U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505P) 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20460	EPA Reg. Number: 91234-208	Date of Issuance: 9/28/20			
NOTICE OF PESTICIDE: <u>X</u> Registration	Term of Issuance:				
Reregistration (under FIFRA, as amended)	Conditional				
	Name of Pesticide Product: A253.08				
Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code): Beth Anderson 5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100 Cary, NC 27513					
Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product al					
On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above na under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.	amed pesticide is h	nereby registered			
Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.					
This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section $3(c)(7)(A)$. You must comply with the following conditions:					
 Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration/registration review of your product under FIFRA when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data. 					
Signature of Approving Official:	Date:				
Hoather alfamie	9/28/20				
Heather A. Garvie, Acting Product Manager 21 Fungicide Branch, Registration Division (7505P)					

EPA Form 8570-6

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- 2. You are required to comply with the data requirements described in the Difenoconazole Generic Data Call-In identified below:
 - a. Difenoconazole GDCI-128847-1602

You must comply with all of the data requirements within the established deadlines. If you have questions about the Difenoconazole Generic DCI listed above, you may contact the Chemical Review Manager in the Pesticide Reevaluation Division: http://iaspub.epa.gov/apex/pesticides/f?p=chemicalsearch:1

- 3. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:
 - Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 91234-208."
- 4. Submit one copy of the final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

The label submitted with the application has been stamped "Accepted" and the alternate brand name "Vango ESQ Fungicide" has been added to the product record.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If you fail to satisfy these data requirements, EPA will consider appropriate regulatory action including, among other things, cancellation under FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. Please also note that the record for this product currently contains the following CSFs:

- Basic CSF dated 3/23/20
- Alternate CSF #1 dated 3/23/20

If you have any questions, please contact Marcel Howard by phone at (703) 305-6784, or via email at howard.marcel@epa.gov.

Enclosure

[Note to reviewer: [Text] in brackets denotes optional or explanatory language [Note to reviewer: {Text} in braces denotes where in the final label text will appear

{BOOKLET FRONT PANEL LANGUAGE}

ACCEPTED 09/28/2020 Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide

and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 91234-208

A253.08 [TM]

[Alternate Brand Name: Vango ESQ Fungicide]

Contains difenoconazole and cyprodinil, the active ingredients used in Inspire Super[®].

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	(% by weight)
Difenoconazole*	8.4%
Cyprodinil**	
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	
TOTAL	
*CAS No.119446-68-3	

**CAS No. 121552-61-2

[A253.08] is an oil in water emulsion (EW) containing 0.73 lb of difenoconazole active ingredient and 2.09 lb of cyprodinil active ingredient per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside label booklet for First Aid, Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

EPA Reg. No.: 91234-XXX

EPA Est. No.:

Net Weight:

Manufactured For: Atticus, LLC 5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100 Cary, NC 27513

[A253.08] is not manufactured, or distributed by Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC, seller of Inspire Super®.

DIFENOCONAZOLE	GROUP	3	FUNGICIDE
CYPRODINIL	GROUP	9	FUNGICIDE
	·		-

{LANGUAGE INSIDE BOOKLET}

	FIRST AID
If swallowed:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in eyes:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
	HOT LINE NUMBER
-	act container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going You may also contact SafetyCall at 1-844-685-9173 for emergency medical treatment

For Chemical Emergency Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident Call CHEMTREC Day or Night Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of: Barrier Laminate, Butyl Rubber ≥ 14 mils, Nitrile Rubber ≥ 14 mils, Neoprene Rubber ≥ 14 mils, Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) ≥ 14 mils, or Viton[®] ≥ 14 mils

User Safety Requirements

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Control Statements

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

Difenoconazole and cyprodinil are toxic to fish, mammals and aquatic invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic **estuarine/marine** organisms in water adjacent to treated area. For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Surface and Ground Water Advisory

The chemicals in this product may contaminate water through drift or spray in wind.

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. These chemicals have potential for runoff for several months or more after application. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains these chemicals. A level, well maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which these chemicals are applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of difenoconazole and cyprodinil from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours. Sound erosion control will reduce this product's potential to reach surface water.

Physical or Chemical Hazards

Do not mix or allow coming in contact with oxidizing agent. Hazardous Chemical reaction may occur.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or

Coveralls

water is:

- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof materials: polyvinyl chloride, nitrile rubber or butyl rubber
- Shoes plus socks

protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

PRODUCT USE RESTRICTIONS

FAILURE TO FOLLOW DIRECTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN CROP INJURY, POOR DISEASE CONTROL, AND/OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS

Rotational Crops: Please see the following table for the crop rotational restrictions:

	Planting Time From Last
Rotational Crops	A253.08 Application
Artichoke, Globe	
Bean, Dried	
Berry, Bushberry Subgroup 13-07B	
Berry, Low Growing Subgroup 13-07G, except	
Cranberry	
Brassica Head and Stem crop group 5-16	
Bulb vegetables, bulb onion Subgroup 3-07A and	
green onion 3-07B	
Carrot	
Chickpea	
Citrus (lemons and limes)	
Cucurbit vegetables Group 9	0 days
Fruit, small vine climbing, except fuzzy kiwifruit,	0 days
subgroup 13-07F	
Fruiting vegetables Group 8-10	
Guava	
Рарауа	
Pepper	
Stone fruit crop group 12-12	
Strawberry	
Tomato and tomatillo	
Tree nut crop group 14-12	
Tuberous and Corm Vegetables (crop subgroup 1C)	
Watercress	
Cereals (wheat, barley, triticale, oat, and rye)	30 days
Soybean	
Sugar beet	
Sweet corn	
Root and tuber vegetable crop group 1, except	
carrot, and crop subgroup 1C	
All other crops intended for food and feed	60 days

Restriction: For annual crops, where multiple crops can be grown per year (double/triple cropping), do not apply more than 1.3 lb ai cyprodinil per acre per year to an individual plot of land.

For annual crops, where multiple crops can be grown per year (double/triple cropping), do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai difenoconazole per acre per year to an individual plot of land.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

A253.08 is a broad-spectrum product containing two fungicides. It has preventative, systemic and curative properties and is labeled for the control of many important plant diseases. A253.08 provides excellent disease control of many leaf spots and powdery mildews. A253.08 is applied as a foliar spray and can be used in block, alternating spray, or tank-mix programs with other crop protection products. All applications must be made according to the use directions that follow.

For the crops to which aerial applications are allowed, refer to the specific crop directions for use.

PRODUCT USE INSTRUCTIONS

Application: Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control. Make no more spray solution than is needed for application. Avoid spray overlap, as crop injury may occur.

Adjuvants: When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, the use of an adjuvant that meets the standards of the Chemical Producers and Distributors Association (CPDA) adjuvant certification program is recommended.

Efficacy: Under certain conditions conducive to extended infection periods, use another registered fungicide for additional applications if the maximum amount of A253.08 has been used. If resistant isolates to Group 3 or Group 9 fungicides are present, efficacy can be reduced for certain diseases. The higher rates in the rate range and/or shorter spray intervals may be required under conditions of heavy infection pressure, with highly susceptible varieties, or when environmental conditions are conducive to disease.

Integrated Pest Management (IPM): Integrate A253.08 into an overall disease and pest management strategy whenever the use of a fungicide is required. Follow cultural practices known to reduce disease. Consult your local agricultural authorities for additional IPM strategies established for your area. A253.08 may be used in State Agricultural Extension advisory (disease forecasting) programs which recommend application timing based on environmental factors favorable for disease development.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, please note that A253.08 contains both difenoconazole, a triazole fungicide in Group 3 and cyprodinil, an anilinopyrimidine in Group 9. Any fungal population may contain individuals naturally resistant to either or both of the active ingredients in A253.08 and other Group 3 or Group 9 fungicides. A gradual or total loss of pest control may occur over time if these fungicides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay fungicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Apply a maximum of 5 sprays during one crop cycle.
- Apply no more than 2 sequential applications unless otherwise stated in the crop section.
- Rotate the use of A253.08 or other Group 3 and 9 fungicides within a growing season sequence with different groups that control the same pathogens.
- Use tank mixtures with fungicides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.
- Adopt an integrated disease management program for fungicide use that includes scouting, uses historical
 information related to pesticide use, and crop rotation, and which considers host plant resistance, impact
 of environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological
 and other chemical control practices.

- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide applications. Note that using predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance.
- Monitor treated fungal populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor for any additional pesticide resistancemanagement and/or IPM recommendations for specific crops and pathogens.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact your Atticus, LLC representative.

Crop Tolerance: Plant tolerance has been found to be acceptable for all crops on the label, however, not all possible tank-mix combinations have been tested under all conditions. When possible, it is recommended to test the combinations on a small portion of the crop to ensure that a phytotoxic response will not occur as a result of application. See precautions regarding grape phytotoxicity.

Spray Drift Management: To prevent spray drift, do not apply when conditions favor drift beyond the target area. Spray overlap may cause crop injury. The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT AT THE APPLICATION SITE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR AND THE GROWER.

MIXING AND APPLICATION METHODS

Spray Equipment

Nozzles

- Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application.
- Use the same size nozzles uniformly spaced across the boom.
- Calibrate sprayer before use.
- Use screens to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging.
- On suction side of pump use screens that are *16-mesh or coarser*.
- Do not place a screen in the recirculation line.
- Use 50-mesh or coarser screens between the pump and boom, and where required, at the nozzles.
- Check nozzle manufacturer's recommendations.

Pump

• Use a pump with capacity to:

(1) Maintain 35-40 psi at nozzles.

(2) Provide sufficient agitation in tank to keep mixture in suspension – this requires recirculation of 10% of tank volume per minute.

- Use a jet agitator or liquid sparge tube for agitation.
- Do not air sparge.

For more information on spray equipment and calibration, consult sprayer manufacturer's and state recommendations. For specific local directions and spray schedules, consult the current state agricultural recommendations.

Mixing Instructions

- A253.08 is an oil-in-water emulsion (EW) formulation.
- Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate operation.
- Thoroughly clean spray equipment before using this product.
- Agitate the spray solution before and during application.
- Rinse spray tank thoroughly with clean water after each day's use and dispose of pesticide rinsate by application to an already treated area.

A253.08 Alone (No Tank Mix)

• Add 1/2 - 2/3 of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank.

- With the agitator running, add A253.08 to the tank.
- Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water.
- Begin application of the spray solution after A253.08 has completely dispersed into the mix water.
- Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been sprayed. When using A253.08 without any tank mixes, keep tank agitation to a minimum when spray volume exceeds 40 gal/A. If equipment does not accommodate this, add an adjuvant as indicated below in the Application instructions.

A253.08 + Tank Mixtures: A253.08 is usually compatible with tank-mix partners. To determine the physical compatibility of A253.08 with other products, use a jar test. Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to 1 qt of water. Add wettable powders and water dispersible granular products first, then liquid flowables, and emulsifiable concentrates last. After thoroughly mixing, let stand for at least 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding required ingredients to the spray tank.

Tank Mixtures: All directions for use, crops/sites, use rates, dilution rates, precautions, and limitations which appear on the tank-mix product label must be observed. The label dosage for the tank-mix partner is not to be exceeded, and the most restrictive label precautions and limitations are to be followed.

Mixing in the Spray Tank

- Add 1/2 2/3 of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank.
- With the agitator running, add the tank-mix partner(s) into the tank in the same order as described above.
- Allow the material to completely dissolve and disperse into the mix water. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water and A253.08 to the spray tank.
- Allow A253.08 to completely disperse.
- Spray the mixture with the agitator running.
- Observe all directions for use, crops/sites, use rates, dilution ratios, precautions, and limitations which appear on the tank mix product label.
- Label dosage rate must not be exceeded, and the most restrictive label precautions and limitations must be followed.
- This product must not be mixed with any product which prohibits such mixing.
- It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Application Instructions

A253.08 may be applied with all types of spray equipment commonly used for making ground and aerial applications. Proper adjustments and calibration of spraying equipment to give good canopy penetration and coverage is essential for good disease control.

RECOMMENDATION: When using greater than 40 gallons per acre, it is advised to add a tank-mix adjuvant unless prohibited by the Specific Use Restrictions for the listed crop, of either NIS (minimum of 0.1% total spray volume in tank) or oil such as crop oil or horticultural spray oil (minimum of 1% total spray volume in tank).

OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING RESTRICTIONS WHEN SPRAYING IN THE VICINITY OF AQUATIC AREAS SUCH AS LAKES, RESERVOIRS, RIVERS, PERMANENT STREAMS, MARSHES OR NATURAL PONDS, ESTUARIES, AND COMMERCIAL FISH PONDS.

- Do not apply within 75 ft of estuarine marine bodies of water such as lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, natural ponds, marshes or estuaries.
- Shut off the sprayer when row ends.
- Do not cultivate within 10 ft of aquatic areas in order to allow a vegetative filter strip.

- Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift to aquatic areas. Do not apply when gusts or sustained winds exceed 15 mph.
- Do not apply during a temperature inversion. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas.
- For perennial crops such as tree crops and grapes:
- For all plantings within 150 ft of bodies of water as described above, spray crops from outside the planting away from the bodies of water.
- Spray last three rows windward of aquatic areas using nozzles on one side only, with spray directed away from aquatic areas. Adjust or turn off top nozzles to prevent spray going over the tops of trees. Shut off nozzles on the side away from the grove/orchard when spraying the outside row. Shut off nozzles when turning at ends of row or passing tree gaps in the rows.

Ground Application

- Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre, unless specified otherwise.
- Do not apply through any ultra-low volume (ULV) spray system.
- Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control.

Aerial Spray Directions

Avoid applications under conditions when uniform coverage cannot be obtained or when excessive drift may occur.

Aerial Spray Restrictions

Observe the following restrictions when spraying in the vicinity of aquatic areas such as lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds, estuaries and commercial fish ponds.

- Use only on crops where aerial applications are indicated.
- Do not apply by air within 150 ft of lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds, estuaries and commercial fish ponds.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site. If the windspeed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopter. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopter.
- Release spray at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Do not make applications more than 10 feet above the crop canopy.
- Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift to aquatic areas. Do not apply when gusts or sustained winds exceed 15 mph at application use site.
- Do not apply during a temperature inversion. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas.

Aerial Spray Precautions

- Observe the following precautions when spraying in the vicinity of aquatic areas such as lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds, estuaries and commercial fish ponds.
- Use the largest droplet size consistent with good pest control.
- Formation of very small droplets may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection, by orienting nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible, and by avoiding excessive spray boom pressure.
- Reduce risk of exposure to aquatic areas by avoiding applications when wind direction is toward the
 aquatic area.
- Low humidity and high temperatures increase the evaporation rate of spray droplets, and therefore the likelihood of increased spray drift to aquatic area. Do not spray during conditions of low humidity and/or high temperatures.

Application Through Irrigation Systems (Chemigation)

- Use only on crops for which chemigation is specified on this label.
- Apply this product only through center pivot, solid set, hand move, or moving wheel irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- Apply in 0.125-0.25 inches/A of water. Excessive water may reduce efficacy.
- If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
- Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a
 public water system, unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in
 place.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Note: Do not inject A253.08 at full strength or deterioration of valves and seals may occur. Use a dilution ratio of at least 10 parts water to 1 part A253.08. A253.08 is corrosive to many seal materials. Leather seals are best. EPDM or silicone rubber seals can be used, but should be replaced once a year. Do not use Viton, Buna-N, Neoprene, or PVC seals.

Operating Instructions

- 1. The system must contain a functional check-valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick closing check-valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump), effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended.

Center Pivot Irrigation Equipment

Restrictions: (1) Use only with drive systems which provide uniform water distribution. (2) Do not use end guns when chemigating A253.08 through center pivot systems because of non-uniform application.

- Determine the size of the area to be treated.
- Determine the time required to apply 1/8 1/2 inch of water over the area to be treated when the system and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures as recommended by the equipment manufacturer. When applying A253.08 through irrigation equipment use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution. Run the system at 80-95% of the manufacturer's rated capacity.
- Using water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure.
- Determine the amount of A253.08 required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- Add the required amount of A253.08 and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements to the solution tank.

- Make sure the system is fully charged with water before starting injection of the A253.08 solution. Time the injection to last at least as long as it takes to bring the system to full pressure.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Continue to operate the system until the A253.08 solution has cleared the sprinkler head.

Solid Set, Hand Move, and Moving Wheel Irrigation Equipment

- Determine the acreage covered by the sprinklers.
 - Fill injector solution tank with water and adjust flow rate to use the contents over a 20 30minute interval. When applying A253.08 through irrigation equipment use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution.
- Determine the amount of A253.08 required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- Add the required amount of A253.08 into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection period.
- Operate the system at the same pressure and time interval established during the calibration.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until the A253.08 solution has cleared the last sprinkler head.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS FOR PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

- Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- 2. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, back-flow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Crop	Diseases	Product Rate fl oz/Acre	Remarks
Almonds	Alternaria Leaf Spot	16 - 20	For blossom blight, apply 16-20 fl oz of A253.08 during the
Allionus	(A. alternata)	10-20	bloom period.
	Anthracnose		bloom period.
	(Colletotrichum		For Alternaria leaf spot and scab, begin applications prior
	acutatum)		to disease onset when conditions are conducive for
	Blossom Blight		disease. If monitoring or history indicates the presence of
	(<i>Monilinia</i> spp.)		Alternaria, apply 20 fl oz/A of A253.08 in the late spring
	Green Fruit Rot		(mid-April to beginning of May) and then repeat the
	(Botrytis cinerea)		treatment 2-3 weeks later.
	Leaf Blight		
	(Seimatosporium		For all other diseases, use 16-20 fl oz/A. Begin
	lichenicola)		applications prior to disease onset when conditions are
	Leaf Rust		conducive for disease. Apply A253.08 on a 14- to 21-day
	(Tranzschelia		schedule.
	discolor)		Make no more than 2 sequential applications before
	Scab		alternating to another fungicide with a different mode of
	(Cladosporium		action.
	carpophilia)		
	Shot Hole		The minimum retreatment interval is 14 days.
	(Wilsonmyces		
	carpophilus)		[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease
			pressure is high, use the specified highest rate.]
			[Optional language if label has a single rate: If disease
			pressure is high, use the specified shortest interval.]
			[Optional language if label has a rate range and interval
			range: If disease pressure is high, use the specified
			shortest interval and specified highest rate.]
Application: For b	est results, sufficient wa	ter volume	must be used to provide thorough coverage. Use a
minimum of 50 ga	I/A of water for ground	applications	. Use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water for aerial
applications. Use a	ground application for b	est results.	
Specific Use Restr	ictions:		
1) Make no more t	than two applications by	/ air per yea	r.
2) Do not apply m	ore than 80 fl oz/A (1.3	lb ai cyprodi	nil/A; 0.456 lb ai difenoconazole/A) of A253.08 per year.
3) Do not apply m	ore than 0.46 lb ai/A/ye	ar per crop o	of difenoconazole-containing products.
4) Do not apply m	ore than 1.4 lb ai/A/yea	r of cyprodir	nil-containing products for almonds.
5) Do not apply wi	thin 60 days of harvest	(60-day PHI)	

		Product Rate fl	
Crop	Target Diseases	oz/Acre	Remarks

Artichoke, Globe	Ramularia Leaf Spot	20	Begin applications prior to disease onset when
	Ramularia Bud Spot		conditions are conducive for disease. Apply A253.08 on a
	(R. cynarae)		14-day schedule making no more than 2 sequential
			applications before alternating to another fungicide with
			a different mode of action.

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. A253.08 can be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application. For ground applications, apply in 50-200 gallons of water per acre to obtain coverage without excessive runoff. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Specific Use Restrictions:

1) Do not apply more than 80 fl oz/A (1.3 lb ai cyprodinil/A; 0.456 lb ai difenoconazole/A) of A253.08 per year.

- 2) Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3) Do not apply more than 1.3 lb ai/A/year of cyprodinil-containing products.
- 4) Do not apply A253.08 within 3 days of harvest (3-day PHI).
- 5) Do not apply more than a maximum total of 4 applications (air plus ground plus chemigation) per year.

		Product Rate fl	
Crop	Target Diseases	oz/Acre	Remarks
Bean, Dried*	Anthracnose	14 – 20	Begin applications prior to disease onset when
	(Colletotrichum	[All States	conditions are conducive for disease. Apply A253.08 on a
To be grown for	lindemuthianum)	except CA]	14-day schedule making no more than 2 sequential
bean, dried seed	Alternaria leaf spot		applications before alternating to another fungicide with
only. Phaseolus,	(A. alternata)	[16 – 20	a different mode of action.
Vigna, Lupinus	Alternaria blight	CA only]	
	(Alternaria spp.)		[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease
See specific	Ascochyta leaf and		pressure is high, use the specified highest rate.]
directions for	pod spot		
chickpeas	(Ascochyta spp.)		
	Ascochyta blight		
	(Mycosphaerella		
	pinodes)		
	Cercospora leaf spot		
	(Cercospora		
	cruenta)		
	Gray mold		
	(Botrytis cinerea)		
*Complete List of	, , ,	bean (Lunin	us): bean (Phaseolus) (includes field bean, kidney bean

*Complete List of Bean: Dried cultivars of bean (Lupinus); bean (Phaseolus) (includes field bean, kidney bean, lima bean, navy bean, pinto bean, tepary bean); bean (Vigna) (includes adzuki bean, blackeyed pea, catjang, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, southern pea, urd bean); broad bean; lablab bean.

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. A253.08 can be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A of water for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Specific Use Restrictions:

1) Do not apply more than 80 fl oz (1.3 lb ai cyprodinil/A; 0.456 lb ai difenoconazole/A) of A253.08 per acre per year.

2) Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.

3) Do not apply more than 1.3 lb ai/A/year of cyprodinil-containing products.

4) Do not apply A253.08 within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI)

		Product	
		Rate fl	
Crop	Diseases	oz/Acre	Remarks
Berry, Low	Anthracnose	14 - 20	Begin applications prior to disease onset when
Growing	(Colletotrichum	[All States	conditions are conducive for disease. Apply A253.08 on a
Subgroup 13-	spp.)	except CA]	7- to 14-day schedule making no more than 2 sequential
07G (except	Gray Mold		applications before alternating to another fungicide with
Cranberry)*	(Botrytis cinerea)	[16 – 20	a different mode of action.
	Leaf Rust[1]	CA only]	
Strawberry,	(Phragmidium		[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease
including all	potentillae)		pressure is high, use the specified highest rate.]
cultivars and/or	Leaf Spot		
hybrids of these	(Cercospora		[Optional language if label has a single rate: If disease
	fragariae)		pressure is high, use the specified shortest interval.]
	Powdery Mildew		
	(Sphaerotheca		[Optional language if label has a rate range and interval
	macularis)		range: If disease pressure is high, use the specified
			shortest interval and specified highest rate.]
*Complete List of	Low Growing Berries: E	Bearberry; Bi	Iberry; Blueberry, lowbush; Cloudberry; Lingonberry;
Muntries; Partridg	eberry; Strawberry; cul	tivars, variet	ies, and/or hybrids of these.
Application: Appli	cation may be made by	ground, air,	or chemigation. For best results, use sufficient water
volume to provide	thorough coverage. Us	e a minimum	n of 10 gal/A spray volume by air. Use a minimum of 15
gal/A of water for	ground applications. If	using more t	han 40 gal/A of water, refer to Application Instructions
under MIXING AND APPLICATION METHODS. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation			
with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.			
Specific Use Restrictions:			

1) Make no more than two applications by air.

2) Do not apply more than 80 fl oz/A (1.3 lb ai cyprodinil/A; 0.456 lb ai difenoconazole/A) of A253.08 per year.

3) Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A of difenoconazole-containing products per year.

4) Do not apply more than 1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil-containing products per year.

5) May be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

[[¹][Not For Use in California]]

		Product Rate fl	
Crop	Diseases	oz/Acre	Remarks
Crop Group 4B	Alternaria Diseases	14 - 20	Begin applications prior to disease onset when
Leaf Petioles	(Alternaria spp.)	[All States	conditions are conducive for disease. Apply A253.08 on a
Cardoon	Anthracnose	except CA]	7- to 10-day schedule making no more than 2 sequential
Celery	(Colletotrichum		applications before alternating to another fungicide with
Celery, Chinese	higginsianum)	[16 – 20	a different mode of action.
Celtuce	Cercospora Leaf Spot	CA only]	
Fennel, Florence	(C. brassicicola)		[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease
Rhubarb	Gray Mold		pressure is high, use the specified highest rate.]
Swiss chard	(Botrytis cinerea)		
	Powdery Mildew		[Optional language if label has a single rate: If disease
Crop Group 5-16	(Erysiphepolygoni)		pressure is high, use the specified shortest interval.]
Brassica Head			
and Stem			[Optional language if label has a rate range and interval

Broccoli	range: If disease pressure is high, use the specified
Brussels	shortest interval and specified highest rate.]
sprouts	
Cabbage	
Cabbage,	
Chinese, napa	
Cauliflower	
Including all	
cultivars and/or	
hybrids of these.	

Application: Application may be by ground, air, or chemigation. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. Use a minimum of 10 gal/A spray volume by air. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A of water for ground applications. If using more than 40 gal/A of water, refer to Application Instructions under MIXING AND APPLICATION METHODS. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Specific Use Restrictions:

1) Make no more than two applications by air.

2) Do not apply more than 80 fl oz/A (1.3 lb ai cyprodinil/A; 0.456 lb ai difenoconazole/A) of A253.08 per year.

- 3) Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 4) Do not apply more than 1.3 lb ai/A/year of cyprodinil-containing products.

5) Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).

		Product Rate fl	
Сгор	Diseases	oz/Acre	Remarks
Bulb	Botrytis Leaf Blight	14 - 20	Begin applications prior to disease onset when
Vegetables*	(B. squamosa)	[All States	conditions are conducive for disease. Apply A253.08 on a
	Cercospora Leaf Spot	except CA]	7- to 10-day schedule making no more than 2 sequential
Onion, bulb,	(C. duddiae)		applications before alternating to another fungicide with
subgroup 3-07A	Leaf Blotch	[16 – 20]	a different mode of action.
Onion, bulb	(Cladosporium	CA only]	
Garlic	allii-cepae)		[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease
Shallot	Powdery Mildew		pressure is high, use the specified highest rate.]
	(Leveillula taurica)		
Onion, green,	Purple Blotch		[Optional language if label has a single rate: If disease
subgroup 3-07B	(Alternaria porri)		pressure is high, use the specified shortest interval.]
Onion, green	Stemphyllium Leaf		
Leek	Blight		[Optional language if label has a rate range and interval
Welch onion tops	(S. vesicarium)		range: If disease pressure is high, use the specified
	Suppression:		shortest interval and specified highest rate.]
	Black Mold		
	(Aspergillus niger)		

***Bulb onion subgroup 3-07A:** Daylily, bulb; fritillaria, bulb; garlic, bulb; garlic, great-headed, bulb; garlic, serpent, bulb; lily, bulb; onion, bulb; onion, Chinese, bulb; onion, pearl; onion, potato, bulb; shallot, bulb; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

Green onion subgroup 3-07B: Chive, fresh leaves; chive, Chinese, fresh leaves; elegans hosta; fritillaria, leaves; kurrat; lady's leek; leek; leek, wild; onion, Beltsville bunching; onion, fresh; onion, green; onion, macrostem; onion, tree, tops; onion, Welsh, tops; shallot, fresh leaves; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

Application: Application may be by ground, air, or chemigation. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. Use a minimum of 5 gal/A spray volume by air. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A of water for ground applications. If using more than 40 gal/A of water, refer to Application Instructions

under MIXING AND APPLICATION METHODS. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) Make no more than two applications by air.
- 2) For green onions, do not apply more than 60 fl oz/A (0.978 lb ai cyprodinil/A; 0.342 lb ai difenoconazole/A) of A253.08 per year.
- 3) For dry bulb onions, do not apply more than 80 fl oz/A (1.3 lb ai cyprodinil/A; 0.456 lb ai difenoconazole/A) of A253.08 per year.
- 4) For green onions, do not apply more than 0.34 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 5) For dry bulb onions, do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 6) Do not apply more than 1.3 lb ai/A/year of cyprodinil-containing products.
- 7) For bulb onions, do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).
- 8) For green onions, do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

Сгор	Diseases	Product Rate fl oz/Acre	Remarks
Carrots	Alternaria Leaf Blight (<i>Alternaria dauci</i>) Cercospora Leaf Spot (<i>Cercospora</i> <i>carotae</i>) Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe</i> spp.)	14 – 20 [All States except CA] [16 – 20 CA only]	 Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are conducive for disease. Apply A253.08 on a 7- to 10-day schedule making no more than 2 sequential applications before alternating to another fungicide with a different mode of action. [Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease pressure is high, use the specified highest rate.] [Optional language if label has a single rate: If disease pressure is high, use the specified shortest interval.] [Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the specified shortest interval.]

Application: Application may be by ground, air, or chemigation. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. Use a minimum of 5 gal/A spray volume by air. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A of water for ground applications. If using more than 40 gal/A of water, refer to Application Instructions under MIXING AND APPLICATION METHODS. For chemigation, apply in 0.1- 0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Specific Use Restrictions:

1) Make no more than two applications by air.

2) Do not apply more than 80 fl oz/A (1.3 lb ai cyprodinil/A; 0.456 lb ai difenoconazole/A) of A253.08 per year.

3) Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A of difenoconazole-containing products per year.

4) Do not apply more than 1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil-containing products per year.

5) Do not allow cattle or other livestock to feed upon the leaves of carrots.

6) Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).

Сгор	Diseases	Product Rate fl oz/Acre	Remarks
Chickpea	Alternaria Blight	14 – 20	Begin applications prior to disease onset when
	(A. alternata)	[All States	conditions are conducive for disease. Apply A253.08 on a
	Ascochyta Blight	except CA]	14-day schedule making no more than 2 sequential
	(A. rabiei)		applications before alternating to another fungicide with

	Gray Mold	[16 - 20	a different mode of action.			
	(Botrtyis cinerea)	CA only]				
	Powdery Mildew		[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease			
	(Leveillula taurica)		pressure is high, use the specified highest rate.]			
	Rust[¹]					
	(Uromyces					
	cicerisarietini)					
Application: Appli	cation may be by groun	d, air, or che	emigation. For best results, sufficient water volume must			
be used to provide	be used to provide thorough coverage. Use a minimum of 5 gal/A spray volume by air. Use a minimum of 15					
gal/A of water for	ground applications. If	using more t	han 40 gal/A of water, refer to Application Instructions			
under MIXING AND APPLICATION METHODS. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation						
with excessive wa	ter may lead to a decrea	ase in efficac	y.			
Specific Use Restrictions:						
1) Make no more	than two applications by	y air.				
2) Do not apply more than 80 fl oz/A (1.3 lb ai cyprodinil/A; 0.456 lb ai difenoconazole/A) of A253.08 per year.						

3) Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A of difenoconazole-containing products per year.

4) Do not apply more than 1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil-containing products per year.

5) Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

[[¹][Not For Use in California]]

		Product				
		Rate fl				
Сгор	Diseases	oz/Acre	Remarks			
	Albinism[1]	14 - 20	A253.08 applications should begin prior to disease			
	(Alternaria		development and continue throughout the season on 7-			
Lemon[¹]	alternata pv citri)		to 21-day intervals following the resistance management			
Lime[¹]	Alternaria Leaf and		guidelines. Applications may be made by ground or			
	Fruit Spot[1]		chemigation. An adjuvant may be added at			
	(Alternaria citri)		recommended rates. A horticultural spray oil should be			
	Anthracnose ^{[1}]		used to improve control of greasy spot.			
	(Colletotrichum					
	spp.)		[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease			
	Diplodia Stem-End		pressure is high, use the specified highest rate.]			
	Rot[¹]					
	(Diplodia		[Optional language if label has a single rate: If disease			
	natalensis)		pressure is high, use the specified shortest interval.]			
	Black Spot[1]					
	(Guignardia		[Optional language if label has a rate range and interval			
	citricarpa)		range: If disease pressure is high, use the specified			
	Blue Mold[¹]		shortest interval and specified highest rate.]			
	(Penicillium					
	italicum)					
	Greasy Spot[1]					
	(Mycosphaerella					
	citri)					
	Green Mold[¹]					
	(Penicillium					
	digitatum)					
	Melanose ^{[1}]					
	(Diaporthe citri)					
	Phomopsis Stem-					
	End Rot[¹]					
	(<i>Phomopsis citri</i>) Post Bloom Fruit					
	Drop (PFD) $[^1]$					
	(Colletotrichum					
	acutatum)					
	Scab[¹]					
	(Elsinoe fawcettii)					
		iter volume	must be used to provide thorough coverage. A253.08 can			
			vater for ground applications. Refer to Application			
		-	DS. Use a minimum of 10 gal/A for aerial application.			
Specific Use Restric			- ···			
	re than 20 fl oz/A of A2	253.08 per y	ear.			
			le-containing products per year.			
	3) Do not apply more than 0.33 lb ai/A of cyprodinil-containing products per year.					
	hin 7 days of harvest (7					
5) Do not exceed on	5) Do not exceed one application per year.					
[[¹][Not For Use in California]]						

0	Disco	Product Rate fl	
Crop	Diseases	oz/Acre	Remarks
Cucurbit	Alternaria Leaf Blight	16 – 20	Begin applications prior to disease onset when
Vegetables Crop Group 9*	(A. cucumerina)		conditions are conducive for disease. Apply A253.08 on a
Crop Group 9	Alternaria Leaf Spot		7- to 10-day schedule making no more than 2 sequential
Cantaloupe	(<i>A. alternata</i>) Anthracnose		applications before alternating to another fungicide with a different mode of action.
Cucumber	(Colletotrichum		
Honeydew	orbiculare)		[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease
Muskmelon	Cercospora Leaf Spot		pressure is high, use the specified highest rate.]
Watermelon	(<i>C. citrullina</i>)		pressure is high, use the specified highest rate.]
Pumpkin	Gummy Stem Blight		[Optional language if label has a single rate: If disease
Squash	(Didymella		pressure is high, use the specified shortest interval.]
Zucchini	bryoniae)		pressure is high, use the specified shortest interval.
Zucchini	Phoma Blight		[Optional language if label has a rate range and interval
Including	(P. exigua)		range: If disease pressure is high, use the specified
cultivars and/or	Phyllosticta Leaf Spot		shortest interval and specified highest rate.]
hybrids of these.	(P. cucurbita-		shortest interval and specified ingrest rate.]
nyonus or these.	cearum)	fl oz/1000	Greenhouse Use for Cucumber only: For production in
	Plectosporium Blight	sq ft	covered areas, use A253.08 for no more than 50% of
	(P. tabacinum)	5910	sprays per crop. Rotate with other registered products
	Powdery Mildew	0.37 - 0.46	with different modes of action (FRAC codes).
	(Sphaerotheca	0.37 0.40	with unterent modes of detion (invice codes).
	fuliginea, Erysiphe		
	cichoracearum)		
	Septoria Leaf Blight		
	(S. cucurbita-		
	cearum)		
*Complete List of	,	havote (fruit); Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon); citron
			otan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra); <i>Momordica</i> spp.
			nese cucumber); muskmelon (includes cantaloupe);
			utternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acorn squash,
spaghetti squash);		(
		ground. air.	or chemigation. For best results, sufficient water volume
			nimum of 30 gal/A of water for ground applications (20 for
	_	-	ater, refer to Application Instructions under MIXING AND
• • •	, .		or aerial applications. Make no more than two
			inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may
lead to a decrease	• • • • • •	,	, , ,
Specific Use Restr			
-	than two applications b	v air.	
	e is only for cucumber.	,	
		A (1.3 lb ai c	yprodinil/A; 0.456 lb ai difenoconazole/A) of A253.08 per
	or greenhouse use.	,	
	•	i/A/season o	of difenoconazole-containing products.
			cyprodinil-containing products.
3) Field Use:	.,	,	
	oply more than 80 fl oz/	A (1.3 lb ai cy	yprodinil/A; 0.456 lb ai difenoconazole/A) of A253.08 per
•	only more than 0.46 lb a	i/A/vear of c	lifenoconazole-containing products.
			prodinil-containing products.
	thin 7 days of harvest (

4) Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).

Crop	Diseases	Product Rate fl oz/Acre	Remarks
Filberts (Hazelnuts)	Eastern Filbert Blight (Anisogramma anomala)	16 - 20	Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are conducive for disease. Apply A253.08 on a 14- to 21-day schedule making no more than 2 sequential applications before alternating to another fungicide with a different mode of action.
			[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease pressure is high, use the specified highest rate.] [Optional language if label has a single rate and interval
			range: If disease pressure is high, use the specified shortest interval.] [Optional language if label has a rate range and interval
Application: Appli	ication may be made by	ground or ai	range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest specified interval and specified highest rate.] ir. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used

Application: Application may be made by ground or air. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. Use a minimum of 50 gal/A for ground applications. Use a minimum of 10 gal/A for aerial application. Use ground application for best results.

Specific Use Restrictions:

1) Make no more than two applications by air.

2) Do not apply more than 80 fl oz/A (1.3 lb ai cyprodinil/A; 0.456 lb ai difenoconazole/A)/year of A253.08.

3) Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.

4) Do not apply more than 1.3 lb ai/A/year of cyprodinil-containing products.

5) Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

6) Do not apply more than 5 applications per year (air plus ground) or no more than 80 fl oz/A/year.

		Product Rate fl	
Сгор	Diseases	oz/Acre	Remarks
Fruiting	Anthracnose	14 - 20	Begin applications prior to disease development and
Vegetable	(Colletotrichum	[All States	continue throughout the season on a 7- to 10-day
Crop Group	spp.)	except CA]	interval. Make no more than 2 consecutive applications
8-10*	Black Mold		before switching to another effective fungicide with a
	(A. alternata)	[16 – 20	different mode of action.
Eggplant	Early Blight	CA only]	
Groundcherry	(Alternaria solani)		[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease
Pepino	Gray Leaf Spot		pressure is high, use the specified highest rate.]
Pepper	(Stemphylium		
(includes	botryosum)		[Optional language if label has a single rate: If disease
bell pepper,	Gray Mold		pressure is high, use the specified shortest interval.]
chili pepper,	(Botrytis cinerea)		
cooking	Powdery Mildew		[Optional language if label has a rate range and interval
pepper,	(Leveillula		range: If disease pressure is high, use the specified
pimento,	taurica)		shortest interval and specified highest rate.]
sweet	Septoria Leaf Spot		
pepper)	(S. lycopersici)		The addition of a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant
	Target Spot		may enhance efficacy.
Tomatillo	(Corynespora		

	cassiicola)					
Tomatoes	Leaf Mold					
	(Fulvia fulva)					
*Fruiting Vegetab	les: African eggplant; bu	ush tomato;	bell pepper; cocona; currant tomato; eggplant; garden			
huckleberry; goji b	huckleberry; goji berry; groundcherry; martynia; naranjilla; okra; pea eggplant; pepino; pepper, bell; pepper,					
nonbell; roselle; scarlet eggplant; sunberry; tomatillo; tomato; tree tomato; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids						
of these.						
Application: Application may be made by ground, air, or chemigation. Use a minimum of 30 gal/A of water for						
ground application. If using more than 40 gal/A of water, refer to Application Instructions under MIXING AND						
APPLICATION METHODS. Use a minimum of 10 gal/A spray volume by air. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25						
inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.						

Specific Use Restrictions:

1) Make no more than two applications by air.

2) Do not apply more than 80 fl oz/A (1.3 lb ai cyprodinil/A; 0.456 lb ai difenoconazole/A)/year of A253.08.

- 3) Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 4) Do not apply more than 1.3 lb ai/A/year of cyprodinil-containing products.
- 5) May be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

		Product Rate fl	
Сгор	Diseases	oz/Acre	Remarks
Grapes	Powdery Mildew	14 - 20	For powdery mildew, begin at bud break and apply on a
(except	(Uncinula necator)	[All States	10- to 21-day interval, making no more than 2 sequential
Concord,	Botrytis Bunch Rot	except CA]	applications before alternating to a fungicide with a
Concord	and Blight		different mode of action.
Seedless, and	(B. cinerea)	[16 – 20	
Thomcord.	Alternaria Rot	CA only]	For all other diseases, begin applications prior to disease
See	(A. alternata)		onset when conditions are conducive for disease. Apply
Precaution	Rotbrenner		A253.08 on a 10-21 day schedule making no more than 2
under	(Pseudopezicula		sequential applications before alternating to another
Remarks)	tracheiphila)		fungicide with a different mode of action.
	Septoria Leaf Spot		
(Fruit, small,	(S. ampelina)		For black rot - begin when shoot length is 1-3 inches and
vine	Black Rot		continue on a 10-day interval.
climbing,	(Guignarda		
except fuzzy	bidwellii)		[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease
kiwifruit –	Angular Leaf Spot		pressure is high, use the specified highest rate.]
subgroup 13-	(Mycosphearella		
07F)	angulata)		[Optional language if label has a single rate: If disease
	Anthracnose		pressure is high, use the specified shortest interval.]
See additional	(Elsinoe ampelina)		
crops in this	Leaf Blight		[Optional language if label has a rate range and interval
subgroup	(Pseudocercospora		range: If disease pressure is high, use the specified
below.	vitis)		shortest interval and specified highest rate.]
			PRECAUTION: On <i>V. labrusca, V. labrusca</i> hybrids and other non-viniferea hybrids where sensitivity is not known, the use of A253.08 by itself or in tank mixtures with materials that may increase uptake (adjuvants, foliar fertilizers) may result in leaf burning or other phytotoxic effects.

Complete list of small fruit vine climbing, except fuzzy kiwifruit, subgroup 13-07F: Amur river grape;

gooseberry; grape; kiwifruit, hardy; maypop; schisandra berry; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these. **Application:** Application may be made by ground or air. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. Use a minimum of 30 gal/A of water for ground applications. If using more than 40 gal/A of water, refer to Application Instructions under MIXING AND APPLICATION METHODS. Use a minimum of 20 gal/A for aerial applications. Use ground application for best results.

Specific Use Restrictions:

1) Make no more than two applications by air.

2) Do not apply more than 80 fl oz/A (1.3 lb ai cyprodinil/A; 0.456 lb ai difenoconazole/A) of A253.08 per year.

3) Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A per year of difenoconazole-containing products.

4) Do not apply more than 1.4 lb ai/A per year of cyprodinil-containing products for grapes.

5) Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

		Product Rate fl			
Сгор	Diseases	oz/Acre	Remarks		
Pecans	Downy Spot (Mycosphaerella caryigena) Liver Spot[¹] (Gnomonia caryae pv pecanae) Pecan Scab (Cladosporium caryigenum) Powdery Mildew (Microsphaera penicillata) Vein Spot[¹] (Gnomonia nerviseda) Zonate Leaf Spot[¹] (Grovesinia pyramidalis)	16 - 20	 Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are conducive for disease. Apply A253.08 on a 14- to 21-day schedule, making no more than 2 sequential applications before alternating to another fungicide with a different mode of action. [Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease pressure is high, use the specified highest rate.] [Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the specified shortest interval.] [Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the specified shortest interval.] 		
Application: Appli	Application: Application may be made by ground or air. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used				

Application: Application may be made by ground or air. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. Use a minimum of 50 gal/A for ground applications. Use a minimum of 10 gal/A for aerial application. Use ground application for best results.

Specific Use Restrictions:

1) Make no more than two applications by air.

2) Do not apply more than 80 fl oz/A (1.3 lb ai cyprodinil/A; 0.456 lb ai difenoconazole/A)/year of A253.08.

3) Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.

4) Do not apply more than 1.3 lb ai/A/year of cyprodinil-containing products.

5) Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

6) Do not apply more than 5 applications per year (air plus ground) or no more than 80 fl oz/A/year.

[[¹][Not For Use in California]]

Сгор	Diseases	Product Rate fl oz/Acre	Remarks
Pistachios	Alternaria Late Blight	16 – 20	Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are conducive for disease. Apply A253.08 on a
	(Alternaria spp.)		14- to 21-day schedule making no more than 2

Botrytis (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.)	sequential applications before alternating to another fungicide with a different mode of action.
Panicle and Shoot	
Blight (Botryosphaeria dothidea)	[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease pressure is high, use the specified highest rate.]
	[Optional language if label has a single rate: If disease pressure is high, use the specified shortest interval.]
	[Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the specified shortest interval and specified highest rate.]

Application: Application may be made by ground or air. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. Use a minimum of 50 gal/A of water for ground applications. Use a minimum of 10 gal/A for aerial application. Use ground application for best results.

Specific Use Restrictions:

1) Make no more than two applications by air.

- 2) Do not apply more than 80 fl oz/A (1.3 lb ai cyprodinil/A; 0.456 lb ai difenoconazole/A) of A253.08 per year.
- 3) Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A per year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 4) Do not apply more than 1.3 lb ai/A per year of cyprodinil-containing products.
- 5) Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

		Product	
		Rate fl	
Сгор	Diseases	oz/Acre	Remarks
Pome Fruit	Alternaria Blotch	8.5 – 12.0	Apple Scab - Protective Spray Schedule: Apply every 7-
Crop Group	(Alternaria spp.)	[All States	10 days starting at ¼-½ inch green tip or when
11-10*	Brooks Fruit Spot	except CA]	environmental conditions become conducive for scab.
	(Mycosphaerella		Continue through petal fall until the threat of primary
Apple	pomi)	[12	scab is complete. For improved fruit scab control,
Crabapple	Cedar Apple Rust	CA only]	combine A253.08 with a protectant fungicide registered
Loquat	(Gymnosprangium		to control apple scab beginning at bloom.
Mayhaw	juniperi-virginianae)		
Pear	Flyspeck		Apple Scab - Curative Spray Schedule: Use a forecasting
Pear, Oriental	(Zygophiala		system beginning at green tip. Apply within 48 hours of
Quince	jamacaicensis		the onset of an infection period. Apply a follow-up spray
	(Formerly known		within 7 days. For improved fruit scab control, combine
	as Schizothyrium		A253.08 with a protectant fungicide registered to
	pomi)		control apple scab beginning at bloom.
	Powdery Mildew		
	(Podosphaera		Powdery Mildew: Begin applications at tight cluster, and
	leucotricha)		continue on a 7- to 10-day schedule. Follow A253.08
	Quince Rust		with other fungicides as needed.
	(Gymonsporangium		
	spp.)		Cedar-Apple Rust, Quince Rust, and Brooks Fruit Spot:
	Scab		Begin applications preventively. Apply A253.08 alone or
	(<i>Venturia</i> spp.)		in combination with a protectant fungicide on a 7- to 10-
	Sooty Blotch		day schedule through the second cover spray.
	(Gloeodes		
	pomigena)		Sooty Blotch, Flyspeck: Begin applications preventively.
			Apply A253.08 alone or in combination with a protectant
			fungicide on a 7- to 14- day schedule.

	NOTE: Follow preharvest restrictions below.
	If disease pressure is high, use the specified shortest
	interval.

***Pome Fruit Subgroup:** Apple; azarole; crabapple; loquat; mayhaw; medlar; pear; pear, Asian; quince; quince, Chinese; quince, Japanese; tejocote; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

Resistance Management: To help prevent resistance, make no more than 2 consecutive applications with A253.08 before alternating to a different mode of action (non-Group 3 and non-Group 9).

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. A253.08 can be applied by either ground or aerial application. Use a minimum of 50 gal/A of water for ground applications. Refer to Application Instructions under MIXING AND APPLICATION METHODS. Use a minimum of 10 gal/A for aerial applications. Use ground application for best results.

Specific Use Restrictions:

1) Make no more than two applications by air.

- 2) Do not apply more than 60 fl oz/A (0.978 lb ai cyprodinil/A; 0.342 lb ai difenoconazole/A)/year of A253.08.
- 3) Do not apply more than 0.33 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 4) Do not apply more than 1.25 lb ai/A/year of cyprodinil-containing products.
- 5) Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

		Product Rate fl	
Crop	Diseases	oz/Acre	Remarks
Potatoes	Black dot[1]	16 – 20	Begin applications at first sign of disease or when
Tuberous and	(Colletotrichum		conditions are conducive for disease development.
Corm	coccodes)		Apply A253.08 on a 7- to 10-day schedule. A253.08 can
Vegetables	Brown spot[1]		be used in blocking program using a maximum of 2
Crop Subgroup	(Alternaria		consecutive applications before rotating to fungicides
1C* [¹]	alternata)		with another mode of action that are registered for
	Early blight[1]		these diseases.
Sweet	(Alternaria		
Potatoes ^{[1}]	solani)		[Optional language if label has a rate range and a single
	Powdery mildew[1]		<i>interval</i> : If disease pressure is high, use the specified
	(Erysiphe		highest rate.]
	cichoracearum)		
	Septoria Leaf Spot[¹]		[Optional language if label has a single rate and interval
	(Septoria spp.)		range: If disease pressure is high, use the specified
			shortest interval.]
			[Optional language if label has a rate range and interval
			range: If disease pressure is high, use the specified
			shortest interval and specified highest rate.]

Application: Application may be made by ground, air, or chemigation. Use a minimum of 10 gal/A for ground application. If using more than 40 gal/A, refer to Application Instructions under MIXING AND APPLICATION METHODS. Use a minimum of 5 gal/A spray volume by air. For chemigation, apply in 0.1- 0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

*Additional Vegetables, tuberous and corm, subgroup 1C: Arracacha^[1], Arrowroot^[1], Artichoke^[1] (Chinese and Jerusalem), Canna^[1], Cassava^[1] (bitter and sweet), Chayote^[1] (root), Chufa^[1], Dasheen^[1] (Taro), Ginger^[1], Leren^[1], Tanier^[1], Tumeric^[1], and Yam^[1] (bean and true), cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

Specific Use Restrictions:

1) Make no more than two applications by air.

2) Do not apply more than 80 fl oz/A (1.3 lb ai cyprodinil/A; 0.456 lb ai difenoconazole/A)/year of A253.08.

3) Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.

- 4) Do not apply more than 1.3 lb ai/A/year of cyprodinil-containing products.
- 5) Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

[[¹][Not For Use in California]]

Crop	Diseases	Product Rate fl oz/Acre	Remarks
Stone Fruit	Alternaria Spot and	16 - 20	For brown rot blossom blight, begin applications at early
Crop Group	Fruit Rot	10-20	bloom and make a second application at full bloom. For
12-12*	(A. alternata)		brown rot on fruit, apply as needed a maximum of two
	Anthracnose		sprays during the preharvest period up to the day of
Apricots	(Colletotrichum		harvest (minimum of a 7-day retreatment interval). If
Cherries, Tart	spp.)		high inoculum and severe disease conditions persist,
Nectarines	Brown Rot Blossom		apply a registered non- Group 3 fungicide.
Peaches	Blight and Fruit Rot		
Plums	(Monilinia fructicola,		[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease
Plumcot	M. laxa)		pressure is high, use the specified highest rate.]
Prunes	Leaf Rust		
	(Tranzschelia		
And cultivars	discolor)		
and/or hybrids	Powdery Mildew		
of these.	(Sphaerotheca		
	pannosa,		
	Podosphaera		
	clandestina)		
	Scab		
	(Cladosporium		
	carpophilum)		
	Shot Hole		
	(Wilsonomyces		
	carpophilus)		

*Stone Fruit Crop Group: Apricot; apricot, Japanese; capulin; cherry, black; cherry, Nanking; cherry, tart; Jujube, Chinese; nectarine; peach; plum; plum, American; plum, beach; plum, Canada; plum, cherry; plum, Chickasaw; plum, Damson; plum, Japanese; plum, Klamath; plum, prune; plumcot; sloe; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Application: Application may be by ground or air. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. Use a minimum of 10 gal/A spray volume by air. Use a minimum of 50 gal/A of water for ground applications. Refer to Application Instructions under MIXING AND APPLICATION METHODS.

Specific Use Restrictions:

1) Make no more than two applications by air.

2) Do not apply more than 80 fl oz/A (1.3 lb ai cyprodinil/A; 0.456 lb ai difenoconazole/A) of A253.08 per year.
3) Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.

4) Do not apply more than 1.4 lb ai/A/year of cyprodinil-containing products for Stone Fruit crop group 12-12.

5) Do not apply within 2 days of harvest (2-day PHI).

6) Do not apply more than a maximum total of 4 applications (air plus ground) per year.

		Product Rate fl	
Crop	Diseases	oz/Acre	Remarks
Tree Nuts Crop Group 14-12* (except almond, filbert, pecan, pistachio) Beech Nut Brazil Nut Butternut Cashew Chestnut Chinquapin Hickory Macadamia Walnut, Black Walnut, English (See specific use direction sections for Almonds Filberts	DiseasesAnthracnose(Colletotrichumspp.)Canker(Botryosphaeriaspp.)Downy Spot(Mycosphaerellacaryigena)Leaf Spots(Septoria spp.)Liver Spot[¹](Gnomonia caryaepv pecanae)Pecan Scab(Cladosporiumcaryigenum)Powdery MildewZonate Leaf Spot[¹](Grovesiniapyramidalis)	oz/Acre 16 – 20	Remarks Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are conducive for disease. Apply A253.08 on a 14- to 21-day schedule making no more than 2 sequential applications before alternating to another fungicide with a different mode of action. [Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease pressure is high, use the specified highest rate.] [Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the specified shortest interval.] [Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the specified shortest interval.] [Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the specified shortest interval.]
Pecans			
Pistachios)			
to provide thorou of water for aerial *Complete List of butternut; Cajou r chestnut; heartnu monkey puzzle nu	gh coverage. Use a mini I application. Use ground Tree Nuts Crop Group: nut; candlenut; cashew; it; hickory nut; Japanese it; Okari nut; Pachira nut	mum of 50 g d application African nut- chestnut; ch horse-chest ;; peach palr	I ir. For best results, sufficient water volume must be used gal/A for ground applications. Use a minimum of 10 gal/A for best results. tree; beechnut; Brazil nut; Brazilian pine; bunya; bur oak; inquapin; coconut; coquito nut; dika nut; ginkgo; Guiana mut; macadamia nut; mongongo nut; monkey-pot; n nut; pequi; Pili nut; pine nut; Sapucaia nut; tropical ultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these
Specific Use Restr 1) Make no more 2) Do not apply m 3) Do not apply m 4) Do not apply m 5) Do not apply w	ictions: than two applications b ore than 80 fl oz/A (1.3 ore than 0.46 lb ai/A/yea ore than 1.3 lb ai/A/yea ithin 14 days of harvest ore than 5 applications	y air. Ib ai cyprodi ar of difeno r of cyprodii (14-day PHI)	nil/A; 0.456 lb ai difenoconazole/A)/year of A253.08. conazole-containing products. nil-containing products.

Product Conversion Table

Fl oz product/acre	Lb ai difenoconazole	Lb ai cyprodinil
8.5	0.048	0.14
10.0	0.057	0.16
11.0	0.063	0.18
12.0	0.068	0.20
14.0	0.08	0.23
16.0	0.09	0.26
18.0	0.10	0.29
20.0	0.114	0.327

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

For plastic containers ≤ 5 gallons: Nonrefillable Container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.

For plastic containers > 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Recap and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE. Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If these terms and conditions are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability. **CONDITIONS:** The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness, injury, and other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application (including misuse), the presence of other materials, weather conditions, and other unknown factors, all of which are beyond the control of ATTICUS, LLC. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer. **DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, ATTICUS, LLC makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond statements on this label. **LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, neither ATTICUS, LLC the manufacturer, nor the Seller shall be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use, handling, application, storage, or disposal of this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use, handling, application, or storage of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid.

[A253.08] is a trademark of Atticus, LLC

[Inspire Super[®]] [is a] registered trademark of Syngenta Group Company.

{LANGUAGE ON LABEL AFFIXED TO

CONTAINER}	DIFENOCONAZOLE	GROUP	FUNGICIDE
	CYPRODINIL	GROUP	FUNGICIDE

A253.08™

[Alternate Brand Name: Vango ESQ Fungicide]

Contains difenoconazole and cyprodinil, the active ingredients used in $\mathsf{Inspire}\ \mathsf{Super}^{\circledast}.$

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	(% by weight)
Difenoconazole*	8.4%
Cyprodinil**	
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	67.5%
TOTAL	100.0%
*CAS No.119446-68-3	

**CAS No. 121552-61-2

[A253.08] is an oil in water emulsion (EW) containing 0.73 lb of difenoconazole active ingredient and 2.09 lb of cyprodinil active ingredient per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

	FIRST AID
If swallowed:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
	 Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
	• Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.
	• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or	 Take off contaminated clothing.
clothing:	 Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
	• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in eyes:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
	• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
	HOT LINE NUMBER
Have the pro	duct container or label with you when calling a poison control
center or do	ctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall at
1-844-685-9	173 for emergency medical treatment information.

For Chemical Emergency

Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident Call CHEMTREC Day or Night Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:** Difenoconazole and cyprodinil are toxic to fish, mammals and aquatic invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic **estuarine/marine** organisms in water adjacent to treated area. For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Surface and Ground Water Advisory

The chemicals in this product may contaminate water through drift or spray in wind. This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. These chemicals have potential for runoff for several months or more after application. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains these chemicals. A level, well maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which these chemicals are applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of difenoconazole and cyprodinil from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours. Sound erosion control will reduce this product's potential to reach surface water.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not mix or allow coming in contact with oxidizing agent. Hazardous Chemical reaction may occur.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. **PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place. **PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance. **CONTAINER HANDLING:**

For plastic containers ≤ 5 gallons: Nonrefillable Container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.

For plastic containers > 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Recap and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.

See inside label booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use. [A253.08] is not manufactured, or distributed by Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC, seller of Inspire Super[®].

Manufactured for: Atticus, LLC 5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100 Cary, NC 27513 EPA Reg. No.: 91234-XXX EPA Est. No. : _____ NET WEIGHT: _____