140



Project Name: Lab Number: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD L1827537

Project Number: Report Date: 132470-002 07/25/18

SAMPLE RESULTS

Lab ID: L1827537-01 Date Collected: 07/18/18 10:45

Client ID: Date Received: 07/18/18 HA17-2 (OW) Sample Location: **BOSTON** Field Prep: Refer to COC

Sample Depth:

Extraction Method: EPA 504.1 Matrix: Water

Extraction Date: 07/23/18 14:15 Analytical Method: 14,504.1 Analytical Date: 07/23/18 19:48

Analyst: AWS

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Column
Microextractables by GC - Westborough Lab)						
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND		ug/l	0.010		1	Α
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND		ug/l	0.010		1	Α



Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD **Lab Number:** L1827537

Project Number: 132470-002 **Report Date:** 07/25/18

Method Blank Analysis Batch Quality Control

Analytical Method: 14,504.1 Extraction Method: EPA 504.1 Analytical Date: 07/23/18 15:57 Extraction Date: 07/23/18 14:15

Analyst: AWS

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	
Microextractables by GC - Westl	oorough Lab fo	or sample(s)	: 01	Batch: WG113	7736-1	
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND		ug/l	0.010		Α
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND		ug/l	0.010		Α



Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number: L1827537

Report Date: 07/25/18

Method Blank Analysis Batch Quality Control

Analytical Method: 128,624.1 Analytical Date: 07/20/18 10:27

Parameter	Result	Qualifier Units	RL	MDL
Volatile Organics by GC/MS	- Westborough Lab	for sample(s): 01	Batch:	WG1137825-4
Methylene chloride	ND	ug/l	1.0	
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/l	1.5	
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ug/l	1.0	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/l	1.5	
Tetrachloroethene	ND	ug/l	1.5	
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/l	1.5	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/l	2.0	
Benzene	ND	ug/l	1.0	
Toluene	ND	ug/l	1.0	
Ethylbenzene	ND	ug/l	1.0	
Vinyl chloride	ND	ug/l	1.0	
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/l	1.0	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/l	1.0	
Trichloroethene	ND	ug/l	1.0	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/l	5.0	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/l	5.0	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/l	5.0	
p/m-Xylene	ND	ug/l	2.0	
o-xylene	ND	ug/l	1.0	
Xylenes, Total	ND	ug/l	1.0	
Acetone ¹	ND	ug/l	10	
Methyl tert butyl ether	ND	ug/l	10	
Tert-Butyl Alcohol	ND	ug/l	100	
Tertiary-Amyl Methyl Ether	ND	ug/l	20	



Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD **Lab Number:** L1827537

Project Number: 132470-002 **Report Date:** 07/25/18

Method Blank Analysis Batch Quality Control

Analytical Method: 128,624.1 Analytical Date: 07/20/18 10:27

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	
Volatile Organics by GC/MS - West	borough La	b for sample	e(s): 01	Batch: \	WG1137825-4	

		Acceptance
Surrogate	%Recovery Q	ualifier Criteria
Pentafluorobenzene	110	60-140
Fluorobenzene	109	60-140
4-Bromofluorobenzene	98	60-140



L1827537

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD Lab Number:

Project Number: 132470-002 **Report Date:** 07/25/18

Method Blank Analysis Batch Quality Control

Analytical Method: 128,624.1-SIM Analytical Date: 07/20/18 10:27

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units		RL	MDL	
Volatile Organics by GC/MS-SIM -	Westborough	Lab for s	ample(s):	01	Batch:	WG1138102-4	
1,4-Dioxane	ND		ug/l		50		

		Acceptance					
Surrogate	%Recovery Qualifi	er Criteria					
Fluorobenzene	117	60-140					
4-Bromofluorobenzene	98	60-140					



Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number:

132470-002

Lab Number:

L1827537

Report Date:

07/25/18

Parameter	LCS %Recovery	Qual	LCSD %Recovery	Qual	%Recovery Limits	RPD	Qual	RPD Limits	Column
Microextractables by GC - Westborough Lab	Associated sam	nple(s): 01	Batch: WG1137	7736-2					
1,2-Dibromoethane	116		-		80-120	-			Α
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	116		-		80-120	-			Α



Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number: L1827537

Report Date: 07/25/18

ırameter	LCS %Recovery	Qual	LCSD %Recovery	Qual	%Recovery Limits	RPD	Qual	RPD Limits
platile Organics by GC/MS - Westborough	n Lab Associated	sample(s): 0	1 Batch: WG1	137825-3				
Methylene chloride	90		-		60-140	-		28
1,1-Dichloroethane	80		-		50-150	-		49
Carbon tetrachloride	85		-		70-130	-		41
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	85		-		70-130	-		45
Tetrachloroethene	90		-		70-130	-		39
1,2-Dichloroethane	90		-		70-130	-		49
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	90		-		70-130	-		36
Benzene	95		-		65-135	-		61
Toluene	95		-		70-130	-		41
Ethylbenzene	90		-		60-140	-		63
Vinyl chloride	85		-		5-195	-		66
1,1-Dichloroethene	85		-		50-150	-		32
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	90		-		60-140	-		30
Trichloroethene	85		-		65-135	-		48
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	85		-		65-135	-		57
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	80		-		70-130	-		43
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	85		-		65-135	-		57
p/m-Xylene	88		-		60-140	-		30
o-xylene	85		-		60-140	-		30
Acetone ¹	96		-		40-160	-		30
Methyl tert butyl ether	90		-		60-140	-		30
Tert-Butyl Alcohol	91		-		60-140	-		30
Tertiary-Amyl Methyl Ether	95		-		60-140	-		30



150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Lab Number:

L1827537

Project Number:

Project Name:

132470-002

Report Date:

07/25/18

LCSD LCS %Recovery RPD %Recovery %Recovery Limits Parameter Qual Qual Limits RPD Qual

Volatile Organics by GC/MS - Westborough Lab Associated sample(s): 01 Batch: WG1137825-3

Surrogate	LCS %Recovery Qual	LCSD %Recovery Qual	Acceptance Criteria
Pentafluorobenzene	103		60-140
Fluorobenzene	104		60-140
4-Bromofluorobenzene	93		60-140



Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Lab Number:

L1827537

Project Number: 132470-002

Report Date:

07/25/18

Parameter	LCS %Recovery	Qual	LCSD %Recovery	Qual	%Recovery Limits	RPD	Qual	RPD Limits	
Volatile Organics by GC/MS-SIM - Westboro	ugh Lab Associa	ted sample(s)	: 01 Batch:	WG1138102-	-3				
1,4-Dioxane	120		-		60-140	-		20	

Surrogate	LCS %Recovery Qual	LCSD %Recovery	Qual	Acceptance Criteria
Fluorobenzene 4-Bromofluorobenzene	113 93			60-140 60-140



Matrix Spike Analysis Batch Quality Control

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number:

L1827537

Report Date:

07/25/18

Parameter	Native Sample	MS Added	MS Found %	MS 6Recovery	Qual	MSD Found	MSD %Recovery		Recovery Limits	RPD	RPD Qual Limits	Column
Microextractables by GC -	Westborough Lab	Associate	ed sample(s): 01	QC Batch	ID: WG1	137736-3	QC Sample:	L182715	3-01 Clie	nt ID: N	/IS Sample	
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	0.251	0.310	124	Q	-	-		80-120	-	20	А
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	0.251	0.313	125	Q	-	-		80-120	-	20	Α

SEMIVOLATILES



Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD **Lab Number:** L1827537

Project Number: 132470-002 **Report Date:** 07/25/18

SAMPLE RESULTS

 Lab ID:
 L1827537-01
 Date Collected:
 07/18/18 10:45

 Client ID:
 HA17-2 (OW)
 Date Received:
 07/18/18

Sample Location: BOSTON Field Prep: Refer to COC

Sample Depth:

Matrix: Water Extraction Method: EPA 625.1
Analytical Method: 129.625.1 Extraction Date: 07/22/18 11:35

Analytical Method: 129,625.1 Extraction Date: 07/22/18 11
Analytical Date: 07/24/18 01:32

Analyst: SZ

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor		
Semivolatile Organics by GC/MS - Westborough Lab								
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	ND		ug/l	2.2		1		
Butyl benzyl phthalate	ND		ug/l	5.0		1		
Di-n-butylphthalate	ND		ug/l	5.0		1		
Di-n-octylphthalate	ND		ug/l	5.0		1		
Diethyl phthalate	ND		ug/l	5.0		1		
Dimethyl phthalate	ND		ug/l	5.0		1		

Surrogate	% Recovery	Qualifier	Acceptance Criteria
Nitrobenzene-d5	105		15-314
2-Fluorobiphenyl	87		55-108
4-Terphenyl-d14	115	Q	52-109



Project Name: Lab Number: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD L1827537

Project Number: Report Date: 132470-002 07/25/18

SAMPLE RESULTS

07/24/18 10:43

Lab ID: Date Collected: 07/18/18 10:45 L1827537-01

Date Received: Client ID: HA17-2 (OW) 07/18/18 Field Prep: Sample Location: **BOSTON** Refer to COC

Sample Depth:

Extraction Method: EPA 625.1 Matrix: Water

Extraction Date: 07/22/18 11:50 Analytical Method: 129,625.1-SIM Analytical Date:

Analyst: DV

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	
Semivolatile Organics by GC/MS	-SIM - Westborough La	ab					
Acenaphthene	ND		ug/l	0.10		1	
Fluoranthene	ND		ug/l	0.10		1	
Naphthalene	ND		ug/l	0.10		1	
Benzo(a)anthracene	ND		ug/l	0.10		1	
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND		ug/l	0.10		1	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ND		ug/l	0.10		1	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND		ug/l	0.10		1	
Chrysene	ND		ug/l	0.10		1	
Acenaphthylene	ND		ug/l	0.10		1	
Anthracene	ND		ug/l	0.10		1	
Benzo(ghi)perylene	ND		ug/l	0.10		1	
Fluorene	ND		ug/l	0.10		1	
Phenanthrene	ND		ug/l	0.10		1	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	ND		ug/l	0.10		1	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND		ug/l	0.10		1	
Pyrene	ND		ug/l	0.10		1	
Pentachlorophenol	ND		ug/l	1.0		1	

Surrogate	% Recovery	Acceptance Qualifier Criteria
2-Fluorophenol	49	35-77
Phenol-d6	46	24-61
Nitrobenzene-d5	92	15-314
2-Fluorobiphenyl	71	55-108
2,4,6-Tribromophenol	89	52-123
4-Terphenyl-d14	85	52-109



Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number:

L1827537

Report Date:

07/25/18

Method Blank Analysis Batch Quality Control

Analytical Method: 129,625.1 Analytical Date: 07/23/18 23:19

Analyst: SZ

Extraction Method: EPA 625.1
Extraction Date: 07/22/18 11:35

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units		RL	MDL	
Semivolatile Organics by GC/MS - V	Vestborough	Lab for s	ample(s):	01	Batch:	WG1138227-1	
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	ND		ug/l		2.2		
Butyl benzyl phthalate	ND		ug/l		5.0		
Di-n-butylphthalate	ND		ug/l		5.0		
Di-n-octylphthalate	ND		ug/l		5.0		
Diethyl phthalate	ND		ug/l		5.0		
Dimethyl phthalate	ND		ug/l		5.0		

	Acceptance					
Surrogate	%Recovery Qualifier	Criteria				
Nitrobenzene-d5	91	15-314				
2-Fluorobiphenyl	81	55-108				
4-Terphenyl-d14	98	52-109				



Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002 Lab Number:

L1827537

Report Date:

07/25/18

Method Blank Analysis Batch Quality Control

Analytical Method: Analytical Date:

129,625.1-SIM 07/23/18 16:45

Analyst:

DV

Extraction Method: EPA 625.1

Extraction Date:

07/22/18 11:50

arameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	
Semivolatile Organics by GC/	MS-SIM - Westbo	rough Lab	for sampl	e(s): 01	Batch: WG11382	28-1
Acenaphthene	ND		ug/l	0.10		
Fluoranthene	ND		ug/l	0.10		
Naphthalene	ND		ug/l	0.10		
Benzo(a)anthracene	ND		ug/l	0.10		
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND		ug/l	0.10		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ND		ug/l	0.10		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND		ug/l	0.10		
Chrysene	ND		ug/l	0.10		
Acenaphthylene	ND		ug/l	0.10		
Anthracene	ND		ug/l	0.10		
Benzo(ghi)perylene	ND		ug/l	0.10		
Fluorene	ND		ug/l	0.10		
Phenanthrene	ND		ug/l	0.10		
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	ND		ug/l	0.10		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND		ug/l	0.10		
Pyrene	ND		ug/l	0.10		
Pentachlorophenol	ND		ug/l	1.0		

		Acceptance
Surrogate	%Recovery	Qualifier Criteria
2-Fluorophenol	50	35-77
Phenol-d6	38	24-61
Nitrobenzene-d5	91	15-314
2-Fluorobiphenyl	70	55-108
2,4,6-Tribromophenol	95	52-123
4-Terphenyl-d14	82	52-109



Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number:

L1827537

Report Date:

07/25/18

<u>Parameter</u>	LCS %Recovery	Qual	LCSD %Recovery	Qual	%Recovery Limits	RPD	Qual	RPD Limits	
Semivolatile Organics by GC/MS - Westborou	gh Lab Associa	ted sample(s)	: 01 Batch:	WG113822	7-2				
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	85		-		29-137	-		30	
Butyl benzyl phthalate	87		-		1-140	-		30	
Di-n-butylphthalate	90		-		8-120	-		30	
Di-n-octylphthalate	91		-		19-132	-		30	
Diethyl phthalate	85		-		1-120	-		30	
Dimethyl phthalate	83		-		1-120	-		30	

Surrogate	LCS %Recovery Qual	LCSD %Recovery Qual	Acceptance Criteria	_
Nitrobenzene-d5	97		15-314	
2-Fluorobiphenyl	81		55-108	
4-Terphenyl-d14	99		52-109	



Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number: L1827537

Report Date: 07/25/18

arameter	LCS %Recovery Qua	LCSD al %Recovery Qu	%Recovery al Limits	RPD	RPD Qual Limits
emivolatile Organics by GC/MS-SIM - W	estborough Lab Associate	ed sample(s): 01 Batch: V	VG1138228-2		
Acenaphthene	88	-	60-132	-	30
Fluoranthene	99	-	43-121	-	30
Naphthalene	85	-	36-120	-	30
Benzo(a)anthracene	90	-	42-133	-	30
Benzo(a)pyrene	94	-	32-148	-	30
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	94	-	42-140	-	30
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	95	-	25-146	-	30
Chrysene	92	-	44-140	-	30
Acenaphthylene	91	-	54-126	-	30
Anthracene	94	-	43-120	-	30
Benzo(ghi)perylene	81	-	1-195	-	30
Fluorene	92	-	70-120	-	30
Phenanthrene	90	-	65-120	-	30
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	83	-	1-200	-	30
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	85	-	1-151	-	30
Pyrene	98	-	70-120	-	30
Pentachlorophenol	68	-	38-152	-	30



Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Lab Number:

L1827537

Project Number: 132470-002

Report Date:

07/25/18

LCS LCSD %Recovery RPD Parameter %Recovery Qual %Recovery Qual Limits RPD Qual Limits

Semivolatile Organics by GC/MS-SIM - Westborough Lab Associated sample(s): 01 Batch: WG1138228-2

Surrogate	LCS %Recovery Qual %Re	LCSD ecovery Qual	Acceptance Criteria
2-Fluorophenol	55		35-77
Phenol-d6	42		24-61
Nitrobenzene-d5	96		15-314
2-Fluorobiphenyl	74		55-108
2,4,6-Tribromophenol	95		52-123
4-Terphenyl-d14	88		52-109



PCBS



Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD Lab Number: L1827537

Project Number: 132470-002 **Report Date:** 07/25/18

SAMPLE RESULTS

 Lab ID:
 L1827537-01
 Date Collected:
 07/18/18 10:45

 Client ID:
 HA17-2 (OW)
 Date Received:
 07/18/18

Sample Location: BOSTON Field Prep: Refer to COC

Sample Depth:

Matrix: Water Extraction Method: EPA 608.3
Analytical Method: 127,608.3 Extraction Date: 07/22/18 14:09
Cleanup Method: EPA 3665A

Analytical Date: 07/24/18 03:38 Cleanup Method: EPA 3665A Analyst: JW Cleanup Date: 07/23/18

Cleanup Method: EPA 3660B Cleanup Date: 07/23/18

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Column
Polychlorinated Biphenyls by	GC - Westborough Lab						
Aroclor 1016	ND		ug/l	0.250		1	А
Aroclor 1221	ND		ug/l	0.250		1	Α
Aroclor 1232	ND		ug/l	0.250		1	Α
Aroclor 1242	ND		ug/l	0.250		1	Α
Aroclor 1248	ND		ug/l	0.250		1	Α
Aroclor 1254	ND		ug/l	0.250		1	Α
Aroclor 1260	ND		ug/l	0.200		1	Α

			Acceptance		
Surrogate	% Recovery	Qualifier	Criteria	Column	
2,4,5,6-Tetrachloro-m-xylene	69		37-123	А	
Decachlorobiphenyl	44		38-114	Α	
2,4,5,6-Tetrachloro-m-xylene	73		37-123	В	
Decachlorobiphenyl	53		38-114	В	



L1827537

Lab Number:

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002 **Report Date:** 07/25/18

Method Blank Analysis
Batch Quality Control

Analytical Method: 127,608.3 Analytical Date: 07/24/18 02:23

Analyst: JW

Extraction Method: EPA 608.3
Extraction Date: 07/22/18 14:09
Cleanup Method: EPA 3665A
Cleanup Date: 07/23/18
Cleanup Method: EPA 3660B
Cleanup Date: 07/23/18

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Column
Polychlorinated Biphenyls by GC - V	Vestborough	Lab for s	ample(s):	01 Batch:	WG1138251	-1
Aroclor 1016	ND		ug/l	0.250		Α
Aroclor 1221	ND		ug/l	0.250		А
Aroclor 1232	ND		ug/l	0.250		Α
Aroclor 1242	ND		ug/l	0.250		Α
Aroclor 1248	ND		ug/l	0.250		Α
Aroclor 1254	ND		ug/l	0.250		Α
Aroclor 1260	ND		ug/l	0.200		Α

		Acceptance			
Surrogate	%Recovery Qualif	ier Criteria	Column		
2,4,5,6-Tetrachloro-m-xylene	58	37-123	Α		
Decachlorobiphenyl	44	38-114	Α		
2,4,5,6-Tetrachloro-m-xylene	58	37-123	В		
Decachlorobiphenyl	53	38-114	В		



Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002 Lab Number:

L1827537

07/25/18

Report Date:

_	LCS		LCSD		%Recovery		_	RPD	
Parameter	%Recovery	Qual	%Recovery	Qual	Limits	RPD	Qual	Limits	Column
Polychlorinated Biphenyls by GC - Westbo	orough Lab Associa	ated sample(s)	: 01 Batch:	WG1138251	1-2				
Aroclor 1016	77		-		50-140	-		36	Α
Aroclor 1260	48		-		8-140	-		38	Α

Surrogate	LCS %Recovery Qual	LCSD %Recovery Qual	Acceptance Criteria Colum	n
2,4,5,6-Tetrachloro-m-xylene	59		37-123 A	
Decachlorobiphenyl	41		38-114 A	
2,4,5,6-Tetrachloro-m-xylene	58		37-123 B	
Decachlorobiphenyl	49		38-114 B	

METALS



Project Name:150 SEAPORT BOULEVARDLab Number:L1827537

Project Number: 132470-002 **Report Date:** 07/25/18

SAMPLE RESULTS

 Lab ID:
 L1827537-01
 Date Collected:
 07/18/18 10:45

 Client ID:
 HA17-2 (OW)
 Date Received:
 07/18/18

Sample Location: BOSTON Field Prep: Refer to COC

Sample Depth:

Matrix: Water

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Prepared	Date Analyzed	Prep Method	Analytical Method	Analyst
Total Metals - Mansfield Lab											
Antimony, Total	0.06686		mg/l	0.04000		10	07/19/18 10:15	5 07/20/18 10:39	EPA 3005A	3,200.8	AM
Arsenic, Total	0.01124		mg/l	0.01000		10	07/19/18 10:15	5 07/20/18 10:39	EPA 3005A	3,200.8	AM
Cadmium, Total	ND		mg/l	0.00200		10	07/19/18 10:15	5 07/20/18 10:39	EPA 3005A	3,200.8	AM
Chromium, Total	ND		mg/l	0.01000		10	07/19/18 10:15	5 07/20/18 10:39	EPA 3005A	3,200.8	AM
Copper, Total	ND		mg/l	0.01000		10	07/19/18 10:15	5 07/20/18 10:39	EPA 3005A	3,200.8	AM
Iron, Total	2.04		mg/l	0.050		1	07/19/18 10:15	5 07/19/18 18:56	EPA 3005A	19,200.7	AB
Lead, Total	0.1200		mg/l	0.01000		10	07/19/18 10:15	5 07/20/18 10:39	EPA 3005A	3,200.8	AM
Mercury, Total	ND		mg/l	0.00020		1	07/19/18 15:37	7 07/19/18 21:17	EPA 245.1	3,245.1	EA
Nickel, Total	ND		mg/l	0.02000		10	07/19/18 10:15	5 07/20/18 10:39	EPA 3005A	3,200.8	AM
Selenium, Total	ND		mg/l	0.05000		10	07/19/18 10:15	5 07/20/18 10:39	EPA 3005A	3,200.8	AM
Silver, Total	ND		mg/l	0.00400		10	07/19/18 10:15	5 07/20/18 10:39	EPA 3005A	3,200.8	AM
Zinc, Total	0.3123		mg/l	0.1000		10	07/19/18 10:15	5 07/20/18 10:39	EPA 3005A	3,200.8	AM
General Chemistry - Mansfield Lab											
Chromium, Trivalent	ND		mg/l	0.010		1		07/20/18 10:39	NA	107,-	



Serial_No:07251817:21

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number:

L1827537

Report Date: 0

07/25/18

Method Blank Analysis Batch Quality Control

Parameter	Result Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Prepared		Analytical Method	
Total Metals - Mansfield	Lab for sample(s):	01 Batch	: WG1	137309-	1				
Iron, Total	ND	mg/l	0.050		1	07/19/18 10:15	07/19/18 17:40	19,200.7	AB

Prep Information

Digestion Method: EPA 3005A

Parameter	Result Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Prepared	Date Analyzed	Analytical Method	Analyst
Total Metals - Mansf	ield Lab for sample(s)	: 01 Batc	h: WG11	37320-	·1				
Antimony, Total	ND	mg/l	0.00400		1	07/19/18 10:15	07/20/18 10:06	3,200.8	AM
Arsenic, Total	ND	mg/l	0.00100		1	07/19/18 10:15	07/20/18 10:06	3,200.8	AM
Cadmium, Total	ND	mg/l	0.00020		1	07/19/18 10:15	07/20/18 10:06	3,200.8	AM
Chromium, Total	ND	mg/l	0.00100		1	07/19/18 10:15	07/20/18 10:06	3,200.8	AM
Copper, Total	ND	mg/l	0.00100		1	07/19/18 10:15	07/20/18 10:06	3,200.8	AM
Lead, Total	ND	mg/l	0.00100		1	07/19/18 10:15	07/20/18 10:06	3,200.8	AM
Nickel, Total	ND	mg/l	0.00200		1	07/19/18 10:15	07/20/18 10:06	3,200.8	AM
Selenium, Total	ND	mg/l	0.00500		1	07/19/18 10:15	07/20/18 10:06	3,200.8	AM
Silver, Total	ND	mg/l	0.00040		1	07/19/18 10:15	07/20/18 10:06	3,200.8	AM
Zinc, Total	ND	mg/l	0.01000		1	07/19/18 10:15	07/20/18 10:06	3,200.8	AM

Prep Information

Digestion Method: EPA 3005A

Parameter	Result Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Prepared	Date Analyzed	Analytical Method	Analyst
Total Metals - Mansfi	eld Lab for sample(s):	01 Batc	h: WG11	37470-	1				
Mercury, Total	ND	mg/l	0.00020		1	07/19/18 15:37	07/19/18 20:47	3,245.1	EA

Prep Information

Digestion Method: EPA 245.1



Lab Control Sample Analysis Batch Quality Control

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number: L1827537

'arameter	LCS %Recovery	Qual	LCSD %Recovery	Qual	%Recovery Limits	RPD	Qual	RPD Limits
otal Metals - Mansfield Lab Associated sample	e(s): 01 Batch:	WG1137309	9-2					
Iron, Total	104		-		85-115	-		
otal Metals - Mansfield Lab Associated sample	e(s): 01 Batch:	WG1137320)-2					
Antimony, Total	92		-		85-115	-		
Arsenic, Total	103		-		85-115	-		
Cadmium, Total	106		-		85-115	-		
Chromium, Total	102		-		85-115	-		
Copper, Total	101		-		85-115	-		
Lead, Total	100		-		85-115	-		
Nickel, Total	101		-		85-115	-		
Selenium, Total	104		-		85-115	-		
Silver, Total	108		-		85-115	-		
Zinc, Total	104		-		85-115	-		
otal Metals - Mansfield Lab Associated sample	e(s): 01 Batch:	WG1137470)-2					
Mercury, Total	102		-		85-115	-		



Matrix Spike Analysis Batch Quality Control

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number: L1827537

arameter	Native Sample	MS Added	MS Found %	MS %Recovery	Qual	MSD Found	MSD %Recovery	Recovery Qual Limits	RPD	Qual	RPD Limits
Total Metals - Mansfield I	Lab Associated san	nple(s): 01	QC Batch ID	: WG1137309	9-3	QC Sample	: L1827299-02	Client ID: MS Sa	mple		
Iron, Total	42.0	1	42.6	60	Q	-	-	75-125	-		20
Total Metals - Mansfield I	Lab Associated sam	nple(s): 01	QC Batch ID	: WG1137309	9-7	QC Sample	: L1827537-01	Client ID: HA17-	2 (OW)		
Iron, Total	2.04	1	2.88	84		-	-	75-125	-		20
Total Metals - Mansfield I	Lab Associated sam	nple(s): 01	QC Batch ID	: WG1137320)-3	QC Sample	: L1827537-01	Client ID: HA17-	2 (OW)		
Antimony, Total	0.06686	0.5	0.7112	129		-	-	70-130	-		20
Arsenic, Total	0.01124	0.12	0.1386	106		-	-	70-130	-		20
Cadmium, Total	ND	0.051	0.05470	107		-	-	70-130	-		20
Chromium, Total	ND	0.2	0.1736	87		-	-	70-130	-		20
Copper, Total	ND	0.25	0.2408	96		-	-	70-130	-		20
Lead, Total	0.1200	0.51	0.5560	85		-	-	70-130	-		20
Nickel, Total	ND	0.5	0.4617	92		-	-	70-130	-		20
Selenium, Total	ND	0.12	0.1330	111		-	-	70-130	-		20
Silver, Total	ND	0.05	0.04651	93		-	-	70-130	-		20
Zinc, Total	0.3123	0.5	0.8197	101		-	-	70-130	-		20
Γotal Metals - Mansfield I	Lab Associated san	nple(s): 01	QC Batch ID	: WG1137470)-3	QC Sample	: L1827097-01	Client ID: MS Sa	mple		
Mercury, Total	ND	0.005	0.00444	89		-	-	70-130	-		20

Lab Duplicate Analysis Batch Quality Control

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number:

L1827537

Parameter	Native Sample Dup	licate Sample	Units	RPD	Qual	RPD Limits
Total Metals - Mansfield Lab Associated sample(s): 01	QC Batch ID: WG1137309-4	QC Sample:	L1827299-02	Client ID:	DUP Sample	
Iron, Total	42.0	40.6	mg/l	3		20
Total Metals - Mansfield Lab Associated sample(s): 01	QC Batch ID: WG1137309-8	QC Sample:	L1827537-01	Client ID:	HA17-2 (OW)	
Iron, Total	2.04	2.05	mg/l	0		20
Total Metals - Mansfield Lab Associated sample(s): 01	QC Batch ID: WG1137320-4	QC Sample:	L1827537-01	Client ID:	HA17-2 (OW)	
Antimony, Total	0.06686	0.06981	mg/l	4		20
Arsenic, Total	0.01124	0.01181	mg/l	5		20
Cadmium, Total	ND	ND	mg/l	NC		20
Chromium, Total	ND	ND	mg/l	NC		20
Copper, Total	ND	ND	mg/l	NC		20
Lead, Total	0.1200	0.1220	mg/l	2		20
Nickel, Total	ND	ND	mg/l	NC		20
Selenium, Total	ND	ND	mg/l	NC		20
Silver, Total	ND	ND	mg/l	NC		20
Zinc, Total	0.3123	0.3055	mg/l	2		20
Total Metals - Mansfield Lab Associated sample(s): 01	QC Batch ID: WG1137470-4	QC Sample:	L1827097-01	Client ID:	DUP Sample	
Mercury, Total	ND	ND	mg/l	NC		20



INORGANICS & MISCELLANEOUS



Serial_No:07251817:21

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD Lab Number: L1827537

Project Number: 132470-002 **Report Date:** 07/25/18

SAMPLE RESULTS

Lab ID: L1827537-01 Date Collected: 07/18/18 10:45

Client ID: HA17-2 (OW) Date Received: 07/18/18
Sample Location: BOSTON Field Prep: Refer to COC

Sample Depth:

Matrix: Water

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Prepared	Date Analyzed	Analytical Method	Analyst
General Chemistry - Wes	stborough La	b								
Solids, Total Suspended	5.8		mg/l	5.0	NA	1	-	07/19/18 21:30	121,2540D	CW
Cyanide, Total	ND		mg/l	0.005		1	07/19/18 13:00	07/19/18 15:31	121,4500CN-CE	LH
Chlorine, Total Residual	ND		mg/l	0.02		1	-	07/19/18 06:21	121,4500CL-D	UN
Nitrogen, Ammonia	0.276		mg/l	0.075		1	07/20/18 01:00	07/20/18 21:38	121,4500NH3-BH	l AT
TPH, SGT-HEM	ND		mg/l	4.00		1	07/20/18 23:55	07/21/18 01:30	74,1664A	MM
Phenolics, Total	ND		mg/l	0.030		1	07/19/18 08:00	07/20/18 05:40	4,420.1	GD
Chromium, Hexavalent	ND		mg/l	0.010		1	07/19/18 02:18	07/19/18 02:46	1,7196A	UN
Anions by Ion Chromatog	graphy - Wes	tborough	Lab							
Chloride	17900		mg/l	250		500	-	07/20/18 23:07	44,300.0	AU



Serial_No:07251817:21

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number:

L1827537

Report Date: 07/25/18

Method Blank Analysis Batch Quality Control

Parameter	Result Qu	ıalifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Prepared	Date Analyzed	Analytical Method	Analyst
General Chemistry -	Westborough Lab	for sam	ple(s): 01	Batch:	WG11	37196-1				
Chromium, Hexavalent	ND		mg/l	0.010		1	07/19/18 02:18	07/19/18 02:45	1,7196A	UN
General Chemistry -	Westborough Lab	for sam	ple(s): 01	Batch:	WG11	37243-1				
Chlorine, Total Residual	ND		mg/l	0.02		1	-	07/19/18 06:21	121,4500CL-D	UN
General Chemistry -	Westborough Lab	for sam	ple(s): 01	Batch:	WG11	37268-1				
Phenolics, Total	ND		mg/l	0.030		1	07/19/18 08:00	07/20/18 05:34	4,420.1	GD
General Chemistry -	Westborough Lab	for sam	ple(s): 01	Batch:	WG11	37402-1				
Cyanide, Total	ND		mg/l	0.005		1	07/19/18 13:00	07/19/18 15:22	121,4500CN-CE	LH
General Chemistry -	Westborough Lab	for sam	ple(s): 01	Batch:	WG11	37501-1				
Solids, Total Suspended	ND		mg/l	5.0	NA	1	-	07/19/18 21:30	121,2540D	CW
General Chemistry -	Westborough Lab	for sam	ple(s): 01	Batch:	WG11	37604-1				
Nitrogen, Ammonia	ND		mg/l	0.075		1	07/20/18 01:00	07/20/18 21:35	121,4500NH3-B	H AT
General Chemistry -	Westborough Lab	for sam	ple(s): 01	Batch:	WG11	37900-1				
TPH, SGT-HEM	ND		mg/l	4.00		1	07/20/18 23:55	07/21/18 01:30	74,1664A	MM
Anions by Ion Chrom	natography - Westb	orough	Lab for sar	nple(s):	01 B	atch: WG1	137997-1			
Chloride	ND		mg/l	0.500		1	-	07/20/18 17:43	44,300.0	AU



Lab Control Sample Analysis Batch Quality Control

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number:

L1827537

Report Date:

07/25/18

Parameter	LCS %Recovery	Qual	LCSD %Recovery	Qual	%Recovery Limits	RPD	Qual	RPD Limits
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s):	01 E	Batch: WG1137196-	2				
Chromium, Hexavalent	95		-		85-115	-		20
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s):	01 E	Batch: WG1137243-	2				
Chlorine, Total Residual	97		-		90-110	-		
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s):	01 E	Batch: WG1137268-	2				
Phenolics, Total	88		-		70-130	-		
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s):	01 E	Batch: WG1137402-	2				
Cyanide, Total	102		-		90-110	-		
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s):	01 E	Batch: WG1137604-	2				
Nitrogen, Ammonia	92		-		80-120	-		20
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s):	01 E	Batch: WG1137900-	2				
TPH	72		-		64-132	-		34
Anions by Ion Chromatography - Westb	orough Lab Associate	d sam _l	ple(s): 01 Batch: \	VG1137997	7-2			
Chloride	104		-		90-110	-		



Matrix Spike Analysis Batch Quality Control

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number: L1827537

Parameter	Native Sample	MS Added	MS Found	MS %Recovery	MSD Qual Found	MSD %Recovery Qual	Recovery Limits F	RPD Qual	RPD Limits
General Chemistry - Westbord	ough Lab Assoc	ciated samp	ole(s): 01	QC Batch ID: V	VG1137196-4	QC Sample: L1827537	7-01 Client ID	: HA17-2 (C	W)
Chromium, Hexavalent	ND	0.1	0.095	95	-	-	85-115	-	20
General Chemistry - Westbord	ough Lab Assoc	ciated samp	ole(s): 01	QC Batch ID: V	VG1137243-4	QC Sample: L1827537	7-01 Client ID	: HA17-2 (C	W)
Chlorine, Total Residual	ND	0.248	0.25	101	-	-	80-120	-	20
General Chemistry - Westbord	ough Lab Assoc	ciated samp	ole(s): 01	QC Batch ID: V	VG1137268-4	QC Sample: L1827537	7-01 Client ID	: HA17-2 (C	W)
Phenolics, Total	ND	0.4	0.16	39	Q -	-	70-130	-	20
General Chemistry - Westbord	ough Lab Assoc	ciated samp	ole(s): 01	QC Batch ID: V	VG1137402-4	QC Sample: L1826290)-10 Client ID	: MS Sampl	е
Cyanide, Total	0.165	0.2	0.350	92	-	-	90-110	-	30
General Chemistry - Westbord	ough Lab Assoc	ciated samp	ole(s): 01	QC Batch ID: V	VG1137604-4	QC Sample: L1827537	7-01 Client ID	: HA17-2 (C	W)
Nitrogen, Ammonia	0.276	4	4.04	94	-	-	80-120	-	20
General Chemistry - Westbord	ough Lab Assoc	ciated samp	ole(s): 01	QC Batch ID: V	VG1137900-4	QC Sample: L1827615	5-02 Client ID	: MS Sampl	е
TPH	ND	20.2	11.4	56	Q -	-	64-132	-	34
Anions by Ion Chromatograph Sample	y - Westboroug	ıh Lab Asso	ociated sar	nple(s): 01 QC	Batch ID: WG	137997-3 QC Samp	le: L1825890-0	1 Client ID	: MS
Chloride	39.3	4	42.0	68	Q -	-	90-110	-	18

Lab Duplicate Analysis Batch Quality Control

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number:

L1827537

Report Date:

07/25/18

Parameter	Nati	ve Sa	ample	Duplicate Sam	nple Unit	s RPD	Qual	RPD Limits
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s):	01	QC Batch ID:	WG1137196-3	QC Sample:	L1827537-01	Client ID:	HA17-2 (OW)
Chromium, Hexavalent		ND		ND	mg/	'I NC		20
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s):	01	QC Batch ID:	WG1137243-3	QC Sample:	L1827537-01	Client ID:	HA17-2 (OW)
Chlorine, Total Residual		ND		ND	mg/	'I NC		20
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s):	01	QC Batch ID:	WG1137268-3	QC Sample:	L1827537-01	Client ID:	HA17-2 (OW)
Phenolics, Total		ND		ND	mg/	'I NC		20
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s):	01	QC Batch ID:	WG1137402-3	QC Sample:	L1826290-10	Client ID:	DUP Sample
Cyanide, Total		0.165	j	0.161	mg/	2		30
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s):	01	QC Batch ID:	WG1137501-2	QC Sample:	L1827494-01	Client ID:	DUP Sample
Solids, Total Suspended		33		30	mg/	10		29
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s):	01	QC Batch ID:	WG1137604-3	QC Sample:	L1827537-01	Client ID:	HA17-2 (OW)
Nitrogen, Ammonia		0.276	3	0.278	mg/	1		20
General Chemistry - Westborough Lab	Associated sample(s):	01	QC Batch ID:	WG1137900-3	QC Sample:	L1827615-01	Client ID:	DUP Sample
TPH		ND		ND	mg/	/I NC		34
Anions by Ion Chromatography - Westb Sample	orough Lab Associated	d samı	ple(s): 01 G	C Batch ID: WG	1137997-4	QC Sample: L	.1825890-0	1 Client ID: DUP
Chloride		39.3		39.2	mg/	0		18



Serial_No:07251817:21

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number: L1827537 **Report Date:** 07/25/18

Sample Receipt and Container Information

Were project specific reporting limits specified?

YES

Cooler Information

Container Information

Custody Seal Cooler

В Absent

Container Info	rmation		Initial Final Temp Frozen						
Container ID	Container Type	Cooler	рH	рН	deg C	Pres	Seal	Date/Time	Analysis(*)
L1827537-01A	Vial HCl preserved	В	NA		3.0	Υ	Absent		624.1-RGP(14),624.1-SIM-RGP(14)
L1827537-01B	Vial HCl preserved	В	NA		3.0	Υ	Absent		624.1-RGP(14),624.1-SIM-RGP(14)
L1827537-01C	Vial HCl preserved	В	NA		3.0	Υ	Absent		624.1-RGP(14),624.1-SIM-RGP(14)
L1827537-01D	Vial Na2S2O3 preserved	В	NA		3.0	Υ	Absent		504(14)
L1827537-01E	Vial Na2S2O3 preserved	В	NA		3.0	Υ	Absent		504(14)
L1827537-01F	Plastic 250ml HNO3 preserved	В	<2	<2	3.0	Y	Absent		CD-2008T(180),NI-2008T(180),ZN- 2008T(180),CU-2008T(180),FE-UI(180),AG- 2008T(180),AS-2008T(180),HG-U(28),SE- 2008T(180),CR-2008T(180),PB-2008T(180),SB- 2008T(180)
L1827537-01G	Amber 1000ml Na2S2O3	В	7	7	3.0	Υ	Absent		PCB-608.3(7)
L1827537-01H	Amber 1000ml Na2S2O3	В	7	7	3.0	Υ	Absent		PCB-608.3(7)
L1827537-01I	Amber 1000ml unpreserved	В	7	7	3.0	Υ	Absent		625.1-RGP(7),625.1-SIM-RGP(7)
L1827537-01J	Amber 1000ml unpreserved	В	7	7	3.0	Υ	Absent		625.1-RGP(7),625.1-SIM-RGP(7)
L1827537-01K	Plastic 950ml unpreserved	В	7	7	3.0	Υ	Absent		CL-300(28),HEXCR-7196(1),HOLD- WETCHEM(),TRC-4500(1)
L1827537-01L	Plastic 500ml H2SO4 preserved	В	<2	<2	3.0	Υ	Absent		NH3-4500(28)
L1827537-01M	Plastic 250ml NaOH preserved	В	>12	>12	3.0	Υ	Absent		TCN-4500(14)
L1827537-01N	Amber 1000ml HCl preserved	В	NA		3.0	Υ	Absent		TPH-1664(28)
L1827537-01P	Amber 1000ml HCl preserved	В	NA		3.0	Υ	Absent		TPH-1664(28)
L1827537-01Q	Amber 950ml H2SO4 preserved	В	<2	<2	3.0	Υ	Absent		TPHENOL-420(28)
L1827537-01R	Plastic 950ml unpreserved	В	7	7	3.0	Υ	Absent		TSS-2540(7)
L1827537-01S	Vial HCl preserved	В	NA		3.0	Υ	Absent		SUB-ETHANOL(14)
L1827537-01T	Vial HCl preserved	В	NA		3.0	Υ	Absent		SUB-ETHANOL(14)
L1827537-01U	Vial HCl preserved	В	NA		3.0	Υ	Absent		SUB-ETHANOL(14)
L1827537-01V	Plastic 250ml HNO3 preserved	В	<2	<2	3.0	Υ	Absent		HOLD-METAL-DISSOLVED(180)



Serial_No:07251817:21

Lab Number: L1827537

Report Date: 07/25/18

Container Information Initial Final Temp Frozen

Container ID Container Type Cooler pH pH deg C Pres Seal Date/Time Analysis(*)



Project Name:

Project Number: 132470-002

150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Name: Lab Number: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD L1827537 **Project Number:** 132470-002 **Report Date:** 07/25/18

GLOSSARY

Acronyms

EDL - Estimated Detection Limit: This value represents the level to which target analyte concentrations are reported as estimated values, when those target analyte concentrations are quantified below the reporting limit (RL). The EDL includes any

adjustments from dilutions, concentrations or moisture content, where applicable. The use of EDLs is specific to the analysis

of PAHs using Solid-Phase Microextraction (SPME).

EMPC - Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration: The concentration that results from the signal present at the retention time of an analyte when the ions meet all of the identification criteria except the ion abundance ratio criteria. An EMPC is a worst-case

estimate of the concentration.

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency.

LCS - Laboratory Control Sample: A sample matrix, free from the analytes of interest, spiked with verified known amounts of

analytes or a material containing known and verified amounts of analytes.

LCSD - Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate: Refer to LCS.

LFB - Laboratory Fortified Blank: A sample matrix, free from the analytes of interest, spiked with verified known amounts of

analytes or a material containing known and verified amounts of analytes.

MDL - Method Detection Limit: This value represents the level to which target analyte concentrations are reported as estimated values, when those target analyte concentrations are quantified below the reporting limit (RL). The MDL includes any

adjustments from dilutions, concentrations or moisture content, where applicable.

MS - Matrix Spike Sample: A sample prepared by adding a known mass of target analyte to a specified amount of matrix sample for

which an independent estimate of target analyte concentration is available.

MSD - Matrix Spike Sample Duplicate: Refer to MS.

NA Not Applicable.

NC - Not Calculated: Term is utilized when one or more of the results utilized in the calculation are non-detect at the parameter's

reporting unit.

NDPA/DPA - N-Nitrosodiphenylamine/Diphenylamine.

NI - Not Ignitable.

NP - Non-Plastic: Term is utilized for the analysis of Atterberg Limits in soil.

RL - Reporting Limit: The value at which an instrument can accurately measure an analyte at a specific concentration. The RL

includes any adjustments from dilutions, concentrations or moisture content, where applicable.

RPD - Relative Percent Difference: The results from matrix and/or matrix spike duplicates are primarily designed to assess the precision of analytical results in a given matrix and are expressed as relative percent difference (RPD). Values which are less

than five times the reporting limit for any individual parameter are evaluated by utilizing the absolute difference between the

values; although the RPD value will be provided in the report.

SRM - Standard Reference Material: A reference sample of a known or certified value that is of the same or similar matrix as the

associated field samples.

STLP - Semi-dynamic Tank Leaching Procedure per EPA Method 1315.

TEF - Toxic Equivalency Factors: The values assigned to each dioxin and furan to evaluate their toxicity relative to 2,3,7,8-TCDD.

TEO - Toxic Equivalent: The measure of a sample is toxicity derived by multiplying each dioxin and furan by its corresponding TEF

and then summing the resulting values.

TIC - Tentatively Identified Compound: A compound that has been identified to be present and is not part of the target compound

list (TCL) for the method and/or program. All TICs are qualitatively identified and reported as estimated concentrations.

Footnotes

- The reference for this analyte should be considered modified since this analyte is absent from the target analyte list of the original method.

Terms

Analytical Method: Both the document from which the method originates and the analytical reference method. (Example: EPA 8260B is shown as 1,8260B.) The codes for the reference method documents are provided in the References section of the Addendum.

Final pH: As it pertains to Sample Receipt & Container Information section of the report, Final pH reflects pH of container determined after adjustment at the laboratory, if applicable. If no adjustment required, value reflects Initial pH.

Frozen Date/Time: With respect to Volatile Organics in soil, Frozen Date/Time reflects the date/time at which associated Reagent Waterpreserved vials were initially frozen. Note: If frozen date/time is beyond 48 hours from sample collection, value will be reflected in 'bold'.

Initial pH: As it pertains to Sample Receipt & Container Information section of the report, Initial pH reflects pH of container determined upon receipt, if applicable.

Total: With respect to Organic analyses, a 'Total' result is defined as the summation of results for individual isomers or Aroclors. If a 'Total' result is requested, the results of its individual components will also be reported. This is applicable to 'Total' results for methods 8260, 8081 and 8082.

Report Format: Data Usability Report



Project Name:150 SEAPORT BOULEVARDLab Number:L1827537Project Number:132470-002Report Date:07/25/18

Data Qualifiers

- A Spectra identified as "Aldol Condensation Product".
- The analyte was detected above the reporting limit in the associated method blank. Flag only applies to associated field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte at less than ten times (10x) the concentration found in the blank. For MCP-related projects, flag only applies to associated field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte at less than ten times (10x) the concentrations of the analyte at less than ten times (10x) the concentrations of the analyte at less than ten times (10x) the concentration found in the blank AND the analyte was detected above one-half the reporting limit (or above the reporting limit for common lab contaminants) in the associated method blank. For NJ-Air-related projects, flag only applies to associated field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte above the reporting limit. For NJ-related projects (excluding Air), flag only applies to associated field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte, which was detected above the reporting limit in the associated method blank or above five times the reporting limit for common lab contaminants (Phthalates, Acetone, Methylene Chloride, 2-Butanone).
- Co-elution: The target analyte co-elutes with a known lab standard (i.e. surrogate, internal standards, etc.) for co-extracted analyses.
- Concentration of analyte was quantified from diluted analysis. Flag only applies to field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte.
- E Concentration of analyte exceeds the range of the calibration curve and/or linear range of the instrument.
- G The concentration may be biased high due to matrix interferences (i.e, co-elution) with non-target compound(s). The result should be considered estimated.
- H The analysis of pH was performed beyond the regulatory-required holding time of 15 minutes from the time of sample collection.
- I The lower value for the two columns has been reported due to obvious interference.
- $\label{eq:MCPCAM} \textbf{M} \qquad \text{-Reporting Limit (RL) exceeds the MCP CAM Reporting Limit for this analyte.}$
- NJ Presumptive evidence of compound. This represents an estimated concentration for Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs), where the identification is based on a mass spectral library search.
- P The RPD between the results for the two columns exceeds the method-specified criteria.
- Q The quality control sample exceeds the associated acceptance criteria. For DOD-related projects, LCS and/or Continuing Calibration Standard exceedences are also qualified on all associated sample results. Note: This flag is not applicable for matrix spike recoveries when the sample concentration is greater than 4x the spike added or for batch duplicate RPD when the sample concentrations are less than 5x the RL. (Metals only.)
- R Analytical results are from sample re-analysis.
- **RE** Analytical results are from sample re-extraction.
- S Analytical results are from modified screening analysis.
- J Estimated value. This represents an estimated concentration for Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs).
- **ND** Not detected at the reporting limit (RL) for the sample.

Report Format: Data Usability Report



Project Name:150 SEAPORT BOULEVARDLab Number:L1827537Project Number:132470-002Report Date:07/25/18

rioject Nulliber. 132470-002 Report Date. 0

REFERENCES

- Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods. EPA SW-846. Third Edition. Updates I IV, 2007.
- Methods for the Determination of Metals in Environmental Samples, Supplement I. EPA/600/R-94/111. May 1994.
- 4 Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes. EPA 600/4-79-020. Revised March 1983.
- Methods for the Determination of Organic Compounds in Finished Drinking Water and Raw Source Water. EPA/600/4-88/039, Revised July 1991.
- 19 Inductively Coupled Plasma Atomic Emission Spectrometric Method for Trace Element Analysis of Water and Wastes. Appendix C, Part 136, 40 CFR (Code of Federal Regulations). July 1, 1999 edition.
- Methods for the Determination of Inorganic Substances in Environmental Samples, EPA/600/R-93/100, August 1993.
- Method 1664,Revision A: N-Hexane Extractable Material (HEM; Oil & Grease) and Silica Gel Treated N-Hexane Extractable Material (SGT-HEM; Non-polar Material) by Extraction and Gravimetry, EPA-821-R-98-002, February 1999.
- 107 Alpha Analytical In-house calculation method.
- 121 Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater. APHA-AWWA-WEF. Standard Methods Online.
- Method 608.3: Organochlorine Pesticides and PCBs by GC/HSD, EPA 821-R-16-009, December 2016.
- 128 Method 624.1: Purgeables by GC/MS, EPA 821-R-16-008, December 2016.
- Method 625.1: Base/Neutrals and Acids by GC/MS, EPA 821-R-16-007, December 2016.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITIES

Alpha Analytical performs services with reasonable care and diligence normal to the analytical testing laboratory industry. In the event of an error, the sole and exclusive responsibility of Alpha Analytical shall be to re-perform the work at it's own expense. In no event shall Alpha Analytical be held liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages, including but not limited to, damages in any way connected with the use of, interpretation of, information or analysis provided by Alpha Analytical.

We strongly urge our clients to comply with EPA protocol regarding sample volume, preservation, cooling, containers, sampling procedures, holding time and splitting of samples in the field.



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Published Date: 1/8/2018 4:15:49 PM

ID No.:17873

Revision 11

Alpha Analytical, Inc. Facility: Company-wide

Department: Quality Assurance

Title: Certificate/Approval Program Summary

Certification Information

Page 1 of 1

The following analytes are not included in our Primary NELAP Scope of Accreditation:

Westborough Facility

EPA 624: m/p-xylene, o-xylene

EPA 8260C: NPW: 1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene; 4-Ethyltoluene, Azobenzene; SCM: lodomethane (methyl iodide), Methyl methacrylate, 1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene; 4-Ethyltoluene.

EPA 8270D: NPW: Dimethylnaphthalene,1,4-Diphenylhydrazine; SCM: Dimethylnaphthalene,1,4-Diphenylhydrazine.

EPA 300: DW: Bromide EPA 6860: SCM: Perchlorate

EPA 9010: NPW and SCM: Amenable Cyanide Distillation

SM4500: NPW: Amenable Cyanide, Dissolved Oxygen; SCM: Total Phosphorus, TKN, NO2, NO3.

Mansfield Facility SM 2540D: TSS

EPA 8082A: NPW: PCB: 1, 5, 31, 87,101, 110, 141, 151, 153, 180, 183, 187.

EPA TO-15: Halothane, 2,4,4-Trimethyl-2-pentene, 2,4,4-Trimethyl-1-pentene, Thiophene, 2-Methylthiophene,

3-Methylthiophene, 2-Ethylthiophene, 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene, Indan, Indene, 1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene, Benzothiophene, 1-Methylnaphthalene.

Biological Tissue Matrix: EPA 3050B

The following analytes are included in our Massachusetts DEP Scope of Accreditation

Westborough Facility:

Drinking Water

EPA 300.0: Chloride, Nitrate-N, Fluoride, Sulfate; EPA 353.2: Nitrate-N, Nitrite-N; SM4500NO3-F: Nitrate-N, Nitrite-N; SM4500F-C, SM4500CN-CE,

EPA 180.1, SM2130B, SM4500CI-D, SM2320B, SM2540C, SM4500H-B

EPA 332: Perchlorate; EPA 524.2: THMs and VOCs; EPA 504.1: EDB, DBCP.

Microbiology: SM9215B; SM9223-P/A, SM9223B-Colilert-QT,SM9222D.

Non-Potable Water

SM4500H,B, EPA 120.1, SM2510B, SM2540C, SM2320B, SM4500CL-E, SM4500F-BC, SM4500NH3-BH: Ammonia-N and Kjeldahl-N, EPA 350.1: Ammonia-N, LACHAT 10-107-06-1-B: Ammonia-N, EPA 351.1, SM4500NO3-F, EPA 353.2: Nitrate-N, EPA 351.1, SM4500P-B, E, E, EPA 351.1, SM4500P-B, E, EPA 351.1, SM4500P-B, E, EPA 351.1, SM4500P-B, E, EPA 351.1, SM4500P-B, EPA 351.1, SM450P-B, EPA 351.1, SM4 SM4500SO4-E, SM5220D, EPA 410.4, SM5210B, SM5310C, SM4500CL-D, EPA 1664, EPA 420.1, SM4500-CN-CE, SM2540D.

EPA 624: Volatile Halocarbons & Aromatics,

EPA 608: Chlordane, Toxaphene, Aldrin, alpha-BHC, beta-BHC, gamma-BHC, delta-BHC, Dieldrin, DDD, DDE, DDT, Endosulfan II, Endosulfan II, Endosulfan sulfate, Endrin, Endrin Aldehyde, Heptachlor, Heptachlor Epoxide, PCBs

EPA 625: SVOC (Acid/Base/Neutral Extractables), EPA 600/4-81-045: PCB-Oil.

Microbiology: SM9223B-Colilert-QT; Enterolert-QT, SM9221E, SM9222D.

Mansfield Facility:

Drinking Water

EPA 200.7: Al, Ba, Be, Cd, Cr, Cu, Mn, Ni, Na, Ag, Ca, Zn. EPA 200.8: Al, Sb, As, Ba, Be, Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Mn, Ni, Se, Ag, TL, Zn. EPA 245.1 Hg. EPA 522.

Non-Potable Water

EPA 200.7: Al, Sb, As, Be, Cd, Ca, Cr, Co, Cu, Fe, Pb, Mg, Mn, Mo, Ni, K, Se, Ag, Na, Sr, TL, Ti, V, Zn.

EPA 200.8: Al, Sb, As, Be, Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Mn, Ni, Se, Ag, TL, Zn.

EPA 245.1 Hg.

SM2340B

For a complete listing of analytes and methods, please contact your Alpha Project Manager.

Pre-Qualtrax Document ID: 08-113 Document Type: Form

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Westborough, MA 01581 8 Walkup Dr.	Mansfield, MA 02048 320 Forbes Blvd	Project Information						Deliv	erables			-	16	Billing Information	
TEL: 508-898-9220	TEL: 508-822-9300	Project Name:		150 Seapo	ort Boulev	vard			Email			Fax		Same as Client Info	0
FAX: 508-898-9193	FAX: 508-822-3288	Project Location:			oston	-			EQuIS (1 I	File)		EQuIS	S (4 File)	PO#	
H&A Information		Project #		1324	170-002			10	Other:						
H&A Client: The Cro	nin Group, LLC	(Use Project name as F	Project #)		***************************************			Regu	latory Requ	iireme	nts (Pr	ogram	(Criteria)	Disposal Site Information	
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H&A Phone:		Turn-Around Time	10000	7.			-							Disposal Facility:	
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Preservative Code: A = None B = HCI C = HNO ₃	P = Plastic	Westboro: Certification N Mansfield: Certification N			Con	tainer Typ)e							Please print clearly, legibly and completely. Samples can not be in and turnaround time clock w start until any ambiguities are n	e logged vill not
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Westborough, MA 01581 8 Walkup Dr. TEL: 508-808-9220 FAX: 508-898-9193	Manufield, MA 02548 320 Forbes Blvd TEL: 508-822-9300 FAX: 508-822-3288	Project Name: Project Name:	150 Seaport Boston, MA	Boulevard	No.		12	Ema	il	File)	275	Fax	IS (4 Fi										Billing information Same as Client Info	
H&A Information	TRO CWITTE	Project #	132470-002	X			-	Othe						100									65.5	
H&A Client: The Cron	in Group, LLC	(Use Project name a	as ProjecC)				Aeg	ulatory	Regu	ureme	nts (Pro	gram/C	rdana)	150	117	000	8	100	200		100	300	Disposal Site Information	
H&A Address 465 Med	lord St	Project Manager:	Lee Vanzler										7										Please identify below location of applicable dis	
Boston,	MA 0212-1400	ALPHAQuote #:					1																lacities.	sposa
H&A Phone: 617-886-	7400	Turn-Around Time	100		NO POST NO	4500																	Disposal Facility:	_
H&A Fax: echristm	as@haleyaldrich.com	Standard	4	Due Date	2:		1																NU DNY	
H&A Email: Ivanzler@	Phaleyaldrich.com	(only if pre approved)		# of Days	57		Note	: Select	State	from m	nenu & id	entify cri	teria.										Other:	
These samples have be	en previously analyzed	by Alpha [AN	ALYSIS	;				-									_	Sample Filtration	4
Other project specific	requirements/commen	nts:					1	Т	T	T	1 8	-	1	T	T	1	1	T	14	~	T	1		
3. HOLD PACN & ACN Please sample per EP. Please specify Metals	A Approved 2017 RGP	Metals ON HOLD (Fig Permit methods	eld Filtered)				.TSS-2540	2, THC-4500	3. TCN-4500 HOLD PACK & ACK	4. 504	5. 8250 & 8250 SIM for XBPs or societable meth	6. HEXCR-3500 & Trivalen Chromium	7. TPHENOL-420	8270TCL (including	9. 8270TCL-SIM.	or applicable method 10, CL-300	Metals - Ag, As, Cd,	12. Ammonia	Metals-Ag, As, Cd, Cr Ph Sh Se Zn Fe Hn	14. A2-ALCOHOL (Ethanol)	15. TPH-1664	16. PCB-608	Lab to do Preservation Lab to do	0-1-00-
ALPHA Lab ID	52	1000	Colle	ection	Sample	Sampler's	1	100	5	2	826	EX	K	8.62	6	e d	Total Co. Ni	-	88 X	3	-	-	1 m 55 0 0 0 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1
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27537-0	14A17-2 /	(m)			AQ	_	×	x	×	x	V V	v	v	v	×	x	x	x	x	x	x	×	Sample openic comments	
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A = None B = HCl C = HNO ₃ D = H ₂ SO ₄ E = NeOH	Container Code P = Plastic A = Amber Glass V = Vlal 3 = Glass 8 = Bacteria Cup C = Cube	Westboro: Certification Mansfield: Certification Relinguished	in No: MA015		C	Ontainer Type Preservative		10															Please print clearly, legibly and completely. Samples can not be logged in and turnaroun time clock will not start until any ambiguities resolved. Alpha Analytical's services under thi Chain of Custody shall be performed in accorda with terms and conditions within Blanket Service.	s are is lence
G = NaHSO _a G H = Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ B	D = Other E = Encore D = BOD Bottle	There igual inco		Date	vinte		necer	ved By						_		Date/	ime						Agreements 2015-18-Alpha Analytical by and between Haley & Aldrich, Inc., its subsidiaries a affiliates and Alpha Analytical.	and
Document ID: 20455 Rev 1	(1/28/2016)																							

			Subconti	act Chain of Cust	ouy		
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CI	ient Information		Project Ir	formation	Regulatory Rec	quirements/Report Limits	
Client: Alpha Al Address: Eight Wa Westbor	nalytical Labs alkup Drive ough, MA 01581-1019	Project Location Project Manage Turnaro		illi verables Information	State/Federal Program Regulatory Criteria: RC		
Phone: 603.319 Email: mgulli@:	.5010 alphalab.com	Due Date: Deliverables:	07/30/18		P. P. Service	10 3 1 4 4 50	
		Project Specif	ic Requirem	nents and/or Report	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE		
F	Reference following Alpha Job	Number on final repor	t/deliverables	: L1827537	Report to include Method Bla	nk, LCS/LCSD:	
Additional Comm	nents: Send all results/reports	to subreports@alphala	b.com NPDE	S			
				一	7 2 7		
Lab ID	Client ID	Collection Date/Time	Sample Matrix	A	nalysis	Batc	ch
	HA17-2 (OW)	07-18-18 10:45	WATER	Ethanol by EPA 1671 Rev	rision A		
Form No: AL sub		ed By:	ı	Date/Time: 7/19/18	Received By:	Date/Time:	



ANALYTICAL REPORT

Lab Number: L1830713

Client: Haley & Aldrich, Inc.

465 Medford Street, Suite 2200 Charlestown, MA 02129-1400

ATTN: Lee Vanzler
Phone: (617) 886-7561

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Report Date: 08/13/18

The original project report/data package is held by Alpha Analytical. This report/data package is paginated and should be reproduced only in its entirety. Alpha Analytical holds no responsibility for results and/or data that are not consistent with the original.

Certifications & Approvals: MA (M-MA086), NH NELAP (2064), CT (PH-0574), IL (200077), ME (MA00086), MD (348), NJ (MA935), NY (11148), NC (25700/666), PA (68-03671), RI (LAO00065), TX (T104704476), VT (VT-0935), VA (460195), USDA (Permit #P330-17-00196).

320 Forbes Boulevard, Mansfield, MA 02048-1806 508-822-9300 (Fax) 508-822-3288 800-624-9220 - www.alphalab.com



Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number:

L1830713

Report Date: 08/13/18

Alpha Sample ID	Client ID	Matrix	Sample Location	Collection Date/Time	Receive Date
L1830713-01	HA17-2 (OW)	WATER	BOSTON	07/18/18 10:45	07/18/18



Serial No:08131817:29

Project Name:150 SEAPORT BOULEVARDLab Number:L1830713Project Number:132470-002Report Date:08/13/18

Case Narrative

The samples were received in accordance with the Chain of Custody and no significant deviations were encountered during the preparation or analysis unless otherwise noted. Sample Receipt, Container Information, and the Chain of Custody are located at the back of the report.

Results contained within this report relate only to the samples submitted under this Alpha Lab Number and meet NELAP requirements for all NELAP accredited parameters unless otherwise noted in the following narrative. The data presented in this report is organized by parameter (i.e. VOC, SVOC, etc.). Sample specific Quality Control data (i.e. Surrogate Spike Recovery) is reported at the end of the target analyte list for each individual sample, followed by the Laboratory Batch Quality Control at the end of each parameter. Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs), if requested, are reported for compounds identified to be present and are not part of the method/program Target Compound List, even if only a subset of the TCL are being reported. If a sample was re-analyzed or re-extracted due to a required quality control corrective action and if both sets of data are reported, the Laboratory ID of the re-analysis or re-extraction is designated with an "R" or "RE", respectively. When multiple Batch Quality Control elements are reported (e.g. more than one LCS), the associated samples for each element are noted in the grey shaded header line of each data table. Any Laboratory Batch, Sample Specific % recovery or RPD value that is outside the listed Acceptance Criteria is bolded in the report. All specific QC information is also incorporated in the Data Usability format of our Data Merger tool where it can be reviewed along with any associated usability implications. Soil/sediments, solids and tissues are reported on a dry weight basis unless otherwise noted. Definitions of all data qualifiers and acronyms used in this report are provided in the Glossary located at the back of the report.

In reference to questions H (CAM) or 4 (RCP) when "NO" is checked, the performance criteria for CAM and RCP methods allow for some quality control failures to occur and still be within method compliance. In these instances the specific failure is not narrated but noted in the associated QC table. The information is also incorporated in the Data Usability format of our Data Merger tool where it can be reviewed along with any associated usability implications.

Please see the associated ADEx data file for a comparison of laboratory reporting limits that were achieved with the regulatory Numerical Standards requested on the Chain of Custody.

HOLD POLICY

For samples submitted on hold, Alpha's policy is to hold samples (with the exception of Air canisters) free of charge for 21 calendar days from the date the project is completed. After 21 calendar days, we will dispose of all samples submitted including those put on hold unless you have contacted your Client Service Representative and made arrangements for Alpha to continue to hold the samples. Air canisters will be disposed after 3 business days from the date the project is completed.

Ρ	lease	contact	Client	Services	at 800	-624-92	220 with	n any	questi	ons.

I, the undersigned, attest under the pains and penalties of perjury that, to the best of my knowledge and belief and based upon my personal inquiry of those responsible for providing the information contained in this analytical report, such information is accurate and complete. This certificate of analysis is not complete unless this page accompanies any and all pages of this report.

Authorized Signature:

Title: Technical Director/Representative Date: 08/13/18

600, Sew Kelly Stenstrom

ALPHA

METALS



Serial_No:08131817:29

Project Name:150 SEAPORT BOULEVARDLab Number:L1830713Project Number:132470-002Report Date:08/13/18

SAMPLE RESULTS

 Lab ID:
 L1830713-01
 Date Collected:
 07/18/18 10:45

 Client ID:
 HA17-2 (OW)
 Date Received:
 07/18/18

 Sample Location:
 BOSTON
 Field Prep:
 Refer to COC

Sample Depth:

Matrix: Water

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Prepared	Date Analyzed	Prep Method	Analytical Method	Analyst
Dissolved Metals -	Mansfield	Lab									
Lead, Dissolved	0.1200		mg/l	0.0100		10	07/19/18 10:1	5 07/20/18 10:39	PA 3005A	3,200.8	AM



Serial_No:08131817:29

L1830713

Lab Number:

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: Report Date:

132470-002 08/13/18

> **Method Blank Analysis Batch Quality Control**

Dilution Date Date Analytical Method Analyst **Parameter Result Qualifier** Units RLMDL **Factor Prepared** Analyzed Dissolved Metals - Mansfield Lab for sample(s): 01 Batch: WG1145730-1 Lead, Dissolved ND mg/l 0.0010 07/19/18 10:15 07/20/18 10:06 3,200.8 AM 1

Prep Information

Digestion Method: EPA 3005A



Lab Control Sample Analysis Batch Quality Control

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Lab Number: L1830713

Project Number: 132470-002 Report Date: 08/13/18

Parameter	LCS %Recovery Qual	LCSD %Recovery	Qual	%Recovery Limits	RPD	Qual	RPD Limits
Dissolved Metals - Mansfield Lab Associated	sample(s): 01 Batch: WG1	1145730-2					
Lead, Dissolved	100	-		85-115	-		



Matrix Spike Analysis Batch Quality Control

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number:

L1830713

Report Date:

08/13/18

Parameter Parameter	Native Sample	MS Added	MS Found	MS %Recovery	Qual	MSD Found	MSD %Recovery	Qual	Recovery Limits	/ RPD Qual	RPD Limits
Dissolved Metals - Mansfie	eld Lab Associated	d sample(s):	01 QC B	atch ID: WG11	45730-3	QC Sa	mple: L183071	3-01	Client ID:	HA17-2 (OW)	
Lead, Dissolved	0.1200	0.51	0.5560	85		-	-		70-130	-	20



Lab Duplicate Analysis

Batch Quality Control

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD Batch

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number:

L1830713

Report Date:

08/13/18

Parameter	Native Sample	Duplicate Sample	Units	RPD	Qual RPD	Limits
Dissolved Metals - Mansfield Lab Associated sample(s):	01 QC Batch ID: W	G1145730-4 QC Sample:	L1830713-01	Client ID:	HA17-2 (OW)	
Lead, Dissolved	0.1200	0.1220	mg/l	2		20



Serial_No:08131817:29

Lab Number: L1830713

Report Date: 08/13/18

Sample Receipt and Container Information

Were project specific reporting limits specified?

150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Cooler Information

Project Name:

Cooler Custody Seal

B Absent

Project Number: 132470-002

Container Info	ormation		Initial	Final	Temp			Frozen	
Container ID	Container Type	Cooler	рН	pН	deg C	Pres	Seal	Date/Time	Analysis(*)
I 1830713-01A	Plastic 250ml HNO3 preserved	В	-2	-2	3.0	Υ	Absent		PB-2008S(180)



Project Name: Lab Number: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD L1830713 **Project Number: Report Date:** 132470-002 08/13/18

GLOSSARY

Acronyms

EDL - Estimated Detection Limit: This value represents the level to which target analyte concentrations are reported as estimated values, when those target analyte concentrations are quantified below the reporting limit (RL). The EDL includes any adjustments from dilutions, concentrations or moisture content, where applicable. The use of EDLs is specific to the analysis

of PAHs using Solid-Phase Microextraction (SPME).

EMPC - Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration: The concentration that results from the signal present at the retention time of an analyte when the ions meet all of the identification criteria except the ion abundance ratio criteria. An EMPC is a worst-case

estimate of the concentration.

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency.

LCS - Laboratory Control Sample: A sample matrix, free from the analytes of interest, spiked with verified known amounts of

analytes or a material containing known and verified amounts of analytes.

LCSD - Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate: Refer to LCS.

LFB - Laboratory Fortified Blank: A sample matrix, free from the analytes of interest, spiked with verified known amounts of

analytes or a material containing known and verified amounts of analytes.

MDL - Method Detection Limit: This value represents the level to which target analyte concentrations are reported as estimated values, when those target analyte concentrations are quantified below the reporting limit (RL). The MDL includes any

adjustments from dilutions, concentrations or moisture content, where applicable.

MS - Matrix Spike Sample: A sample prepared by adding a known mass of target analyte to a specified amount of matrix sample for

which an independent estimate of target analyte concentration is available.

MSD - Matrix Spike Sample Duplicate: Refer to MS.

NA Not Applicable.

NC - Not Calculated: Term is utilized when one or more of the results utilized in the calculation are non-detect at the parameter's

reporting unit.

NDPA/DPA - N-Nitrosodiphenylamine/Diphenylamine.

NI - Not Ignitable.

NP - Non-Plastic: Term is utilized for the analysis of Atterberg Limits in soil.

RL - Reporting Limit: The value at which an instrument can accurately measure an analyte at a specific concentration. The RL

includes any adjustments from dilutions, concentrations or moisture content, where applicable.

RPD - Relative Percent Difference: The results from matrix and/or matrix spike duplicates are primarily designed to assess the

precision of analytical results in a given matrix and are expressed as relative percent difference (RPD). Values which are less than five times the reporting limit for any individual parameter are evaluated by utilizing the absolute difference between the

values; although the RPD value will be provided in the report.

SRM - Standard Reference Material: A reference sample of a known or certified value that is of the same or similar matrix as the

associated field samples.

STLP - Semi-dynamic Tank Leaching Procedure per EPA Method 1315.

TEF - Toxic Equivalency Factors: The values assigned to each dioxin and furan to evaluate their toxicity relative to 2,3,7,8-TCDD.

TEO - Toxic Equivalent: The measure of a sample is toxicity derived by multiplying each dioxin and furan by its corresponding TEF

and then summing the resulting values.

TIC - Tentatively Identified Compound: A compound that has been identified to be present and is not part of the target compound

list (TCL) for the method and/or program. All TICs are qualitatively identified and reported as estimated concentrations.

Footnotes

- The reference for this analyte should be considered modified since this analyte is absent from the target analyte list of the original method.

Terms

Analytical Method: Both the document from which the method originates and the analytical reference method. (Example: EPA 8260B is shown as 1,8260B.) The codes for the reference method documents are provided in the References section of the Addendum.

Final pH: As it pertains to Sample Receipt & Container Information section of the report, Final pH reflects pH of container determined after adjustment at the laboratory, if applicable. If no adjustment required, value reflects Initial pH.

Frozen Date/Time: With respect to Volatile Organics in soil, Frozen Date/Time reflects the date/time at which associated Reagent Waterpreserved vials were initially frozen. Note: If frozen date/time is beyond 48 hours from sample collection, value will be reflected in 'bold'.

Initial pH: As it pertains to Sample Receipt & Container Information section of the report, Initial pH reflects pH of container determined upon receipt, if applicable.

Total: With respect to Organic analyses, a 'Total' result is defined as the summation of results for individual isomers or Aroclors. If a 'Total' result is requested, the results of its individual components will also be reported. This is applicable to 'Total' results for methods 8260, 8081 and 8082.

Report Format: Data Usability Report



Project Name:150 SEAPORT BOULEVARDLab Number:L1830713Project Number:132470-002Report Date:08/13/18

Data Qualifiers

- A Spectra identified as "Aldol Condensation Product".
- The analyte was detected above the reporting limit in the associated method blank. Flag only applies to associated field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte at less than ten times (10x) the concentration found in the blank. For MCP-related projects, flag only applies to associated field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte at less than ten times (10x) the concentrations of the analyte at less than ten times (10x) the concentrations of the analyte at less than ten times (10x) the concentration found in the blank AND the analyte was detected above one-half the reporting limit (or above the reporting limit for common lab contaminants) in the associated method blank. For NJ-Air-related projects, flag only applies to associated field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte above the reporting limit. For NJ-related projects (excluding Air), flag only applies to associated field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte, which was detected above the reporting limit in the associated method blank or above five times the reporting limit for common lab contaminants (Phthalates, Acetone, Methylene Chloride, 2-Butanone).
- Co-elution: The target analyte co-elutes with a known lab standard (i.e. surrogate, internal standards, etc.) for co-extracted analyses.
- Concentration of analyte was quantified from diluted analysis. Flag only applies to field samples that have detectable concentrations
 of the analyte.
- E Concentration of analyte exceeds the range of the calibration curve and/or linear range of the instrument.
- G The concentration may be biased high due to matrix interferences (i.e, co-elution) with non-target compound(s). The result should be considered estimated.
- H The analysis of pH was performed beyond the regulatory-required holding time of 15 minutes from the time of sample collection.
- I The lower value for the two columns has been reported due to obvious interference.
- $\label{eq:MCPCAM} \textbf{M} \qquad \text{-Reporting Limit (RL) exceeds the MCP CAM Reporting Limit for this analyte.}$
- NJ Presumptive evidence of compound. This represents an estimated concentration for Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs), where the identification is based on a mass spectral library search.
- P The RPD between the results for the two columns exceeds the method-specified criteria.
- Q The quality control sample exceeds the associated acceptance criteria. For DOD-related projects, LCS and/or Continuing Calibration Standard exceedences are also qualified on all associated sample results. Note: This flag is not applicable for matrix spike recoveries when the sample concentration is greater than 4x the spike added or for batch duplicate RPD when the sample concentrations are less than 5x the RL. (Metals only.)
- R Analytical results are from sample re-analysis.
- **RE** Analytical results are from sample re-extraction.
- S Analytical results are from modified screening analysis.
- J Estimated value. This represents an estimated concentration for Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs).
- **ND** Not detected at the reporting limit (RL) for the sample.

Report Format: Data Usability Report



Serial_No:08131817:29

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD Lab Number: L1830713

Project Number: 132470-002 Report Date: 08/13/18

REFERENCES

Methods for the Determination of Metals in Environmental Samples, Supplement I. EPA/600/R-94/111. May 1994.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITIES

Alpha Analytical performs services with reasonable care and diligence normal to the analytical testing laboratory industry. In the event of an error, the sole and exclusive responsibility of Alpha Analytical shall be to re-perform the work at it's own expense. In no event shall Alpha Analytical be held liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages, including but not limited to, damages in any way connected with the use of, interpretation of, information or analysis provided by Alpha Analytical.

We strongly urge our clients to comply with EPA protocol regarding sample volume, preservation, cooling, containers, sampling procedures, holding time and splitting of samples in the field.



Serial_No:08131817:29

Alpha Analytical, Inc.
Facility: Company-wide

Department: Quality Assurance

Title: Certificate/Approval Program Summary

Revision 11

ID No.:17873

Page 1 of 1

Published Date: 1/8/2018 4:15:49 PM

Certification Information

The following analytes are not included in our Primary NELAP Scope of Accreditation:

Westborough Facility

EPA 624: m/p-xylene, o-xylene

EPA 8260C: <u>NPW</u>: 1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene; 4-Ethyltoluene, Azobenzene; <u>SCM</u>: lodomethane (methyl iodide), Methyl methacrylate, 1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene; 4-Ethyltoluene.

EPA 8270D: NPW: Dimethylnaphthalene,1,4-Diphenylhydrazine; SCM: Dimethylnaphthalene,1,4-Diphenylhydrazine.

EPA 300: <u>DW:</u> Bromide EPA 6860: <u>SCM:</u> Perchlorate

EPA 9010: NPW and SCM: Amenable Cyanide Distillation

SM4500: NPW: Amenable Cyanide, Dissolved Oxygen; SCM: Total Phosphorus, TKN, NO2, NO3.

Mansfield Facility

SM 2540D: TSS

EPA 8082A: NPW: PCB: 1, 5, 31, 87,101, 110, 141, 151, 153, 180, 183, 187.

EPA TO-15: Halothane, 2,4,4-Trimethyl-2-pentene, 2,4,4-Trimethyl-1-pentene, Thiophene, 2-Methylthiophene,

3-Methylthiophene, 2-Ethylthiophene, 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene, Indan, Indene, 1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene, Benzothiophene, 1-Methylnaphthalene.

Biological Tissue Matrix: EPA 3050B

The following analytes are included in our Massachusetts DEP Scope of Accreditation

Westborough Facility:

Drinking Water

EPA 300.0: Chloride, Nitrate-N, Fluoride, Sulfate; EPA 353.2: Nitrate-N, Nitrite-N; SM4500NO3-F: Nitrate-N, Nitrite-N; SM4500F-C, SM4500CN-CE, EPA 180.1, SM2130B, SM4500CI-D, SM2320B, SM2540C, SM4500H-B

EPA 332: Perchlorate; EPA 524.2: THMs and VOCs; EPA 504.1: EDB, DBCP.

Microbiology: SM9215B; SM9223-P/A, SM9223B-Colilert-QT,SM9222D.

Non-Potable Water

SM4500H,B, EPA 120.1, SM2510B, SM2540C, SM2320B, SM4500CL-E, SM4500F-BC, SM4500NH3-BH: Ammonia-N and Kjeldahl-N, EPA 350.1: Ammonia-N, LACHAT 10-107-06-1-B: Ammonia-N, EPA 351.1, SM4500NO3-F, EPA 353.2: Nitrate-N, EPA 351.1, SM4500P-B, E, SM4500SO4-E, SM5220D, EPA 410.4, SM5210B, SM5310C, SM4500CL-D, EPA 1664, EPA 420.1, SM4500-CN-CE, SM2540D.

EPA 624: Volatile Halocarbons & Aromatics,

EPA 608: Chlordane, Toxaphene, Aldrin, alpha-BHC, beta-BHC, gamma-BHC, delta-BHC, Dieldrin, DDD, DDE, DDT, Endosulfan II, Endosulfan II, Endosulfan sulfate, Endrin, Endrin Aldehyde, Heptachlor, Heptachlor Epoxide, PCBs

EPA 625: SVOC (Acid/Base/Neutral Extractables), EPA 600/4-81-045: PCB-Oil.

Microbiology: SM9223B-Colilert-QT; Enterolert-QT, SM9221E, SM9222D.

Mansfield Facility:

Drinking Water

EPA 200.7: Al, Ba, Be, Cd, Cr, Cu, Mn, Ni, Na, Ag, Ca, Zn. EPA 200.8: Al, Sb, As, Ba, Be, Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Mn, Ni, Se, Ag, TL, Zn. EPA 245.1 Hg. EPA 522.

Non-Potable Water

EPA 200.7: Al, Sb, As, Be, Cd, Ca, Cr, Co, Cu, Fe, Pb, Mg, Mn, Mo, Ni, K, Se, Ag, Na, Sr, TL, Ti, V, Zn.

EPA 200.8: Al, Sb, As, Be, Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Mn, Ni, Se, Ag, TL, Zn.

EPA 245.1 Hg.

SM2340B

For a complete listing of analytes and methods, please contact your Alpha Project Manager.

Document Type: Form Pre-Qualtrax Document ID: 08-113

Serial_No:08131817:29 L1830713

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8 Walkup Dr. TEL: 508-898-9220	320 Forbes 8IVd TEL: 506-522-9300	Project Information	Date of the	450.0			6-1	PUZH	verables			PATRICIA	Billing Information
FAX: 508-898-9193	FAX: 508-822-3288	Project Name:		150 Seap		vard	_	1 =	Email	Pro-1	☐ Fa		Same as Client Info
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		ALPHAQuote #:											applicable disposal facilities.
&A Phone:		Turn-Around Time			56 4	218374							Disposal Facility:
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2010													



ANALYTICAL REPORT

Lab Number: L1839688

Client: Haley & Aldrich, Inc.

465 Medford Street, Suite 2200 Charlestown, MA 02129-1400

ATTN: Lee Vanzler
Phone: (617) 886-7561

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Report Date: 10/08/18

The original project report/data package is held by Alpha Analytical. This report/data package is paginated and should be reproduced only in its entirety. Alpha Analytical holds no responsibility for results and/or data that are not consistent with the original.

Certifications & Approvals: MA (M-MA086), NH NELAP (2064), CT (PH-0574), IL (200077), ME (MA00086), MD (348), NJ (MA935), NY (11148), NC (25700/666), PA (68-03671), RI (LAO00065), TX (T104704476), VT (VT-0935), VA (460195), USDA (Permit #P330-17-00196).

Eight Walkup Drive, Westborough, MA 01581-1019 508-898-9220 (Fax) 508-898-9193 800-624-9220 - www.alphalab.com



Serial_No:10081813:09

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number:

L1839688

Report Date:

10/08/18

Alpha Sample ID	Client ID	Matrix	Sample Location	Collection Date/Time	Receive Date
L1839688-01	HA17-2(OW)	WATER	BOSTON, MA	10/02/18 09:25	10/02/18



Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD Lab Number: L1839688

Project Number: 132470-002 **Report Date:** 10/08/18

MADEP MCP Response Action Analytical Report Certification

This form provides certifications for all samples performed by MCP methods. Please refer to the Sample Results and Container Information sections of this report for specification of MCP methods used for each analysis. The following questions pertain only to MCP Analytical Methods.

A	Were all samples received in a condition consistent with those described on the Chain-of-Custody, properly preserved (including temperature) in the field or laboratory, and prepared/analyzed within method holding times?	YES
В	Were the analytical method(s) and all associated QC requirements specified in the selected CAM protocol(s) followed?	YES
С	Were all required corrective actions and analytical response actions specified in the selected CAM protocol(s) implemented for all identified performance standard non-conformances?	YES
D	Does the laboratory report comply with all the reporting requirements specified in CAM VII A, "Quality Assurance and Quality Control Guidelines for the Acquisition and Reporting of Analytical Data?"	YES
E a.	VPH, EPH, and APH Methods only: Was each method conducted without significant modification(s)? (Refer to the individual method(s) for a list of significant modifications).	N/A
E b.	APH and TO-15 Methods only: Was the complete analyte list reported for each method?	N/A
F	Were all applicable CAM protocol QC and performance standard non-conformances identified and evaluated in a laboratory narrative (including all "No" responses to Questions A through E)?	YES

A response to questions G, H and I is required for "Presumptive Certainty" status									
G	Were the reporting limits at or below all CAM reporting limits specified in the selected CAM protocol(s)?	YES							
Н	Were all QC performance standards specified in the CAM protocol(s) achieved?	YES							
I	Were results reported for the complete analyte list specified in the selected CAM protocol(s)?	NO							

For any questions answered "No", please refer to the case narrative section on the following page(s).

Please note that sample matrix information is located in the Sample Results section of this report.



Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD Lab Number: L1839688

Case Narrative

The samples were received in accordance with the Chain of Custody and no significant deviations were encountered during the preparation or analysis unless otherwise noted. Sample Receipt, Container Information, and the Chain of Custody are located at the back of the report.

Results contained within this report relate only to the samples submitted under this Alpha Lab Number and meet NELAP requirements for all NELAP accredited parameters unless otherwise noted in the following narrative. The data presented in this report is organized by parameter (i.e. VOC, SVOC, etc.). Sample specific Quality Control data (i.e. Surrogate Spike Recovery) is reported at the end of the target analyte list for each individual sample, followed by the Laboratory Batch Quality Control at the end of each parameter. Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs), if requested, are reported for compounds identified to be present and are not part of the method/program Target Compound List, even if only a subset of the TCL are being reported. If a sample was re-analyzed or re-extracted due to a required quality control corrective action and if both sets of data are reported, the Laboratory ID of the re-analysis or re-extraction is designated with an "R" or "RE", respectively. When multiple Batch Quality Control elements are reported (e.g. more than one LCS), the associated samples for each element are noted in the grey shaded header line of each data table. Any Laboratory Batch, Sample Specific % recovery or RPD value that is outside the listed Acceptance Criteria is bolded in the report. All specific QC information is also incorporated in the Data Usability format of our Data Merger tool where it can be reviewed along with any associated usability implications. Soil/sediments, solids and tissues are reported on a dry weight basis unless otherwise noted. Definitions of all data qualifiers and acronyms used in this report are provided in the Glossary located at the back of the report.

In reference to questions H (CAM) or 4 (RCP) when "NO" is checked, the performance criteria for CAM and RCP methods allow for some quality control failures to occur and still be within method compliance. In these instances the specific failure is not narrated but noted in the associated QC table. The information is also incorporated in the Data Usability format of our Data Merger tool where it can be reviewed along with any associated usability implications.

Please see the associated ADEx data file for a comparison of laboratory reporting limits that were achieved with the regulatory Numerical Standards requested on the Chain of Custody.

HOLD POLICY

For samples submitted on hold, Alpha's policy is to hold samples (with the exception of Air canisters) free of charge for 21 calendar days from the date the project is completed. After 21 calendar days, we will dispose of all samples submitted including those put on hold unless you have contacted your Client Service Representative and made arrangements for Alpha to continue to hold the samples. Air canisters will be disposed after 3 business days from the date the project is completed.

Please	contact	Client	Services	at 800.	-624-9220	with an	nv c	nuestions
i icasc	Contact	Ciletit	OCI VICES	at 000	-024-3220	with a	ıy c	fuestions.



Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD Lab Number: L1839688

Case Narrative (continued)

MCP Related Narratives

Total Metals

In reference to question I:

All samples were analyzed for a subset of MCP analytes per client request.

Dissolved Metals

In reference to question I:

All samples were analyzed for a subset of MCP analytes per client request.

I, the undersigned, attest under the pains and penalties of perjury that, to the best of my knowledge and belief and based upon my personal inquiry of those responsible for providing the information contained in this analytical report, such information is accurate and complete. This certificate of analysis is not complete unless this page accompanies any and all pages of this report.

Wille UK. Unawig Michelle M. Morris

Authorized Signature:

Title: Technical Director/Representative

Date: 10/08/18

METALS



Project Name:150 SEAPORT BOULEVARDLab Number:L1839688Project Number:132470-002Report Date:10/08/18

SAMPLE RESULTS

Lab ID:L1839688-01Date Collected:10/02/18 09:25Client ID:HA17-2(OW)Date Received:10/02/18Sample Location:BOSTON, MAField Prep:Refer to COC

Sample Depth:

Matrix: Water

Parameter	Result	Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Prepared	Date Analyzed	Prep Method	Analytical Method	Analyst
MCP Total Metals -	Mansfield	Lab									
Lead, Total	0.202		mg/l	0.010		1	10/04/18 16:00	10/05/18 01:28	EPA 3005A	97,6010D	AB
MCP Dissolved Meta	als - Mans	field Lab									
Lead, Dissolved	0.228		mg/l	0.010		1	10/06/18 10:10	10/08/18 11:20	EPA 3005A	97,6010D	LC



Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number:

L1839688

Report Date:

10/08/18

Method Blank Analysis Batch Quality Control

Parameter	Result Qualifier	Units	RL	MDL	Dilution Factor	Date Prepared		Analytical Method	
MCP Total Metals	- Mansfield Lab for samp	le(s): 01	Batch:	WG116	4339-1				
Lead. Total	ND	ma/l	0.010		1	10/04/18 16:00	10/04/18 23:17	97.6010D	AB

Prep Information

Digestion Method: EPA 3005A

Dilution Analytical **Date Date** Method Analyst **Parameter Result Qualifier** RLMDL **Factor Prepared** Analyzed Units MCP Dissolved Metals - Mansfield Lab for sample(s): 01 Batch: WG1165041-1 Lead, Dissolved ND mg/l 0.010 10/06/18 10:10 10/08/18 10:17 97,6010D LC

Prep Information

Digestion Method: EPA 3005A



Lab Control Sample Analysis Batch Quality Control

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Lab Number:

L1839688

Report Date:

10/08/18

Parameter	LCS %Recovery Qua	LCSD II %Recovery	%Recovery Qual Limits	RPD	Qual	RPD Limits					
MCP Total Metals - Mansfield Lab Associated sample(s): 01 Batch: WG1164339-2 WG1164339-3											
Lead, Total	110	108	80-120	2		20					
MCP Dissolved Metals - Mansfield Lab Associated sample(s): 01 Batch: WG1165041-2 WG1165041-3											
Lead, Dissolved	102	104	80-120	2		20					



Lab Number: L1839688

Report Date: 10/08/18

Project Name: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD

Project Number: 132470-002

Sample Receipt and Container Information

Were project specific reporting limits specified?

Cooler Information

Cooler Custody Seal

A Absent

Container Information			Initial	Final	Temp			Frozen		
	Container ID	Container Type	Cooler	рН	pН	deg C	Pres	Seal	Date/Time	Analysis(*)
	L1839688-01A	Plastic 250ml HNO3 preserved	Α	<2	<2	4.1	Υ	Absent		MCP-PB-6010T-10(180)
	L1839688-01B	Plastic 250ml HNO3 preserved	Α	<2	<2	4.1	Υ	Absent		MCP-PB-6010S-10(180)



Project Name: Lab Number: 150 SEAPORT BOULEVARD L1839688 **Project Number: Report Date:** 132470-002 10/08/18

GLOSSARY

Acronyms

MDL

MS

MSD

EDL - Estimated Detection Limit: This value represents the level to which target analyte concentrations are reported as estimated values, when those target analyte concentrations are quantified below the reporting limit (RL). The EDL includes any adjustments from dilutions, concentrations or moisture content, where applicable. The use of EDLs is specific to the analysis

of PAHs using Solid-Phase Microextraction (SPME).

EMPC - Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration: The concentration that results from the signal present at the retention time of an

analyte when the ions meet all of the identification criteria except the ion abundance ratio criteria. An EMPC is a worst-case

estimate of the concentration.

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency.

LCS - Laboratory Control Sample: A sample matrix, free from the analytes of interest, spiked with verified known amounts of

analytes or a material containing known and verified amounts of analytes.

LCSD - Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate: Refer to LCS.

LFB - Laboratory Fortified Blank: A sample matrix, free from the analytes of interest, spiked with verified known amounts of

analytes or a material containing known and verified amounts of analytes.

- Method Detection Limit: This value represents the level to which target analyte concentrations are reported as estimated values, when those target analyte concentrations are quantified below the reporting limit (RL). The MDL includes any

adjustments from dilutions, concentrations or moisture content, where applicable.

- Matrix Spike Sample: A sample prepared by adding a known mass of target analyte to a specified amount of matrix sample for

which an independent estimate of target analyte concentration is available.

- Matrix Spike Sample Duplicate: Refer to MS.

NA Not Applicable.

NC - Not Calculated: Term is utilized when one or more of the results utilized in the calculation are non-detect at the parameter's

reporting unit.

NDPA/DPA - N-Nitrosodiphenylamine/Diphenylamine.

NI - Not Ignitable.

NP - Non-Plastic: Term is utilized for the analysis of Atterberg Limits in soil.

RL - Reporting Limit: The value at which an instrument can accurately measure an analyte at a specific concentration. The RL

includes any adjustments from dilutions, concentrations or moisture content, where applicable.

RPD - Relative Percent Difference: The results from matrix and/or matrix spike duplicates are primarily designed to assess the

precision of analytical results in a given matrix and are expressed as relative percent difference (RPD). Values which are less than five times the reporting limit for any individual parameter are evaluated by utilizing the absolute difference between the

values; although the RPD value will be provided in the report.

SRM - Standard Reference Material: A reference sample of a known or certified value that is of the same or similar matrix as the

associated field samples.

STLP - Semi-dynamic Tank Leaching Procedure per EPA Method 1315.

TEF - Toxic Equivalency Factors: The values assigned to each dioxin and furan to evaluate their toxicity relative to 2,3,7,8-TCDD.

TEO - Toxic Equivalent: The measure of a sample is toxicity derived by multiplying each dioxin and furan by its corresponding TEF

and then summing the resulting values.

TIC - Tentatively Identified Compound: A compound that has been identified to be present and is not part of the target compound

list (TCL) for the method and/or program. All TICs are qualitatively identified and reported as estimated concentrations.

Footnotes

- The reference for this analyte should be considered modified since this analyte is absent from the target analyte list of the original method.

Terms

Analytical Method: Both the document from which the method originates and the analytical reference method. (Example: EPA 8260B is shown as 1,8260B.) The codes for the reference method documents are provided in the References section of the Addendum.

Final pH: As it pertains to Sample Receipt & Container Information section of the report, Final pH reflects pH of container determined after adjustment at the laboratory, if applicable. If no adjustment required, value reflects Initial pH.

Frozen Date/Time: With respect to Volatile Organics in soil, Frozen Date/Time reflects the date/time at which associated Reagent Waterpreserved vials were initially frozen. Note: If frozen date/time is beyond 48 hours from sample collection, value will be reflected in 'bold'.

Initial pH: As it pertains to Sample Receipt & Container Information section of the report, Initial pH reflects pH of container determined upon receipt, if applicable.

Total: With respect to Organic analyses, a 'Total' result is defined as the summation of results for individual isomers or Aroclors. If a 'Total' result is requested, the results of its individual components will also be reported. This is applicable to 'Total' results for methods 8260, 8081 and 8082.

Report Format: Data Usability Report



Project Name:150 SEAPORT BOULEVARDLab Number:L1839688Project Number:132470-002Report Date:10/08/18

Data Qualifiers

- A Spectra identified as "Aldol Condensation Product".
- The analyte was detected above the reporting limit in the associated method blank. Flag only applies to associated field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte at less than ten times (10x) the concentration found in the blank. For MCP-related projects, flag only applies to associated field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte at less than ten times (10x) the concentration found in the blank. For DOD-related projects, flag only applies to associated field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte at less than ten times (10x) the concentration found in the blank AND the analyte was detected above one-half the reporting limit (or above the reporting limit for common lab contaminants) in the associated method blank. For NJ-Air-related projects, flag only applies to associated field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte above the reporting limit. For NJ-related projects (excluding Air), flag only applies to associated field samples that have detectable concentrations of the analyte, which was detected above the reporting limit in the associated method blank or above five times the reporting limit for common lab contaminants (Phthalates, Acetone, Methylene Chloride, 2-Butanone).
- Co-elution: The target analyte co-elutes with a known lab standard (i.e. surrogate, internal standards, etc.) for co-extracted analyses.
- Concentration of analyte was quantified from diluted analysis. Flag only applies to field samples that have detectable concentrations
 of the analyte.
- E Concentration of analyte exceeds the range of the calibration curve and/or linear range of the instrument.
- G The concentration may be biased high due to matrix interferences (i.e, co-elution) with non-target compound(s). The result should be considered estimated.
- H The analysis of pH was performed beyond the regulatory-required holding time of 15 minutes from the time of sample collection.
- I The lower value for the two columns has been reported due to obvious interference.
- $\label{eq:MCPCAM} \textbf{M} \qquad \text{-Reporting Limit (RL) exceeds the MCP CAM Reporting Limit for this analyte.}$
- NJ Presumptive evidence of compound. This represents an estimated concentration for Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs), where the identification is based on a mass spectral library search.
- P The RPD between the results for the two columns exceeds the method-specified criteria.
- Q The quality control sample exceeds the associated acceptance criteria. For DOD-related projects, LCS and/or Continuing Calibration Standard exceedences are also qualified on all associated sample results. Note: This flag is not applicable for matrix spike recoveries when the sample concentration is greater than 4x the spike added or for batch duplicate RPD when the sample concentrations are less than 5x the RL. (Metals only.)
- R Analytical results are from sample re-analysis.
- **RE** Analytical results are from sample re-extraction.
- S Analytical results are from modified screening analysis.
- J Estimated value. This represents an estimated concentration for Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs).
- **ND** Not detected at the reporting limit (RL) for the sample.

Report Format: Data Usability Report



Project Name:150 SEAPORT BOULEVARDLab Number:L1839688Project Number:132470-002Report Date:10/08/18

REFERENCES

97 EPA Test Methods (SW-846) with QC Requirements & Performance Standards for the Analysis of EPA SW-846 Methods under the Massachusetts Contingency Plan, WSC-CAM-IIA, IIB, IIIA, IIIB, IIIC, IIID, VA, VB, VC, VIA, VIB, VIIIA and VIIIB, July 2010.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITIES

Alpha Analytical performs services with reasonable care and diligence normal to the analytical testing laboratory industry. In the event of an error, the sole and exclusive responsibility of Alpha Analytical shall be to re-perform the work at it's own expense. In no event shall Alpha Analytical be held liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages, including but not limited to, damages in any way connected with the use of, interpretation of, information or analysis provided by Alpha Analytical.

We strongly urge our clients to comply with EPA protocol regarding sample volume, preservation, cooling, containers, sampling procedures, holding time and splitting of samples in the field.



Alpha Analytical, Inc.
Facility: Company-wide

Department: Quality Assurance

Title: Certificate/Approval Program Summary

ID No.:17873

Revision 11 Published Date: 1/8/2018 4:15:49 PM

Page 1 of 1

Certification Information

The following analytes are not included in our Primary NELAP Scope of Accreditation:

Westborough Facility

EPA 624: m/p-xylene, o-xylene

EPA 8260C: <u>NPW</u>: 1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene; 4-Ethyltoluene, Azobenzene; <u>SCM</u>: lodomethane (methyl iodide), Methyl methacrylate, 1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene; 4-Ethyltoluene.

EPA 8270D: NPW: Dimethylnaphthalene,1,4-Diphenylhydrazine; SCM: Dimethylnaphthalene,1,4-Diphenylhydrazine.

EPA 300: <u>DW:</u> Bromide EPA 6860: <u>SCM:</u> Perchlorate

EPA 9010: NPW and SCM: Amenable Cyanide Distillation

SM4500: NPW: Amenable Cyanide, Dissolved Oxygen; SCM: Total Phosphorus, TKN, NO2, NO3.

Mansfield Facility

SM 2540D: TSS

EPA 8082A: NPW: PCB: 1, 5, 31, 87,101, 110, 141, 151, 153, 180, 183, 187.

EPA TO-15: Halothane, 2,4,4-Trimethyl-2-pentene, 2,4,4-Trimethyl-1-pentene, Thiophene, 2-Methylthiophene,

3-Methylthiophene, 2-Ethylthiophene, 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene, Indan, Indene, 1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene, Benzothiophene, 1-Methylnaphthalene.

Biological Tissue Matrix: EPA 3050B

The following analytes are included in our Massachusetts DEP Scope of Accreditation

Westborough Facility:

Drinking Water

EPA 300.0: Chloride, Nitrate-N, Fluoride, Sulfate; EPA 353.2: Nitrate-N, Nitrite-N; SM4500NO3-F: Nitrate-N, Nitrite-N; SM4500CN-CE, EPA 180.1, SM2130B, SM4500CI-D, SM2320B, SM2540C, SM4500H-B

EPA 332: Perchlorate; EPA 524.2: THMs and VOCs; EPA 504.1: EDB, DBCP.

Microbiology: SM9215B; SM9223-P/A, SM9223B-Colilert-QT,SM9222D.

Non-Potable Water

SM4500H,B, EPA 120.1, SM2510B, SM2540C, SM2320B, SM4500CL-E, SM4500F-BC, SM4500NH3-BH: Ammonia-N and Kjeldahl-N, EPA 350.1: Ammonia-N, LACHAT 10-107-06-1-B: Ammonia-N, EPA 351.1, SM4500NO3-F, EPA 353.2: Nitrate-N, EPA 351.1, SM4500P-B, E, SM4500SO4-E, SM5220D, EPA 410.4, SM5210B, SM5310C, SM4500CL-D, EPA 1664, EPA 420.1, SM4500-CN-CE, SM2540D.

EPA 624: Volatile Halocarbons & Aromatics, **FPA 608**: Chlordane Toxanhene Aldrin alpha-BHC beta-

EPA 608: Chlordane, Toxaphene, Aldrin, alpha-BHC, beta-BHC, gamma-BHC, delta-BHC, Dieldrin, DDD, DDE, DDT, Endosulfan II, Endosulfan II, Endosulfan sulfate, Endrin, Endrin Aldehyde, Heptachlor, Heptachlor Epoxide, PCBs

EPA 625: SVOC (Acid/Base/Neutral Extractables), EPA 600/4-81-045: PCB-Oil.

Microbiology: SM9223B-Colilert-QT; Enterolert-QT, SM9221E, SM9222D.

Mansfield Facility:

Drinking Water

EPA 200.7: Al, Ba, Be, Cd, Cr, Cu, Mn, Ni, Na, Ag, Ca, Zn. EPA 200.8: Al, Sb, As, Ba, Be, Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Mn, Ni, Se, Ag, TL, Zn. EPA 245.1 Hg. EPA 522.

Non-Potable Water

EPA 200.7: Al, Sb, As, Be, Cd, Ca, Cr, Co, Cu, Fe, Pb, Mg, Mn, Mo, Ni, K, Se, Ag, Na, Sr, TL, Ti, V, Zn.

EPA 200.8: Al, Sb, As, Be, Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Mn, Ni, Se, Ag, TL, Zn.

EPA 245.1 Hg.

SM2340B

For a complete listing of analytes and methods, please contact your Alpha Project Manager.

Document Type: Form Pre-Qualtrax Document ID: 08-113

Westborough, MA 01581 8 Walkup Dr. TEL: 508-898-9220 FAX: 508-898-9193 CHAIN OF CUSTODY Mansfield, MA 02048 320 Forbes Blvd TEL: 508-822-9300 FAX: 508-822-3288		Service Centers Brewer, ME 04412 Portsmouth, NH 03801 Mahwah, NJ 07430 Albany, NY 12205 Tonawanda, NY 14150 Holmes, PA 19043 Project Information Project Name: 150 Seaport Boulevard Project Location: Boston, MA					Date Rec'd in Lab 10/2/18 Deliverables Email Fax EQuIS (1 File) EQUIS (4 File)					ALPHA Job # L 1839688 Billing Information Same as Client Info		
H&A Information	医 中毒(197)	Project #	132470-002	3				Othe	r:					
H&A Client: Cronin F	loldings, L.P.	(Use Project name as Pr	Use Project name as Project #)						Requirem	ents (Pr	/Criteria)	Disposal Site Information		
H&A Address: 465 Med	ford Street	Project Manager:	Lee Vanzler,	Mike Cronan									Please identify below location of	t
Boston, MA 02129		ALPHAQuote #:	6339				1						applicable disposal facilities.	
H&A Phone: 617-886	-7400	Turn-Around Time		S. M. Shi	11 4 6	N. S. O.	1						Disposal Facility:	
	nas@haleyaldrich.com ton@haleyaldrich.com	Standard Rush (only if pre approved)		Due Date: # of Days:			Note:	: Select	State from r	nenu & ic	dentify o	riteria.	NJ NY	
These samples have bee	en previously analyzed by	/ Alpha					ANA	LYSIS					Sample Filtration	
Other project specific re 2. Field filtered Please specify Metals o		3:					Total Lead	Dissolved Lead (FF)					✓ Done ☐ Lab to do Preservation ☐ Lab to do (Please Specify below)	0 t a l B o t
ALPHA Lab ID (Lab Use Only)		mple ID Colle Date				Sampler's Initials	÷.	2. Diss					Sample Specific Comments	
39688 - 01	HA17-2(OW)		10-2-18		AQ	incu	v	Х		+-	_	_	Dissolved Pb = field filtered	
			10000	090	nu	1000	 ^	1		+	<u> </u>		Dissolved FD = fleid filtered	1 2
MILE HOLD OF							-	1		+				-
								+		+		-		+
NEXT TO SERVICE								+						+
								1		+				+
					1-1		-			+				+
										+				
	No.							\vdash		1				+
										+				+
Preservative Code: A = None B = HCI C = HNO ₃ D = H ₂ SO ₄ E = NaOH	Container Code P = Plastic A = Amber Glass V = Vial G = Glass B = Bacteria Cup	P = Plastic A = Amber Glass V = Vial G = Glass Westboro: Certification No: MA935 Wansfield: Certification No: MA015				Container Type Preservative			PP			Please print clearly, legibly and completely. Samples can not be logged in and turnaround time clowill not start until any ambiguities are resolved. Alpha Analytical's		
E = NaOH F = MeOH G = NaHSO ₄ H = Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ K/E = Zn Ac/NaOH	C = Cube O = Other E = Encore D = BOD Bottle	Relinquished F	Date/Time /U-Z-/E Mull			Received By:			_		Time 1613 v = 1630	services under this Chain of Custody shall be performed in accordance wit terms and conditions within Blanket Service Agreement# 2015-18-Alpha d Analytical by and between Haley &		
O = Other			AAL	10/2	1810	Miller	12	10		-10	2.71	2200	Aldrich, Inc., its subsidiaries and	
Document ID: 20455 Rev 1 (1/	/28/2016)					-		1	.,				affiliates and Alpha Analytical,	