EPA Acknowledgment of Swinomish Indian Tribal Community (SITC) Recommendation for the Fine Particle (PM2.5) Standard Area Designation

Dear Mr. Cladoosby:

Fine-particle pollution represents one of the most significant barriers to clean air facing our nation today. These tiny particles — about 1/30th the diameter of a human hair — have been scientifically linked to serious human health problems. Their ability to be suspended in air for long periods of time makes them a public health threat far beyond the source of emissions. An important part of our nation's commitment to clean, healthy air deals with reducing levels of this fine-particle or PM2.5 pollution.

In March, you recommended that all lands within the boundaries of the Swinomish Reservation, including the Swinomish “Usual and Accustomed” areas, be designated attainment or unclassifiable. After a thorough review of your recommendations, EPA agrees that lands within the boundaries of the Swinomish Reservation and its “Usual and Accustomed” areas are in attainment or unclassifiable at this time, as is the entire state of Washington. This means that the entire state of Washington meets the more protective, health-based fine-particle standard. That is truly good news for the residents of your reservation.

We challenge you to not only maintain, but also continue the progress you have made toward clean air. It is a commitment to no backsliding in the clean air status for fine particles that your state has achieved. You will hear from us again in November when EPA makes its final decisions on PM2.5 designations determining those areas that meet or do not meet the fine particle standards.

The EPA has made the reduction of fine particle pollution a critical element of a comprehensive national clean air strategy. This strategy includes EPA’s recent rule to reduce pollution from nonroad diesel engines, and the proposed rule to reduce pollution from power plants in the eastern U.S. These two rules are important components of EPA’s efforts to help states and localities meet the more protective national fine-particle and 8-hour ozone air quality standards. Together these rules will help all areas of the country achieve cleaner air.
We look forward to a continued dialogue with you as we work together to implement the PM2.5 standards. Should you or your staff have any questions, I invite you to contact our Regional Air Office. Again, we congratulate you on the clean air fine particle status that your state has achieved.

Sincerely,

L. John Iani
Regional Administrator