



U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
 Office of Pesticide Programs
 Registration Division (7505T)
 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
 Washington, D.C. 20460

EPA Reg. Number:

94144-7

Date of Issuance:

2/24/26

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

Registration
 Reregistration
 (under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance:

Unconditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

Glyphosate IPA 41% SL

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Infinicrop, LLC
 c/o Pyxis Regulatory Consulting, Inc.
 535 Dock Street, Suite 211
 Tacoma, WA 98402

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA).

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is unconditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(5) provided that you:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration/registration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.

Continues page 2

Signature of Approving Official:

Emily Schmid

Emily Schmid, Product Manager 25
 Herbicide Branch, Registration Division (7505T)

Date:

2/24/26

2. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:
 - Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 94144-7."
3. Submit one copy of the final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under FIFRA and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

The record for this product currently contains the following CSF(s):

- Basic CSF dated 12/30/2024

If you have any questions, please contact Margaret Golembiewski at (202)566-0304 or at golembiewski.margaret@epa.gov.

Enclosure

[Note to reviewer: [Text] in brackets denotes optional text].
[Note to reviewer: {Text} in braces denotes where in the final label text will appear].

{[BOOKLET FRONT PANEL LANGUAGE]}

GLYPHOSATE	GROUP	9	HERBICIDE
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Glyphosate IPA 41% SL

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

Read the “WARRANTY—CONDITIONS OF SALE” statement at the end of the label before buying or using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	% BY WEIGHT
*Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine, in the form of its isopropylamine salt	41.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	<u>59.0%</u>
TOTAL:	100.0%

*Contains 480 grams per litre or 4 pounds per U.S. gallon of the active ingredient, glyphosate, in the form of its isopropylamine salt. Equivalent to 356 grams per litre or 3 pounds per U.S. gallon of the acid, glyphosate.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

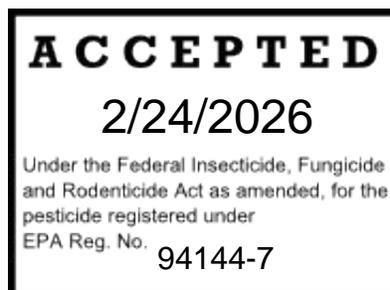
FIRST AID	
IF SWALLOWED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
HOTLINE NUMBER	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For information on this pesticide product (including general health concerns or pesticide incidents), call the National Pesticide Information Center at 1-800-858-7378, Monday through Friday, 8:00 AM to 12 PM Pacific Standard Time. In the event of a medical emergency, call your poison control center at 1-800-222-1222.	

[See] [inside] [label] [booklet] [for] [additional] [Precautionary Statements][,] [and] [Directions for Use] [including] [Storage and Disposal] [instructions][.]

EPA Reg. No. 94144-xx
EPA Est. No.:

Manufactured by:
 INFINICROP, LLC
 2364 East Southwood Road
 San Tan Valley, AZ 85240

Net Contents:



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{LANGUAGE INSIDE BOOKLET}

3.0 - PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

3.1 - HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS: This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation may result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

3.2 - PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

1. Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
2. Shoes plus socks,
3. Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE (Personal Protective Equipment). If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing or PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

3.3 - ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

3.4 - PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Spray solutions of this product must be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS. This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

Read the entire label before using this product. Use only according to label instructions.

Read the "CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY" statement at the end of the label before buying or using. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This product can only be used in accordance with the Directions for Use on this label.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulations.

3.5 - AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

1. Coveralls
2. Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
3. Shoes plus socks.

3.6 - NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses. Keep people and pets off treated areas until spray solution has dried.

3.7 - SEED POTATO PRECAUTION

Potatoes grown for seed are very sensitive to glyphosate at extremely low concentrations. Exposure of the seed potato crop can cause germination failure or deformities. Daughter tuber damage may occur at levels where mother crop symptoms are not visible. Multiple sprouting from eyes, weak and distorted stems, "little potato syndrome", cauliflower sprouts, root distortions, excessive root growth, suppressed tuber initiation and bulking, failure or delay in opening of eyes, and rotting of tubers in the field or store can result. Subsequent plantings of seed pieces from the exposed mother crop can result in delayed or no emergence or produce lower than normal yields.

Glyphosate can contaminate seed potato crops through carryover residue in application equipment or drift from applying glyphosate to nearby crops. Always follow good wash-out procedures using detergents or other suitable cleaning agents to remove all residual traces of glyphosate from application equipment that may be used to apply other products to seed potato crops.

To avoid contamination from spray drift follow the directions and precautions in the Spray Drift Management section of the label

4.0 - USE INFORMATION

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: This product is a post-emergent, systemic herbicide with no soil residual activity. It is generally non-selective and gives broad-spectrum control of many annual weeds, perennial weeds, woody brush and trees. It is formulated as a water-soluble liquid. It may be applied through most standard industrial or field-type sprayers after dilution and thorough mixing with water or other carriers according to label instructions.

Ammonium sulfate, drift control additives, or dyes and colorants may be used. See the MIXING section of this label for instructions.

TIME TO SYMPTOMS: This product moves through the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visible effects on most annual weeds occur within 2 to 4 days, but on most perennial weeds may not occur for 7 days or more. Extremely cool or cloudy weather following treatment may slow activity of this product and delay development of visual symptoms. Visible effects are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the plant which advances to complete browning of aboveground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts.

STAGE OF WEEDS: Annual weeds are easiest to control when they are small. Best control of most perennial weeds is obtained when treatment is made at late growth stages approaching maturity. Refer to the annual, perennial, woody brush and trees rate tables for use directions for specific weeds.

Always use the higher rate of this product per acre within the labeled rate range when weed growth is heavy or dense or weeds are growing in an undisturbed (non-cultivated) area.

Do not treat weeds under poor growing conditions such as drought stress, disease or insect damage, as reduced weed control may result. Reduced results may also occur when treating weeds heavily covered with dust.

CULTURAL CONSIDERATIONS: Reduced control may result when applications are made to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed, or cut, and have not been allowed to regrow to the recommended stage for treatment.

RAINFASTNESS: Heavy rainfall soon after application may wash this product off of the foliage and a repeat application may be required for adequate control.

SPRAY COVERAGE: For best results, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray weed foliage to the point of runoff.

MODE OF ACTION: The active ingredient in this product inhibits an enzyme found only in plants that is essential to formation of specific amino acids.

NO SOIL ACTIVITY: Weeds must be emerged at the time of application to be controlled by this product. Weeds germinating from seed after application will not be controlled. Unemerged plants arising from unattached underground rhizomes or root stocks of perennials will not be affected by the herbicide and will continue to grow.

BIOLOGICAL DEGRADATION: Degradation of this product is primarily a biological process carried out by soil microbes.

TANK MIXING: This product does not provide residual weed control. For subsequent residual weed control, follow a label-approved herbicide program. Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this product with herbicides or other materials that are not expressly recommended in this label. Mixing this product with herbicides or other materials not recommended on this label may result in reduced performance.

ANNUAL MAXIMUM USE RATE: Except as otherwise specified in a food crop section of this label, the combined total of all treatments must not exceed 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. For non-food/non-crop uses, the combined total of all treatments must not exceed 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

NOTE: Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this label may result in injury to persons, animals or crops, or other unintended consequences. Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

5.0 - WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, Glyphosate IPA 41% SL is a Group 9 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to Glyphosate IPA 41% SL and other Group 9 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of Glyphosate IPA 41% SL or other Group 9 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields, and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.

5.1 – WEED MANAGEMENT DIRECTIONS

To minimize the occurrence of glyphosate-resistant biotypes, observe the following weed management recommendations:

- Scout your fields before and after herbicide applications.
- Start with a clean field, use either a burndown herbicide application or tillage.
- Control weeds early when they are relatively small.
- Add other herbicides (e.g. a selective and/or a residual herbicide) and cultural practices (e.g. tillage or crop rotation) where appropriate.
- One method of adding other herbicides into a continuous Glyphosate Resistant system is to rotate to other Glyphosate Resistant crops.
- Utilize the labeled rate for the most difficult to control weed in your field. Avoid tank mixtures with other herbicides that reduce this product's efficacy (through antagonism), or tank mixture recommendations that encourage application rates of this product below the labeled rate.
- Control weed escapes and prevent weeds from setting seeds.
- Clean equipment before moving from field to field to minimize the spread of weed seed or plant parts.
- Use new commercial seed that is as free of weed seed as possible.
- Report any incidence of repeated non-performance of this product on a particular weed to your INFINICROP, LLC representative, local retailer, or county extension agent.

5.2 - MANAGEMENT DIRECTIONS FOR GLYPHOSATE-RESISTANCE BIOTYPES

Note: Appropriate testing is critical in order to determine if a weed is resistant to glyphosate. Contact your INFINICROP, LLC representative to determine if resistance has been confirmed to any particular weed biotype in your area, or visit on the internet www.weedscience.org. For more information see the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label.

Control directions for biotypes confirmed as resistant to glyphosate are made available on separately published supplemental labeling or fact sheets for this product and can be obtained from your local retailer or INFINICROP, LLC representative.

Since the occurrence of new glyphosate resistant weeds cannot be determined until after product use and scientific confirmation, to the extent consistent with applicable law, INFINICROP, LLC is not responsible for any losses that may result from the failure of this product to control glyphosate-resistant weed biotypes.

The following good agronomic practices are recommended to reduce the spread of confirmed glyphosate resistant biotypes:

- If a naturally occurring resistant biotype is present in your field, this product should be tank-mixed or applied sequentially with an appropriately labeled herbicide with a different mode of action to achieve control
- Cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g. crop rotation or tillage) may also be used as appropriate.
- One method for adding other herbicides into a continuous Glyphosate Resistant system is to rotate to other Glyphosate Resistant crops.
- Scout treated fields after herbicide applications and control escaping weeds including resistant biotypes before they set seed.
- Thoroughly clean equipment before leaving fields known to contain resistant biotypes.

6.0 – MIXING

Clean sprayer parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

NOTE: REDUCED RESULTS MAY OCCUR IF WATER CONTAINING SOIL IS USED, SUCH AS VISIBLY MUDDY WATER OR WATER FROM PONDS AND DITCHES THAT IS NOT CLEAR.

6.1 - MIXING WITH WATER

This product mixes readily with water. Mix spray solutions of this product as follows: Fill the mixing or spray tank with the required amount of water. Add the labeled amount of this product near the end of the filling process and mix well. Use caution to avoid siphoning back into the carrier source. Use approved anti-back-siphoning devices where required by state or local regulations. During mixing and application, foaming of the spray solution may occur. To prevent or minimize foam, avoid the use of mechanical agitators, terminate by-pass and return lines at the bottom of the tank and, if needed, use an approved anti-foam or de-foaming agent.

6.2 - TANK MIXING PROCEDURE

Mix labeled tank mixtures of this product with water as follows:

1. Place a 20 to 35-mesh screen or wetting basket over filling port.
2. Through the screen, fill the spray tank one-half full with water and start agitation.
3. If ammonium sulfate is used add it slowly through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation. Ensure that dry ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding other products.

4. If a wettable powder is used, make a slurry with the water carrier, and add it SLOWLY through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
5. If a flowable formulation is used, premix one part flowable with one part water. Add diluted mixture SLOWLY through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
6. If an emulsifiable concentrate formulation is used, premix one part emulsifiable concentrate with two parts water. Add diluted mixture slowly through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
7. Continue filling the spray tank with water and add the required amount of this product near the end of the filling process.
8. Add individual formulations to the spray tank as follows: wettable powder, flowable, emulsifiable concentrate, drift control additive and water soluble liquid.

Maintain good agitation at all times until the contents of the tank are sprayed. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle, thorough agitation is required to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed.

Keep by-pass line on or near the bottom of the tank to minimize foaming. Screen size in nozzle or line strainers should be no finer than 50 mesh.

Always predetermine the compatibility of labeled tank mixtures of this product with water carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance. Refer to the "TANK MIXING" section of "USE INFORMATION" for additional precautions.

6.3 - MIXING FOR HAND-HELD SPRAYERS

Prepare the desired volume of spray solution by mixing the amount of this product in water as shown in the following table:

Desired Volume	Amount of Glyphosate IPA 41% SL					
	1/2%	1%	1 1/2%	2%	5%	10%
1 Gal	2/3 fl. oz	1 1/3 fl. oz	2 fl. oz	2 2/3 fl. oz	6 1/2 fl. oz	13 fl. oz
25 Gal	1 pt	1 qt	1 1/2 qt	2 qt	5 qt	10 qt
100 Gal	2 qt	1 gal	1 1/2 gal	2 gal	5 gal	10 gal

2 tablespoons = 1 fluid ounce

For use in knapsack sprayers, it is suggested that the labeled amount of this product be mixed with water in a larger container. Fill sprayer with the mixed solution.

6.4 – SURFACTANTS

OPTIONAL STATEMENTS:

[No additional surfactant in the spray solution is needed or recommended. This includes additives containing surfactants, buffering agents or pH adjusting agents when [INSERT BRAND NAME] is the only pesticide used unless otherwise directed.]
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OR

[Additional surfactants labeled for use with herbicides may be used. Do not reduce application rates of this herbicide when adding surfactants. Read and carefully observe cautionary statements and other information appearing on the additives label.]

6.5 - AMMONIUM SULFATE

The addition of 1 to 2 percent dry ammonium sulfate by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water may increase the performance of this product, particularly when tank mixed with certain residual herbicides on annual and perennial weeds. The equivalent rate of ammonium sulfate in a liquid formulation may also be used.

Ensure that ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding herbicides. Thoroughly rinse the spray system with clean water after use to reduce corrosion.

NOTE: When using ammonium sulfate, apply this product at rates specified in this label. Lower rates will result in reduced performance.

6.6 - COLORANTS OR DYES

Agriculturally approved colorants or marking dyes may be added to this product. Colorants or dyes used in spray solutions of this product may reduce performance, especially at lower rates or dilutions. Use colorants or dyes according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

6.7 - DRIFT CONTROL ADDITIVES

Drift control additives may be used with all equipment types, except wiper applicators, sponge bars and CDA equipment. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label.

NOTE: The use of drift control additives can affect spray coverage which may result in reduced performance.

7.0 - APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

This product may be applied with the following application equipment:

- Aerial – Fixed Wing and Helicopter
- Ground Broadcast Spray – Boom or boomless systems, pull-type sprayer, floaters, pick-up sprayers, spray coupes and other ground broadcast equipment.
- Hand-Held or High-Volume Spray Equipment – Knapsack and backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, handguns, handwands, mistblowers*, lances and other hand-held and motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray onto weed foliage.
- Selective Equipment – Shielded and hooded sprayers, wiper applicators and sponge bars.
- Injection Systems – Aerial or ground injection sprayers.
- Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA) – Hand-held or boom-mounted applicators which produce a spray consisting of a narrow range of droplet sizes.

*This product is not registered in California or Arizona for use in mistblowers.

APPLY THESE SPRAY SOLUTIONS IN PROPERLY MAINTAINED AND CALIBRATED EQUIPMENT CAPABLE OF DELIVERING DESIRED VOLUMES.

7.1 - DRIFT PRECAUTION

Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift, or splash onto desirable vegetation. Extreme care must be exercised to avoid contact of spray with foliage, green stems or fruit of desirable crops, plants, trees or other desirable vegetation since minute quantities of this product can cause severe damage or destruction to the crop, plants or other areas on which treatment was NOT intended. Examples of, but not limited to, crop types that may be sensitive to glyphosate exposure include rice, small grain cereals, peanuts, potatoes, vegetables, fruits and ornamentals.

Applicators should be aware of any potentially sensitive crops near application zone before making application. To prevent injury to adjacent desirable vegetation, appropriate buffer zones must be maintained.

1. Do not apply within 100 feet of any desirable vegetation or crops.
2. If wind up to 5 miles per hour is blowing toward desirable vegetation or crops, do not apply within 500 feet upwind of the desirable vegetation or crops.
3. Winds blowing from 5 to 10 miles per hour toward desirable vegetation or crops will likely require buffer zones in excess of 500 feet.

If unsure of appropriate buffer zone, contact your local Extension Agent for advice.

7.2 - AERIAL EQUIPMENT

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT USING AERIAL SPRAY EQUIPMENT EXCEPT UNDER CONDITIONS AS SPECIFIED WITHIN THIS LABEL. FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA AND ARKANSAS, REFER TO INSTRUCTIONS SPECIFIC TO THOSE STATES.

This product plus dicamba tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

Use the specified rates of this herbicide in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise specified on this label. Unless otherwise specified, do not exceed 1 quart per acre. Aerial applications of this product may be made in annual cropping conventional tillage systems, fallow and reduced tillage systems and preharvest applications. Refer to the individual use area sections of this label for labeled volumes and application rates.

Ensure uniform application – To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

AERIAL SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT AT THE APPLICATION SITE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR. The interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed $\frac{3}{4}$ the length of the wingspan or rotor.
2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (See Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions Sections of this label).

CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE

- Volume – Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure – Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles – Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation – Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type – Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.
- Boom Length - For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than $\frac{3}{4}$ of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.
- Application Height - Applications must not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the target plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

SWATH ADJUSTMENT

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance must increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)

WIND

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application must be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator must be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Applications must not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions.

Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

SENSITIVE AREAS

The pesticide must only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

Avoid direct application to any body of water.

Aircraft Maintenance –

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. **PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. LANDING GEAR ARE MOST SUSCEPTIBLE.** The maintenance of an organic coating (paint), which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413, may prevent corrosion.

FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA ONLY

Aerial applications of this product are allowed in the following situations:

1. In fallow and reduced tillage systems prior to the emergence or transplanting of labeled crops.
2. In alfalfa and pasture renovation applications.
3. Over-the-top applications in Glyphosate Resistant corn and cotton.
4. Preharvest in alfalfa, corn, cotton, wheat, Glyphosate Resistant corn and Glyphosate Resistant cotton.

Do not plant subsequent crops other than those listed in the label booklet for 30 days following application.

When tank mixing this product with 2,4-D for aerial applications, only 2,4-D amine formulations may be used. This tank mixture may be used for fallow and reduced tillage systems and alfalfa and pasture renovation applications only.

DO NOT EXCEED A MAXIMUM RATE OF 2 QUARTS (1.5 LBS AE) PER ACRE OF THIS PRODUCT WHEN MAKING APPLICATIONS BY AIR IN FALLOW AND REDUCED TILLAGE SYSTEMS AND ALFALFA AND PASTURE RENOVATION APPLICATIONS.

DO NOT EXCEED A MAXIMUM RATE OF 1 QUART (0.75 LBS AE) PER ACRE OF THIS PRODUCT WHEN MAKING APPLICATIONS BY AIR IN ALFALFA, CORN, COTTON, WHEAT, GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT CORN AND GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT COTTON PRIOR TO HARVEST. THIS RESTRICTION ALSO APPLIES TO OVER-THE-TOP APPLICATIONS IN GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT CORN AND COTTON.

Aerial Equipment

Use the labeled rates of this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

Use the following guidelines when aerial applications are made near crops or desirable perennial vegetation after bud break and before total leaf drop, and/or near other desirable vegetation or annual crops.

1. Do not apply within 100 feet of all desirable vegetation or crop(s).
2. If wind up to 5 miles per hour is blowing toward desirable vegetation or crop(s), do not apply within 500 feet of the desirable vegetation or crop(s).
3. Winds blowing from 5 to 10 miles per hour toward desirable vegetation or crop(s) may require buffer zones in excess of 500 feet.
4. Do not apply when winds are in excess of 10 miles per hour or when inversion conditions exist.

FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN FRESNO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA (Only From February 15 through March 31 Only)

Applicable Area:

The area contained inside the following boundaries within Fresno County, California.

North: Fresno County line
South: Fresno County line
East: State Highway 99
West: Fresno County line

Use Information:

Always read and follow the label directions and precautionary statements for all products used in the aerial application.

Observe the following directions to minimize off-site movement during aerial application of this product. Minimization of off-site movement is the responsibility of the grower, Pest Control Advisor and aerial applicator.

Written Recommendations:

A written recommendation **MUST** be submitted by or on behalf of the applicator to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner 24 hours prior to the application. This written recommendation **MUST** state the proximity of surrounding crops, and that conditions of each manufacturer's product label and this label have been satisfied.

Aerial Applicator Training and Equipment:

Aerial application of this product is limited to pilots who have successfully completed a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner and California Department of Pesticide Regulation approved training program for aerial application of herbicides. All aircraft must be inspected, critiqued in flight and certified at a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-in. Test and calibrate spray equipment at intervals sufficient to ensure that proper rates of herbicides and adjuvants are being applied during commercial use. Applicator must document such calibrations and testing. Demonstration of performance at Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-ins constitutes such documentation, or other written records showing calculations and measurements of flight and spray parameters acceptable to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

Applications at Night:

Do not apply this product by air earlier than 30 minutes prior to sunrise and/or later than 30 minutes after sunset without prior permission from the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

Note: For aerial application from April 1 through February 14, refer to the "For Aerial Application in California Only" section of this label.

FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN ARKANSAS ONLY

AVOID DRIFT. DO NOT APPLY INTO STILL AIR WHERE THERE IS A TEMPERATURE INVERSION LAYER LOW ENOUGH FOR FINE SPRAY PARTICLES TO BECOME SUSPENDED AND MOVE OUTSIDE THE TARGET AREA WHEN THE INVERSION LAYER MOVES. DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION THAT FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT IS LIKELY TO CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Use the specified rate of this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre. Use sufficient carrier volume and appropriate equipment set-up to form droplets large enough to avoid drift potential.

Applications should typically be made with the nozzle release point at 8 to 15 feet above the top of the target plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 75% of the length of the wingspan or rotor. In many cases, reducing this distance to 65% of the length of the wingspan or rotor will improve drift control without affecting the swath width.

Nozzles must always discharge backward parallel with the air stream and never discharge downwards more than 45 degrees on fixed wing aircraft or forward of the prevailing airflow on rotary winged aircraft. Avoid the use of nozzles with wide-angle discharge.

Do not apply this product when wind speeds are in excess of 10 miles per hour.

Do not apply when there is a low-level inversion where fine spray particles could be suspended in still air and move outside the target area when the inversion layer moves. These conditions may occur when wind speeds are less than 2 mph.

Use the following guidelines when applications are made near crops or other desirable vegetation:

1. Do not apply within 100 feet of any desirable vegetation or crops.
2. If wind up to 5 miles per hour is blowing toward desirable vegetation or crops, do not apply within 500 feet upwind of the desirable vegetation or crops.
3. Winds blowing from 5 to 10 miles per hour toward desirable vegetation or crops will likely require buffer zones in excess of 500 feet.

7.3 - GROUND BROADCAST EQUIPMENT

Use the specified rates of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray unless otherwise specified. As density of weeds increases, spray volume should be increased within the labeled range to ensure complete coverage. Carefully select proper nozzles to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat fan nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

7.4 – HAND-HELD OR HIGH-VOLUME EQUIPMENT

Apply to foliage of vegetation to be controlled. For applications made on a spray-to-wet basis, spray coverage must be uniform and complete. Do not spray to the point of runoff. Use coarse sprays only. For labeled rates and timing, refer to the “ANNUAL WEEDS – HAND-HELD OR HIGH-VOLUME EQUIPMENT” section of this label.

7.5 - SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT

This product may be applied through shielded applicators, hooded sprayers, wiper applicators or sponge bars after dilution and thorough mixing with water to listed weeds growing in any non-crop site specified on this label.

In cropping systems, hooded sprayers, shielded sprayers, and wipers may be used in row middles (in between rows of crop plants) where any dripping or leaking will not contact crop foliage. Such equipment must be capable of preventing all crop contact with herbicide solutions and operated without leakage of spray mists or dripping onto crop. Wipers over-the-top of crops may be used only when specifically labeled in this product's labeling.

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

Contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or destruction. Applicators used above desirable vegetation must be adjusted so that the lowest spray stream or wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling on desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Applications made above the crops should be made when the weeds are a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations or when the height of the weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatment may be necessary.

Shielded and Hooded Applicators

When applied under the conditions described in the following paragraphs for shielded and hooded applications, this product at labeled rates will control those weeds listed in the “ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE” and “PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE” sections of this label. A hooded sprayer is a type of shielded applicator where the spray pattern is fully enclosed including top, sides, front and back, thereby shielding the crop from the spray solution. Keep shields on these sprayers adjusted to protect desirable vegetation. When applying to crops grown on raised beds, ensure that the hood is designed to completely enclose the spray solution. If necessary, extend the front and rear flaps of the hoods to reach the ground in deep furrows. EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

This equipment must be set up and operated in a manner that avoids bouncing or raising the hoods off the ground in any way. If the goods are raised, spray particles may escape and come into contact with the crop, causing damage or destruction of the crop. Avoid operation on rough or sloping ground where the spray hoods might be raised off the ground.

Use hoods designed to minimize excessive dripping or run-off down the insides of the hoods. Use a single, low pressure/low drift flat-fan nozzle with an 80 to 95 degree spray angle positioned at the top center of the hood. Minimum spray volume must be 20 to 30 gallons per acre.

These procedures will reduce the potential for crop injury:

- The spray hoods must be operated on the ground of skimmed across the ground.
- Leave at least an 8 inch untreated strip over the drill row. For example, if the crop row width is 38 inches, the maximum width of the spray hood should be 30 inches.
- Maximum tractor speed: 5 miles per hour to avoid bouncing of the spray hoods.
- Maximum wind speed: 10 miles per hour.
- Use low-drift nozzles that provide uniform coverage within the treated area.

Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds comes into direct contact with leaves of the crop. Do not apply this product when the leaves of the crop are growing in direct contact with weeds to be treated. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution may contact the crop and cause discoloration, stunting or destruction.

EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

WIPER APPLICATORS

When applied under the conditions described in the following paragraphs, this product **CONTROLS** many weeds, including volunteer corn, Texas panicum, common rye, shattercane, sicklepod, Spanish needles and bristly starbur; and **SUPPRESSES** many weeds including Florida beggarweed, Bermuda grass, hemp dogbane, dogfennel, guineagrass, johnsongrass, milkweed, silverleaf nightshade, redroot pigweed, giant ragweed, smutgrass, sunflower, Canada thistle, musk thistle, vaseygrass & velvetleaf.

Wiper applicators are devices that physically wipe appropriate amounts of this product directly onto the weed.

Equipment must be designed, maintained and operated to prevent the herbicide solution from contacting desirable vegetation. Operate this equipment at ground speeds no greater than 5 mph. Performance may be improved by reducing speed in areas of heavy weed infestations to ensure adequate wiper saturation. Better results may be obtained if 2 applications are made in opposite directions.

Avoid leakage or dripping onto desirable vegetation. Adjust height of applicator to ensure adequate contact with weeds. Keep wiping surfaces clean. Be aware that, on sloping ground, the herbicide solution may migrate, causing dripping on the lower end and drying of the wicks on the upper end of a wiper applicator.

Do not use wiper equipment when weeds are wet.

Mix only the amount of solution to be used during a 1-day period, as reduced activity may result from use of leftover solutions. Clean wiper parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

Do not add surfactant to the herbicide solution.

For Rope or Sponge Wick Applicators – Mix 1 gallon (3.0 lbs ae) of this product in 2 gallons of water to prepare a 33 percent solution. Apply this solution to weeds listed above in this section.

For Panel Applicators – Solutions ranging from 33 to 100 percent of this product in water may be used in panel wiper applicators.

7.6 - INJECTION SYSTEMS

This product may be used in aerial or ground injection spray systems. It may be used as a liquid concentrate or diluted prior to injecting into the spray stream. Do not mix this product with the concentrate of other products when using injection systems.

7.7 – CONTROLLED DROPLET APPLICATION (CDA) EQUIPMENT

The rate of this product applied per acre by vehicle-mounted CDA equipment must not be less than the amount labeled in this label when applied by conventional broadcast equipment. For vehicle-mounted CDA equipment, apply 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

For the control of annual weeds with hand-held CDA units, apply a 20 percent solution of this product at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 1.5 mph (1 quart per acre). For the control of perennial weeds, apply a 20 to 40 percent solution of this product at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 0.75 mph (2 to 4 quarts per acre).

Controlled droplet application equipment produces a spray pattern which is not easily visible. Extreme care must be exercised to avoid spray or drift contacting the foliage or any other green tissue of desirable vegetation, as damage or destruction may result.

8.0 - ANNUAL & PERENNIAL CROPS (Alphabetical)

This section is organized alphabetically by crop category. There may be several labeled crops listed in a crop category.

SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP CATEGORIES FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, PREHARVEST INTERVALS, AND ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

See the "GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT CROPS" section of this label.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS

Chemical fallow, Pre-plant fallow beds, Pre-plant, Pre-emergence, At Planting, Hooded Sprayers in Row-Middles, Shielded Sprayers in Row-Middles, Wiper Applications in Row-Middles, and Post-Harvest Treatments.

Additional application types may be specified or allowed in individual Crop Categories.

USE DIRECTIONS

Apply this product during fallow intervals preceding planting, prior to planting or transplanting, at planting, or pre-emergent to annual and perennial crops listed in this label, except where specifically limited. For any crop NOT listed in this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. **UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, WEED CONTROL APPLICATIONS MAY BE MADE ACCORDING TO THE RATES LISTED IN "ANNUAL WEEDS", PERENNIAL WEEDS", AND WOODY BRUSH & TREES RATE TABLES" IN THIS LABEL.** Repeat applications may be made up to a maximum of 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) per acre per year.

Post-directed hooded sprayers and wiper equipment capable of preventing all crop contact with herbicide solutions may be used in mulched or un-mulched row middles after crop establishment. Where specifically noted below, wipers may also be used above certain crops to control tall weeds. Refer to the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label for essential precautions when using hooded sprayers or wipers to avoid crop injury caused by leakage of spray mists or dripping onto crops. Crop injury is possible with these applications.

The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

PRECAUTIONS

- Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe injury or destruction may result.
- Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of injury.

RESTRICTIONS

- Unless otherwise specified in this product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest.
- In crops where spot treatments are allowed, do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside the target area for the same reason.
- When making pre-emergence and at planting applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Broadcast applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings.
- Post-harvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop.
- For broadcast post-emergent treatments, do not harvest or feed treated vegetation for 8 weeks following application, unless otherwise specified.

8.1 - CEREAL CROPS		
LABELED CROPS: Barley, Buckwheat, Millet (Pearl & Proso), Oats, Rice, Rye, Quinoa, Teff, Teosinte, Triticale, Wheat (All), Wild rice.		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
See Section 8.0 Pre-Plant, Pre-Emergence, At-Planting	See Use Directions in Section 8.0 This product may be applied before, during or after planting of cereal crops. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.	See Section 8.0 Do not treat rice fields or levees when the field contains floodwater. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application, except for preharvest and red rice control applications. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days. Do not harvest or feed vegetation from an area for 8 weeks following broadcast application
Red Rice Control (prior to planting rice)	Apply 1.5 quarts (1.125 lbs ae) of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Flush fields prior to application to obtain uniform germination and stand of red rice. Make application when the majority of the red rice plants are in the 2-leaf stage and no more than 4 inches tall. Red rice plants with less than 2 true leaves may only be partially controlled. Avoid spraying during low humidity conditions, as reduced control may result.	DO NOT TREAT RICE FIELDS OR LEVEES WHEN THE FIELDS CONTAIN FLOOD WATER. DO NOT RE-FLOOD TREATED FIELDS FOR 8 DAYS FOLLOWING APPLICATION. Do not apply more than 1.5 quarts (1.125 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 1.5 quarts (1.125 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. Do not harvest or feed vegetation from an area for 8 weeks following broadcast application. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
Spot treatment (except rice)	This product may be applied as a spot treatment in cereal crops. Apply this product before heading in small grains.	Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Do not spray or allow drift outside target area for the same reason. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year. Application must be made a minimum of 14 days prior to harvest. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
Over the Top Wiper applications	Wiper applications may be used in wheat. To control common rye or cereal rye, apply after the weeds have headed and achieved maximum growth, when the rye is at least 6 inches above the wheat crop.	Allow at least 35 days between application and harvest. Do not use roller applicators.

8.1 - CEREAL CROPS		
LABELED CROPS: Barley, Buckwheat, Millet (Pearl & Proso), Oats, Rice, Rye, Quinoa, Teff, Teosinte, Triticale, Wheat (All), Wild rice.		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
(Feed barley & wheat only)		Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
Pre-harvest (Feed barley & wheat only)	This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of wheat. Apply after the hard-dough stage of grain (30% or less grain moisture) and at least 7 days prior to harvest. Wheat stubble may be grazed immediately after harvest. This product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. For ground applications, apply this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications, apply this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.	Do not apply more than 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year. Do not apply to wheat or barley grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur. Allow 7 days between application and harvest or grazing. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
Post-harvest	This product may be applied after harvest of cereal crops. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.	For any crop not listed on this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting the next crop. Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.

8.2 – CORN (Non-Glyphosate-Resistant)					
LABELED CROPS: Field corn, Seed corn, Silage corn, Sweet corn and Popcorn					
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS			
See Section 8.0 Pre-plant, Pre-emergence, At planting	See Use Directions in Section 8.0 This product may be applied before, during or after planting corn. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop. TANK MIXTURES: Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre. <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%;">2,4-D Carfentrazone-ethyl Atrazine Flufenacet + Metribuzin Isoxaflutole Dicamba Atrazine+S-Metolachlor Alachlor + Atrazine</td> <td style="width: 33%;">Dicamba, sodium salt + Diflufenzopyr-sodium S-Metolachlor Flufenacet + Isoxaflutole dimethenamid-P Acetochlor Acetochlor + Atrazine Simazine Flumiclorac</td> <td style="width: 33%;">Atrazine + dimethenamid-P Flumetsulam + Clopyralid potassium Rimsulfuron + Thifensulfuron Alachlor Linuron Atrazine + Dicamba, potassium salt Pendimethalin Flumetsulam</td> </tr> </table> For difficult to control annual weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signal grass up to 2 inches tall and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 2 pints (0.75 lb ae) per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled weeds, apply 1.5 to 2 pints (0.56-0.75 lb ae) of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, 2 to 3 pints (0.75-1.125 lb ae) when weeds are over 6 inches tall. When using nitrogen solutions as the carrier, use rate may need to be increased for acceptable weed control.	2,4-D Carfentrazone-ethyl Atrazine Flufenacet + Metribuzin Isoxaflutole Dicamba Atrazine+S-Metolachlor Alachlor + Atrazine	Dicamba, sodium salt + Diflufenzopyr-sodium S-Metolachlor Flufenacet + Isoxaflutole dimethenamid-P Acetochlor Acetochlor + Atrazine Simazine Flumiclorac	Atrazine + dimethenamid-P Flumetsulam + Clopyralid potassium Rimsulfuron + Thifensulfuron Alachlor Linuron Atrazine + Dicamba, potassium salt Pendimethalin Flumetsulam	See Section 8.0 Applications of 2,4-D or dicamba must be made at least 7 days prior to planting corn. For Southern states, do not apply in nitrogen solutions to tough-to-control grasses such as barnyardgrass, fall panicum, broadleaf signalgrass, annual ryegrass and any perennial weeds. The area covered by these directions includes from Route 50 South in Illinois and Indiana and the following states: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, New Jersey, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia and West Virginia. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
2,4-D Carfentrazone-ethyl Atrazine Flufenacet + Metribuzin Isoxaflutole Dicamba Atrazine+S-Metolachlor Alachlor + Atrazine	Dicamba, sodium salt + Diflufenzopyr-sodium S-Metolachlor Flufenacet + Isoxaflutole dimethenamid-P Acetochlor Acetochlor + Atrazine Simazine Flumiclorac	Atrazine + dimethenamid-P Flumetsulam + Clopyralid potassium Rimsulfuron + Thifensulfuron Alachlor Linuron Atrazine + Dicamba, potassium salt Pendimethalin Flumetsulam			

8.2 – CORN (Non-Glyphosate-Resistant)

LABELED CROPS: Field corn, Seed corn, Silage corn, Sweet corn and Popcorn		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Spot treatment	For spot treatments, apply this product prior to silking of corn.	<p>Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested.</p> <p>The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Do not spray or allow drift outside target area for the same reason.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application</p> <p>Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p>
Hooded sprayers	<p>This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of corn.</p> <p>Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used.</p> <p>See additional instructions for the use of hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.</p> <p>Precaution: Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage.</p>	<p>Corn must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 1 quart of this product per acre for each application and no more than 3 quarts per acre per year for hooded sprayer applications.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 3 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p> <p>Application must be made a minimum of 14 days prior to harvest.</p>
Pre-harvest	<p>Make applications at 35 percent grain moisture or less. Ensure that maximum kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed).</p> <p>For ground applications, apply up to 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) of this product per acre.</p> <p>For aerial applications, apply up to 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product per acre.</p>	<p>Do not apply more than 3 quarts (2.25 lb ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p> <p>Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest.</p> <p>Do not make applications to corn grown for seed.</p>
Post-harvest	This product may be applied after harvest of corn. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.	<p>Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application</p> <p>Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p>

8.3 – COTTON

LABELED CROPS: Cotton (non-Glyphosate-Resistant)		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
See Section 8.0 Pre-plant, Pre-emergence, At-planting	See Use Directions in Section 8.0 This product may be applied before, during or after planting cotton.	See Section 8.0 Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
Hooded sprayer, Selective equipment	This product may be applied through hooded sprayers, shielded applicators or wiper applicators in cotton.	See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment. Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
Spot treatment	For spot treatments, apply this product prior to boll opening of cotton.	Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Do not spray or allow drift outside target area for the same reason.
Pre-harvest	This product provides weed control and cotton regrowth inhibition when applied prior to harvest of cotton. For weed control, apply at rates given in the annual, perennial and woody brush tables. Apply 1 pint to 2 quarts (0.375-1.5 lbs ae) of this product per acre for cotton regrowth inhibition. Up to 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. Apply after sufficient bolls have developed to produce the desired yield of cotton. Applications made prior to this time could affect maximum yield potential. TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with tribufos, diuron + thidiazuron, or ethephon to provide additional enhancement of cotton leaf drop.	Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest. Do not apply to cotton grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur. THE USE OF ADDITIVES OTHER THAN THOSE LISTED ON THIS LABEL, FOR PREHARVEST APPLICATION TO COTTON IS PROHIBITED. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

8.4 - FALLOW SYSTEMS

LABLED CROPS: This product may be applied during the fallow period prior to planting or emergence of any crop on this label.		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Chemical Fallow	See Use Directions in Section 8.0 This product may be applied during the fallow period prior to planting or emergence of any crop listed on this label. This product may be used as a substitute for tillage to control annual weeds in fallow fields. Also, broadcast or spot treatments will control or suppress many perennial weeds in fallow fields. Ground or aerial application equipment may be used. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D and dicamba may be used. Applications up to 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre may be made by aerial application in fallow sites where there is sufficient buffer to prevent injury due to drift onto adjacent crops.	See Section 8.0 For any crop not listed on this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. DO NOT APPLY DICAMBA TANK MIXTURES BY AIR IN CALIFORNIA. Refer to the specific product labels for crop rotation restrictions and cautionary statements of all products used in tank mixtures.
Pre-plant Fallow Beds	This product may be applied to fallow beds prior to planting or emergence of any crop listed on this label. This product will control weeds listed in the annual, perennial and woody brush tables. TANK MIXTURES: In addition, 12 fluid ounces (0.281 lb ae) of this product plus 2 to 3 oz of oxyfluorfen per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 3" – common cheeseweed, chickweed, groundsel; 6" – London rocket, shepherdspurse. 16 fluid ounces (0.375 lb ae) of this product plus the labeled rate of oxyfluorfen per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 6" – common cheeseweed, groundsel, marestalk (<i>Conyza canadensis</i>), 12" – chickweed, London rocket, shepherdspurse. PRECAUTION: Some crop injury may occur if dicamba is applied within 45 days of planting.	Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
Aid-to-Tillage	This product may be used in conjunction with tillage practices in fallow systems or pre-plant to labeled crops to control downy brome, cheat, volunteer wheat, tansy mustard and foxtail. Apply 12 fluid ounces (0.281 lb ae) of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Make applications before weeds are 6 inches in height. Application must be followed by conventional tillage practices no later than 15 days after treatment and before regrowth occurs. PRECAUTION: Tank mixtures with residual herbicides may result in reduced performance.	Allow at least 1 day after application before tillage. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

8.5 – GRAIN SORGHUM (Milo)

LABLED CROPS: Grain Sorghum (Milo)				
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS		
See Section 8.0	See Use Directions in Section 8.0	See Section 8.0		
Pre-Plant, Pre-Emergence, At-Planting	This product may be applied alone or in tank mixture before, during or after planting grain sorghum. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop. TANK MIXTURES: Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre. <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">Atrazine Atrazine + S-Metolachlor Alachlor + Atrazine</td> <td style="width: 50%;">Alachlor S-Metolachlor</td> </tr> </table> For difficult-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 2 pints (0.75 lb ae) per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 1.5 to 2 pints (0.56-0.75 lb ae) of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 2 to 3 pints (0.75-1.125 lbs ae) when weeds are over 6 inches tall. When using nitrogen solutions as the carrier, the use rate may need to be increased for acceptable weed control.	Atrazine Atrazine + S-Metolachlor Alachlor + Atrazine	Alachlor S-Metolachlor	For spot treatment, do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Do not spray or allow drift outside target area for the same reason. For wiper applicators, allow at least 40 days between application and harvest. Do not use roller applicators. Do not feed or graze treated milo fodder. Do not ensile treated vegetation. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.
Atrazine Atrazine + S-Metolachlor Alachlor + Atrazine	Alachlor S-Metolachlor			
Spot Treatment, Over-the-Top Wiper Applications	This product may be applied as a spot treatment in grain sorghum. Make spot treatments before heading of milo. This product may be applied with wiper applicators to control or suppress the weeds listed under "WIPER APPLICATORS" in the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label.	Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.		

8.5 – GRAIN SORGHUM (Milo)

LABELED CROPS: Grain Sorghum (Milo)		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Hooded Sprayers	<p>This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of milo. Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used. See additional instruction for the use of hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATIONS EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.</p> <p>Treat before milo sends tillers between the drill rows. If such tillers are contacted with the spray solution, the main plant may be killed. Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage.</p> <p>Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds comes into direct contact with leaves of the crop. Do not apply this product when the leaves of the crop are growing in direct contact with weeds to be treated. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution may contact the crop and cause discoloration, stunting or destruction.</p>	<p>Milo must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves.</p> <p>Do not graze or feed milo forage or fodder following applications of this product through hooded sprayers.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) per acre per application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) per acre for hooded sprayer applications.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 3 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p>
Pre-harvest	<p>Make applications at 30% grain moisture or less.</p> <p>As with other herbicides that cause sudden plant death, avoid pre-harvest applications of this product to milo infected with charcoal rot as lodging can occur.</p>	<p>Do not apply more than 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p> <p>Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of sorghum.</p> <p>The use of this product for pre-harvest grain sorghum (milo) is not registered in California.</p> <p>Do not make applications to sorghum grown for seed.</p>
Post-harvest	<p>This product may be applied after harvest of grain sorghum. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.</p> <p>This product may be applied to grain sorghum (milo) stubble following harvest to suppress or control regrowth. Apply 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) of this product per acre for control, or 1.5 pints (0.56 lb ae) of this product per acre for suppression.</p>	<p>Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p>

8.6 - HERBS AND SPICES

LABELED CROPS: Allspice, Angelica, Star anise, Annatto (seed), Balm, Basil, Borage, Burnet, Chamomile, Capers buds, Caraway, Black caraway, Cardamom, Cassia bark, Cassia buds, Catnip, Celery seed, Chervil (dried), Chive, Chinese chive, Cilantro (seed), Cinnamon, Clary, Clove buds, Coriander leaf (cilantro or Chinese parsley), Coriander seed (cilantro), Costmary, Culantro (leaf), Cumin, Curry (leaf), Dill (dillweed), Dill (seed), Epazote, Fennel seed (common and Florence), Fenugreek, White ginger flower, Grains of paradise, Horehound, Hyssop, Juniper berry, Lavender, Lemongrass, Lovage (leaf and seed), Mace, Marigold, Marjoram (including oregano), Mexican oregano, Miaga flower, Mustard (seed), Nasturtium, Nutmeg, Parsley (dried), Pennyroyal, Pepper (black and white), Pepper leaves, Peppermint, Perilla, Poppy (seed), Rosemary, Rue, Saffron, Sage, Savory (summer and winter), Spearmint, Stevia leaves, Sweet bay, Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Vanilla, Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood.		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
See Section 8.0	<p>See Use Directions in Section 8.0</p> <p>PRECAUTION: This product could cause crop injury. When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove product residues from the plastic prior to planting. Residual product can be removed by a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or via a sprinkler system. Care must be taken to ensure that the washwater flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter transplant holes. Applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings. For some crops below, applications must be made 3 days before transplanting or planting.</p>	<p>See Section 8.0</p> <p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p>

8.6 - HERBS AND SPICES

LABELLED CROPS: Allspice, Angelica, Star anise, Annatto (seed), Balm, Basil, Borage, Burnet, Chamomile, Capers buds, Caraway, Black caraway, Cardamom, Cassia bark, Cassia buds, Catnip, Celery seed, Chervil (dried), Chive, Chinese chive, Cilantro (seed), Cinnamon, Clary, Clove buds, Coriander leaf (cilantro or Chinese parsley), Coriander seed (cilantro), Costmary, Culantro (leaf), Cumin, Curry (leaf), Dill (dillweed), Dill (seed), Epazote, Fennel seed (common and Florence), Fenugreek, White ginger flower, Grains of paradise, Horehound, Hyssop, Juniper berry, Lavender, Lemongrass, Lovage (leaf and seed), Mace, Marigold, Marjoram (including oregano), Mexican oregano, Miaga flower, Mustard (seed), Nasturtium, Nutmeg, Parsley (dried), Pennyroyal, Pepper (black and white), Pepper leaves, Peppermint, Perilla, Poppy (seed), Rosemary, Rue, Saffron, Sage, Savory (summer and winter), Spearmint, Stevia leaves, Sweet bay, Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Vanilla, Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
<p>Over-the-Top Wiper Application, Spot Treatment</p> <p>(Peppermint and Spearmint only)</p>	<p>This product may be applied as a spot treatment or over the top of peppermint or spearmint with wiper applications in spearmint and peppermint. Apply spot treatments on a spray-to-wet basis with hand-held equipment, such as backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, hand-guns, hand-wands or any other hand-held or motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray solution to a limited area.</p> <p>In wiper applications, the applicator must be adjusted so that the wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the crop. Weeds should be a minimum of 6 inches taller than the crop.</p> <p>PRECAUTION: Contact of the herbicide solution with the crop may result in discoloration, stunting, or destruction.</p> <p>Further applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals.</p>	<p>Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest.</p> <p>In spot treatment applications, no more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested can be treated at one time.</p> <p>The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Do not spray or allow drift outside target area for the same reason.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year.</p>

8.7 OIL SEED CROPS

LABELLED CROPS: Borage, Buffalo gourd (seed), Canola (non-Glyphosate Resistant), Crambe, Flax, Jojoba, Lesquerella, Meadowfoam, Mustard (seed), Rape, Safflower, Sesame, Sunflower.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
<p>See Section 8.0</p>	<p>See Use Directions in Section 8.0</p> <p>This product may be applied before, during or after planting oil seed crops listed in this section. Broadcast applications must be made prior to crop emergence. Wiper applications or hooded sprayers may be used between the rows once the crop is established.</p> <p>TANK MIXTURES: For sunflowers, a tank mixture with pendimethalin may be applied before, during or after planting in conventional tillage systems, into a cover crop, established sod or in previous crop residue.</p>	<p>See Section 8.0</p> <p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p> <p>For use with canola, do not apply more than 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product per acre.</p> <p>For use with sunflowers, do not apply more than 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) of this product per acre as a single pre-plant or pre-emergence application per year.</p> <p>Do not feed or graze sunflower forage following application of this product.</p>
<p>Pre-Harvest</p> <p>(Sunflower & safflower)</p>	<p>This product provides weed control when applied as a harvest aid to a physiologically mature crop prior to harvest of sunflower or safflower.</p> <p>For safflower, apply when seed has lost its opaque character, approximately 20 to 30 days after the end of flowering of the secondary branches.</p> <p>For sunflower, apply when the backsides of sunflower heads are yellow and bracts are turning brown and seed moisture content is less than 35%.</p>	<p>Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or livestock feeding.</p> <p>Apply no more than 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) of this product at a pre-harvest timing to safflower.</p> <p>Apply no more than 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) of this product at a pre-harvest timing to sunflower.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p>
<p>Post-Harvest</p> <p>(Sunflower & safflower)</p>	<p>This product may be applied after harvest of safflower or sunflower. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds, which are growing in the crops at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.</p>	<p>Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.</p> <p>Applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any crop not listed on the Glyphosate IPA 41% SL booklet.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p>

8.8 – SOYBEANS

Labeled Crops: Soybeans (non-Glyphosate Resistant)																																																					
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS																																																			
<p>See Section 8.0</p> <p>Pre-Plant, Pre-Emergence, At-Planting</p>	<p>See Use Directions in Section 8.0</p> <p>This product may be applied before, during or after planting soybeans. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.</p> <p>Refer to table below for tank mixtures that may be applied before, during or after planting in conventional tillage systems, into a cover crop, established sod or in previous crop residue.</p> <p>This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D or 2,4-DB. See the 2,4-D label for intervals between application and planting.</p> <p>For difficult-to-control weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 2 pints (0.75 lb ae) per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 1.5 to 2 pints (0.56-0.75 lb ae) of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 2 to 3 pints (0.56-1.125 lbs ae) when weeds are over 6 inches tall.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>TANK MIXES</th> <th></th> <th></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>2,4-D</td> <td>Flufenacet + Metribuzin</td> <td>Pendimethalin</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Carfentrazone-ethyl</td> <td>S-Metolachlor</td> <td>Imazethapyr</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Quizalofop-p-ethyl</td> <td>Cloransulam-methyl</td> <td>Imazethapyr +</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sulfentrazone</td> <td>Sodium salt of</td> <td>Pendimethalin</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Flufenacet + Metribuzin</td> <td>fomesafen</td> <td>Flumetsulam</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Metribuzin + S-</td> <td>dimethenamid-P</td> <td>Ethaneperoxoic</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Metolachlor</td> <td>Fenoxaprop-p-ethyl +</td> <td>acid + Hydrogen</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Chlorimuron +</td> <td>Fluazifop-P-butyl</td> <td>peroxide</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Metribuzin</td> <td>Cloransulam-methyl +</td> <td>Flumiclorac</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Chlorimuron +</td> <td>Sulfentrazone</td> <td>3-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Tiburon-methyl</td> <td>Cloransulam-methyl +</td> <td>Quinolinecarboxylic</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Chlorimuron</td> <td>Flumioxazin</td> <td>acid</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Clomazone</td> <td>Alachlor</td> <td>Metribuzin</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Imazaquin +</td> <td>Linuron</td> <td>Pendimethalin + 3-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Imazethapyr +</td> <td>Flumioxazin</td> <td>Quinolinecarboxylic</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pendimethalin</td> <td></td> <td>acid</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	TANK MIXES			2,4-D	Flufenacet + Metribuzin	Pendimethalin	Carfentrazone-ethyl	S-Metolachlor	Imazethapyr	Quizalofop-p-ethyl	Cloransulam-methyl	Imazethapyr +	Sulfentrazone	Sodium salt of	Pendimethalin	Flufenacet + Metribuzin	fomesafen	Flumetsulam	Metribuzin + S-	dimethenamid-P	Ethaneperoxoic	Metolachlor	Fenoxaprop-p-ethyl +	acid + Hydrogen	Chlorimuron +	Fluazifop-P-butyl	peroxide	Metribuzin	Cloransulam-methyl +	Flumiclorac	Chlorimuron +	Sulfentrazone	3-	Tiburon-methyl	Cloransulam-methyl +	Quinolinecarboxylic	Chlorimuron	Flumioxazin	acid	Clomazone	Alachlor	Metribuzin	Imazaquin +	Linuron	Pendimethalin + 3-	Imazethapyr +	Flumioxazin	Quinolinecarboxylic	Pendimethalin		acid	<p>See Section 8.0</p> <p>The tank mix recommendations in this section are not registered in California.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p>
TANK MIXES																																																					
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Spot treatment	<p>For spot treatments, apply this product prior to initial pod set in soybeans.</p>	<p>Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested.</p> <p>The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Do not spray or allow drift outside target area for the same reason.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p>																																																			
Pre-harvest	<p>This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of soybeans.</p> <p>Apply at rates given in the annual, perennial and woody brush tables.</p> <p>This product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment.</p> <p>Apply after pods have set and lost all green color. Care should be taken to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.</p> <p>Do not apply to soybeans grown for seed as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.</p>	<p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single applications for preharvest applications.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year for preharvest applications.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product per acre by air.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.</p> <p>Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of soybeans.</p> <p>Do not graze or harvest treated hay or fodder for livestock feed within 25 days of last pre-harvest application. (If the application rate is 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) per acre or lower, the grazing restriction is reduced to 14 days after the last pre-harvest application.)</p>																																																			
Selective equipment	<p>This product may be applied through shielded applicators, hooded sprayers, wiper applicators or sponge bars in soybeans.</p> <p>See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.</p>	<p>Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p>																																																			

8.9 – SUGARCANE		
LABELED CROPS: Sugarcane		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
See Section 8.0 Pre-plant, Pre-emergence, At-planting	See Use Directions in Section 8.0 This product may be applied in or around sugarcane fields or in fields prior to the emergence of plant cane.	See Section 8.0 Do not apply to vegetation in or around ditches, canals or ponds containing water to be used for irrigation. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
Spot Treatment	This product may be applied as a spot treatment in sugarcane. For control of volunteer or diseased sugarcane, make a 1 percent solution of this product in water and spray to wet the foliage of vegetation to be controlled. Volunteer or diseased sugarcane should have at least 7 new leaves. Avoid spray contact with healthy cane plants since severe damage or destruction may result.	Do not feed or graze treated sugarcane foliage following application. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
Fallow treatments	This product may be used as a replacement for tillage in fields that are lying fallow between sugarcane crops. This product may also be used to remove the last stubble of ratoon cane. For removal of last stubble of ratoon cane, apply 4 to 5 quarts (3.0-3.75 lbs ae) of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre to new growth having at least 7 new leaves. Ground or aerial application equipment may be used. Applications up to 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) per acre may be made by aerial application in fallow sites where there is sufficient buffer to prevent injury due to drift onto adjacent crops. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D and dicamba may be used.	Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) of this product per acre per aerial application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
Hooded sprayers	This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of sugarcane. See Section 8.0 for "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT & TECHNIQUES" for additional USE DIRECTIONS. Minimize the potential for spray particles to escape from under the hood by operating the sprayer at appropriate ground speeds, nozzle pressures and wind speeds. Operation on rough or sloping ground may result in spray particles escaping from the hood. When applying to sugarcane that is grown on raised beds, ensure that the hood is designed to completely enclose the spray. If necessary, extend the front and rear flaps of the hoods to reach the ground in furrows between the rows. PRECAUTION: Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling on the crop may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.	Do not allow treated weeds to come into contact with the crop. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

8.9 – SUGARCANE		
LABELED CROPS: Sugarcane		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
<p>FOR AID IN SUGARCANE RIPENING</p> <p>(FLORIDA, HAWAII, LOUISIANA, PUERTO RICO AND TEXAS)</p>	<p>This product is a foliar-applied plant growth regulator to hasten ripening and increase the level of sucrose in sugarcane. It is effective in both low and high-tonnage sugarcane.</p> <p>When applied as directed under the conditions described, this product will hasten ripening and extend the period of high sucrose level in sugarcane.</p> <p>As a result of leaf desiccation, improved trash burn can be expected.</p> <p>Most of the sucrose increase is concentrated in the top nodes of the treated cane stalk. In order to recover the maximum sugar where topping is practiced during harvest, top at the base of the fourth leaf.</p> <p>Prior to application, consult your state sugarcane authority or local INFINICROP, LLC representative regarding the degree of sucrose response anticipated from the variety of sugarcane to be treated. Do not plant subsequent crops in treated fields other than the following for 30 days after application: alfalfa or other forage legumes, beans (all types), corn (all types), cotton, melons (all types), pasture grasses, peanuts, potatoes (Irish or sweet), sorghum (milo), soybeans, squash (all types) or wheat.</p> <p>APPLICATION RATES: Use the following application rates and timing instructions according to the State in which the sugarcane is grown.</p> <p>PRECAUTION: Application of this product may initiate development of shooting eyes. This product may not increase the sucrose content of sugarcane under conditions of good nature ripening. Within 2 to 3 weeks after application, this product may produce a slight yellowing to pronounced browning and drying of leaves, and a shortening of upper internodes. Spindle death may occur.</p> <p>Rainfall within 6 hours after application may reduce effectiveness.</p> <p>NOTE: Use the higher rate within the labeled range when treating sugarcane under adverse ripening conditions or when less responsive varieties are to be treated.</p> <p>FLORIDA - Apply 5 to 12 fluid ounces (0.117-0.281 lb ae) of this product per acre 3 to 6 weeks before harvest of LAST RATOON CANE ONLY.</p> <p>HAWAII – Apply 9 to 21 fluid ounces (0.211-0.492 lb ae) of this product per acre 4 to 10 weeks before harvest.</p> <p>LOUISIANA - Apply 3.5 to 12 fluid ounces (0.082-0.281 lb ae) of this product per acre 3 to 7 weeks before harvest of RATOON CANE ONLY.</p> <p>PUERTO RICO – Apply 5 fluid ounces (0.117 lb ae) of this product per acre 3 to 5 weeks before harvest of RATOON CANE ONLY.</p> <p>TEXAS – Apply 5 to 12 fluid ounces (0.117-0.281 lb ae) of this product per acre 3 to 5 weeks before harvest of RATOON CANE ONLY.</p>	<p>Do not make application to sugarcane grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.</p> <p>Do not feed or graze treated sugarcane forage following application.</p> <p>Do not apply for enhanced ripening to any crops other than sugarcane.</p> <p>Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this label may result in injury to persons, animals or crops, or other unintended consequences.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 1 application per year.</p>

8.10 - VEGETABLE CROPS

NOTE: THIS "VEGETABLE CROPS" SECTION GIVES DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL LISTED VEGETABLE CROPS WITHIN SECTION 8.10 GROUPED ALPHABETICALLY BELOW. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP CATEGORIES FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, PREHARVEST INTERVALS, PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Preplant, Preemergence, Prior to Transplanting Vegetables, At-Planting, Hooded Sprayers in Row Middles, Shielded Sprayers in Row Middles, Wiper Applications in Row Middles, and Post Harvest, Directed Applications (Non-Bearing Ginseng), Over-the-top Wiper Applications (Rutabagas Only).

PRECAUTIONS:

When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product, which could cause crop injury, from the plastic prior to planting. Residues can be removed by single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or via a sprinkler system. Care must be taken to ensure that the wash water flushed off the plastic mulch and does not enter transplant holes. Applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings.

Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe injury or destruction may result.

RESTRICTIONS:

When making pre-emergence and at planting applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of injury. In crops with vines, hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer and wiper applications to row middles must be made prior to vine development otherwise severe injury or destruction may result. Unless otherwise specified in this product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Post-harvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop.

See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional information.

8.10.1 – BRASSICA VEGETABLES		
LABELED CROPS: Broccoli, Broccoli (raab), Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Cabbage (Chinese), Cabbage (Chinese mustard), Cauliflower, Cavalo broccolo, Chinese broccoli (gai lon), Chinese cabbage (bok choy & napa), Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard greens, Mustard spinach, Rape greens		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
See Section 8.10	See Use Directions under Section 8.0	See Section 8.10 Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

8.10.2 – BULB VEGETABLES		
LABELED CROPS: Garlic, Great-headed garlic, Leek, Onion (dry bulb & green), Shallot, Welsh onion, Shallot		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
See Section 8.10	See Use Directions under Section 8.0	See Section 8.10 Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

8.10.3 – CUCURBIT VEGETABLES & FRUITS		
LABELED CROPS: Chayote (fruit), Chinese waxgourd, Citron melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourds, Gourds (edible including hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra), Melons (All), Momordica spp. (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bittermelon, Chinese cucumber), Muskmelon (cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw, golden pershaw, honeydew, honey ball, mango melon & Persian, pineapple, Santa Claus, snake), Pumpkin, Summer Squash (including crookneck, scallop, straightneck, vegetable marrow, zucchini) Winter squash (including butternut, calabaza, hubbard, acorn, spaghetti), Watermelon		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
See Section 8.10	See Use Directions under Section 8.0	For Cantaloupe, Casaba melon, Crenshaw melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourds, Honeydew melon, Honey ball melon, Mango melon, Melons (all) Muskmelon, Persian melon, Pumpkin, Squash (summer & winter), AND Watermelon, allow at least 3 days between application and planting. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

8.10.4 – LEAFY VEGETABLES		
LABELED CROPS: Amaranth (Chinese spinach), Arugula (roquette), Beet greens, Cardoon, Celery, Celery (Chinese), Celtuce, Chaya, Chervil, Chrysanthemum (edible leaved), Chrysanthemum (Garland), Corn salad, Cress (garden & upland), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Dokudami, Endive (escarole), Fennel (Florence), Gow kee, Lettuce (head & leaf), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden & winter), Radicchio (red chicory), Rhubarb, Spinach (All), Swiss Chard, Watercress (upland), Water Spinach		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
See Section 8.10	See Use Directions under Section 8.0 For Watercress, avoid application within 3 days prior to seeding and during the period between seeding and emergence to minimize the risk of injury.	See Section 8.10 Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

8.10.5 - FRUITING VEGETABLES		
LABELED CROPS: Eggplant, Ground cherry (<i>Physalis</i> spp.), Pepino, Pepper (includes bell, chili, cooking, pimento, sweet), Tomatillo, Tomato		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
See Section 8.10	See Use Directions under Section 8.0	See Section 8.10 For Eggplant, Ground cherry, Pepino, Pepper (all), Tomatillo and Tomato, allow at least 3 days between application and planting. Do not use hooded or shielded sprayer applications in row middles of tomatoes. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

8.10.6 – LEGUME VEGETABLES (succulent or dried)		
LABELED CROPS: Bean (<i>Lupinus</i> : includes grain lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin, and white sweet lupin), Bean (<i>Phaseolus</i> : includes field bean, kidney bean, lima bean, navy bean, pinto bean, runner bean, snap bean, tepary bean, wax bean), Bean (<i>Vigna</i> : includes adzuki bean, asparagus bean, blackeyed pea, catjang, Chinese longbean, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, southern pea, urd bean, yardlong bean), Broad bean (fava), Chickpea (garbanzo), Guar, Jackbean, Lablab bean, Lentil, Pea (<i>Pisum</i> : includes dwarf pea, edible podded pea, English pea, field pea, garden pea, green pea, snowpea, sugar snap pea), Pigeon pea, Soybean (immature seed), Sword bean		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
See Section 8.10	See Use Directions under Section 8.0	See Section 8.10
Pre-harvest broadcast spray (Dry beans)	This product may be applied as an over the top broadcast spray to control labeled weeds prior to the harvest of dry beans. Apply up to 32 fluid ounces (0.75 lb ae) in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre at the hard dough stage of the legume seed (30 percent grain moisture or less). Either ground broadcast or aerial applications may be made.	Apply at least 7 days before harvest for Dry Beans, Dry Peas, Lentils & Chickpeas. Only one application per year may be made; do not combine a pre-harvest spray with a spot treatment on the same crop area.
Pre-harvest broadcast spray (Dry Peas, Lentils & Chickpeas)	This product may be applied as an over the top broadcast spray to control labeled weeds prior to the harvest of dry peas, lentils, and chickpeas. Apply up to 64 fluid ounces (1.5 lbs ae) in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre at the hard dough stage of the legume seed (30 percent grain moisture or less). Either ground broadcast or aerial applications may be made.	Do not feed treated vines and hay from these crops to livestock. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. Do not treat field (feed) peas, since these are considered to be grown as livestock feed. Do not make pre-harvest applications to Dry Beans, Dry Peas, Lentils & Chickpeas grown for seed. Do not apply more than 32 fluid ounces (0.75 lb ae) of this product per acre per single application to dry beans. Do not apply more than 32 fluid ounces (0.75 lb ae) of this product per acre per year to dry beans. Do not apply more than 64 fluid ounces (1.50 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application to dry peas, lentils, and chickpeas. Do not apply more than 64 fluid ounces (1.50 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year to dry peas, lentils, and chickpeas.
Spot treatment (Dry beans, Dry Peas, Lentils, Chickpeas)	This product may be applied as spot treatment to control troublesome weeds such as Canada thistle, quackgrass, mayweed (dog fennel), and milkweed in dry beans. Apply up to 26 fluid ounces (0.609 lb ae) in 10 to 20 gallons of water through ground spray equipment or use a 2 percent solution in a handheld sprayer. For best results, applications should be made at or beyond the bud stage of growth. The crop receiving spray in treated areas will be killed.	Apply at least 14 days before harvest Only one application per year may be made; do not combine a pre-harvest spray with a spot treatment on the same crop area. Do not feed treated vines and hay from these crops to livestock. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. Do not treat field cowpeas, since these are considered to be grown as livestock feed. Do not apply more than 26 fluid ounces (0.61 lb ae) of this product per acre per single application to dry peas, lentils, and chickpeas. Do not apply more than 26 fluid ounces (0.61 lb ae) of this product per acre per year to dry peas, lentils, and chickpeas.

8.10.7 – ROOT & TUBER VEGETABLES

LABELED CROPS: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke (Chinese & Jerusalem), Beet (garden), Burdock, Canna, Carrot, Cassava (bitter & sweet), Celeriac, Chayote (root), Chervil, Chicory, Chufa, Dasheen, Galangal, Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Kava, Parsley, Parsnips, Potato (Irish), Radish, Radish (Oriental), Rutabaga, Salsify, Salsify (Black & Spanish), Skirret, Sweet potato, Tanier, Tumeric, Turnip, Wasabi, Yacon, Yams, Yam bean, Yam (True)		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
See Section 8.10	See Use Directions under Section 8.0	See Section 8.10
Direct Application (Non-bearing Ginseng)	This product may be used for weed control in established non-bearing ginseng. Applications may be made with boom equipment, CDA, shielded sprayers, hand-held and high volume wands, lances, and orchard guns or with wiper application equipment. PRECAUTION: Extreme care must be exercised to avoid contact of herbicide solution, spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of trunk, branches, suckers, fruit or other parts of desirable plants. Contact of this product with other than matured brown bark can result in serious crop damage.	Applications must be made at least one year prior to harvest. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
Over-the-Top Wiper Application (Rutabaga Only)	Wiper applicators may be used over-the-top of rutabagas.	Allow at least 14 days between application and harvest of rutabagas. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

8.11 – MISCELLANEOUS CROPS

LABELED CROPS: Aloe vera, Asparagus, Bamboo shoots, Globe artichoke, Okra, Peanut (ground nut), Pineapple, Strawberry, Sugar Beet (non-Glyphosate Resistant)		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
See Section 8.10	See Use Directions under Section 8.0 Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems. Bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe injury or destruction may result.	See Section 8.10 When making pre-emergence and at planting applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid serious crop injury. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of injury. In crops with vines, hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer and wiper applications to row middles must be made prior to vine development otherwise severe injury or destruction may result. Unless otherwise specified in this product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Post harvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
Weed control, Site preparation	This product may be applied for weed control or for site preparation prior to planting or transplanting crops listed in this section. When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct seeding crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product from the plastic prior to transplanting. Residues can be removed by 0.5-inch natural rainfall or by applying water via a sprinkler system. Care must be taken to ensure that the wash water flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter transplant holes. Injury made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings.	Do not apply within a week before the first asparagus spears emerge. Do not feed or graze treated pineapple forage following application. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
Spot treatment (Asparagus)	This product may be applied immediately after cutting, but prior to the emergence of new spears.	Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days. Do not harvest within 5 days of treatment.

8.11 – MISCELLANEOUS CROPS

LABLED CROPS: Aloe vera, Asparagus, Bamboo shoots, Globe artichoke, Okra, Peanut (ground nut), Pineapple, Strawberry, Sugar Beet (non-Glyphosate Resistant)		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Post-harvest (Asparagus)	<p>This product may be applied after the last harvest and all spears have been removed. If spears are allowed to re-grow, delay application until ferns have developed. Delayed treatments should be applied as a directed or shielded spray in order to avoid contact of the spray with ferns, stems or spears.</p> <p>Select and use recommended types of spray equipment for post-emergence postharvest applications. A directed spray is any application where the spray pattern is aligned in such a way as to avoid direct contact of the spray with the crop. A shielded spray is any application where a physical barrier is positioned and maintained between the spray and the crop to prevent contact of spray with the crop.</p>	<p>Do not allow direct contact of the spray with the asparagus which will result in serious crop injury.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p>

9.0 - TREE, VINE, & SHRUB CROPS (Alphabetical)

NOTE: THIS SECTION GIVES DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL LISTED TREE, VINE & SHRUB CROPS WITHIN SECTION 9 CROP GROUPS. INDIVIDUAL CROPS MAY HAVE MORE SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, PRE-HARVEST INTERVALS, PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Pre-plant (Site Preparation) Broadcast Sprays, Weed control, Middles (between rows of trees, vines or shrubs), Strips (within rows of trees, vines or shrubs), Selective Equipment (shielded sprayers, wiper treatments), Directed Sprays, Spot Treatments, Perennial Grass Suppression, Cut Stump. Applications may be made with boom equipment, CDA, shielded sprayers, hand-held and high-volume wands, lances, orchard guns or with wiper applicator equipment, except as directed.

USE DIRECTIONS:

This product may be applied in middles (between rows of trees or vines), strips (within rows of trees or vines), and for weed control or perennial grass suppression in established tree fruit and tree nut groves, orchards, berries and vineyards. This product may also be used for site preparation prior to planting or transplanting these crops. APPLY AT 1 PINT TO 5 QUARTS (0.375-3.75 LBS AE) PER ACRE ACCORDING TO THE "ANNUAL WEEDS" AND "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" SECTIONS OF THIS LABEL. Utilize rates at the higher end of the labeled rate range when weeds are stressed, growing in dense populations or are greater than 12 inches tall. Repeat applications may be made up to a maximum of 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) per acre per year.

The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

PRECAUTIONS:

- Extreme care must be exercised to avoid contact of herbicide solution, spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of trunk, branches, suckers, fruit or other part of the trees, canes and vines.
- Avoid applications when recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury has occurred.
- Contact of this product other than mature brown bark can result in serious crop damage or destruction.
- For applications in strips (within rows of trees), only selective equipment (directed sprays, hooded sprayers, shielded applicators, or wipers) must be used to minimize the potential for leakage or drift of herbicide sprays onto crop.

See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional directions and precautions.

RESTRICTIONS:

- Only wipers or shielded applicators capable of preventing all contact with crop may be used.
- Only shielded or directed sprayers may be used in crops with potential for crop contact, and then only where there is sufficient clearance.
- For berry crops, hooded or shielded sprayers must be fully enclosed including top, sides, front and back.
- Allow a minimum of 3 days between applications and transplanting.

Middles (between rows of trees, vines or bushes)

USE DIRECTIONS: This product will control or suppress annual and perennial weeds and ground covers growing between the rows of labeled tree and vine crops. If weeds are under drought stress, irrigate prior to application. Reduced control may result if weeds have been mowed prior to application.

TANK MIXTURES: A tank mixture of this product plus oxyfluorfen may be used for annual weeds in middles between rows of citrus crops, tree fruits, tree nuts and vine crops. This mixture is recommended when weeds are stressed or growing in dense populations. 16 to 32 fl oz (0.375-0.75 lb ae)/A of this product plus 3 to 12 fl oz/A of oxyfluorfen will control annual weeds with a maximum height or diameter of 6 inches, including crabgrass, common groundsel, junglerice, common lambsquarters, redroot pigweed, London rocket, common ryegrass, shepherdspurse, annual sowthistle, common cheeseweed (malva), filaree (suppression), horseweed/marestail (*Coryza canadensis*), stinging nettle and common purslane (suppression). 16 to 32 fl oz (0.375-0.75 lb ae)/A of this product plus 3 to 12 fl oz/A of oxyfluorfen will control common cheeseweed (malva) or hairy fleabane (*Coryza bonariensis*), with a maximum height or diameter of 3 inches.

Strips (in rows of trees, vines or bushes)

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be applied in rows of tree or vine crops and may also be tank mixed with the following generic active ingredients.

Napropamide	Pendimethalin
Oxyfluorfen	Simazine
Diuron	Norflurazon
Bromacil + Diuron	Oryzalin

RESTRICTIONS:

- Do not apply these tank mixtures in Puerto Rico.

Refer to the individual product labels for specific crops, rates, geographic restrictions and precautionary statements.

PERENNIAL GRASS SUPPRESSION

This product will suppress perennial grasses such as bahiagrass, bermudagrass, tall fescue, orchardgrass, Kentucky bluegrass, and quackgrass that are grown as ground covers in tree and vine crops.

For suppression of tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass and quackgrass, apply 8 fluid ounces (0.188 lb ae) of this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

For suppression of Kentucky bluegrass covers, apply 6 fluid ounces (0.141 lb ae) of this product per acre. Do not add ammonium sulfate.

For best results, mow cool season grass covers in the spring to even their height and apply this product 3 to 4 days after mowing.

For suppression of vegetative growth and seedhead inhibition of bahiagrass for approximately 45 days, apply 6 fluid ounces (0.141 lb ae) of this product in 10 to 25 gallons of water per acre. Apply 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up or after mowing to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches. This application must be made prior to seedhead emergence.

For suppression up to 120 days, apply 4 fluid ounces (0.094 lb ae) of this product per acre, followed by an application of 2 to 4 fluid ounces (0.047 lb ae) per acre about 45 days later. Make no more than 2 applications per year.

For burndown of bermudagrass, apply 1 to 2 quarts (0.75-1.5 lbs ae) of this product in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Use this treatment only if reduction of the bermudagrass stand can be tolerated. When burndown is required prior to harvest, allow at least 21 days to ensure sufficient time for burndown to occur.

For suppression of bermudagrass, apply 6 to 16 fluid ounces (0.141-0.375 lb ae) of this product per acre east of the Rocky Mountains and 16 fluid ounces (0.375 lb ae) of this product per acre west of the Rocky Mountains. Apply in a total spray volume of 3 to 20 gallons per acre, no sooner than 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up. If the bermudagrass is mowed prior to application, maintain a minimum of 3 inches in height. Sequential applications may be made when regrowth occurs and bermudagrass injury and stand reduction can be tolerated. East of the Rocky Mountains, rates of 6 to 10 fluid ounces (0.141-0.234 lb ae) per acre should be used in shaded conditions or where a lesser degree of suppression is desired.

CUT STUMPS (Tree crops)		
<p>LABELED CROPS: Citrus Trees: Calamondin, Chironja, Citron, Citrus hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (Tangerine), Orange (all), Pummelo, Tangelo, Tangor. Fruit Trees: Apple, Apricot, Cherry (sweet, sour), Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Nectarine, Olive, Peach, Pear, Plum/Prune (all), Quince. Nut Trees: Almond, Beechnut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert (hazelnut), Hickory Nut, Macadamia, Pecan, Pistachio, Walnut (black, English).</p>		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Suitable Hand-held Equipment	<p>Cut stump applications of this product may be made during site preparation or site renovation, prior to transplanting tree crops. This product will control regrowth of cut stumps and resprouts of many types of tree species, some of which are listed below.</p> <p>Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion.</p> <p>PRECAUTION: Some sprouts, stems, or trees may share the same root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing may signal shared roots. Whether grafted or shared, injury is likely to occur to non-treated stems/trees when one or more trees sharing common roots are treated.</p>	<p>DO NOT MAKE CUT STUMP APPLICATIONS WHEN THE ROOTS OF ADJACENT DESIRABLE TREES MAY BE GRAFTED TO THE ROOTS OF THE CUT STUMP. INJURY RESULTING FROM ROOT GRAFTING MAY OCCUR IN ADJACENT TREES.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p>

9.1 - BERRY CROPS		
<p>LABELED CROPS: Blackberry (including bingleberry, black satin berry, boysenberry, Cherokee blackberry, chesterberry, Cheyenne blackberry, coryberry, darrowberry, dewberry, Dirksen thornless berry, Himalayaberry, hullberry, juneberry, lavacaberry, lowberry, lucretiaberry, marionberry, nectarberry, olallie berry, Oregon evergreen berry, phenomenalberry, rangeberry, ravenberry, rossberry, Shawnee blackberry, and youngberry), Blueberry, Cranberry, Currant, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Huckleberry, Loganberry, Rasperry (Black, Red), Salai</p>		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
See Section 9.0	See Use Directions under Section 9.0	<p>See Section 9.0</p> <p>Do not permit herbicide solution to contact desirable vegetation, including green shoots, canes or foliage.</p> <p>Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and harvest of cranberries.</p> <p>For other small fruits and berries, allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest.</p> <p>Do not make directed sprays within the cranberry bush areas prior to berry harvest.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 10 applications per year for established trees.</p>

9.1 - BERRY CROPS

LABELED CROPS: Blackberry (including bingleberry, black satin berry, boysenberry, Cherokee blackberry, chesterberry, Cheyenne blackberry, coryberry, darrowberry, dewberry, Dirksen thornless berry, Himalayaberry, hullberry, juneberry, lavacaberry, lowberry, lucretiaberry, marionberry, nectarberry, olallie berry, Oregon evergreen berry, phenomenalberry, rangeberry, ravenberry, rossberry, Shawnee blackberry, and youngberry), Blueberry, Cranberry, Currant, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Huckleberry, Loganberry, Raspberry (Black, Red), Salal

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
		<p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year for prior to planting or transplanting stages.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p>
<p>Spot Treatment (Cranberry production)</p>	<p>May be used to control weeds growing in dry ditches (interior and perimeter) of cranberry production areas. Handheld sprayers or other appropriate application equipment listed under "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" in this label may be used. Drop water level to remove standing water in ditches prior to application. In hand-held sprayers, use 1 to 2 percent solution of this product. Spray to wet vegetation, not to run-off.</p> <p>For treatments after draw down of water in dry ditches, allow 2 or more days after treatment before reintroduction of water to achieve maximum weed control.</p> <p>Apply this product within 1 day after draw down to ensure application to actively growing weeds.</p>	<p>Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and harvest of cranberries.</p> <p>Do not apply this material through irrigation system.</p> <p>Do not make applications by air.</p> <p>Do not apply directly to water. Use nozzles that emit medium- to large-sized droplets to minimize drift in order to avoid crop injury.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 10 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p>
<p>Post-harvest (Cranberry Production)</p>	<p>Make applications only after cranberries have been harvested to control weeds growing within the field. Best results will be obtained if applications are made to vines that appear dormant (after they have turned red). Hand-held sprayers, wipers or other appropriate application equipment listed under "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" in this label may be used. If using hand-held sprayers, use a 0.5 to 1 percent solution of this product. Spray to wet vegetation, not to run off. If using hand-held boom sprayers, apply 2 to 4 quarts (1.5-3.0 lbs ae) of his product per acre.</p> <p>Even though vines appear dormant, contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or severe plant injury. Cranberry plants that are directly sprayed may be killed.</p>	<p>Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total bog.</p> <p>Allow a minimum of 6 months after the last application and next harvest of cranberries.</p> <p>Do not apply this product through the irrigation system.</p> <p>Do not make applications by air.</p> <p>Do not apply directly to water.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 4 quarts (3.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 2 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p>

9.2 – CITRUS				
LABELED CROPS: Calamondin, Chironja, Citron, Citrus Hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (tangerine), Orange (All), Pummelo, Satsuma, Mandarin, Tangelo (ugli), Tangor				
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS			RESTRICTIONS
See Section 9.0	See Use Directions under Section 9.0 Florida and Texas only: For burn down or control of the weeds listed below, apply the labeled rates of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Where weed foliage is dense, use 10 to 30 gallons of water per acre. For goatweed, apply 2 to 3 quarts (1.5-2.25 lbs ae) of this product per acre. Apply in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre when plants are actively growing. Use 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre when plants are less than 8 inches tall and 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) per acre when plants are greater than 8 inches tall. If goatweed is greater than 8 inches tall, the addition of diuron or diuron + bromacil may improve control. Refer to the individual product labels for specific crops, rates, geographic restrictions and precautionary statements.			See Section 9.0 Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest. For citron groves apply as directed sprays only. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 10 applications per year for established trees. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year for prior to planting or transplanting. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
Perennial weeds:	S=Suppression	B=Burndown	PC=Partial Control	C=Control
Weed Species	Glyphosate IPA 41% SL Rate Per Acre			
	1 QT	2 QT	3 QT	5 QT
Bermudagrass	B	-	PC	C
Guineagrass				
Texas and Florida Ridge	B	C	C	C
Florida Flatwoods	-	B	C	C
Paragrass	B	C	C	C
Torpedograss	S	-	PC	C

9.3 – MISCELLANEOUS TREE FOOD CROPS		
LABELED CROPS: Cactus (fruits & pads), Palm (heart, leaves), Palm (oil)		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
See Section 9.0	See Use Directions under Section 9.0	See Section 9.0 Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 10 applications per year for established trees. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

9.4 – NON-FOOD TREE CROPS		
LABELED CROPS: Pine, Poplar, Eucalyptus, Christmas Trees, Other Non-food Tree Crops.		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
See Section 9.0	See Use Directions under Section 9.0	See Section 9.0
Directed sprays, Spot treatments, Wiper applications	This product may be used as a post-directed spray and spot treatment around established poplar, eucalyptus, Christmas Trees and other non-food tree crops. PRECAUTION: Care must be exercised to avoid contact of spray drift or mist with foliage or green bark of established Christmas trees and other pine trees. Desirable plants may be protected from the spray solution by using shields or coverings made of cardboard or other impermeable material.	THIS PRODUCT IS NOT LABELED FOR USE AS AN OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST SPRAY IN CHRISTMAS TREES AND OTHER PINE TREE. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application for directed spray and spot treatment. Do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application for wiper application. Do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 10 applications per year for established trees. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

9.4 – NON-FOOD TREE CROPS		
LABELED CROPS: Pine, Poplar, Eucalyptus, Christmas Trees, Other Non-food Tree Crops.		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Site Preparation	This product may be used prior to planting non-food tree crops. Precautions must be taken to protect non-target plants during site preparations applications.	Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
Directed Spray (Eucalyptus and Poplar Production)	This product can be used around established eucalyptus and poplar trees to control undesirable vegetation. Use a 1 to 2 percent spray solution to control herbaceous weeds in eucalyptus farms. Use a 2 percent spray solution for control of undesirable woody brush and trees. For "hard-to-control" weeds, use a 5 to 10 percent spray solution. Avoid contact of spray, drift, or mist with foliage, green bark or non-woody surface roots of plants.	DO NOT ALLOW HERBICIDE SPRAY TO CONTACT DESIRABLE VEGETATION. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application for directed spray. Do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 10 applications per year for established trees. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
Wiper Applications (Eucalyptus and Poplar Production)	This product may be used through wick or other suitable wiper applicators for control or partial control of grass and broadleaf weeds listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label. For wick applicators, mix 1 gallon (3.0 lbs ae) of this product with 2 gallons water to make a 33% solution. For wiper systems that can handle thicker solutions, such as force-fed systems, a 33 to 100% solution may be used. For best results, ensure that the herbicide solution is allowed to contact the maximum amount of leaf surface. As weed densities increase, decrease equipment speed to allow sufficient herbicide flow to wet all weed surfaces contacted. Weeds not contacted will be unaffected. PRECAUTION: Desirable vegetation contacted by the herbicide solution may be injured or controlled. This includes foliage, fruit, or green stems.	Do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application for wiper application. Do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 10 applications per year for established trees. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

9.5 – POME FRUIT		
LABELED CROPS: Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear (including oriental pear), Quince		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
See Section 9.0	See Use Directions under Section 9.0	See Section 9.0 Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest in pome fruits. Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 10 applications per year for established trees. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year for prior to planting or transplanting stages. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

9.6 – STONE FRUIT		
LABELED CROPS: Apricot, Cherry (Sweet, Tart), Nectarine, Olive, Peach, Pear, Plum/Prune (All types), Plumcot.		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
See Section 9.0	See Use Directions under Section 9.0	<p>See Section 9.0</p> <p>Allow a minimum of 17 days between last application and harvest in stone fruit crops.</p> <p>For olive groves, apply as directed sprays only.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 10 applications per year for established trees.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year for prior to planting or transplanting stages.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p>
<p>RESTRICTIONS ON APPLICATION EQUIPMENT:</p> <p>For cherries, any application equipment listed in this section may be used in all states.</p> <p>Any application equipment listed in this section may be used in apricots, nectarines, peaches and plums/prunes growing in Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Kentucky, New Jersey, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Texas, Utah and Washington, except for peaches grown in the states specified in the following paragraph. In all other states, use wiper equipment only.</p> <p>For Peaches grown in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina and Tennessee only, apply with a shielded boom spray or shielded wiper applicator, which prevents any contact of this product with the foliage or bark of trees. Apply no later than 90 days after first bloom. Applications made after this time may result in severe damage. Remove suckers and low hanging limbs at least 10 days prior to application. Avoid application near trees with recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury. Apply only near trees that have been planted in the orchard for 2 or more years.</p> <p>EXTREME CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO ENSURE NO PART OF THE PEACH TREE IS CONTACTED.</p>		

9.7 - TREE NUTS		
LABELED CROPS: Almond, Beechnut, Betelnut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Coconut, Filbert (Hazelnut), Hickory nut, Macadamia, Pecan, Pine nut, Pistachio, Walnut (Black, English)		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
See Section 9.0	See Use Directions under Section 9.0	<p>See Section 9.0</p> <p>Allow a minimum of 3 days between last application and harvest of tree nuts, except coconut.</p> <p>Allow 14 days between application and harvest in coconuts.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 10 applications per year for established trees.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p>

9.8 - TROPICAL CROPS & SUBTROPICAL TREES & FRUITS		
LABELED CROPS: Ambarella, Atemoya, Avocado, Banana, Barbados Cherry (acerola), Biriba, Blimbe, Breadfruit, Cacao (cocoa) bean, Canistel, Carambola (starfruit), Cherimoya, Coffee, Custard apple, Dates, Durian, Feijoa, Figs, Governor's plum, Guava, Ilama, Imbe, Imbu, Jaboticaba, Jackfruit, Longan, Lychee, Mamey apple, Mango, Mangosteen, Marmaladebox (genip), Mountain papaya, Papaya, Pawpaw, Plantain, Persimmon, Pomegranate, Pulasan, Rambutan, Rose apple, Sapodilla, Sapote (black, mamey, white), Spanish lime, Soursop, Star apple, Sugar apple, Surinam cherry, Tamarind, Tea, Ti (roots & leaves), Wax jambu.		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
See Section 9.0	<p>See Use Directions under Section 9.0</p> <p>This product may be applied for weed control or for site preparation prior to transplanting crops listed in this section.</p> <p>In coffee and banana, delay applications 3 months after transplanting to allow the new coffee or banana plant to become established.</p>	<p>See Section 9.0</p> <p>Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest of banana, guava, papaya and plantain crops.</p> <p>Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest of any other tropical or subtropical tree fruit.</p> <p>Allow a minimum of 28 days between last application and harvest in coffee crops.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this</p>

9.8 - TROPICAL CROPS & SUBTROPICAL TREES & FRUITS		
<p>LABELED CROPS: Ambarella, Atemoya, Avocado, Banana, Barbados Cherry (acerola), Biriba, Blimbe, Breadfruit, Cacao (cocoa) bean, Canistel, Carambola (starfruit), Cherimoya, Coffee, Custard apple, Dates, Durian, Feijoa, Figs, Governor's plum, Guava, Ilima, Imbe, Imbu, Jaboticaba, Jackfruit, Longan, Lychee, Mamey apple, Mango, Mangosteen, Marmaladebox (genip), Mountain papaya, Papaya, Pawpaw, Plantain, Persimmon, Pomegranate, Pulasan, Rambutan, Rose apple, Sapodilla, Sapote (black, mamey, white), Spanish lime, Soursop, Star apple, Sugar apple, Surinam cherry, Tamarind, Tea, Ti (roots & leaves), Wax jambu.</p>		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
		<p>product per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 10 applications per year for established trees.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p>
Bananacide (Banana only)	<p>See Use Directions under Section 9.0</p> <p>This product may be used to destroy banana plants infected with the Banana Bunchy Top Virus as well as non-infected banana plants to establish a disease free buffers around plantations. Remove all fruit from the plants within the treatment area prior to treatment. Inject 1/25 fluid ounce (1 mL) (0.0009 lb ae) of this product's concentrate per 2 to 3 inches of pseudostem diameter. Make the injection at least one foot above ground, except for very small plants, which should be injected vertically into the top. Any subsequent regrowth must also be destroyed. All plants and mats (or units) adjacent (within a 4-foot radius) to a treated mat shall be mechanically destroyed.</p> <p>For control of the Banana Bunchy Top Virus, it is critical that the grower follow a strict control program involving monitoring for diseased plants, spraying to control the aphid vector, and destruction of all infected mats (or units). An infected plant may not show symptoms of the disease for up to 125 days, therefore it is critical that the entire mat (or unit) containing the diseased plant be destroyed immediately.</p>	<p>See Section 9.0</p> <p>Do not apply more than ½ fluid ounce (15 mL) (0.012 lb ae) of this product's concentrate per mat (or units).</p> <p>Do not make more than 2 injections per mat (or unit) per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p> <p>Remove all fruit from plants and mats (or units) prior to treatment.</p> <p>Do not harvest any fruit or plant materials from treated mats (or units) following injection.</p> <p>Do not allow livestock to consume treated materials.</p> <p>Following transplant of new banana plants into treated areas, allow plants to become established for 3 months before applying this product for weed control.</p>

9.9 - VINE CROPS		
<p>LABELED CROPS: Grapes (raisin, table, wine), Hops, Kiwi, Passion fruit</p>		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
See Section 9.0	<p>See Use Directions under Section 9.0</p> <p>Applications must not be made when green shoots, canes or foliage are in the spray zone.</p> <p>In the northeast and Great Lakes regions, applications must be made prior to the end of bloom stage of grapes to avoid injury, or make applications with shielded sprayers or wiper equipment.</p>	<p>See Section 9.0</p> <p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 10 applications per year for established trees.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p> <p>Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest.</p> <p>Do not use selective equipment in kiwi</p>

10.0 - PASTURE GRASSES, FORAGE LEGUMES & RANGELANDS

10.1 – ALFALFA, CLOVER, & OTHER FORAGE LEGUMES		
<p>LABELED CROPS: Alfalfa, Clover, Kenaf, Kudzu, Lespedeza, Leucaena, Lupin, Sainfoin, Trefoil, Velvet bean, Vetch (all types)</p>		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Pre-plant, Pre-emergence, At-Planting	<p>This product may be applied before, during or after planting crops listed.</p> <p>MAKE APPLICATIONS ACCORDING TO THE RATES LISTED IN "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", AND "WOODY BRUSH & TREES RATE TABLES" IN THIS LABEL.</p> <p>Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.</p>	<p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p> <p>If a single application is made at rates of 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre or less, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or grazing is required.</p> <p>If application rates greater than 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre are made, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.</p>

10.1 – ALFALFA, CLOVER, & OTHER FORAGE LEGUMES

LABELED CROPS: Alfalfa, Clover, Kenaf, Kudzu, Lespedeza, Leucaena, Lupin, Sainfoin, Trefoil, Velvet bean, Vetch (all types)		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Spot treatment, Over-the-Top Wiper applications (Alfalfa and Clover only)	This product may be applied as a spot treatment in alfalfa or clover. This product may be applied with wiper applicators to control or suppress the weeds listed under "WIPER APPLICATORS" in the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label. Applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals.	Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 30 days. For spot treatment and wiper applications, apply in areas where the movement of domestic livestock can be controlled. No more than one-tenth of any acre can be treated at one time. Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 14 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.
Dormant (Alfalfa Only)	This product will control or suppress many weeds including quackgrass, downy brome and cheatgrass in dormant alfalfa. Apply 8 to 12 fluid ounces (0.188-0.281 lb ae) per acre of this product. Apply in the spring to alfalfa that is dormant. Applications should be made after spring temperatures have warmed enough to encourage resumption of weed growth, but prior to initiation of trifoliate leaf expansion of the alfalfa. Applications made after expansion of the first trifoliate leaf of the alfalfa will cause growth reduction and reduced crop yield. Slight discoloration of the alfalfa may occur, but the alfalfa will regreen and regrow under moist soil conditions as effects of this product wear off. PRECAUTION: Application of this product can cause crop injury.	Do not apply more than 12 fluid ounces (0.281 lb ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 12 fluid ounces (0.281 lb ae) of this product per acre per year. Do not use ammonium sulfate when spraying dormant alfalfa with Glyphosate IPA 41% SL. Do not use this product where a slight yield reduction in the first cutting of alfalfa cannot be tolerated. Do not make more than one application per year. Allow 36 hours after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.
Pre-harvest (Alfalfa Only)	This product may be used in declining alfalfa stands or any stand of alfalfa where crop destruction is acceptable. This application will severely injure or destroy the stand of alfalfa. This product will control annual and perennial weeds including quackgrass, when applied prior to the harvest of alfalfa. Use up to 1 quart (1.125 lbs ae) of this product per acre. Applications may be made at any time of the year. For control of quackgrass, apply in the spring, late summer or fall when quackgrass is actively growing. Treatments for quackgrass must be followed by deep tillage for complete control.	Make only one application to an existing stand of alfalfa per year. Do not apply more than 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product per acre as a pre-harvest treatment. Do not apply more than 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year as a pre-harvest treatment. Do not use for alfalfa grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur. Wait 36 hours before treated crop and weeds can be harvested and fed to livestock.
Renovation	This product may be applied as a broadcast spray to existing stands of alfalfa, clover, and other labeled forage legumes. Labeled crops may be planted into the treated area. MAKE APPLICATIONS ACCORDING TO THE RATES LISTED IN "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", AND WOODY BRUSH & TREES RATE TABLES" IN THIS LABEL.	Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. Remove domestic livestock before application. If application rates of 2 quarts(1.5 lbs ae) per acre or less are used wait 36 hours after application before grazing or harvesting. If application rates greater than 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre are used, wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

10.2 - CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM (CRP)		
LABLED CROPS: Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) Acres		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Renovation (rotating out of CRP), Site preparation	This product may be used to prepare CRP land for crop production. Refer to Federal, state or local use guides for CRP renovation recommendations. MAKE APPLICATIONS ACCORDING TO THE RATES LISTED IN "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", AND WOODY BRUSH & TREES RATE TABLES" IN THIS LABEL. For any crop not listed in the "CROPS" sections of this label applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. PRECAUTION: Some stunting of CRP perennial grasses will occur if broadcast applications are made when plants are not dormant.	Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
Post-emergence Weed control in Dormant Acres, Over-the-Top Wiper Application	This product may be used to suppress competitive growth and seed production of undesirable vegetation in CRP acres. Such applications may be made with wiper application equipment or as a broadcast or spot treatment to dormant CRP grasses. For selective applications with broadcast spray equipment, apply 12 to 16 fluid ounces (0.281-0.375 lb ae) of this product per acre in early spring before desirable CRP grasses, such as crested and tall wheatgrass, break dormancy and initiate green growth. Late fall applications can be made after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy.	Do not apply more than 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) per acre per year onto CRP grasses. Do not apply more than 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) per acre per single application onto CRP grasses. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

10.3 - GRASS or TURFGRASS SEED PRODUCTION		
LABLED CROPS: Any grass (Gramineae family) except corn, sorghum, sugarcane and those listed under "CEREAL CROPS"		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Pre-plant, Pre-emergence, Renovation, Site preparation	This product may be applied before, during, or after planting or for renovation of turf or forage grass areas grown for seed production. MAKE APPLICATIONS ACCORDING TO THE RATES LISTED IN "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", AND WOODY BRUSH & TREES RATE TABLES" IN THIS LABEL. Applications must be made prior to the emergence of the crop to avoid injury. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses, such as bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide best control.	Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before treatment. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing, coring or slicing must be delayed for 7 days after application to allow proper translocation into underground plant parts. If application rates total 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) per acre or less, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or livestock grazing is required. If the rate is greater than 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) per acre, remove domestic livestock and wait 8 weeks following application before grazing or harvesting. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
Shielded Sprayer	Apply 1 to 3 quarts (0.75-2.25 lbs ae) of this product as a broadcast spray in 10 to 20 gallons of total spray volume per acre. Uniform planting in straight rows aid in shielded sprayer applications. Best results are obtained when the grass seed crop is small enough to easily pass by or through the protective shields. PRECAUTION: Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. To the extent consistent with applicable law, grower assumes all responsibility for crop losses from misapplication.	Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
Over-the-Top Wiper Applications	This product may be applied with wiper applicators to control or suppress the weeds listed under "WIPER APPLICATORS" in the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label. Weeds should be a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations, or when weed height varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatments may be necessary. Better results may be obtained if 2 applications are made in opposite directions.	Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days. Contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or destruction. Applicators must be adjusted so that the wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation.

10.3 - GRASS or TURFGRASS SEED PRODUCTION		
LABELED CROPS: Any grass (Gramineae family) except corn, sorghum, sugarcane and those listed under "CEREAL CROPS"		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Spot treatments	Use a 1- to 1.5 percent solution Apply this product prior to heading of grasses.	Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days. The crop receiving the spray in the treated area will be killed. Do not allow drift or spray outside of the target area for the same reason.
Creating Rows in Annual Ryegrass	Use 16 to 32 fluid ounces (0.375-0.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre. Use the higher rate when the ryegrass is greater than 6 inches tall. Best results are obtained when applications are made before the ryegrass reaches 6 inches in height. PRECAUTION: Set nozzle height to allow the establishment of the desired row spacing while preventing spray droplets, spray fines, or drift to contact the ryegrass plants not treated. Use low-pressure nozzles, or drop nozzles designed to target the application over a narrow band. To the extent consistent with applicable law, grower assumes all responsibility for crop losses from misapplication.	Do not apply more than 32 fluid ounces (0.75 lb ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 8 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

10.4 – PASTURES		
LABELED CROPS: Any grass (Gramineae family) except corn, sorghum, sugarcane and those listed under "CEREAL CROPS". Including Bahiagrass, Bermudagrass, Bluegrass, Brome, Fescue, Guineagrass, Kikuygrass, Orchardgrass, Pangola grass, Ryegrass, Timothy, Wheatgrass.		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Spot treatment, Over-the Top Wiper Applications	This product may be applied as a spot treatment or with wiper applicators in pastures. Applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals. For spot treatments or wiper application methods using rates of 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) per acre or less, the entire field or any portion of it may be treated.	Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 30 days. When spot treatment or wiper applications are made using rates above 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) per acre, no more than 10 percent of the total pasture may be treated at any one time. Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 7 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.
Pre-plant, Pre-emergence, Pasture renovation, Stand Removal	This product may be applied prior to planting or emergence of forage grasses. In addition, this product may be used to control perennial pasture species listed on this label prior to re-planting. MAKE APPLICATIONS ACCORDING TO THE RATES LISTED IN "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", AND WOODY BRUSH & TREES RATE TABLES" IN THIS LABEL.	Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 4 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days. If application rates total 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) per acre or less, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or livestock grazing is required. If the rate is greater than 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) per acre, remove domestic livestock and wait 8 weeks following application before grazing or harvesting.

10.4 – PASTURES		
LABELED CROPS: Any grass (Gramineae family) except corn, sorghum, sugarcane and those listed under “CEREAL CROPS”. Including Bahiagrass, Bermudagrass, Bluegrass, Brome, Fescue, Guineagrass, Kikuygrass, Orchardgrass, Pangola grass, Ryegrass, Timothy, Wheatgrass.		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Chemical Mowing (Bermudagrass Pastures Prior To Spring Growth Or Immediately After First Cutting)	<p>This product may be applied at 16 fluid ounces (0.375 lb ae) per acre to control the weeds listed below and most other winter annual grass and broadleaf weeds in established coastal bermudagrass pastures.</p> <p>Annual bluegrass, Cheat, Crabgrass, Henbit, Johnsongrass seedling, Little barley, Oats, Ryegrass, Sandbur field, Wheat, Wild mustard</p> <p><u>Applications prior to spring growth:</u> Apply this product in the late winter or early spring but before new coastal bermudagrass growth begins in the spring. Applications to new growth can damage the bermudagrass.</p> <p><u>Applications following the first cutting:</u> Apply this product after the first bermudagrass cutting when the bermudagrass has not yet begun to regrow. Applications made after regrowth has begun can damage the bermudagrass.</p>	<p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 4 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p> <p>Labeled application rates totaling 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) per acre or less do not require a waiting period between treatment and feeding or livestock grazing.</p> <p>If the rate is greater than 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) per acre, remove domestic livestock and wait 8 weeks following application before grazing or harvesting.</p> <p>NOTE: ONLY ONE APPLICATION PER YEAR MAY BE MADE TO ANY ONE FIELD. A SPRING APPLICATION PRIOR TO GROWTH AND AN APPLICATION FOLLOWING THE FIRST CUTTING MAY NOT BE MADE ON THE FIELD DURING THE SAME YEAR.</p>

Colorado, Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming Only

Bromus Species: This product may be used to treat downy brome (*Bromus tectorum*), Japanese brome (*Bromus japonicus*), soft chess (*Bromus mollis*) and cheatgrass (*Bromus secalinus*) found in industrial, rangeland and pasture sites. Apply 8 to 16 fluid ounces (0.188-0.375 lb ae) of product per acre on a broadcast basis. For best results, treatment should coincide with early seedhead emergence of the most mature plants. Delaying the application until this growth stage will maximize the emergence of other weedy grass flushes. Applications should be made to the same site each year until seed banks are depleted and the desirable perennial grasses are able to become reestablished on the site.

Medusahead: To treat medusahead, apply 16 fluid ounces (0.375 lb ae) of this product per acre as soon as plants are actively growing, and prior to the 4 leaf stage. Applications may be made in the fall or spring.

Application Equipment and Techniques: Applications may be made using ground or aerial equipment. Aerial applications for these uses may be made using fixed wing or helicopter equipment. For aerial applications, apply in 2 to 10 gallons of water per acre. For applications using ground equipment, apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

When applied as directed there are no grazing restrictions.

10.5 - RANGELANDS		
LABELED CROPS: Rangeland (Perennial cool and warm season grass rangelands)		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Post-emergence	<p>This product will control or suppress many annual weeds growing in perennial cool and warm-season grass rangelands.</p> <p>Preventing viable seed production is key to the successful control and invasion of annual grassy weeds in rangelands. Follow-up applications in sequential years should eliminate most of the viable seeds.</p> <p>Grazing of treated areas should be delayed to encourage growth of desirable perennials. Allowing desirable perennials to flower and reseed in the treated area will encourage successful transition.</p> <p>Apply 12 to 16 fluid ounces (0.281-0.375 lb ae) per acre to control or suppress many annual weeds growing in perennial cool and warm-season grass rangelands including downy brome, cheat grass, cereal rye and jointed goatgrass. Apply when most mature brome plants are in early flower and before the plants, including seedheads, turn color. Allowing for secondary weed flushes to occur in the spring following rain events further depletes the seed reserve and encourage perennial grass conversion on weedy sites. Fall applications are possible, and recommended, where spring moisture is usually limited and fall germination allows for good weed growth.</p> <p>For medusahead, apply 16 fluid ounces (0.375 lb ae) per acre at the 3-leaf stage. Delaying applications beyond this stage will result in reduced or unacceptable control. Fire may be useful in eliminating the thatch layer produced by slow decaying culms prior to application. Allow new growth to occur before spraying after a burn.</p> <p>Slight discoloration of the desirable grasses may occur, but they will regreen and regrow under moist soil conditions as effects of this product wear off.</p>	<p>Do not apply more than 16 fluid ounces (0.375 lb ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not use ammonium sulfate when spraying rangeland grasses with this product.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p>

10.6 – TURF GRASS SOD PRODUCTION

LABLED CROPS: Turfgrass for Sod		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Pre-plant, Pre-emergence, Renovation, Site Preparation	<p>This product controls most existing vegetation prior to renovating turf grass areas or establishing turf grass grown for sod. Broadcast or hand-held equipment may be used to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting or sodding to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses such as bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide the best control. Where existing vegetation is growing under mowed turfgrass management, apply this product after omitting at least one regular mowing to allow sufficient growth for good interception of the spray.</p> <p>MAKE APPLICATIONS ACCORDING TO THE RATES LISTED IN "ANNUAL WEEDS", PERENNIAL WEEDS", AND WOODY BRUSH & TREES RATE TABLES" IN THIS LABEL.</p> <p>Desirable turfgrasses may be planted following the above procedures.</p>	<p>If application rates total 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) per acre or less, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or livestock grazing is required. If the rate is greater than 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) per acre, remove domestic livestock and wait 8 weeks following application before grazing or harvesting.</p> <p>Do not disturb soil or underground plant before treatment. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing, coring, or slicing must be delayed for 7 days after application to allow translocation into underground plant parts.</p>
Spot treatment	<p>Hand-held equipment may be used for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation growing in existing turf grass</p>	
Turfgrass Renovation for sod production	<p>This product controls most existing vegetation prior to renovating turfgrass areas or establishing turfgrass grown for seed or sod. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting or sodding to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses such as bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide the best control. Where existing vegetation is growing under mowed turfgrass management, apply this product after omitting at least one regular mowing to allow sufficient growth for good interception of the spray.</p> <p>Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing, coring or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after application to allow translocation into underground plant parts.</p> <p>Desirable turfgrass may be planted following the above procedures.</p> <p>Hand-held equipment may be used for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation growing in existing turfgrass. Broadcast or hand-held equipment may be used to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested.</p>	<p>Do not feed or graze turfgrass grown for seed or sod production for 8 weeks following application.</p> <p>Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before treatment.</p>

10.7 - RELEASE OF BERMUDAGRASS OR BAHIAGRASS

Dormant applications

This product may be used to control or partially control many winter annual weeds and tall fescue for effective release of dormant bermudagrass or bahiagrass. Treat only when turf is dormant and prior to spring greenup. This product may also be tank-mixed with sulfometuron for residual control. Tank mixtures of this product with sulfometuron may delay greenup.

For best results on winter annuals, treat when plants are in an early growth stage (below 6 inches in height) after most have germinated. For best results on tall fescue, treat when fescue is at or beyond the 4 to 6-leaf stage.

Apply 8 to 64 fluid ounces (0.188-1.5 lbs ae) of this product per acre alone or in a tank mixture with ¼ to 1 ounce per acre of sulfometuron. Apply the labeled rates in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Use only in areas where bermudagrass or bahiagrass are desirable ground covers and where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated. To avoid delays in greenup and minimize injury, add no more than 1 ounce of sulfometuron per acre on bermudagrass and no more than 0.5 ounce of sulfometuron per acre on bahiagrass and avoid treatments when these grasses are in a semi-dormant condition.

Actively growing bermudagrass

This product may be used to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds for effective release of actively growing bermudagrass. Apply 1 to 3 pints (0.375-1.125 lbs ae) of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre. Use the lower rate when treating annual weeds below 6 inches in height (or runner length). Use the higher rate as weeds increase in size or as they approach flower or seedhead formation. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial species:

Bahiagrass	Johnsongrass
Bluestem, silver	Trumpetcreeper
Fescue, tall	Vaseygrass

This product may be tank-mixed with sulfometuron. If tank-mixed, use no more than 1 to 2 pints (0.375-0.75 lb ae) of this product with 1 to 2 ounces of sulfometuron per acre. Use the lower rates of each product to control annual weeds less than 6 inches in height (or runner length) that are listed in this label and the sulfometuron label. Use the higher rates as annual weeds increase in size and approach the flower or seedhead stages. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial weeds:

Bahiagrass	Johnsongrass
Bluestem, silver	Poorjoe
Broomsedge	Trumpetcreeper
Dallisgrass	Vaseygrass
Dock, curly	Vervain, blue
Dogfennel	
Fescue, tall	

Use only on well-established bermudagrass. Bermudagrass injury may result from the treatment, but regrowth will occur under moist conditions. Do not repeat applications of the tank mix in the same season since severe injury may occur.

Actively growing bahiagrass

For suppression of vegetative growth and seedhead inhibition of bahiagrass for approximately 45 days, apply 6 fluid ounces (0.141 lb ae) of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Apply 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up or after mowing to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches. This application must be made prior to seedhead emergence.

For suppression up to 120 days, apply 4 fluid ounces (0.094 lb ae) of this product per acre, followed by an application of 2 to 4 fluid ounces (0.047-0.094 lb ae) per acre about 45 days later. Make no more than 2 applications per year.

A tank mixture of this product plus sulfometuron may be used. Apply 6 fluid ounces (0.141 lb ae) of this product plus 0.25 ounce of sulfometuron per acre 1 to 2 weeks following an initial spring mowing. Make only one application per year.

11.0 - GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT CROPS

The following instructions or those separately published on INFINICROP, LLC Supplemental labeling include all applications which can be made onto the specified Glyphosate Resistant crops during the complete cropping season. Do NOT combine these instructions with those listed for crop varieties that do not contain the Glyphosate Resistant gene, in the "ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL CROPS (ALPHABETICAL)" section of this label.

THIS PRODUCT IS TO BE USED FOR POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION ONLY ON CROP VARIETIES DESIGNATED AS CONTAINING A GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT GENE OR GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT GENE.

Applying this product to crop varieties that are not designated as glyphosate tolerant will result in severe crop injury and yield loss. Avoid contact with foliage, green stems, or fruit of crops, or any desirable plants that do not contain a Glyphosate Resistant or glyphosate tolerant gene, since severe injury or destruction will result.

The Glyphosate Resistant designation indicates that the crop variety contains a patented gene that provides tolerance to this product. Information on Glyphosate Resistant crop varieties may be obtained from your seed supplier. Glyphosate Resistant crop varieties must be purchased from an authorized licensed seed supplier.

NOTE: Glyphosate Resistant seed, and the method of selectivity controlling weeds using glyphosate on a Glyphosate Resistant crop, are protected under several U.S. Patents. A license to use Glyphosate Resistant seed must be obtained prior to use.

For Ground Applications with broadcast equipment, apply this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Carefully select proper nozzle and spray pressure to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment use flat spray nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

For Aerial Applications apply this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNOLOGIES" section of this label for procedures to avoid spray drift that may cause injury to any vegetation not intended for treatment. Use of appropriate buffer zones will help prevent injury to adjacent vegetation.

ATTENTION: AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS WHICH DO NOT CONTAIN A GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT GENE.

See the "MIXING and APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" sections of this label for additional directions and restrictions on the application of this product.

Tank mixtures with other herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, micronutrients or fertilizers may result in reduced weed control or crop injury and are NOT recommended for over-the-top applications of this product unless otherwise specified in this product label.

Ammonium sulfate may be mixed with this product for applications to Glyphosate Resistant crops. Refer to the "MIXING" section for USE DIRECTIONS for ammonium sulfate.

Sprayer Preparation: It is important that sprayer and mixing equipment be clean and free of pesticide residue before making applications of this product. Follow the cleaning procedures specified on the label of the product(s) previously used. **THOROUGHLY CLEAN THE SPRAY TANK AND ALL LINES AND FILTERS TO ELIMINATE POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION FROM OTHER HERBICIDES PRIOR TO MIXING AND APPLYING THIS PRODUCT.**

NOTE: The following use directions are based on a clean start at planting by using a burndown application or tillage to control existing weeds before crop emergence. In no-till and stale seedbed systems, use a preplant burn-down treatment of this product to control existing weeds prior to crop emergence. Some weeds, such as black nightshade, broadleaf signalgrass, sicklepod, Texas panicum, sandbur, annual morningglory, woolly cupgrass, shattercane, wild proso millet, burcucumber, and giant ragweed with multiple germination times or suppressed (stunted) weeds may require a second application of this product for complete control. The second application should be made after some regrowth has occurred and at least 10 days after a previous application of this product.

11.1 - GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT CANOLA (Spring Varieties)

LABELED CROPS: Glyphosate Resistant spring canola is defined as those Glyphosate Resistant canola varieties that are seeded in the spring and harvested in the fall and do not enter a winter dormancy period.

DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT ON SPRING CANOLA WITH A GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT GENE PLANTED IN THE FOLLOWING STATES: ALABAMA, DELAWARE, FLORIDA, GEORGIA, KENTUCKY, MARYLAND, NEW JERSEY, NORTH CAROLINA, SOUTH CAROLINA, TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA AND WEST VIRGINIA, EXCEPT FOR USES IN WILDLIFE FOOD PLOTS THAT WILL NOT BE FOR HUMAN OR LIVESTOCK FOOD

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Pre-plant, At-Planting, Pre-emergence	This product may be applied before, during or after planting Glyphosate Resistant spring canola.	Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all pre-plant, at-planting and pre-emergence applications combined is 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per year. Do not apply more than 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.
Post-emergence (In-crop)	This product may be applied post-emergence to Glyphosate Resistant spring canola from emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development. Applications made during bolting or flowering may result in crop injury and yield loss. To maximize yield potential, make applications early to eliminate competing weeds. <u>Single Application</u> – Apply 11 to 16 fluid ounces (0.258-0.375 lb ae) of this product per acre no later than the 6-leaf stage for the control of annual weeds. Avoid overlapping applications as this may result in temporary yellowing, delayed flowering, and or growth reduction. Similar crop injury may result when applications of more than 11 fluid ounces (0.258 lb ae) per acre are applied after the 4-leaf stage. <u>Sequential Application</u> – Apply 11 fluid ounces (0.258 lb ae) of this product per acre to 1- to 3-leaf canola followed by a sequential application at a minimum interval of 10 days, but no later than the 6-leaf stage. Sequential applications can be made for early emerged annual weeds and perennial weeds such as Canada thistle and quackgrass, or when multiple applications are needed for adequate weed control.	No more than two in-crop (over-the-top) broadcast applications may be made from crop emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development and the total of all in-crop applications must not exceed 22 fluid ounces (0.516 lb ae) of this product per acre. Allow a minimum of 60 days between last application and canola harvest. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.
ANNUAL MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE APPLICATION RATES		
Total of all Pre-plant, At Planting, Pre-emergence applications		2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre
Total of all In-crop applications from emergence to 6-leaf stage		1 quart (0.75 lb ae) per acre

11.2 - GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT CANOLA (Fall & Winter Varieties)

LABELED CROPS: Glyphosate Resistant winter canola is defined as those Glyphosate Resistant canola varieties that are seeded in early fall and harvested the following spring or summer. Winter canola varieties are intended to enter a cold period dormancy in the winter.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Pre-plant, At-Planting, Pre-emergence	This product may be applied before, during or after planting Glyphosate Resistant winter canola.	Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all pre-plant, at-planting and pre-emergence applications combined is 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre per year. Do not apply more than 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.

11.2 - GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT CANOLA (Fall & Winter Varieties)

LABELED CROPS: Glyphosate Resistant winter canola is defined as those Glyphosate Resistant canola varieties that are seeded in early fall and harvested the following spring or summer. Winter canola varieties are intended to enter a cold period dormancy in the winter.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Post-emergence (In – crop)	<p>This product may be applied to Glyphosate Resistant winter canola varieties from emergence to canopy closure in the fall and prior to bolting in the spring. Applications made during or after bolting may result in crop injury and yield loss. To maximize yield potential, make applications early to eliminate competing weeds.</p> <p>Some weeds with multiple germination times, or suppressed (stunted) weeds, or weeds that have overwintered may require sequential applications of this product for control. The second application should be made after some re-growth has occurred and at least 60 days after a previous application of this product.</p> <p><u>Single Application</u> – Apply 22 to 32 fluid ounces (0.516-0.75 lb ae) of this product per acre in the fall. Applications in the fall should be made when weeds are small and actively growing. Use the higher rate in the labeled range when weed densities are high, when weeds have overwintered or when weeds become large and well established. Applications of greater than 16 fluid ounces (0.375 lb ae) per acre prior to the 6-leaf stage may result in reduced crop growth in the fall. Avoid overlaps. Spray overlaps may result in temporary yellowing and/or growth reduction.</p> <p><u>Sequential Applications</u> -- Apply 16 to 32 fluid ounces (0.375-0.75 lb ae) of this product per acre to 2-leaf or larger canola in the fall, followed by a sequential application at the same rate and at a minimum interval of 60 days, but before bolting in the spring. Sequential applications can be made for early emerging annual weeds and winter emerging weeds such as downy brome, jointed goatgrass and ryegrass, and for weeds that have overwintered. This product will control or suppress most of perennial weeds. For some perennial weeds, sequential applications may be required to reduce competition with the crop.</p>	<p>No more than two over-the-top broadcast applications may be made from crop emergence up to the onset of bolting, and the total in-crop application must not exceed 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product per acre.</p> <p>Allow a minimum of 60 days between last application and harvest of canola grain.</p> <p>No waiting period is required between application and open grazing of livestock.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 2 applications per year.</p>
ANNUAL MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE APPLICATION RATES		
Total of all Pre-plant, At Planting, Pre-emergence applications	2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre	
Total of all In-crop applications from emergence to canopy closure or prior to bolting in the spring	2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre	

11.3 - GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT CORN

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Pre-plant, Pre-emergence, At-Planting	<p>This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mixture before, during or after planting corn.</p> <p>TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with alachlor + atrazine, acetochlor, acetochlor + atrazine or alachlor at 50 to 100 percent of labeled rate. Refer to the specific product label and observe all precautions and limitations on the label for any pre-emergence herbicide application, including application timing restrictions, soil restrictions, minimum re-cropping interval and rotational guidelines - the more restrictive requirements apply.</p> <p>NOTE: For maximum weed control, a post-emergence (in-crop) application of this product should be applied following the use of less than labeled rates of the pre-emergence residual products listed above.</p> <p>MAKE APPLICATIONS ACCORDING TO THE RATES LISTED IN "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", AND WOODY BRUSH & TREES RATE TABLES" IN THIS LABEL.</p>	<p>Applying this product to crop varieties that are not designated as glyphosate tolerant will result in severe crop injury and yield loss.</p> <p>Do not allow contact with foliage, green stems, or fruit of crops, or any desirable plants that do not contain a Glyphosate Resistant or glyphosate tolerant gene, since severe injury or destruction will result.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.</p> <p>AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS WHICH DO NOT CONTAIN A GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT GENE.</p> <p>See the "MIXING and APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" sections of this label for additional directions and restrictions on the application of this product.</p>

11.3 - GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT CORN												
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS										
Post-emergence (in-crop)	<p>When applied as directed, this product controls labeled annual grass and broadleaf weeds in Glyphosate Resistant corn. Many perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds will be controlled or suppressed with one or more application of this product. The post-emergent application of 0.75 to 1.5 quarts (0.56-1.125 lbs ae) per acre of this product should be made before the weeds reach a height and/or density that the weeds become competitive with the crop, generally 4 inch tall weeds or less.</p> <p>This product may be applied over-the-top to Glyphosate Resistant corn from emergence through the V8 stage (8 leaves with collars) or until corn height reaches 48 inches, whichever comes first.</p> <p>Use drop nozzles when corn height is 24 to 30 inches (free standing), for optimum spray coverage and weed control.</p> <p>For corn heights 30 to 48 inches (free standing), apply this product ONLY using ground application equipment with drop nozzles adjusted to avoid spraying into the whorls of the corn plants.</p> <p>If product is applied to whorls of corn, plant injury and yield reduction can occur.</p> <p>Maximum single in-crop application rate of this product up to 48-inch corn is 48 fluid ounces (1.125 lbs ae) per acre.</p> <p>See the "GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT CROPS" section of this label for precautionary instructions for use in Glyphosate Resistant crops.</p> <p>TANK MIXTURES: This product may be applied in tank mixture with atrazine, acetochlor, alachlor, clopyralid, dicamba, diflufenzopyr, flumetsulam, flumiclorac pentyl ester, foramsulfuron, halosulfuron-methyl, iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium, mesotrione, nicosulfuron, rimsulfuron, thifensulfuron methyl at 50 to 100 percent of labeled rate. This product may be applied in tank mixture with Halosulfuron-methyl and Atrazine at labeled rates. Refer to the specific product label and observe all precautions and limitations on the label for all products used in tank mixtures, including application timing restrictions, soil restrictions, minimum re-cropping interval and rotational guidelines - the more restrictive requirements apply.</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td style="text-align: left;">Tank-mix Partner</td> <td style="text-align: right;">Maximum Height of Corn For Application</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Acetochlor</td> <td style="text-align: right;">11 inches</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Acetochlor + Atrazine</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Alachlor*</td> <td style="text-align: right;">5 inches</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Atrazine</td> <td style="text-align: right;">12 inches</td> </tr> </table> <p>*Alachlor are not registered for use as a post-emergence application in Texas.</p>	Tank-mix Partner	Maximum Height of Corn For Application	Acetochlor	11 inches	Acetochlor + Atrazine		Alachlor*	5 inches	Atrazine	12 inches	<p>Single in-crop applications of this product are not to exceed 1.5 quarts (1.125 lbs ae) per acre.</p> <p>The maximum combined total of multiple in-crop applications from emergence through the 48-inch stage is 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) per acre</p> <p>Allow a minimum of 10 days between in-crop applications of this product.</p> <p>Allow a minimum of 50 days between application of this product and harvest of corn forage.</p>
Tank-mix Partner	Maximum Height of Corn For Application											
Acetochlor	11 inches											
Acetochlor + Atrazine												
Alachlor*	5 inches											
Atrazine	12 inches											
Pre-Harvest	<p>In Glyphosate Resistant corn, up to 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) per acre of this product can be applied pre-harvest. Make applications at 35 percent grain moisture or less. Ensure that maximum kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed).</p>	<p>Do not apply more than 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest.</p>										
Post-Harvest	<p>This product may be applied after harvest of corn. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds that were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.</p>	<p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 2 applications per year.</p> <p>Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.</p>										
MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE APPLICATION RATES												
Combined total per year for all applications		8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) per acre										
Total of all Pre-plant, Pre-emergence, At-Planting applications		5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) per acre										
Maximum single in-crop application rate up to 48-inch corn		1.5 quarts (1.125 lbs ae) per acre										
Total in-crop applications from emergence through 48-inch corn		3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) per acre										
Maximum pre-harvest application rate after maximum kernel fill is complete and the crop is physiologically mature (black layer formation) until 7 days before harvest		1 quart (0.75 lb ae) per acre										

11.4 - GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT COTTON

ATTENTION: USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL DIRECTIONS IS EXPECTED TO RESULT IN NORMAL GROWTH OF GLYPHOSATE-RESISTANT COTTON, HOWEVER, VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS, AGRONOMIC PRACTICES AND OTHER FACTORS MAKE IT IMPOSSIBLE TO ELIMINATE ALL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PRODUCT, EVEN WHEN APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LABEL SPECIFICATIONS. IN SOME CASES, THESE FACTORS CAN RESULT IN BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Pre-plant, Pre-emergence, At-planting	<p>This product may be applied before, during or after planting cotton.</p> <p>MAKE APPLICATIONS ACCORDING TO THE RATES LISTED IN "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", AND WOODY BRUSH & TREES RATE TABLES" IN THIS LABEL.</p> <p>See the "GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT CROPS" section of this label for precautionary instructions for use in Glyphosate Resistant crops.</p>	<p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>The maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.</p>
Post-emergence (Over-the-Top)	<p>This product may be applied by aerial or ground application equipment at rates up to 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) per acre per application post-emergence to Glyphosate Resistant cotton from the ground cracking stage until the 4-leaf (node) stage of development (until the fifth true leaf reaches the size of a quarter). Over-the-top applications made after the 4-leaf (node) stage of development may result in boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss.</p> <p>Salvage Treatment. This treatment may be used after the 4-leaf stage of development and must only be used where weeds threaten to cause the loss of the crop. One quart (0.75 lb ae) per acre may be applied either as an over-the-top applications or as a post-directed treatments sprayed higher on the cotton plants and over the weeds.</p> <p>NOTE: SALVAGE TREATMENTS WILL RESULT IN SIGNIFICANT BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS. NO MORE THAN ONE SALVAGE TREATMENT MAY BE USED PER GROWING SEASON.</p> <p>See the "GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT CROPS" section of this label for precautionary instructions for use in Glyphosate Resistant crops.</p>	<p>The combined total application of this product from cotton emergence until harvest must not exceed 6 quarts (4.5 lbs ae) per acre.</p> <p>NO MORE THAN TWO OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST APPLICATIONS MAY BE MADE FROM CROP EMERGENCE THROUGH THE 4- LEAF (NODE) STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT.</p> <p>NO MORE THAN TWO APPLICATIONS MAY BE MADE FROM THE 5-LEAF STAGE THROUGH LAYBY. SEQUENTIAL IN-CROP OVER-THE-TOP OR POST-DIRECTED APPLICATIONS OF THIS PRODUCT MUST BE AT LEAST 10 DAYS APART AND COTTON MUST HAVE AT LEAST TWO NODES OF INCREMENTAL GROWTH BETWEEN APPLICATIONS. ALLOW A MINIMUM OF 7 DAYS BETWEEN APPLICATION AND HARVEST.</p>
Selective Equipment	<p>This product may be applied using precision post-directed or hooded sprayers at rates up to 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) per acre per application to Glyphosate Resistant cotton through layby. At this stage, post-directed equipment must be used which directs the spray to the base of the cotton plants. Contact of the spray with cotton leaves should be avoided to the maximum extent possible. To minimize spray onto the leaves of the cotton plants, place nozzles in a low position directing a horizontal spray pattern under the cotton leaves to contact weeds in the row, and maintain low spray pressure (less than 30 psi). For best results, make applications while weeds are small (less than 3 inches).</p>	<p>See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>The maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all in-crop applications from ground-cracking to layby combined is 4 quarts (3.0 lbs ae) per acre per year.</p> <p>Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest.</p>
Pre-harvest	<p>This product may be applied for pre-harvest annual and perennial weed control as a broadcast treatment to Glyphosate Resistant cotton after 20 percent boll crack. Up to 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment.</p> <p>Do not apply this product to cotton grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.</p> <p>TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with tribufos, diuron + thidiazuron, or ethephon.</p> <p>REFER TO MANUFACTURERES LABELS FOR USE OF ADDITIVES (such as surfactants, stickers and spreaders) FOR PREHARVEST APPLICATION TO COTTON.</p> <p>NOTE: This product will not enhance the performance of these harvest aids when applied to Glyphosate Resistant cotton.</p>	<p>Do not apply more than 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.</p> <p>Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton.</p>
ANNUAL MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE APPLICATION RATES		
Combined total per year for all applications		8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) per acre
Total of all Pre-plant, Pre-emergence, At-Planting applications		5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) per acre
Total in-crop applications from ground cracking to layby		4 quarts (3.0 lbs ae) per acre
Maximum pre-harvest application rate		2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre

11.5 - GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT FLEX COTTON

ATTENTION: USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL DIRECTIONS IS EXPECTED TO RESULT IN NORMAL GROWTH OF GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT COTTON, HOWEVER, VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS, AGRONOMIC PRACTICES AND OTHER FACTORS MAKE IT (MPOSSIBLE TO ELIMINATE ALL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PRODUCT, EVEN WHEN APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LABEL SPECIFICATIONS. IN SOME CASES, THESE FACTORS CAN RESULT IN BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Pre-plant, Pre-emergence, At-planting	<p>This product may be applied before, during or after planting Glyphosate Resistant Flex cotton. Always plant into a weed free seedbed. In no-till and stale seedbed systems, always burn down existing weeds before cotton emerges.</p> <p>MAKE APPLICATIONS ACCORDING TO THE RATES LISTED IN "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", AND WOODY BRUSH & TREES RATE TABLES" IN THIS LABEL.</p> <p>See the "GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT CROPS" section of this label for precautionary instructions for use in Glyphosate Resistant crops.</p>	<p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.</p> <p>Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting any crop not listed on this label.</p>
Post-emergence (Over-the-Top)	<p>When applied in accordance with this label, this product will control labeled annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in Glyphosate Resistant Flex cotton. To maximize yield potential spray cotton early to eliminate competing weeds. Many perennial weeds will be controlled or suppressed with one or more applications of this product.</p> <p>In-crop application rates above 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) per acre made alone or with the addition of other crop chemical products containing surfactant may cause a crop response including leaf speckling or leaf necrosis.</p> <p>Make an initial application of 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) per acre on 1 to 3 inch tall annual grass and broadleaf weeds. This product may be applied by ground application equipment at rates up to 1.5 quarts (1.125 lbs ae) per acre per application post-emergence to Glyphosate Resistant Flex cotton. In addition to broadcast applications, post-directed equipment may be used to achieve weed coverage.</p> <p>Application after 10th leaf or 10th node may result in plant injury and yield loss.</p> <p>NOTE: For specific rates of application and instructions, refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label.</p>	<p>The maximum rate for any single in-crop application of this product is 1.5 quart (1.125 lbs ae) per acre made using ground application equipment.</p> <p>Except for pre-harvest use, do not exceed a maximum rate of 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) per acre of this product when making applications by air.</p> <p>Between layby and 60 percent open bolls, the maximum combined total rate of this product that may be applied is 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre.</p> <p>The maximum combined total of all applications made from crop emergence through 60 percent open bolls must not exceed 6 quarts (4.5 lbs ae) per acre.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.</p>
Pre-harvest	<p>This product may be applied for pre-harvest annual and perennial weed control as a broadcast treatment to Glyphosate Resistant Flex cotton after 60 percent boll crack. Up to 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. NOTE: This product will not enhance the performance of harvest aids when applied to Glyphosate Resistant Flex cotton.</p>	<p>Do not apply more than 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 6 quarts (4.5 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 2 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.</p> <p>Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton.</p> <p>Do not apply this product to cotton grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.</p> <p>THE USE OF ADDITIVES, OTHER THAN THOSE LISTED ON THIS LABEL, FOR PREHARVEST APPLICATION TO COTTON IS PROHIBITED.</p>
ANNUAL MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE APPLICATION RATES		
Combined total per year for all applications (Calculate the combined rate to be used for all pre-plant, in-crop and pre-harvest applications)		8 quarts (6 lbs ae) per acre
Total of all Pre-plant, At-planting, Pre-emergence applications		5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) per acre
Total in-crop applications from ground cracking to 60 percent open bolls		6 quarts (4.5 lbs ae) per acre
Maximum allowed from 60 percent bolls open to 7 days prior to harvest		2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre

11.6 - GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT SOYBEANS

THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR IN-CROP APPLICATIONS OVER GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT SOYBEANS MAY NOT BE PRACTICED IN CALIFORNIA UNLESS THE APPLICATOR HAS AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION A CALIFORNIA APPROVED SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL SPECIFYING THE ACCEPTED DIRECTION FOR USE.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Pre-plant, Pre-emergence, At-Planting	<p>This product may be applied before, during or after planting soybeans.</p> <p>MAKE APPLICATIONS ACCORDING TO THE RATES LISTED IN "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", AND WOODY BRUSH & TREES RATE TABLES" IN THIS LABEL.</p> <p>See the "GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT CROPS" section of this label for precautionary instructions for use in Glyphosate Resistant crops.</p>	<p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined in 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.</p>

11.6 - GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT SOYBEANS

THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR IN-CROP APPLICATIONS OVER GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT SOYBEANS MAY NOT BE PRACTICED IN CALIFORNIA UNLESS THE APPLICATOR HAS AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION A CALIFORNIA APPROVED SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL SPECIFYING THE ACCEPTED DIRECTION FOR USE.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Post-emergence (In-Crop)	<p>When applied as directed, this product will control labeled annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in Glyphosate Resistant soybeans. Applications of this product can be made in Glyphosate Resistant soybeans from emergence (cracking) throughout flowering. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" in this label for specific rates on various annual weeds. Make an initial application of 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) per acre on 2- to 8-inch tall weeds for best results. Weeds will generally be 2 to 8 inches tall, 2 to 5 weeks after planting. If the initial application is delayed and weeds are larger, apply a higher rate of this product. This product may be used up to 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre in any single in-crop application for control of annual weeds and where heavy weed densities exist.</p> <p>A 1 to 2 quarts (0.75-1.5 lbs ae) per acre rate (single or multiple applications) of this product will control or suppress perennial weeds such as: bermudagrass, Canada thistle, common milkweed, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, horsenettle, marehail (horseweed), nutsedge, quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, redvine, trumpetcreeper, swamp smartweed and wirestem muhly. For best results, allow perennial weed species to achieve at least 6 inches of growth before spraying with this product.</p> <p>Under adverse growing conditions such as drought, hail, wind damage or a poor soybean stand that slows or delays canopy closure, a sequential application of this may be necessary to control late flushes of weeds. IN THE SOUTHERN STATES, A SEQUENTIAL APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT WILL BE REQUIRED TO CONTROL NEW FLUSHES OF WEEDS IN THE GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT SOYBEAN CROP. To control giant ragweed, apply up to 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) per acre of this product when the weed is 8 to 12 inches tall to increase control and possibly avoid the need for a sequential application.</p>	<p>The combined total application from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) per acre.</p> <p>The maximum rate for any single in-crop application is 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre.</p> <p>The maximum combined total of this product that can be applied during flowering is 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.</p>
Pre-Harvest	<p>This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of soybeans. Up to 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) per acre of this product can be applied by aerial or ground application.</p> <p>Care should be taken to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.</p>	<p>Do not apply more than 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.</p> <p>Allow a minimum of 14 days between final application and harvest of soybean grain or feeding of soybean grain, forage or hay.</p>
Post-Harvest	<p>This product may be applied after harvest of Glyphosate Resistant soybeans. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds that were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.</p>	<p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.</p>
ANNUAL MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE APPLICATION RATES		
Combined total per year for all applications	8 quarts (6.0 lbs ae) per acre	
Total of all Pre-plant, Pre-emergence, At-Planting applications	5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) per acre	
Total in-crop applications from cracking throughout flowering	3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) per acre	
Maximum pre-harvest application rate	1 quart (0.75 lb ae) per acre	

11.7 - GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT SUGAR BEETS

The Glyphosate Resistant designation indicates that the sugar beet contains a patented gene, which provides tolerance to this product. Information on Glyphosate Resistant sugarbeet may be obtained from your seed supplier or INFINICROP representative. Glyphosate Resistant crop varieties must be purchased from an authorized licensed seed supplier.

Do NOT combine these instructions with those listed for crop varieties that do not contain a Glyphosate Resistant gene listed in the "ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL CROPS (Alphabetical)" sections of the Glyphosate IPA 41% SL label booklet.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Pre-plant, At-Planting, Pre-emergence	<p>This product may be applied before, during or after planting of Glyphosate Resistant sugar beets.</p> <p>MAKE APPLICATIONS ACCORDING TO THE RATES LISTED IN "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", AND WOODY BRUSH & TREES RATE TABLES" IN THIS LABEL.</p>	<p>Do not apply more than 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications.</p> <p>Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all pre-plant, at-planting and pre-emergence applications combined is 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) per acre per year.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.</p>

11.7 - GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT SUGAR BEETS

The Glyphosate Resistant designation indicates that the sugar beet contains a patented gene, which provides tolerance to this product. Information on Glyphosate Resistant sugarbeet may be obtained from your seed supplier or INFINICROP representative. Glyphosate Resistant crop varieties must be purchased from an authorized licensed seed supplier.

Do NOT combine these instructions with those listed for crop varieties that do not contain a Glyphosate Resistant gene listed in the "ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL CROPS (Alphabetical)" sections of the Glyphosate IPA 41% SL label booklet.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
<p>Post-emergence (In-crop)</p>	<p>This product may be applied over the top of Glyphosate Resistant sugar beets for control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds from emergence to 30 days prior to harvest. To maximize yield potential, spray sugar beets early to eliminate competing weeds. Up to 4 sequential applications of this product may be made with at least 10 days between applications. This product will control or suppress most perennial weeds. For some perennial weeds, repeat applications may be required to eliminate crop competition throughout the growing season.</p>	<p>The combined total application from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 4.5 quarts (3.375 lbs ae) per acre.</p> <p>The maximum rate for any single application between emergence to the 8 leaf stage is 1.5 quarts (1.125 lbs ae) per acre.</p> <p>The maximum rate for any single application between the 8 leaf stage and canopy closure is 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) per acre.</p> <p>When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 4 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.</p> <p>Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and sugar beet harvest.</p> <p>For any crop NOT listed in the "CROPS" section of this label booklet, applications must be at least 30 days prior to planting.</p>
ANNUAL MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE APPLICATION RATES		
Combined total per year for all application		8 quarts (6 lbs ae) per acre
Total of all Pre-plant, Pre-emergence applications		5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) per acre
Emergence to 8 leaf stage		2.5 quarts (1.875 lbs ae) per acre
Between 8 leaf stage and canopy closure		2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre

11.8 - GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT ALFALFA

FOR POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION ONLY ON ALFALFA VARIETIES DESIGNATED AS CONTAINING A GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT GENE.

The Glyphosate Resistant designation indicates that the alfalfa contains a patented gene, which provides tolerance to this product. Information on Glyphosate Resistant alfalfa varieties may be obtained from your seed supplier or INFINICROP representative. Glyphosate Resistant crop varieties must be purchased from an authorized licensed seed supplier.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS								
<p>Pre-plant, At-planting, Pre-emergence and Post-emergence</p>	<p>This product will control many troublesome emerged weeds with over-the-top applications in Glyphosate Resistant alfalfa.</p> <p>For ground applications with broadcast equipment, apply this product in 3 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre. Carefully select proper nozzle and spray pressure to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat fan nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.</p> <p>For aerial application: Use the labeled rates of this product in 3 to 15 gallons of spray solution per acre.</p> <p>A. New Stand Establishment (seeding year)</p> <p>Prior to First Cutting During New Stand Establishment:</p> <table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 70%;">From emergence up to 4 trifoliate leaves</td> <td style="text-align: right;">2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre</td> </tr> <tr> <td>From 5 trifoliate leaves up to 5 days before first cutting</td> <td style="text-align: right;">2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre</td> </tr> <tr> <td>After First Cutting in Newly Established Stands:</td> <td style="text-align: right;">2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre</td> </tr> <tr> <td>In-crop application, per cutting, up to 5 days before cutting</td> <td style="text-align: right;">2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre</td> </tr> </table> <p>B. Established Stands (non-seeding year)</p> <p>In-Crop applications, per cutting, up to 5 Days before cutting</p> <p>During stand establishment, due to the biology and breeding constraints of alfalfa, up to 10% of the seedlings may not contain the Glyphosate Resistant gene and will not survive after the first application of this product. To eliminate the undesirable effects of stand gaps created by the loss of plants not containing a Glyphosate Resistant gene, a single application of at least 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) per acre of this product should be applied at or before the 3 to 4 trifoliate growth stage.</p> <p>In both newly seeded and established stands, in order to maximize yield and quality potential of forage and hay, applications of this product should be made after weeds have emerged but before alfalfa growth or re-growth interferes with application spray coverage of the target weeds.</p> <p>In addition to those weeds listed in the Glyphosate IPA 41% SL label booklet, this product will suppress or control the parasitic weed, Dodder (<i>Cuscuta spp.</i>) in Glyphosate Resistant alfalfa. Repeat applications may be necessary for complete control.</p>	From emergence up to 4 trifoliate leaves	2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre	From 5 trifoliate leaves up to 5 days before first cutting	2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre	After First Cutting in Newly Established Stands:	2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre	In-crop application, per cutting, up to 5 days before cutting	2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre	<p>DO NOT EXCEED 2 QUARTS (1.5 LBS AE) OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE WHEN MAKING APPLICATIONS BY AIR.</p> <p>Any single over-the-top application of this product must not exceed 2 quarts (64 fluid ounces; 1.5 lbs ae) per acre.</p> <p>Sequential applications of this production must be at least 7 days apart.</p> <p>The combined total per year for all in-crop applications in newly established and established stands must not exceed 6 quarts (192 fluid ounces; 4.5 lbs ae) per acre.</p> <p>Remove domestic livestock before application and wait a minimum of 5 days after last application before grazing, or cutting and feeding of Glyphosate Resistant alfalfa forage and hay.</p>
From emergence up to 4 trifoliate leaves	2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre									
From 5 trifoliate leaves up to 5 days before first cutting	2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre									
After First Cutting in Newly Established Stands:	2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre									
In-crop application, per cutting, up to 5 days before cutting	2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre									

11.8 - GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT ALFALFA

FOR POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION ONLY ON ALFALFA VARIETIES DESIGNATED AS CONTAINING A GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT GENE.

The Glyphosate Resistant designation indicates that the alfalfa contains a patented gene, which provides tolerance to this product. Information on Glyphosate Resistant alfalfa varieties may be obtained from your seed supplier or INFINICROP representative. Glyphosate Resistant crop varieties must be purchased from an authorized licensed seed supplier.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Over-the-top applications	<p>This product may be applied post-emergence to Glyphosate Resistant alfalfa from emergence until 5 days prior to cutting. Any single over-the-top applications of this product must not exceed 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre.</p> <p>ATTENTION: Where Glyphosate Resistant alfalfa is grown with a companion or cover crop, or is over seeded with a second species, over-the-top applications of this product will eliminate the non-Glyphosate Resistant species.</p> <p>Tank mixtures with other herbicides, insecticides, or fungicides may result in crop injury or reduced weed control and must not be used for over-the-top applications of this product.</p>	Sequential applications of this production must be at least 7 days apart.
MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE APPLICATION RATES		
Combined total per year for all applications, including pre-plant during year of establishment	8 quarts (6 lbs ae) per acre	
Combined total per year for in-crop applications for newly established and established stands	6 quarts (4.5 lbs ae) per acre	
Pre-plant, At-planting and Pre-emergence single applications	2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre	

12.0 - NON-CROP USES AROUND THE FARMSTEAD

12.1 - WEED CONTROL & TRIM-AND-EDGE

LABELED SITES: Non-crop Areas including building foundations, along and in fences, in dry ditches and canals, along ditchbanks, farm roads, shelterbelts, prior to landscape plantings and equipment storage areas.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS																																
Any suitable application equipment described in Section 7.0 of this label	<p>This product may be used to control annual weeds, perennials weeds and woody brush which are found in any part of the farmstead.</p> <p>MAKE APPLICATIONS ACCORDING TO THE RATES LISTED IN "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", AND "WOODY BRUSH & TREES RATE TABLES" IN THIS LABEL.</p> <p>TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with the following generic active ingredients. Refer to these product labels for approved farmstead sites and application rates. For annual weeds, use 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) per acre of this product when weeds are less than 6 inches tall and 1.5 quarts (1.125 lbs ae) per acre when weeds are greater than 6 inches tall. For perennial weeds, apply 2 to 5 quarts (1.5-3.75 lbs ae) per acre in these tank mixes.</p> <p>For tank mixtures with these products through backpack sprayers, handguns or other high-volume spray-to-wet applications, see the "HAND-HELD AND HIGH VOLUME EQUIPMENT" section of this label for allowable application rates.</p> <table border="0" data-bbox="438 1176 1063 1365"> <tr> <td>Imazapyr, isopropylamine salt</td> <td>Imazapic-ammonium</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Prodiamine</td> <td>Clopyralid, monoethanolamine salt</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Diuron</td> <td>Chlorsulfuron</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dicamba</td> <td>Simazine</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Metsulfuron</td> <td>Oxadiazon</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Oxyflurofen</td> <td>Diuron + Imazapyr</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bromacil + Diuron</td> <td>Dicamba, diglycolamine salt</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sulfosulfuron</td> <td>Oryzalin</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Metsulfuron + Sulfmeturon</td> <td>Hexazinone</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pendimethalin</td> <td>2,4-D</td> </tr> </table> <p>For control or partial control of the following perennial weeds, apply 1 to 2 quarts (0.75-1.5 lbs ae) of this product plus 2 to 4 ounces of sulfometuron per acre.</p> <table border="0" data-bbox="600 1407 860 1533"> <tr> <td>Bahiagrass</td> <td>Fescue, tall</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bermudagrass</td> <td>Johnsongrass</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Broomsedge</td> <td>Poorjoe</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dallisgrass</td> <td>Quackgrass</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dock, curly</td> <td>Vaseygrass</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dogfennel</td> <td>Vervain, blue</td> </tr> </table>	Imazapyr, isopropylamine salt	Imazapic-ammonium	Prodiamine	Clopyralid, monoethanolamine salt	Diuron	Chlorsulfuron	Dicamba	Simazine	Metsulfuron	Oxadiazon	Oxyflurofen	Diuron + Imazapyr	Bromacil + Diuron	Dicamba, diglycolamine salt	Sulfosulfuron	Oryzalin	Metsulfuron + Sulfmeturon	Hexazinone	Pendimethalin	2,4-D	Bahiagrass	Fescue, tall	Bermudagrass	Johnsongrass	Broomsedge	Poorjoe	Dallisgrass	Quackgrass	Dock, curly	Vaseygrass	Dogfennel	Vervain, blue	<p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 16 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p> <p>This product plus dicamba tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California</p>
Imazapyr, isopropylamine salt	Imazapic-ammonium																																	
Prodiamine	Clopyralid, monoethanolamine salt																																	
Diuron	Chlorsulfuron																																	
Dicamba	Simazine																																	
Metsulfuron	Oxadiazon																																	
Oxyflurofen	Diuron + Imazapyr																																	
Bromacil + Diuron	Dicamba, diglycolamine salt																																	
Sulfosulfuron	Oryzalin																																	
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Bahiagrass	Fescue, tall																																	
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Dallisgrass	Quackgrass																																	
Dock, curly	Vaseygrass																																	
Dogfennel	Vervain, blue																																	

12.2 - GREENHOUSE/SHADEHOUSE		
LABELED USES:		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Spot Spray, Directed Spray	This product may be used to control weeds in and around greenhouses and shadehouses. MAKE APPLICATIONS ACCORDING TO THE RATES LISTED IN "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", AND WOODY BRUSH & TREES RATE TABLES" IN THIS LABEL.	Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 16 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days. Air circulation fans must be turned off during application. Desirable vegetation must not be present during application.

12.3 – CHEMICAL MOWING		
LABELED USES: Farm Ditches and Other Parts of Farmsteads		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Any suitable application equipment described in Section 7.0 of this label	This product will suppress perennial grasses listed in this section to serve as a substitute for mowing. Use 8 fluid ounces (0.188 lb ae) of this product per acre when treating tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass or quackgrass covers. Use 6 fluid ounces (0.141 lb ae) of this product per acre when treating Kentucky bluegrass. Use 16 fluid ounces (0.375 lb ae) of this product when treating bermudagrass. Use 64 fluid ounces (1.5 lbs ae) of this product when treating torpedograss or paragrass. Apply treatments in 10 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre.	Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application. Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year. Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 16 applications per year. Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days. Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration of perennial grasses can be tolerated.

12.4 – CUT STUMPS					
LABELED USES: Cut Stumps (on any non-crop site listed on this label)					
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS			
Suitable Hand-Held Equipment	<p>This product will control regrowth of cut stumps and resprouts of many types of woody brush and tree species, some of which are listed below. Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly-cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion.</p> <p>Some sprouts, stems, or trees may share the same root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing may signal shared roots. Whether grafted or shared, injury is likely to occur to non-treated stems/trees when one or more trees sharing common roots are treated.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="418 1423 1068 1509"> <tr> <td>Alder Eucalyptus Madrone Oak</td> <td>Pepper, brazilian Pine, Austrian Reed, giant Salt cedar</td> <td>Sweetgum Tan oak Willow</td> </tr> </table>	Alder Eucalyptus Madrone Oak	Pepper, brazilian Pine, Austrian Reed, giant Salt cedar	Sweetgum Tan oak Willow	<p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 16 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p>
Alder Eucalyptus Madrone Oak	Pepper, brazilian Pine, Austrian Reed, giant Salt cedar	Sweetgum Tan oak Willow			

12.5 – HABITAT MANAGEMENT

LABELED USES: Habitat Restoration & Maintenance, Wildlife Food Plots		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Any suitable application equipment described in Section 7.0 of this label	<p>This product may be used to control exotic and other undesirable vegetation in habitat management and natural areas including rangeland and wildlife refuges. Applications can be made to allow recovery of native plant species, prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broad spectrum vegetation control requirements in habitat management areas.</p> <p>MAKE APPLICATIONS ACCORDING TO THE RATES LISTED IN "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", AND WOODY BRUSH & TREES RATE TABLES" IN THIS LABEL.</p> <p>Spot treatments can be made to selectively remove unwanted plants for habitat maintenance and enhancement.</p> <p>This product may be used as a site preparation treatment to control annual and perennial weeds prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted after applying this product, or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area.</p>	<p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 16 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p> <p>If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait 7 days after application before tillage to allow translocation into underground plant parts.</p>

13.0 – FORESTRY, INDUSTRIAL, TURF & ORNAMENTAL

13.1 – FORESTRY SITE PREPARATION

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS								
Boom Sprayers, Shielded Boom Sprayers, High-Volume Off-Center Nozzles, Hand-Held Equipment, And Similar Equipment.	<p>This product can be used for the control or partial control of woody brush, trees and herbaceous weeds in forestry, as well as for use in preparing or establishing wildlife openings with these sites and maintaining logging roads.</p> <p>MAKE APPLICATIONS ACCORDING TO THE RATES LISTED IN "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", AND WOODY BRUSH & TREES RATE TABLES" IN THIS LABEL.</p> <p>This product can be used in site preparation prior to planting any tree species, including Christmas trees, eucalyptus, hybrid tree cultivars and silvicultural nursery sites.</p> <p>Use higher rates of this product within the labeled range for control or partial control of woody brush, trees and hard-to-control perennial herbaceous weeds. For best results, apply to actively growing woody brush and trees after full leaf expansion and before fall color and leaf drop. Increase rates within the labeled range for control of perennial herbaceous weeds any time after emergence and before seedheads, flowers or berries appear.</p> <p>Use the lower rates of this product within the labeled range for control of annual herbaceous weeds and actively growing perennial herbaceous weeds after seedheads, flowers or berries appear. Apply to the foliage of actively growing annual herbaceous weeds any time after emergence.</p> <p>TANK MIXTURES: Tank mixtures of this product may be used to increase the spectrum of vegetation controlled. When tank mixing, read and carefully observe the label claims, cautionary statements and all information on the labels of all products used. Use according to the restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the mixture.</p> <p>NOTE: For forestry site preparation, make sure the tank-mix product is approved for use prior to planting the desired species. Observe planting interval restrictions.</p> <p>Any labeled rate of this product may be used in a tank mix with the following generic active ingredients for forestry site preparation.</p> <table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">Imazapyr, isopropylamine salt</td> <td style="width: 50%;">Chlorsulfuron + Sulfometuron</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Metsulfuron</td> <td>Metsulfuron + Sulfometuron</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Triclopyr, butoxyethyl ester</td> <td>Sulfometuron</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Triclopyr, triethylamine salt</td> <td>Hexazinone + Sulfometuron</td> </tr> </table> <p>For control of herbaceous weeds, use the lower labeled tank mixture rates. For control of dense stands or tough-to-control woody brush and trees, use the higher labeled rates.</p>	Imazapyr, isopropylamine salt	Chlorsulfuron + Sulfometuron	Metsulfuron	Metsulfuron + Sulfometuron	Triclopyr, butoxyethyl ester	Sulfometuron	Triclopyr, triethylamine salt	Hexazinone + Sulfometuron	<p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 16 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p> <p>Do not apply this product as an over-the-top broadcast spray for forestry conifer or hardwood release unless otherwise specified on this label, or in separate supplemental labeling published by INFINICROP, LLC for this product.</p>
Imazapyr, isopropylamine salt	Chlorsulfuron + Sulfometuron									
Metsulfuron	Metsulfuron + Sulfometuron									
Triclopyr, butoxyethyl ester	Sulfometuron									
Triclopyr, triethylamine salt	Hexazinone + Sulfometuron									

13.2 – NONCROP AREAS & INDUSTRIAL SITES

LABELLED USES: Non-crop areas including airports, apartment complexes, Christmas tree farms, commercial sites, Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) areas, ditch banks, dry ditches, dry canals, fencerows, gold courses, greenhouses, industrial sites, landscape areas, lumber yards, manufacturing sites, municipal sites, natural areas, office complexes, ornamentals, parks, parking areas, pastures, petroleum tank farms and pumping installations, plant nurseries, public areas, railroads, rangeland, recreational areas, residential areas, rights-of-way, roadsides, schools, sod or turf seed farms, sports complexes, storage areas, substations, turfgrass areas, utility sites, warehouse areas, and wildlife management areas.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS																																								
<p>This product may be applied with any suitable application equipment described in Section 7.0 of this label.</p>	<p>This product may be used to trim-and-edge around objects in non-crop sites, for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation and to eliminate unwanted weeds growing in established shrub beds or ornamental plantings. This product may be used prior to planting an areas to ornamentals, flowers, turfgrass (sod or seed), or prior to laying asphalt or beginning construction projects.</p> <p>MAKE APPLICATIONS ACCORDING TO THE RATES LISTED IN "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", AND "WOODY BRUSH & TREES RATE TABLES" IN THIS LABEL.</p> <p>Repeated applications of this product may be used, as weeds emerge, to maintain bare ground.</p> <p>TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with the following generic active ingredients provided that the specific product is registered for use on the target site. Refer to these product labels for approved sites and application rates. Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the mixture.</p> <p>User is responsible for ensuring that the mixture product's label allows the specific applications.</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>2,4-D</td> <td>Pendimethalin</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Imazapyr, isopropylamine salt</td> <td>Imazapic-ammonium</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Atrazine</td> <td>Sethoxydim</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Prodiamine</td> <td>Simazine</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dicamba, diglycolamine salt</td> <td>Oxadiazon</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dicamba</td> <td>Triclopyr, butoxyethyl ester</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Triclopyr, triethylamine salt</td> <td>Diuron + Imazapyr</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Oxyfluorfen</td> <td>Oryzalin</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bromacil + Diuron</td> <td>Chlorsulfuron</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Chlorsulfuron + Sulfometuron</td> <td>Clopyralid, monoethanolamine salt</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Aminopyralid-tripromine</td> <td>Hexazinone</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Metsulfuron + Sulfometuron</td> <td>Diuron</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sulfosulfuron</td> <td>Metsulfuron</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sulfometuron</td> <td>Isoxaben</td> </tr> </table> <p>When applied as a tank mixture for bare ground, this product provides control of the emerged annual weeds and control of partial control of emerged perennial weeds, woody brush and trees.</p> <p>For control or partial control of the following perennial weeds, apply 1 to 2 quarts (0.75-1.5 lbs ae) of this product plus 2 to 4 ounces of sulfometuron or sulfometuron + metsulfuron per acre.</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>Bahiagrass</td> <td>Dock, curly</td> <td>Poorjoe</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bermudagrass</td> <td>Dogfennel</td> <td>Quackgrass</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Broomsedge</td> <td>Fescue, tall</td> <td>Vaseygrass</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dallisgrass</td> <td>Johnsongrass</td> <td>Vervain, blue</td> </tr> </table>	2,4-D	Pendimethalin	Imazapyr, isopropylamine salt	Imazapic-ammonium	Atrazine	Sethoxydim	Prodiamine	Simazine	Dicamba, diglycolamine salt	Oxadiazon	Dicamba	Triclopyr, butoxyethyl ester	Triclopyr, triethylamine salt	Diuron + Imazapyr	Oxyfluorfen	Oryzalin	Bromacil + Diuron	Chlorsulfuron	Chlorsulfuron + Sulfometuron	Clopyralid, monoethanolamine salt	Aminopyralid-tripromine	Hexazinone	Metsulfuron + Sulfometuron	Diuron	Sulfosulfuron	Metsulfuron	Sulfometuron	Isoxaben	Bahiagrass	Dock, curly	Poorjoe	Bermudagrass	Dogfennel	Quackgrass	Broomsedge	Fescue, tall	Vaseygrass	Dallisgrass	Johnsongrass	Vervain, blue	<p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 16 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p> <p>* This product plus dicamba tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.</p>
2,4-D	Pendimethalin																																									
Imazapyr, isopropylamine salt	Imazapic-ammonium																																									
Atrazine	Sethoxydim																																									
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Bermudagrass	Dogfennel	Quackgrass																																								
Broomsedge	Fescue, tall	Vaseygrass																																								
Dallisgrass	Johnsongrass	Vervain, blue																																								

13.3 – INJECTION & FRILL (Woody Brush & Trees)

LABELED SITES: Woody brush & Trees in non-crop areas												
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS										
Injection or Frill Applications	<p>Apply this product using suitable equipment which must penetrate into the living tissue. Apply the equivalent of 1 mL (0.000938 lb ae) of this product per each 2 to 3 inches of trunk diameter at breast height (DBH). This is best achieved by applying a 50 to 100 percent concentration of this product either to a continuous frill around the tree or as cuts evenly spaced around the tree below all branches. As tree diameter increases in size, better results are achieved by applying diluted material to a continuous frill or more closely spaced cuttings.</p> <p>For best results, application should be made during periods of active growth and after full leaf expansion. This product will control many species, some of which are listed below:</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td><u>Control</u></td> <td><u>Partial Control</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Oak</td> <td>Black gum</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Poplar</td> <td>Dogwood</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sweetgum</td> <td>Hickory</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sycamore</td> <td>Maple, red</td> </tr> </table>	<u>Control</u>	<u>Partial Control</u>	Oak	Black gum	Poplar	Dogwood	Sweetgum	Hickory	Sycamore	Maple, red	<p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 16 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p> <p>Do not use application techniques that allow runoff to occur from frilled or cut areas in species that exude sap freely.</p> <p>In species such as this, make the frill or cuts at an oblique angle to produce a cupping effect and use a 100 percent concentration of this product.</p>
<u>Control</u>	<u>Partial Control</u>											
Oak	Black gum											
Poplar	Dogwood											
Sweetgum	Hickory											
Sycamore	Maple, red											

13.4 – HOLLOW STEM INJECTION

LABELED SITES: Hollow-stem plants growing in any non-crop site specified on this label.		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Hand-Held Injection Devices That Deliver Labeled Amounts Of This Product	<p>For control of the following hollow-stem plants, use the application rates below:</p> <p>Japanese Knotweed, <i>Polygonum cuspidatum</i> Inject 5mL per stem of this product between second and third internode.</p> <p>Bohemian Knotweed, <i>Polygonum bohemicum</i> Inject 5mL per stem of this product between the second and third internode.</p> <p>Giant Hogweed, <i>Hercleum mantegazzianum</i> Inject one leaf cane per plant 12 inches above the root brown with 5 mL of a 5% v/v solution of this product.</p> <p>Poison Hemlock, <i>Conium maculatum</i> Inject one leaf cane per plant 10 to 12 inches above the root crown with 5 mL of a 5% v/v solution of this product.</p> <p>Field horsetail, <i>Equisetum arvense</i> Inject one segment above the root crown with 0.5 mL per stem of this product. Use a small syringe that calibrates to this rate.</p> <p>Canada Thistle, <i>Cirsium arvense</i> Cut 8 to 9 of the tallest plants at bud stage in a clump with clippers. Use a cavity needle that is pushed into the stem center and then slowed removed as 0.5 mL per stem of this product is injected into the stem.</p>	<p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 16 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p> <p>The combined total for all treatments must not exceed 7 quarts (5.25 lbs ae) of this product per acre.</p> <p>At 5 mL per stem, 7 quarts (5.25 lbs ae) should treat approximately 1300 stems per acre.</p>

13.5 – ORNAMENTALS, PLANT NURSERIES & CHRISTMAS TREES

LABELED SITES: Plant Nurseries, Christmas Tree farms & other non-food tree production sites		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Post-Directed Trim-and-Edge	<p>This product may be used as a post-directed spray around established woody ornamental species (including arborvitae, azalea, boxwood, crabapple, eucalyptus, euonymus, fir, Douglas fir, jojoba, hollies, lilac, magnolia, maple, oak, poplar, privet, pine, spruce and yew, growing in plant nurseries, on Christmas tree farms, or on other non-food tree production sites), or to trim and edge around trees, buildings, sidewalks, roads, potted plants and other objects in a production setting.</p> <p>Apply at a concentration labeled by Section 14.0 or Section 15.0 or Section 15.1 or Section 16.0 appropriate to the species of weed to be controlled.</p> <p>Desirable plants may be protected from the spray solution by using shields or coverings made of cardboard or other impermeable material.</p>	<p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 16 applications per year.</p>
Site Preparation	<p>This product may be used prior to planting any tree, shrub or vine, including Christmas tree species, in a nursery or production setting.</p>	<p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p> <p>UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, THIS PRODUCT IS NOT ALLOWED FOR USE AS AN OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST SPRAY IN ORNAMENTALS AND CHRISTMAS TREES.</p>
Wiper Application	<p>This product may be used through wick or other suitable wiper applicators to control or partially control undesirable vegetation around established trees, shrubs or vines. See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label for further information about the proper use of wiper applicators.</p>	<p>Care must be taken to avoid contact of spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of desirable ornamental species.</p>

13.6 – PARKS, RECREATIONAL & RESIDENTIAL AREAS

LABELED SITES: Around Trees, Fences, Paths, Driveways, Around Buildings, Patios, Sidewalks, Flower Beds, Around Shrubs and other Ornamental Plants		
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS
Trim-and-Edge, Spot Treatment	<p>This product may be used to eliminate unwanted weeds growing in areas listed above.</p> <p>Use suitable hand held equipment for directed spraying according to instructions in Section 7.3 "MIXING FOR HAND-HELD SPRAYERS".</p> <p>If necessary, use cardboard or plastic to shield desirable plants.</p> <p>Do not use for spot weed control in lawns since desirable lawn grass will also be killed.</p>	<p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p>
Site Preparation, Lawn Renovation	<p>This product may be used prior to planting an area to ornamentals, flowers, turfgrass (sod or seed), lawn renovation or prior to laying asphalt or beginning construction projects.</p> <p>MAKE APPLICATIONS ACCORDING TO THE RATES LISTED IN "ANNUAL WEEDS", PERENNIAL WEEDS", AND WOODY BRUSH & TREES RATE TABLES" IN THIS LABEL.</p> <p>Apply using suitable broadcast or directed spray equipment.</p> <p>For lawn renovation, thorough coverage is necessary to kill all weeds and old lawn.</p> <p>For best results, apply when daytime temperatures are at least 60 F. Do not mow for 7 days before or after treatment.</p> <p>7 days after application, soil may be tilled, fertilized and seeded.</p>	<p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 16 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p> <p>Spray only when air is calm.</p> <p>Do not allow spray, drift or mist to contact foliage or green bark of desirable ornamental species.</p>

13.7 – RAILROADS

LABELED SITES: Railroad Rights-of-Way, Railroad Ballast areas																																				
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS																																		
Boom Sprayers, Shielded Boom Sprayers, High-Volume Off-Center Nozzles, Hand-Held Equipment	<p>All of the instructions in the "NONCROP AREAS AND INDUSTRIAL SITES" section apply to railroads.</p> <p>MAKE APPLICATIONS ACCORDING TO THE RATES LISTED IN "ANNUAL WEEDS", PERENNIAL WEEDS", AND WOODY BRUSH & TREES RATE TABLES" IN THIS LABEL.</p> <p>This product may be used to maintain bare ground on railroad ballast and shoulders. Repeat applications of this product may be used, as weeds emerge, to maintain bare ground. This product may be used to control tall-growing weeds to improve line-of-sight at railroad crossings and reduce the need for mowing along rights-of-way. For crossing applications, up to 80 gallons of spray solution per acre may be used.</p> <p>Avoid application to non-target plants due to drift, overspray or runoff.</p> <p>TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with the following generic active ingredients for ballast, shoulder, spot, bare ground and crossing treatments provided that the specific product is registered for use on such sites. Refer to these product labels for approved non-crop sites and application rates. Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the mixture.</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>Imazapyr, isopropylamine salt</td> <td>Sulfosulfuron</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Atrazine</td> <td>Diuron + Imazapyr</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dicamba</td> <td>Simazine</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Diuron</td> <td>Tebuthiuron</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Metsulfuron</td> <td>Chlorsulfuron</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Triclopyr, butoxyethyl ester</td> <td>Clopyralid, monoethanolamine salt</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Triclopyr, triethylamine salt</td> <td>Dicamba, diglycolamine salt</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bromacil</td> <td>Hexazinone</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bromacil, lithium salt</td> <td>2, 4-D</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bromacil + Diuron</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Metsulfuron + Sulfometuron</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sulfometuron</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <p>Brush control</p> <p>This product may be used to control woody brush and trees on railroad rights-of-way. Apply 4 to 10 quarts (3-7.5 lbs ae) of this product per acre as a broadcast spray, using boom-type or boomless nozzles. Up to 80 gallons of spray solution per acre may be used. Apply a ¾ to 2 percent solution of this product when using high-volume spray-to-wet applications. Apply a 5 to 10 percent solution of this product when using low volume directed sprays for spot treatment. This product may be mixed with the following generic active ingredients for enhanced control of woody brush and trees:</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>Imazapyr</td> <td>Chlorsulfuron</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Metsulfuron</td> <td>Picloram</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Triclopyr, triethylamine salt</td> <td>Clopyralid</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Triclopyr, butoxyethyl ester</td> <td>Dicamba, diglycolamine salt</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fosamine</td> <td>Hexazinone</td> </tr> </table>	Imazapyr, isopropylamine salt	Sulfosulfuron	Atrazine	Diuron + Imazapyr	Dicamba	Simazine	Diuron	Tebuthiuron	Metsulfuron	Chlorsulfuron	Triclopyr, butoxyethyl ester	Clopyralid, monoethanolamine salt	Triclopyr, triethylamine salt	Dicamba, diglycolamine salt	Bromacil	Hexazinone	Bromacil, lithium salt	2, 4-D	Bromacil + Diuron		Metsulfuron + Sulfometuron		Sulfometuron		Imazapyr	Chlorsulfuron	Metsulfuron	Picloram	Triclopyr, triethylamine salt	Clopyralid	Triclopyr, butoxyethyl ester	Dicamba, diglycolamine salt	Fosamine	Hexazinone	<p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 16 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p> <p>Observe application precautions in Section 7.0.</p>
Imazapyr, isopropylamine salt	Sulfosulfuron																																			
Atrazine	Diuron + Imazapyr																																			
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Fosamine	Hexazinone																																			

13.8 – ROADSIDES

LABELED SITES: Roadside Rights of Way areas (including Shoulders, Guardrails and Signposts)																						
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS																				
Boom Sprayers, Shielded Boom Sprayers, High-Volume Off-Center Nozzles, Hand-Held Equipment, And Similar Equipment.	<p>All the instructions in the "NONCROP AREAS AND INDUSTRIAL SITES" section apply to roadsides.</p> <p>MAKE APPLICATIONS ACCORDING TO THE RATES LISTED IN "ANNUAL WEEDS", PERENNIAL WEEDS", AND WOODY BRUSH & TREES RATE TABLES" IN THIS LABEL.</p> <p>This product may be used on road shoulders, under guardrails and around signposts and other objects along roadsides that may be obstacles to mowing.</p> <p>Avoid application to non-target plants due to drift, overspray or runoff.</p> <p>TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following generic active ingredients for shoulder, guardrail, spot and bare ground treatments:</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>Atrazine</td> <td>Chlorsulfuron + Sulfometuron</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dicamba, diglycolamine salt</td> <td>Metsulfuron + Sulfometuron</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Prodiamine</td> <td>Sulfosulfuron</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dicamba</td> <td>Pendimethalin</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Diuron</td> <td>2,4-D</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Metsulfuron</td> <td>Imazapic-ammonium</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Chlorsulfuron</td> <td>Simazine</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Isoxaben</td> <td>Oxadiazon</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bromacil + Diuron</td> <td>Diuron + Imazapyr</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Oryzalin</td> </tr> </table> <p>See the "NONCROP AREAS AND INDUSTRIAL SITES" section of this label for instructions for tank mixing.</p>	Atrazine	Chlorsulfuron + Sulfometuron	Dicamba, diglycolamine salt	Metsulfuron + Sulfometuron	Prodiamine	Sulfosulfuron	Dicamba	Pendimethalin	Diuron	2,4-D	Metsulfuron	Imazapic-ammonium	Chlorsulfuron	Simazine	Isoxaben	Oxadiazon	Bromacil + Diuron	Diuron + Imazapyr		Oryzalin	<p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 16 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p> <p>Observe application precautions in Section 7.0.</p>
Atrazine	Chlorsulfuron + Sulfometuron																					
Dicamba, diglycolamine salt	Metsulfuron + Sulfometuron																					
Prodiamine	Sulfosulfuron																					
Dicamba	Pendimethalin																					
Diuron	2,4-D																					
Metsulfuron	Imazapic-ammonium																					
Chlorsulfuron	Simazine																					
Isoxaben	Oxadiazon																					
Bromacil + Diuron	Diuron + Imazapyr																					
	Oryzalin																					
Spot treatment	This product may be used as a spot treatment to control unwanted vegetation growing along roadsides.																					

13.9 – UTILITY SITES

LABELLED SITES: Electrical Power, Pipeline And Telephone Rights-Of-Way, And In Other Sites Associated With These Rights-Of-Way, Including Substations, Roadsides, Railroads Or Similar Rights-Of-Way That Run In Conjunction With Utilities.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS	USE DIRECTIONS	RESTRICTIONS																										
Boom Sprayers, Shielded Boom Sprayers, High-Volume Off-Center Nozzles, Hand-Held Equipment, And Similar Equipment.	<p>This product may be used in utility sites and substations to control unwanted vegetation and to eliminate unwanted weeds growing in established shrub beds or ornamental plantings. This product may be used prior to planting a utility site to ornamentals, flowers, turfgrass (sod or seed), or beginning construction projects.</p> <p>MAKE APPLICATIONS ACCORDING TO THE RATES LISTED IN "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", AND "WOODY BRUSH & TREES RATE TABLES" IN THIS LABEL.</p> <p>Avoid application to non-target plants due to drift, overspray or runoff.</p> <p>Repeated applications of this product may be used, as weeds emerge, to maintain bare ground.</p> <p>This product can also be used when preparing or establishing wildlife openings within these sites, maintaining access roads and for side trimming along utility rights-of-way.</p> <p>For control of herbaceous weeds, use the lower labeled tank mixture rates. For control of dense stands of tough-to-control woody brush and trees, use the higher labeled rates.</p> <p>TANK MIXTURES: Tank mixtures of this product may be used to increase the spectrum of control for herbaceous weeds, woody brush and trees. This product may be tank mixed with the following generic active ingredients. Refer to these products' labels for approved non-crop sites and application rates. Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the mixture.</p> <p>User is responsible for ensuring that the mixture product's label allows the specific application when tank mixing with a single generic active ingredient listed below.</p> <table border="0" data-bbox="467 772 1047 1018"> <tr> <td>2,4-D²</td> <td>Metsulfuron</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Imazapyr, isopropylamine salt</td> <td>Oryzalin</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Atrazine¹</td> <td>Metsulfuron</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pendimethalin¹</td> <td>Triclopyr, triethylamine salt²</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Proflaminate</td> <td>Sulfometuron</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dicamba¹</td> <td>Triclopyr, butoxyethyl ester³</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Diuron¹</td> <td>Chlorsulfuron</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sulfosulfuron</td> <td>Clopyralid, monoethanolamine salt</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Metsulfuron + Sulfometuron</td> <td>Fosamine</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Imazapic-ammonium</td> <td>Dicamba, diglycolamine salt</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Simazine¹</td> <td>Bromacil + Diuron</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Oxadiazon</td> <td>Hexazinone</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Diuron + Imazapyr</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <p>¹ Tank mixtures with product containing this active ingredient may be made provided the specific product is registered for the use.</p> <p>² Ensure that Triclopyr, triethylamine salt is thoroughly mixed with water according to label directions before adding this product. Have spray mixture agitating at the time this product is added to avoid spray incompatibility problems.</p> <p>³ For side trimming treatments, use this product alone or in a tank mixture with Triclopyr, butoxyethyl ester.</p>	2,4-D ²	Metsulfuron	Imazapyr, isopropylamine salt	Oryzalin	Atrazine ¹	Metsulfuron	Pendimethalin ¹	Triclopyr, triethylamine salt ²	Proflaminate	Sulfometuron	Dicamba ¹	Triclopyr, butoxyethyl ester ³	Diuron ¹	Chlorsulfuron	Sulfosulfuron	Clopyralid, monoethanolamine salt	Metsulfuron + Sulfometuron	Fosamine	Imazapic-ammonium	Dicamba, diglycolamine salt	Simazine ¹	Bromacil + Diuron	Oxadiazon	Hexazinone	Diuron + Imazapyr		<p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per single application.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified do not apply more than 10.67 quarts (8.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre per year.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 16 applications per year.</p> <p>Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.</p> <p>Observe application precautions in Section 7.0.</p>
2,4-D ²	Metsulfuron																											
Imazapyr, isopropylamine salt	Oryzalin																											
Atrazine ¹	Metsulfuron																											
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Metsulfuron + Sulfometuron	Fosamine																											
Imazapic-ammonium	Dicamba, diglycolamine salt																											
Simazine ¹	Bromacil + Diuron																											
Oxadiazon	Hexazinone																											
Diuron + Imazapyr																												

14.0 - ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLES ALPHABETICALLY BY SPECIES

WATER CARRIER VOLUMES OF 3 TO 10 GALLONS PER ACRE FOR GROUND APPLICATIONS AND 3 TO 5 GALLONS PER ACRE FOR AERIAL APPLICATIONS ARE REQUIRED.

- Apply to actively growing annual weeds. Annual weeds are generally easiest to control when they are small.
- Older, mature (hardened) annual weed species may require higher rates even if they meet the size requirements.
- Do not tank mix with soil residual herbicides when using these rates unless otherwise specified.
- For weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, allow regrowth to occur prior to treatment.
- This product may be used up to 48 fluid ounces (1.125 lbs ae) per acre where heavy weed densities exist.

ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE

WEED SPECIES	APPLICATION RATE (fluid ounces/acre)				
	16 (0.375 lb ae)	24 (0.56 lb ae)	32 (0.75 lb ae)	40 (0.94 lb ae)	48 (1.125 lbs ae)
	Maximum height/length (in inches)				
Ammannia, purple	3"	6"	12"	-	18"
Annoda, spurred	-	2"	3"	5"	8"
Barley	18"	18"+	-	-	-
Barnyardgrass	-	3"	6"	7"	9"
Bassia, fivehook	-	-	6"	-	-
Beggarweed, Florida	-	5"	8"	-	-
Bittercress	12"	20"	-	-	-
Bluegrass, annual	10"	-	-	-	-
Bluegrass, bulbous	6"	-	-	-	-
Brome, downy ^{1,2}	6"	12"	-	-	-
Brome, Japanese	6"	12"	24"	-	-
Browntop panicum	6"	8"	12"	-	24"
Buckwheat, wild 3	-	1"	2"	-	-
Burcucumber	-	6"	12"	-	18"
Buttercup	12"	20"	-	-	-
Carolina geranium	-	-	4"	-	9"
Carpetweed	-	6"	12"	-	-
Cheat ²	6"	20"	-	-	-

WEED SPECIES	APPLICATION RATE (fluid ounces/acre)				
	16 (0.375 lb ae)	24 (0.56 lb ae)	32 (0.75 lb ae)	40 (0.94 lb ae)	48 (1.125 lbs ae)
	Maximum height/length (in inches)				
Chervil	20"	-	-	-	-
Chickweed	-	12"	18"	-	-
Cocklebur	12"	18"	24"	-	36"
Copperleaf, hophornbeam	-	2"	4"	-	6"
Copperleaf, Virginia	-	2"	4"	-	6"
Coreopsis, plains	-	6"	12"	-	18"
Corn, Volunteer	6"	12"	20"	-	-
Corn speedwell	12"	-	-	-	-
Crabgrass	3"	6"	12"	-	-
Crowfootgrass	-	-	6"	-	12"
Cutleaf evening primrose	-	-	3"	-	6"
Devilsclaw (unicorn plant)	-	3"	6"	-	-
Dwarf dandelion	12"	-	-	-	-
Eastern manna grass	8"	12"	-	-	-
Eclipta	-	4"	8"	12"	-
Fall panicum	4"	-	6"	-	12"
Falsedandelion	-	20"	-	-	-
Falseflax, smallseed	12"	-	-	-	-
Fiddleneck	-	6"	12"	-	-
Field pennycress	6"	12"	-	-	-
Filaree	-	-	6"	-	12"
Fleabane, annual	6"	20"	-	-	-
Fleabane, hairy (<i>Conyza bonariensis</i>)	-	-	6"	-	10"
Fleabane, rough	3"	6"	12"	-	-
Florida pusley	-	-	4"	-	6"
Foxtail, giant, bristly, yellow	6"	12"	20"	-	-
Foxtail, Carolina	10"	-	-	-	-
Foxtain, green	12"	-	-	-	-
Goatgrass, jointed	6"	12"	-	-	-
Goosegrass	-	3"	6"	-	12"
Grain sorghum (milo)	6"	12"	20"	-	-
Groundcherry	-	3"	6"	-	9"
Groundsel, common	-	6"	10"	-	-
Hemp sesbania	-	2"	4"	6"	8"
Henbit	-	-	6"	-	12"
Horseweed/Marestail (<i>Conyza canadensis</i>)	-	6"	12"	-	18"
Itchgrass	6"	8"	12"	-	18"
Jimsonweed	-	-	12"	-	18"
Johnsongrass, seedling	6"	12"	18"	-	24"
Junglerice	-	3"	6"	7"	9"
Knotweed	-	-	6"	-	12"
Kochia ⁴	-	3" to 6"	12"	-	-
Lambsquarters	-	6"	12"	-	20"
Little barley	6"	12"	-	-	-
London rocket	6"	-	24"	-	-
Mayweed	-	2"	6"	12"	18"
Morningglory (<i>Lpomoea</i> spp.)	-	-	3"	-	6"
Mustard, blue	6"	12"	18"	-	-
Mustard, tansy	6"	12"	18"	-	-
Mustard, tumble	6"	12"	18"	-	-
Mustard, wild	6"	12"	18"	-	-
Nightshade, black	-	4"	6"	-	12"
Nightshade, hairy	-	4"	6"	-	12"
Oats	3"	6"	18"	-	-
Pigweed	-	12"	18"	24"	-
Prickly lettuce	-	6"	12"	-	-
Purslane	-	-	3"	-	6"
Ragweed, common	-	6"	12"	-	18"
Ragweed, giant	-	6"	12"	-	18"
Red rice	-	-	4"	-	-
Rye, volunteer/cereal ²	6"	18"	18" +	-	-
Ryegrass	-	-	6"	-	12"
Sandbur, field	6"	12"	-	-	-
Sandbur, longspine	6"	12"	-	-	-
Shattercane	6"	12"	20"	-	-
Shepherdspurse	6"	12"	-	-	-
Sicklepod	-	2"	4"	-	8"
Signalgrass, broadleaf	-	3"	6"	7"	9"

WEED SPECIES	APPLICATION RATE (fluid ounces/acre)				
	16 (0.375 lb ae)	24 (0.56 lb ae)	32 (0.75 lb ae)	40 (0.94 lb ae)	48 (1.125 lbs ae)
	Maximum height/length (in inches)				
Smartweed, ladysthumb	-	-	6"	-	9"
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	-	-	6"	-	9"
Sowthistle, annual	-	-	6"	-	12"
Spanishneedles	-	-	6"	-	12"
Speedwell, purslane	12"	-	-	-	-
Sprangletop	6"	12"	20"	-	-
Spurge, prostrate	-	6"	12"	-	-
Spurge, spotted	-	6"	12"	-	-
Spurry, umbrella	6"	-	-	-	-
Stinkgrass	-	12"	-	-	-
Sunflower	12"	18"	-	-	-
Swinecress	-	5"	12"	-	-
Teaweed/Prickly sida	-	2"	4"	-	6"
Texas panicum	6"	8"	12"	-	24"
Thistle, Russian ⁵	-	6"	12"	-	-
Velvetleaf	-	-	6"	-	12"
Virginia pepperweed	-	18"	-	-	-
Waterhemp	-	-	6"	-	12"
Wheat ²	6"	12"	18"	-	-
Wheat (overwintered)	-	6"	12"	-	18"
Wild oats	3"	6"	18"	-	-
Wild proso millet	-	6"	12"	-	18"
Witchgrass	-	12"	-	-	-
Woolly cupgrass	-	6"	12"	-	-
Yellow rocket	-	12"	20"	-	-

¹ For control of downy brome in no-till systems, use 24 fluid ounces (0.56 lb ae) per acre.

² Performance is better if application is made before this weed reaches the boot stage of growth.

³ Use 24 fluid ounces (0.56 lb ae) per acre of this product to control wild buckwheat in the cotyledon to 2-leaf stage. Use 32 fluid ounces (0.75 lb ae) per acre to control 2- to 4-leaf wild buckwheat. For improved control of wild buckwheat over 2 inches in size, use sequential treatments of 32 fluid ounces (0.75 lb ae) followed by 32 fluid ounces (0.75 lb ae) of this product per acre.

⁴ Do not treat kochia in the button stage.

⁵ Control of Russian thistle may vary based on environmental conditions and spray coverage. Whenever possible, a tank mixture with 2,4-D as described below may improve control.

14.1 - ANNUAL WEEDS – Water Carrier Volumes of 10 to 40 Gallons per Acre

Apply 1 to 2 quarts (0.75-1.5 lbs ae) of this product per acre. Use 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) per acre if weeds are less than 6 inches tall and 1.5 quarts (1.125 lbs ae) per acre if weeds are 6 to 12 inches tall and 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre if weeds are greater than 12 inches tall.

These rates will provide control of weeds listed in the annual weed control tables when water carrier volumes are 10 to 40 gallons per acre for ground applications. Older, mature (hardened) annual weed species may require higher rates even if they meet the size requirements.

14.2 - ANNUAL WEEDS – Tank Mixtures with 2,4-D or Dicamba or Picloram-potassium

12 to 16 fluid ounces (0.281-0.375 lb ae) of this product plus 0.25 pounds a.i. of Dicamba or 0.5 pounds a.i. of 2,4-D per acre or 1 to 2 fluid ounces of Picloram-potassium per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated:

6" – prickly lettuce, marestalk/horseweed (*Conyza canadensis*), morningglory (*Ipomoea* spp.), kochia (dicamba only); Wild buckwheat (Picloram-potassium only)
12" – cocklebur, lambsquarters, pigweed, Russian thistle (2,4-D only).

16 fluid ounces (0.375 lb ae) of this product plus 0.5 pounds a.i. of 2,4-D per acre will control the following weeds when they are a maximum height or length of 6 inches: common ragweed, giant ragweed, Pennsylvania smartweed, and velvetleaf.

Refer to the specific product labels for crop rotation restrictions and cautionary statements of all products used in tank mixtures. Some crop injury may occur if dicamba or Picloram-potassium is applied within 45 days of planting.

DO NOT APPLY DICAMBA TANK MIXTURES BY AIR IN CALIFORNIA.

14.3 - ANNUAL WEEDS – Hand-Held or High-Volume Equipment

For control of weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE", apply a 0.5 percent solution of this product to weeds less than 6 inches in height or runner length. Apply prior to seedhead formation in grass or bud formation in broadleaf weeds. For annual weeds over 6 inches tall, or unless otherwise specified, use a 1 percent solution.

For best results, use a 2 percent solution on harder-to-control perennials, such as bermudagrass, dock, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, milkweed and Canada thistle.

When using application methods that result in less than complete coverage, use a 5 percent solution for annual and perennial weeds and a 5 to 10 percent solution for woody brush and trees.

14.4 - ANNUAL WEEDS – Tank Mixtures with Atrazine for Fallow and Reduced Tillage Systems

For use only in Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, and Washington. In Oregon and Washington, do not exceed 1 pound of atrazine per acre.

24 to 28 fluid ounces (0.56-0.66 lb ae) of this product plus 1 to 2 pounds of atrazine per acre will control the following weeds: Barnyardgrass (requires 28 ounces for control), Downy brome, Green foxtail, Lambsquarters, Prickly lettuce, Tansy mustard, Pigweed, Field sandbur, Stinkgrass, Russian thistle, Volunteer wheat, Witchgrass and Kochia (add 1/8 pound of dicamba for control).

15.0 - PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE (ALPHABETICALLY BY SPECIES)

Apply to actively growing perennial weeds.

NOTE: If weeds have been mowed or tilled, do not treat until plants have resumed active growth and have reached the recommended stages.

Repeat treatments may be necessary to control weeds regenerating from underground parts or seed. Repeat treatments must be made prior to crop emergence.

Unless otherwise stated, allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Do not treat when weeds are under drought stress as good soil moisture is necessary for active growth.

For hand-held sprayers, prepare the desired volume of spray solution by mixing the amount of this product in water as shown in the following table:

Spray Solution

Desired Volume	Amount of Glyphosate IPA 41% SL					
	½%	1%	1 1/2%	2%	5%	10%
1 Gal	2/3 oz	1 1/3 oz	2 oz	2 2/3 oz	6 ½ oz	13 oz
25 Gal	1 pt	1 qt	1 ½ qt	2 qt	5 qt	10 qt
100 Gal	2 qt	1 gal	1 ½ gal	2 gal	5 gal	10 gal

2 tablespoons = 1 fluid ounce

WEED SPECIES	RATE (QT/A)	WATER VOL. (GPA)	HAND-HELD % SOLUTION	COMMENTS
Alfalfa	1 – 2 (0.75-1.5 lbs ae)	3 – 10	2%	Make applications after the last hay cutting in the fall. Allow alfalfa to regrow to a height of 6 to 8 inches or more prior to treatment. Applications should be followed with deep tillage at least 7 days after treatment, but before soil freeze-up.
Alligatorweed	4 (3.0 lbs ae)	3 – 20	1.5%	Partial control. Apply when most of the plants are in bloom. Repeat applications will be required to maintain control.
Anise (fennel)	-	-	1 – 2%	Apply as a spray-to-wet treatment. Optimum results are obtained when plants are treated at the bud to full-bloom stage of growth.
Bahiagrass	3 – 5 (2.25-3.75 lbs ae)	3 – 20	2%	Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage.
Bentgrass	1.5 (1.125 lbs ae)	10 – 20	2%	For suppression in grass seed production areas. For ground applications only. Ensure entire crown area has resumed growth prior to a fall application. Bentgrass should have at least 3 inches of growth. Tillage prior to treatment should be avoided. Till 7 to 10 days after application for best results.
Bermudagrass	3 – 5 (2.25-3.75 lbs ae)	3 – 20	2%	For control, apply 5 quarts (3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre. For partial control, apply 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) per acre. Treat when bermudagrass is actively growing and seedheads are present. Retreatment may be necessary to maintain control.
Bermudagrass, water (knotgrass)	1 – 1.5 (0.75-1.125 lbs ae)	5 – 10	2%	Apply 1.5 quarts (1.125 lbs ae) of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply when water bermudagrass is 12 to 18 inches in length. Allow 7 or more days before tilling, flushing or flooding the field. Fall applications only: Apply 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Fallow fields should be tilled prior to application. Apply prior to frost on water bermudagrass that is 12 to 18 inches in length. This product is not registered in California for use on water bermudagrass.

WEED SPECIES	RATE (QT/A)	WATER VOL. (GPA)	HAND-HELD % SOLUTION	COMMENTS
Bindweed, field	0.5 – 5 (0.375-3.75 lbs ae)	3 – 20	2%	<p>Do not treat when weeds are under drought stress as good soil moisture is necessary for active growth.</p> <p>For control, apply 4 to 5 quarts (3.0-3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre west of the Mississippi River and 3 to 4 quarts (2.25-3.0 lbs ae) east of the Mississippi River. Apply when the weeds are at or beyond full bloom. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost.</p> <p>Also for control, apply 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product plus 0.5 pounds a.i. of dicamba in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply by air.</p> <p>For suppression on irrigated agricultural land, apply 1 to 2 quarts (0.75-1.5 lbs ae) of this product plus 1 pound a.i. of 2,4-D in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre with ground equipment only. Applications should be made following harvest or in fall fallow ground when the bindweed is actively growing and the majority of runners are 12 inches or more in length. The use of at least one irrigation will promote active bindweed growth.</p> <p>For suppression, apply 16 fluid ounces (0.375 lb ae) of this product plus 0.5 pound a.i. 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre for ground applications and 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Apply by air in fallow and reduced tillage systems only. Applications should be delayed until maximum emergence has occurred and when vines are between 6 to 18 inches in length.</p> <p>In California only, apply 1 to 5 quarts (0.75-3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre. Actual rate needed for suppression or control will vary within this range depending on local conditions. For suppression on irrigated land where annual tillage is performed, apply 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to bindweed that has reached a length of 12 inches or greater. Allow maximum weed emergence and runner growth. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.</p>
Bluegrass, Kentucky	1 – 2 (0.75-1.5 lbs ae)	3 – 40	2%	Apply 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 1 to 1.5 quarts (0.75-1.125 lbs ae) of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.
Blueweed, Texas	3 – 5 (2.25-3.75 lbs ae)	3 – 40	2%	Apply 4 to 5 quarts (3.0-3.75 lbs ae) of this product per acre west of the Mississippi River and 3 to 4 quarts (2.25-3.0 lbs ae) per acre east of the Mississippi River. Apply when plants are at or beyond full bloom. New leaf development indicates active growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost.
Brackenfern	3 – 4 (2.25-3.0 lbs ae)	3 – 40	1 – 1.5%	Apply to fully expanded fronds which are at least 18 inches long.
Bromegrass, smooth	1 – 2 (0.75-1.5 lbs ae)	3 – 40	2%	Apply 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 1 to 1.5 quarts (0.75-1.125 lbs ae) of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.
Bursage, woolly-leaf	-	3 – 20	2%	For control, apply 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product plus 1 pint of dicamba per acre. For partial control, apply 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) of this product plus 1 pint of dicamba per acre. Apply when plants are producing new active growth which has been initiated by moisture for at least 2 weeks and when plants are at or beyond flowering.
Canarygrass, reed	2 – 3 (1.5-2.25 lbs ae)	3 – 40	2%	For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth.
Cattail	3 – 5 (2.25-3.75 lbs ae)	3 – 40	2%	Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage.
Clover, red, white	3 – 5 (2.25-3.75 lbs ae)	3 – 20	2%	Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage. Also for control, apply 16 to 32 fluid ounces (0.375-0.75 lb ae) of this product plus ½ to 1 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.
Cogongrass	3 – 5 (2.25-3.75 lbs ae)	10 – 40	2%	Apply when cogongrass is at least 18 inches tall in late summer or fall. Due to uneven stages of growth and the dense nature of vegetation preventing good spray coverage, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control.
Dallisgrass	3 – 5 (2.25-3.75 lbs ae)	3 – 20	2%	Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage.
Dandelion	3 – 5 (2.25-3.75 lbs ae)	3 – 40	2%	Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage of growth. Also for control, apply 16 fluid ounces (0.375 lb ae) of this product plus 0.5 pound a.i. 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.
Dock, curly	3 – 5 (2.25-3.75 lbs ae)	3 – 40	2%	Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage of growth. Also for control, apply 16 fluid ounces (0.375 lb ae) of this product plus 0.5 pound a.i. 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.
Dogbane, hemp	4 (3.0 lbs ae)	3 – 40	2%	<p>Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. Following crop harvest or mowing, allow weeds to regrow to a mature stage prior to treatment. For best results, apply in late summer or fall.</p> <p>For suppression, apply 16 fluid ounces (0.375 lb ae) of this product plus 0.5 pound a.i. of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre for ground applications and 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Delay applications until maximum emergence of dogbane has occurred.</p>

WEED SPECIES	RATE (QT/A)	WATER VOL. (GPA)	HAND-HELD % SOLUTION	COMMENTS
Fescue (except tall)	3 – 5 (2.25-3.75 lbs ae)	3 – 20	2%	Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage.
Fescue, tall	1 – 3 (0.75-2.25 lbs ae)	3 – 40	2%	Apply 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) of this product per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. Fall applications only: Apply 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to fescue in the fall when plants have 6 to 12 inches of new growth. A sequential application of 1 pint (0.375 lb ae) per acre of this product will improve long-term control and control seedlings germinating after fall treatments or the following spring.
Guineagrass	2 – 3 (1.5-2.25 lbs ae)	3 – 40	1%	Apply when most plants have reached at least the 7-leaf stage of growth. Ensure thorough coverage when using hand-held equipment.
Horsenettle	3 – 5 (2.25-3.75 lbs ae)	3 – 20	2%	Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage.
Iceland	-	-	1.5 – 2%	Iceland should be at or beyond the early bud stage of growth. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.
Jerusalem artichoke	3 – 5 (2.25-3.75 lbs ae)	3 – 20	2%	Apply when most plants are in the early bud stage.
Johnsongrass	0.5 – 3 (0.375-2.25 lbs ae)	3 – 40	1%	In annual cropping systems apply 1 to 2 quarts (0.75-1.5 lbs ae) of this product per acre. Apply 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. In noncrop, or areas where annual tillage (no-till) is not practiced, apply 2 to 3 quarts (1.5-2.25 lbs ae) of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth or in the fall prior to frost. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when using the 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) per acre rate. For burndown of Johnsongrass, apply 1 pint (0.375 lb ae) of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before the plants reach a height of 12 inches. For this use, allow at least 3 days after treatment before tillage. Spot treatment (partial control or suppression) – Apply a 1 percent solution of this product when Johnsongrass is 12 to 18 inches in height. Coverage must be uniform and complete.
Kikuyugrass	2 – 3 (1.5-2.25 lbs ae)	3 – 40	2%	Spray when most kikuyugrass is at least 8 inches in height (3 or 4-leaf stage of growth). Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.
Knapweed	4 (3.0 lbs ae)	3 – 40	2%	Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall.
Lantana	-	-	1 – 1.25%	Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Use the higher application rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth.
Lespedeza	3 – 5 (2.25-3.75 lbs ae)	3 – 20	2%	Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage.
Milkweed, common	3 (2.25 lbs ae)	3 – 40	2%	Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth.
Muhly, wirestem	1 – 2 (0.75-1.5 lbs ae)	3 – 40	2%	Use 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre or in pasture, sod, or noncrop areas. Spray when the wirestem muhly is 8 inches or more in height. Do not till between harvest and fall applications or in the fall or spring prior to spring applications. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.
Mullein, common	3 – 5 (2.25-3.75 lbs ae)	3 – 20	2%	Apply when most plants are in the early bud stage.
Napiergrass	3 – 5 (2.25-3.75 lbs ae)	3 – 20	2%	Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.
Nightshade, silverleaf	2 (1.5 lbs ae)	3 – 10	2%	Applications should be made when at least 60 percent of the plants have berries. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost.
Nutsedge; purple, yellow	0.5 – 3 (0.375-2.25 lbs ae)	3 – 40	1 – 2%	Apply 3 quarts (2.25 lbs ae) of this product per acre or apply a 1 to 2 percent solution for control of nutsedge plants and immature nutlets attached to treated plants. Treat when plants are in flower or when new nutlets can be found at rhizome tips. Nutlets which have not germinated will not be controlled and may germinate following treatment. Repeat treatments will be required for long-term control of ungerminated tubers. Sequential applications: 1 to 2 quarts (0.75-1.5 lbs ae) of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre will also provide control. Make applications when a majority of the plants are in the 3 to 5-leaf stage (less than 6 inches tall). Repeat this application, as necessary, when newly emerging plants reach the 3 to 5-leaf stage. Subsequent applications will be necessary for long-term control. For partial control of existing plants, apply 1 pint to 2 quarts (0.375-1.5 lbs ae) of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Treat when plants have 3 to 5 leaves and most are less than 6 inches tall. Repeat treatments will be required to control subsequent emerging plants or regrowth of existing plants.
Orchardgrass	1 – 2 (0.75-1.5 lbs ae)	3 – 40	2%	Apply 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 1 to 1.5 quarts (0.75-1.125 lbs ae) of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height. Orchardgrass sods going to no-till corn: Apply 1 to 1.5 quarts (0.75-1.125 lbs ae) of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to orchardgrass that is a minimum of 12 inches tall for spring applications and 6 inches tall for fall applications. Allow at least 3 days following application before planting. A sequential application of atrazine will be necessary for optimum results.
Pampasgrass	-	-	1.5 – 2%	Pampasgrass should be at or beyond the boot stage of growth. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.

WEED SPECIES	RATE (QT/A)	WATER VOL. (GPA)	HAND-HELD % SOLUTION	COMMENTS
Paragrass	3 – 5 (2.25-3.75 lbs ae)	3 – 20	2%	Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.
Phragmites	3 – 5 (2.25-3.75 lbs ae)	10 – 40	1 – 2%	For partial control. For best results, treat during late summer or fall months or when plants are actively growing and in full bloom. Treatment before or after this stage may lead to reduced control. Due to the dense nature of the vegetation, which may prevent good spray coverage or uneven stages of growth, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control. Visual control symptoms will be slow to develop.
Poison hemlock	-	-	1 – 2%	Apply as a spray-to-wet treatment. Optimum results are obtained when plants are treated at the bud to full-bloom stage of growth.
Pokeweed, common	1 (0.75 lb ae)	3 – 40	2%	Apply to actively growing plants up to 24 inches tall.
Quackgrass	1 – 3 (0.75-2.25 lbs ae)	3 – 40	2%	In annual cropping systems, or in pastures and sods followed by deep tillage: Apply 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. For 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre, apply 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product. Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when using the 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) rate. Spray when quackgrass is 6 to 8 inches in height. Do not till between harvest and fall applications or in fall or spring prior to spring application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage. In pastures or sods, use a moldboard plow for best results. In pastures, sods or noncrop areas where deep tillage does not follow application: Apply 2 to 3 quarts (1.5-2.25 lbs ae) of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when the quackgrass is greater than 8 inches tall.
Redvine	0.75 – 2 (0.56-1.5 lbs ae)	5 – 10	2%	For suppression, apply 24 fluid ounces (0.56 lb ae) of this product per acre at each of two applications 7 to 14 days apart or a single application of 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) per acre. Apply labeled rates in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply in late September or early October to plants which are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last tillage operation. Make applications at least 1 week before a killing frost.
Reed, giant	-	-	2%	Best results are obtained when applications are made in late summer to fall.
Ryegrass, perennial	1 – 3 (0.75-2.25 lbs ae)	3 – 40	1%	In annual cropping systems apply 1 to 2 quarts (0.75-1.5 lbs ae) of this product per acre. Apply 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 2 quarts (1.5 lbs ae) of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. In noncrop, or areas where annual tillage (no-till) is not practiced, apply 2 to 3 quarts (1.5-2.25 lbs ae) of this product in 10 to 40 gallons water per acre. For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth or in the fall prior to frost. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicides when using the 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) per acre rate.
Smartweed, swamp	3 – 5 (2.25-3.75 lbs ae)	3 – 40	2%	Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage of growth. Also for control, apply 16 fluid ounces (0.375 lb ae) of this product plus 0.5 pound a.i. 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall.
Sowthistle, perennial	2 – 3 (1.5-2.25 lbs ae)	3 – 40	2%	Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing or tillage in the late summer or fall, allow at least 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to the application of this product. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.
Spurge, leafy	-	3 – 10	2%	For suppression, apply 16 fluid ounces (0.375 lb ae) of this product plus 0.5 pound a.i. 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall. If mowing has occurred prior to treatment, apply when most of the plants are 12 inches tall.
Starthistle, yellow	2 (1.5 lbs ae)	10 – 40	2%	Best results are obtained when applications are made during the rosette, bolting and early flower stages.
Sweet potato, wild	-	-	2%	Partial control. Apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Repeat applications may be required.
Thistle, artichoke	-	-	2%	Partial control. Apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Repeat applications may be required.
Thistle, Canada	2 – 3 (1.5-2.25 lbs ae)	3 – 40	2%	Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing or tillage in the late summer or fall, allow at least 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to the application of this product. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage. For suppression, apply 1 quart (0.75 lb ae) of this product, or 1 pint (0.375 lb ae) of this product plus 0.5 pound a.i. 2,4-D, in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall after harvest, mowing or tillage. Allow rosette regrowth to a minimum of 6 inches in diameter before treating. Applications can be made as long as leaves are still green and plants are actively growing at the time of application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.
Timothy	2 – 3 (1.5-2.25 lbs ae)	3 – 40	2%	For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth.
Torpedograss	4 – 5 (3.0-3.75 lbs ae)	3 – 40	2%	For partial control. Apply when most plants are at or beyond the seedhead stage of growth. Repeat applications will be required to maintain control. Fall treatments must be applied before frost.
Trumpet creeper	2 (1.5 lbs ae)	5 – 10	2%	Partial control. Apply in late September or October, to plants which are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45-60 days since the last tillage operation. Make applications at least 1 week before a killing frost.
Vaseygrass	3 – 5 (2.25-3.75 lbs ae)	3 – 20	2%	Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.
Velvetgrass	3 – 5 (2.25-3.75 lbs ae)	3 – 20	2%	Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.
Wheatgrass, western	2 – 3 (1.5-2.25 lbs ae)	3 – 40	2%	For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth.

15.1 - PERENNIAL WEEDS – Bromus Species and Medusahead

For Use in the States of Colorado, Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming Only
 Bromus Species: This product may be used to treat downy brome (*Bromus tectorum*), Japanese brome (*Bromus japonicus*), soft chess (*Bromus mollis*) and cheatgrass (*Bromus secalinus*) found in industrial, rangeland and pasture sites. Apply 8 to 16 fluid ounces (0.188-0.375 lb ae) of product per acre on a broadcast basis. For best results, treatment should coincide with early seedhead emergence of the most mature plants. Delaying the application until this growth stage will maximize the emergence of other weedy grass flushes. Applications should be made to the same site each year until seed banks are depleted and the desirable perennial grasses are able to become reestablished on the site.

Medusahead: To treat medusahead, apply 16 fluid ounces (0.375 lb ae) of this product per acre as soon as plants are actively growing, and prior to the 4 leaf stage. Applications may be made in the fall or spring.

Application Equipment and Techniques: Applications may be made using ground or aerial equipment. Aerial applications for these uses may be made using fixed wing or helicopter equipment. For aerial applications, apply in 2 to 10 gallons of water per acre. For applications using ground equipment, apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

When applied as directed there are no grazing restrictions.

16.0 -WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLE ALPHABETICALLY BY SPECIES

Apply this product after full leaf expansion, unless otherwise directed. Use the higher rate for larger plants and/or dense areas of growth. On vines, use the higher rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Best results are obtained when application is made in late summer or fall after fruit formation.

In arid areas, best results are obtained when applications are made in the spring to early summer when brush species are at high moisture content and are flowering.

Unless otherwise directed, apply broadcast treatments in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Ensure thorough coverage when using hand-held equipment. Symptoms may not appear prior to frost or senescence with fall treatments.

Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage, mowing or removal. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control plants regenerating from underground parts or seed. Some autumn colors on undesirable deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Reduced performance may result if fall treatments are made following a frost.

WEED SPECIES	RATE (QT/A)	HAND-HELD % SOLUTION	COMMENTS
Alder	3 – 4 (2.25-3.0 lbs ae)	1 – 1.5%	For control
Ash	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Aspen, quaking	2 – 3 (1.5-2.25 lbs ae)	1 – 1.5%	For control
Bearmat (Bearclover)	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Beech	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Birch	2 (1.5 lbs ae)	1%	For control
Blackberry	3 – 4 (2.25-3.0 lbs ae)	1 – 1.5%	For control. Make applications after plants have reached full leaf maturity. Best results are obtained when applications are made in late summer or fall. Applications may also be made after leaf drop and until a killing frost or as long as stems are green. After berries have set or dropped in late fall, blackberry can be controlled by applying a ¾ percent solution of this product. For control of blackberries after leaf drop and until a killing frost or as long as stems are green, apply 3 to 4 quarts (2.25-3.0 lbs ae) of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.
Blackgum	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	For control
Bracken	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	For control
Broom; French, Scotch	-	1.5 – 2%	For control
Buckwheat, California	-	1 – 2%	For partial control. Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.
Cascara	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Catsclaw	-	1 – 1.5%	Partial control
Ceanothus	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Chamise	-	1%	For control. Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.
Cherry; bitter, black, pin	2 – 3 (1.5-2.25 lbs ae)	1 – 1.5%	For control
Coyote brush	-	1.5 – 2%	For control. Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.
Dogwood	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Elderberry	2 (1.5 lbs ae)	1%	For control
Elm	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Eucalyptus	-	2%	For control of eucalyptus resprouts, apply when resprouts are 6 to 12 feet tall. Ensure complete coverage. Avoid application to drought-stressed plants.
Florida holly (Brazilian Peppertree)	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Gorse	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Hasardia	-	1 – 2%	Partial control. Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.
Hawthorn	2 – 3 (1.5-2.25 lbs ae)	1 – 1.5%	For control

WEED SPECIES	RATE (QT/A)	HAND-HELD % SOLUTION	COMMENTS
Hazel	2 (1.5 lbs ae)	1%	For control
Hickory	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Honeysuckle	3 – 4 (2.25-3.0 lbs ae)	1 – 1.5%	For control
Hornbeam, American	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Kudzu	4 (3.0 lbs ae)	2%	For control. Repeat applications may be required to maintain control.
Locust, black	2 – 4 (1.5-3.0 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Madrone resprouts	-	2%	Partial control. Apply to resprouts that are 3 to 6 feet tall. Best results are obtained with spring/early summer treatments.
Manzanita	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Maple, red	2 – 4 (1.5-3.0 lbs ae)	1 – 1.5%	For control. apply a 1 to 1.5 percent solution when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed. For partial control, apply 2 to 4 quarts (1.5-3.0 lbs ae) of this product per acre.
Maple, sugar	-	1 – 1.5%	For control. Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.
Monkey flower	-	1 – 2%	Partial control. Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.
Oak; black, white	2 – 4 (1.5-3.0 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Oak, post	3 – 4 (2.25-3.0 lbs ae)	1 – 1.5%	For control
Oak; northern, pin	-	1 – 1.5%	For control. Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.
Oak, southern, red	2 – 3 (1.5-2.25 lbs ae)	1 – 1.5%	For control
Persimmon	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Pine	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	For control
Poison ivy/Poison oak	4 – 5 (3.0-3.75 lbs ae)	2%	For control. Repeat applications may be required to maintain control. Fall treatments must be applied before leaves lose green color.
Poplar, yellow	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Redbud, eastern	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	For control
Rose, multiflora	2 (1.5 lbs ae)	1%	For control. Treatments should be made prior to leaf deterioration by leaf-eating insects.
Russian olive	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Sage, black	-	1%	For control. Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.
Sage, white	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Sage brush, California	-	1%	For control. Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.
Salmonberry	2 (1.5 lbs ae)	1%	For control
Salt-cedar	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	For control
Sassafras	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Sourwood	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Sumac; poison, smooth, winged	2 – 4 (1.5-3.0 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Sweetgum	2 – 3 (1.5-2.25 lbs ae)	1 – 1.5%	For control
Swordfern	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Tallowtree, Chinese	-	1%	For control. Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.
Tan oak resprouts	-	2%	For partial control. Apply to resprouts that are less than 3 to 6 feet tall. Best results are obtained with fall applications.
Thimbleberry	2 (1.5 lbs ae)	1%	For control
Tobacco, tree	-	1 – 2%	Partial control
Trumpet creeper	2 – 3 (1.5-2.25 lbs ae)	1 – 1.5%	For control
Vine maple	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Virginia creeper	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	For control
Waxmyrtle, southern	2 – 5 (1.5-3.75 lbs ae)	1 – 2%	Partial control
Willow	3 (2.25 lbs ae)	1%	For control

17.0 - STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Do not subject to temperatures below 32 degrees F. Store product in original container only in a location inaccessible to children and pets. Do not contaminate water, other pesticides, fertilizer, food or feed in storage. Not for use or storage in or around the home.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

[Nonrefillable Containers 5 gallons or less:] [Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.]

[Nonrefillable Containers larger than 5 gallons:] [Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.]

[Refillable Containers larger than 5 gallons:] [Refillable container. Refill this container with chlorantraniliprole only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities. Prior to refilling, inspect carefully for damage such as cracks, punctures, abrasions, worn out threads and closure devices. Check for leaks after refilling and before transporting. Do not transport if container is damaged or leaking.]

18.0 - WARRANTY—CONDITIONS OF SALE

OUR DIRECTIONS FOR USE of this product are based upon tests believed reliable. Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixture with other chemicals not specifically directed and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable laws, Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage and handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given herewith. To the extent consistent with applicable laws, in no case shall the Manufacturer or the Seller be liable for consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product when such use and/or handling is not in strict accordance with directions given herewith. The foregoing is a condition of sale by the Seller and is accepted as such by the Buyer.

[EPA APPROVAL DATE]

GLYPHOSATE	GROUP	9	HERBICIDE
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Glyphosate IPA 41% SL

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

Read the "WARRANTY—CONDITIONS OF SALE" statement at the end of the label before buying or using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: % BY WEIGHT

*Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine, in the form of its isopropylamine salt	41.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	59.0%
TOTAL	100.0%

*Contains 480 grams per litre or 4 pounds per U.S. gallon of the active ingredient, glyphosate, in the form of its isopropylamine salt. Equivalent to 356 grams per litre or 3 pounds per U.S. gallon of the acid, glyphosate.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

FIRST AID	
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
HOT LINE NUMBER	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For information on this pesticide product (including general health concerns or pesticide incidents), call the National Pesticide Information Center at 1-800-858-7378, Monday through Friday, 8:00 AM to 12 PM Pacific Standard Time. In the event of a medical emergency, call your poison control center at 1-800-222-1222.	

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Spray solutions of this product must be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS. This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Do not subject to temperatures below 32 degrees F. Store product in original container only in a location inaccessible to children and pets. Do not contaminate water, other pesticides, fertilizer, food or feed in storage. Not for use or storage in or around the home.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

[Nonrefillable Containers 5 gallons or less:] [Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.]

[Nonrefillable Containers larger than 5 gallons:] [Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.]

[Refillable Containers larger than 5 gallons:] [Refillable container. Refill this container with chlorantraniliprole only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities. Prior to refilling, inspect carefully for damage such as cracks, punctures, abrasions, worn out threads and closure devices. Check for leaks after refilling and before transporting. Do not transport if container is damaged or leaking.]

[[See] [inside] [label] [booklet] [for] [additional] [Precautionary Statements][,] [and] [Directions for Use] [including] [Storage and Disposal] [instructions][.]

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**Manufactured for:
INFINICROP, LLC
2364 East Southwood Road
San Tan Valley, AZ 85240**

[Lot][Batch][No.]:]_____