

SUBCHAPTER 5. PROHIBITION OF AIR POLLUTION

Subchapter Historical Note

Unless otherwise expressly noted, all provisions of this subchapter were adopted pursuant to authority of N.J.S.A. 26:2C-1 et seq. and were filed and became effective prior to September 1, 1969. Revisions to this subchapter were filed on August 5, 1977, as R. 1977 d 284 to become effective on October 12, 1977. See: 8 N.J.R. 375(a), 9 N.J.R. 420(a) Petition for Rulemaking Petition to amend provisions regarding public entry odor violations, petition denied. See 24 N.J.R. 1642(c), 24 N.J.R. 1907(c), 24 N.J.R. 3764(b)

7:27-5.1 Definitions

The following words and terms, when used in this subchapter, shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

"Air pollution" means the presence in the outdoor atmosphere of one or more air contaminants in such quantities and duration as are, or tend to be, injurious to human health or welfare, animal or plant life or property, or would unreasonably interfere with the enjoyment of life or property throughout the State and in such territories of the State as shall be affected thereby and excludes all aspects of employer-employee relationship as to health and safety hazards.

"Economic poisons" means those chemicals used as insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides, nematocides or defoliantes.

7:27-5.2 General provisions

(a) Notwithstanding compliance with other subchapters of this chapter, no person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit to be emitted into the outdoor atmosphere substances in quantities which shall result in air pollution as defined herein.

(b) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to the use of economic poisons.