

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

April 15, 2024

Kyleigh Toomey Regulatory Specialist Atticus, LLC. 940 NW Cary Parkway, Suite 200 Gary, NC 27513

Subject: Only Indicated Changes Reviewed – Revised the 0-day plant

back interval on Bushberry subgroup 13-07B to 60 days, as requested by the agency letter dated August 29, 2023, and to add state-specific language as

appropriate.

Product Name: A253.01

EPA Registration Number: 91234-207 Application Date: August 30, 2023

Case Number: 489375

Dear Kyleigh Toomy:

The amended label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, is acceptable. However, EPA reviewed only the label changes highlighted, marked, or otherwise indicated on the submitted label. Any other changes to the previously approved label that were not clearly highlighted, marked, or otherwise indicated in your submission were not reviewed and may form the basis of regulatory and/or enforcement action if later discovered by the Agency. Further, submission of a label amendment application with unidentified changes may be considered a knowing submission of false information to the Agency. This approval does not affect any conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

The label submitted with the application has been stamped "Accepted Only Indicated Revisions Reviewed" and is enclosed for your records.

This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 C.F.R. § 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently

Page 2 of 2 EPA Reg. No. 91234-207 Case Number 489375

approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 C.F.R. § 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under FIFRA and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website contains any false or misleading statement, design, or graphic, the product may be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA Sections 2(q)(1)(A) and 12(a)(1)(E). 40 C.F.R. § 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on the product label, claims made as part of the product's sale or distribution may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process under FIFRA Section 12(a)(1)(B). Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the product will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance.

Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6.

If you have any questions, please contact Kristy Crews by phone at (202) 566-1813, or via email at Crews.Kristy@epa.gov; or Craig Reeves by phone at (202) 566-2869, or via email at Reeves.Craig@epa.gov

Sincerely,

Kusty Crews

Kristy Crews, Ph.D., Product Manager 22

Fungicide Branch, Registration Division (7505T)

Office of Pesticide Programs, USEPA

Enclosure- Stamped Label

ACCEPTED

ONLY INDICATED REVISIONS REVIEWED

04/18/2024

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

91234-207

No label revisions other than those indicated were reported to the Agency.

[Note to reviewer: [Text] in brackets denotes optional or explanatory language [Note to reviewer: {Text} in braces denotes where in the final label text will appear

{BOOKLET FRONT PANEL LANGUAGE}

DIFENOCONAZOLE GROUP 3 FUNGICIDE

A253.01 [TM]

[Alternate Brand Name: Esquire]

Contains Difenoconazole, the active ingredient used in [Inspire®] [and] [Top MP].

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	(% by weight)
Difenoconazole*:	23.2%
OTHER INGREDIENTS**:	<u>76.8%</u>
TOTAL	100.0%
*CAC N = 44044C CO 2	

*CAS No. 119446-68-3
**Contains petroleum distillates

A253.01 is formulated as an emulsifiable concentrate (EC) containing 2.10 lb ai/gal of difenoconazole.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING/AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you DO NOT understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside label booklet for First Aid, Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

[A253.01[™]] Esquire is not manufactured, or distributed by Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC, seller of [Inspire®] [and] [Top MP®].

EPA Reg. No.: 91234-207

EPA Est. No.:

Net Weight:

Manufactured for: Atticus, LLC

940 NW Cary Parkway, Suite 200

Cary, NC 27513

Deleted: 5000 CentreGreen Way

Deleted: 1

{LANGUAGE INSIDE BOOKLET}

	FIRST AID			
If in eyes:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.			
-	Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.			
If swallowed:	 Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. DO NOT give any liquid to the person. DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 			
If on skin or clothing:	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.			
If inhaled:	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.			
	HOT LINE NUMBER			
•	uct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going You may also contact SafetyCall at 1-844-685-9173 for emergency medical treatment			
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN				
Contains petrole	eum distillates - vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.			

For Chemical Emergency: Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, Call CHEMTREC Day or Night

Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals WARNING/AVISO

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. **DO NOT** get in eyes or on clothing. Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Mixers, loaders, applicators and all other handlers must wear:

- Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, or Viton® \geq 14 mils
- Protective eyewear
- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Socks and shoes

User Safety Requirements

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Formatted: Font color: Auto

Formatted: Font color: Auto

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is toxic to fish, mammals, and aquatic invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic estuarine/marine organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. **DO NOT** apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

DO NOT discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. **DO NOT** discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or regional office of the EPA.

Surface Water Advisory

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product may contaminate water through drift or spray in wind. This product has a potential for runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential for contamination of water from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is expected to occur within 48 hours. Sound erosion control practices will reduce this product's potential to reach aquatic sediment via runoff.

Physical or Chemical Hazards

DO NOT use or store near heat or open flame. Do not mix or allow to come in contact with oxidizing agents. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, or Viton ≥14 mils
- Protective eyewear
- Coveralls
- · Socks and shoes

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW DIRECTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN CROP INJURY, POOR DISEASE CONTROL, OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

A253.01 is a broad spectrum fungicide with systemic and curative properties recommended for the control of many important plant diseases. **A253.01** may be applied as a foliar spray in alternating spray programs or in tank mixes with other crop protection products. All applications must be made according to the use directions that follow.

PRODUCT USE INSTRUCTIONS

Application: Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control. Make up no more spray solution than is needed for application. Avoid spray overlap, as crop injury may occur.

Efficacy: Under certain conditions conducive to extended infection periods, use another registered fungicide for additional applications if maximum amount of **A253.01** has been used. If resistant isolates to Group 3 fungicides are present, efficacy can be reduced. Under high disease pressure, it is recommended to use the highest rate and shortest interval.

Rotational Crops: Please see the table below for the crop ro	
Rotational Crop	Planting Time From Last A253.01 Application
Artichoke, Globe	
Bean and Pea, Dried Shelled Subgroup 6C	
Berry, Bushberry Subgroup 13-07B	
Berry, Low Growing Subgroup 13-07G, [except	
Cranberry]	
Brassica (Cole) Head and Stem vegetables Group 5-	
16[*]	
Brassica (Cole) Leafy greens Subgroup 4-16B	
Bulb vegetables, bulb onion Subgroup 3-07A and	
green onion Subgroup 3-07B	
Carrots	
Chickpeas	
Citrus fruit Crop Group 10-10[*]	
Cotton Subgroup 20C	
Cucurbit vegetables Crop Group 9	
Fruit, small, vine climbing Subgroup 13-07F, except	
fuzzy kiwifruit[*]	
Fruiting vegetables Crop Group 8-10	
Ginseng	
Guava[*]	
Kohlrabi[*]	
Papaya[*]	
Pome fruit Crop Group 11-10[*]	0 days
Potatoes	
Rapeseed Subgroup 20A[*]	
Rice	
Soybeans	
Stone fruit Crop Group 12-12[*]	
Strawberry	
Sugar beets	
Tomatoes and tomatillos	
Tree nuts Crop Group 14-12[*]	
Tuberous and corm vegetable subgroup 1C	
Watercress[*]	
Wild rice	
Cereals (wheat, barley, triticale, oats and rye)	
Root and Tuber Vegetables, Crop Group 1 (except	
Carrot, Sugar Beet, and Tuberous Corm Vegetable	30 days
Subgroup 1C)	•
Berry, Bushberry Subgroup 13-07B	<u>60 days</u>
All other crops intended for food and feed	60 days
[*NOT FOR USE IN WASHINGTON]	

Crop Tolerance: Plant tolerance has been found acceptable for all crops on the label; however, not all possible tank-mix combinations have been tested under all conditions. When possible, it is recommended to test the combinations on a small portion of the crop to ensure a phytotoxic response will not occur as a result of application.

SPRAY DRIFT

MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT

Aerial Applications

- DO NOT release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- For all applications, applicators are required to use a medium or coarser spray droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- The boom length must not exceed 65% of the wingspan for airplanes or 75% of the rotor blade diameter for helicopters.
- Applicators must use 1/2 swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Nozzles must be oriented so the spray is directed toward the back of the aircraft.
- DO NOT apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- DO NOT apply during temperature inversions.

Ground Applications

- Apply with the nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- For all applications, applicators are required to use a medium or coarser spray droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- DO NOT apply during temperature inversions.

Boom-less Ground Applications:

- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1) for all applications.
- DO NOT apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- DO NOT apply during temperature inversions.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Boom

- Volume Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles
 designed to reduce drift.

Controlling Droplet Size - Aircraft

 Adjust Nozzles - Follow nozzle manufacturers recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight. Formatted: Font: 11 pt

Deleted: ¶

Deleted: Aerial Applications ¶

DO NOT release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.¶

For all applications, applicators are required to use a medium or coarser spray droplet size (ASABE S572.1).¶
The boom length must not exceed 65% of the wingspan for airplanes or 75% of the rotor blade diameter for helicopters.¶
All policators must use 1/2 swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.¶

Nozzles must be oriented so the spray is directed toward the back of the aircraft. \P

 ${\bf DO}$ ${\bf NOT}$ apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site. \P

DO NOT apply during temperature inversions. ¶

Ground Applications ¶

Apply with the nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or crop canopy.¶

For all applications, applicators are required to use a medium or coarser spray droplet size (ASABE S572.1).¶

DO NOT apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour

at the application site. \P DO NOT apply during temperature inversions. \P

Apply during temperature inversions.

Boom-less Ground Applications: ¶

Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1) for all applications. \P

DO NOT apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site. \P

DO NOT apply during temperature inversions. ¶

Formatted: Font: 11 pt

BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom

For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

RELEASE HEIGHT - Aircraft

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

SHIFLDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed.

• Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

Boom-less Ground Applications:

• Setting nozzles at the lowest effective height will help to reduce the potential for spray drift.

Handheld Technology Applications:

Take precautions to minimize spray drift,

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

DIFENOCONAZOLE GROUP 3 FUNGICIDE

For resistance management, **A253.01** contains a Group 3 fungicide. Any fungal population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **A253.01** and other Group 3 fungicides. A gradual or total loss of pest control may occur over time if these fungicides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

DO NOT apply to plants grown for transplanting purposes.

To delay fungicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of A253.01 or other Group 3 fungicides within a growing season sequence with different groups that control the same pathogens.
- Use tank mixtures with fungicides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.
- Adopt an integrated disease management program for fungicide use that includes scouting, uses historical
 information related to pesticide use, and crop rotation, and which considers host plant resistance, impact

Deleted: SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES¶

Formatted: Font: 10 pt

Formatted: No Spacing, Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers

Deleted: THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING

OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT.¶

BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.¶
IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE¶

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions. ¶

Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Boom ¶

Volume - Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate ¶

Pressure - Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Spray Nozzle - Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift. ¶

¶

Controlling Droplet Size - Aircraft¶
Adjust Nozzles - Follow nozzle manufacturers

Adjust Nozzles - Follow nozzle manufacturers recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight. ¶

BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom¶

Use the lowest boom height that is compatible with the spray nozzles that will provide uniform coverage. For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.¶

RELEASE HEIGHT - Aircraft ¶

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift. When applying aerially to crops, **DO NOT** release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the crop canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.¶ SHIELDED SPRAYERS¶

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

Deleted: ¶

Formatted Table

of environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.

- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide applications. Note that
 using predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance.
- Monitor treated fungal populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor for any additional pesticide resistancemanagement and/or IPM recommendations for specific crops and pathogens.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact, LLC at 984-465-480Q, You can also
 contact your pesticide distributor or university extension specialist to report resistance.

Deleted: 754

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

SPRAY EQUIPMENT

Nozzles

- Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application.
- Use the same size nozzles uniformly spaced across the boom.
- Calibrate sprayer before use.
- Use screens to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging.
- On suction side of pump use screens that are 16-mesh or coarser.
- DO NOT place a screen in the recirculation line.
- Use 50-mesh or coarser screens between the pump and boom, and where required, at the nozzles.
- Check nozzle manufacturer's recommendations.

Pump

- Use a pump with capacity to:
 - (1) Maintain sufficient pressure at the nozzle tip to give the required flow rate and droplet size to provide acceptable coverage of the target crop.
 - (2) Provide sufficient agitation in tank to keep mixture in suspension this requires recirculation of 10% of tank volume per minute.
- Use a jet agitator or liquid sparge tube for agitation.
- DO NOT air sparge.

For more information on spray equipment and calibration, consult sprayer manufacturers and state recommendations. For specific local directions and spray schedules, consult the current state agricultural recommendations.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

- Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate operation.
- Thoroughly clean spray equipment before using this product.
- Agitate the spray solution before and during application.
- Rinse spray tank thoroughly with clean water after each day's use and dispose of pesticide rinsate by application to an already treated area.

A253.01 Alone (no tank mix):

- Add 1/2-2/3 of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank.
- With the agitator running, add **A253.01** to the tank.
- Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water.
- Begin application of the spray solution after A253.01 has completely dispersed into the mix water.
- Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been sprayed.

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

A253.01 + Tank Mixtures: A253.01 is usually compatible with tank-mix partners. To determine the physical compatibility of **A253.01** with other products, use a jar test. Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to 1 qt of water. Add wettable powders and water dispersible granular products first, then liquid flowables, and emulsifiable concentrates last. After thoroughly mixing, let stand for at least 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding required ingredients to the spray tank.

Mixing in the Spray Tank

- Add 1/2-2/3 of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank.
- · With the agitator running, add the tank-mix partner(s) into the tank in the same order as described above.
- Allow the material to completely dissolve and disperse into the mix water. Continue agitation while adding
 the remainder of the water and A253.01 to the spray tank.
- Allow A253.01 to completely disperse.
- Spray the mixture with the agitator running.
- Observe all directions for use, crops/sites, use rates, dilution ratios, precautions, and limitations which appear on the tank mix product label.
- Label dosage rate must not be exceeded, and the most restrictive label precautions and limitations must be followed.
- This product must not be mixed with any product which prohibits such mixing.
- It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read
 and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in
 tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each
 product in the tank mixture.

APPLICATION PROCEDURES

Ground Application:

• Apply in a minimum of 10 gal of water per acre, unless specified otherwise.

Aerial Application:

- Use only on crops where aerial applications are indicated.
- Apply in a minimum of 5 gal of water per acre, unless specified otherwise. For pome fruit apply in a minimum of 10 gal of water per acre.
- DO NOT apply under conditions when uniform coverage cannot be obtained or when excessive spray drift
 may occur.
- DO NOT apply directly to humans or animals.

Application Through Irrigation Systems (Chemigation)

- Use only on crops for which chemigation is specified on this label.
- Apply this product only through center pivot, solid set, hand move, or moving wheel irrigation systems. DO
 NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- Apply in 0.125-0.25 inches/A of water. Excessive water may reduce efficacy.
- If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment
 manufacturers, or other experts.
- DO NOT connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a
 public water system, unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in
 place.

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

 A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Note: DO NOT inject **A253.01** at full strength or deterioration of valves and seals may occur. Use a dilution ratio of at least 10 parts water to 1-part **A253.01**. **A253.01** is corrosive to many seal materials. Leather seals are best. EPDM or silicone rubber seals can be used but should be replaced once a year. **DO NOT** use Viton, Buna-N, Neoprene, or PVC seals.

Operating Instructions

- 1. The system must contain a functional check-valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drainappropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check-valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 5. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump), effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. **DO NOT** apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended.

Center Pivot Irrigation Equipment

Notes: (1) Use only with drive systems which provide uniform water distribution. (2) **DO NOT** use end guns when chemigating **A253.01** through center pivot systems because of non-uniform application.

- Determine the size of the area to be treated.
- Determine the time required to apply 1/8-1/2 inch of water over the area to be treated when the system
 and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures as recommended by the equipment
 manufacturer. When applying A253.01 through irrigation equipment use the lowest obtainable water
 volume while maintaining uniform distribution. Run the system at 80-95% of the manufacturer's rated
 capacity.
- Using water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure.
- Determine the amount of A253.01 required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- Add the required amount of A253.01 and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements to the solution tank.
- Make sure the system is fully charged with water before starting injection of the A253.01 solution. Time
 the injection to last at least as long as it takes to bring the system to full pressure.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Continue to operate the system until the A253.01 solution has cleared from the last sprinkler head.

Solid Set, Hand Move, and Moving Wheel Irrigation Equipment

• Determine the acreage covered by the sprinklers.

Deleted: 1.

Formatted: Font: 10 pt

Formatted: List Paragraph, Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.25" + Indent at: 0.5"

Deleted: 2.

Deleted: 3.

Deleted: 4.

Deleted: 5.

Deleted: 6.

Deleted: 7.

- Fill injector solution tank with water and adjust flow rate to use the contents over a 20 to 30-minute interval.
 When applying A253.01 through irrigation equipment use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution.
- Determine the amount of A253.01 required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- Add the required amount of A253.01 into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection period.
- Operate the system at the same pressure and time interval established during the calibration.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until the A253.01 solution has cleared the last sprinkler head.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS FOR PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

- Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumptions
 if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals
 daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- 2. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, back-flow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. **DO NOT** apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS

		Use Rate	De
		fl oz product/A	\\\\\ <u>-</u>
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions Fo
Almonds[*]	Alternaria leafspot	5 – 6.95	Begin applications prior to disease onset whe
	(A. alternata)	(0.082 - 0.114)	conditions are conducive for disease. Apply
	Anthracnose		A253.01 on a 14- to 21-day schedule making
	(Colletotrichum. acutatum)	[6.95	no more than 2 sequential applications befor Fo
	Blossom Blight	(0.114)	alternating to another fungicide with a Do
	Brown rot	(CA Only)]	different mode of action.
	(Monilinia spp.)		Fo
	Brown rot/hull rot		If monitoring or history indicates the presence
	(Monilinia spp.)		of Alternaria, apply 6.95 fl oz/A (0.114 lb ai) of
	Powdery mildew		A253.01 in the late spring (mid-April to
	(Podosphaera tridactyla,		beginning of May) and then repeat the
	Sphaerotheca pannosa)		treatment 2-3 weeks later.
	Scab		

De	leted:	1.

Formatted: Font: 10 pt

Formatted: List Paragraph, Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.25" + Indent at: 0.5"

Deleted: ¶

Deleted: 2.

Formatted: Font: 10 pt

Deleted: ¶

Deleted: 3.

Formatted: Font: 10 pt

Deleted: ¶

Deleted: 4.

Formatted: Font: 10 pt

Deleted: ¶

Deleted: 5.

Formatted: Font: 10 pt

Deleted: ¶

Deleted: 6.

Formatted: Font: 10 pt

Deleted: ¶

Deleted: 7.

Formatted: Font: 10 pt

Deleted:

Formatted: Right: -0.07"

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A (lb ai)	Application Instructions
	(Venturia carpophilia) Shot hole (Wilsonmyces carpophilus)		For blossom blight, begin applications at early bloom and continue through petal fall.
			[Optional language if label has a rate range and a single interval: If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.]
			[Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.]
			[Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.]
	Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage.		
	A253.01 can be applied by either ground or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A of water for ground applications. For aerial applications use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.		

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai) /A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 3) **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum application rate.
- 4) Minimum Application Interval: 14 days.
- 5) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 6) DO NOT apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

Deleted:] [

		Use Rate fl oz product/A	
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions
Artichoke, Globe[*]	Ramularia leaf spot	6.95	Begin applications prior to disease onset when
	Ramularia bud spot	(0.114)	conditions are conducive for disease. Apply
	(R. cynarae)		A253.01 on a 14-day schedule making no more
			than 2 sequential applications before
			alternating to another fungicide with a
			different mode of action.

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **A253.01** can be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application. For ground applications, apply in 50-200 gallons of water per acre to obtain coverage without excessive runoff. For aerial applications Use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) ${\bf DO}$ ${\bf NOT}$ apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 3) **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year.
- 4) Minimum Application Interval: 14 days.
- 5) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 6) DO NOT apply A253.01 within 3 days of harvest (3-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A (lb ai)	Application Instructions
Bean and Pea,	Anthranose	6.95	Begin applications prior to disease onset when
Dried Shelled	(Colletotrichum	(0.114)	conditions are conducive for disease. Apply
(except soybean)	lindemuthianum)		A253.01 on a 14-day schedule making no more
Subgroup 6C[*]	Alternaria leaf spot		than 2 sequential applications before
	(A. alternata)		alternating to another fungicide with a
To be grown for	Alternaria blight		different mode of action.
bean, dried seed	(Alternaria spp.)		
only	Ascochyta leaf and pod spot		
	(Ascochyta spp.)		
Phaseolus	Ascochyta blight		
Vigna	(Mycosphaerella		
Pisum	pinodes)		
Lupinus	Cercospora leaf spot		
	(Cercospora cruenta)		
See complete list			
below			
See specific			
directions for			
soybeans and			
chickpea			

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **A253.01** can be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A of water for ground applications. For aerial applications use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Complete List of Bean and Pea, dried shelled (except soybean) – Subgroup 6C: Dried cultivars of bean (Lupinus); bean (Phaseolus) (includes field bean, kidney bean, lima bean, navy bean, pinto bean, tepary bean); bean (Vigna) (includes adzuki bean, blackeyed pea, catjang, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, southern pea, urd bean); broad bean; guar; lablab bean; lentil; pea Pisum) (includes field pea); pigeon pea

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) DO NOT apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of A253.01.
- 2) $\bf DO\ NOT$ apply more than 14 fl oz/A/year of $\bf A253.01$ (0.230 lb ai/A/year) for pea vines and hay.
- 3) DO NOT apply more than 6.95 fl oz per acre per application. (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole)
- 4) **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications year.
- 5) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 6) **DO NOT** feed or harvest cowpeas forage and hay.
- 7) DO NOT apply A253.01 within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI)

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

		Use Rate fl oz product/A		
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions	
Berry, Low	Anthracnose	5.5 - 6.95	Begin applications prior to disease onset when	1
Growing Subgroup	(Colletotrichum acutatum)	(0.090 - 0.114)	conditions are conducive for disease. Apply	
13-07G[*]	Leaf spot		A253.01 on a 7- to 14-day schedule making n	Del
	(Cercospora fragariae)		more than 2 sequential applications before	
Strawberry[*]	Powdery mildew		alternating to another fungicide with a	Dele
	(Sphaerotheca macularis)		different mode of action.	
See additional	Leaf rust			
crops below	(Phragmidium potentillae)		[Optional language if label has a rate range	
			and a single interval: If disease pressure is	
See separate			high, use the highest rate.]	
Instructions for				
cranberry			[Optional language if label has a single rate	
			and interval range: If disease pressure is high,	
			use the shortest interval.]	
			Continual languages if label has a water warms	
			[Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is high,	
			use the shortest interval and highest rate.]	
	Application: For hest results so	ufficient water volur	ne must be used to provide thorough coverage.	=
			aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A of	
			ns, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water. For	
			Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a	
	decrease in efficacy.	menes/11 or water.	chemigation with excessive water may read to a	
Additional Low Grov	ving Berries: Bearberry, Bilberry,	Cloudberry, Muntrie	s, Partridgeberry, Strawberry including all	
cultivars and/or hybr		,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Specific Use Restrict				
•	re than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/ye	ear of A253.01 .		
2) DO NOT apply mo	re than 6.95 fl oz per application	(0.114 lb ai of difeno	conazole).	
	al A P II	•	,	

2) DO NOT apply more than 6.95 ft oz per application (0.114 lb at or direnoconazole).

3) DO NOT make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum application rate.

4) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days.

5) DO NOT apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.

6) A253.01 may be applied up to the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

		Use Rate fl oz product/A		
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions	
Brassica	Alternaria diseases	5 – 6.95	Begin applications prior to disease onset when	
Head and Stem	(Alternaria spp.)	(0.082 - 0.114)	conditions are conducive for disease. Apply	
Vegetable Crop	Anthracnose		A253.01 on a 7- to 10-day schedule making no	
group 5-16[*]	(Colletotrichum		more than 2 sequential applications before	
	higginsianum)		alternating to another fungicide with a	
Broccoli	Cercospora leafspot		different mode of action.	
Brussels sprouts	(C. brassicicola)			
Cabbage	Powdery mildew		[Optional language if label has a rate range	
Cauliflower	(Erysiphe polygoni)		and a single interval: If disease pressure is	
			high, use the highest rate.]	
See additional				
crops below			[Optional language if label has a single rate	
			and interval range: If disease pressure is high,	
Including all			use the shortest interval.]	
Cultivars and/or				
hybrids of these			[Optional language if label has a rate range	
			and interval range: If disease pressure is high,	
			use the shortest interval and highest rate.]	
	Application: For best results,	sufficient water volun	ne must be used to provide thorough coverage.	
	A253.01 can be applied by ei	ther ground, chemigat	ion, or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15	
	gal/A of water for ground ap	plications. For chemiga	ation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water.	
	Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.			

Complete list of Brassica Head and Stem Vegetables Crop group 5-16 including: Broccoli; Brussels sprouts; cabbage; cabbage, Chinese, napa; cauliflower; cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of these commodities

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 3) **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum application rate.
- 4) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days.
- 5) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 6) **DO NOT** apply within 1 day of harvest (1-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

		Use Rate fl oz product/A	
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions
Brassica	Alternaria diseases	5 – 6.95	Begin applications prior to disease onset when
Leafy Greens	(Alternaria spp.)	(0.082 - 0.114)	conditions are conducive for disease. Apply
Subgroup 4-16B[*]	Anthracnose		A253.01 on a 7- to 10-day schedule making no
Arugula	(Colletotrichum		more than 2 sequential applications before
Chinese cabbage	higginsianum)		alternating to another fungicide with a
Bok Choy	Cercospora leafspot		different mode of action.
Collards	(C. brassicicola)		
Kale	Powdery mildew		[Optional language if label has a rate range
Mustard greens	(Erysiphe polygoni)		and a single interval: If disease pressure is
Turnip greens	, , , , , ,		high, use the highest rate.]

		Use Rate fl oz product/A	
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions
See additional			[Optional language if label has a single rate
crops below			and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.]
See separate			
instructions for			[Optional language if label has a rate range
watercress			and interval range: If disease pressure is high,
			use the shortest interval and highest rate.]
	Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage.		
	A253.01 can be applied by either ground, chemigation, or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15		
	gal/A of water for ground applications. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water.		
	Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.		

Complete list of Brassica Leafy Greens Vegetable subgroup 4-16B including: Arugula; broccoli raab; broccoli, Chinese; cabbage, abyssinian; cabbage, seakale; cabbage, Chinese, bok choy; collards; cress, garden; cress, upland; hanover salad; kale; maca, leaves; mizuna; mustard greens; radish, leaves; rape greens; rocket, wild; shepherd's purse; turnip greens; cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of these commodities.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 3) **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum application rate.
- 4) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days.
- 5) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 6) **DO NOT** apply within 1 day of harvest (1-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

		Use Rate	
Crop	Target Diseases	fl oz product/A (lb ai)	Application Instructions Formatted Table
Bulb Vegetables[*]	Cercospora leafspot	5 – 6.95	Application Instructions Formatted Table Begin applications prior to disease onset when
baib vegetables[]	(C. duddiae)	(0.082 – 0.114)	conditions are conducive for disease. Apply
Bulb Onion	Leaf blotch	(0.082 - 0.114)	A253.01 on a 7- to 10-day schedule making no
Subgroup 3-07A	(Cladosporium allii-cepae)		more than 2 sequential applications before
	' ' '		
Onions, bulb	Powdery Mildew		alternating to another fungicide with a
Garlic	(Leveillula taurica)		different mode of action.
Shallot	Purple blotch		
	(Alternaria porri)		[Optional language if label has a rate range
Green Onion	Stemphyllium leaf blight		and a single interval: If disease pressure is
Subgroup 3-07B	(S. vesicarium)		high, use the highest rate.]
Onions, green	Cladosporium leaf blotch		
Leek	(C. allii)		[Optional language if label has a single rate
Welsh onion tops	Rust		and interval range: If disease pressure is high,
	(Puccinia allii)		use the shortest interval.]
			[Optional language if label has a rate range
			and interval range: If disease pressure is high,
			use the shortest interval and highest rate.]
	Application: For best results, s	ufficient water volun	ne must be used to provide thorough coverage.
	· · ·		ion, or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15
<u> </u>	71233102 can be applied by citi	ici giodila, ciiciligat	ion, or defial application. Ose a minimum of 15

gal/A of water for ground applications. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Bulb onion subgroup 3-07A: Daylily, bulb; fritillaria, bulb; garlic, bulb; garlic, great-headed, bulb; garlic, serpent, bulb; lily, bulb; onion, bulb; onion, Chinese, bulb; onion, pearl; onion, potato, bulb; shallot, bulb; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Green onion subgroup 3-07B: Chive, fresh leaves; chive, Chinese, fresh leaves; elegans hosta; fritillaria, leaves; kurrat; lady's leek; leek; leek, wild; onion, Beltsville bunching; onion, fresh; onion, green; onion, macrostem; onion, tree, tops; onion, Welsh, tops; shallot, fresh leaves; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) For green onions, **DO NOT** apply more than 20.85 fl oz (0.34 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) For dry bulb onions, **DO NOT** apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 4) For green onions, **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year at the maximum application rate.
- 5) For dry bulb onions, DO NOT make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum application rate.
- 6) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days.
- 7) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.34 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products to green onions.
- 8) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products to dry bulb onions.
- 9) DO NOT apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

Deleted:] [

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A (lb ai)	Application Instructions	Formatted Table			
Carrots[*]	Cercospora leaf spot	5.5 – 6.95	Begin applications prior to disease onset when				
	(Cercospora carotae)	(0.090 - 0.114)	conditions are conducive for disease. Apply				
	Alternaria leaf blight	,	A253.01 on a 7- to 10-day schedule making n	Deleted: ¶			
	(Alternaria dauci)		more than 2 sequential applications before				
	Powdery mildew		alternating to another fungicide with a	Deleted: ¶			
	(Erysiphe spp.)		different mode of action.				
			[Optional language if label has a rate range and a single interval: If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.]				
			[Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.]				
			[Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.]				
	Application: For best results,	Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage.					
		A253.01 can be applied by either ground, chemigation, or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15					
	gal/A of water for ground app	gal/A of water for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.					
	For chemigation, apply in 0.1-to a decrease in efficacy.	0.25 inches/A of wate	er. Chemigation with excessive water may lead				

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) DO NOT apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).

- 3) **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum application rate.
- 4) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days
- 5) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 6) **DO NOT** apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

		Use Rate fl oz product/A	Deleted: ¶ ¶ ¶
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions
Chickpea[*]	Alternaria blight	5.5 - 6.95	Begin applications prior to disease onset when
	(A. Alternata)	(0.090 - 0.114)	conditions are conducive for disease. The
	Ascochyta blight		minimum retreatment interval is 14 days Deleted: ¶
	(A. Rabiei)		Make A253.01 applications at least 14 days
	Powdery mildew		apart, making no more than 2 sequential Deleted: ¶
	(Leveillula taurica)		applications before alternating to another
	Rust		fungicide with a different mode of action Deleted: ¶
	(Uromyces ciceris-arietini)		
			[Optional language if label has a rate range
			and a single interval: If disease pressure is
			high, use the highest rate.]
			ne must be used to provide thorough coverage.
	A253.01 can be applied by eith	er ground, chemigat	ion, or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15

Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

gal/A of water for ground applications. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 3) **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum application rate.
- 4) Minimum Application Interval: 14 days.
- 5) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 6) DO NOT apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

(
Deleted:	1 1
Deleteu.	IJ

		Use Rate fl oz product/A	
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions
Citrus Fruit Crop	Greasy spot	5 – 7.6	A253.01 applications should begin prior to
Group 10-10[*]	(Mycosphaerella citri)	(0.082 - 0.125)	disease development and continue throughout
	Melanose		the season on 7- to 21-day intervals following
Grapefruit	(Diaporthe citri)		the resistance management guidelines.
Lemon	Scab		Applications may be made by ground or air. An
Lime	(Elsinoe fawcettii)		adjuvant may be added at recommended
Orange (sour and	Sweet orange scab		rates. A horticultural spray oil should be used
sweet)	(Elsinoe australis)		to improve control of greasy spot.
Tangerine	Albinism		
	(Alternaria alternata pv.		[Optional language if label has a rate range Deleted:
Including all	citri)		and a single interval: If disease pressure
cultivars and/or	Post bloom fruit drop (PFD)		high, use the highest rate.]
hybrids of these	(Colletotrichum acutatum)		Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.12"
	Alternaria leaf and fruit spot		

		Use Rate fl oz product/A	
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions
See additional crops	(Alternaria citri)		[Optional language if label has a single rate
in this subgroup	Diplodia stem-end rot		and interval range: If disease pressure is high,
below	(Diplodia natalensis)		use the shortest interval.]
	Phomopsis stem-end rot		
	(Phomopsis citrii)		[Optional language if label has a rate range
	Anthracnose		and interval range: If disease pressure is high,
	(Colletotrichum spp.)		use the shortest interval and highest rate.]
	Black spot		
	(Guignardia citricarpa)		
	Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage.		
	A253.01 can be applied by either ground or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A of water		
	for ground applications. For ae	rial applications, use	a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.

Citrus Fruit subgroup: Australian desert lime; Australian finger-lime; Australian round lime; Brown River finger lime; calamondin; citrus citron; citrus hybrids (includes chironja, tangelo, tangor); grapefruit; Japanese summer grapefruit; kumquat; lemon; lime; Mediterranean mandarin; mount white lime; New Guinea wild lime; mandarin (tangerine); orange, sour; orange, sweet; pummelo; Russell River lime; satsuma mandarin; sweet lime; tachibana orange; Tahiti lime; tangelo; tangor; trifoliate orange; uniq fruit; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 7.6 fl oz per application (0.125 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 3) **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year at the maximum application rate.
- 4) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days.
- 5) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.5 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 6) A253.01 may be applied up to the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

Deleted:] [

		Use Rate fl oz product/A	
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions Formatted Table
Cotton (Subgroup	Alternaria leafspot	5.0 - 6.95	For best activity, apply A253.01 prior to or
20C)[*]	(Alternaria spp.)	(0.082 - 0.114)	early in the disease development. An adjuvant
	Areolate mildew		may be added at specified rates. For foliar Deleted: ¶
	(Ramularia gossypii)		disease control, the first application should be
	Leafspots and blights		targeted approximately at pin-head square to Deleted: ¶
	(Alternaria spp.,		first bloom or when conditions are conducive
	Ascochyta gossypii,		for disease development. For best control of
	Cercospora spp.,		target spot, adjust the GPA to ensure coverage
	Stemphyllium spp.)		of upper and lower leaves. Subsequent
	Jarget spot		applications may be made on a 14-21 day Deleted: ¶
	(Corynespora cassiicola)		interval.
			DO NOT apply more than two sequential
			applications before alternating to a fungicide
			with a different mode of action.
Application: For best	t results, sufficient water volume	must be used to prov	vide thorough coverage. A253.01 can be applied

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **A253.01** can be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 5 gal/A of water. Applicators must use care in making applications near non-target aquatic habitats.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 20.7 fl oz (0.34 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 3) **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year at the maximum application rate.
- 4) Minimum Application Interval: 14 days.
- 5) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.34 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 6) DO NOT apply A253.01 within 45 days of harvest (45-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

Deleted:] [

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A (lb ai)	Application Instructions
Cranberry[*]	Bitter rot	6.95	For best activity, apply A253.01 prior to or
,	(Colletotrichum	(0.114)	early in the disease development. An adjuvant
	gloeosporioides)	, ,	may be added at specified rates. Apply on a 7-
	Blotch rot (Physalospora vaccinia)		14 day interval.
	Cottonball (Monilinia oxycocci)		DO NOT apply more than two sequential applications before alternating to a fungicide
	Leaf rust (Pucciniastrum vaccinii)		with a different mode of action.
	Ripe rot (Coleophoma empetri)		

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **A253.01** can be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 5 gal/A of water. Applicators must use care in making applications near non-target aquatic habitats.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 20.85 fl oz (0.34 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) ${f DO}$ ${f NOT}$ apply more than 0.34 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 4) **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- 5) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days.
- 6) **DO NOT** allow release of irrigation or flood water for at least 7 days after the last application.
- 7) **DO NOT** apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas to non-target aquatic habitat.
- 8) **DO NOT** treat fields used for aquaculture of fish or crustacean.
- 9) ${f DO}$ ${f NOT}$ drain water from treated fields into ponds used for aquaculture of fish or crustacean.
- 10) $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{DO}}$ $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{NOT}}$ use water drained from treated field to irrigate other crops.
- 11) DO NOT apply A253.01 within 30 days of harvest (30-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A (lb ai)	Application Instructions
Cucurbit Vegetables	Powdery mildew	5 – 6.95	Begin applications prior to disease onset when
Crop Group 9[*]	(Sphaerotheca fuliginea,	(0.082 - 0.114)	conditions are conducive for disease. Apply
	Erysiphe cichoracearum)		253.01 on a 7- to 10-day schedule making no
Cantaloupe	Alternaria leaf blight		more than 2 sequential applications before
Cucumber	(A. cucumerina)		alternating to another fungicide with a
Honeydew	Alternaria leaf spot		different mode of action.
Muskmelon	(A. alternata)		
Watermelon	Anthracnose		[Optional language if label has a rate range
Pumpkin	(Colletotrichum orbiculare)		and a single interval: If disease pressure is
Squash	Cercospora leafspot		high, use the highest rate.]
Zucchini	(C. citrullina)		
	Gummy stem blight		[Optional language if label has a single rate
Including cultivars	(Didymella bryoniae)		and interval range: If disease pressure is high,
and/or hybrids of		fl oz/1000	use the shortest interval.]
these	Septoria leaf blight	sq ft	
	(S. cucurbitacearum)		[Optional language if label has a rate range
See additional	Plectosporium blight	0.13 - 0.16	and interval range: If disease pressure is high,
cucurbit crops	(P. tabacinum)		use the shortest interval and highest rate.]
below	Phoma blight		
	(P. exigua)		Greenhouse Use for Cucumber only: For
	Phyllosticta leafspot		production in covered areas, use A253.01 for
	(P. cucurbitacearum)		no more than 50% of sprays per crop. Rotate
	,		with other registered products with different
			modes of action (FRAC codes).
	Application: For best results, su	fficient water volun	ne must be used to provide thorough coverage.
	A253.01 can be applied by either	er ground, chemigat	tion, or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15
	gal/A of water for ground applic	cations (20 for gumr	my stem blight). For chemigation, apply in 0.1-
	0.25 inches/A of water. Chemig	ation with excessive	e water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Complete list of cucurbit crops: Chayote (fruit); Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon); citron melon; cucumber; gherkin; gourd, edible (includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra); Momordica spp. (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bittermelon, Chinese cucumber); muskmelon (includes cantaloupe); pumpkin; squash, summer; squash, winter (includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acorn squash, spaghetti squash); watermelon

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) Greenhouse use is only for cucumber.
 - **DO NOT** apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01** for greenhouse use.
 - **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.

2) Field Use:

- **DO NOT** apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 4) **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum application rate.
- 5) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days.
- 6) A253.01 may be applied up to the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

		Use Rate			
		fl oz product/A			
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions		
Filberts[*]	Eastern Filbert	5 – 6.95	Begin applications prior to disease onset when		
(Hazelnuts)	Blight	(0.082 - 0.114)	conditions are conducive for disease. Apply		
	(Anisogramma anomala)		A253.01 on a 14- to 21-day schedule making		
			no more than 2 sequential applications before		
			alternating to another fungicide with a		
			different mode of action.		
			[Optional language if label has a rate range		
			and a single interval: If disease pressure is		
			high, use the highest rate.]		
			[Optional language if label has a single rate		
			and interval range: If disease pressure is high,		
			use the shortest interval.]		
			[Optional language if label has a rate range		
			and interval range: If disease pressure is high,		
			use the shortest interval and highest rate.]		
	Application: For best results, su	fficient water volum	ne must be used to provide thorough coverage.		
	A253.01 can be applied by either	er ground or aerial a	pplication. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A of water		
	for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.				

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3) ${\bf DO}$ ${\bf NOT}$ apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 4) **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum application rate.
- 5) Minimum Application Interval: 14 days.
- 6) DO NOT apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

	Deleted:]	[
--	----------	---	---

		Use Rate fl oz product/A		
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions	
Fruiting	Early blight	4 – 6.95	Begin applications at first sign of disease or	
Vegetables Crop	(Alternaria solani)	(0.066 - 0.114)	when conditions are conducive for disease	
Group 8-10[*]	Black mold		development. Apply A253.01 on a 7- to 14-day	
Eggplant	(A. alternata)		schedule. A253.01 can be used in blocking	
Groundcherry	Gray leafspot		program using a maximum of two consecutive	
Pepino	(Stemphylium botryosum)		applications before rotating to fungicides with	
Pepper	Powdery mildew		another mode of action that are registered for	
(includes bell	(Leveillula taurica)		these diseases. If disease pressure is high, use	
pepper, chili	Septoria leafspot		the highest rate and shortest interval.	
pepper, cooking	(S. lycopersici)			
pepper, pimento,	Target spot		[Optional language if label has a rate range	
sweet pepper)	(Corynespora cassiicola)		and a single interval: If disease pressure is	
Tomatillo	Anthracnose		high, use the highest rate.]	
Tomato	(Colletotrichum spp.)			

	Leaf mold	[Optional language if label has a single rate
See additional	(Fulvia fulva)	and interval range: If disease pressure is high,
crops in this		use the shortest interval.]
subgroup below		
		[Optional language if label has a rate range
		and interval range: If disease pressure is high,
		use the shortest interval and highest rate.]
	Application: For best results, suf	ficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage.
	A253.01 can be applied by either	ground, chemigation, or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15
	gal/A of water for ground applica	ations. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 5 gal/A of water.
	For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.2	5 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to
	a decrease in efficacy.	
Exuiting Vagatables	autamana African aganlant buch t	remote, bell nearest encount surrent terrete, complete modes

Fruiting Vegetables subgroup: African eggplant; bush tomato; bell pepper; cocona; currant tomato; eggplant; garden huckleberry; goji berry; groundcherry; martynia; naranjilla; okra; pea eggplant; pepino; pepper, bell; pepper, nonbell; roselle; scarlet eggplant; sunberry; tomatillo; tomato; tree tomato; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3) ${\bf DO}$ ${\bf NOT}$ apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 4) **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum application rate.
- 5) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days.
- 6) A253.01 may be applied up to the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

Deleted:] [

et Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions
x) ildew	6.95 (0.114)	Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are conducive for disease. Apply A253.01 on a 7- to 14-day schedule making no more than 2 sequential applications before alternating to another fungicide with a
֡	per biseases silight x) ildew e spp.)	llight 6.95 x) (0.114) ildew

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage.

A253.01 can be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3) ${\bf DO\ NOT}$ apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 4) **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year.
- 5) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days.
- 6) A253.01 may be applied up to the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

	T T	Use Rate			
		fl oz product/A			
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions Formatte		
Grapes[*]	Alternaria rot	5 – 6.95	For powdery mildew, begin at bud break and	d lable	
(except Concord,	(A. alternata)	(0.082 – 0.114)	apply on a 10- to 21-day interval, making no		
Concord	Powdery mildew	(0.002 0.114)	more than 2 sequential applications before		
Seedless, and	(Uncinula necator)		alternating to a fungicide with a different		
Thomcord.	Rotbrenner		mode of action.		
See Precaution	(Pseudopezicula		Though of detion.		
under Application	tracheiphila)		For Black rot - begin when shoot length is 1-3		
Instructions)	Septoria leaf spot		inches and continue on a 10-day interval		
,	(S. ampelina)		making no more than 2 sequential applications		
(Fruit, small, vine	Black Rot		before alternating to another fungicide with a		
climbing, except	(Guignarda bidwellii)		different mode of action.		
fuzzy kiwifruit –	Angular leafspot				
subgroup 13-	(Mycosphearella angulata)		For all other diseases, begin applications prior		
07F)[*]	Anthracnose		to disease onset when conditions are		
	(Elsinoe ampelina)		conducive for disease. Apply A253.01 on a 10-		
See additional crops	Leaf Blight		to 21-day schedule making no more than 2		
in this subgroup	(Pseudocercospora vitis)		sequential applications before alternating to		
below			another fungicide with a different mode of		
			action.		
			[Optional language if label has a rate range and a single interval: If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.] [Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.] [Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.] PRECAUTION: On V. labrusca, V. labrusca hybrids and other non-viniferea hybrids where sensitivity is not known, the use of A253.01 by itself or in tank mixtures with materials that may increase uptake (adjuvants, foliar fertilizers) may result in leaf		
	Application: For host results su	fficient water value	burning or other phytotoxic effects.		
			ne must be used to provide thorough coverage.		
		A253.01 can be applied by either ground or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A of water or ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.			
Complete list of smal			13-07F: Amur river grape; gooseberry; grape;		

Complete list of small fruit vine climbing, except fuzzy kiwifruit, subgroup 13-07F: Amur river grape; gooseberry; grape; kiwifruit, hardy; maypop; schisandra berry; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

- Specific Use Restrictions:
 1) DO NOT apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of A253.01.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).

- 4) **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum application rate.
- 5) Minimum Application Interval: 10 days.
- 6) DO NOT apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

Deleted:] [

		Use Rate fl oz product/A	
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions
Guava[*]	Alternaria Fruit Rot	6.95	For best activity, apply A253.01 prior to or
	(Alternaria spp.)	(0.114)	early in the disease development. An adjuvant
	Anthracnose		may be added at specified rates. Apply on a 7-
	(Colletotrichum		14 day interval.
	gloeosporioides)		
			DO NOT apply more than two sequential
			applications before alternating to a fungicide
	Suppression		with a different mode of action.
	Rust		
	(Puccinia psidii)		

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **A253.01** can be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water. Applicators must use care in making applications near non-target aquatic habitats.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3) ${\bf DO\ NOT}$ apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 4) $\ensuremath{\text{\textbf{DO NOT}}}$ make more than 4 applications per year.
- 5) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days.
- 6) A253.01 may be applied the day of harvest. (0-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

Cuan	Toward Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Application Instructions (
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions Formatted Table
Kohlrabi[*]	Alternaria diseases	5 – 6.95	Begin applications prior to disease onset when
	(Alternaria spp.)	(0.082 - 0.114)	conditions are conducive for disease. Apply
	Anthracnose		A253.01 on a 7- to 10-day schedule making no
	(Colletotrichum		more than 2 sequential applications before
	higginsianum)		alternating to another fungicide with a
	Cercospora leafspot		different mode of action.
	(C. brassicicola)		
	Powdery mildew		[Optional language if label has a rate range
	(Erysiphe polygoni)		and a single interval: If disease pressure is
			high, use the highest rate.]
			[Optional language if label has a single rate
			and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.]

[Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.]

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **A253.01** can be applied by either ground, chemigation, or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A of water for ground applications. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 4) **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum application rate.
- 5) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days.
- 6) DO NOT apply within 1 day of harvest (1-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

Deleted:] [

Deleted: ¶

		Use Rate fl oz product/A	1
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions
Papaya[*]	Blossom blight and fruit rot	6.95	For best activity, apply A253.01 prior to or
	(Colletotrichum	(0.114)	early in the disease development. An adjuvant
	gloeosporioides)		may be added at specified rates. Apply on a 7-
	Alternaria fruit spot		14 day interval.
	(A. alternata)		
	Powdery Mildew		DO NOT apply more than two sequential
	(Erysiphe spp.)		applications before alternating to a fungicide
	Brown Spot		with a different mode of action.
	(Corvnespora cassicola)		

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **A253.01** can be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water. Applicators must use care in making applications near non-target aquatic habitats.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 4) **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year.
- 5) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days.
- 6) A253.01 may be applied the day of harvest. (0-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

		Use Rate fl oz product/A	
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions
Pecans[*]	Pecan Scab	5 – 6.95	Begin applications prior to disease onset when
	(Cladosporium caryigenum)	(0.082 - 0.114)	conditions are conducive for disease. Apply
	Downy Spot		A253.01 on a 14-day schedule making no more
	(Mycosphaerella caryigena)		than 2 sequential applications before
	Liver Spot		alternating to another fungicide with a
	(Gnomonia caryae)		different mode of action.
	Vein Spot		
	(Gnomomia nerviseda)		[Optional language if label has a rate range
	Zonate Leaf Spot		and a single interval: If disease pressure is
	(Grovesinia pyramidalis)		high, use the highest rate.]
	Powdery Mildew		
	(Microsphaera penicillata)		
	Application: For best results, suffi	cient water volume	must be used to provide thorough coverage.
	A253.01 can be applied by either a	ground or aerial ap	plication. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A of water
	for ground applications. For aerial	applications, use a	minimum of 10 gal/A of water.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.113 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 4) **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum application rate.
- 5) Minimum Application Interval: 14 days.
- 6) DO NOT apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

ormatted Table

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A (lb ai)	Application Instructions ← F _r
Pistachios[*]	Panicle and Shoot Blight (Botryosphaeria dothidea) Alternaria late blight (Alternaria spp.) Septoria leaf spot (S. pistaciarum)	5 – 6.95 (0.082 – 0.114)	Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are conducive for disease. Apply A253.01 on a 14- to 21-day schedule making no more than 2 sequential applications before alternating to another fungicide with a different mode of action. For Botryosphaeria, begin applications when green leaf tissue becomes visible and continue on a 14- to 21-day interval. Make no more than 2 sequential applications before alternating to another fungicide with a different mode of action. [Optional language if label has a rate range and a single interval: If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.]

[Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.]			
[Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.]			
 Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. A253.01 can be applied by either ground or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A of water			

for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water. Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 4) ${\bf DO}$ ${\bf NOT}$ make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum application rate.
- 5) Minimum Application Interval: 14 days.
- 6) DO NOT apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A (lb ai)	Application Instructions Formatted Table
Pome Fruit Crop	Alternaria blotch	3.97	Apple Scab - Protective Spray Schedule:
Group 11-10[*]	(Alternaria spp.)	(0.065)	Apply every 7-10 days starting at 1/4-1/2 inch
Apple	Brooks fruit spot		green tip or when environmental conditions
Crabapple	(Mycosphaerella pomi)		become conducive for scab. Continue through
Loquat	Cedar apple rust		petal fall until the threat of primary scab is
Mayhaw	(Gymnosprangium		complete. For improved fruit scab control,
Pear	juniperi-virginianae)		combine A253.01 with a protectant fungicide
Pear, Oriental	Flyspeck		beginning at bloom.
Quince	(Zygophiala jamacaicensis		
	(Formerly known as		Apple Scab - Curative Spray Schedule: Use a
See additional	Schizothyrium pomi)		forecasting system beginning at green tip.
crops in this	Powdery mildew		Apply within 48 hours of the onset of an Deleted: ¶
subgroup below	(Podosphaera leucotricha)		infection period. Apply a follow-up spray in 7
	Quince rust		days. For improved fruit scab control,
	(Gymonsporangium spp.)		combine A253.01 with a protectant fungicide
	Scab (Venturia spp.)		beginning at bloom.
	Sooty blotch		Powdery Mildew: Begin applications of
	(Gloeodes pomigena)		A253.01 at tight cluster, and continue on a 7-
			to 10-day schedule. Follow A253.01 with
			other fungicides as needed.
			Cedar-Apple Rust, Quince Rust, and Brooks
			Fruit Spot: Begin applications preventively.
			Apply A253.01 alone or in combination with a
			protectant fungicide on a 7- to 10-day
			schedule through the second cover-spray.

Sooty Blotch, Flyspeck: For early season control, begin applications preventively. Apply A253.01 alone or in combination with a protectant fungicide on a 7- to 10-day schedule through the second cover spray. Follow with other fungicides as needed.

Resistance Management: To help prevent resistance, make no more than 2 consecutive applications with **A253.01** or another Group 3 fungicide or a Group 3 fungicide mixture before alternating to a different mode of action.

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **A253.01** can be applied by either ground or aerial application. Use a minimum of 40 gal/A of water for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.

Pome Fruit subgroup: Apple; azarole; crabapple; loquat; mayhaw; medlar; pear; pear, Asian; quince; quince, Chinese; quince, Japanese; tejocote; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

Formatted Table

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 19.85 fl oz (0.33 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.33 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 3.97 fl oz per application (0.065 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 4) DO NOT make more than 5 applications per year.
- 5) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days.
- 6) DO NOT apply A253.01 within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

		Use Rate fl oz product/A		
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions Formatted Table	
Potatoes	Black dot	4 – 6.95	Begin applications at first sign of disease or	
Vegetable,	(Colletotrichum coccodes)	(0.066 - 0.114)	when conditions are conducive for disease	
Tuberous and corm	Brown spot		development. Apply A253.01 on a 7- to 14-	
subgroup 1C[*]	(Alternaria alternata)		day schedule. A253.01 can be used in blocking	
	Early blight		program using a maximum of 2 consecutive	
For other crops in	(Alternaria solani)		applications before rotating to fungicides with	
this subgroup,	Powdery mildew		another mode of action that are registered for	
please see below	(Erysiphe cichoracearum)		these diseases.	
	Septoria leafspot			
	(Septoria spp.)		[Optional language if label has a rate range	
			and a single interval: If disease pressure is	
			high, use the highest rate.]	
			[Optional language if label has a single rate	
			and interval range: If disease pressure is high,	
			use the shortest interval.]	
			[Optional language if label has a rate range	
			and interval range: If disease pressure is high,	
			use the shortest interval and highest rate.]	
	Application: For best results, suf	ficient water volum	ne must be used to provide thorough coverage.	
	A253.01 can be applied by either	r ground, chemigati	ion, or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15	
	gal/A of water for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 5 gal/A of water.			

For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Vegetables, tuberous and corm, subgroup: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem), Canna, Cassava (bitter and sweet), Chayote (root), Chufa, Dasheen (Taro), Ginger, Leren, Tanier, Turmeric, and Yam (bean and true).

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 4) **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum application rate.
- 5) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days.
- 6) DO NOT apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

Deleted:] [

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A (lb ai)	Application Instructions		
Rapeseed Subgroup	Alternaria black spot	4 – 6.95	For Phoma control, apply during the rosette		
20A[*]	(Alternaria brassicae)	(0.066 - 0.114)	stage between 2nd true leaf and bolting.		
	Black leg/Phoma				
Including cultivars,	(Leptosphaeria maculans)		For Alternaria, make an application at the end		
varieties, and/or	Cercospora leaf spot		of flowering/early pod set. For other foliar		
hybrids of these and	(C. brassicicola)		diseases, apply at first sign of disease.		
others in this group	Head rot				
(see below)	(Rhizoctonia solani)		For head rot, apply at 50% flowering.		
	Leaf spot and pod rot				
	(Alternaria alternata)		If disease pressure is high, use the highest		
	Powdery mildew		rate.		
	(Erysiphe polygoni)				
	Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage.				
	A253.01 can be applied by ground, air, or chemigation. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A				
i	of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.				

Complete List of Rapeseed Subgroup 20A: Borage, crambe, cuphea, echium, flax seed, gold of pleasure, hare's ear mustard, lesquerella, lunaria, meadowfoam, milkweed, mustard seed, oil radish, poppy seed, rapeseed, sesame, sweet rocket and cultivars and/or hybrids of these.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) DO NOT apply more than one application of A253.01 per year.
- 2) DO NOT apply more than 6.95 fl oz/A/year of A253.01.
- 3) DO NOT apply more than 0.114 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 4) **DO NOT** apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 5) **DO NOT** apply within 30 days of harvest (30-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

		Use Rate	
		fl oz product/A	
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions
Rice[*]	Sheath Blight	7.45	Apply 7.45 fl oz when disease is less than 4
	(Rhizoctonia solani)	(0.122)	inches above water line usually between
	Aggregate Sheath Spot		panicle differentiation (PD) +5 days to PD +10
	(Rhizoctonia oryzaesativae)		days or at initial sign of disease. Under heavy
	Black Sheath Rot		disease pressure and conditions favorable for
	(Gaeumannomyces graminis		disease development, a second application
	var. graminis)		may be applied. The minimum re-treatment
	Sheath Spot		interval is 14 days.
	(Rhizoctonia oryzae)		
	Brown Leaf spot		
	(Cochliobolus miyabeanus)		
	Narrow Brown Leaf spot		
	(Cercospora oryzae)		
	Suppression only:		
	False smut		
	(Ustilaginoidea virens)		
	Kernel Smut		
	(Neovossia barclayana)		
	Stem Rot		
	(Sclerotium oryzae)		

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage.

A253.01 can be applied by ground or aerial application. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 5 gal/A of water.

Applicators must use care in making applications near non-target aquatic habitats.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- $\textbf{1) DO NOT} \ allow \ release \ of \ irrigation \ or \ flood \ water \ for \ at \ least \ 7 \ days \ after \ the \ last \ application.$
- 2) **DO NOT** apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas to non-target aquatic habitat.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 14.9 fl oz (0.244 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 4) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.244 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 5) ${\bf DO}$ ${\bf NOT}$ apply more than 7.45 fl oz per application (0.122 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 6) $\ensuremath{\mathbf{DO}}$ $\ensuremath{\mathbf{NOT}}$ make more than 2 applications per year.
- 7) Minimum Application Interval: 14 days.
- 8) DO NOT apply A253.01 within 28 days of harvest (28-day PHI).
- 9) **DO NOT** treat fields used for aquaculture of fish or crustacean.
- 10) **DO NOT** drain water from treated rice fields into ponds used for aquaculture of fish or crustacean.
- 11) **DO NOT** use water drained from treated field to irrigate other crops.

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate	Application Instructions	
		fl oz product/A		
		(lb ai)		
Root Vegetables,	Alternaria leafspots and blight	4 – 6.95	Apply A253.01 on a 7- to 28-day sched	
Subgroup 1A[*],	(Alternaria spp.)	(0.066 - 0.114)	alternating with a non-triazole fungicid	e (nor D
Radish	Beet rust		Group 3) that is registered for these di	seases.
Sugar beet[*]	(Uromyces betae)			
	Cercospora leafspot		[Optional language if label has a rate r	ange
See additional crops	(Cercospora spp.)		and a single interval: If disease pressu	re is
in this subgroup	Powdery mildew		high, use the highest rate.]	
below	(Erysiphe spp.)			
			[Optional language if label has a single	rate
See specific			and interval range: If disease pressure	is high,
directions for carrots			use the shortest interval.]	
and ginseng				
			[Optional language if label has a rate r	ange
			and interval range: If disease pressure	is high,
			use the shortest interval and highest ra	ite.]
	Application: For best results, suf	ficient water volum	e must be used to provide thorough cov	erage.
	A253.01 can be applied by eithe	r ground, chemigat	ion, or aerial application. Use a minimun	n of 15
	gal/A of water for ground application	ations. For aerial ap	oplications, use a minimum of 5 gal/A of	water.
	For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.2	25 inches/A of wate	er. Chemigation with excessive water ma	y lead
	to a decrease in efficacy.			
Vegetables Root S	uharoun: Boot garden: heet suga	r. hurdock adible.	celeriac: chervil turnin-rooted: chicory:	

Vegetables, Root Subgroup: Beet, garden; beet, sugar; burdock, edible; celeriac; chervil, turnip-rooted; chicory; horseradish; parsley, turnip-rooted; parsnip; radish; radish, oriental (daikon); rutabaga; salsify; salsify, black; salsify, Spanish; skirret; turnip

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) DO NOT apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of A253.01.
 2) DO NOT apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of different parts of the control of the co
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 4) **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum application rate.
- 5) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days
- 6) **DO NOT** apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

			Deleted: [*] [NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]¶
		Use Rate	
		fl oz product/A	
		(lb ai)	
Crop	Target Diseases		Application Instructions
Leaves of Root	Alternaria leafspots and blight	4 – 6.95	Apply A253.01 on a 7- to 28-day schedule,
and Tuber	(Alternaria spp.)	(0.066 - 0.114)	alternating with a non-triazole fungicide (non-
Vegetables,	Beet rust (Uromyces betae)		Group 3) that is registered for these diseases.
Group 2[*],	Cercospora leafspot		Deleted: [*]
Turnip	(Cercospora spp.)		[Optional language if label has a rate range
Sugar beet[*]	Powdery mildew		and a single interval: If disease pressure is
See additional	(Erysiphe spp.)		high, use the highest rate.] Formatted: Indent: First line: 0.01"
crops in this			[Optional language if label has a single rate
group below			and interval range: If disease pressure is
			high, use the shortest interval.]

[Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.]

Formatted Table

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **A253.01** can be applied by either ground, chemigation, or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A of water for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 5 gal/A of water. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Leaves of Root and Tuber Vegetables Group: Beet, garden; beet, sugar; burdock, edible; carrot; cassava, bitter and sweet; celeriac (celery root); chervil, turnip-rooted; chicory; dasheen (taro); parsnip; radish; radish, oriental (daikon); rutabaga; salsify, black; sweet potato; tanier (cocoyam); turnip; yam, true.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 4) **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum application rate.
- 5) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days
- 6) **DO NOT** apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A (Ib ai)	Application Instructions	Deleted: [*] [NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA] ¶ [*Not for use in California] ¶
oybean[*]	Anthracnose	5.5 – 6.95	Begin applications prior to disease onset whe	Formatted Table
oyscant 1	(Colletotrichum truncatum)	(0.090 – 0.114)	conditions are conducive for disease. Apply	"
	Alternaria leaf spot	(0.050 0.22.)	A253.01 on a 7- to 10-day schedule making n	Deleted: ¶
	(Alternaria spp.)		more than 2 sequential applications before	Detection
	Brown spot		alternating to another fungicide with a	Deleted: ¶
	(Septoria glycines)		different mode of action.	
	Cercospora blight and leaf spot			Deleted: ¶
	(A. kikuchii)		[Optional language if label has a rate range	
	Frogeye leaf spot		and a single interval: If disease pressure is	Deleted: ¶
	(Cercospora sojina)		high, use the highest rate.]	
	Pod and stem blight			Deleted: ¶
	(Diaporthe phaseolorum)		[Optional language if label has a single rate	
	Powdery mildew		and interval range: If disease pressure is high	Deleted: ¶
	(Microsphaera diffusa)		use the shortest interval.]	
			[Optional language if label has a rate range	
			and interval range: If disease pressure is high,	,
			use the shortest interval and highest rate.]	
	Application: For best results, suf	ficient water volum	ne must be used to provide thorough coverage.	
	A253.01 can be applied by either	ground, chemigati	ion, or aerial application. For aerial applications	s,
	use a minimum of 2 gal/A of wat	er. For chemigation	n, apply in 0.1- 0.25 inches/A of water.	

Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy. Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 13.5 fl oz (0.22 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.22 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3) DO NOT apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).

- 4) **DO NOT** make more than 1 application per year at the maximum application rate.
- 5) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days.
- 6) DO NOT apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).
- 7) **DO NOT** feed soybean hay, forage and silage.

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

Deleted:] [

		Use Rate		
C	Townsh Discours	fl oz product/A	Anniliantian turkunatiana	
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions	Formatted Table
Stone Fruit Crop	Brown rot blossom blight and	5.5 – 6.95	For Brown rot blossom blight, begin	
Group 12-12[*],	fruit rot	(0.090 - 0.114)	applications at early bloom and continue	Deleted: [*]
A: + - [*]	(Monilinia fructicola, M.		through petal fall. For Brown rot on fruit,	
Apricots[*]	laxa)		apply as needed a maximum of two sprays	•
Cherries, Sweet		16.05	during the preharvest period up to the day o	Г
Cherries, Tart		[6.95	harvest (minimum of a 7- day retreatment	
Nectarines[*]	Scab	(0.114)	interval). If high inoculum and severe disease	2
Peaches[*]	(Cladosporium carpophilum)	(CA Only)]	conditions persist, apply a registered non-	
Plums[*]	Altanoania anatana finitara		Group 3 fungicide.	
Plumcot[*]	Alternaria spot and fruit rot		5 11 11 12 6 11 11 5	
Prunes[*]	(A. alternata)		For all other diseases, follow the Brown rot	
			blossom blight schedule. Make additional	
And cultivars and/or	Anthracnose		applications on a 10- to 14-day interval from	
hybrids of these	(Colletotrichum spp.)		the end of petal fall to harvest.	
	Leaf rust		[Optional language if label has a rate range	
	(Tranzschelia discolor)		and a single interval: If disease pressure is	
	(Tranzscriena discolor)		high, use the highest rate.]	
	Powdery mildew		riigii, use the riighest rate.]	
	(Sphaerotheca pannosa,		[Optional language if label has a single rate	
	Podosphaera clandestina)		and interval range: If disease pressure is high	,
	r odospilacia cialiaestilia)		use the shortest interval.]	',
	Shot hole		ase the shortest interval.	
	(Wilsonomyces carpophilus)		[Optional language if label has a rate range	
	(vviisonomyces carpopiinas)		and interval range: If disease pressure is high	,
			use the shortest interval and highest rate.]	''
			ass and shortest interval and ingrest fate.]	
	Application: For best results, suf	ficient water volum	ne must be used to provide thorough coverage.	
			pplication. Stone fruit diseases are most	
	• • • • •	•	minimum of 15 gal/A of water for ground	
	applications. For aerial application	• •	• •	
		,	<i>3 .</i>	

Stone Fruit Crop Group: Apricot[*]; apricot, Japanese[*]; capulin[*]; cherry, black[*]; cherry, Nanking[*]; cherry, sweet; cherry, tart; Jujube, Chinese[*]; nectarine[*]; peach[*]; plum[*]; plum, American[*]; plum, beach[*]; plum, Canada[*]; plum, cherry[*]; plum, Chickasaw[*]; plum, Damson[*]; plum, Japanese[*]; plum, Klamath[*]; plum, prune[*]; plumcot[*]; sloe[*]; cultivars[*], varieties[*], and/or hybrids[*] of these.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 4) DO NOT make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum application rate.

- 5) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days.
- 6) A253.01 may be applied up to the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA],

Deleted: [*][NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]¶

		Use Rate fl oz product/A			
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions		
Sugar Beets[*]	Cercospora leafspot (C. beticola) Powdery mildew (Erysiphe polygoni)	4 – 6.95 (0.066 – 0.114)	Apply A253.01 on a 7- to 28-day schedule, alternating with a non-triazole fungicide (non-Group 3) that is registered on sugar beets for these diseases.		
			[Optional language if label has a rate range and a single interval: If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.]		
			[Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.]		
			[Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.]		
	Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. A253.01 can be applied by either ground, chemigation, or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A of water for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 5 gal/A of water. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to				

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products. 3) **DO NOT** make more than 4 application per year at the maximum application rate.
- 4) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days.
- 5) **DO NOT** apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

		Use Rate fl oz product/A		
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions	
Tree Nuts Crop	Foliar Diseases	5 – 6.95	Begin applications prior to disease onset wh	en
Group 14-12[*]		(0.082 0.114)	conditions are conducive for disease. Apply	
			A253.01 on a 14- to 21-day schedule making	Deleted: [*]
Beechnut[*],			no more than 2 sequential applications befo	Deleted: [*]
Brazil Nut[*],			alternating to another fungicide with a	Deleted: [*]
Butternut[*],			different mode of action.	
Cashew[*]				Deleted: [*]
Chestnut[*],			[Optional language if label has a rate range	Deleted: [*]
Macadamia [*],			and a single interval: If disease pressure is	Deleted: [*]
Walnut, Black			high, use the highest rate.]	Deleted: [1]
Walnut_English				Deleted: ¶

		Use Rate fl oz product/A			
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions		
See specific			[Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.] [Optional language if label has a rate range		
almonds, filberts,			and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.]		
pecans, pistachios	Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage.				
	A253.01 can be applied by either ground, or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A of water				
	for ground applications. For aerial	applications, use a	minimum of 10 gal/A of water.		

Tree Nuts Crop Group: African nut-tree; almond; beechnut; Brazil nut; Brazilian pine; bunya; bur oak; butternut; Cajou nut; candlenut; cashew; chestnut; chinquapin; coconut; coquito nut; dika nut; ginkgo; Guiana chestnut; hazelnut (filbert); heartnut; hickory nut; Japanese horse-chestnut; macadamia nut; mongongo nut; monkey-pot; monkey puzzle nut; Okari nut; Pachira nut; peach palm nut; pecan; pequi; Pili nut; pine nut; pistachio; Sapucaia nut; tropical almond; walnut, black; walnut, English; yellowhorn; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) DO NOT apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of A253.01.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 4) **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum application rate.
- 5) Minimum Application Interval: 14 days.
- 6) DO NOT apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

Deleted:] [

		Use Rate fl oz product/A	
Crop	Target Diseases	(lb ai)	Application Instructions Formatted Table
Watercress[*]	Cercospora leafspot	6.95	For best activity, apply A253.01 prior to or
	(Cercospora spp.)	(0.114)	early in the disease development. An adjuvant
			may be added at specified rates. Apply on a 7-
			14 day interval. For applications made to
			watercress, production fields must be drained
			of water at least 24 hours prior to application
			and water must not be reapplied to the field
			for a minimum of 24 hours following the
			application.
			DO NOT apply more than two sequential
			applications before alternating to a fungicide
			with a different mode of action.

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **A253.01** can be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 5 gal/A of water. Applicators must use care in making applications near non-target aquatic habitats.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** apply directly to water and **DO NOT** allow water in a treated field for at least 24 hours.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply more than 27.8 fl oz (0.46 lb ai)/A/year of **A253.01**.
- 3) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.

- 4) **DO NOT** apply more than 6.95 fl oz per application (0.114 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 5) **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year.
- 6) Minimum Application Interval: 7 days
- 7) Production fields must be drained of water at least 24 hours prior to application and water must not be reapplied to the field for a minimum of 24 hours following the application.
- 8) DO NOT apply A253.01 within 30 days of harvest (30-day PHI).

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

Deleted:] [

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A (lb ai)	Application Instructions
Wild Rice[*]	Helminthosporium leaf blight	7.45	Apply 7.45 fl oz/A at both booting and
	Brown Spot	(0.122)	heading.
	(Bipolaris spp.)		Minimum re-treatment interval is 14 days.

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **A253.01** can be applied by ground or aerial application. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 5 gal/A of water. Applicators must use care in making applications near non-target aquatic habitats.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1) **DO NOT** allow release of irrigation or flood water for at least 7 days after the last application.
- 2) **DO NOT** apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas to non-target aquatic habitat.
- 3) DO NOT apply more than 14.9 fl oz (0.244 lb ai) /A/year of A253.01.
- 4) **DO NOT** apply more than 0.244 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 5) **DO NOT** apply more than 7.45 fl oz per application (0.122 lb ai of difenoconazole).
- 6) **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year.
- 7) Minimum Application Interval: 14 days.
- 8) DO NOT apply A253.01 within 28 days of harvest (28-day PHI).
- 9) **DO NOT** use water drained from treated field to irrigate other crops.
- 10) $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{DO}}$ $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{NOT}}$ treat fields used for a quaculture of fish or crustacean.
- 11) **DO NOT** drain water from treated rice fields into ponds used for aquaculture of fish or crustacean.

[*NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

Deleted:] [

A253.01 Conversion Table

Fl oz product/A	Lb ai/A
2	0.033
3	0.049
3.97	0.065
5	0.082
5.5	0.090
6	0.099
6.95	0.114
7.45	0.122
7.6	0.125
8	0.131

Ornamentals – For outdoor application to established ornamentals in landscaped areas, to include recreational parks, institutional sites, golf courses and residential properties by commercial and non-professional (e.g., homeowner) applicators.

Use the calibrated measuring [device] [syringe] supplied with the product to accurately measure the designated amount of product to be added to each gallon of water.

Note: This use for application to ornamentals does not include crops grown for production, harvest and sale in commercial greenhouse or nursery production sites.

		Rate mI/1 Gal	Spray	
Ornamental	Disease	(1 Gal Treats 1000 Sq Ft)	interval days	Timing of application
Carnation	Rust	4.76	7-10	Begin applications when flowers are half
[Not for use				opened or when conditions are conducive
in				for disease development. Apply A253.01 on
California]				a 7- to 10-day schedule. Particular care
				should be taken to achieve thorough
				coverage.
Gladiolus	Rust	4.76	7-14	Begin applications at the 2- to 3-leaf stage
[Not for use				or when conditions are conducive for
in				disease development. Apply A253.01 on a
California]				7- to 10-day schedule. Particular care
				should be taken to achieve thorough
				coverage.
Iris [Not for	Rust	1.4-2.7	7-21	Begin applications at the first sign of
use in				disease or when conditions are conducive
California]				for disease development. Apply A253.01 on
				a 7- to 10-day schedule. Particular care
				should be taken to achieve thorough
				coverage.
Roses [Not	Black spot	4.76	7-14	Begin applications at the first sign of
for use in	Rust			disease or when conditions are conducive
California]	Powdery mildew			for disease development. Apply A253.01 on
				a 7- to 10-day schedule. Particular care
				should be taken to achieve thorough
				coverage.

Restrictions:

- For ornamentals, DO NOT apply more than 4.76 ml/1000 sq ft of A253.01 (0.115 lb ai/A) in a single application.
- For ornamentals, **DO NOT** apply more than 19.2 ml/1000 sq ft of **A253.01** (0.46 lb ai/A) per year.
- **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications at the maximum application rate.
- Minimum Application Interval: 7 days

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place. Store in original container and out of reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

[For Residential uses] [Nonrefillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. If empty: Offer for recycling if available or discard in a sanitary landfill. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.]

[For Commercial Uses]

[For plastic containers ≤ 5 gallons: Nonrefillable Container: DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.]

[For plastic containers > 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Recap and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.]

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE. Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If these terms and conditions are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability. CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness, injury, and other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application (including misuse), the presence of other materials, weather conditions, and other unknown factors, all of which are beyond the control of ATTICUS, LLC. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or huver.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: To the extent consistent with applicable law, ATTICUS, LLC makes no other warranties, express or otherwise, that extend beyond statements on this label. LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: To the extent consistent with applicable law, neither ATTICUS, LLC the manufacturer, nor the Seller shall be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use, handling, application, storage, or disposal of this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use, handling, application, or storage of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid.

A253.01 is a trademark of Atticus, LLC

[Inspire®] [and] [Top MP®] [is a] [are] registered trademark[s] of a Syngenta Group Company.

{LANGUAGE ON LABEL AFFIXED TO CONTAINER}

DIFENOCONAZOLE GROUP 3 FUNGICIDE

A253.01 ^[™]

[Alternate Brand Name: Esquire]

Contains Difenoconazole, the active ingredient used in [Inspire®] [and] [Top

(% by weight) ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Difenoconazole* ..<u>76.8%</u> OTHER INGREDIENTS: TOTAL 100.0%

*CAS No. 119446-68-3

**Contains petroleum distillates

A253.01 is formulated as an emulsifiable concentrate (EC) containing 2.10 lb ai/gal of difenoconazole,

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING/AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en

detalle. (If you	DO NOT understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in deta	ail.
	FIRST AID	
If in eyes:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.	
	Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment addition.	
Jf	advice.	H
swallowed:	Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.	
	DO NOT give any liquid to the person.	
	DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.	
If on skin or clothing:	Take off contaminated clothing.	
	 Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. 	
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
If inhaled:	Move person to fresh air.	
	 If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. 	
	HOT LINE NUMBER	Ì
	duct container or label with you when calling a poison control	
	tor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall at	
1-844-685-91	.73 for emergency medical treatment information.	-
Contains petr	NOTE TO PHYSICIAN roleum distillates – vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.	
	For Chemical Emergency:	

Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, Call CHEMTREC Day or Night
Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

WARNING/AVISO

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. **DO NOT** get in eyes or on clothing. Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing

before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This pesticide is toxic to fish, mammals, and aquatic invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic estuarine/marine organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. DO NOT apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertigal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. DO NOT discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. DO NOT discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority For guidance, contact your State Water Board or regional office of the EPA Surface Water Advisory: This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product may contaminate water through drift or spray in wind. This product has a potential for runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds. streams, and springs will reduce the potential for contamination of water from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is expected to occur within 48 hours. Sound erosion control practices will reduce this product's potential to reach aquatic sediment

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS: DO NOT use or store near heat or open flame. Do not mix or allow to come in contact with oxidizing agents. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur,

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place. Store in origin container and out of reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

[For Residential uses] [Nonrefillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. If empty: Offer for recycling if available or discard in a sanitary landfill. If partly filled: Call your local soil waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.]

[For Commercial Uses] [For plastic containers ≤ 5 gallons: Nonrefillable Container: DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.]

[For plastic containers > 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Recap and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.1

See inside label booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use. A253.01 is not manufactured, or distributed by Syngenta Group Company, seller of [Inspire®] [and] [Top MP®].

Manufactured for: EPA Reg. No.: 91234-207 FPA Est. No.: Atticus, LLC 940 NW Cary Parkway, Suite 200 NET WEIGHT: Cary, NC 27513

Moved down [1]: DIFENOCONAZOLE			
Deleted: ¶			
Moved (insertion) [1]			
Deleted: ¶			
Formatted			
Deleted: ¶			
Deleted:			
Deleted: ¶			
Deleted:			
Formatted	<u></u>		
Deleted:)		
Formatted	<u></u>		
Deleted: ¶)		
Formatted			
Formatted			
Formatted			
Deleted: <#>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently	()		
Deleted: <#>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently			
Formatted	()		
Deleted: ¶			
Formatted			
Formatted Table			
Deleted: ¶			
Formatted			
Formatted			
Formatted			
Formatted Table			
Deleted: ¶			
Formatted			
Deleted: ¶	$\overline{}$		
Formatted	()		
Deleted: ¶			
Deleted: 5000 CentreGreen Way40 NW Cary Parkway,			
Deleted: ¶			

Formatted