



U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs  
Registration Division (7505T)  
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.  
Washington, D.C. 20460

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

☒ Registration  
☐ Reregistration  
(under FIFRA, as amended)

EPA Reg. Number:

103591-24

Date of Issuance:

1/23/26

Term of Issuance:

Conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35  
WDG

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Stephanie Herring  
Consultant for Rainbow Agrosiences, LLC  
535 E Plainfield Road Suite E  
Willowbrook, IL 60527

**Note:** Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA).

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(7)(A). You must comply with the following conditions:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration/registration review of your product under FIFRA when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.

*Continues page 2*

Signature of Approving Official:

Melissa Bridges, Product Manager 07  
Invertebrate/Vertebrate Branch 3, Registration Division

Date:

1/23/26

2. You are required to comply with the data requirements described in the generic data call-in (GDCI) identified below:

- a. Chlorantraniliprole GDCI-090100-1895

You must comply with all of the data requirements within the established deadlines. If you have questions about the GDCI listed above, you may contact the Chemical Review Manager in the Pesticide Re-Evaluation Division: <http://iaspub.epa.gov/apex/pesticides/f?p=chemicalsearch:1>

3. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:
  - Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 103591-24."
4. Submit one copy of the final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

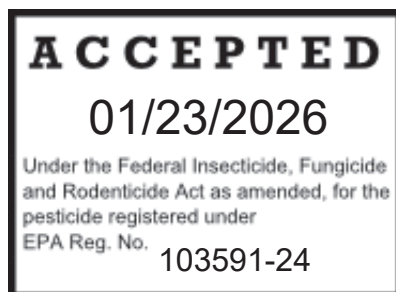
Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under FIFRA and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance. If you fail to satisfy these data requirements, EPA will consider appropriate regulatory action including, among other things, cancellation under FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

The record for this product currently contains the following CSF(s):

- Basic CSF dated 11/25/2025

If you have any questions, please contact Loren LaPointe at [lapointe.loren@epa.gov](mailto:lapointe.loren@epa.gov).

Enclosure



[MASTER LABEL]

CHLORANTRANILIPROLE	GROUP	28	INSECTICIDE
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PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	WT. BY %
Chlorantraniliprole	
3-Bromo-N-[4-chloro-2-methyl-6-[(methylamino)carbonyl]phenyl]-1-(3-chloro-2-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole- 5-carboxamide.....	35.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS: .....	65.0%
TOTAL: .....	100.0%
PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG is a water dispersible granule.	

[Not for registered for sale, sale into, distribution and/or use in Nassau, Suffolk, Kings, and Queens counties of New York State.]

[Optional referral statements when booklets and container labels are used:]  
[See label booklet for [complete] [additional] [First Aid,] [Precautionary Statements], [Directions For Use], and [Storage and Disposal].]

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN  
CAUTION/ PRECAUCIÓN

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.  
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID	
IF SWALLOWED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</li><li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li><li><b>DO NOT</b> induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.</li><li><b>DO NOT</b> give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li></ul>
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li><li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li><li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li></ul>
HOTLINE NUMBERS	
Emergency - Contact the Poison Control Center at <b>1-800-222-1222</b> for emergency medical treatment information. Non-emergency-National Pesticides Information Center (NPIC) : <b>1-800-858-7378</b> , Monday through Friday, 8 AM to 12 PM PST, or at <a href="http://npic.orst.edu">http://npic.orst.edu</a> . For Chemical Emergency: Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, Call CHEMTREC Day or Night Within USA and Canada: <b>1-800-424-9300</b> or <b>+1-703-527-3887</b> (collect calls accepted)	

EPA Reg. No.: 103591-EU

EPA Est. No.: XXXXX-XX-XXX

Manufactured For [By]:  
Rainbow Agrosiences, LLC  
535 E Plainfield Rd, Suite E  
Willowbrook, IL 60527

Net Contents: \_\_\_\_\_ Lbs. [Kg]  
[Batch Code/Lot No.: \_\_\_\_\_]

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

### HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

#### Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants.
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥14 mils, natural rubber ≥14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ≥14 mils, or Viton ≥14 mils
- Shoes plus socks.

After the product has been diluted in accordance with label directions for use, shirt, pants, socks, and shoes are sufficient Personal Protective Equipment. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining personal protective equipment (PPE). If no such instructions for washables are available, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

#### USERS SHOULD:

- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to aquatic invertebrates, oysters, and shrimp. **DO NOT** apply directly to water. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to use sites.

#### Surface Water Advisory

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of chlorantraniliprole from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours.

#### Ground Water Advisory

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. This chemical may leach into ground water if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

**PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** insect control, also referred to below as **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** Insect Control or **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG**, must be used only in accordance with the directions on this label, in separate EPA-approved labeling or exemptions under FIFRA (Supplemental Labels, Special Local Need Registrations, FIFRA Section 18 exemptions, FIFRA 2(ee) Bulletins), or as otherwise permitted by FIFRA. Always read the entire label, including the Limitation of Warranty and Liability.

### RESTRICTIONS

- This product is only for commercial use.
- Not for residential use.
- Not for use on ornamental plants or plants being grown for ornamental purposes.
- May be used on crops on this label grown for seed production.
- **DO NOT** use in greenhouses.
- **DO NOT** apply **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** through any irrigation system unless specified in the crop section of this label or in EPA approved supplemental labeling.

#### New York State Only:

The following restrictions are required to permit use of **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** Insect Control in the State of New York:

- This product may not be applied within 100 feet of a water body (lake, pond, river, stream, wetland, or drainage ditch).
- Aerial application of this product is prohibited.
- Not registered for sale, sale into, distribution and/or use in Nassau, Suffolk, Kings, and Queens counties of New York State.

### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

**PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** insect control must be used only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker

Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on the label about personal protective equipment, restricted-entry interval, and notification to workers (as applicable).

**DO NOT** apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

**DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.**

For early entry into treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥14 mils, natural rubber ≥14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ≥14 mils, or Viton ≥14 mils
- Shoes plus socks

**PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** insect control is a water dispersible granule that can be applied as a foliar spray, using ground or aerial application to control listed insects. **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** is mixed with water for application.

**PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** is a member of the anthranilic diamide class of insecticides with a novel mode of action acting on insect ryanodine receptors. Although **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** has contact activity, it is most effective through ingestion of treated plant material. After exposure to **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG**, affected insects will rapidly stop feeding, become paralyzed, and typically die within 1 - 3 days. Time applications to the most susceptible insect pest stage, typically at egg lay to egg hatch and/or newly hatched larvae, before populations reach damaging levels. If possible, make applications at or before egg deposition to be most effective in minimizing damage levels caused by insect pests.

#### INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT

RAINBOW AGROSCIENCES, LLC supports the use of Integrated Pest Management (IPM) programs to control pests. This product may be used as part of an IPM program, which can include biological, cultural, and genetic practices, aimed at preventing economic pest damage. IPM principles and practices include field scouting or other pest detection methods, correct target pest identification, population monitoring, rotation of insecticides with different modes-of-action, and treating when target pest populations reach locally determined action thresholds. Consult your state cooperative extension service, professional consultants, product manufacturer or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate action treatment threshold levels for treating specific pest/crop or site systems in your area.

#### SCOUTING

Monitor insect populations to determine if there is a need for an application of **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** based on label use directions and locally determined pest management guidelines. More than one treatment of **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** may be required to control a pest population.

#### INSECT RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

**PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** contains the active ingredient chlorantraniliprole and is a Group 28 insecticide based on the mode of action classification system of the International Insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC). Insecticides with the same Group Number affect the same biological site of action on the target pest and when used repeatedly in the same treatment area, naturally-occurring resistant individuals may survive correctly applied insecticide treatments, reproduce, and become dominant

To avoid or delay the development of insecticide resistance, a resistance management strategy should be established for the use area. This strategy may include incorporation of cultural and biological control practices, alternation to different mode of action insecticides on succeeding generations, and targeting the most susceptible life stage. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities and product manufacturer for more information about developing a resistance management strategy.

Unless directed otherwise in the specific crop/pest sections of this label, follow these guidelines to delay the development of insecticide resistance:

- Apply **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** and other Group 28 insecticides within a single "treatment widow" to minimize exposing multiple successive generations of a pest species to the same mode of action insecticides.
- A "treatment window" is defined as the period of insecticidal activity provided by one or more applications of products with the same mode of action.
- A "treatment window", including residual control, should not exceed 30 days (the length of a typical pest generation).
- Within the Group 28 "treatment window", make no more than 2 applications of **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** or other Group 28 insecticides.

- Following a Group 28 “treatment window”, rotate to a “treatment window” of effective insecticides with a different mode of action (Group Number).
- The period between Group 28 “treatment windows” should be at least 30 days.
- The total exposure of all Group 28 products applied throughout the crop cycle (from seedling to harvest) should not exceed approximately 50% of the crop cycle or 50% of the total number of insecticide applications targeted at the same pest species.
- For short cycle crops (< 50 days), the duration of the crop cycle may be considered as the Group 28 “treatment window” as long as no Group 28 insecticides are used during the next crop cycle at the same farm location.
- Follow labeled rates of **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** when applied alone or in tank mixtures.
- Target the most susceptible insect life stages whenever possible.
- Monitor insect populations for product effectiveness. If poor performance occurs and it cannot be attributed to improper application or extreme weather conditions, a resistant strain of insect may be present.

If resistance to **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** develops in your area, **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** or other products with a similar mode of action (Group 28) may not provide adequate control. If you experience difficulty with control and resistance is a reasonable cause, immediately consult your local company representative or agricultural advisor for the best alternate method of control for your area. For additional information on insect resistance monitoring, visit the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC) on the web at <http://www.irac-online.org>.

## APPLICATION

Apply at the specified rates when insect populations reach locally determined economic thresholds. Consult the cooperative extension service, professional consultants or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate threshold levels for treatment in your area.

Apply follow-up treatments of **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG**, as specified, to keep pest populations within threshold limits. Refer to the Resistance Management section of this label for further guidance on follow-up treatments. See individual crop sections of this label for specific minimum spray interval.

Use sufficient water to obtain thorough, uniform coverage. Because **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** is most effective through ingestion of treated plant material, thorough spray coverage is essential for optimum control of targeted pest insects. Using increased water volumes will typically result in better spray coverage, especially under adverse conditions such as dry, hot weather or dense plant foliage. Apply **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** using ground or aerial application equipment. For ground application use the following directions unless otherwise specified in separate crop sections of this label or EPA-approved supplemental labeling: use a minimum of 30 gallons per acre (gpa) of water. **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** may be applied by overhead chemigation on certain crops; for overhead chemigation applications see, "APPLICATION BY CHEMIGATION" section of this label for guidance. For aerial application use the following directions unless otherwise specified in this label or in EPA-approved supplemental labeling: use a minimum of 10 gallons per acre (gpa) of water.

## Use of Adjuvants

In some situations where coverage is difficult to achieve such as closed canopy, dense foliage, plants with waxy leaf surfaces, excessive rainfall or less than optimum application equipment, an adjuvant may improve performance. Use only adjuvant products that are labeled for agricultural use and follow the directions on the manufacturer's label. Always conduct a premix test for compatibility. Use a proven adjuvant that does not affect foliage and/or fruit finish. Refer to specific crop sections of this label for additional adjuvant guidance.

## APPLICATION BY OVERHEAD CHEMIGATION – CRANBERRY

### Instructions for the Use of **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** in Overhead Sprinkler Chemigation Systems.

Types of Chemigation Systems: **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** may be applied only through overhead sprinkler irrigation systems. Overhead irrigation systems include the following; center pivot, end tow, hand move, lateral move, side roll, solid set and wheel line. The irrigation system used must provide uniform water distribution.

## DIRECTIONS FOR CHEMIGATION:

### Preparation

A pesticide tank is recommended for the application of **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** in chemigation systems. Thoroughly clean the injection system and tank of any fertilizer or chemical residues using a standard clean-out procedure. Dispose of any residues in accordance with State and Federal laws. With the mix tank  $\frac{1}{4}$  to  $\frac{1}{2}$  full with water and the agitator running, measure the required amount of **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** and add it to the tank. Then add additional water to bring your total pesticide mixture up to the desired volume for your application.



Note: Always add the **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** to water, never put **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** into a dry tank or other mixing equipment without first adding water.

See "Tank Mixing Sequence" section of the container label for tank mixing sequence. Continue to agitate the mixture throughout the application process. Use mechanical or hydraulic agitation, **DO NOT** use air agitation.

### Injection Into Chemigation Systems

Inject the specified amount of **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** into the irrigation water flow using a positive displacement injection pump.

Injection should occur at a point in the main irrigation water flow to ensure thorough mixing with the irrigation water. For continuously moving systems, inject the solution containing **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** into the irrigation water line continually and uniformly throughout the irrigation cycle. Apply in no more than 0.2 inches of water per acre. For overhead sprinkler systems that are stationary, add the solution containing **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** to the irrigation water line and apply no more than 0.2 inches of water per acre.

### Uniform Water Distribution

The irrigation system used for application of **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** must provide for uniform distribution of **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** treated water. Non-uniform distribution can result in crop injury, lack of effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in or on the crop being treated. Ensure the irrigation system is calibrated to uniformly distribute the chemigation application to the crop. Contact the equipment manufacturer, the local University Extension agent or other experts if you have questions about achieving uniform distribution of the application.

### Equipment Calibration

Calibrate the irrigation system and injector before applying **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG**. Calibrate the injection pump while the system is running using the expected irrigation rate. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact your state extension service specialists, equipment manufacturer or other experts.

### Monitoring of Chemigation Applications

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of a responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise. Wear the personal protective equipment as defined in the PPE section of the label for applicators and other handlers when making adjustments or repairs on the chemigation system when **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** is in the irrigation water.

### Required System Safety Devices

**DO NOT** connect any irrigation system used for pesticide applications to a public water system unless the pesticide label prescribed safety devices are in place. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption, if such a system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals at least 60 days out of the year.

1. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
6. Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump).

### SPRAY PREPARATION

Spray equipment must be clean and free of previous pesticide deposits before applying **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG**. Fill spray tank 1/4 to 1/2 full of water. Add **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** directly to spray tank. Mix thoroughly to fully disperse the insecticide; once dispersed continued agitation is required. Use mechanical or hydraulic means; **DO NOT** use air agitation. **DO NOT** store spray mix solutions overnight in spray tank. Observe the most restrictive of the labeling limitations and precautions of all products used in mixtures.

## TANK MIXTURES

This product can be mixed with pesticide products that are labeled for use on the same crops as **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG**. **DO NOT** exceed labeled dosage rates. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Before using a tank mix for the first time, always determine the compatibility of **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** with the tank mixtures by using a jar test.

### Compatibility

Since formulations may be changed and new ones introduced, premix a small quantity of a desired tank mix and observe for possible adverse changes (settling out, flocculation, etc.).

Steps to conduct a jar test to determine physical tank mix compatibility of **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** with other products:

- Use the most restrictive PPE of the products to be tested.
- Add clean water to jar proportional to the planned water volume that will be used in the spray tank (a jar size of 8 - 16 oz is acceptable).
- Mix proper proportions of **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** and desired tank mix partner(s) as will be present in the spray tank, add one product at a time following the sequence of addition according to formulation type provided in this label.
- Seal and shake mixture after each product is added.
- Allow to stand for 1 hour.
- View jar to determine if settling, flocculation, crystallization or any other undesirable changes have happened.
- If none of the above is observed or the solution can be easily remixed after shaking, the mixture is compatible with **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG**.
- If the tank mix is not compatible, a higher water volume, reduced rate of the tank mix partner(s), reduced number of tank mix partners or a compatibility agent may be needed.

### Tank Mixtures and Crop Safety

Crop varieties can differ in their responsiveness to tank mixtures, and environmental conditions can have an influence on product performance and crop response. It is not possible to test **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** alone or with all possible tank mix combinations on all varieties under all environmental conditions. When considering the use of a tank mixture on a labeled crop without prior experience, or which is not specifically described on **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** product labeling or in other RAINBOW AGROSCIENCES, LLC product use instruction, it is important to check crop safety first. To test for crop safety prepare a small volume of the intended tank mixture, apply it to an area of the target crop as directed by both this and the tank mix partner product labels, and observe the treated crop to ensure that a phytotoxic response does not occur.

Use of **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** in any tank mixture applications that is not specifically described on **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** product labeling or in other RAINBOW AGROSCIENCES, LLC product use instructions, could potentially result in crop injury. Follow the precautions on this label and on the label for any other product to be used in tank mixtures before making such applications to your crops. Follow the most restrictive labeling. RAINBOW AGROSCIENCES, LLC will not be responsible for any crop injury arising from the use of a tank mixture that is not specifically described on **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** product labeling or in other RAINBOW AGROSCIENCES, LLC product use instruction.

### Tank Mixing Sequence

Fill spray tank 1/4 to 1/2 full of water. While agitating, add the different formulation types in the sequence indicated below\*. Allow time for complete mixing and dispersion after addition of each product before adding the next product.

1. Water soluble bag (WSB)
2. Water soluble granules (SG)
3. **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** and other water dispersible granules (WG, XP, DF)
4. Wettable powders (WP)
5. Water based suspension concentrates (SC)
6. Water soluble concentrates (SL)
7. Suspoemulsions (SE)
8. Oil based suspension concentrates (OD)
9. Emulsifiable concentrates (EC)



10. Surfactants, oils, adjuvants

11. Soluble fertilizers

12. Drift retardants

\* Unless otherwise specified by manufacturer directions for use or by local experience

### **SPRAY TANK CLEANOUT**

Prior to application, start with clean, well maintained application equipment. Immediately following application, thoroughly clean all spray equipment to reduce the risk of forming hardened deposits which might become difficult to remove.

Drain spray equipment. Thoroughly rinse sprayer and flush hoses, boom and nozzles with clean water. Clean all other associated application equipment. Take all necessary safety precautions when cleaning equipment. **DO NOT** clean near wells, water sources or desirable vegetation. Dispose of waste rinse water in accordance with local regulations.

### **SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT**

The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all these factors when making application decisions.

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR.

### **IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE**

The most effective drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets which are consistent with pest control objectives. The presence of sensitive species nearby, the environmental conditions, and pest pressure may affect how an applicator balances drift control and coverage. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

A droplet size classification system describes the range of droplet sizes produced by spray nozzles. The American Society of Agricultural and Biological Engineers (ASABE) provide a Standard that describes droplet size spectrum categories defined by a number of reference nozzles (fine, coarse, etc.). Droplet spectra resulting from the use of a specific nozzle may also be described in terms of volume mean diameter (VMD). Coarser droplet size spectra have larger VMD's and lower drift potential.

### **Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Application**

**Nozzle Type** - Select a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. The use of low-drift nozzles will reduce drift potential.

**Pressure** - The lowest spray pressures recommended for the nozzle produce the largest droplets. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, using a higher-capacity nozzle instead of increasing pressure results in the coarsest droplet spectrum.

**Flow Rate/Orifice Size** - Using the highest flow rate nozzles (largest orifice) that are consistent with pest control objectives reduces the potential for spray drift. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce coarser droplet spectra.

### **Controlling Droplet Size - Aircraft**

**Number of Nozzles** - Using the minimum number of nozzles with the highest flow rate that provide uniform coverage will produce a coarser droplet spectrum.

**Nozzle Orientation** - Orienting nozzles in a manner that minimizes the effects of air shear will produce the coarsest droplet spectra. For some nozzles such as solid stream, pointing the nozzles straight back parallel to the airstream will produce a coarser droplet spectrum than other orientations.

**Nozzle Type** - Solid stream, or other low drift nozzles produce the coarsest droplet spectra.

**DO NOT apply as a ULV application.**

### **BOOM LENGTH AND HEIGHT**

**Boom Length (aircraft)** - The boom length must not exceed 3/4 of the wing length; using shorter booms decreases drift potential. For helicopters use a boom length and position that prevents droplets from entering the rotor vortices.

**Boom Height (aircraft)** - Application more than 10 ft. above the canopy increases the potential for spray drift. Applications made at the lowest height consistent with pest control objectives, and the safe operation of the aircraft will reduce the potential for spray drift.

**Boom Height (ground)** - Applications made at the lowest height consistent with pest control objectives, and that allow the applicator to keep the boom level with the application site and minimize bounce, will reduce the exposure of spray droplets to evaporation and wind and reduce spray drift potential.

#### WIND

Drift potential increases at wind speeds of less than 3 mph (due to variable direction and inversion potential) or more than 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given wind speed. **DO NOT APPLY DURING GUSTY OR WINDLESS CONDITIONS.**

**Note:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator must be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

#### TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

#### SURFACE TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a surface temperature inversion. Surface inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small-suspended droplets to remain close to the ground and move laterally in a concentrated cloud. Surface inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates a surface inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

#### SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce the effects of wind. However, it is the responsibility of the applicator to verify that the shields are preventing drift and not interfering with uniform deposition of the product.

#### TREE AND VINE SPRAYERS

Air assisted tree and vine sprayers carry droplets into the canopy of trees and vines via a radially or laterally directed air stream. In addition to the general drift management principles already described, the following specific practices will further reduce the potential for drift:

- Adjust deflectors and aiming devices so that spray is only directed into the canopy.
- Block off upward pointed nozzles when there is no overhanging canopy.
- Use only enough air volume to penetrate the canopy and provide good coverage.
- Movement of spray that goes beyond the edge of the cultivated area may be minimized by practices such as spraying the outside row only from outside the planting.

Drain spray equipment. Thoroughly rinse sprayer and flush hoses, boom and nozzles with clean water.

Clean all other associated application equipment. Take all necessary safety precautions when cleaning equipment. **DO NOT** clean near wells, water sources or desirable vegetation. Dispose of waste rinse water in accordance with local regulations.

#### CROP ROTATION

Crops on this label and the following crops or crop groups may be planted immediately following harvest:	
Artichoke, globe	Foliage of Legume Vegetables (Crop Group 7)
Asparagus	Low Growing Berry subgroup (Crop subgroup 13- 07G)
Banana/Plantain	Nongrass Animal Feeds (Forage, Fodder, Straw, and Hay Crop Group 18)
Brassica (Cole) Leafy Vegetables (Crop Group 5)	Okra
Bulb Vegetables (Crop Group 3-07)	Oilseed Group (Crop Group 20)
Bushberry subgroup (Crop subgroup 13-07B)	Olives
Cacao	Peanut
Caneberry subgroup (Berry and Small Fruit Crop Group subgroup 13- 07A)	Persimmons

Crops on this label and the following crops or crop groups may be planted immediately following harvest:	
Cereal Grains (Crop Group 15)	Pineapple
Citrus (Crop Group 10-10)	Pome Fruits (Crop Group 11-10)
Coffee	Pomegranates
Corn (field, pop, seed, and sweet)	Prickly Pear Cactus
Cotton	Rice
Cucurbit Vegetables (Crop Group 9)	Root and Tuber Vegetables (Crop Group 1)
Figs	Leaves of Root and Tuber Vegetables (Crop Group 2)
Forage, Fodder, and Straw of Cereal Grains (Crop Group 16)	Small Fruit Vine Climbing subgroup, except fuzzy kiwifruit (Berry and Small Fruit Crop Group subgroup 13-07F)
Fruiting Vegetables (Crop Group 8-10)	Soybean
Grape	Spice subgroup (Crop Group subgroup 19B)
Grass Forage, Fodder, and Hay Group (Crop Group 17)	Spearmint and Peppermint
Herbs subgroup (Crop Group subgroup 19A)	Stone Fruits (Crop Group 12-12)
Hops	Sugarcane: Tea
Large Shrub/Tree Berry subgroup (Crop subgroup 13-07C)	Tree Nuts and Pistachio (Crop Group 14)
Leafy Vegetables (nonbrassica, Crop Group 4)	Tobacco
Legume Vegetables (Crop Group 6)	Tropical Fruits (acerola, atemoya, avocado, biriba, black sapote, canistel, cherimoya, custard apple, ilama, feijoa, guava, jaboticaba, longan, lychee, mamey sapote, mango, papaya, passionfruit, pulasan, rambutan, sapodilla, soursop, Spanish lime, star apple, starfruit, sugar apple, wax jambu, and White sapote (Casimiroa), and/or hybrids of these).
All other crops cannot be planted until 12 months after the last application of <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> .	

## APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

### Banana/Plantain

Insects	PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG Rate Per Acre		Last Application Days to Harvest	REI (Hours)
	lb. a.i.	oz. Product		
Leafrollers	0.066 - 0.099	3.0 - 4.5	1	4
<b>Application Instructions &amp; Restrictions</b>				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply more than 9 oz. <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> or 0.2 lb. a.i. of chlorantraniliprole containing products per acre per calendar year.</li> <li>The minimum interval between treatments is 10 days.</li> <li><b>Spray Volume:</b> Thorough coverage is essential. Select a spray volume appropriate for the size of trees or plants and density of foliage.</li> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply dilute applications of more than 200 gal. water per acre. <b>DO NOT</b> apply less than 30 gal. water per acre by ground. For best results apply 100 - 150 gal. water per acre.</li> </ul>				

### Bushberry subgroup (Berry and small fruit crop group), (EPA Crop Subgroup 13-07B)

Including: Aronia berry; blueberry, highbush; blueberry, lowbush; buffalo currant; Chilean guava; cranberry, highbush; currant, black; currant, red; elderberry; European barberry; gooseberry; honeysuckle, edible; huckleberry; jostaberry; Juneberry (Saskatoon berry); lingonberry; native currant; salal; sea buckthorn; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Insects	PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG Rate Per Acre		Last Application Days to Harvest	REI (Hours)
	lb. a.i.	oz. Product		
Cherry fruitworm Cranberry fruitworm Japanese beetle (adult)* Omnivorous leafroller Raspberry crown borer	0.066 - 0.099	3.0 - 4.5	1	4
<b>Application Instructions &amp; Restrictions</b>				

- **DO NOT** apply more than 9 oz. **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** or 0.2 lb. a.i. of chlorantraniliprole containing products per acre per calendar year.
- The minimum interval between treatments is 7 days.
- **DO NOT** apply dilute applications of more than 200 gal. water per acre. **DO NOT** apply less than 30 gal. water per acre by ground. For best results apply 100 - 150 gal. water per acre.
- **Spray Volume:** Thorough coverage is essential. Select a spray volume appropriate for the size of trees or plants and density of foliage.

\* Japanese beetle (adult) - use the high application rate for moderate to heavy infestations.

#### Large shrub/tree subgroup (Berry and small fruit crop group), (EPA Crop Subgroup 13-07C)

Including: Bayberry; buffaloberry; che; chokecherry; elderberry; Juneberry (Saskatoon berry); mountain pepper berries; mulberry; phalsa; pincherry; riberry; salal; serviceberry; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Insects	PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG Rate Per Acre		Last Application Days to Harvest	REI (Hours)
	lb. a.i.	oz. Product		
Omnivorous leafroller Raspberry crown borer	0.066 - 0.099	3.0 - 4.5	1	4
<b>Application Instructions &amp; Restrictions</b>				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>DO NOT</b> apply more than 9 oz. <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> or 0.2 lb. a.i. of chlorantraniliprole containing products per acre per calendar year.</li> <li>• The minimum interval between treatments is 7 days.</li> <li>• <b>DO NOT</b> apply dilute applications of more than 200 gal. water per acre. <b>DO NOT</b> apply less than 30 gal. water per acre by ground. For best results apply 100 - 150 gal. water per acre.</li> <li>• <b>Spray Volume:</b> Thorough coverage is essential. Select a spray volume appropriate for the size of trees or plants and density of foliage.</li> </ul>				

#### Low growing berry subgroup except cranberry and strawberry (Berry and small fruit crop group), (EPA Crop Subgroup 13-07G)

Including: Bearberry; bilberry; blueberry, lowbush; cloudberry; lingonberry; muntries; partridgeberry; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Insects	PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG Rate Per Acre		Last Application Days to Harvest	REI (Hours)
	lb. a.i.	oz. Product		
Cherry fruitworm Cranberry fruitworm Japanese beetle (adult)* Omnivorous leafroller Raspberry crown borer	0.066 - 0.099	3.0 - 4.5	1	4
<b>Application Instructions &amp; Restrictions</b>				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>DO NOT</b> apply more than 9 oz. <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> or 0.2 lb. a.i. of chlorantraniliprole containing products per acre per calendar year.</li> <li>• The minimum interval between treatments is 7 days.</li> <li>• <b>DO NOT</b> apply dilute applications of more than 200 gal. water per acre. <b>DO NOT</b> apply less than 30 gal. water per acre by ground. For best results apply 100 - 150 gal. water per acre.</li> <li>• <b>Spray Volume:</b> Thorough coverage is essential. Select a spray volume appropriate for the size of trees or plants and density of foliage.</li> </ul>				

\* Japanese beetle (adult) - use the high application rate for moderate to heavy infestations.

#### Cranberry

Insects	PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG Rate Per Acre		Last Application Days to Harvest	REI (Hours)
	lb. a.i.	oz. Product		
Blackheaded fireworm*	0.066 - 0.099	3.0 - 4.5	1	4

Cherry fruitworm Cranberry fruitworm Green spanworm Omnivorous leafroller Raspberry crown borer Sparganothis fruitworm				
<b>Application Instructions &amp; Restrictions</b>				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply more than 9 oz. <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> or 0.2 lb. a.i. of chlorantraniliprole containing products per acre per calendar year.</li> <li>The minimum interval between treatments is 7 days.</li> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply less than 20 gal. water per acre by ground application. <b>DO NOT</b> apply less than 5 gal. water per acre by aerial application.</li> <li><b>Spray Volume:</b> Thorough coverage is essential. Select a spray volume appropriate for the size of trees or plants and density of foliage.</li> <li><b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> may be applied to cranberry by overhead chemigation. For specific guidance see label section titled <b>APPLICATION BY CHEMIGATION – CRANBERRY</b></li> </ul>				
* Blackheaded fireworm - use high application rate for moderate to heavy infestations.				

**Caneberry subgroup (Berry and small fruit crop group), (EPA Crop Subgroup 13-07A)**

Including: Blackberry; loganberry; red and black raspberry cultivars and/or hybrids of these

Insects	PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG Rate Per Acre		Last Application Days to Harvest	REI (Hours)
	lb. a.i.	oz. Product		
Omnivorous leafroller Light brown apple moth Raspberry crown borer*	0.066 - 0.099	3.0 - 4.5	3	4
<b>Application Instructions &amp; Restrictions</b>				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply more than 9 oz. <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> or 0.2 lb. a.i. of chlorantraniliprole containing products per acre per calendar year.</li> <li>The minimum interval between treatments is 14 days.</li> <li><b>Spray Volume:</b> Thorough coverage is essential. Select a spray volume appropriate for the size of trees or plants and density of foliage.</li> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply dilute applications of more than 200 gal. water per acre. <b>DO NOT</b> apply less than 30 gal. water per acre by ground. For best results apply 100 - 150 gal. water per acre.</li> </ul>				
<p>*Raspberry crown borer - For control of Raspberry Crown Borer, apply <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> as a directed foliar application, using a spray volume of 50 to 100 gallons/acre, directed to base of canes. Apply in early fall right after egg hatch or in early spring when larvae first become active and start to feed on the crown of the plant. Time the application when rainfall (minimum of 1/2 inch) is forecast or when overhead irrigation (minimum of 1/2 inch water per acre) can be used to move <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> into the plant root zone in order to control raspberry crown borer.</p>				

**Small fruit vine climbing subgroup except fuzzy kiwifruit and grape, (Berry and small fruit crop group), (EPA Crop Subgroup 13-07F)**

Including: Amur river grape; gooseberry; kiwifruit, hardy; maypop; schisandra berry; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Insects	PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG Rate Per Acre		Last Application Days to Harvest	REI (Hours)
	lb. a.i.	oz. Product		
Omnivorous leafroller Raspberry crown borer	0.066 - 0.099	3.0 - 4.5	1	4
<b>Application Instructions &amp; Restrictions</b>				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply more than 9 oz. <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> or 0.2 lb. a.i. of chlorantraniliprole containing products per acre per calendar year.</li> <li>The minimum interval between treatments is 7 days.</li> <li><b>Spray Volume:</b> Thorough coverage is essential. Select a spray volume appropriate for the size of trees or plants and density of foliage.</li> </ul>				

- DO NOT** apply dilute applications of more than 200 gal. water per acre. **DO NOT** apply less than 30 gal. water per acre by ground. For best results apply 100 - 150 gal. water per acre.

### Cacao

Insects	PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG Rate Per Acre		Last Application Days to Harvest	REI (Hours)
	lb. a.i.	oz. Product		
Cacao pod borer	0.066 - 0.099	3.0 - 4.5	1	4
<b>Application Instructions &amp; Restrictions</b>				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply more than 9 oz. <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> or 0.2 lb. a.i. of chlorantraniliprole containing products per acre per calendar year.</li> <li>The minimum interval between treatments is 7 days.</li> <li><b>Spray Volume:</b> Thorough coverage is essential. Select a spray volume appropriate for the size of trees or plants and density of foliage.</li> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply dilute applications of more than 200 gal. water per acre. <b>DO NOT</b> apply less than 30 gal. water per acre by ground. For best results apply 100 - 150 gal. water per acre.</li> </ul>				

### Citrus, (EPA Crop Group 10-10)

Including: Calamondin; citrus citron; citrus hybrids (includes chironja, tangelo, tangor); grapefruit; kumquat; lemon; lime; mandarin (tangerine); orange, sour; orange, sweet; pummelo; Satsuma mandarin Australian desert lime; Australian finger- lime; Australian round lime; Brown River finger lime; Japanese summer Mediterranean mandarin; Mount white lime; New Guinea wild lime; Russell River lime; Sweet lime; Tachibana orange; Tahiti lime; Trifoliate orange; Uniq fruit; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Insects	PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG Rate Per Acre		Last Application Days to Harvest	REI (Hours)
	lb. a.i.	oz. Product		
Citrus leafminer Citrus peelminer Katydid (nymphs)* Light brown apple moth Omnivorous leafroller	0.066 - 0.099	3.0 - 4.5	1	4
<b>Application Instructions &amp; Restrictions</b>				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply more than 9 oz. <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> or 0.2 lb. a.i. of chlorantraniliprole containing products per acre per calendar year.</li> <li>The minimum interval between treatments is 7 days.</li> <li><b>Spray Volume:</b> Thorough coverage is essential. Select a spray volume appropriate for the size of trees or plants and density of foliage.</li> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply less than 30 gal. water per acre by ground. For best results apply 100 -150 gal. water per acre.</li> <li>Where higher spray volumes are used, apply a higher <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> rate in the specified rate range.</li> </ul>				
<p>*Suppression of Katydid (nymphs) - Correct timing of spray application is to nymphal stages. Use the higher application rate for moderate to heavy insect pressure. Apply at first indication of Katydid nymphs. Allow 5 to 7 days to achieve maximum results. Make repeat applications on a 7 to 10 day schedule if monitoring indicates continued feeding activity. Forktailed bush katydid (<i>Scudderia furcata</i>), Angularwinged katydid (<i>Microcentrum retinerve</i>).</p>				

### Coffee

Insects	PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG Rate Per Acre		Last Application Days to Harvest	REI (Hours)
	lb. a.i.	oz. Product		
Coffee leafminer	0.066 - 0.099	3.0 - 4.5	7	4
<b>Application Instructions &amp; Restrictions</b>				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply more than 9 oz. <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> or 0.2 lb. a.i. of chlorantraniliprole containing products per acre per calendar year.</li> </ul>				



- The minimum interval between treatments is 14 days.
- **Spray Volume:** Thorough coverage is essential. Select a spray volume appropriate for the size of trees or plants and density of foliage.
- **DO NOT** apply dilute applications of more than 200 gal. water per acre. **DO NOT** apply less than 30 gal. water per acre by ground. For best results apply 100 - 150 gal. water per acre.

### Figs

Insects	PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG Rate Per Acre		Last Application Days to Harvest	REI (Hours)
	lb. a.i.	oz. Product		
Navel orangeworm	0.066 - 0.099	3.0 - 4.5	1	4

#### Application Instructions & Restrictions

- **DO NOT** apply more than 9 oz. **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** or 0.2 lb. a.i. of chlorantraniliprole containing products per acre per calendar year.
- The minimum interval between treatments is 7 days.
- **Spray Volume:** Thorough coverage is essential. Select a spray volume appropriate for the size of trees or plants and density of foliage.
- **DO NOT** apply dilute applications of more than 200 gal. water per acre. **DO NOT** apply less than 30 gal. water per acre by ground. For best results apply 100 - 150 gal. water per acre.

### Grape

Insects	PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG Rate Per Acre		Last Application Days to Harvest	REI (Hours)
	lb. a.i.	oz. Product		
Grape berry moth Grape leafroller	0.044 – 0.099	2.0 - 4.5	14	4
Climbing cutworm European grapevine moth Japanese beetle (adult)* Katydid (nymphs)** Light brown apple moth Raisin moth*** Western grapeleaf skeletonizer	0.066 - 0.099	3.0 - 4.5	14	4
Omnivorous leafroller	0.055 – 0.099	2.5 - 4.5		4

#### Application Instructions & Restrictions

- **DO NOT** apply more than 9 oz. **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** or 0.2 lb. a.i. of chlorantraniliprole containing products per acre per calendar year.
- Make no more than 4 applications per calendar year.
- The minimum interval between treatments is 7 days.
- **Spray Volume:** Thorough coverage is essential. Select a spray volume appropriate for the size of trees or plants and density of foliage.
- **DO NOT** apply less than 30 gal. water per acre by ground. For best results apply 100 -150 gal. water per acre.
- Where higher spray volumes are used, apply a higher **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** rate in the specified rate range.

\* Japanese beetle (adult) - use the high application rate for moderate to heavy infestations.

\*\*Suppression of Katydid (nymphs) - Correct timing of spray application is to nymphal stages. Use the higher application rate for moderate to heavy insect pressure. Apply at first indication of Katydid nymphs. Allow 5 to 7 days to achieve maximum results. Make repeat applications on a 7 to 10 day schedule if monitoring indicates continued feeding activity. Forktailed bush katydid (*Scudderia furcata*), Angularwinged katydid (*Microcentrum retinerve*) Omnivorous leafroller - Make the first application at initiation of egg hatch, small larvae or first signs of infestations for each generation. Use higher rates of **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** for moderate to heavy insect pressure.

\*\*\*Raisin moth - Make the first application at initiation of egg generation. Use the higher application rate for moderate to heavy insect pressure.

## Olives

Insects	PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG Rate Per Acre		Last Application Days to Harvest	REI (Hours)
	lb. a.i.	oz. Product		
American plum borer European grapevine moth	0.066 - 0.099	3.0 - 4.5	1	4
<b>Application Instructions &amp; Restrictions</b>				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply more than 9 oz. <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> or 0.2 lb. a.i. of chlorantraniliprole containing products per acre per calendar year.</li> <li>The minimum interval between treatments is 7 days.</li> <li><b>Spray Volume:</b> Thorough coverage is essential to achieve best results. Select a spray volume appropriate for the size of trees or plants and density of foliage.</li> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply dilute applications of more than 200 gal. water per acre. <b>DO NOT</b> apply less than 30 gal. water per acre by ground. For best results apply 100 - 150 gal. water per acre.</li> </ul>				

## Persimmons

Insects	PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG Rate Per Acre		Last Application Days to Harvest	REI (Hours)
	lb. a.i.	oz. Product		
Leafrollers	0.066 - 0.099	3.0 - 4.5	1	4
<b>Application Instructions &amp; Restrictions</b>				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply more than 9 oz. <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> or 0.2 lb. a.i. of chlorantraniliprole containing products per acre per calendar year.</li> <li>The minimum interval between treatments is 7 days.</li> <li><b>Spray Volume:</b> Thorough coverage is essential to achieve best results. Select a spray volume appropriate for the size of trees or plants and density of foliage.</li> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply dilute applications of more than 200 gal. water per acre. <b>DO NOT</b> apply less than 30 gal. water per acre by ground. For best results apply 100 - 150 gal. water per acre.</li> </ul>				

## Pome Fruits, (EPA Crop Group 11-10)

Including: Apple; Crabapple; Loquat; Mayhaw; Pear; Pear, oriental; Quince

Insects	PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG Rate Per Acre		Last Application Days to Harvest	REI (Hours)
	lb. a.i.	oz. Product		
Green fruitworm Spotted tentiform leafminer Western tentiform leafminer	0.055 – 0.088	2.5 - 4.0	5	4
Apple maggot* Codling moth** European apple sawfly European corn borer Light brown apple moth Obliquebanded leafroller*** Oriental fruit moth Pandemis leafroller Plum curculio* Redbanded leafroller Tufted apple bud moth Variegated leafroller White apple leafhopper*	0.055 – 0.099       Western U.S. States†: 0.066 - 0.099	2.5 - 4.5       Western U.S. States†: 3.0 - 4.5	5	4
<b>Application Instructions &amp; Restrictions</b>				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply more than 9 oz. <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> or 0.2 lb. a.i. of chlorantraniliprole containing products per acre per calendar year.</li> <li>The minimum interval between treatments is 10 days.</li> </ul>				

- **Spray Volume:** Thorough coverage is essential. Select a spray volume appropriate for the size of trees and density of foliage.
- **DO NOT** apply dilute applications of more than 200 gal. water per acre. For best results apply 100 – 150 gal. water per acre.
- **DO NOT** apply less than 30 gal. water per acre by ground.

Effect on beneficial insects - Beneficial insects such as predators or parasitoids are an important component in pome fruit IPM. **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** has demonstrated low to no impact on the predator *Deraeocoris brevis* and key parasitoids, *Aphelinus mali*, *Aphytis* spp., and *Encarsia* spp. This low impact is very important in preservation of biological control of pear psylla, San Jose scale and wooly apple aphid when **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** is applied early season for control of first generation codling moth.

\* Suppression only.

\*\* **Codling Moth:** Make first application prior to egg hatch. Each application provides 10 to 17 days of protection depending on intensity of codling moth pressure and rate of fruit growth. Applications with an EPA registered horticultural oil may improve performance; for specific recommendations on use of oil, consult manufacturers specific oil labels for precautions and restrictions regarding the use of oils in pome fruit. Use pheromone trap catches and local degree day based spray timing advisories to determine the development of each generation. Higher rates in the labeled rate range may be needed for high infestation levels and/or large, dense foliage trees.

**Codling Moth Resistance Management:** **DO NOT** apply **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** (or other Group 28 insecticides) more than three times to a generation of codling moth (codling moth typically has a single generation “treatment window” of 30 to 45 days). Application(s) to the next generation of codling moth must be with an effective product(s) with a different mode of action (different IRAC group number) for at least a 30 day “treatment window” before making any additional applications of **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** (or other Group 28 insecticides).

**Apples - Western U.S. States†:** Use the 3.0 oz/acre rate for low pressure infestations and make repeat applications on a 14 day schedule. For high pressure infestations or for orchards with a history of significant codling moth damage, apply **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** at 4.0 to 4.5 ounces per acre. Make repeat applications on a 10 to 17 day schedule. For best results in high pressure orchards, use a comprehensive management program involving ovicide treatments followed by properly timed larvacide applications at high labeled rates and shortened retreatment intervals.

When using **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** in an integrated program with other codling moth insecticides, make sure the retreatment schedule is consistent with the period of effectiveness for each product used.

**Pears - Western U.S. States†:** Apply **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** on a 14 to 17 day schedule. For low pressure infestations use the 3.0 oz rate. For high pressure infestations or for orchards with a history of significant codling moth damage, apply **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** at 4.0 to 4.5 oz/acre.

\*\*\***Obliquebanded Leafroller:** For overwintering larvae, apply in the spring (pink to petal fall stage) at first sign of active feeding. For summer generation apply just prior to or at the beginning of egg hatch. Leafroller feeding stops after ingestion of treated foliage, however, during periods of cold weather when leafrollers are inactive, it may take several days to achieve complete control. Applications with an EPA registered horticultural oil may improve performance; for specific recommendations on use of oil, consult manufacturers specific oil labels for precautions and restrictions regarding the use of oils in pome fruit. Higher rates in the labeled rate range may be needed for high infestations levels and/or large, dense foliage trees.

**Obliquebanded Leafroller Resistance Management:** Only apply **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** (or other Group 28 insecticides) to one generation of obliquebanded leafroller per year. Application(s) to other generations of obliquebanded leafroller must be with an effective product with a different mode of action (i.e. a product with a different IRAC group number).

† Includes states of AZ, CA, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, OR, UT, WA, and WY.

Azarole; Medlar; Tejocote; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Insects	PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG		Last Application Days to Harvest	REI (Hours)
	lb. a.i.	oz. Product		
Green fruitworm	0.055 – 0.088	2.5 – 4.0	5	4

Spotted tentiform leafminer Western tentiform leafminer				
Apple maggot* European apple sawfly European corn borer Light brown apple moth Obliquebanded leafroller** Oriental fruit moth Pandemis leafroller Plum curculio* Redbanded leafroller Tufted apple bud moth Variegated leafroller White apple leafhopper*	0.055 – 0.099  Western U.S. States†: 0.066 - 0.099	2.5 - 4.5  Western U.S. States†: 3.0 - 4.5	5	4

#### Application Instructions & Restrictions

- **DO NOT** apply more than 9 oz. **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** or 0.2 lb. a.i. of chlorantraniliprole containing products per acre per calendar year.
- The minimum interval between treatments is 10 days.
- **Spray Volume:** Thorough coverage is essential. Select a spray volume appropriate for the size of trees and density of foliage.
- **DO NOT** apply dilute applications of more than 200 gal. water per acre. For best results apply 100 – 150 gal. water per acre.
- **DO NOT** apply less than 30 gal. water per acre by ground.

Effect on beneficial insects - Beneficial insects such as predators or parasitoids are an important component in pome fruit IPM. **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** has demonstrated low to no impact on the predator *Deraeocoris brevis* and key parasitoids, *Aphelinus mali*, *Aphytis* spp., and *Encarsia* spp. This low impact is very important in preservation of biological control of pear psylla, San Jose scale and wooly apple aphid when **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** is applied early season for control of first generation codling moth.

\* Suppression only.

**\*\*Obliquebanded Leafroller:** For overwintering larvae, apply in the spring (pink to petal fall stage) at first sign of active feeding. For summer generation apply just prior to or at the beginning of egg hatch. Leafroller feeding stops after ingestion of treated foliage, however, during periods of cold weather when leafrollers are inactive, it may take several days to achieve complete control. Applications with an EPA registered horticultural oil may improve performance; for specific recommendations on use of oil, consult manufacturers specific oil labels for precautions and restrictions regarding the use of oils in pome fruit. Higher rates in the labeled rate range may be needed for high infestations levels and/or large, dense foliage trees.

**Obliquebanded Leafroller Resistance Management:** Only apply **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** (or other Group 28 insecticides) to one generation of obliquebanded leafroller per year. Application(s) to other generations of obliquebanded leafroller must be with an effective product with a different mode of action (i.e. a product with a different IRAC group number).

† Includes states of AZ, CA, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, OR, UT, WA, and WY.

#### Pomegranates

Insects	PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG Rate Per Acre		Last Application Days to Harvest	REI (Hours)
	lb. a.i.	oz. Product		
Navel orangeworm Omnivorous leafroller	0.066 - 0.099	3.0 - 4.5	1	4
<b>Application Instructions &amp; Restrictions</b>				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>DO NOT</b> apply more than 9 oz. <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> or 0.2 lb. a.i. of chlorantraniliprole containing products per acre per calendar year.</li> <li>• The minimum interval between treatments is 7 days.</li> <li>• <b>Spray Volume:</b> Thorough coverage is essential. Select a spray volume appropriate for the size of trees or plants and density of foliage.</li> </ul>				

- DO NOT** apply dilute applications of more than 200 gal. water per acre. **DO NOT** apply less than 30 gal. water per acre by ground. For best results apply 100 - 150 gal. water per acre.

### Prickly Pear Cactus

Insects	PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG Rate Per Acre		Last Application Days to Harvest	REI (Hours)
	lb. a.i.	oz. Product		
Prickly pear moth	0.066 - 0.099	3.0 - 4.5	1	4
<b>Application Instructions &amp; Restrictions</b>				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply more than 9 oz. <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> or 0.2 lb. a.i. of chlorantraniliprole containing products per acre per calendar year.</li> </ul>				

### Stone Fruits, (EPA Crop Group 12-12)

Including: Apricot; Cherry, sweet; Cherry, tart; Nectarine; Peach; Plum; Plum, Chickasaw; Plum, Damson; Plum, Japanese; Plumcot; Prune (fresh) Apricot, Japanese; Capulin; Cherry, black; Cherry Nanking; Jujube, Chinese; Plum, American; Plum, beach; Plum, Canada; Plum, cherry; Plum, Klamath; Sloe

Insects	PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG Rate Per Acre		Last Application Days to Harvest	REI (Hours)
	lb. a.i.	oz. Product		
Cherry fruit fly* Codling moth Katydid (nymphs) ** Light brown apple moth Obliquebanded leafroller Omnivorous leaf roller Oriental fruit moth Peach twig borer *** Tufted apple bud moth	0.066 - 0.099	3.0 - 4.5	10	4
<b>Application Instructions &amp; Restrictions</b>				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply more than 9 oz. <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> or 0.2 lb. a.i. of chlorantraniliprole containing products per acre per calendar year.</li> <li>The minimum interval between treatments is 7 days. A lower application rate of 2.0-3.0 oz product per acre can be used in short interval (7-10 days) spray program.</li> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply dilute applications of more than 200 gal. water per acre. For best results apply 100-150 gal. water per acre.</li> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply less than 30 gal. water per acre by ground.</li> </ul>				
<p>* Suppression only.</p> <p>** Suppression of Katydid (nymphs) - Correct timing of spray application is to the nymphal stages. Use the higher application rate for moderate to heavy insect pressure. Apply at first indication of Katydid nymphs. Allow 5 to 7 days to achieve maximum results. Make repeat applications on a 7 to 10 day schedule if monitoring indicates continued feeding activity. Forktailed bush katydid (<i>Scudderia furcata</i>), Angularwinged katydid (<i>Microcentrum retinerve</i>).</p> <p>*** <b>Peach twig borer</b> - For early dormant through mid-dormant applications, use higher rates of <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b>; for late dormant applications, use lower rates. Applications may be made with an EPA registered dormant oil; for specific recommendations on use of oil, consult manufacturers specific oil labels for precautions and restrictions regarding the use of oils. For best performance, apply using ground equipment to achieve thorough uniform coverage of all scaffolds and limbs. For "May spray" applications to the summer generation, make applications at peak moth flight (timed at or before peak egg lay). Higher rates in the labeled rate range may be needed for high infestations levels and/or large, dense foliage trees.</p>				

**Tea**  
**(HI & SC Only)**

Insects	PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG Rate Per Acre		Last Application Days to Harvest	REI (Hours)
	lb. a.i.	oz. Product		
Leafrollers	0.066 - 0.099	3.0 - 4.5	3	4
<b>Application Instructions &amp; Restrictions</b>				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply more than 9 oz. <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> or 0.2 lb. a.i. of chlorantraniliprole containing products per acre per calendar year.</li> <li>The minimum interval between treatments is 14 days.</li> <li><b>Spray Volume:</b> Thorough coverage is essential to achieve best results. Select a spray volume appropriate for the size of trees or plants and density of foliage.</li> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply dilute applications of more than 200 gal. water per acre. <b>DO NOT</b> apply less than 30 gal. water per acre by ground. For best results apply 100 - 150 gal. water per acre.</li> </ul>				

**Tree Nuts, (EPA Crop Group 14-12)**

Including: African nut-tree; Almond; Beechnut; Brazil nut; Brazilian pine; Bunya; Bur oak; Butternut; Cajou nut; Candlenut; Cashew; Chestnut; Chinquapin; Coconut; Coquito nut; Dika nut; Ginkgo; Guiana chestnut; Hazelnut (Filbert); Heartnut; Hickory nut; Japanese horse- chestnut; Macadamia nut; Mongongo nut; Monkey-pot; Monkey puzzle nut; Okari nut; Pachira nut; Peach palm nut; Pecan; Pequi; Pili nut; Pine nut; Pistachio; Sapucala nut; Tropical almond; Walnut, black; Walnut, English; Yellowhorn; and Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Insects	PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG Rate Per Acre		Last Application Days to Harvest	REI (Hours)
	lb. a.i.	oz. Product		
Hickory shuckworm Pecan nut casebearer	0.044 - 0.099	2.0 - 4.5	10	4
Filbertworm	0.055 - 0.099	2.5 - 4.5	10	4
Codling moth Navel orange worm Light brown apple moth Oblique banded leafroller Oriental fruit moth Peach twig borer	0.066 - 0.099	3.0 - 4.5	10	4
<b>Application Instructions &amp; Restrictions</b>				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply more than 9 oz. <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> or 0.2 lb. a.i. of chlorantraniliprole containing products per acre per calendar year.</li> <li><b>Spray Volume:</b> Thorough coverage is essential. Select a spray volume appropriate for the size of trees or plants and density of foliage.</li> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply less than 30 gal. water per acre.</li> <li>For best results apply 100 -150 gal. water per acre by ground.</li> <li>Where higher spray volumes are used, apply a higher <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> rate in the specified rate range.</li> <li>The minimum interval between treatments is 7 days.</li> </ul>				
<p><b>Grazing on Tree Nut orchard or grove floor</b> - There are no grazing restrictions for (1) Grass forage, fodder and hay. Any grass Gramineae family (either green or cured) except sugarcane and those included in the cereal grains group, that will be fed to or grazed by livestock, all pasture and range grasses and grasses grown for hay or silage, and (2) Non-grass animal feeds.</p> <p><b>Filbertworm:</b> Make initial application just before or at filbertworm egg hatch. Depending on the length of the filbertworm moth flight, multiple applications may be required to protect the crop. Under heavy filbertworm pressure, apply <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> on a 14 day retreatment schedule. With moderate to low filbertworm pressure, apply <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> at retreatment intervals no longer than every 21 days.</p> <p><b>Codling moth</b> - (Walnut) Make initial application at or before peak egg lay for targeted generation. Depending on level of infestation reapply 14-21 days later as needed. Use higher rates and ground application equipment to achieve thorough coverage.</p>				



**Navel orange worm** (Hullsplit application timing) - Make an application at 1-5% hull-split timing; make a second application approximately 10-14 days later. Depending on level of pest infestation, use of higher rates in the labeled rate range and multiple applications may be needed.

**Peach twig borer - PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** may be used throughout the growing season, however for dormant applications: **PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG** may be tank mixed with an EPA registered dormant oil; for specific recommendations on use of oil, consult manufacturers specific oil labels for precautions and restrictions regarding the use of oils in tree nut crops. For best performance apply with ground equipment to achieve thorough uniform coverage of all scaffolds and limbs. The high rate is recommended for applications made at early to mid-dormant timing.

**Peach twig borer** - For spring application to overwintering generation: Make application at late dormant (just prior to bud break) to early bloom. For "May spray" applications to the summer generation: Make applications at peak moth flight (timed at or before peak egg lay).Higher rates in the labeled rate range may be needed for high infestations levels and large, dense foliage trees.

Tropical fruits

acerola; atemoya; avocado; biriba; black sapote; canistel; cherimoya; custard apple; ilama; feijoa; guava; jaboticaba; longan; lychee; mamey sapote; mango; papaya; passionfruit; pineapple; pulasan; rambutan; sapodilla; oursop; Spanish lime; star apple; starfruit; sugar apple; wax jambu; White sapote (Casimiroa), and other cultivars and/or hybrids of these.

Insects	PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG Rate Per Acre		Last Application Days to Harvest	REI (Hours)
	lb. a.i.	oz. Product		
Leafrollers Leafminers	0.066 - 0.099	3.0 - 4.5	1*	4
Application Instructions & Restrictions				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><b>DO NOT</b> apply more than 9 oz. <b>PRISM CHLORANTRANILIPROLE 35 WDG</b> or 0.2 lb. a.i. of chlorantraniliprole containing products per acre per calendar year.</li><li><b>Spray Volume:</b> Thorough coverage is essential. Select a spray volume appropriate for the size of trees or plants and density of foliage.</li><li>The minimum interval between treatments is 10 days.</li><li><b>DO NOT</b> apply dilute applications of more than 200 gal. water per acre. <b>DO NOT</b> apply less than 30 gal. water per acre by ground. For best results apply 100 - 150 gal. water per acre.</li></ul>				
*Except acerola, jaboticaba and lychee. Last application days to harvest for acerola, jaboticaba and lychee is 10 days.				

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

**DO NOT** contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store product in original container only in a location inaccessible to children and pets. **DO NOT** contaminate water, other pesticides, fertilizer, food or feed in storage. Not for use or storage in or around the home.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** **DO NOT** contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**CONTAINER HANDLING:**  
[Nonrefillable [Aluminum] Bags:]  
[Nonrefillable container. **DO NOT** reuse or refill this container. Completely empty by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application or manufacturing equipment. Then offer for recycling if available or dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill. **DO NOT** burn, unless allowed by state and local ordinances.]

**NOTICE TO BUYER**— Purchase of this material does not confer any rights under patents of countries outside of the United States.

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applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer.

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