

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs
Antimicrobials Division (7510P)
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460

93379-2

EPA Reg. Number:

Date of Issuance:

8/6/25

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

X Registration
Reregistration

Reregistration (under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance: Conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

MYCOMEX BIT 20

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Claire Wang

CIRS Group USA for Shanghai Miken Biotech Co., Ltd.

Floor 3, Block 12, No. 199, Guang Fulin East Road, Songjiang, District, Shanghai, China

Electronic Transmittal: agrochem@cirs-group.com

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Antimicrobials Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA).

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(7)(A). You must comply with the following conditions:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/registration/registration review of your product under FIFRA when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.

Signature of Approving Official:	Date:
Steven Inyderman	8/6/25
Steven Snyderman, Product Manager 33	
Regulatory Management Branch II	
Antimicrobials Division (7510M)	
Office of Pesticide Programs	

EPA Form 8570-6

- 2. You are required to comply with the data requirements described in the DCI Order identified below:
 - a. 1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one: GDCI-098901-1466

You must comply with all of the data requirements within the established deadlines. If you have questions about the Generic DCI Order listed above, you may contact the Reevaluation Team Leader (Team 36): https://www.epa.gov/pesticide-contacts/contacts-office-pesticide-programs-antimicrobials-division

- 3. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:
 - Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 93379-2."
- 4. Submit one copy of the final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under FIFRA and is subject to review by the Agency. See FIFRA section 2(p)(2). If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process, FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(B). Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Assurance.

If you fail to satisfy these data requirements, EPA will consider appropriate regulatory action including, among other things, cancellation under FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. Please also note that the record for this product currently contains the following CSF:

• Basic CSF dated 06/05/2025

If you have any questions, please contact Linda Amar via email at <u>amar.linda@epa.gov</u>.

Enclosure: Final Stamped Label



MYCOMEX® BIT 20

FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY AS A MICROBIOSTAT PRESERVATIVE FOR AQUEOUS COMPOSITIONS SUCH AS LATICES, EMULSION PAINTS AND STAINS, OIL-IN-WATER EMULSIONS, PAINTS, WATERBASED ADHESIVES, CASEIN/ROSIN DISPERSIONS, TEXTILE SPIN-FINISH SOLUTIONS, PESTICIDE FORMULATIONS, AQUEOUS SLURRIES, TITANIUM DIOXIDE SLURRIES, CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS, LEATHER PROCESSING SOLUTIONS, AND FOR THE PRESERVATION OF FRESH ANIMAL HIDES AND SKINS.

Active ingredient:

1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	20.0 %
Inert Ingredients	80.0%
TOTAL	100.0%

MANUFACTURED FOR:

Shanghai Miken Biotech Co., Ltd.

Floor 3, Block 12, No.199, Guang Fulin East Road,

Songjiang District, Shanghai, China 201613

Contact: Kevin Yang TEL: +86-21-57731377

EMAIL: yck@mikenchem.com

[MADE IN CHINA]

EPA Reg. No. 93379-E

EPA Est. No.:

Net Weight:

Batch No:

Date of Manufacture:

ACCEPTED 08/06/2025

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 93379-2

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN (KOROC)

DANGER POISON



[Note to Reviewer: In accordance with 40 CFR 156.68(d), all first aid statements, as prescribed, will appear on the front panel of the product label.]

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID		
IF IN EYES:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.	
	Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.	
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
IF ON SKIN OR	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for	
CLOTHING:	15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
IF INHALED:	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance,	
	then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a	
	poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.	
IF	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have a	
SWALLOWED:	person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told	
	to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything to an unconscious	
	person.	
III		

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. Measures against circulatory shock, respiratory depression and convulsions may be necessary. In case of emergency, for additional information call 1-800-654-6911.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER: DANGER. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Fatal if absorbed through skin. May be fatal if inhaled. Do not breathe vapor or spray mist. Harmful if swallowed. Wear protective eyewear such as goggles, face shield, or safety glasses. Wear coveralls over a long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, chemical-resistant footwear, and chemical-resistant gloves (such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils, natural rubber ≥ 14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride ≥ 14 mils, or viton ≥ 14 mils). When mixing and loading wear a chemical-resistant apron. Wear a minimum of a NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved powered air purifying respirator with HE filters. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

USER RECOMMENDATIONS

User should always wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or use the toilet. User should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, ponds, streams, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Keep away from strong oxidizers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL: Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Protect from frost. If frozen, allow to thaw and stir well before use.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Triple rinse container promptly after emptying. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

[For containers > 5 gallons] Triple rinse as follows: Empty remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

[For containers ≤ 5 gallons] Triple rinse as follows: Empty remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This product is an effective preservative in most aqueous compositions. Typical applications, and the suggested range of concentrations on which trials can be based are:

Type of material to be	Maximum Amplication Dates	
protected	Maximum Application Rates	
	Natural and synthetic latices based on acrylate, butadiene, PVA, styrene	
Latices	and other monomers, for use in various applications, e.g., wax, paint,	
	floor polishes, synthetic rubber latices, add 0.05 - 0.145 % of this	
	product (based on total weight of product).	
Emulsion Paints And	For in-can preservation, add 0.05 - 0.24% of this product (based on total	
Stains	weight of product).	
Oil-In-Water Emulsions	"Spin finish" solutions for use in the textile industry. Cutting/rolling	
	oils. Soluble oils* (metal and engineering industries). * We suggest that	
	the addition to metal-working fluid concentrates of this product should	
	be limited to 1.45% maximum.	
	This will give a maximum recommended use level of 0.145% of this	
	product in a 10:1 dilution of the concentrate and reduce the possibility	
	of skin sensitization, add 0.05 - 0.18% of this product (based on total	

	weight of product).
	Carboxymethylcellulose (CMC) and derivatives, animal glues,
Adhesives	adhesives based on gelatins and latex, add 0.05 - 0.24% of this product
Auliesives	
Domar Cast's -	(based on total weight of product).
Paper Coating	Rosin dispersions. Starch and casein based products, add 0.05 - 0.145%
Compositions	of this product (based on total weight of product).
	For product preservation. For ultimate use-dilution protection. This
	product is exempt from tolerance under 40CFR180.920, materials
	exempted from the requirements of a tolerance when used in
Pesticide Formulations	accordance with good agricultural practice as inert (or occasionally
	active) ingredients in pesticide formulations applied to growing crops
	only. Based on the current 180.920 limit of 0.1% BIT in formulations,
	use levels of up to 0.48% (5000 ppm) of this product are allowed, add
	0.05 - 0.25% of this product (based on total weight of product).
In-Can Preservation Of	
Seed Coating Materials	
(Includes But Not	
Limited To Colorants,	Add 0.05 - 0.48% of this product (based on total weight of product).
Dyes, Seed Coatings, And	
Pesticide Formulations,	
Etc.)	
Inks	Add 0.05 - 0.24% of this product (based on total weight of product).
Aqueous Mineral	Add 0.04 - 0.12% of this product (based on total weight of product).
Slurries	
	Tape joint compounds, concrete admixtures(Not a use registered by
Construction Materials	California), add 0.08 – 0.24% of this product (based on total weight of
	product)
Specialty Products And	Home cleaning products, floor cleaners, floor waxes and polishes,
Household Products	surface cleaners, window cleaners, dish detergents, add 0.05 - 0.145%
	of this product (based on total weight of product).
Laundry Additives	Liquid laundry detergents, fabric softeners, stain removers, add 0.05 -
	0.145% of this product (based on total weight of product).
	Car washing products, car waxes, silicone emulsions, add 0.075 -
Car Care Products	0.145% of this
	product (based on total weight of product).
	To preserve the integrity of fresh animal hides and skins prior to or
	during processing, use 13 fluid ounces to 2.5 gallons (1.0–24 lbs) of
	this product per 1000 pounds of hides or skins. Add the appropriate
Preservation Of Fresh	quantity of this product to the brine solution during the curing operation
Animal Hides And Skins	or treat hides or skins with an appropriately diluted aqueous solution
	during other portions of the processing operation. The specific use rate
	and contact time needed to control microbial attack will depend upon
	the degree of decomposition of the hides or skins prior to treatment.

0.19% for the preservation of leather processing solutions. There are two methods of adding slimicides to paper mill system shock dosing and continuous dosing. The preferred method of addition is by shock dosing since this ensures that a high concentration of the product is present in the system for several hours. When a slime contropy agent is added by continuous methods over periods of several hours, it concentration in the system at any time is low. This can lead to the development of resistant organisms, an effect that is less likely to occur when the shock dosing method is used. It is not possible to give precise recommendations as to the quantity of this product to add to control slime formation, since the magnitude of the problem varies greatly from mill to mill, depending on the furnist employed, the cleanliness of the mill system, and the addition nutrients (for example, starch) that may be added to the stock. Slime Control The following quantities of this product are suggested for trial: (a) Shock Dosing. Between 70 and 260 grams (2 ½ 9 oz. av.) of the product for each ton of paper produced per day should be added as single daily shock dose, the actual quantity used depending on the severity of the slime problem. This addition may be made to any paper of the stock preparation or backwater system. Alternatively, the addition may be made to those parts of the system where it is know that slime deposits accumulate. (b) Continuous Addition. If this method is adopted, this product shoul be added continuously for either the single period of 8 hours during every 2 hours. This product should be metered at the rate of 188–222 gram (6.6-7.8 oz. av.) for each ton of paper produced during the dosing period. Preferably, this addition should be made to the recirculated backwater This product is an effective preservative in most aqueous oil recovery products, and the suggested range concentrations on which trials can be based are: Drilling fluids, packer fluids, completion fluids: Polysaccharide flui loss co		Leather Processing Solutions. Use this product at levels of 0.025 –
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loss control agents and thickeners such as starch, guar, and xanthan gum— 0.05 – 0.145% on fluid weight or 1.5 4.4 on the dry polysaccharide weight		Drilling fluids, packer fluids, completion fluids: Polysaccharide fluid
4.4 on the dry polysaccharide weight Subsurface Injection	Recovery Systems	
Subsurface Injection		starch, guar, and xanthan gum- 0.05 - 0.145% on fluid weight or 1.5 -
		4.4 on the dry polysaccharide weight
Waters Such As Polymer Thickeners such as xanthan gum and polyacrylamides – 0.015	Subsurface Injection	
	Waters Such As Polymer	Thickeners such as xanthan gum and polyacrylamides - 0.015 -
And Micellar/Polymer 0.145% on solution weight.	And Micellar/Polymer	0.145% on solution weight.
Waterfloods	Waterfloods	

General	
Recommendations	

The concentration required to give protection depends on several factors. These include susceptibility of the system to microbiological degradation, the extent to which microorganism can gain access, the species involved, pH, temperature, and length of time for which protection is required, but should not exceed maximum allowable rate.