

#### U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

X Registration

\_\_\_\_ Reregistration (under FIFRA, as amended)

Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (7505P)
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460

ylvania Ave., N.W.

93809-4

Date of Issuance:

7/23/19

Term of Issuance:

EPA Reg. Number:

Unconditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

AXILL SOLUTIONS PARAQUAT 3SL

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Axill Solutions, LLC PO Box 398 Clinton, NC 28329

**Note:** Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is unconditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(5) provided that you:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/registration/registration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.

Signature of Approving Official:	Date:
Emily Schmid	
	7/23/19
Emily Schmid, Acting Product Manager 25 Herbicide Branch, Registration Division (7505P)	

EPA Form 8570-6

- 2. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:
  - Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 93809-4."
- 3. Submit one copy of the revised final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. Please also note that the record for this product currently contains the following CSFs:

- Basic CSF dated 10/31/2018
- Alternate CSF 1 dated 10/31/2018

If you have any questions, please contact Sarah Meadows by phone at 703-347-0505, or via email at meadows.sarah@epa.gov

Enclosure

[Note to reviewer: [Text] in brackets denotes optional text].

[Note to reviewer: {Text} in braces denotes where in the final label text will appear.]

# **{BOOKLET FRONT PANEL}**

# RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to acute toxicity. For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators - NOT to be used by uncertified persons working under the supervision of a certified applicator.

PARAQUAT DICHLORIDE | GROUP | 22 | HERBICIDE |

# **Axill Solutions Paraquat 3SL**

[Alternate Brand Name: Axill Solutions Paraguat SL]

Defoliant and desiccant herbicide for the control of weeds and grasses and as a harvest aid.

**ACTIVE INGREDIENT** 

Paraquat dichloride: (1,1'-dimethyl-4,4'-bipyridinium dichloride): ..... OTHER INGREDIENTS: TOTAL

Contains 3.0 pounds paraquat cation per gallon as 4.14 pounds of paraquat dichloride salt per gallon. Contains emetic and stench (odor).

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN/ MANTENER FUERA DEL ALCANCE DE LOS NIÑOS DANGER/PELIGRO

ACCEPTED

7/23/2019

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

93809-4



Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside label booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

- CORROSIVE TO SKIN AND EYES
- NEVER TRANSFER THIS PRODUCT INTO FOOD OR BEVERAGE CONTAINERS OR CONTAINERS NOT EXPLICITLY INTENDED FOR PESTICIDES.
- READ ENTIRE LABEL PRIOR TO USING THIS PRODUCT.
- IN THE CASE OF AN ACCIDENT, SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION. SYMPTOMS ARE PROLONGED, PAINFUL, AND CAN BE FATAL.
- CORROSIVO PARA LA PIEL Y LOS OJOS.
- NUNCA TRANSFEIERA ESTE PRODUCTO EN ENVASES DE ALIMENTOS O BEBIDAS O EN RECIPIENTES QUE NO SEAN ESPECIFICAMENTE PREVISTOS PARA PESTICIDAS.
- LEA TODA LA ETIQUETA ANTES DE UTILIZAR ESTE PRODUCTO.
- EN CASO DE ACCIDENTE, BUSQUE ATENCIÓN MÉDICA INMEDIATAMENTE. LOS SÍNTOMAS SON PROLONGADOS, DOLOROSOS, Y PUEDEN SER MORTALES.

	FIRST AID
Contains Paraquat, a E treatment.	Bipyridinium Herbicide. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for
IF SWALLOWED:	<ul> <li>SPEED IS ESSENTIAL. Immediate medical attention is required. If available, give an absorbent such as activated charcoal, bentonite or Fuller's Earth.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor IMMEDIATELY for treatment advice.</li> <li>Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>
IF INHALED:	Move person to fresh air.     The odor of this product is from the stenching agent, which has been added, not from the paraquat.     If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance.     Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF IN EYES:	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	Take off contaminated clothing.  IMMEDIATELY wash the affected area with soap and water and rinse for 15-20 minutes. Prolonged contact will cause severe irritation. Contact with irritated skin or a cut or repeated contact with intact skin may result in poisoning.

### • GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Administer either activated charcoal (100 g for adults or 2.0 g/kg body weight in children) or Fuller's Earth (15% solution; 1.0 liter for adults or 15.0 ml/kg body weight in children). NOTE: The use of gastric lavage without administration of an absorbent has not shown any clinical benefit. Do not use supplemental oxygen. Eye splashes from concentrated material should be treated by an eye specialist after initial treatment. With the possibility of late onset corneal ulceration, it is advised that patients with paraquat eye injuries are reviewed by an eye specialist the day after first presentation. Use treatment that is appropriate for chemical burns. Intact skin is an effective barrier to paraquat; however, contact with irritated or cut skin or repeated contact with intact skin may result in poisoning.

### **HOT LINE NUMBER**

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. In case of an emergency involving this product, call CHEMTREC at **1-800-424-9300**.

EPA Reg. No.: 93809-XX

**EPA Est. No.:** Net Contents:

Manufactured For: Axill Solutions, LLC P.O. Box 398 Clinton, NC 28329

### **DANGER/PELIGRO**



#### **ATTENTION**

- DANGER FATAL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED.
- CAUSES SEVERE EYE INJURY.
- CORROSIVE TO THE SKIN.
- NEVER TRANSFER THIS PRODUCT INTO FOOD OR BEVERAGE CONTAINERS OR CONTAINERS NOT EXPLICITLY INTENDED FOR PESTICIDES.
- STORE TIGHTLY CLOSED IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, AND IN A LOCKED PLACE AWAY FROM CHILDREN AND ANIMALS.
- NEVER USE THIS PRODUCT IN RESIDENTIAL OR PUBLIC RECREATIONAL SETTINGS (E.G. HOMES, HOME GARDENS, SCHOOLS, RECREATIONAL PARKS, GOLF COURSES, AND/OR PLAYGROUNDS).
- THIS PRODUCT IS TOXIC! AN ALERTING AGENT (ODOR) HAS BEEN ADDED TO HELP PREVENT ACCIDENTAL INGESTION.
- SEE BACK OF PRODUCT CONTAINER FOR IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

### ATENCIÓN

- PELIGRO: MORTAL SI SE INGIERE O INHALA.
- CAUSA LESIONES GRAVES EN LOS OJOS.
- CORROSIVO PARA LA PIEL.
- NUNCA TRANSFEIERA ESTE PRODUCTO A RECIPIENTES PARA COMIDA O DE BEBIDAS O RECIPIENTES NO EXPLICITAMENTE PREVISTO PARA PLAGUICIDAS
- GUARDE BIEN CERRADO Y EN EL ENVASE ORIGINAL Y EN UN LUGAR CERRADO LELOS DE NIÑOS Y ANIMALES.
- NUNCA USE ESTE PRODUCTO EN ÁREAS RESIDENCIALES O PÚBLICAS (E.G. COMO/HOGARES, JARDINES, ESCUELAS, PARQUES RECREATIVOS, CAMPOS DE GOLF, O SALONES DE JUEGOS).
- ¡ESTE PRODUCTO ES TÓXICO! SE HA AGREGADO UN AGENTE DE ALERTA (OLOR) PARA AYUDAR A PREVENIR SU INGESTION ACCIDENTAL.
- LA PARTE POSTERIOR DEL ENVASE DEL PRODUCTO TIENE INFORMACION DE SEGURIDAD IMPORTANTE.

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS DANGER/PELIGRO

Fatal if inhaled. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. May be fatal if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Do not breathe spray mist. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Avoid contact with skin. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

IMPORTANT: Inhalation is an unlikely route of exposure due to low vapor pressure and large spray droplet size, but mucosal irritation or nose bleeds may occur. Prolonged contact with this concentrated product can irritate your skin.

### **Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)**

### Applicators and other handlers (other than mixers and loaders) must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material (e.g. barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or viton)
- · Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear
- NIOSH-approved particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter, NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84A, or a NIOSH-approved powered air-purifying respirator with an HE filter with NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C.

### Mixers and loaders must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material (e.g., barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or viton)
- · Shoes plus socks
- Chemical resistant apron
- Face shield
- NIOSH-approved particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter, NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84A, or a NIOSH-approved powered air-purifying respirator with an HE filter with NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C.

# **USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS**

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENT**

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### **USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### Users should:

- · Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- · Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This product is toxic to wildlife. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash waters.

Paraquat dichloride is toxic to nontarget crops and plants if off-target movement occurs because it desiccates all green plant tissue. Extreme care must be taken to ensure that off-target drift is minimized to the greatest extent possible. Refer to the local state laws, regulations, guidelines, and spray drift information contained in the Directions for Use section for proper application to avoid off-target movement. Do not apply under conditions involving possible drift to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or the crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use, or consumption. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. To avoid drift, do not make aerial application during periods of thermal inversion.

#### PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

This product is mildly corrosive to aluminum and produces hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. Do not mix or store in containers, spray tanks, nurse tanks, or such systems made of aluminum or having aluminum fittings. The product is compatible with high density polyethylene and rubber-lined steel containers. Do not use this product in or around strong oxidizing/reducing agents. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

#### **CERTIFIED APPLICATOR TRAINING**

Applicators must complete an EPA approved paraguat training listed on the following website:

https://www.epa.gov/pesticide-worker-safety/paraquat-dichloride-training-certified-applicators

The training must be completed a minimum of every three years.

### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Restricted Use Pesticide. It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT IN RESIDENTIAL OR PUBLIC RECREATIONAL SETTINGS (e.g., HOMES, HOME GARDENS, SCHOOLS, RECREATIONAL PARKS, GOLF COURSES, AND/OR PLAYGROUNDS).

### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

For early postemergence broadcast in peanuts and dormant season applications, chemical fallow, and "between cutting" applications in alfalfa: Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

For harvest aid and desiccation application and preplant or preemergence (broadcast or banded), and post-emergence directed spray applications: Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- · Coveralls,
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material (e.g. barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or viton),
- · Shoes plus socks and
- · Protective eyewear

# **NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

DO NOT enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried. AVOID working in spray mist.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas or vicinity where there may be danger of drift.

Certain states may require more restrictive reentry intervals; consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information.

### PRODUCT USE INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

When this product is applied at less than 10.0 gallons per acre finished spray volume, a drift control or spray deposition additive should be used. Refer to the additive label for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

#### WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, Axill Solutions Paraquat 3SL is a Group 22 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to Axill Solutions Paraquat 3SL and other Group 22 herbicides. Weed species with acquired resistance to Group 22 herbicides may eventually dominate the weed population if Group 22 herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as the primary method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by Axill Solutions Paraquat 3SL or other Group 22 herbicides. Users should scout before and after application.

Suspected herbicide-resistant weeds may be identified by these indicators:

- Failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds;
- · A spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; and
- Surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species.

To delay herbicide resistance:

- Avoid the consecutive use of Axill Solutions Paraquat 3SL or other target site of action Group 22 herbicides that might have a similar target site of action, on the same weed species.
- Use tank mixtures or premixes with herbicides from different target site of action Groups as long as the involved products are all registered for the same use, have different sites of action and are both effective at the tank mix or prepack rate on the weed(s) of concern (an herbicide mode of action classification by itself may not adequately address specific weeds that are resistant to specific herbicides)
- Base herbicide use on a comprehensive Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program.
- Scout fields prior to application to identify the weed species present and their growth state to determine if the intended application will be effective.
- Scout fields after application to verify that the treatment was effective.
- Contact your local extension specialist, certified crop advisors and/or manufacturer for herbicide resistance management and/or integrated weed
  management recommendations for specific crops and resistant weed biotypes.

Report any incidence of non-performance of this product against a particular weed species to your Axill Solutions, LLC retailer or representative. If resistance is suspected, treat weed escapes with an herbicide having a different mechanism of action and/or use non-chemicals means to remove escapes, as practical, with the goal of preventing further seed production.

#### SPRAY DRIFT INFORMATION

**Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator.** The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

- 1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- 2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information.

#### **Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information**

[This section is advisory in nature and does not supercede the mandatory label requirements.]

#### Information on Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (See **Wind, Temperature, Humidity, and Temperature Inversions**).

### **Controlling Droplet Size:**

- Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of Nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation Orienting the nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

#### **Boom Length**

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

#### **Application Height**

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants, unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

### **Swath Adjustment**

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the upwind and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

#### Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type, determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

#### **Temperature and Humidity**

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

#### **Temperature Inversions**

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

### **Sensitive Areas**

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

#### PRODUCT USE INFORMATION

This product is a liquid formation containing 3.0 pounds of active ingredient per gallon. It contains a nontoxic odor to help prevent accidental ingestions. It also contains an emetic (an agent which will induce vomiting if the product is swallowed).

#### **APPLICATION**

This product is a contact herbicide for control or suppression of a broad spectrum of emerged weeds including most small annual broadleaf and grass weeds. It can also be used to suppress perennial weeds by destroying green foliage and as a desiccant/defoliant at harvest.

Complete coverage of target weeds is necessary to get good control because this product is a contact-type herbicide. It is also necessary to obtain complete coverage for good crop desiccation and defoliations. Undesirable weed control and undesirable crop desiccation/defoliation will result if improper application technique and/or application to large, stressed, or mown weeds are made. Refer to the following details for specific application instructions.

Thorough coverage of all green foliage is required for efficacious weed control and crop defoliation and desiccation because this product requires actively growing green plant tissue to function. Drought-stressed weeds, weeds with little green foliage (i.e., mowed or cut weeds), or mature woody bark of trees and vines are unaffected by application with this product.

There is no residual soil activity to affect later-planted crops or later germinating weeds because clay and organic matter rapidly tie up this product.

#### **ROTATIONAL CROPS**

After the last application of this product, all rotational crops may be planted immediately.

#### **RAINFASTNESS**

Rain occurring 30 minutes or more after application will have no effect on the activity of this product because it is rapidly absorbed by the weed foliage.

#### USE OF A NONIONIC SURFACTANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE

The following should always be added and be used at the specified rates or there will be a reduction in efficacy of this product.

**Nonionic Surfactant:** Either add a nonionic surfactant cleared for the current use containing 50 to 74% surface-action agent at 0.25% v/v (2.0 pints per 100 gallons), or add nonionic surfactant containing 75% or more surface-active agent at 0.125% v/v (1.0 pint per 100 gallons), of the finished spray volume for ground applications. Add a nonionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v (2.0 pints per 100 gallons) of the finished spray volume for aerial applications.

**Crop Oil Concentrate:** For ground applications, add a nonphytotoxic crop oil concentrate cleared for the current use that contains 15 to 20% approved emulsifier, with 1.0% v/v, (1.0 gallon per 100 gallons) of the finished spray volume. Add 1.0 pint of crop oil concentrate per acre for aerial applications. For cotton harvest aid, do not use crop oil concentrate when using this product.

### **NOZZLE SELECTION**

The use of flat-fan nozzles is the most effective application of this product. The use of flood nozzles may result in a reduction of weed control due to inadequate coverage because they produce large uneven droplets.

Use only flat fan nozzles when spraying less than 20.0 gallons of spray carrier per acre using the following table.

Nozzle Type and Spray Pressure Setup

	Nozzle Type		
	Flat Fan	Flood	
Maximum Size	8	15	
Spray Pressure (at nozzle)	30 to 50 psi	30 to 50 psi	
Maximum Nozzle Spacing	30"	40"	
Direction of Spray Pattern	Down	Down	
Maximum Speed	10 mph	10 mph	
Spray Overlap (at each edge)	30%	50%	

Reduced control will result if nozzles, pressures, or setups differ from the above chart.

### **SPRAY CARRIER**

This product may be inactivated by muddy water, or suspension-type fertilizers containing clay. Therefore, always use clean water (free of mud or clay), clear liquid nitrogen, or complete clear liquid fertilizers as the carrier when spraying this product. Never use suspension-type fertilizers containing clay as the spray carrier. Always use the higher specified rate of this product and surfactant if using a complete clear liquid fertilizer containing high phosphate levels as the spray carrier.

Note: It is important that when using liquid fertilizers such as 28% N as a spray carrier, that nonionic surfactant is still be used with this product. The use of liquid fertilizer carriers are not substitutes for surfactants.

### **RATES OF THIS PRODUCT**

With each use, follow rates listed in the following tables. When weeds are larger or are dense, use the higher specified label rates. For use as a harvest aid, use higher specified rate when crop vegetation is dense.

#### **SPRAY VOLUME**

With each use, follow rates listed in the following tables. Spray volumes should be increased as necessary to obtain complete coverage of the target weed or plant without runoff from the foliage, because the volumes listed are minimum volumes only.

TARGET WEEDS SHOULD NOT EXCEED SIX INCHES IN HEIGHT WHEN SPRAYING LESS THAN 20.0 GALLONS OF SPRAY CARRIER PER ACRE.

#### **APPLICATION TIMING**

Applications should be made to small emerged weeds. Larger weeds more than 6 inches in height may be more difficult to control than weeds 1 to 6 inches in height. If possible, when green foliage is removed either from grazing or mowing, allow the weeds to grow 2 to 4 inches, in height. Also, during harvesting forage or grain crops before spraying, weeds present in the field are also cut. Therefore, raise cutter bars as high as possible from the ground to cut stubble and weeds at a greater height, allowing sufficient green foliage to remain for applications.

#### **BURNDOWN OF GRASS COVER CROPS OR VOLUNTEER CEREALS**

The best results occur for control of grass cover crops or volunteer cereals when this product is applied prior to tillering or after boot stage, especially with a wheat cover crop or volunteer wheat. Complete control may not be achieved with treatments made between tillering and boot stage. Complete control of perennial cover crops should not be expected.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS**

This product is active over a wide range of environmental conditions such as cool (below 55°F), cloudy or overcast weather. However, these conditions will slow the activity of this product.

#### **SPOT SPRAYING**

Refer to the following table if only small areas are to be sprayed with labeled applications.

Mixing Instructions for Small Quantities for Spot Spraying					
If the broadcast rate per acre for this product is:  Add The Following Amount of this product to 1.0 gallon of water:					
1.5 pints	0.33 fl oz				
2.0 pints	0.375 fl oz				
2.5 pints	0.5 fl oz				
3.0 pints	0.66 fl oz				

Add 0.33 to 0.5 fluid ounces of a nonionic surfactant for each gallon of spray at all times. Thoroughly wet the foliage, but not to the point of runoff when spot spraying in this manner.

### TANK MIXING: ENHANCED BURNDOWN OF DIFFICULT-TO-CONTROL WEEDS AND FOR RESIDUAL WEED CONTROL

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

#### **Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicides**

To control difficult weeds, tank mix this product with other herbicides. The addition of other photosynthetic inhibitors (PSI) herbicides will slow the activity of this product. This allows this product to thoroughly distribute throughout a treated leaf, thus achieving better control than if this product was applied alone.

This Product may be applied in tank mixture with the following PSI herbicides:

AAtrex® Herbicide MAGNUM® Herbicide Lariat® Herbicide Lorox® Herbicide
Atrazine Herbicide Bicep MAGNUM® Herbicide Lexone® Herbicide Princep® Herbicide
Bicep Lite II Canopy® Herbicide Linex® Herbicide Sencor® Herbicide

### Improved Weed Control with PSI's

The addition of a PSI herbicide will help improve the control of difficult weeds listed below. Make a second application for best results.

Barnyardgrass

Knotweed

Pennsylvania smartweed

Volunteer wheat

Broadleaf signalgrass Kochia Perennial weeds (suppression only)

CheatgrassLambsquartersPrickly lettuceCockleburMalva (cheeseweed)SedgesFall panicumMarestailTansy mustardGiant ragweedMorning gloryVelvetleaf

### Improved Control of Perennial and Annual Broadleaf Weeds

Tank mixing with labeled 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile), 2,4-DB or Banvel® herbicide will help improve control when perennial broadleaf weeds such as Canada thistle, bindweed, dandelion, etc., or difficult to control annual broadleaf weeds such as giant ragweed or morning glory are present. Reduced grass control may be achieved when tank mixing the amine formulation of 2,4-D with this product.

### **Order of Tank Mixing**

Mix this product and other listed products as follows:

- 1. Fill spray tank 1/2 full with clean water or other approved carriers such as clear liquid fertilizer.
- 2. Begin tank agitation and continue throughout mixing and spraying.
- 3. Add dry formulations (WP, DF, etc.) to tank.
- 4. Add liquid formulations (SC, EC, L, etc.) to tank.
- 5. Add this product to tank.

- 6. Add nonionic surfactant to tank.
- 7. Fill remainder of spray tank.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture. Tank mix compatibility (a.k.a., jar testing) is prohibited. Consult your Axill Solutions, LLC representative for compatible tank mix products.

#### PRODUCT USE PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

#### **EQUIPMENT**

This product is corrosive to aluminum. Thoroughly flush all aluminum spray equipment and aluminum aircraft structures that are exposed to spray solution or spray drift with water immediately after use.

The activity of this product may be reduced in dry areas where dust stirred up by high winds or equipment tires can coat weed or plant leaves. Therefore, avoid applications in extremely dusty conditions.

#### **PRECAUTIONS**

- Unless otherwise indicated, this product will severely injure or kill crop plants emerged at time of application if they come in contact with sprays.
- To enable maximum weed and grass emergence prior to treatment, seedbeds and plantbeds should be formed as far ahead of planting and treatment as possible.
- · Avoid disturbing soil when seeding or transplanting.
- Transplanted plants may become damaged when they come in contact with plastic mulch used for preplant weed control and that has been treated with this product. To prevent damage to the crop, sufficient wash-off such as rainfall or sprinkler irrigation prior to planting may be needed.
- This product will be ineffective in controlling or suppressing weeds and grasses that have emerged after application.

#### **RESTRICTIONS**

- Do not pasture livestock in treated fields or feed treated foliage in cotton when this product is used as a cotton harvest aid.
- Do not use around home gardens, schools, recreational parks, or playgrounds.
- Do not apply to soils lacking clay minerals such as peat, muck, pure sand, artificial planting media for preplant and preemergence (to the crop) uses.
- Do not apply this product with hand-held equipment such as knapsacks backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, hand guns, and hand wands.

[Note to reviewer: "Continued" may be added to the Crop column if the box is split due to formatting of the final printed label.]

### **APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS**

Сгор	Weeds	Use Pattern			Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)
ALFALFA	-	Broadcast	0.7 to 1.3 pt	Ground: 10.0 gal	70
(California only)			See Table 2.	Air: 5.0 gal	
New seedlings					

#### Directions

· Applications should be made during late winter or early spring.

#### **Precautions**

- · Alfalfa foliage present at time of application will be burned.
- Replanting may be needed due to the reduction of seedling stands.

#### Restrictions

- Do not make more than one application per year.
- Do not cut or harvest within 70 days after application.
- · Do not apply to seedling alfalfa grown for seed.

ALFALFA	-	Broadcast or	1.7 to 2.7 pt	Ground: 10.0 gal	-
Preplant or		Banded Over Row	•	Air: 5.0 gal	
Preemergence					
(No-till or conventional					
planting)					

#### Directions

- Apply prior to emergence of the crop.
- Avoid disturbing soil when seeding.

#### Precaution

Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed.

#### Restriction

Do not make more than 2 applications per year.

ALFALFA	Weeds, including:	Broadcast	1.3 to 2.0 pt	Ground: 10.0 gal	42
Dormant season	bluegrass, chickweed, henbit,			Air: 5.0 gal	
Established plantings	downy brome, ryegrass,				
	cheatgrass, dogfennel, tansy				
Region A - See table at	mustard, London Rocket,				
end of Alfalfa section	Sowthistle, rescue brome, wild				
	oats, and other winter annuals; and				
	Suppression of perennial weeds.				

### Directions

- After the crop is dormant, apply to well-established stands that are at least 1-year old.
- For improved and longer-lasting weed control, tank mix with metribuzin (Lexone or Sencor).

### Precaution

Yield of first cutting may be reduced because alfalfa foliage present at the time of application will be burned.

### Restrictions

- Do not make more than one application per year.
- Fall Re-growth: Do not apply if last cutting is greater than 6".
- Spring Re-growth: Do not apply if last cutting is greater than 2".
- Do not cut or harvest within 42 days after application.

ALFALFA	Weeds, including:	Broadcast	0.7 to 1.3 pt	Ground: 10.0 gal	42
Dormant season Tank	chickweed, downy brome, and			Air: 10.0 gal	
Mix with Velpar® L	tansy mustard.				
Herbicide					
Region A - See table at					
end of Alfalfa section					

### Directions

- When weeds are less than 4 inches tall, apply at 0.7 pint rate of this product.
- Mix this product with 1.0 to 2.0 quarts of Velpar L per acre.
- Use lower rate of Velpar L on loamy sands or sandy loams.
- During the dormant season, make one application to established alfalfa stands.

### Precautions

- Increased chances of crop injury may occur if stress which may be caused in part by low fertility, disease, insects, winterkill, over cutting, drought or frost.
- Temporary chlorosis-may occur on alfalfa regrowth.

- Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
- Fall Regrowth: Do not apply if last cutting is greater than 6 inches.
- Spring Regrowth: Do not apply if last cutting is greater than 2 inches.
- Do not apply to alfalfa during the first season after seeding

Crop	Weeds	Use Pattern	This Product Rate/ Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)				
DO NOT USE on gra result.	DO NOT USE on gravelly or rocky soils, exposed subsoils, hardpan, sand or poorly drained alkaline soils as crop injury, including mortality, may result.								
<ul> <li>Do not cut or harves</li> </ul>	t within 42 days after application.								
ALFALFA Dormant Season On established plantings: Region B -See table at the end of the Alfalfa section.	Weeds including: London rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, wild oats, chickweed, ryegrass, bluegrass, cheatgrass, dogfennel, tansy mustard, henbit, downy brome, an other winter annuals; and suppression of	Broadcast	0.7 to 1.3 pt	Ground: 10.0 gal Air: 5.0 gal	60				
ALFALFA Dormant Season On fall-seeded newly established stands less than 1-year-old: Region A -See table at the end of the Alfalfa section.	perennial weeds  California:  Desiccation of weeds including bluegrass, ryegrass, shepherds purse, chickweed, tansy mustard, foxtail, sowthistle and groundsel.	Broadcast	0.7 to 1.3 pt	Ground: 10.0 gal Air: 5.0 gal	60				
ALFALFA Dormant Season On fall-seeded newly established stands less than 1-year-old: Region B -See table at the end of the Alfalfa section.		Broadcast	0.5 to 0.8 pt	Ground: 10.0 gal Air: 5.0 gal	60				

**This Product** 

**Grazing or Preharvest** 

#### **Directions**

- Applications should be made before first spring cutting and during late fall or winter months after the last fall cutting.
- For improved and residual weed control in dormant established (at least 1-year-old) alfalfa, tank mix with metribuzin (Lexone or Sencor). Do not apply tank mix with metribuzin on alfalfa that is less than 1-year-old.

- Applications to alfalfa that is not dormant, or has broken dormancy, may result in stand and/or yield reductions. Replanting may be necessary. Green alfalfa foliage present at time of application will be burned.
- If there is a severe weed infestation, total hay yield of first cutting may be reduced in alfalfa fields and the reduction is typically directly proportionate to the loss of weed weight.

#### Restrictions

- Do not make more than one application per year.
- California: Do not apply if spring regrowth after grazing or cutting is more than 2 inches in Orange and Riverside counties, and all counties north of these counties.
- All other areas within Region B: Do not apply if regrowth after grazing or cutting is more than 2 inches.
- Do not harvest within 60 days of application.

If ryegrass, shepherdspurse, sowthistle, or groundsel are present use higher specified rate.

ALFALFA (East of the Rocky Mountains) Between cuttings	Broadcast	0.7 pt	Ground: 10.0 gal	30
treatment in established plantings.				
(Includes first year alfalfa)				

### **Directions**

- Make applications immediately after alfalfa has been removed for hay or silage.
- Apply as needed up to three times during the growing season in addition to a dormant application.

### Precautions

- Control of weeds beyond the seedling stage and weed stubble cut off during harvest are less affected by this treatment.
- A reduction in first year alfalfa stands and yields may occur if alfalfa is allowed to regrow more than 2 inches.
- Burning of alfalfa foliage will occur at time of application.
- Weed control may be reduced where moisture is limited such as in arid climates.

- Do not make more than 3 applications per year.
- Do not treat more than 5 days after cutting.
- Do not cut or harvest within 30 days of application.
- Do not make more than 2 applications during the first growing season of first-year alfalfa.

	Rate/	Acre*
For control of:	For Suppression	For Control
Annual Bluegrass	-	10.7 to 21.3 fl oz
Chickweed	-	10.7 to 21.3 fl oz
Fiddleneck (6 inches tall or less)	5.4 to 10.7 fl oz	21.3 fl oz
Red Maids (6 inches tall or less)	-	10.7 to 21.3 fl oz
Shepherdspurse	10.7 to 21.3 fl oz	-
Spikeweed (4 inches tall or less)	5.4 fl oz	10.7 to 16.0 fl oz
Volunteer Small Grain (8 inches, tall or less)	5.4 to 10.7 fl oz	21.3 fl oz

<sup>\*</sup>Use the 5.4 fluid ounce rate only when alfalfa has at least 3 trifoliate leaves; use the 10.7 fluid ounce rate only when alfalfa has 6 trifoliate leaves; or use rates over 10.7 fluid ounce only when there are 9 trifoliate leaves.

#### Alfalfa - Regions

#### **REGION A**

Alaska, California (counties of Del Norte, Siskiyou, Modoc, Shasta, Lassen, Plumas, Sierra and Nevada), Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming

### **REGION B**

Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, California (all other counties not listed in Region A), Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Louisiana, Mississippi; New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas

Сгор	Use Pattern	This Product Rate/ Acre		Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)
ALMONDS	Directed Spray	0.8 to 2.7 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	-

#### Directions

- Avoid allowing spray to contact green stems (except suckers) or foliage.
- When spraying around young trees use a shield or wrap plant.

#### Precaution

• Retreatment or spot treatments may be necessary for mature woody weeds, perennial weeds, late germinating weeds and green suckers.

#### Restrictions

- Do not make more than 5 applications per year.
- Do not graze treated areas and do not feed cover crops grown in treated areas to livestock.
- Do not apply when nuts to be harvested are on the ground.

ARTICHOKE (GLOBE) Directed Spray 1.7 to 2.7 pts Ground: 20.0 to 100 gal 1

## Restrictions

- Do not make more than 3 applications per year.
- Applications must be made at least 7 days apart.
- Do not exceed 8.0 pints per season.
- Do not harvest within 24 hours of last application.

	''				
ASPARAGUS	Preplant or Preemergence	1.7 to 2.7 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	-	
	Broadcast or Banded		Air: 5.0 gal		
	Over-Row				

## Directions

Application should be made prior to emergence of the crop.

#### Precaution

Emerged asparagus at time of application will be killed.

#### Restriction

Do not make more than 3 applications per year.

ASPARAGUS	Broadcast or Banded	1.7 to 2.7 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	6
Preemergence to	Over-Row	-	_	
established plantings at least				
2 years old				

#### Directions

Application should be made prior to emergence of the crop or after last harvest.

### Precaution

Emerged asparagus at time of application will be killed.

#### Restriction

Do not make more than 3 applications per year.

BEANS, DRY	Harvest-Aid	0.8 to 1.3 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	7	
Not for use in California			Air: 5.0 gal		
Adzuki beans					
Asparagus beans					
Black beans					
Broad beans					
Field beans					
Garbanzo beans					
Grain lupin					

Guar		
Kidney beans		
Lablab beans		
Moth beans		
Mung beans		
Navy beans Pinto beans		
Rice beans		
Sweet lupin		
Tepary beans		
Urd beans		
White sweet lupin		
White lupin		
PEAS, DRY		
Not for use in California		
Blackeyed peas		
Catjang		
Chickpeas		
Cowpeas		
Crowder peas		
Southern peas		
D: ()		

- Add nonionic spreader at 1.0 quart per 100 gallons of spray mix.
- · Use a single application of the higher specified rate for vining type beans or bush type with lush growth.
- May also be applied as a split application and improve vine coverage. However, do not make more than 2 applications per year or exceed a total of 1.3 pints per acre.
- Apply when at least 80% of the pods are yellowing and mostly ripe and when leaves are no more than 40% of bush type peas or beans or 30% of vine type peas or beans are green.

#### Restrictions

- Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
- Do not exceed a total of 1.3 pints per acre.
- Do not apply when weather conditions favor spray drift. To reduce drift, a drift control agent may be included.
- Not registered for use in dry beans and dry peas in California.

BERRIES	Postemergence	1.3 to 2.7 pts	Ground: 50 gal	-
Blackberry	Directed Spray	-	_	
Blueberry				
Boysenberry				
Currant				
Elderberry				
Gooseberry				
Huckleberry				
Loganberry				
Raspberry				

### **Directions**

- · Apply before emergence of new canes or shoots to avoid injury.
- Apply as a coarse spray to prevent crop injury.

#### Restriction

Do not make more than 5 applications per year.

bo not make more than 5 applications per year.				
CACAO	Directed Spray	1.3 to 2.7 pts	Ground: 50.0 to 200 gal	1

### Directions

- Apply when weeds are succulent and growth is from 1 to 6".
- Use a shield for young trees to prevent sprays from contacting cacao plants, as injury may result.

#### Precaution

Retreatment or spot treatments may be necessary for mature woody weeds, late-germinating weeds and grasses and for perennials.

### Restrictions

- Do not make more than 5 applications per year.
- · Do not spray under windy conditions.
- Do not graze treated areas or feed treated cover crops to livestock.

CASSAVAS, TANIERS &	Shielded Post Directed	1.3 pts	Ground: 50.0 gal	90
YAMS	Spray		_	
(Puerto Rico only)				

#### Directions

- Make applications when weeds are succulent and growth is 1 to 6 inches.
- Prevent spray from contacting crop to prevent injury to crop.

- Cassavas and Taniers: Do not make more than 3 applications per year.
- Yams: Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
- Do not spray under windy conditions.
- Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock.

#### **Product Information for Chemical Fallow**

- As the density of stubble, crop residue or weeds increases, use higher spray volumes for better coverage.
- To control volunteer wheat or downy brome, fall-applied treatments generally work best with this product. If possible, tank mix with atrazine for maximum burndown and residual control.
- · Apply from immediately after harvest up to emergence of the newly seeded crop as a broadcast or band treatment.
- Before applying this product, cut wheat as high as possible to avoid cutting weeds too short, and allow the weeds to grow at least 2 to 3 inches after harvest.
- The addition of dicamba (Banvel) or 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile) may aid in the suppression of emerged perennial broad leaf weeds and large annual broadleaf weeds.
- It is permissible to tank mix with registered residual herbicide combinations other than those listed for extended weed control during the fallow period.
- · Weeds and grasses emerging after application and weeds taller than 6 inches will not be controlled.
- Crop plants emerged at the time of application will be killed.
- The minimum total spray per acre allowed is 5.0 gallons for ground and 5.0 gallons for air applications.
- Apply 5.0 to 60.0 gallons spray mix per acre by ground application.
- When applying at less than 10 gallons per acre by ground:
  - Do not apply with floaters or exceed a speed of 10 mph.
  - Apply with flat fan nozzles at 30 to 40 psi.
  - o Apply only in a tank mix with atrazine at a minimum of 0.5 pound active ingredient per acre.
  - By air: apply in 5.0 to 10.0 gallons of spray mix per acre.

Сгор	Use Pattern	I his Product Rate/ Acre		Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)
CHEMICAL FALLOW	Broadcast	Weeds 1 to 3": 1.3 to 1.7 pts	Ground: 5.0 gal	-
Continuous Wheat (2 to 3		Weeds 3 to 6": 1.7 to 2.0 pts	Air: 5.0 gal	
month Recropping interval)		Weeds 6": 2.0 to 2.7 pts	_	

#### Directions

- Apply at least 45 days before seeding.
- For volunteer wheat or downy brome control in spring, use at least 1.3 pints of this product per acre with a Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicide.
- Refer to the section "Product Information for Chemical Fallow".

#### Restriction

· Do not make more than 3 applications per year.

	'''			
CHEMICAL FALLOW	Broadcast	Weeds 1 to 3": 1.3 to 1.7 pts	Ground: 5.0 gal	-
Wheat-Fallow-Wheat		Weeds 3 to 6": 1.7 to 2.0 pts	Air: 5.0 gal	
Rotations (Fall applied after		Weeds 6": 2.0 to 2.7 pts		
harvest: seeded 12 to 14		·		
months later)				

### Directions

- Spray before weeds produce seeds.
- Control of volunteer wheat and downy brome increases when applications are made late August or early September.
- For improved burndown-and residual control of weeds, tank mix with Atrazine, Marksman® Herbicide, or Command® Herbicide.
- For improved burndown and residual control of grass and broadleaf weed tank mix with metribuzin (Sencor 75DF). Refer to the section "Product Information for Chemical Fallow".

#### Restriction

Do not make more than 3 applications per year.

CHEMICAL FALLOW	Broadcast	Weeds 1 to 3": 1.3 to 1.7 pts	Ground: 5.0 gal	-
Wheat-Fallow-Wheat		Weeds 3 to 6": 1.7 to 2.0 pts	Air: 5.0 gal	
Rotations (Spring applied:		Weeds 6": 2.0 to 2.7 pts		
seeded 3 to 5 months later)		-		

#### Directions

- To conserve moisture, application should be made March 1 to April 15, prior to spring rains.
- Even though moisture loss is greater when applications are made after the boot stage, volunteer wheat is easier to control after this stage.
- For volunteer wheat or downy brome control in spring, use at least 1.3 pint of this product per acre with a Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicide. Refer to the section "Product Information for Chemical Fallow".
- For burn down and residual control of grass and broadleaf weeds, tank mix with metribuzin, (Sencor 75DF/Lexone).

#### Restriction

Do not make more than 3 applications per year.

CHEMICAL FALLOW	Broadcast	Weeds 1 to 3": 1.3 to 1.7 pts	Ground: 5.0 gal	-	
Wheat-Annual Crop <sup>1</sup> –Wheat		Weeds 3 to 6": 1.7 to 2.0 pts	Air: 5.0 gal		
Rotations (Fall applied in		Weeds 6": 2.0 to 2.7 pts			
wheat stubbie)		·			
1 Approved Appual Crops are grain sorghum corn, wheat or proso millet					

Approved Annual Crops are grain sorghum, corn, wheat, or proso millet.

- For improved burndown and residual weed control, tank mix with Atrazine or Marksman. Make applications after wheat harvest and before weeds
  produce seed.
- If grasses such as foxtails or barnyardgrass recover, respray before seed production.
- Applications made late August to November help control volunteer wheat and downy brome.
- Refer to the section "Product Information for Chemical Fallow".

#### Restrictions

Do not make more than 3 applications per year.

CHEMICAL FALLOW	Broadcast	Weeds 1 to 3": 1.3 to 1.7 pts	Ground: 5.0 gal	-
Wheat-Annual Crop-Wheat		Weeds 3 to 6": 1.7 to 2.0 pts	Air: 5.0 gal	
Rotations (Spring applied		Weeds 6": 2.0 to 2.7 pts		
prior to planting an annual		•		
crop <sup>1</sup> )				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Approved Annual Crops are grain sorghum, corn, wheat, or proso millet.

#### Directions

- For enhanced burndown and residual weed control, tank mix with Atrazine.
- For volunteer wheat or downy brome control in spring, use at least 1.3 pint of this product per acre with a Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicide.
- Refer to the section "Product Information for Chemical Fallow".
- Refer to the Atrazine label for directions pertaining to soil pH and recropping intervals.

### Restriction

Do not make more than 3 applications per year.

Crop	Weeds	Use Pattern	This Product Rate/ Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)
CLOVER AND OTHER LEGUMES Including velvetbean, lespedeza, lupine, sainfoin, trefoil, vetch, crown vetch, and milk vetch.	For desiccation of weeds, including London rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, wild oats, chickweed, ryegrass, bluegrass, cheatgrass, dogfennel, tansy mustard, henbit, downy brome, and other winter annuals, and suppression of perennial weeds.	Broadcast	1.3 to 2.1 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal Air: 5.0 gal	60
Dormant Season: On established plantings: Region A - See table at end of Alfalfa section.	California: Use for desiccation of weeds including bluegrass, ryegrass, shepherdspurse, chickweed, tansy mustard, foxtail, sowthistle and groundsel				
Dormant Season: On established plantings: Region B-See table at end of Alfalfa section.		Broadcast	0.7 to 1.3 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal Air: 5.0 gal	60
On fall- seeded Newly established stands less than 1- yearold: Region A - See table at end of Alfalfa section.		Broadcast	0.7 to 1.3 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal Air: 5.0 gal	60
On fall-seeded Newly established stands less than 1- yearold: Region B - See table at end of Alfalfa section.		Broadcast	0.5 to 0.8 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal Air: 5.0 gal	60

### Directions

- Applications should be made during late fall or winter months after the last cutting and before first spring cutting.
- In California: If ryegrass, shepherdspurse, sowthistle or groundsel are present, use higher specified rate.

### Precautions

- CAUTION: Stand and/or yield reductions may occur when applications are made to clover or other legumes that are not dormant, or have broken dormancy. Therefore, it may be necessary to replant. Burning will occur to green clover or other legumes foliage present at the time of application.
- Discoloration and temporary stunting will occur in clover or other legumes foliage present at the time of application.
- If there is severe weed infestation, the total hay yield of first cutting may be reduced in clover or other legumes fields and is usually directly
  proportionate to the loss of weed weight.

- Do not make more than 1 application per year.
- Do not apply if regrowth after grazing or cutting is more than 2 inches.
- Do not harvest within 60 days of application.

Сгор	Use Pattern	I his Product Rate/ Acre		Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)
CORN, FIELD CORN,	Preplant or Preemergence	Weeds 1 to 3": 1.3 to 1.7 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	-
POPCORN, SWEET CORN	Broadcast or Banded	Weeds 3 to 6": 1.7 to 2.0 pts	Air: 5.0 gal	
SEED CORN	Over Row	Weeds 6": 2.0 to 2.7 pts		
(Used alone)		·		

- Includes field, fresh sweet, forage, fodder and popcorn.
- To permit maximum weed and grass emergence, seedbeds should be formed as far ahead of planting and treatment as possible.
- Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance.

#### Precaution

 Control will not occur when applications are made after weeds and grasses have emerged. However, crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed.

#### Restrictions

Do not make more than 3 applications per year.

CORN	Preplant or Preemergence	Weeds 1 to 3": 1.3 to 1.7 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	-
Tank mixes for no-till/	Broadcast or Banded	Weeds 3 to 6": 1.7 to 2.0 pts	Air: 5.0 gal	
reduced till	Over Row	Weeds 6": 2.0 to 2.7 pts		

#### Directions

- Applications should be made as broadcast sprays before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence.
- This product may be tank mixed with the following herbicides for improved burndown or residual control: 2,4-D Ester (Low Volatile), Harness®, Harness® Extra, AAtrex®/Atrazine, Lasso® Herbicide, Banvel®, Linex®, Bicep MAGNUM®, Lorox®, Bicep Lite II MAGNUM®, Princep®, Dual MAGNUM, Stealth®, Frontier®, Simazine®, Guardsman®, Surpass® EC, Harmony® Extra Herbicide, Surpass® 100, (Preplant only) Topnotch®.
- This product may also be tank mixed with Ambush® insecticide.
- It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture. Always refer to respective product label(s) to confirm if these products can be applied by air.

#### Restriction

Do not make more than 3 applications per year.

FIELD CORN, POPCORN,	Postemergence Directed	0.7 to 1.3 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	-
SWEET CORN,	Spray (including Hooded			
SEED CORN	or Shielded)			

#### Directions

- Applications should be made when weeds are actively growing.
- Use a higher specified rate on larger or hard to control weeds. Weeds 6 inches or taller may not be controlled.

#### Precaution

Severe damage and/or complete kill can occur if spray contacts corn plants.

#### Restriction

Do not make more than 3 applications per year.

### **DIRECTIONS FOR HOODED OR SHIELDED SPRAYERS**

- Use a hooded or shielded sprayer with skids or wheels on the spray boom to maintain spray height in order to prevent excessive crop phytotoxicity.
- Apply by directing spray between the rows and using hooded or shielded sprayers to prevent spray contact with crop plants.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR DIRECT SPRAY WITHOUT HOODED OR SHIELDED SPRAYERS

(Corn height is measure from soil surface to top of whorl)

#### Directions

- Apply when corn is at least 10 inches tall with nozzles arranged to spray, no higher than the lower 3 inches of corn stalks.
- For corn more than 20 inches tall: Arrange the nozzles to spray no higher than the lower 1/3 of the corn stalks.

#### Precautions

- Corn plants shorter than 10 inches may be injured and not recover.
- Injury to corn foliage will occur if sprayed. However, corn will recover and develop normally.

		·	•	
FIELD CORN, POPCORN	Harvest Aid	0.8 to 1.3 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	7
SEED CORN			Air: 5.0 gal	

#### Directions

- Apply after the corn is mature. This is indicated by a black layer which forms at the base of the kernels. You may consult your local agricultural
  authority for help in identifying the black layer.
- Add nonionic surfactant containing at least 75% surface active ingredient at 0.25% v/v.
- To desiccate mature broadleaf weeds and grasses or broadleaf weeds and grasses that are taller than 18 inches, use 1.3 pts.

# Precaution

Drought stressed plants, especially broadleaf weeds, can be difficult to kill, and desiccation may not be complete.

#### Restriction

Do not make more than one application per year.

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FIELD CORN ONLY	Postemergence Directed	1.3 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	-	
(grain, fodder, forage)	Spray USDA Witchweed				
	Fradication Program				

#### **Directions**

- If regrowth occurs, initiate sprays in late June to early July and repeat in early August.
- Follow application instructions in postemergence directed spray section above.

### Restriction

Do not make more than 3 applications per year.

Сгор	Use Pattern	I his Product Rate/ Acre		Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)
FIELD CORN ONLY	Postemergence Directed	5.4 fl oz + 0.5 lb 2,4-D	Ground: 10.0 gal	-
(grain, fodder, forage)	Spray USDA Witchweed	2,4-D Amine AE		
2,4-D Amine AE Tank Mix	Eradication Program			

- · Apply as directed spray onto grassy weeds and witchweed before witchweed blooms. If regrowth occurs, reapply.
- Follow application instructions in post-emergence directed spray section above.

#### Restriction

Do not make more than 3 applications per year.

### COTTON:

For all cotton uses, do not exceed 8.0 pints of this product (3.0 pounds active ingredient) per acre per season,

For all cotton uses, do not exceed 6.0 pints of this product (5.0 pounds active ingredient) per acre per season.					
COTTON	Preplant or	1.7 to 2.7 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	-	
(Used alone)	Preemergence	-	Air: 5.0 gal		

#### Directions

- Apply prior to, during or after planting but before crop emergence.
- For fallow bed treatment, beds should be pre-formed to permit maximum weed and grass emergence prior to treatment.
- · Seeding should be done with a minimum of soil disturbance.

#### Restrictions

Do not make more than 3 applications per year.

COTTON	Preplant	5.4 to 10.7 fl oz	Ground: 10.0 gal	-
(California only; Used alone)			Air: 5.0 gal	

#### **Directions**

For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.

#### Restriction

Do not make more than 3 applications per year.

COTTON	Preplant or Fallow	1.7 to 2.7 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	-
Goal <sup>®</sup> Herbicide	Bed Broadcast		Air: 5.0 gal	
Tank Mix				

#### Directions

Refer to the Goal label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, and directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. It is the pesticide user's
responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions
for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

#### Restriction

Do not make more than 3 applications per year.

COTTON	Preplant or	1.7 to 2.7 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	-
Other Tank Mixes	Preemergence		Air: 5.0 gal	

#### Directions

- Apply as a broadcast spray before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence.
- For improved residual control or burndown, this product may be tank mixed with the following herbicides: Caparol<sup>®</sup> Herbicide, Cotoran<sup>®</sup> Herbicide, Cotton-Pro<sup>®</sup> Herbicide, Diurone<sup>®</sup>, Dual MAGNUM<sup>®</sup>, Harmony Extra (Preplant Only), Meturon<sup>®</sup> Herbicide, MSMA, Stealth<sup>®</sup>, Zorial<sup>®</sup> Herbicide.
- When tank mixing with Cotoran DF® or Meturon DF®, follow mixing instructions carefully, maintain constant agitation, and see Order of Tank Mixing section in respective labels.

### Restriction

Do not make more than 3 applications per year.

COTTON	Postemergence	0.8 to 1.3 pts	10.0 gal	-		
	Directed Spray					
	(Hooded or Shielded)					

### Directions

- Apply when weeds are actively growing and between 1 to 6 inches in height.
- Use higher specified rate on dense populations and/or larger or hard to control weeds. Weeds 6" or taller may not be controlled.
- Apply by directing spray between the rows using hooded or shielded sprayers to prevent contact with the crop plant.
- This product may be tank mixed with other postemergence directed herbicides. Unless otherwise directed on this label, refer to tank mix product labels for rates, directions, limitations and precautions.

#### Precautions

- AVOID CONTACT WITH CROP. Intentional or accidental contact, including, drift, of this product with the crop may result in severe damage or loss
  of the crop.
- Equipment should be in good operating condition. Avoid leakage or dripping onto crop. Variation in equipment design may affect the level of weed
  control.
- Keep hoods or shields adjusted to insure adequate contact with weeds while shielding the crop from the herbicide.
- To minimize drift, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations or adjuvants which produce fine spray droplets (mist).

- Do not make more than 3 applications per year.
- If multiple applications are made, allow 14 days between applications.

#### **COTTON Harvest Aid Use**

#### **Precautions**

- May be tank mixed with other cotton harvest aid materials known to be effective by a local expert. Unless otherwise instructed in this label, always
  refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. This product can be applied in a tank
  mix with methyl parathion and/or Karate® insecticide. Always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use,
  limitations, and restrictions.
- . Nodes above cracked bolls (NACB) timing is for guidance and is not intended to restrict the local expert in their use of the product.

#### Restrictions

- Do not make more than 4 applications per year.
- Do not pasture livestock in treated fields or feed treated foliage.
- · Do not apply to cotton within 3 days before harvest.
- Repeat application if necessary. Do not exceed a total of 1.3 pints per acre as a harvest aid.

Crop	Use Pattern	This Product Rate/ Acre		Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)
SOUTHERN COTTON Harvest aid for boll opening and defoliation (Tank mix with phosphate and chlorate defoliants)	Broadcast		Ground: 10.0 gal Air: 5.0 gal	7

#### Directions

Apply when 80% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature.

#### Precaution

Development of immature bolls will be inhibited.

#### Restriction

Do not make more than 4 applications per year.

SOUTHERN COTTON	Broadcast	2.1 to 3.3 fl oz	Ground: 10.0 gal	-
Additional tank mixes for boll			Air: 5.0 gal	
opening and defoliation			_	

### Directions

- This product may be tank mixed with the following products to aid in defoliation and opening of mature bolls: Accelerate<sup>®</sup>
- Defoliant, Def<sup>®</sup>, Defoliant, Dropp<sup>®</sup> Defoliant, Ethephon Plant Growth Regulator, Folex<sup>®</sup> Defoliant, Harvade<sup>®</sup>, Harvest Growth Regulator, Prep™ PGR.
- Apply when 60% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature.

### Precaution

Development of immature bolls will be inhibited.

### Restriction

Do not make more than 4 applications per year.

SOUTHERN COTTON	Broadcast	0.7 to 1.3 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	3
Post Defoliation - To aid in		-	Air: 5.0 gal	
opening of mature bolls and			_	
to desiccate green weeds.				

#### **Directions**

- If weed infestation is heavy or dense, use higher specified rate.
- Apply when 75% or more of bolls are open and remaining bolls to be harvested are mature.
- After a defoliation or conditioning application has been made, delay desiccation application of this product approximately 3 to 7 days to minimize leaf sticking.

### Precaution

Development of immature bolls will be inhibited.

### Restriction

Do not make more than 4 applications per year.

WESTERN COTTON	Broadcast	3.7 to 5.4 fl oz + phosphate	Ground: 10.0 gal	7
Harvest aid for boll opening		or sodium chlorate; and/ or	Air: 5.0 gal	
and early defoliation		other compatible harvest aid	_	
		products.		

#### Directions

On rank cotton, use higher specified rate.

#### Precautions

- Early defoliation timing is when 60% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature (approximately 4 NACB).
- · Development of immature bolls will be inhibited.

- Do not make more than 4 applications per year.
- Do not use more than 5.4 fluid ounce of this product for early defoliation as excessive desiccation may occur.
- Do not use more than 4.0 pounds of actual sodium chlorate defoliant per acre at this early defoliation timing.

WESTERN COTTON	Broadcast	5.4 to 10.7 fl oz alone or tank	-	3 (Alone)
		mix with sodium chlorate or		

Сгор	Use Pattern	This Product Rate/ Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)
Harvest aid for boll opening		phosphate defoliation and/or	
and Mid-to-late defoliation		other compatible harvest aid	
		products.	

• Use the 10.7 fluid ounce rate of this product in desert cotton areas or on rank vigorous cotton.

#### Precautions

- Mid-to-late defoliation timing is when 75% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature (approximately 3 or fewer NACB).
- Development of immature bolls will be inhibited.

#### Restrictions

· Do not make more than 4 applications per year.

Cotton Stripper or Spindle	Broadcast	2.1 to 7.5 fl oz	Ground: 10.0 gal	3
Harvested			Air: 5.0 gal	
Harvest aid for defoliation				
and boll opening				

#### Directions

- BECAUSE OF EXTREMES IN ENVIRONMENTAL AND PLANT CONDITIONS, APPLY THE RANGE OF RATES ON A SMALL BLOCK TO DETERMINE THE RATE THAT BEST FITS YOUR NEEDS.
- Apply when 75% of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature.
- This product may be applied alone or tank mixed with the following cotton harvest aids: Accelerate Defoliant®, Def Defoliant®, Dropp Defoliant®, Ethephon Plant Growth Regulator, Folex Defoliant®, Harvade® Harvest Growth Regulator, Prep™ PGR.
- · May be applied as a split application.
- To avoid leaf sticking, apply this product as a desiccant approximately 3 to 7 days after defoliant or a conditioning application and 7 to 14 days before harvest
- South of Interstate-10 in Texas, where temperatures are typically higher during defoliation, lower rates in the range may be necessary.

#### **Precautions**

- DEVELOPMENT OF IMMATURE BOLLS WILL BE INHIBITED. SLICE BOLLS AND INSPECT THE SEED FOR MATURITY.
- Cooler temperatures may cause a longer waiting period between application of this product as a desiccant and defoliation/conditioner.

#### Restrictions

- Do not make more than 4 applications per year.
- Do not exceed a total of 1.3 pints per acre.

COTTON	Broadcast	0.7 to 1.3 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	3
Late season desiccation			Air: 5.0 gal	

#### Directions

- BECAUSE OF EXTREMES IN ENVIRONMENTAL AND PLANT CONDITIONS, APPLY THE RANGE OF RATES ON A SMALL BLOCK TO DETERMINE THE RATE THAT BEST FITS YOUR NEEDS.
- May be applied as a split application.
- Apply when 85%. of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature (approximately 0 NACB).
- Delay desiccation application of this product approximately 3 to 7 days to minimize leaf sticking if a defoliation or conditioning application has been made
- May be tank mixed with other harvest aid materials known to the local expert to be effective.

#### Precautions

- Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. Slice bolls and inspect the seed for maturity.
- South of Interstate-10 in Texas, where temperatures are typically higher during defoliation, lower rates in the range may be necessary.

#### Restrictions

- Do not make more than 4 applications per year.
- Do not exceed a total of 1.3 pints per acre.

COTTON	Broadcast	0.75 to 1.25 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	3
Desiccation of regrowth		•	Air: 5.0 gal	

#### **Directions**

- Use to desiccate regrowth occurring after defoliation or desiccation.
- Because regrowth is difficult to control, thorough coverage with the full listed rate is necessary.
- If regrowth is excessive, use higher specified rate.

#### Precautions

Control is dependent on growing conditions and desiccation of small new regrowth may not always be complete.

### Restrictions

Do not make more than 4 applications per year.

EASTER LILIES	Preemergence	1.7 to 2.7 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	-	
(Field grown)					
Restriction					
Do not exceed 2 applications per year.					
FALLOW LAND	Preplant Broadcast to	1.0 to 2.7 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	-	
Prior to planting of any	Fallow Land	-	Air: 5.0 gal		
crops.					

### **Directions**

 Use for the control of weeds such as bluegrass, chickweed, henbit, downy brome, ryegrass, cheatgrass, dog fennel, tansy mustard, London rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, wild oats, volunteer cereals and other winter annuals and for the suppression of perennial weeds or sedges.

For weeds approaching the maximum size of 6 inches, the higher specified rate may be used.  Prior to application allow maximum weed emergence to maximize the benefit of this use.  Adhere to the preharvest intervals and other crop specific restrictions for planted crops elsewhere on this label.  Precaution  Fallow land may be between operations such as disking, ripping, plowing, leveling, irrigating or listing for ground preparation purposes.  Restriction  Do not make more than 2 applications per year, during the fallow period  GRASSES  (For seed) (For use in seedbed preparation)  Directions  Prepare the seedbeds and allow weeds to germinate.  Apply this product when weeds are at the 3 to 5 leaf stage.  Apply this product when weeds are at the 3 to 5 leaf stage.  Do not make more than 3 applications per year.  Do not graze treated areas or use the seed or straw from treated areas for animal feed or bedding.  GUAR  (Preharvest desiccation)  Preharvest  Do not graze treated areas or use the treated forage for animal feed.  GUAVA  Directions  Apply after the pods are fully mature.  Restrictions  Do not make more than 3 applications per year.  Do not graze treated areas or use the treated forage for animal feed.  GUAVA  Directed Spray  2.5 pts  Ground: 10.0 gal  4  Preharvest  Ground: 10.0 gal  4  Preharvest  Ground: 10.0 gal  4  Preharvest desiccation)  Directions  Apply after the pods are fully mature.  Restrictions  Do not make more than 3 applications per year.  Do not graze treated areas or use the treated forage for animal feed.  GUAVA  Directed Spray  2.5 pts  Ground: 10.0 gal  -  Precautions  Retreatment or spot spraying may be necessary for mature woody weeds, late-germinating weeds and grasses, and perennials.  Restrictions  Do not allow spray to contact green stems, fruit or foliage.  Do not graze treated areas.  Do not graze treated areas.  Do not freed cover crops grown in treated areas to livestock.  HOPS  (D. OR, & WA only)  Directed Spray and/ or  Supplications pare very area.	For weeds approaching the maximum size of 6 inches, the ligher specified rate may be used.  Prior to application allow maximum weed emergence to maximize the benefit of this use.  Adhere to the preharvest intervals and other crop specific restrictions for planted crops elsewhere on this label.  Precaution Fallow land may be between operations such as disking, ripping, plowing, leveling, irrigating or listing for ground preparation purposes.  Restriction Do not make more than 2 applications per year, during the fallow period  Farsses (For use in seedbed preparation) Prepiant, at Planting, or Prepiant, at Plant
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HOPS   Directed Spray and/ or   1.3 pts   Ground: 10.0 gal   14	- Bo not look sover crops grown in trouted droug to investion.
(ID, OR, & WA only) Suckering and Stripping.	HOPS   Directed Spray and/ or 11.3 pts   I Ground: 10.0 gal   144
	I/ID_OP_8_W/A only) Suckering and Stripping
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Directions	Directions
Directions	Directions
Directions	Directions

Crop	Use Pattern	This Product Rate/ Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)
	Sinbar <sup>®</sup> Herbicide (terbacil) we s tank mixture no more than on			ol of Italian ryegrass, prickly lettuce
Precaution				
	s such as groundsel, chickwee	d, downy brome, bluegrass, It	alian ryegrass, prickly lettu	uce.
Restrictions	-	,		
<ul> <li>Do not make more than 2</li> </ul>	2 applications per year.			
	2.0 pints per acre per dormant	season.		
ONIONS (seeded) AND	Preplant/Preemergence	1.7 to 2.7 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	60
GARLIC	Tropiana reemergenee	1.7 to 2.7 pto	Orouna. 10.0 gai	200 (CA only)
Directions			•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
<ul> <li>For heavy weed infestation</li> </ul>	ons or wild oat control use the	higher specified rate.		
<ul> <li>Allow maximum weed an</li> </ul>	d grass emergence prior to tre	atment but apply prior to crop	emergence.	
Restrictions				
<ul> <li>Do not make more than **</li> </ul>	l application per year.			
	n per season at the 2.7 pints p	er acre dosage.		
<ul> <li>Apply a maximum of 2.7</li> </ul>		· ·		
PASSION FRUIT	Direct Spray	2.5 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	
Directions	15.100t Opicity	12.0 010	Orbana. 10.0 gai	I
	olication time, use a shield or v	vrap vine		
	d prior to application if applicat	•	est season	
Precaution	а рист со аррисански арриса.			
<ul> <li>It may be necessary to re</li> </ul>	streat or snot treat			
•	ricat or spot ticat.			
Restrictions  Do not make more than 5	applications per year			
5				
		T= 4	To	
PEANUTS	Broadcast At ground crack	5.4 to 10.8 fl oz	Ground: 10 gal	-
Directions	Post-emergence			
				A
<ul> <li>To control or suppress sr made up to 28 days after</li> </ul>		nnual grass and broadleaf wee	eds in peanuts at ground c	rack. A second application may b
	this product can be tank mixed	with Pursuit® Herbicide or Du	ıal MΔGNI IM for residual ν	weed control
	this product can be tank mixed	Will I disuit Tierbiolde of Do	iai MAGNOM for residual y	weed control.
Precautions	he injured in the form of bron	zing and crinkling, but the gran	will recover and develop	normally
	be injured in the form of bron:	zing and chirking, but the crop	will recover and develop	normany.
Restrictions	N 10 40			
Do not make more than 2			0 (1 ) (	
	olications per season and do n	ot apply total of more than 10.	8 fluid ounce of product pe	er acre per season.
Do not apply by air.			T	
PEANUTS	Broadcast At ground crack	5.4 to 10.8 fl oz	Ground: 10 gal	-
Basagran <sup>®</sup> Herbicide Tank	Post-emergence			
Mix Directions				
	h Basagran at 1.0 pint per acre	for improved control of weed	s such as cocklehur bristl	v starbur smartweed and
prickly sida.	ii Basagian at 1.0 pint per acit	o for improved control of weed	o such as cocklebal, blist	y starbar, smartweed and
	lied at the ground crack stage	of peanuts. A second applicat	ion may be made up to 28	days after ground crack.
Precautions	g		,	, g
	be injured in the form of bronz	ing and crinkling but the crop	will recover and develon r	normally
				ot apply this tank mix as injury ma
be enhanced and/or prole		ariting) produced by any earler	morbiolae a caamone, ao m	or apply time tarm mix as injury me
	s of drought or unseasonably c	old weather do not apply this t	ank mix as unsatisfactory	weed control may result.
Restrictions	y ,	117	,	,
Do not make more than 2	applications per year			
	olications per season and do n	ot apply a total of more than 1	0.8 fluid ounce of product	per acre per season
<ul> <li>Do not apply by air.</li> </ul>	oneditorio per ecaceri aria de ri	or apply a total of more than 1	o.o naia canco oi product	per dere per codeen.
PEANUTS	Broadcast	5.4 to 10.8 fl oz	Ground: 10 gal	1_
Butyrac <sup>®</sup> Herbicide or	Post-emergence	5.4 to 10.8 ii 02	Ground. 10 gar	-
Butoxone® 200 Herbicide	Jac-onloigence			
Tank Mix				
Directions	•		•	1
	veeds such as cocklebur, sickle	epod, and morningglory, tank r	mix this product with 8.0 to	o 16.0 ounce (0.125 to 0.25 pound
				,
per acre of Butyrac or Bu	loxone 200.			

• Crop foliage sprayed will be injured in the form of bronzing and crinkling but the crop will recover and develop normally.

- Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
- Do not apply a total of more than 10.8 fluid ounce of product per season and make no more than 2 applications per season. Do not apply by air.

Crop	Use Pattern	This Product Rate/ Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)
PIGEON PEAS (Puerto Rico only)	Directed Spray	1.3 pt	Ground: 10 gal	60
<ul><li>Directions</li><li>Cannery waste can</li></ul>	be fed to livestock.			
Precaution  Avoid contact with p	igeon pea foliage.			
Restrictions  • Do not make more to	han 1 application per year.			

## **PINEAPPLE**

Precaution More mature weeds may require retreatment.

Do not make more than 1 application per season.

Restriction

Do not exceed 3 applications per season.

POTATO	Preplant or	0.7 to 1.3 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	-
	Preemergence		Air: 5.0 gal	
	Broadcast			

Ground: 10 gal

20

1.3 to 2.7 pts

#### **Directions**

Apply up to ground cracking stage, before potatoes have emerged.

Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock

Directed Spray

#### Restriction

Do not make more than 3 applications per year.

POTATO	Preplant	0.4 to 0.7 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	-
(California, Washington,	Broadcast	-	Air: 5.0 gal	
Oregon, Idaho only, used			_	
alone)				

#### Directions

For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.

Do not make more than 3 applications per year

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POTATO	Broadcast	0.7 to 1.3 pts	Ground: 20.0 gal	3	
Fresh Market Only		·			
Preharvest vine killing and					
weed desiccation.					
For Use Only in the states of:					
Colorado, Delaware, Idaho,					
Illinois, Indiana, Kansas,					
Maine, Maryland,					
Massachusetts, Michigan,					
Minnesota, Nebraska,					
Nevada, New Jersey, New					
York, North Dakota, Ohio,					
Oregon, Pennsylvania,					
South Dakota, Utah,					
Washington, Wisconsin, and					
Wyoming					

### Directions

- Potatoes must be harvested promptly after desiccation and processed or consumed immediately.
- Begin application when leaves begin to turn yellow.
- Use 1.3 pints per acre rate where quick vine kill is desired.
- For dense vine growth, use 2 applications of 0.6 pints per acre. Split applications must be applied a minimum of 5 days apart.

### Precaution

Immature potato foliage is tolerant to this product. However, desiccation will not be complete under this condition.

#### Restrictions

- For Fresh Market Potatoes Only. (Fresh Market Potatoes include potatoes that are sent directly from the field to a consumer, grocery store, or processor for use.)
- DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year.
- DO NOT use on potatoes that will be stored as tuber decomposition may result.
- DO NOT apply to drought stressed potato vines.
- DO NOT use to desiccate the vines of seed potatoes as seed pieces may fail to germinate and grow normally
- DO NOT pasture livestock in treated potato fields.
- DO NOT exceed 2.6 pints per acre per season

RICE	Preplant or	Weeds 1 to 3": 1.3 to 1.7 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	-
	Preemergence	Weeds 3 to 6": 1.7 to 2.0 pts	Air: 5.0 gal	
	Broadcast	Weeds 6": 2.0 to 2.7 pts	_	

#### **Directions**

- Apply as a broadcast spray before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence. When vegetation is dense, use higher specified rates and spray volumes.
- Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance.

Crop	Use Pattern	This Product Rate/ Acre	Minimum Total	Grazing or Preharvest
<u> </u>			Spray Per Acre	Interval (Days)
•	mixed with other herbicides re	egistered for this use for improv	red or extended weed contr	rol.
<ul><li>Restrictions</li><li>Do not make more than 3</li></ul>	applications per year.	ng after application. Crop plants	.,	
<ul> <li>Do not flood/flush within 4 kill, do not flood/flush unti</li> </ul>		r to ensure complete kill of vege	etation. If cool, cloudy and/o	or wet weather delays speed of
SAFFLOWER	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast or Banded Over	1.7 to 2.7 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal Air: 5.0 gal	-
<ul><li>Directions</li><li>Apply before during and</li></ul>	after planting but before crop	emergence		
Restriction	anter pranting backers erep	g		
Do not make more than 3	applications per year.			
SAFFLOWER (California only)	Preplant Broadcast	0.7 pt	Ground: 10.0 gal Air: 5.0 gal	-
Directions			_	·
For control of volunteer background     Restriction	arley in preformed seedbeds.			
Do not make more than 3	applications per year.			
SMALL GRAINS	Preplant or	Weeds 1 to 3": 1.3 to 1.7 pts	Ground: 5.0 gal	-
(Barley, wheat)	Preemergence	Weeds 3 to 6": 1.7 to 2.0 pts	Air: 5.0 gal	
Restriction		Weeds 6": 2.0 to 2.7 pts		
Do not make more than 3	applications per year.			
SMALL GRAINS	Preplant or	Weeds 1 to 3": 1.3 to 1.7 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	-
(Wheat Only) Hoelon <sup>®</sup> 3EC Tank Mix	Preemergence	Weeds 3 to 6": 1.7 to 2.0 pts Weeds 6": 2.0 to 2.7 pts	Air: 5.0 gal	
Directions		weeds 0 . 2.0 to 2.7 pts		I .
	EC will improve grass control.			
	ctively growing and 1 to 6 inch	es in height. Weeds 6 inches or	taller may not be controlle	d.
<ul><li>Restrictions</li><li>Do not make more than 3</li></ul>	applications per year			
	त्र applications per year. k to barley as crop injury may ।	result.		
SORGHUM	Preplant/ Preemergence	Weeds 1 to 3": 1.3 to 1.7 pts	Ground: 5.0 gal	48 (grain)
(Grain)	Broadcast or Band	Weeds 3 to 6": 1.7 to 2.0 pts	Air: 5.0 gal	20 (forage)
Directions		Weeds 6": 2.0 to 2.7 pts		
		eds should be formed as far ahe	ead of planting as possible	
0	with a minimum amount of soi	l disturbance.		
<ul><li>Restriction</li><li>Do not make more than 3</li></ul>	annlications per year			
SORGHUM	Preplant or	Weeds 1 to 3": 1.3 to 1.7 pts	1	48 (grain)
(Grain)	Preemergence	Weeds 3 to 6": 1.7 to 2.0 pts		20 (forage)
Atrazine & 2,4-D ester [Low Volatile] Tank Mix		Weeds 6": 2.0 to 2.7 pts		
Directions			<u> </u>	I
				of 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile) may
• •	of perennial and annual broad	lleaf weeds emerged at the time	e of application.	
<ul><li>Restriction</li><li>Do not make more than 3</li></ul>	applications per year			
SORGHUM	Preplant	1.3 to 2.5 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	48 (grain)
(Grain)	i i opiani	10 10 2.0 pt0	Jordanian roto gan	20 (forage)
Harmony® Extra Herbicide Tank Mix				
Directions	1	1	1	
•	ol, this product may be tank m	ixed with Harmony Extra.		
Restriction	applications per year			
<ul> <li>Do not make more than 3</li> <li>SORGHUM</li> </ul>	Postemergence Directed	0.7 to 1.3 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	48 (grain)
(Grain)	(including Hooded	0.7 to 1.5 μts	Ground. 10.0 gar	20 (forage)
Directions	or Shielded			
<ul> <li>Apply when weeds are ac</li> </ul>	ctively growing.			
Use higher specified rate	, 0	eeds. Weeds 6 inches or taller n	nay not be controlled.	
Precaution	omploto kill oon oosuu if annee	contacts corebine plants		
Severe damage and/or co  Restrictions	omplete kill can occur if spray	contacts sorgnum plants.		
ハセンロコレロロロコン				

Crop	Use Pattern	This Product Rate/ Acre	Minimum Total	Grazing or Preharvest
Стор	Ose Fattern	Tills Floddet Rate/ Acre	Spray Per Acre	Interval (Days)

- Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
- Do not exceed 2 postemergence directed applications or exceed a total of 5.3 pints of this product per season.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE HOODED OR SHIELDED SPRAYERS

- To avoid excessive crop phytotoxicity, use a hooded or shielded sprayer with skids or wheels on the spray boom to maintain spray height.
- Apply by directing spray between the rows and by using hooded or shielded sprayers to prevent spray contact with crop plants.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE DIRECTED SPRAY WITHOUT HOODED OR SHIELDED SPRAYERS

- Apply when sorghum is at least 12 inches tall when naturally standing.
- Use precision directed-spray application equipment adjusted so that no more than the lower 3 inches of the sorghum stalk is contacted by the
  application spray.

#### **Precautions**

Some crop injury will occur. The degree of injury is related to the precision of application and spraying conditions.

#### Restrictions

Do not exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure or spray under conditions which may cause excessive drift.

SOYBEANS	Preplant or	Weeds 1 to 3": 1.3 to 1.7 pts Grour	nd: 5.0 gal -
	Preemergence	Weeds 3 to 6": 1.7 to 2.0 pts   Air: 5.	.0 gal
		Weeds 6": 2.0 to 2.7 pts	

#### Directions

- Apply as a broadcast spray before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence.
- This product can be tank mixed with the following herbicides for improved burndown or residual control:
- 2,4-DB; Canopy Dual MAGNUM; Goal; Harmony Extra (Preplant only); Lasso; Lexone; Linex; Lorox Plus; Stealth; Pursuit Herbicide; Scepter Herbicide; Sencor Herbicide; Surflan Herbicide; Turbo Herbicide.
- The rate of this product to be used in these tank mixtures is dependent on weed height and growing conditions. When weed canopy is dense
  or under dry conditions, use the highest specified rate of this product.
- The lower application rate may be used when weeds are less than 4 inches tall and a selective postemergence spray or cultivation will be
  made within 3 weeks after planting.
- Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance.

#### Restrictions

- Do not make more than 3 applications per year.
- Do not exceed a total of 4.0 pints of this product per season.
- Do not graze or harvest for forage or hay before the R3 stage of soybean development (early pod).

SOYBEANS	Preplant or	Weeds 1 to 3": 1.3 to 1.7 pts	Ground: 5.0 gal	-
2,4-D ester (Low Volatile)	Preemergence	Weeds 3 to 6": 1.7 to 2.0 pts	Air: 5.0 gal	
Tank Mix	_	Weeds 6": 2.0 to 2.7 pts	_	

#### **Directions**

- Apply 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile) at 0.35 to 0.475 pounds active ingredient per acre at least 7 days prior to planting.
- Apply 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile) at 0.475 to 0.95 pounds active ingredient per acre at least 30 days prior to planting.
- May be tank mixed with residual herbicides listed above.

#### Restrictions

- Do not make more than 3 applications per year.
- Do not apply 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile) prior to planting soybeans if you are not able to accept the results of soybean injury including possible loss of stand and yield.
- Do not use amine formulation.

SOYBEANS	Postemergence Directed	3.0 to 5.3 fl oz	Ground: 10 gal	-	
	Spray (includes Hooded or				
1	Shielded)				

#### Directions

- Apply when weeds are actively growing.
- Use the lower rate of this product for control of seedling johnsongrass, crabgrass, goosegrass, Brachiaria, Texas millet and pigweed less than 2 inches tall.
- For control of 2 to 4 inch red rice, Brachiaria, barnyard grass, crabgrass, goosegrass, seedling johnsongrass, giant foxtail, and fall panicum, use 5.3 fl. oz. of this product.
- Use 5.3 fluid ounces of this product for control of 2 to 3 inch sicklepod, purslane, pigweed, cut leaf ground cherry, and common ragweed.
- Apply this product at 5.3 fluid ounce per acre plus 0.2 pounds active ingredient per acre of a 2,4-D formulation for control of 2 to 4 inch grasses
  in mixture with common cocklebur, morning-glory, and red rice.
- If necessary, make a second and final application 7 to 14 days later.

### Restrictions

- Do not make more than 3 applications per year.
- Do not graze or harvest for forage or hay.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR HOODED OR SHIELDED SPRAYERS

- Apply by directing spray between the rows and using hooded or shielded sprayers to prevent spray contact with crop plants.
- Use higher specified rate on larger (less than 6 inches) or hard to control weeds. Weeds 6 inches or taller may not be controlled.

#### Precaution

Severe damage and/or complete kill can occur if spray intentionally or accidentally (including drift of fine droplets) contacts the plants.

# DIRECTIONS FOR USE DIRECTED SPRAY WITHOUT HOODED OR SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Use precision directed spray application equipment adjusted so that no more than the lower 3 inches of the soybean plant is contacted by the
application spray.

### Precaution

Some crop injury will occur. The degree of injury is dependent upon the precision of Restrictions Do not treat on soybeans that are less than 8 inches tall. Do not treat on soybeans that are less than 8 inches tall. Do not exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure or spray, under conditions which may cause e SOYBEANS Harvest Aid 5.4 to 10.7 fl oz  Directions Always use the higher specified rate when treating cocklebur. Indeterminate varieties: Applications should be made when at least 65% of the seed moisture is 30% or less. Determinant varieties: Apply when plants are mature, i.e., b remaining leaves are yellowing.  Precautions Mature cocklebur, especially drought-stressed plants are tolerant to this product and Injury will occur on immature soybeans.  Restrictions Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest. Do not graze or harvest for forage or hay.  STRAWBERRIES Postemergence Directed Spray  Directions Directions Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Do not allow spray to contact strawberry plants as injury or excessive residues may in the plant of	Ground: 20.0 gal Air: 5.0 gal  oods have reached a matu ans are fully developed, 1/ desiccation will not be com  Ground: 20.0 gal	re brown color or when seed 2 of leaves have dropped, and
Do not treat on soybeans that are less than 8 inches tall. Do not exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure or spray, under conditions which may cause es SOYBEANS  Harvest Aid  5.4 to 10.7 fl oz  Directions Always use the higher specified rate when treating cocklebur. Indeterminate varieties: Applications should be made when at least 65% of the seed moisture is 30% or less. Determinant varieties: Apply when plants are mature, i.e., b remaining leaves are yellowing.  Precautions  Mature cocklebur, especially drought-stressed plants are tolerant to this product and Injury will occur on immature soybeans.  Restrictions Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest. Do not opply within 15 days of harvest. Do not graze or harvest for forage or hay.  STRAWBERRIES Postemergence Directions Direct spray between the rows, using shields to prevent spray contact with crop plan (Restrictions) Do not allow spray to contact strawberry plants as injury or excessive residues may in the plant of the plant of the plant or Prevent spray contact with crop plant (Prevent Spray Direct) Directions For heavier weed infestations, use the higher specified label rate. Seding or transplanting should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance can be used in fallow bed/stale seedbed for weed control. Sedebeds or plantbeds should be formed as far ahead of treatment as possible to perform the plant of the pla	Ground: 20.0 gal Air: 5.0 gal  oods have reached a matu ans are fully developed, 1/ desiccation will not be com  Ground: 20.0 gal	2 of leaves have dropped, and plete.
Do not exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure or spray, under conditions which may cause estable   SOYBEANS	Ground: 20.0 gal Air: 5.0 gal  oods have reached a matu ans are fully developed, 1/ desiccation will not be com  Ground: 20.0 gal	2 of leaves have dropped, and plete.
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Indeterminate varieties: Applications should be made when at least 65% of the seed moisture is 30% or less. Determinant varieties: Apply when plants are mature, i.e., bremaining leaves are yellowing.  Precautions  Mature cocklebur, especially drought-stressed plants are tolerant to this product and Injury will occur on immature soybeans.  Restrictions  Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest. Do not graze or harvest for forage or hay.  STRAWBERRIES  Postemergence Directed Spray  Direct spray between the rows, using shields to prevent spray contact with crop plants rich plants are injury or excessive residues may be not make more than 3 applications per year. Do not allow spray to contact strawberry plants as injury or excessive residues may be not apply more than 3 times per season. Do not apply more than 3 times per season. Do not graze livestock in treated areas.  BUGAR BEETS  Preplant or Preemergence  1.3 to 2.7 pts  Directions  For heavier weed infestations, use the higher specified label rate. Seeding or transplanting should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance. Can be used in fallow bed/stale seedbed for weed control. Seedbeds or plantbeds should be formed as far ahead of treatment as possible to perceaution  Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed.  Restriction  Do not make more than 3 applications per year.  BUGARCANE  Postemergence Directed Spray (includes Hooded or Shielded)  Directions  Apply as a hooded, shielded or directed spray to avoid contact with cane foliage to performed to the more than 2 application can be made when new weed growth is Restrictions  Apply as a hooded, shielded or directed spray to avoid contact with cane foliage to perform the more than 2 applications per year, except applications made by air in F applications allowed is 1 per year.  Do not make more than 2 applications per year, except applications made by air in F applications allowed is 1 per year.  Do not make more than 2 applications per year,	ans are fully developed, 1/desiccation will not be com Ground: 20.0 gal	2 of leaves have dropped, and plete.
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Directions Optimum results can be obtained by applying in early spring (March to April) when w Restrictions Do not make more than 2 applications per year.	Ground: 50.0 gal	-
Optimum results can be obtained by applying in early spring (March to April) when w  Restrictions  Do not make more than 2 applications per year.		
Do not make more than 2 applications per year.	eds are small.	
Do not apply after lung 1 as cons growth may be attented and violds raduced		
Do not apply after June 1 as cane growth may be stunted and yields reduced.		
SUGARCANE - 1.3 pt		-
Hawaii Restrictions	Ground: 20.0 gal	
Do not make more than 2 applications per year.	Ground: 20.0 gal	
Do not apply after cane rows have closed in.	Ground: 20.0 gal	
GUGARCANE - 0.7 to 2.0 pts	Ground: 20.0 gal	
ouisiana	Ground: 20.0 gal Ground: 20.0 gal	30
Directions  For tiller control, apply when tillers are less than 18 inches high.		30
For heavier weed infestations or tiller growth use the higher specified rate.		30
Restriction		30

Do not make more than 2 applications per year.

Crop	Use Pattern	This Product Rate/ Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)
SUGARCANE Florida & Texas	Harvest Aid	0.4 to 0.7 pts	Air: 5.0 gal	-
Directions				
<ul> <li>Under cool, cloudy w</li> </ul>	veather conditions use higher before burning and harvest.	specified rate.		
<ul> <li>Under cool, cloudy w</li> <li>Apply 3 to 14 days b</li> <li>Restriction</li> </ul>		specified rate.		

#### Restriction

Do not make more than 3 applications per year

Do not make more than 6 appropriations per year.					
SUNFLOWER	Preharvest	0.8 to 1.3 pts	Ground: 10.0 gals	-	
	Desiccation		Air: 5.0 gal		
	Broadcast				

#### Directions

- Apply when sunflower seeds reach physiological maturity (when seed moisture is 35% or lower). For many varieties, this is equivalent to the
  time when the back of the heads are, yellow and the bracts are turning brown.
- When crop stands or weed infestations are heavy, use the higher label rate.

### Restrictions

- Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
- Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock.

TARO, DRYLAND	Postemergence	1.3 to 2.1 pts	Ground: 10.0 gals	180
(Hawaii Only)	Directed Spray	-	_	

#### **Directions**

- Make the first application when weed growth is 1 to 4 inches high.
- Weeds emerging after the application will not be controlled.
- A single re-treatment may be made; however, do not harvest dryland taro within 6 months of the last application.

### Restrictions

- Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
- Do not allow spray to contact the taro plants as injury may result.

TREE PLANTATION	Preplant	1.3 to 2.7 pts	Ground: 20.0 gal	-
ESTABLISHMENT	Broadcast		_	
Deciduous and Conifers				

#### **Directions**

- To allow maxim emergence of weeds prepare ground early.
- Apply prior to planting. Plant with minimal soil disturbance.
- For heavier weed infestations, use the higher application rate.
- · For improved burndown or residual control, tank mix this product with other herbicides labeled for this use.

### Restrictions

- Do not make more than 3 applications per year.
- Do not apply in less than 20.0 gallons per acre as weed control will be reduced.

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TREES AND VINES	Directed Spray	1.7 to 2.7 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	Apricots: 28
Orchards, Vineyards,				Cherries: 28
Windbreak Shade &				Figs: 13
Ornamental Trees: Acerola,				Kiwi Fruit: 14
Apples, Apricots, Avocados,				Nectarines: 28
Bananas, Beechnut Brazil				Olives: 13
nut, Butternut, Calamondin,				Peaches: 14
Cashew, Cherries, Chestnut,				Pistachios: 7
Chinquapin, Citrus, Citron,				Plums: 28
Coffee, Figs, Filberts,				
Grapefruit, Grapes, Hickory				
nut, Kiwi fruit, Kumquat,				
Lemon, Lime, Macadamia				
nuts, Mandarin, Nectarines,				
Olives, Orange (sour &				
sweet), Papayas, Peaches,				
Pears, Pistachios, Plums				
Prunes, Pummelo, Satsuma				
mandarin, Walnuts, and				
Other shade and ornamental				
trees including arborvitae,				
ash, elm, fir, oak, pine, etc.				

### Directions

- Use the shield or wrap plant when spraying around young trees or vines.
- For mature woody weeds, perennial weeds, late germinating weeds and green suckers, retreatment or spot treatment may be necessary.

			Minimum Total	Craming or Brohamant
Crop	Use Pattern	This Product Rate/ Acre	Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)
Restrictions				
<ul> <li>Do not make more than 3</li> <li>Do not make more than 4</li> <li>Do not make more than 5</li> <li>Do not allow spray to make the point of the point of</li></ul>	s grown in treated areas to live uts or olives to be harvested ar vest within 28 days after application within 13 days after application sucker growth is no more than at more than 3 times per year. harvest within 28 days after applications the within 13 days after applications within 13 days after applications after applications after shelf	ots, Cherries, Kiwi Fruit, Necta s. or to shell split; after shells split coept suckers), fruit or foliage. stock. e on the ground. eation and do not exceed 3 post and do not exceed 3 post and do not exceed 5 posteme 18 inches long. Late season application and do not exceed 3 post on and do not exceed 3 post in split.	temergence directed application temergence directed application temergence directed applications of applications to weeds should be the properties of the pr	ons per season. ons per season. er season. made to avoid contact ations per season. s per season. ons per season. ons per season.
For plums - Do not harve	est within 28 days after applicat		mergence directed applications	s per season.
TREES AND VINES Tank Mixes	Directed Spray	1.7 to 2.7 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	
<ul> <li>This product may be tank Devrinol® Herbicide; Goal Restrictions</li> <li>Do not make more than 5</li> <li>Do not make more than 3</li> <li>Do not make more than 4</li> </ul>	mixed with registered residual mixed with the following herbic®; Karmex®; Krovar® Herbicide; applications per year, except a applications per year on Aprica applications per year on Olives	cides: Princep®; Sinbar®; Solicam® F as listed below: ots, Cherries, Kiwi Fruit, Necta	Herbicide; Surflan <sup>®</sup> rines, Peaches, and Plums.	
	applications on Pistachios price	r to shell split; after shells split	, do not make more than 2 app	olications per year.
TYFON (New Hampshire only)	Preplant Preemergence	1.7 to 2.7 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	-
Precautions  • Weeds and grasses emer	with a minimum of soil disturbating after treatment will not be me of application will be injured applications per year	controlled.		
VEGETABLES	Preplant	1.3 to 2.7 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	1_
(Seeded or Transplanted) Beans (Lima, Snap), Broccoli, Cabbage, Cantaloupe, Carrots, Cauliflower, Chayote fruit, Chinese cabbage, Chinese waxgourd, Citron melon, Collards, Cucumber, Eggplant, Gherkin, Gourd, Edible Groundcherry, Lettuce, Momordica spp., Musk melons. Peas, Pepino, Peppers, Pumpkin, Squash, Sweet Corn, Tomatillo, Turnips, Tomatoes, Watermelons	Preemergence	1.0 to 2.1 pto	Air: 5.0 gal	
Directions				
<ul> <li>Banded or broadcast trea</li> <li>For heavier weed infestat</li> <li>Seeding or transplanting s</li> <li>This product can be used</li> <li>Precaution</li> <li>Crop plants emerged at ti</li> <li>Restrictions</li> </ul>	nould be formed as far ahead of the tapplications can be mad ions, use the higher specified reshould be done with a minimum in fallow bed/stale seedbed for the of application will be killed.	e before, during or after plantir ate. n amount of soil disturbance.	ng but prior to the crop emerge	
Do not make more than 3     Do not harvest tomatoes a				
	within 30 days after application	I 1 3 nt	Ground: 10.0 gal	1

Сгор	Use Pattern	This Product Rate/ Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)
Eggplant, Peppers, and Tomatoes			

- For control or suppression of emerged weeds between rows after crop establishment.
- Use precision directed spray application equipment adjusted to prevent spray contact with crop plants.
- Apply when weeds are succulent and weed growth is less than 6 inches.

#### Restrictions

- Do not make more than 3 applications per year.
- Do not exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure.
- Do not spray under conditions which may cause excessive drift.
- Do not apply more than 3 applications per season.
- Do not allow animals to graze in treated areas.
- Do not harvest tomatoes within 30 days after application.

	T		T =	
VEGETABLES	After Final Harvest	1.6 to 2.5 pts	Ground: 40.0 to 120 gal	-
Tomatoes		-		

#### Directions

- Apply in 40.0 to 120 gallons of water per acre (0.62 to 0.93 pound active ingredient per acre).
- Add NIS containing 75% or more surface active agent at 0.125 v/v (1.0 pint per 100 gallons of spray solution).
- To ensure maximum herbicide burndown, tomato vines should be thoroughly covered.
- To aid in the removal of sweet potato whitefly, burn tomato vines with propane burners as soon as possible after the vines have dried down sufficiently.

#### Precaution

This product may be deactivated and less efficacious when dirty or muddy water is used.

#### Restrictions

- Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
- Do not apply more than a total of 3.0 pounds active ingredient (paraquat) per acre per season.
- To minimize drift, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations which produce fine spray droplets (mist).

		-		
VEGETABLES	Broadcast	0.4 to 0.7 pts	Ground:10.0 gal	-
(California, Washington,			Air: 5.0 gal	
Oregon Idaho only)				
Lettuce,				
Melon,				
Sugar Beets,				
Tomatoes				

#### Directions

For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.

#### Restrictions

- Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
- Do not harvest tomatoes within 30 days after application.

VEGETABLES	Dormant	1.7 to 2.7 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	-
Rhubarb		-	_	

#### Directions

Apply during dormant season before buds in crown begin to grow.

#### Restriction

Do not exceed 2 applications per year.

### **RESIN SOAKING**

Pines including Loblolly, Shortleaf, Longleaf, Slash, Virginia, Pond, Pitch, and Spruce Pines.

**Tree Selection** -Trees should be selected from stands on sites not subject to stress from periods of extreme drought stress because the desiccating effect of this product is accentuated during drought, causing a reduction in the amount of oleoresin deposited in the xylem. Vigorous, non-stagnated natural or planted stands should be selected. Plan this product treatments in stagnated or commercial timber stands, no sooner than three years after commercial thinning.

Application Directions: To bring the treatment into contact with sapwood (or xylem), apply water-diluted this product to an appropriate wound in the tree trunk.

Bark Streaks or Cuts: Use a standard or rotary bark hack or a chainsaw shipping tool (used in naval stores work) to remove a single 1- inch wide streak of bark about 1 to 2 feet from ground level. Do not exceed 1/3 of the circumference of the tree. Serious girdling of the trunk and premature death of the tree can result if multiple streaks or cuts are made. Apply a coarse spray (about 1.7 to 5.0 ml) this product solution (1 to 5% cation, wt./wt. basis) to runoff to the exposed xylem, using a low-pressure sprayer. The amount of spray required per cut depends on tree circumference and the length of cut or streak. For example, for a 9-inch diameter tree, using 3.0 ml of 2 or 4% this product solution will cover the 1-inch wide streak and will result in application of 60.0 or 120 mg per streak.

**Time of Treatment**: Less severe pine beetle infestation and longer tree life usually result during cool season treatments under non-drought seasons. However, resin soaking can occur from treatments made any time of the year.

**Interval between Treatment and Tree Harvest**: There should be at least a 6-month interval between application of this product and tree harvest. However, it is preferable the interval is from 12 to 24 months, even though intervals of over 6 months may not be possible under conditions of drought or serious pine beetle attacks possibly making early harvest necessary.

With this treatment, there is a potential for promoting beetle attack or causing premature death of the tree. At high dosage rates, desiccation of the xylem tissue, rather than the desired resin soaking, may occur.

Note: This type of treatment may reduce stem growth during between treatment and tree harvest.

Dilution Table for this product (3.0 lbs. cation per gallon)				
Concentration of Cation on Desired (wt./wt. basis)  Add the Following No. Gal. of Water to 2/3 Gallon of this production				
0.2%	118.8			
0.5%	46.8			
1.0%	22.9			
2.0%	10.9			
3.0%	6.9			
4.0%	4.9			
5.0%	3.7			

Сгор	Use Pattern	This Product Rate/ Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)
CONSERVATION	Broadcast	1.7 to 2.7 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	-
RESERVE, FEDERAL SET-		-	Air: 5.0 gal	
ASIDE, CONSERVATION				
COMPLIANCE PROGRAMS				
(For use in compliance with				
the Federal Conservation				
Reserve Program or Federal				
set-aside programs)				

#### Directions

This product may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for this use for improved emerged weed control or extended weed control.

#### Restriction

Do not make more than 3 applications per year.

NONCROP USES Broadcast of	Spot Treatment   1.7 to 2.7	' pts Gro	round: 10.0 gal	-

#### Directions

- Repeat applications as necessary but do not make more than 10 applications per year.
- To be used in noncrop areas including public airports, electric transformer stations, pipeline pumping stations, around commercial buildings, storage yards and other installations, and fence lines.

#### Restriction

Avoid spray contact with the foliage of ornamentals or desired plants.

PASTURE RESEEDING	Broadcast	0.7 to 1.3 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	See specific geographic
For suppression of existing			Air: 5.0 gal	directions
sod and undesirable				
emerged broadleaf weeds				
and grasses prior to or at				
time of planting grasses or				
forage legumes				

### Restriction

Do not make more than 3 applications per year.

#### **Directions West of Cascade and Sierra Nevada Mountains**

- Apply in October through December after first fall rains and after weeds have emerged and sod has started new growth.
- Apply on moderately to heavily grazed areas for best seeding results.

#### **Restrictions West of Cascade and Sierra Nevada Mountains**

Do not use in heavy sod and weed growth areas.

#### **Directions East of Rocky Mountains**

- Use the 1.3 pints rate on vigorous or coarse sod species such as bromegrass.
- Apply prior to, or at time of seeding grasses or forage legumes.
- Apply only to grazed or mowed pastures not more than 3 inches in height at time of treatment.

### **Directions Bermudagrass or Bahiagrass Sods**

- Apply in late summer or early fall to sod not exceeding 3 inches in height.
- For control of emerged little barley, apply in February or March before the mid-boot stage of little barley.

#### **Directions Bermudagrass and Coastal Bermudagrass Pastures**

- Apply when bermudagrass is dormant.
- For control of little barley, apply before the mid-boot stage.

### Restrictions Bermudagrass and Coastal Bermudagrass Pastures

Do not mow for hay until 40 days after treatment.

	•			
For control of endophyte	Broadcast	0.7 to 1.3 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	-
fungus-infected fescue	(Split Application)	followed by	_	
forage legume/grass mixture		0.7 to 1.3 pts		
and other grass pastures.				

#### Directions

- Use split applications of 10 to 21 days apart if necessary.
- For spring plantings, the initial application of 0.7 to 1.3 pints may be made the previous fall.
- Apply when fescue is actively growing and no more than 4 inches high.

Prop	Use Pattern	This Product Rate/ Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)
Restrictions		·		
Do not make more than 2				
Do not exceed 2.6 pints p				
To reduce the infestation	of endophyte-infested	grass, do not allow fescue to go to se	ed starting with the preced	ling year's crop.
For prickly pear desiccation	Spot Sprays	0.8 fl oz per gallon of water	Spray to wet weed	-
n pastures.			foliage.	
Not for use in California.				
Directions				
	•	ounce of a nonionic surfactant per ga	allon of water.	
Completely and uniformly				
Apply in May through Sep				
		es of height at time of treatment.		
	+D Specialty <sup>®</sup> herbicide	e at a rate of 1.0 to 2.0 fluid ounce pe	r gallon of water for improv	ed desiccation and perennial
control of prickly pear.				
Restrictions				
Do not make more than 1				
Do not use more than 1.6	pints of this product pe	er acre per year.		
For Juniper Species leaf	Broadcast	1.3 pts	Air: 5.0 gal	-
noisture reduction or				
esiccation prior to				
rescribed burning of				
astures. Not for use in California.				
Pirections				
	ith properited burning	as recommended and manitered by le	and SCS or University and	Extension Dange Charielists
, ,	,	as recommended and monitored by lo	ocal SCS of University and	Extension Range Specialists.
Apply during hot, dry wea				
		5.0 gallons spray solution.	ura 2 ta 4 waaka aftar thia	product application
, ,	ure content. Maximum	leaf moisture reduction generally occ	urs 3 to 4 weeks after this	product application.
Precautions				
		ditions prior to or after application wil		juniper crown burns.
Reduction in leaf moisture	e can be adversely affe	cted by cool or humid weather condit	ions.	
Restrictions				

- Do not make more than 10 applications per year.
- Do not graze livestock after application or prior to burning.

*Native Pastures	Broadcast	1.0 to 1.25 pts	Ground: 10.0 gal	-
*Not for use in California			Air: 5.0 gal	

- Apply this product for control of downy and Japanese brome.
- Apply in spring after 90% node formation of brome species, but before full bloom.
- Apply only to pastures with no more than 3 inches of height at time of treatment.

### **Precautions**

Emerged native perennial grasses will be burned by application, but application after 90% node formation will allow adequate time for native grasses to recover and attain maximum growth in the use season.

- Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
- Do not apply more than 1.25 pints this product per year.

Conversion Table This Product to Be Applied			
Fluid Ounces	Pints	Pounds Active Ingredient	Acres Per Gallon
2.5	0.16	0.06	51.3
4.8	0.30	0.11	26.7
5.28	0.33	0.12	24.2
5.52	0.35	0.13	23.2
10.00	0.63	0.23	12.8
11.00	0.69	0.26	11.6
11.20	0.70	0.26	11.4
12.00	0.75	0.28	10.7
16.00	1.00	0.38	8.0
20.00	1.25	0.47	6.4
20.80	1.30	0.49	6.2
24.00	1.50	0.56	5.3
28.00	1.75	0.66	4.6
32.00	2.00	0.75	4.0
40.00	2.50	0.94	3.2
43.20	2.70	1.00	3.0

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PROHIBITIONS: Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in original container and place in a locked storage area. Do not mix or store in containers, spray tanks, nurse tanks, or such systems made of aluminum or having aluminum fittings. Store at temperatures above 32°F.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

**CONTAINER HANDLING:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse this container to hold materials other than pesticides or dilute pesticides (rinsate). After emptying and cleaning, it may be allowable to temporarily hold rinsate or other pesticide-related materials in the container. Contact your state regulatory agency to determine allowable practices in your state. Once cleaned, some agricultural plastic pesticide containers can be taken to a container collection site or picked up for recycling. To find the nearest site, contact your chemical dealer or manufacturer, or contact The Agricultural Container Recycling Council (ACRC) at www.acrecycle.org. If not recycled, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

For packages greater than 5 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

#### CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

**NOTICE:** Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of Axill Solutions, LLC or Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold Axill Solutions, LLC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

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Folex® and Ambush® are trademarks of AMVAC Chemical Corporation.

Accelerate®, Surpass®, TopNotch®, Goal® and Grazon® P-D Specialty are trademarks of Dow AgroSciences.

Surflan® and Devrinol® are trademarks of United Phosphorus Inc. Harness®, Lariat® and Lasso® are trademarks of Monsanto Agricultural Company.

[EPA approval date]

### RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to acute toxicity. For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators - NOT to be used by uncertified persons working under the supervision of a certified applicator.

PARAQUAT DICHLORIDE GROUP 22 HERBICIDE

# **Axill Solutions Paraquat 3SL**

Defoliant and desiccant herbicide for the control of weeds and grasses and as a harvest aid.

#### **ACTIVE INGREDIENT**

Paraguat dichloride:

(1,1'-dimethyl-4,4'-bipyridinium dichloride):	43.2%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	56.8%
TOTAL	100.0%

Contains 3.0 pounds paraquat cation per gallon as 4.14 pounds of paraguat dichloride salt per gallon. Contains emetic and stench (odor).

### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN/ MANTENER FUERA DEL ALCANCE DE LOS NIÑOS DANGER/PELIGRO



### POISON/VENENO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle

(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS DANGER/PELIGRO

Fatal if inhaled. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. May be fatal if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Do not breathe spray mist. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Avoid contact with skin. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

For Additional Precautionary Statements, Directions for Use, Storage and Disposal and Other Use Information, See Inside Label Booklet.

EPA Reg. No.: 93809-XX

EPA Est. No.: **Net Contents:** 

#### Manufactured For:

Axill Solutions, LLC P.O. Box 398 Clinton, NC 28329

- CORROSIVE TO SKIN AND EYES.
- **NEVER TRANSFER THIS** PRODUCT INTO FOOD OR **BEVERAGE CONTAINERS** OR CONTAINERS NOT EXPLICITLY INTENDED FOR PESTICIDES.
- READ ENTIRE LABEL PRIOR TO USING THIS PRODUCT.
- IN THE CASE OF AN ACCIDENT, SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION, SYMPTOMS ARE PROLONGED, PAINFUL AND CAN BE FATAL.

- CORROSIVO PARA LA PIEL Y LOSIQUOS
- NUNCA TRANSFEIERA ESTE PRODUCTO EN ENVASES DE ALIMENTOS O BEBIDAS O EN RECIPIENTES QUE NO SEAN **ESPECIFICAMENTE PREVISTOS** PARA PESTICIDAS.
- LEA TODA LA ETIQUETA ANTES DE UTILIZAR ESTE PRODUCTO.
- EN CASO DE ACCIDENTE, **BUSQUE ATENCIÓN MÉDICA** INMEDIATAMENTE. LOS SÍNTOMAS SON PROLONGADOS, DOLOROSOS, Y PUEDEN SER MORTALES.

#### **FIRST AID**

Contains Paraquat, a Bipyridinium Herbicide. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

If Swallowed:	•	SPEED IS ESSENTIAL. Immediate medical attention is
		required. If available, give an absorbent such as activated
		charcoal, bentonite or Fuller's Earth.
	•	Call a poison control center or doctor IMMEDIATELY for

treatment advice.

Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If Inhaled: Move person to fresh air

The odor of this product is from the stenching agent, which has been added, not from the paraquat.

If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If in Eves: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.

Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Take off contaminated clothing.

If on Skin or Clothing:

**IMMEDIATELY** wash the affected area with soap and water and rinse for 15-20 minutes. Prolonged contact will cause severe irritation. Contact with irritated skin or a cut or repeated contact with intact skin may result in

poisoning. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Administer either activated charcoal (100 g for adults or 2.0 g/kg body weight in children) or Fuller's Earth (15% solution; 1.0 liter for adults or 15.0 ml/kg body weight in children). NOTE: The use of gastric lavage without administration of an absorbent has not shown any clinical benefit. Do not use supplemental oxygen. Eye splashes from concentrated material should be treated by an eye specialist after initial treatment. With the possibility of late onset corneal ulceration, it is advised that patients with paraquat eye injuries are reviewed by an eye specialist the day after first presentation. Use treatment that is appropriate for chemical burns. Intact skin is an effective barrier to paraquat; however, contact with irritated or cut skin or repeated contact with intact skin may result in poisoning.

### HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. In case of an emergency involving this product, call CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300.



	NEVER TRANSFER THIS PRODUCT INTO FOOD OR BEVERAGE CONTAINERS OR CONTAINERS NOT EXPLICITLY INTENDED FOR PESTICIDES	NUNCA TRANSFEIERA ESTE PRODUCTO EN ENVASES DE ALIMENTOS O BEBIDAS O EN RECIPIENTES QUE NO SEAN ESPECIFICAMENTE PREVISTOS PARA PESTICIDAS.
DANGER POISON PELIGRO VENENO VENENO	ONE SIP CAN KILL	UN SORBO PUEDE MATAR
	CONTACT WITH SKIN MAY RESULT IN POISONING	EL CONTACTO CON LA PIEL PUEDE RESULTAR EN ENVENENAMIENTO
DANGER EYE IRRITANT  ③	EXPOSURE TO EYES MAY CAUSE SUBSTANTIAL EYE INJURY	LA EXPOSICIÓN A LOS OJOS PUEDE CAUSAR LESIONES GRAVES A LOS OJOS
	PARAQUAT SHOULD ALWAYS BE STORED TIGHTLY CLOSED IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, AND IN A LOCKED PLACE AWAY FROM CHILDREN AND ANIMALS	PARAQUAT DEBE ALMACENARSE SIEMPRE CERRADO EN CONTENEDOR ORIGINAL, Y EN UN LUGAR CERRADO, ALEJADO DE NIÑOS Y ANIMALES
	READ ENTIRE LABEL PRIOR TO OPENING THIS PRODUCT	LEER LA ETIQUETA ENTERA ANTES DE ABRIR ESTE PRODUCTO

	NEVER TRANSFER THIS PRODUCT INTO FOOD OR BEVERAGE CONTAINERS OR CONTAINERS NOT EXPLICITLY INTENDED FOR PESTICIDES	NUNCA TRANSFEIERA ESTE PRODUCTO EN ENVASES DE ALIMENTOS O BEBIDAS O EN RECIPIENTES QUE NO SEAN ESPECIFICAMENTE PREVISTOS PARA PESTICIDAS.
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	READ ENTIRE LABEL PRIOR TO OPENING THIS PRODUCT	LEER LA ETIQUETA ENTERA ANTES DE ABRIR ESTE PRODUCTO
	DISREGARDING LABEL DIRECTIONS IS A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW AND IS PUNISHABLE BY SUCH	IGNORAR LAS INSTRUCCIONES DE LA ETIQUETA ES UNA VIOLACÍON DE LA LEY FEDERAL Y ES CASTIGABLE POR LA MISMA