

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (7505T)
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.

Washington, D.C. 20460

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

X Registration

(under FIFRA, as amended)

Reregistration

EPA Reg. Number:	Date of Issuance:

10/31/25

Term of Issuance:	
Unconditional	

Name of Pesticide Product:

A2114.04

91234-350

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Atticus, LLC 5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100 Cary, NC 27513

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA).

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is unconditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(5) provided that you:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration/registration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.

Continues page 2

Signature of Approving Official:	Date:
	10/31/25
Stephanie Suarez, PhD., Acting Product Manager 22	
Fungicide Branch, Registration Division (7505T)	

- 2. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:
 - Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 91234-350."
- 3. Submit one copy of the final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under FIFRA and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

The alternate brand name, "Straza" has been added to the product record.

The record for this product currently contains the following CSF(s):

- Basic CSF dated 03/13/2025
- Alternate CSFs 1-3 dated 03/13/2025

If you have any questions, please contact Yasmin Bowers at 202-566-2507 or Bowers. Yasmin@epa.gov.

Enclosure

ACCEPTED

10/31/2025

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 04004 250

{Note to reviewer: [Text] in brackets denotes optional or explanatory language} {Note to reviewer: {Text} in braces denotes where in the final label text will appear}

91234-350

{BOOKLET FRONT PANEL LANGUAGE}

PROPICONAZOLE	GROUP	3	FUNGICIDE
TRIFLOXYSTROBIN	GROUP	11	FUNGICIDE

A2114.04 [TM]

[Alternate Brand Name: Straza]

[Contains trifloxystrobin and propiconazole, the active ingredients used in Stratego®.].

[For control of certain diseases [and to defend plant health] in barley, corn, filberts, oats, peanuts[*], pecans, rice, soybean, triticale, and wheat]

[*Not Registered for Use by California]

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	(% by weight)
Propiconazole (CAS No. 60207-90-1)	11.4%
Trifloxystrobin (CAS No. 141517-21-7)	11.4%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	<u>77.2%</u>
TOTAL	100.0%

Contains 1.04 lb. Propiconazole per gallon plus 1.04 lb. Trifloxystrobin per gallon.

Contains petroleum distillates, xylene or xylene range aromatic solvents.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

WARNING/AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

[See inside label booklet for [additional] Precautionary Statements, and Directions for Use.]

[See below for additional Precautionary Statements]

	FIRST AID		
If in eyes:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.		
	• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.		
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.		
If swallowed:	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.		
	Do not give any liquid to the person.		
	Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.		
	Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.		
If on skin or	Take off contaminated clothing.		
clothing:	• Rise skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 – 20 minutes.		
Ü	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.		
If inhaled:	Move person to fresh air.		
	• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably		
	mouth-to-mouth, if possible.		
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.		
	HOT LINE NUMBER		

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall at **1-844-685-9173** for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: If ingested, induce careful lavage of stomach. Treat symptomatically. Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. Contains petroleum distillate. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

For Chemical Emergency: Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, Call CHEMTREC Day or Night

Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

[A2114.04 is not manufactured, or distributed by Bayer CropScience, seller of Stratego®.]

Cary, NC 27513

EPA Reg. No.: 91234-XX	
EPA Est. No.:	
Net Contents:	
	Manufactured for:
	Atticus, LLC
	940 NW Cary Parkway Suite 200

{LANGUAGE INSIDE BOOKLET}

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS WARNING

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Wear protective eyewear. Harmful if swallowed. Do not get in eyes or on clothing.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

All handlers (mixers, loaders, and applicators, or individuals performing one or more of these tasks) including those who apply this pesticide using hand-held equipment must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes and socks
- Protective eyewear
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate or butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

Enclosed Cockpits: Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d) (6)].

ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.607 (d), (e), and (f)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside, then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Applying this product when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help reduce potential risk to aquatic invertebrates by reducing pesticide runoff from the treatment area into water bodies. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high- water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water or rinsate.

Ground Water Advisory

Several trifloxystrobin degradates have properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in ground water contamination.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use, pour, spill, or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate or butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils.
- Shoes and socks
- Protective Eyewear

PRODUCT INFORMATION

A2114.04 is a broad-spectrum fungicide for the [defense of plant health and] control of certain diseases in barley, corn, oats, filberts, peanuts[*], pecans, rice, soybeans, triticale, and wheat. **A2114.04**, contains two fungicide active ingredients, and works by interfering with respiration in plant pathogenic fungi, inhibition of spore germination, and by blocking fungal growth.

[*Not Registered for Use by California]

UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS CONDUCIVE TO EXTENDED INFECTION PERIODS, ADDITIONAL FUNGICIDE APPLICATIONS BEYOND THE NUMBER ALLOWED BY THIS LABEL MAY BE NEEDED. UNDER THESE CONDITIONS USE ANOTHER FUNGICIDE REGISTERED FOR THE CROP/DISEASE APPEARING ON THIS LABEL.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, please note that **A2114.04** contains both a Group 3 and Group 11 fungicide. Any fungal population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **A2114.04** and other Group 3 or Group 11 fungicides. A gradual or total loss of pest control may occur over time if these fungicides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay fungicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of **A2114.04** or other Group 3 or Group 11 fungicides within a growing season sequence with different groups that control the same pathogens.
- Use tank mixtures with fungicide from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.

- Adopt an integrated disease management program for fungicide use that includes scouting, uses historical
 information related to pesticide use, and crop rotation, and which considers host plant resistance, impact
 of environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological and
 other chemical control practices.
- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide applications. Note that using predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance.
- Monitor treated fungal populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor for any additional pesticide resistancemanagement and/or IPM recommendations for specific crops and pathogens.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact Atticus, LLC at 984-465-4800. You can also contact your pesticide distributor or university extension specialist to report resistance.

APPLICATION/SPRAY EQUIPMENT

A2114.04 may be applied by either, ground, aerial and/or chemigation equipment. Refer to the USE DIRECTIONS section of this label for approved applications for each crop.

Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control. Applications using sufficient water volume to provide thorough and uniform coverage generally provide the most effective disease control. For ground application equipment, a minimum of 50 gal/A is recommended for tree crops and 10 gal/A for other crops. For aerial application equipment, a minimum of 10 gal/A is recommended for tree crops and 2 gal/A for other crops unless stated elsewhere on this label.

Chemigation equipment and mini bulk or bulk pumping systems used with full strength **A2114.04** must be designed with proper seal materials to avoid seal deterioration. EPDM, silicon rubber or leather seals work best with full strength **A2114.04**. Do not use Viton, Buna-N, Neoprene or PVC seals with full strength **A2114.04**. Dilution of product with water at ratios of 10:1 (water to product) or more dilute removes this concern.

Aerial Application

Avoid application under conditions where uniform coverage cannot be obtained or where excessive spray drift may occur. Do not apply directly to humans or animals.

Aerial Application to Corn and Soybeans:

Aerial applications of **A2114.04** to corn and soybeans may be applied using water volumes of 2 or more gallons of spray solution per acre (gpa). For application volumes of 2 to 5 gpa, the spray solution must contain from 0.5-1.0 pint/acre crop oil concentrate that has emulsified properties. Use the higher rate as weather conditions become less conducive for spray droplets to reach the target application zone (temperatures > 85°F, relative humidity <60%) or when application volume is less than or equal to 3 gpa. For applications volumes of 5 gpa or greater, an approved adjuvant at recommended rates may be used.

If **A2114.04** is to be used in tank mixture with insecticides formulated as an EC (emulsifiable concentrate), use a nonionic surfactant (0.125 to 0.25% v/v) instead of the crop oil.

Equip and properly calibrate sprayers with appropriate nozzles, pumping pressure and sprayer height to provide medium spray droplets that will penetrate throughout the crop canopy. Continually monitor spray applications to maintain correct droplet size and crop canopy penetration.

Air Blast Sprayers:

Air assisted or air blast sprayers move spray droplets into the crop canopy using a forced air system. The fan should be set up to deliver only enough air volume to penetrate the canopy and provide good coverage. Adjust deflectors or other aiming devices to direct spray only to the target area.

Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. Check whirl plates and nozzle discs for wear and replace as necessary. Calibrate the sprayer before use.

Use a pump with a capacity to maintain the correct rated pressure for the nozzles selected. Maintain sufficient agitation to keep the mixture in suspension. Use jet agitators, a liquid sparge tube, or mechanical paddles for agitation.

It is suggested that screens be used to prevent nozzles from clogging. Screens placed after the tank and before the nozzles should be 50-mesh or coarser. Check nozzle manufacturer's recommendations.

Broadcast Ground Sprayers

Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. Be certain that nozzles are the same size and uniformly spaced across the boom. Calibrate sprayer before use.

Use a pump with the capacity to:

- (1) maintain a minimum of 35 psi at nozzles, and
- (2) provide sufficient agitation in the tank to keep the mixture in suspension this requires recirculation of 10% of the tank volume per minute. Use a jet agitator or liquid sparge tube for agitation.

Use screens to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging. Screens placed on the suction side of the pump should be 16- mesh or coarser. Do not place a screen in the recirculation line. Use 50-mesh or coarser screens between the pump and boom, and where required, at nozzles. Check nozzle manufacturer's recommendations.

For information on spray equipment and calibration, consult sprayer manufacturers and state recommendations. For specific local directions and spray schedules, consult the current state agricultural experiment station recommendations.

Application Through Irrigation Systems (Chemigation) – Apply A2114.04 through irrigation equipment only to crops for which chemigation is specified on this label.

A2114.04 alone or in combination with other pesticides which are registered for application through irrigation systems, may be applied through irrigation systems. Apply this product only through center pivot, solid set, hand move, or moving wheel irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system, unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Operating Instructions

- 1. The system must contain a functional check-valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water-source contamination from backflow.
- 2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check-valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. Diaphragm pump), effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended.

Center Pivot Irrigation Equipment

Notes: (1) Use only with drive systems which provide uniform water distribution. (2) Do not use end guns when chemigating **A2114.04** through center pivot systems because of non-uniform application.

Determine the size of the area to be treated. Determine the time required to apply 1/8-1/2 inch of water over the area to be treated when the system and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures as recommended by the equipment manufacturer. When applying A2114.04 through irrigation equipment use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution. Run the system at 80-95% of the manufacturer's rated capacity. Using water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure. Determine the amount of A2114.04 required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system. Add the required amount of A2114.04 and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements to the solution tank. Make sure the system is fully charged with water before starting injection of the A2114.04 solution. Time the injection to last at least as long as it takes to bring the system to full pressure. Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period. Continue to operate the system until the A2114.04 solution has cleared the sprinkler head.

Solid Set, Hand Move, and Moving Wheel Irrigation Equipment

When applying **A2114.04** through irrigation equipment use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution. Determine the amount of **A2114.04** required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system. Add the required amount of **A2114.04** into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection period. Operate the system at the same pressure and time interval established during the calibration. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until the **A2114.04** solution has cleared the last sprinkler head.

MIXING PROCEDURES

Prepare no more spray mixture than is needed for the immediate operation. Thoroughly clean spray equipment before using this product. Vigorous agitation is necessary for proper dispersal of the product. Maintain maximum agitation throughout the spraying operation. Do not let the spray mixture stand overnight in the spray tank. Flush the spray equipment thoroughly following each use and apply the rinsate to a previously treated area.

A2114.04 Alone

Add 1/2 of the required amount of water to the spray tank and start the agitator. Add the proper amount of **A2114.04** and then add the rest of the water. Begin application of the solution when the **A2114.04** has completely dispersed in the mix water. Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been applied.

A2114.04 + Tank Mixtures

Add 1/2 of the required amount of water to the spray tank and start the agitator. In general, add tank mix partners in this order:

- 1) Products packaged in water-soluble packaging, wettable powders, and water-dispersible granular products,
- 2) Liquid flowables,
- 3) Emulsifiable concentrates, such as A2114.04
- 4) Liquid soluble products.

Always allow each tank mix partner to become fully dispersed before adding the next product. Continue to provide agitation while adding the remainder of the water. Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been applied.

Note: When using **A2114.04** in tank mixtures, all products in water-soluble packaging should be added to the tank before any other tank mix partner, including **A2114.04**. Allow the water-soluble packaging to completely dissolve and the product(s) to completely disperse before adding any other tank mix partner to the tank.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture. This product must not be mixed with any product which prohibits such mixing. Tank mixtures, or other applications of products referenced on this label, are permitted only in those states in which the referenced products are labeled.

A2114.04 is compatible with most insecticide, fungicide, and foliar nutrient products. However, the physical compatibility of **A2114.04** with tank mix partners should be tested before use. To determine the physical compatibility of **A2114.04** with other products, use a jar test, as described below.

Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to 1 qt. of water. Add wettable powders and water-dispersible granular products first, next liquid flowables, then emulsifiable concentrates, such as **A2114.04**, and last, liquid soluble products. After thoroughly mixing, let stand for at least 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is probably physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding required ingredients to the spray tank.

THE CROP SAFETY OF ALL POTENTIAL TANK MIXES INCLUDING ADDITIVES AND OTHER PESTICIDES ON ALL CROPS HAS NOT BEEN TESTED. BEFORE APPLYING ANY TANK MIXTURE NOT SPECIFICALLY RECOMMENDED ON THIS LABEL, THE SAFETY TO THE TARGET CROP SHOULD BE CONFIRMED.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Aerial Applications:

- For aerial applications, do not apply when wind speed exceeds 15 mph at the application site. If the wind speed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters.
- Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the ground or vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators must use ½ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Airblast Applications:

- Sprays must be directed into the canopy.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- User must turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying outer row.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Ground Boom Applications:

- Apply with nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT.

BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest

control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size – Ground Boom

- **Volume** Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- **Pressure** Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- **Spray Nozzle** Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft

• Adjust Nozzles – Follow nozzle manufacturers recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

BOOM HEIGHT – Ground Boom

For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

RELEASE HEIGHT - Aircraft

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS. Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

Handheld Technology Applications:

Take precautions to minimize spray drift.

{NOTE TO REVIEWER: Registrant may add or remove the following state-driven statements as required throughout.

[Not Registered for Use by <u>(Insert State)</u>] [Not Registered for Use on <u>(Insert Commodity)</u> by <u>(Insert State)</u>] [Not Registered for Sale, Sale Into, Distribution and/or Use in <u>(Insert County Name(s))</u> Counties of <u>(Insert State)</u>]}

USE DIRECTIONS

BARLEY AND OATS Disease Control	Rate (fl. oz./acre)	Application Instructions
Barley Glume Blotch (Stagonospora nodorum) Leaf blotch (Stagonospora avenae) Net blotch (Pyrenophora teres) Powdery mildew (Erysiphe graminis) Rusts (Puccinia spp.) Scald (Rhynchosporium secalis) Spot blotch (Cochliobolus sativus) Oats Septoria leaf blotch (Septoria avenae) Crown rust (Puccinia coronata)	7.0	Begin applications preventively when conditions are favorable for disease development. A second application (minimal interval of 14 days) may be made if needed. Early Season Leaf Disease Control: Apply 4 - 5 fl. oz./acre of A2114.04 for control of early season net blotch and spot blotch. A2114.04 may be applied by ground, air or chemigation.

Restrictions:

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 7.0 fl. oz./A (0.06 lb. propiconazole, 0.06 lb. trifloxystrobin) per application.
- Maximum Annual Application Rate: 14.0 fl. oz./A (0.11 lb. propiconazole, 0.11 lb. trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum Number of Applications per Year: 2
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 14 days
- Preharvest Interval (PHI): 40 days
- Do not apply after Feekes growth stage 8 (the ligule of the flag leaf emerges).

Grazing Restrictions:

- a) If 1 application, or a total of 7.0 fl. oz. of **A2114.04**, is applied per year, do not allow livestock to graze within the treated area within 30 days after application, and do not harvest the treated crop for forage within 30 days after application or for hay within 45 days after application.
- b) If 2 applications, or a total of 14.0 fl. oz. of **A2114.04**, are applied per year, do not allow livestock to graze within the treated area and do not harvest the treated crop for forage or hay.

SWEET CORN (including seed production)			
Disease Control	Rate (fl. oz./acre)	Application Instructions	
Anthracnose Leaf Blight	10.0	Apply A2114.04 when disease first appears and continue on a	
(Colletotrichum graminicola)		7 - 14 day interval if favorable conditions for disease	
Rusts (<i>Puccinia</i> spp.)		development persist. Alternate applications of A2114.04	
Eye Spot (Aureobasidium zeae)		another product with a different mode of action than Group	
Gray Leaf Spot (Cercospora zeae-maydis)		11 fungicides.	
Northern Corn Leaf Blight ¹			
(Setosphaeria turcica)		A2114.04 may be applied by ground, air or chemigation.	
Northern Corn Leaf Spot ¹			
(Cochliobolus carbonum)			
Southern Corn Leaf Blight ¹			
(Cochliobolus heterstrophus)			

Restrictions:

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 10.0 fl. oz./A (0.08 lb. propiconazole, 0.08 lb. trifloxystrobin) per application.
- Maximum Annual Application Rate: 30.0 fl. oz./A (0.24 propiconazole, 0.24 trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum Number of Applications per Year: 3
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days
- Preharvest Interval (PHI): 14 days (including forage)
- In programs with A2114.04, with Group 11 tank mixes, or other pre-mixes containing a Group 11 fungicide, the number of Group 11 fungicides should be no more than ½ the total number of fungicide applications per year. Alternate every application of A2114.04 with at least one application of a non Group 11 fungicide.

¹Also known as Helminthosporium leaf blights

CORN (Field Corn, Field Corn Grown for Seed and Popcorn)		
Disease Control	Rate (fl. oz./acre)	Application Instructions
Anthracnose Leaf Blight	10.0 – 12.0	Apply A2114.04 when disease first appears and continue on a
(Colletotrichum graminicola)		7 – 14 day interval if favorable conditions for disease
Rust (Puccinia spp.)		development persist. Use the higher rates and shorter
Eye Spot (Aureobasidium zeae)		intervals when disease pressure is severe.
Gray Leaf Spot (Cercospora zeae-maydis)		
Northern Corn Leaf Blight ¹		Application of A2114.04 is not recommended at times when
(Setosphaeria turcica)		corn is under severe environmental stress conditions.
Northern Corn Leaf Spot ¹		
(Cochliobolus carbonum)		A2114.04 may be applied by ground, air or chemigation.
Southern Corn Leaf Blight ¹		
(Cochliobolus heterstrophus)		

Restrictions:

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 12.0 fl. oz./A (0.10 lb. propiconazole, 0.10 lb. trifloxystrobin) per application.
- Maximum Annual Application Rate: 24.0 fl. oz./A (0.20 lbs propiconazole, 0.20 lbs trifloxystrobin) per crop per year.
- Maximum Number of Applications per Year: 2
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days
- **Preharvest Interval (PHI):** 30 days for forage, grain and stover.
- Do not apply more than 2 sequential applications of **A2114.04**. Limit the number of **A2114.04** or other (Group 11) containing fungicide application to no more than 2 per acre per crop.

¹Also known as Helminthosporium leaf blights

Disease Control	Rate (fl. oz./acre)	Application Instructions
Eastern Filbert Blight (Anisogramma anomala)	12.0 – 15.4	Begin applications preventatively or when green leaf tissue becomes visible. Continue throughout the season using a 14 - 21 day spray interval.
		A2114.04 may be applied by ground or air.

Restrictions:

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 15.4 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. propiconazole, 0.125 lb. trifloxystrobin) per application.
- Maximum Annual Application Rate: 30.4 fl. oz./A (0.25 lb. propiconazole, 0.25 lb. trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum Number of Applications per Year: 2
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 14 days
- Preharvest Interval (PHI): 60 days
- Do not apply more than 2 sequential applications of **A2114.04** before alternating with a fungicide that has a different (not Group 11) mode of action.
- Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated cover crop for feed.

PEANUTS[*]		
Disease Control	Rate (fl. oz./acre)	Application Instructions
Early Leaf Spot (<i>Cercospora arachidicola</i>) Late Leaf Spot (<i>Cercosporidium</i> personatum)	7.0	Begin applications when conditions are favorable for diseases but before infection. Apply on a 10 – 14 day interval.
Rust (<i>Puccinia arachidis</i>) Web Blotch (<i>Phoma arachidicola</i>)		Rhizoctonia Solani Control: Apply 2 times. Make the first application 56 - 60 days after planting for control of R. solani.
Limb Rot (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	14.0	Make a second application 30 days later. This will also control leaf spot and rust. Integrate routine leaf spot and rust applications on a 14-day schedule at rate for foliar diseases.
		A2114.04 may be applied by ground, air or chemigation.

Restrictions:

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 14.0 fl. oz./A (0.11 lb. propiconazole, 0.11 lb. trifloxystrobin) per application.
- Maximum Annual Application Rate: 84.0 fl. oz./A (0.68 lb. propiconazole, 0.68 lb. trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum Number of Applications per Year: 6 when using 14.0 fl. oz./A rate; 12 when using 7.0 fl. oz./A rate.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 10 days
- Preharvest Interval (PHI): 14 days
- In areas with typically a total of 5 or more fungicide sprays per year, do not make more than 2 sequential applications of **A2114.04** without alternation to at least 2 applications of a fungicide from a different (not Group 11) mode of action. In areas with typically 4 or fewer fungicide applications, alternate each **A2114.04** or other Group 11 fungicide with at least one spray from a different (not Group 11) mode of action.

[*Not Registered for Use by California]

PECANS		
Disease Control	Rate (fl. oz./acre)	Application Instructions
Pecan Scab (<i>Cladosporium carygenum</i>) Anthracnose (<i>Glomerella cingulata</i>)	10.0	Begin applications preventatively when conditions are favorable for disease development and continue throughout the season using a 14 - 21 day spray interval. A2114.04 will control scab occurring on both the leaf and shuck.
		A2114.04 may be applied by ground or air.

Restrictions:

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 10.0 fl. oz./A (0.08 lb. propiconazole, 0.08 lb. trifloxystrobin) per application.
- Maximum Annual Application Rate: 30.0 fl. oz./A (0.24 lb. propiconazole, 0.24 lb. trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum Number of Applications per Year: 3
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 14 days
- Preharvest Interval (PHI): 30 days; Do not apply after shuck split.
- Do not apply more than 2 sequential applications of **A2114.04** before alternating with a fungicide that has a different (not Group 11) mode of action.

RICE		
Disease Control	Rate (fl. oz./acre)	Application Instructions
Sheath/Stem Diseases	16.0 - 19.0	Begin applications prior to disease development with first
Sheath Blight (Rhizoctonia solani)		applications normally occurring at or near panicle
Aggregate Sheath Spot		differentiation. Under severe disease conditions or when
(Rhizoctonia oryzae-sativae)		conditions are favorable for disease development, a second
Sheath Spot[*] (Rhizoctonia oryzae)		application may be required (minimal interval of 10 days).
Black Sheath Rot[*]		Consult with your local extension personnel, agricultural
(Gaeumannomyces graminis)		consultant/advisor or Atticus, LLC representative for
Foliar Diseases		additional information for your specific use area.
Brown Blotch (Cercospora oryzae)		
Brown Spot (Bipolaris oryzae)		Use the higher rates when disease pressure is severe or for
Narrow Brown Leaf Spot		improved residual disease control.
(Cercospora oryzae)		
Leaf Smut (Entyloma oryzae)		Neck Blast Control : Apply A2114.04 at late boot, followed by
Leaf Blast (Pyricularia grisea)		A2114.04 at heading or a fungicide containing trifloxystrobin
Panicle Diseases		at 60% - 90% heading.
Kernel Smut (Tilletia barclayana)		
Neck Blast (Pyricularia grisea)		A2114.04 may be applied by ground, or air. A minimum of 5
Disease Suppression		gallons per acre spray solution should be utilized with air
False Smut (Ustilaginoidea virens)		application.
Stem Rot (Sclerotium oryzae)		

The active ingredient(s) in this product may have effects on federally listed threatened and endangered species or critical habitat in some counties. When using this product, you must follow the measures contained in the County Bulletin for the county in which you are applying the pesticide. To determine whether your County has a Bulletin, consult http://www.epa.gov/espp/bulletins.htm. Bulletins also may be available from local pesticide dealers, extension offices, or state pesticide agencies.

Restrictions:

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 19.0 fl. oz./A (0.15 lb. propiconazole, 0.15 lb. trifloxystrobin) per application.
- Maximum Annual Application Rate: 38.0 fl. oz./A (0.31 lb. propiconazole, 0.31 lb. trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum Number of Applications per Year: 2
- Retreatment Interval: 10 days
- Preharvest Interval (PHI): 45 days
- Do not make more than 2 applications of **A2114.04** or other Group 11 or Group 11-containing fungicide per acre per year without alternation to at least 2 applications of fungicide from a different (not Group 11) mode of action.
- Do not apply to stubble or ration crop rice.
- Do not use in rice fields where commercial farming of crayfish will be practiced.
- Do not drain water from treated rice fields into ponds used for commercial catfish farming.
- Do not use water drained from treated fields to irrigate other crops.
- Rice paddy water must be held for a minimum of 7 days after application.

[*Not Registered for Use by California]

SOYBEANS		
Disease Control	Rate (fl. oz./acre)	Application Instructions
Alternaria Leaf Spot (Alternaria spp.) Anthracnose (Colletotrichum truncatum) Asian Soybean Rust (Phakopsora pachyrhizi) Brown Spot (Septoria glycines) Cercospora Blight[*] (Cercospora kikuchi) Frogeye Leaf Spot (Cercospora sojina) Pod & Stem Blight[*] (Diaporthe phaseolorum) Powdery Mildew[*] (Microsphaera diffusa) Rhizoctonia Aerial Blight (Rhizoctonia solani)	10.0	Apply A2114.04 as a broadcast foliar spray at early flowering or prior to disease development, whichever is earlier. Repeat applications on a 10 - 21 day spray interval if disease monitoring or environmental factors indicate favorable conditions for continued disease development. Use of the higher rates and shorter spray intervals are recommended when disease pressure is severe. Use of adjuvants may enhance the performance of A2114.04. If utilized, apply the lowest label recommended rate of the adjuvant to enhance disease control.
·		A2114.04 may be applied by ground, air or chemigation.

Restrictions:

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 10.0 fl. oz./A (0.08 lb. propiconazole, 0.08 lb. trifloxystrobin) per application.
- Maximum Annual Application Rate: 30.0 fl. oz./A (0.24 lb. propiconazole, 0.24 lb. trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum Number of Applications per Year: 3
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 10 days
- Preharvest Interval (PHI): 21 days
- Do not make more than 2 sequential applications of **A2114.04** or any other QoI Group11 fungicide without alternation with a fungicide from another group.

[*Not Registered for Use by California]

Disease Control	Rate (fl. oz./acre)	Application Instructions	
Glume Blotch (Stagonospora nodorum) Leaf Blight (Septoria tritici) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe graminis) Rusts (Puccinia spp.) Tan Spot (Pyrenophora tritici-repentis)	10.0	Begin applications preventively when conditions ar favorable for disease development. A second applicatio (minimum interval of 14 days) may be made if needed. Early Season Leaf Disease Control/Suppression: Apply 4 - fl. oz./acre of A2114.04 for control of early season tan spo Septoria, and powdery mildew and suppression of rust.	

Restrictions:

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 10.0 fl. oz./A (0.08 lb. propiconazole, 0.08 lb. trifloxystrobin) per application.
- Maximum Annual Application Rate: 20.0 fl. oz./A (0.16 lb. propiconazole, 0.16 lb. trifloxystrobin) per year.
- Maximum Number of Applications per Year: 2
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 14 days
- Preharvest Interval (PHI): 35 days; Do not apply after Feekes growth stage 10.5 (full head emergence).
- Do not apply more than 2 applications of **A2114.04** or other Group 11 or Group 11-containing fungicide per acre per year without alternation with at least 2 applications of fungicide from a different (not Group 11) mode of action.

Grazing Restrictions:

- a) If 1 application or a total of 10.0 fl. oz. of **A2114.04** per year is applied, do not allow livestock to graze within the treated area within 30 days after application, and do not harvest the treated crop for forage within 30 days after application or for hay within 45 days after application.
- b) If 2 applications or a total of 20.0 fl. oz. of **A2114.04** per year are applied, do not allow livestock to graze within the treated area and do not harvest the treated crop for forage or hay.

Rotational Restrictions

Treated areas may be replanted immediately following harvest or as soon as practical following the last application with any crop listed on this label. The following crops may be replanted 30 days after the last application: celery, cereals, pineapple, and sugarcane. Soybeans may be planted as a double crop following a cereal crop that has been treated with **A2114.04**. Do not use hay, forage or fodder from the soybean crop as any component of animal feed or bedding. For all other crops, a 105-day plant-back interval must be observed.

CONVERSION TABLE			
Fl. oz./A	Lbs. Propiconazole/A	Lbs. Trifloxystrobin/A	
4.0	0.03	0.03	
5.0	0.04	0.04	
7.0	0.06	0.06	
8.0	0.07	0.07	
10.0	0.08	0.08	
12.0	0.10	0.10	
14.0	0.11	0.11	
15.4	0.125	0.125	
16.0	0.13	0.13	
19.0	0.15	0.15	
20.0	0.16	0.16	
30.0	0.24	0.24	
38.0	0.31	0.31	

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place. Store in original container and out of reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

[For plastic containers ≤ 5 gallons: Nonrefillable Container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.]

[For plastic containers > 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Recap and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.]

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE. Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If these terms and conditions are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability. CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness, injury, and other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application (including misuse), the presence of other materials, weather conditions, and other unknown factors, all of which are beyond the control of ATTICUS, LLC. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: To the extent consistent with applicable law, ATTICUS, LLC makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond statements on this label. **LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, neither ATTICUS, LLC, the manufacturer, nor the Seller shall be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use, handling, application, storage, or disposal of this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use, handling, application, or storage of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid.

[**A2114.04** is a trademark of Atticus, LLC] [Stratego® is a registered trademark of Bayer Group.]

{LANGUAGE ON LABEL AFFIXED TO CONTAINER}

PROPICONAZOLE	GROUP 3	FUNGICIDE
TRIFLOXYSTROBIN	GROUP 11	FUNGICIDE

A2114.04[™]

[Alternate Brand Name: Straza]

[Contains trifloxystrobin and propiconazole, the active ingredients used in Stratego®.]

[For control of certain diseases [and to defend plant health] in barley, corn, filberts, oats, peanuts[*], pecans, rice, soybean, triticale, and wheat]
[*Not Registered for Use by California]

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	(% by weight)
Propiconazole (CAS No. 60207-90-1)	11.4%
Trifloxystrobin (CAS No. 141517-21-7)	11.4%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	<u>77.2%</u>
TOTAL	100.0%
Contains 1 04 lb Propiconazole per gallon plus 1 04 lb Trifl	oxystrohin ner

Contains 1.04 lb. Propiconazole per gallon plus 1.04 lb. Trifloxystrobin per gallon.

Contains petroleum distillates, xylene or xylene range aromatic solvents.

WARNING/AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

explain it to you in detail.)				
FIRST AID				
If in eyes:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. 			
	 Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. 			
	• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.			
If swallowed:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. 			
	 Do not give any liquid to the person. 			
	 Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. 			
	 Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 			
If on skin or	Take off contaminated clothing.			
clothing:	 Rise skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 – 20 minutes. 			
	 Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 			
If inhaled:	Move person to fresh air.			
	 If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. 			
	 Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. 			
1	LIGHT LINE NUMBER			

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall at 1-844-685-9173 for emergency medical treatment information.

Note To Physician: If ingested, induce careful lavage of stomach. Treat symptomatically. Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. Contains petroleum distillate-vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

For Chemical Emergency:

Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, Call CHEMTREC Day or Night Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS WARNING

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Wear protective eyewear. Harmful if swallowed. Do not get in eyes or on clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Applying this product when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help reduce potential risk to aquatic invertebrates by reducing pesticide runoff from the treatment area into water bodies. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water or rinsate

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS: Do not use, pour, spill, or store near heat or open flame.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place. Store in original container and out of reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

[For plastic containers ≤ 5 gallons: Nonrefillable Container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.] [For plastic containers > 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Recap and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.]

See inside label booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

[A2114.04 is not manufactured, or distributed by Bayer CropScience, seller of Stratego®.]

Manufactured for: **Atticus, LLC** 940 NW Cary Parkway, Suite 200 Cary, NC 27513 EPA Reg. No.: 91234-XX EPA Est. No.: _____ NET CONTENTS:

{Optional Marketing graphics}





