

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

JUN 2 7 2013

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

Gary Frazer Assistant Director for Endangered Species U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service 1849 C Street NW Washington, D.C. 20204

Dear Mr. Frazer:

The Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) respectfully requests the initiation of Endangered Species Act (ESA) section 7(a)(2) formal consultation under 50 CFR Part 402.46, Optional Formal Consultation Procedures for FIFRA Actions. This consultation request addresses the potential effects of pesticides registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) and containing the active ingredient tralomethrin. Given the terms of the cancellation orders attached to the enclosed memorandum, a May Affect determination has been made with respect to the potential direct and indirect effects to the federally threatened bay checkerspot butterfly (Euphydryas editha bayensis) (BCB), valley elderberry longhorn beetle (Desmocerus californicus dimorphus) (VELB), California tiger salamander Central California Distinct Population Segment (Ambystoma californiense) (CTS-CC), and delta smelt (Hypomesus transpacificus) (DS), and the federally endangered California tiger salamander, the Sonoma County Distinct Population Segment (CTS-SC) and Santa Barbara County Distinct Population Segment (CTS-SB). California clapper rail (Rallus longirostris obsoletus) (CCR), California freshwater shrimp (Syncaris pacifica) (CFWS), San Francisco garter snake (Thamnophis sirtalis tetrataenia) (SFGS), and tidewater goby (Eucyclogobius newberryi) (TG). Similarly, a May Affect determination has been made for critical habitat modification for the BCB, VELB, CTS-CC, CTS-SB, DS, and TG.

These effects determinations address potential risk to the San Francisco Bay species for which tralomethrin was alleged to be of concern in a complaint made by the Center for Biological Diversity against United States Environmental Protection Agency on May 30, 2007 (Case No: 07-2794-JCS). The scope of this effects determination is consistent with a stipulated injunction which resolved litigation brought by the Center for Biological Diversity against EPA under the Endangered Species Act (CIV. No07-2794-JCS). As a result, this effects determination focuses only on the species noted above.

Although the EPA concludes a May Affect finding based on existing stocks of tralomethrin, EPA has already taken action to limit further distribution and sale of this pesticide

by approving its cancellation effective on February 25, 2011, July 8, 2011 and February 15, 2012, depending on the product. These cancellation orders will have the effect of ultimately eliminating any risk posed by tralomethrin to the listed species addressed in this consultation. Given that use of this product is being eliminated, EPA does not believe it is a necessary or a productive use of resources for EPA to attempt to conduct a quantitative risk assessment to evaluate the extent of the very limited future risk to listed species that may exist from exposures to tralomethrin. Further, given the timing of the cancellation orders for different products, it would be difficult to precisely estimate the declining amounts of tralomethrin that will exist in the channels of trade. As with most cancellations, EPA expects that following the effective date of cancellations there will be steep declines in usage over the coming years and that any possible effects to listed species from these chemicals will exist only in the short term, making the potential for jeopardy highly unlikely.

As agreed to in the past, the subject effects determination may be accessed within the next several days by your staff from our Web site at http://www.epa.gov/espp/litstatus/effects/redleg-frog/.

Please contact me at (703) 305-7092 or <u>brady.donald@epa.gov</u> if you have any questions regarding this request or the materials we have developed to initiate formal consultation.

Enclosures

Sincerely,

Donald Brady, Director

Environmental Fate and Effects Division

Office of Pesticide Programs

cc: Richard Keigwin Anita Pease