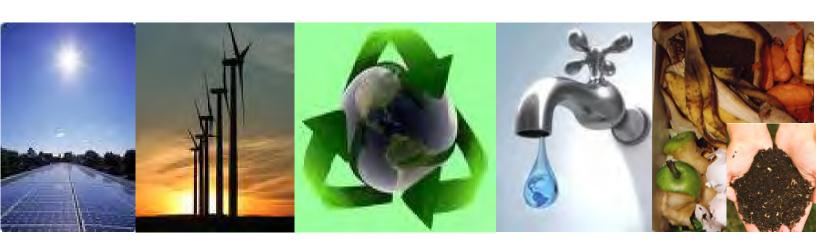


Montclair State University Environmental Assessment: MOU SemiAnnual Report December 19, 2012

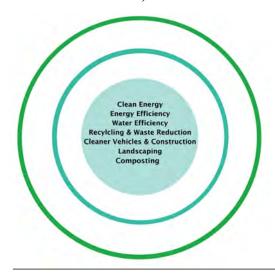


Environmental Protection Agency Region 2

Accomplishments

Reductions of 82,785 MTCO2e





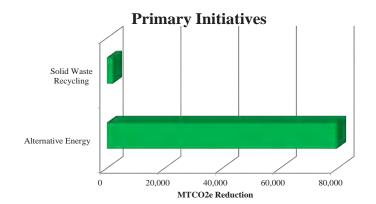
Memorandum of Understanding

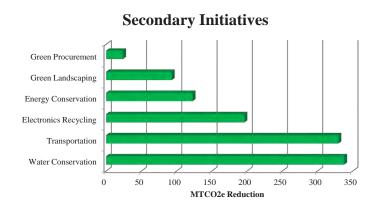
On June 17, 2008, Montclair State University signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) pledging to become an environmental steward by implementing a number of green initiatives that would reduce its carbon footprint and further improve our planet's environment. This partnership with the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and Montclair State University has resulted in reducing energy, water and solid waste production across campus operations.

Reduction in Environmental Footprint

In the last four years, Montclair State University has provided eight updates documenting its green initiatives. The EPA has analyzed the submitted information and generated an environmental footprint for the organization. Due to the progressive green efforts of the organization, the university has managed to reduce its carbon footprint by 82,785 MTCO2e* and saved an estimated \$6,480,000 in operating expenses.

Environmental Metrics	Total Sector (MTCO2e)
Energy Conservation	122.6
Alternative Energy	79,628.2
Water Conservation	337.7
Solid Waste	2,054.6
Green Procurement	23.8
Green Landscaping	92.9
Electronics Recycling	196.0
Transportation	329.4
Total (MTCO2e)	82,785.0





Measurement and Continuous Improvements

EPA uses these environmental conversion models to calculate metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalents: Greenhouse Gas Equivalencies (GHG) Calculator converts GHG reductions into scenarios that can be easily communicated to the public.

eGRID Version 1.1 (2007) which converts standard metrics for electricity, green energy, fuel use, chemical use, water use, and sustainable materials management into MTCO2e.

The EPA WARM Model which helps calculate GHG emission reductions from several different waste management practices, including source reduction, recycling, combustion, composting and landfilling.

The EPA Pollution Prevention (P2) Cost Calculator that estimates cost savings associated with GHG reductions. Certain environmental data points cannot be converted to MTCO2e because scientific models do not currently exist. As methodologies improve, environmental assessments will be updated to include any new GHG reduction estimates.

^{*}Metric Ton Carbon Dioxide Equivalent

Accomplishments

Reductions of 82,785 MTCO2e



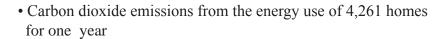
Greenhouse Gas Equivalencies

What does the reduction of 82,785 MTCO2e represent? The organization's effort is equivalent to any one of the following:

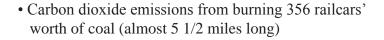
• Annual greenhouse gas emissions from 17,247 vehicles



- Carbon dioxide emissions from 9,280,830 gallons of gasoline
- Carbon dioxide emissions from 192,523 barrels of oil consumed



- Carbon dioxide emissions from 3,449,375 propane tanks used for home barbeques
- Carbon dioxide emissions from gasoline carried by 1,092 tanker trucks









	·								AL PROTEC			
Environmental Metrics	Dec 2008 Update	Jun 2009 Update	Jun 2010 Update	Dec 2010 Update	Jun 2011 Update	Dec 2011 Update	Jun 2012 Update	Dec 2012 Update	Total Conversion (MTCO2e)	Cost Savings (Est.)		
Energy Conservation/Energy Star												
Total Savings (MTCO2e)		Ì	29.7	14.9	17.5	19.6	19.6	21.3	122.6	\$16,669		
Miscellaneous Energy Conservation			29.7	14.7	17.3	15.0	15.0	21.5	122.0	\$10,009		
Motors and transformers												
Lighting Project Fixtures (Bulbs and		<u> </u>										
Ballast)												
High Temp Hot Water Pipe Replacement												
HVAC, Chiller & Electrical												
Bulb Replacement (CFLs)					150 bulbs	275 bulbs	275 bulbs	375 bulbs	18.5	\$2,517		
Bulb Replacement (LEDs)			663 Fixtures	663 Fixtures	663 Fixtures	663 Fixtures	663 Fixtures	663 Fixtures	104.0	\$14,152		
Gas / Fuel Oil / Steam Savings												
ATC 41 TO												
Alternative Energy				0.044.0	70.404.0	40.40.40	70.404.0			4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		
Total Savings (MTCO2e)	5,376.3	5,376.3	12,095.9	9,561.2	10,434.8	10,434.8	10,434.9	10,537.8	79,628.2	\$6,352,163		
On-Site Solar	1,712 kwh	1,712kwh	1,712 kwh	1,712 kwh	1,712 kwh	1,712 kwh	1,779 kwh	137,436 kwh	114.7	\$15,604		
On-Site Wind												
On-Site Geothermal												
On-Site Combined Heat and Power (4.3MW)	16,423.85 MWh	16,423.85 MWh	15,897.5 MWh	15,897.5 MWh	15,897.5 MWh	15,897 MWh	15,897.5 MWh	15,897.5 MWh	53,750.0	\$6,249,163		
Purchase of Green Energy/Green Power				5,518,000 kwh	5,518,000 kwh	5,518,000 kwh	5,518,000 kwh	5,518,000 kwh	20,924.3	(\$571,113)		
Energy Returned to the Grid			1,772.9 MWh		1,152 MWh	1,152 MWh	1,152 MWh	1,152 MWh	4,839.3	\$658,509		
Water Conservation/WaterSense												
Total Savings (MTCO2e)					84.4	84.4	84.4	84.4	337.7	\$65,430		
Miscellaneous Water Conservation					01.1	01.1	01.1	01.1	337.7	ψ03,130		
Low Flow/Hands Free Faucets												
					1,970,000	1,970,000	1,970,000	1,970,000				
Low Flow Toilets (985)					gal	gal	gal	gal	19.7	\$14,405		
Low Flow Shower Heads (670)					770,500 gal + 100,500 kwh	770,500 gal + 100,500 kwh	770,500 gal + 100,500 kwh	770,500 gal + 100,500 kwh	312.6	\$47,120		
Low Flow Urinals (42)					96,600 gal	96,600 gal	96,600 gal	96,600 gal	1.0	\$706		
Waterless Urinals (35)					437,500 gal	437,500 gal	437,500 gal	437,500 gal	4.4	\$3,199		
Solid Waste Recycling												
Total Savings (MTCO2e)	178.5	239.1	253.0	253.0	253.0	238.6	230.6	229.8	2,054.6	\$30,062		
Mixed Recyclables (includes WasteWise)	61.5 tons	83 tons	88 tons	88 tons	88 tons	83 tons	80.2 tons	80 tons	2,046.9	\$28,528		
Pallets Waste Avoided/Wood Recycled												
Steel Recycled during Deconstruction												
Concrete / Asphalt Recycled during Deconstruction												
Recycled C & D Waste (Construction Waste)												
Cardboard (construction/non-construction/sharp containers)												
Mixed Metal (construction/non-con- struction)												
Paper, Mixed												



										AL PROTEC	
Environmental Metrics	Dec 2008 Update	Jun 2009 Update	Jun 2010 Update	Dec 2010 Update	Jun 2011 Update	Dec 2011 Update	Jun 2012 Update	Dec 2012 Update	Total Conversion (MTCO2e)	Cost Savings (Est.)	
Plastic, Mixed (bottles, construction/non-construction, sharp containers)											
Blue Wrap											
Can / Bottle Recycling											
Mixed Organics											
Food Donation (Waste diversion)											
Biosolids & Food Waste Recycling / Composting	20,000 lbs	8,914 lbs	4,200 lbs	4,200 lbs	4,200 lbs	4,000 lbs	4,200 lbs	2,000 lbs	7.7	\$1,534	
Fluorescent Bulbs											
Ceiling Tiles Recycled											
Carpet Recycled											
Waste Oil Recycled											
Magazines/ThirdClass Mail											
Newspaper											
Office Paper											
Textbooks / Phonebooks											
Dimensional Lumber											
Fly Ash											
Aluminum Cans											
Glass											
HDPE / LDPE / PET											
Appliances											
Non-Ferrous Metals											
Fats, Oils, Grease		l	 	l	l	 	 		<u> </u>		
Tats, Ons, Grease		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		
Green Procurement											
Total Savings (MTCO2e)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.9	0.0	11.9	0.0	23.8	\$2,880	
Purchase of Materials with Recycled Content (Paper)			0.0		1440 cs 30% PC		1440 cs 30% PC		23.8	\$2,880	
Purchase / Use of Compost Socks		<u> </u>	<u> </u>								
Purchase of EPEAT Products											
Use of Recycled Steel / Iron during											
Construction											
Use of Recycled Plastic / Aluminum during Construction											
Use of Recycled Concrete / Asphalt during Construction											
Use of Coal Combustion Products									<u> </u>		
Green Landscaping											
Total Savings (MTCO2e)	10.0	8.9	17.1	9.2	9.2	9.8	9.8	8.6	92.9	\$1,316	
Green Roofs											
Porous Pavement											
Grass											
Low/no mow area											
Re-use of Collected Stormwater											
On-Site Re-use of Compost / Mulch	20,000 lbs	8,914 lbs	12,000 lbs	12,000 lbs	12,000 lbs	12,000 lbs	12,000 lbs		11.4		
Moisture Sensing Sprinklers (40)						240,000 gal	240,000 gal	240,000 gal	1.8	\$1,316	
Number / Acres of Trees	190 trees	190 trees	190 trees	190 trees	190 trees	190 trees	190 trees	190 trees	79.7		
Number / Acres of Trees	190 trees	190 trees	190 trees	190 trees	190 trees	190 trees	190 trees	190 trees	79.7		



									1	TAL PROTECT	
Environmental Metrics	Dec 2008 Update	Jun 2009 Update	Jun 2010 Update	Dec 2010 Update	Jun 2011 Update	Dec 2011 Update	Jun 2012 Update	Dec 2012 Update	Total Conversion (MTCO2e)	Cost Savings (Est.)	
									<u> </u>		
Reflective Roof											
Synthetic Turf											
Native Plants	<u> </u>								<u> </u>		
Leaves Composted						<u> </u>			<u> </u>		
Electronics/EPEAT											
Total Savings (MTCO2e)			30.1		41.2	44.3	41.2	39.2	196.0	\$1,182	
Recycling of Electronics					145 units	86 units	145 units	100 units	3.8	\$95	
Re-Use/Donation of Used Computers			2,800 com- puters		250 com- puters	600 comput- ers	250 com- puters	150 comput- ers	43.5	\$770	
Toner/Ink Recycling and Use of Recycled Ink					906 car- tridges	906 car- tridges	906 car- tridges	900 car- tridges	147.6	\$289	
Battery Recycling					250 bat- teries	150 batteries	250 bat- teries	50 batteries	1.1	\$28	
Mass Transit											
Total Savings (MTCO2e)									0.0	\$0	
Miles Avoided										, , ,	
Transportation											
Total Savings (MTCO2e)	4.2	4.2	8.5	4.2	73.9	79.5	75.3	75.3	329.4	\$13,778	
Hybrid Vehicles											
Gasoline/Ethanol Vehicles					19	19	19	19	228.0	\$4,400	
Electric Vehicles	3	3	3	3	12	16	13	13	101.4	\$9,378	
Biodiesel Vehicles											
Clean Construction Vehicles											
LNG Vehicles											
Alternate Fuel Vehicles (ULSDF)					2	13	15	15			
Smartway Transporters							2	2			
Bike Racks					42	27	42	42	<u> </u>		
LEED Projects											
Total Savings (MTCO2e)									0.0	\$0	
Silver - 10%					1 bldg						
Gold - 17%											
Platinum - 20%					1 bldg						
MTCO2e Savings											
Total (MTCO2e)	5,569.0	5,628.5	12,434.3	9,842.4	10,925.8	10,911.1	10,907.6	10,996.4	82,785.0	\$6,483,480	
Energy	0.0	0.0	29.7	14.9	17.5	19.6	19.6	21.3	122.6	\$16,669	
Alternative Energy	5,376.3	5,376.3	12,095.9	9,561.2	10,434.8	10,434.8	10,434.9	10,537.8	79,628.2	\$6,352,163	
Water	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	84.4	84.4	84.4	84.4	337.7	\$65,430	
Solid Waste	178.5	239.1	253.0	253.0	253.0	238.6	230.6	229.8	2,054.6	\$30,062	
Green Procurement	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.9	0.0	11.9	0.0	23.8	\$2,880	
Green Landscaping	10.0	8.9	17.1	9.2	9.2	9.8	9.8	8.6	92.9	\$1,316	
Electronics	0.0	0.0	30.1	0.0	41.2	44.3	41.2	39.2	196.0	\$1,182	
	_	4.2				79.5	75.3		329.4		
Transportation	4.2	4.2	8.5	4.2	73.9	19.5	13.3	75.3	329.4	\$13,778	





2012

Montclair State University Additional Green MOU Accomplishments and Cost Savings

Green Buildings

Montclair State University has one of its buildings (University Hall) that is Green Building Certified under LEED (Leadership in Environmental and Energy Design).

MSU will soon have three additional Green Buildings that will be LEED Certified:

- John J. Cali School of Music Department Building
- New School of Business Building
- Recreational Center

Green Purchasing

Montclair State University purchases 100% recycled paper to use in their copy machines. The University also purchases rolls of paper towels and toilet paper that are made out of recycled materials, as well as green cleaning supplies. In fact, 80% of all cleaning supplies used on the campus are green cleaning products.

Energy

Co-generation Plant: The Co-generation plant produces thermal energy (steam) and electricity. "The cogeneration facility has a yearly production of over 32 million kilowatt hours. The Co-generation Plant generates more than 160 million pounds of steam every year. The majority of buildings on campus use electricity produced by the Co-generation plant for heating in winter and cooling in the summer. **Combined Heating, Cooling, and Power Project:** Montclair State University is currently developing a new combined heating, cooling, and power (CHCP) system for the campus.

The new state-of-the-art facility and its related improvements will replace the campus' existing energy plant which began generating steam in the 1940s and providing electricity as a co-generation plant in 1993. The project's development will result in more cost-effective, efficient, and reliable delivery of heating, cooling, and electrical services to campus buildings.

The plant will provide natural gas-fired electric generation, chilled water for cooling, and steam for heat. The steam, condensate, and chilled water will flow to and from campus buildings through the new energy distribution system. Additionally, the majority of the campus' electricity requirements will be satisfied by the onsite plant, which is designed to operate continuously, producing electric power of approximately 5.4 megawatts.

Organic/Food Waste Composting

Food scraps are collected from two kitchens on campus. The scraps are then processed in an in-vessel aerobic digester after being mixed with wood chips (which serve as a bulking agent and carbon source for the bacteria that biologically decompose the food scraps). The compost is then used for landscaping projects around campus.

Electronic/Electric-waste

Montclair State University contracts with a computer and electronics recycling firm to properly handle the retirement of all E-waste that is not leased or returned to the supplier at the end of the life-cycle. In 2007, MSU launched a recycling program to recycle all brand name ink toner cartridges.

Transportation

To promote the use of public transportation and reduce the number of single occupant vehicles driven to campus, MSU and NJ Transit have partnered to offer full-time undergraduate and graduate students a 25% discount on a rail, bus, or light rail monthly pass.

Alternative fuel vehicles - MSU has electric vehicles for staff to use on campus as an alternative to diesel powered golf carts. These vehicles are used by various shops/departments within Facilities and Dining Services.

Water Use Reduction

Montclair State University has employed a program to reduce water usage at the University. MSU installed waterless urinals in the bathrooms located in University Hall in 2004. The waterless urinals have reduced water usage by 45,000 gallons per year for each urinal. MSU has also reduced water usage by planting drought resistant and native plants for all newly constructed buildings. The facility does not need to install sprinkler systems or irrigation systems to water these plants