

## UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

February 4, 2022

Alison Suffill Label Facilitator Atticus LLC 5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100 Cary, NC 27513

Subject: Registration Review Label Mitigation for Fomesafen Product Name: Tacoma Ag Fomesafen 2.0 EPA Registration Number: 91234-163 (formerly 83520-42) Application Date: 5/29/2018 Decision Number: 581579

Dear Ms. Suffill:

The Agency, in accordance with the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, has completed reviewing all the information submitted with your application to support the Registration Review of the above referenced product in connection with the Fomesafen Interim Decision, and has concluded that your submission is acceptable. The label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under FIFRA, as amended, is acceptable.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 12 months from the date of this letter. After 12 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

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If you have any questions about this letter, please contact Darius Stanton by phone at 202-566-2332, or via email at <u>stanton.darius@epa.gov</u>.

Sincerely,

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Linda Arrington, Branch Chief Risk Management and Implementation Branch 4 Pesticide Re-Evaluation Division Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure

[Note to Reviewer: [Text] in brackets denotes optional text]. [Note to Reviewer: {Text} in braces denotes where in the final label text will appear].

{BOOKLET FRONT PANEL LANGUAGE}

FOMESAFEN GROUP 14 HERBICIDE

# Tacoma Ag Fomesafen 2.0

For Control of Certain Weeds in Cotton, Dry Beans, Potatoes, Snap Beans, and Soybeans

## **ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

Sodium salt of fomesafen	
5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-N-(methylsulfonyl)-2-nitrobenzamide	
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	
TOTAL:	<u>100.0</u> %
*Equivalent to 21.7% or 2 pounds of fomesafen per gallon.	
This product is formulated as a soluble liquid.	

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER/PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

	FIRST AID		
IF IN EYES:	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> </ul>		
	• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing		
	eye.		
	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>		
IF	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</li> </ul>		
SWALLOWED:	<ul> <li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>		
IF ON SKIN	Take off contaminated clothing.		
OR	<ul> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> </ul>		
CLOTHING:	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.		
IF INHALED:	Move person to fresh air.		
	• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration,		
	preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.		
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.		
	t container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for		
	nay also contact 1-800-424-9300 for emergency medical treatment information.		
<b>NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:</b> Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.			

[See inside label booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use including Storage and Disposal instructions.]

EPA Reg. No. 91234-163

Net Contents:

Manufactured for: Atticus, LLC 5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100 Cary, NC 27513 EPA Est. No.



Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 040004, 4000

<sup>eg. No.</sup> 91234-163

## {LANGUAGE INSIDE BOOKLET}

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Danger. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if swallowed. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

## PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

- Applicators and other handlers must wear:
- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
  Chemical-resistant gloves
- Chemical-resistant
  Shoes plus socks
- Shoes plus socks
   Drotective evenues
- Protective eyewear

# In addition, for aerial applications, mixers and loaders handling more than 140 gallons of this product in any single workday must wear:

• Dust/mist filtering NIOSH-approved respirator with any N, R, P, or HE filter.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

## **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

## USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

## Users should:

- Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

## ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

For Terrestrial Uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from target area.

Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas.

## Non-Target Organism Advisory Statement

This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift.

## Groundwater Advisory

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

## Surface Water Advisory

This product may impact surface water quality due to spray drift and runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of fomesafen from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours. For more information, see the United States Department of Agriculture National Resource Conservation Service's manual, "Conservation Buffers to Reduce Pesticide Losses.

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

## AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the WPS.

## Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the WPS and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

## **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

Read the label before using this product.

This product is a selective herbicide which may be applied preplant surface, preemergence and/or postemergence for control or partial control of broadleaf weeds, grasses and sedges in cotton, dry beans, potatoes, snap beans and soybeans.

## **Preplant Surface and Preemergence Applications**

Certain germinating broadleaf weeds, grasses and sedges can be controlled or partially controlled by soil residual activity from either preplant surface or preemergence applications of this product. Moisture is necessary to activate this product in soil for residual weed control. Dry weather following applications of this product may reduce effectiveness. When adequate moisture is not received after application of this product, weed control may be improved by overhead irrigation with at least one-fourth inch of water.

## **Postemergence Applications**

This product is generally most effective when used postemergence, working through contact action. Therefore, emerged weeds must have thorough spray coverage for effective control. Best broad-spectrum postemergence control of susceptible broadleaf weeds is obtained when this product is applied early to actively growing weeds. This usually occurs within 14 to 28 days after planting. Refer to the weed control tables for specific directions on weed growth stages and rates. Some bronzing, crinkling or spotting of labeled crop leaves may occur following postemergence applications, but labeled crops soon outgrow these effects and develop normally.

## Soil Characteristics

Application of this product to soils with high organic matter and/or high clay content may require higher rates than soils with low organic matter and/or low clay content. Refer to the **Regional Use Map**, weed control tables, and specific crop use sections for directions on use rates based on soil texture.

## **Environmental and Agronomic Conditions**

Always apply this product under favorable environmental conditions that promote active weed growth. Avoid applying this product to weeds or labeled crops which are under stress from drought, extreme temperatures, excessive water, low humidity, low soil fertility, mechanical or chemical injury as reduced weed control and/or increased crop injury may result.

## Rainfastness

This product requires a 1-hour rain-free period for best results when applied postemergence.

## Cultivation

Cultivation prior to postemergence application is not advised. Cultivation may put weeds under stress, reducing weed control. Timely cultivation 1 to 3 weeds after applying this product may assist weed control.

## WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, Tacoma Ag Fomesafen 2.0 is a Group 14 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to Tacoma Ag Fomesafen 2.0 and other Group 14 herbicides. Weed species with acquired resistance to Group 14 herbicides may eventually dominate the weed population if Group 14 herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as the primary method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by Tacoma Ag Fomesafen 2.0 or other Group 14 herbicides. Users should scout before and after application.

Suspected herbicide-resistant weeds may be identified by these indicators:

- Failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds;
- A spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; and
- Surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species.

To delay herbicide resistance:

- Avoid the consecutive use of Tacoma Ag Fomesafen 2.0 or other target site of action Group 14 herbicides that might have a similar target site of action, on the same weed species.
- Use tank mixtures or premixes with herbicides from different target site of action Groups as long as the involved products are all registered for the same use, have different sites of action and are both effective at the tank mix or prepack rate on the weed(s) of concern (an herbicide mode of action classification by itself may not adequately address specific weeds that are resistant to specific herbicides)
- Base herbicide use on a comprehensive Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program.
- Scout fields prior to application to identify the weed species present and their growth state to determine if the intended application will be effective.
- Scout fields after application to verify that the treatment was effective.
- Contact your local extension specialist, certified crop advisors and/or manufacturer for herbicide resistance management and/or integrated weed management recommendations for specific crops and resistant weed biotypes.

Report any incidence of non-performance of this product against a particular weed species to your Atticus, LLC retailer or representative. If resistance is suspected, treat weed escapes with an herbicide having a different mechanism of action and/or use non-chemicals means to remove escapes, as practical, with the goal of preventing further seed production.

## APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

## SPRAY DRIFT

## Aerial Applications:

- Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- For applications prior to the emergence of crops and target weeds, applicators are required to use a Coarse or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- For all other applications, applicators are required to use a Medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- For aerial applications: Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site. If the wind speed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must by 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Applicators must use ½ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Nozzles must be oriented, so the spray is directed toward the back of the aircraft.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

## Ground Boom Applications:

- User must only apply with the nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or crop canopy unless making a turf, pasture, or rangeland application, in which case applicators may apply with a nozzle height no more than 4 feet above the ground.
- For applications prior to the emergence of crops and target weeds, applicators are required to use a Coarse or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- For all other applications, applicators are required to use a Medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

## SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

## IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

## **Controlling Droplet Size-Ground Boom**

- Volume-Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure-Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle-Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

## **Controlling Droplet Size-Aircraft**

• Adjust Nozzles- Follow nozzle manufacturers recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

## **BOOM HEIGHT-Ground Boom**

Use the lowest boom height that is compatible with the spray nozzles that will provide uniform coverage. For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

## **RELEASE HEIGHT-Aircraft**

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

## SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

## TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

## **TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS**

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with the limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

## WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS. Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

This pesticide must only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, nontarget plants) is minimal (i.e., when the wind is blowing away from the sensitive area).

## Spray Additives

Only spray additives cleared for use on growing crops under 40 CFR 180 may be used in spray mixture.

# For Postemergence Applications Always Add One of the Following Except in Tank Mix with Products Prohibiting Spray Additives:

**Nonionic Surfactant (NIS)** – Use NIS containing at least 80% active ingredient at 0.25 to 0.5% v/v (1 to 2 qts. per 100 gallons) of the finished spray volume.

**Crop Oil Concentrate (COC)** – Use a non-phytotoxic COC containing 15 to 20% approved emulsifier, at 0.5 to 1% v/v (2 to 4 qts. per 100 gallons) of finished spray volume. COC can improve weed control but may slightly reduce crop tolerance.

**Other Adjuvants** – Adjuvants other than COC or NIS may be used providing the product meets the following criteria:

- 1. Contains only EPA exempt ingredients.
- 2. It is non-phytotoxic to the target crop.
- 3. It is compatible in mixture. (May be established through a jar test.)
- 4. It is supported locally for use with this product on the target crop through proven field trials and through university and extension advice.

**Note:** No adjuvants are needed for preplant surface or preemergence applications unless this product is being used in a burndown.

## Specified Mixing Order:

- 1. Fill the spray tank with half required amount of water and begin agitation. \*
- 2. Add dry pesticide formulations.
- 3. Add this product.
- 4. Add liquid pesticide formulations.
- 5. Add adjuvant and fertilizer (if used).
- 6. Add remainder of water and then maintain constant agitation.
- \* Compatibility agent, 1 gallon per 500 gallons of water or 0.2% v/v, may be added as needed.

## Tank-Mix Compatibility Test

Perform a jar test prior to tank mixing to ensure compatibility of this product with mixture partners. Add proportional amounts of tank mixture components in a clear quart jar one at a time in the specified mixing order. Gently shake or invert capped jar and let stand for 15-30 minutes. If the mixture clumps, forms flakes, oily films or layers or other precipitates, it is not compatible and the tank mixture must not be used.

## **GROUND APPLICATION**

**Preplant Surface and Preemergence Application –** Use a minimum of 10 gallons per acre. Nozzle selection must meet manufacturer's gallonage and pressure specifications for preplant surface or preemergence applications.

**Postemergence Application** – Use sufficient spray volume and pressure to ensure complete coverage of the target weed. A spray volume of 10 to 20 gallons per acre and 30 to 60 psi at the nozzle tip is advised. On large weeds and/or dense foliage, use 60 psi and a minimum of 20 gallons per acre to ensure coverage of weed foliage.

The use of flat fan nozzles will result in the most effective postemergence application of this product. Use nozzles that are set up to deliver medium quality spray (ASAE Standard S-572).

## **BAND APPLICATION**

Calculate the amount of herbicide and water volume needed for postemergence band treatment using the following formula:

Band width in inches	Х	Broadcast rate	=	Band herbicide rate	
Row width in inches		per acre		per acre	

Band width in inches	Х	Broadcast volume	=	Band herbicide rate
Row width in inches		per acre		per acre

**Note:** Thorough weed coverage is important for post-emergent control. Best coverage is obtained with a minimum of two nozzles, one directed to each side of the planted row. Application with a single nozzle directed over the top of the row is not advised for postemergence applications but is suitable for preemergence applications. Cultivation of untreated areas may be needed following band applications. When making postemergence band applications and cultivating in the same operation, position nozzles in advance of the cultivation device. This will reduce dust in the spray area. Dust can intercept spray, reducing weed coverage resulting in less than adequate weed control.

## **AERIAL APPLICATION**

Use sufficient spray volume and pressure to ensure complete coverage of the target. A minimum of 5 gallons per acre of spray mixture must be applied with a maximum of 40 PSI pressure. When broadleaf weed foliage is dense, use a minimum of 10 gallons per acre to ensure coverage of weed foliage.

# DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT THROUGH ANY TYPE OF IRRIGATION SYSTEM, EXCEPT CENTER PIVOT SYSTEMS.

## **CENTER PIVOT IRRIGATION APPLICATION**

This product alone or in tank mixture with other herbicides on this label, which are registered for center pivot application, may be applied in irrigation water preemergence (after planting but before weeds or crop emerge) at rates specified on this label. This product also may be applied postemergence to the crop and preemergence to weeds in crops where postemergence applications are allowed on this label. Follow all restrictions (height, timing, rate, etc.) to avoid illegal residues. Apply this product only through a center pivot irrigation system. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, contact State Extension specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system, unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

## **Operating Instructions**

- The system must contain a functional check-valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water-source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check-valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distributions are adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump, including a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump or piston pump), effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
- Prepare a mixture with a minimum of 1 part water to 1 part herbicide(s) and inject this mixture into the center pivot system. Injecting a larger volume of a more dilute mixture per hour will usually provide more accurate calibration of equipment. Maintain sufficient agitation to keep the herbicide in suspension.
- Meter into irrigation water during entire period of water application.
- Apply in ½ to 1 inch of water. Use the lower water volume (1/2 inch) on coarser soils and the higher volume (1 inch) on fine-textured soils. More than 1 inch of water at application may reduce weed control by moving the herbicide below the effective zone in the soil.

Precautions for center pivot applications: Where sprinkler distribution patterns do not overlap sufficiently, unacceptable weed control may result. Where sprinkler distribution patterns overlap excessively, crop injury may result.

Posting of areas to be chemigated is required when 1) any part of a treated area is within 300 feet of sensitive areas including residential areas, labor camps, businesses, day care centers, hospitals, in-patient clinics, nursing homes or any public areas including schools, parks, playgrounds, or other public facilities not including public roads, or 2) when the chemigated area is open to the public including golf courses or retail greenhouses.

Posting must conform to the following requirements. Treated areas shall be posted with signs at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from the listed sensitive area. When there are no usual points of entry, signs must be posted in the corners of the treated areas and in any other locations affording maximum visibility to sensitive areas. The printed side of the sign must face away from the treated area towards the sensitive area. The signs shall be printed in English. Signs must be posted prior to application and must remain posted until foliage has dried and soil surface water has disappeared. Signs may remain in place indefinitely as long as they are composed of materials to prevent deterioration and maintain legibility for the duration of the posting period.

All words shall consist of letters at least 2.5 inches tall, and all letters and the symbol shall be a color which sharply contrasts with their immediate background. At the top of the sign shall be the words KEEP OUT, followed by an octagonal stop sign symbol at least 8 inches in diameter containing the word STOP. Below the symbol shall be the words PESTICIDES IN IRRIGATION WATER.

Posting required for chemigation does not replace other posting and reentry interval requirements for farm worker safety.

## **Specific Instructions for Public Water Systems**

- 1. Public water systems means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- 2. Chemigation systems, connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, back-flow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system must be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the backflow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, including a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

## RESTRICTIONS

- Do not use on potatoes in Nassau and Suffolk Counties, New York.
- Do not make ground or aerial application during temperature inversions.
- Do not apply more than 1.5 pints (0.375 lbs. a.i.) per acre per application in Region 1 and Region 2 (see **Regional Use Map**).
- Do not apply more than 1.25 pints (0.313 lbs. a.i.) per acre per application in Region 3 (see **Regional Use Map**).
- Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.25 lbs. a.i.) per acre per application in Region 4 and Region 4a (see **Regional Use Map**).
- Do not apply more than 0.75 pints (0.1875 lbs. a.i.) per acre per application in Region 5 (see Regional Use Map).
- A maximum of 1.5 pints of this product (or a maximum of 0.375 lb. a.i. per acre of fomesafen from any product containing fomesafen) may be applied per acre per year in Region 1 (see **Regional Use Map**).

- A maximum of 1.5 pints of this product (or a maximum of 0.375 lb. a.i. per acre of fomesafen from any product containing fomesafen) may be applied per acre in ALTERNATE years in Region 2 (see **Regional Use Map**).
- A maximum of 1.25 pints of this product (or a maximum of 0.313 lb. a.i. per acre of fomesafen from any product containing fomesafen) may be applied per acre in ALTERNATE years in Region 3 (see **Regional Use Map**).
- A maximum of 1 pint of this product (or a maximum of 0.25 lb. a.i. per acre of fomesafen from any product containing fomesafen) may be applied per acre in ALTERNATE years in Region 4 (see **Regional Use Map**).
- A maximum of 1 pint of this product (or a maximum of 0.25 lb a.i. per acre of fomesafen from any product containing fomesafen) may be applied per acre in ALTERNATE years in Region 4a (see **Regional Use Map**). Apply only to soybeans in Region 4a. Do not make applications of this product later than June 20<sup>th</sup>. Cumulative rainfull plus overhead irrigation must total 15 inches from the period of application of this product to soybean crop maturity to allow planting of rotational crops listed in this label (refer to **Rotational Crop Restrictions** section). If the soybean crop is lost or the required cumulative rainfall plus irrigation is not received as outlined above, plant only soybeans the following growing season.
- A maximum of 0.75 pint of this product (or a maximum of 0.1875 lb. a.i. per acre fomesafen from any product containing fomesafen) may be applied per acre in ALTERNATE years in Region 5 (see **Regional Use Map**).
- Do not apply when wind velocity exceeds 15 mph.

## PRECAUTIONS

- Thoroughly clean the spray system with water and a commercial tank cleaner before and after each use.
- Tank mixes of this product with other pesticides, fertilizers or any other additives except as specified on this label or other approved supplemental labels may result in tank-mix incompatibility, unsatisfactory performance or unsatisfactory crop injury.
- Avoid overlapping spray swaths, as injury may occur to rotational crops.
- To provide adequate coverage, it is advised that ground speed not exceed 10 mph during application.
- Avoid drift to all other crops and nontarget areas. Crops other than those labeled may be severely injured by drift. Do not apply when wind velocity exceeds 15 mph.

## Replanting

If replanting is necessary in fields previously treated with this product, the field may be replanted to cotton, dry beans, potatoes, snap beans or soybeans. During replanting, a minimum of tillage is specified to preserve the herbicide barrier for effective weed control. Do not apply a second application of this product or other products containing fomesafen or other fomesafen containing product as crop injury or illegal residues may occur in harvested crops. If tank-mix combinations were used, refer to product labels for any additional replanting instructions.

## **ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS**

The following rotational crops may be planted after applying this product at specified rates:

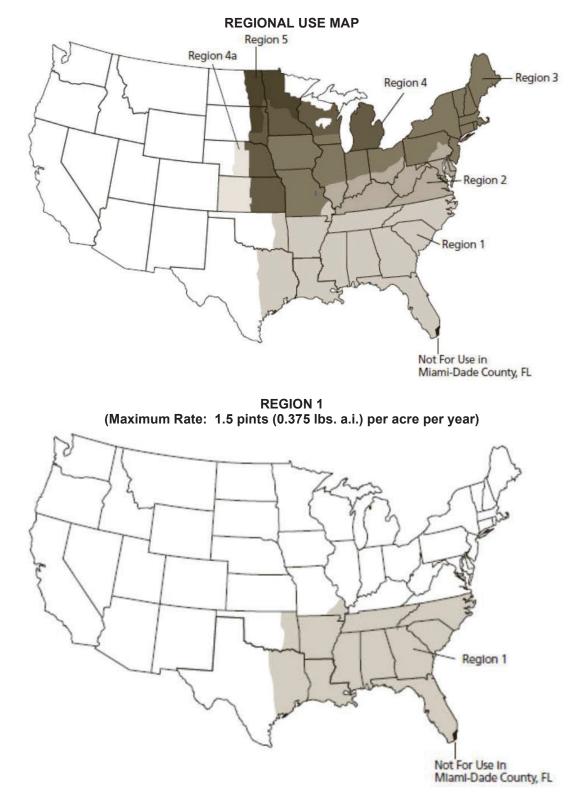
Crop to be Planted	Minimum Rotation Interval (After Last Application of this Product)		
Cotton, dry beans, potatoes, snap beans, soybeans, and succulent soybeans (edamame)	0 days		
Small grains including wheat, barley, rye, peppers4 months(transplanted), tomatoes (transplanted)			
Corn*, peanuts, peas, rice, seed corn	10 months		
To avoid crop injury do not plant alfalfa, sunflowers, sugar 18 months beets, sorghum** or any other crop within:			
*Use a 12-month minimum rotation interval for popcorn in the states of Ohio, Kentucky, Illinois, Indiana,			

lowa, and Regions 4 and 4a when applied at a rate of 1 pint per acre or more. Use an 18-month minimum rotation interval for sweet corn in the states of Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New York, Rhode Island, Vermont and Region 5.

\*\*Sorghum may be planted back after 10 months in Region 1.

Do not graze rotated small grain crops or harvest forage or straw for livestock.

## USE RATES OF THIS PRODUCT AND WEEDS CONTROLLED REFER TO MAP FOR DEFINITION OF SPECIFIED GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS



**REGION 1 –** Includes the following states or portion of states where this product may be applied: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida (except Miami-Dade County), Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri (Counties of Bollinger, Butler, Cape Giradeau, Dunklin, Madison, Mississippi, New Madrid, Pemiscot, Perry, Ripley, Scott, Stoddard and Wayne), North Carolina, Oklahoma (East of U.S. Highway 75 and East of Indian Nation Parkway), South Carolina, Tennessee, and Texas (includes area East of U.S. Highway 77 to State Road 239 including all of Calhoun County.

REGION 2 (Maximum Rate: 1.5 pints (0.375 lbs. a.i.) per acre, alternate years)



**REGION 2** – Includes the following states or portions of states where this product may be applied: Delaware, Kentucky, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia. South of Interstate 70 in the following states: Illinois, Indiana and Ohio and in Pennsylvania (all areas South of Interstate 80 to the intersection of U.S. Highway 15 and East of U.S. Highway 15 and U.S. Highway 522 in Pennsylvania).



REGION 3 (Maximum Rate: 1.25 pints (0.313 lbs. a.i.) per acre, alternate years)

**REGION 3 –** Includes the following states or portion of states where this product may be applied: Connecticut, lowa, Maine, Massachusetts, Missouri (all counties except for those listed in Region 1), New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania (all areas except those listed in Region 2), Rhode Island, Vermont and Wisconsin (South of U.S. Highway 18 between Prairie Du Chien and Madison, and South of Interstate 94 between Madison and Milwaukee), and North of Interstate 70 in following states: Indiana, Illinois and Ohio.

REGION 4 (Maximum Rate: 1 pint (0.25 lbs. a.i.) per acre, alternate years)



**REGION 4** – Includes the following states or portion of states where this product may be applied: Kansas (all counties East of or intersected by U.S. Highway 281), Michigan (Southern Peninsula), Minnesota (all areas South of Interstate 94), Nebraska (all counties East of or intersected by U.S. Highway 281), and Wisconsin (all areas, except those in Region 3, South of Interstate 94 from Minnesota state line to Eau Claire and South of U.S. Highway 29 from Eau Claire to Green Bay plus Barron, Chippewa, Clark, Door, Dunn, Eau Claire, Kewaunee, Marathon, Menominee, Oconto, Polk, Shawano, and St. Croix counties. The following counties are excluded: Adams, Marquette, Portage, Waupaca, Waushara and Wood. North Dakota (all areas East of Interstate 29 from Fargo South to the South Dakota state line). South Dakota (all areas East of Interstate 29 from the North Dakota state line to Watertown, all areas East of Highway 81 from Watertown to Madison and all areas East and South of State Road 34 and U.S. Highway 281 to the Nebraska state line).



REGION 4a (Maximum Rate: 1 pint (0.25 lbs. a.i.) per acre, alternate years\*)

**REGION 4a** – Includes the following states or portion of states where this product may be applied: Kansas (all areas west of U.S. Highway 281 to the Colorado state line), Nebraska (all areas that intersect west of U.S. Highway 281 and east of U.S. Highway 83).

Note: Refer to the **Restrictions** section for additional requirements that must be followed to use this product in Region 4a.

REGION 5 (Maximum Rate: 0.75 pint (0.1875 lbs. a.i.) per acre, alternate years)



**REGION 5** – Includes the following states or portion of states where this product may be applied: North Dakota (all areas East of U.S. Highway 281 except those areas in Region 4), South Dakota (all areas East of U.S. Highway 281 except those areas in Region 4) and Minnesota (all areas South of U.S. Highway 2 except those areas in Region 4).

## WEEDS CONTROLLED

Table 1. Weeds controlled or partially controlled* bypreplant surface or preemergence application of thisproduct at 1 to 1.5 pints (0.25-0.375 lbs. a.i.) per acre1Broadleaf Weeds Controlled	Soil Texture	Organic Matter
Amaranth, Palmer	All soil types	Up to 5%
Croton, tropic <sup>2</sup>		
Eclipta		
Galinsoga spp.		
Lambsquarters, common		
Morningglory, Smallflower		
Nightshade, black		
Nightshade, Eastern black		
Pigweed, redroot		
Pigweed, smooth		
Poinsettia, wild		
Purslane, common		
Ragweed, common <sup>2</sup>		
Sida, prickly <sup>2</sup>		
Starbur, bristly		
Broadleaf Weeds Partially Controlled*		
Anoda, spurred		
Cocklebur, common		
Morningglory, Entireleaf		
Morningglory, Ivyleaf		
Morningglory, pitted		

Table 1. Weeds controlled or partially controlled* by preplant surface or preemergence application of this product at 1 to 1.5 pints (0.25-0.375 lbs. a.i.) per acre <sup>1</sup> Broadleaf Weeds Controlled	Soil Texture	Organic Matter
Morningglory, red/scarlet		
Morningglory, tall		
Nightshade, hairy		
Ragweed, giant		
Waterhemp, common		
Sedges Partially Controlled*		
Nutsedge, yellow		
*Partial control means significant activity but not always at a lev control.	el considered accept	able for commercial weed

<sup>1</sup>Use the higher end of the rate range when heavy weed populations are anticipated. <sup>2</sup>Rates less than 1.5 pints (0.375 lbs. a.i.) per acre will provide only partial control of this weed.

## Table 2. Weeds controlled or partially controlled\* by postemergence application of this product

	Rate of This Product					
	(N	(Maximum Growth Stage Controlled At)				
		0.75 pint 1 pint 1.25 pints 1.5 pints				
	(0.1875 lbs. a.i.)	(0.25 lbs. a.i.)	(0.313 lbs. a.i.)	(0.375 lbs. a.i.)		
	per acre	per acre	per acre	per acre		
	No. of True	No. of True	No. of True	No. of True		
Weed/Scientific Name	Leaves	Leaves	Leaves	Leaves		
Anoda, Spurred				2		
Balloonvine			2°	2		
		6" Diameter	Multi-leaf	Unlimited		
Carpetweed		Size	6" Diameter	Size		
Citron (Wild Watermelon)		2	2	4		
Cocklebur, Common <sup>a,b</sup>		-	2	4		
Copperleaf,						
Hophornbeam		2	2	4		
Copperleaf, Virginia		2	2	4		
Crotolaria, Showy		4	4	6		
Croton, Tropic		2	2	4		
Cucumber, Volunteer		4	4	6		
Eclipta		2	2	4		
Groundcherry, Cutleaf		4	4	6		
Hemp <sup>b</sup>			4	6		
Horsenettle <sup>b</sup>		2°	3°	4 <sup>c</sup>		
Jimsonweed	2	4	6	8		
Ladysthumb		2	2	4		
Lambsquarters, Common <sup>c</sup>		2	2	2		
Mexicanweed		2°	2°	2		
Morningglory						
Cypressvine		4	4	6		
Entireleaf var.	2°	2	2	4		
lvyleaf	2°	2	2	4		
Purple Moonflower		2	4	4		
Red (Scarlet)		2	2	4		
Smallflower		2	2	4		
Pitted (Smallwhite)		4	4	4		
Tall (Common)	2°	2	2	3		
Palmleaf (Willowleaf)		2	2	4		
Mustard, Wild	2	4	6	8		
Nightshade, Black	2	4	4	4		
Nutsedge, Yellow				Suppression		

	Rate of This Product (Maximum Growth Stage Controlled At)				
	0.75 pint (0.1875 lbs. a.i.) per acre No. of True	1 pint (0.25 lbs. a.i.) per acre No. of True	1.25 pints (0.313 lbs. a.i.) per acre No. of True	1.5 pints (0.375 lbs. a.i.) per acre No. of True	
Weed/Scientific Name	Leaves	Leaves	Leaves	Leaves	
				Only	
Pigweed					
Amaranth, Palmer	2°	4	4	6	
Amaranth, Spiny	2°	2	2	4	
Redroot	2°	4	6	6	
Smooth	2°	4	4	6	
Poinsettia, Wild				3	
Purslane, Common		Multi-Leaf 6" Diameter	Multi-Leaf 6" Diameter	Multi-Leaf 8" Diameter	
Pusley, Florida				2	
Ragweed, Common	2	4	4	6	
Ragweed, Giant <sup>b</sup>			4	4	
Redweed				3c	
Sesbania, Hemp		6	6	12	
Sicklepod				Cotyledon⁰	
Sida, Prickly				Cotyledon <sup>c</sup>	
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	2°	4	4	6	
Smellmelon				2	
Spurge, Prostrate				1" Diameter <sup>c</sup>	
Spurge, Spotted				2°	
Starbur, Bristly		2	2	4	
Sunflower, Common				2	
Velvetleaf <sup>b</sup>			2	4	
Venice Mallow	2	4	4	6	
Witchweed		Multi-leaf Up to 7"	Multi-leaf Up to 7"	Multi-leaf Up to 10"	
Waterhemp, Common	2°	2	2	4	
Waterhemp, Tall	2°	2	2	4	
Yellow Rocket	2	4	6	6	
*Partial control means significa control.	nt activity but not alway	s at a level conside	ered acceptable for	commercial weed	

<sup>a</sup>Do not apply in cotyledon stage.

<sup>b</sup>For effective control of this weed it is necessary to use 1% MSO and 2.5% UAN v/v as an adjuvant in Regions 2 and 3 (soybeans only).

°Partial control.

## SPECIAL USE DIRECTIONS FOR ADDITIONAL WEED PROBLEMS

## Partial Control\* of Annual Grasses

The grasses listed below may be partially controlled by preemergence applications of this product at 1 to 1.5 pints (0.25-0.375 lbs. a.i.) per acre.

Crabgrass Goosegrass Panicum, Texas Signalgrass, broadleaf

The grasses listed below may be partially controlled by postemergence applications of this product at 1 to 1.5 pints (0.25-0.375 lbs. a.i.) per acre.

Barnyardgrass Crabgrass Foxtail (Green, Giant, Yellow) Goosegrass Johnsongrass, Seedling Panicum, Fall Panicum, Texas Signalgrass, broadleaf

## **Partial Control\* of Perennial Weeds**

Use of this product postemergence at rates of 1 to 1.5 pints (0.25-0.375 lbs. a.i.) per acre will aid in suppressing the above-ground portions of the weeds listed below until crop canopy can assist in suppression. Perennial weeds continue to regrow from underground rootstocks even if above-ground foliage is temporarily controlled or retarded. Even though this product and crop competition can suppress perennial weeds for a growing season, the rootstocks will continue to live and reestablishment will occur in subsequent years.

Bindweed, Field Bindweed, Hedge Milkweed, Climbing Milkweed, Honeyvine Trumpetcreeper

\*Partial control means significant activity but not always at a level considered acceptable for commercial weed control.

## **CROP USE DIRECTIONS**

## COTTON

## Preemergence Application

Apply this product at 1 to 1.5 pints (0.25-0.375 lbs. a.i.) per acre as a preemergence application to coarse textured soils (sandy loam, loamy sand, sandy clay loam) only. Refer to Table 1 for a list of weeds controlled or partially controlled. Do not apply as a preemergence treatment to medium or fine-textured soils as crop injury will likely occur.

## Preplant Surface Application to Medium or Fine-Textured Soils

Apply this product at 1 pint per acre as a preplant surface application to medium or fine-textured soils (i.e., soil types heavier than coarse-textured soils) up to 21 days prior to planting cotton. Apply after the last tillage operation is completed. Refer to Table 1 for a list of weeds controlled or partially controlled. Do not exceed 1 pint per acre of this product on medium or fine-textured soils. Also, to avoid severe crop injury, the following directions must be followed when application is made to medium or fine-textured soils:

- After this product application, a minimum of 0.5 inch of rainfall or overhead irrigation must occur before planting cotton.
- Cotton must be planted at least 0.75 inch in depth.
- Avoid overlapping spray swaths.
- Do not disturb or re-work the seedbed following application.

The use of an in-furrow or seed applied fungicide will generally assist with seedling establishment and development.

Cotton plants are tolerant to preplant surface or preemergence applications of this product when applied at specified rates and application use directions. Some crinkling or spotting of cotton foliage or stunting may occur, but cotton plants normally outgrow these effects and develop normally.

Cotton foliage is not tolerant to this product. Do not apply this product over the top of emerged cotton as unacceptable cotton injury will occur.

## Post-Directed Application (All Soil Types)

Apply this product in emerged cotton as a post-directed treatment using precision post-directed, hooded or shielded application equipment to provide complete coverage of emerged weeds. Apply this product at 1 to 1.5 pints (0.25-0.375 lbs. a.i.) per acre in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray solution per acre. Applications may be made broadcast or banded. Post-directed applications of this product will provide contact control of labeled emerged weeds and residual preemergence control of labeled weeds (once activated by rainfall or irrigation). Refer to the **Weeds Controlled** section for a list of weeds controlled, labeled application rates, weed growth stages, and application directions.

This product must be applied with a non-ionic surfactant at 0.25 to 0.5% v/v, or crop oil concentrate at 1% v/v to emerged weeds. Do not add liquid nitrogen (28% or similar) to this product, or tank mixes with this product in cotton.

Cotton foliage is not tolerant to applications of this product. Avoid contact to cotton foliage as unacceptable injury will occur. Application equipment must be calibrated (spray pressure, nozzle type and configuration, and orifice size) to avoid fine spray droplets contacting green cotton stems and foliage.

## Post-Directed Application Timing in Cotton

This product may be applied to cotton at least 6 inches in height through layby as a post-directed application. All post-directed applications must avoid spray contact with any green non-barked parts of the cotton plant or foliage as unacceptable injury will occur. Follow the application timing below for post-directed applications in cotton.

## **Shielded and Hooded Applications**

Make a precision post-directed application of this product to the base of the cotton plant avoiding contact with the cotton stem or foliage when cotton is at least 6 inches in height to avoid cotton injury. Use only hooded or shielded spray equipment to apply this product in cotton that is 6 inches to 12 inches in height. Adjust nozzles to provide full coverage of emerged target weeds.

## **Layby Applications**

Make a post-directed application of this product to the base of the cotton plant avoiding contact with any non-barked portion of the cotton plant or foliage. Use precision post-directed equipment or hooded or shielded sprayers on cotton that has developed a minimum of 4 inches of brown bark through layby. Application equipment must be configured to provide full coverage of emerged target weeds.

## Tank Mix and Sequential Application

To broaden the weed control spectrum, this product can be tank mixed with other herbicides including those listed below. Refer to the tank mix partner label for use directions, restrictions and limitations. The most restrictive product labeling applies.

Diuron	Norflurazon
Fluometuron	Prometryn
Glyphosate	Pyrithiobac
Linuron	S-metolachlor
Metolachlor	Trifloxysulfuron
MSMA	

## Special Use Directions for the Suppression of Woollyleaf Bursage (Lakeweed), Ambrosia grayi, in Texas

Apply this product to cultivated areas of cropland in the fall or spring as a spot treatment at a rate of 1.5 pints (0.375 lbs. a.i.) per acre and incorporate to a depth of 2 to 3 inches for suppression of woollyleaf bursage. Applications must be made with ground equipment.

The use of adjuvants, as specified under the Spray Additives section, will significantly improve the initial burndown of any emerged woollyleaf bursage, but this effect is only temporary. Therefore, an adjuvant may be used if desired, but is not necessary.

Significant suppression may not be seen until 6-8 months after application, but should then continue for at least 2 years after application. Cotton or soybeans may be planted in treated areas. Under certain conditions, significant damage may occur to cotton planted within 18 months of application. A 3-year interval from last application to planting is required for all other crops.

## Use Restrictions – Cotton

- Do not apply this product later than 70 days before harvest.
- Do not make more than one application of this product per year.
- Do not apply more than 1.5 pints (0.375 lbs. a.i.) per acre of this product in any year. Refer to **Regional Use Map** for the maximum rate of this product (or other fomesafen containing products) that may be applied per year or alternate year in each geographic region.
- Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.25 lbs. a.i.) per acre per year to medium or fine-textured soils.

- Refer to the **Regional Use Map** for the maximum use rate of this product (or other fomesafen containing products) that may be applied in each geographic region.
- Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.25 lbs. a.i.) per acre of this product as a preplant surface application to medium or fine-textured soils.
- If two consecutive year applications are made, allow a 2 year interval before another application.

## DRY BEANS AND SNAP BEANS

## **Preplant Surface and Preemergence Application**

Apply this product as a preplant surface or preemergence application in Regions 1, 2, 3 and 4 only for control or partial control of the weeds listed in Table 1. This product can be applied alone, or tank mixed or followed sequentially with other labeled dry bean or snap bean herbicides to broaden the weed control spectrum or control newly emerged weeds. Refer to the **Tank Mix and Sequential Application** section for additional information.

**NOTE:** Treated soil that is splashed onto newly emerged seedlings may result in temporary crop injury but plants normally outgrow these effects and develop normally.

## Postemergence Application

Apply this product as a postemergent broadcast application in Regions 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 for control or partial control of the weeds listed in Table 2 and in the **Special Use Directions for Additional Weed Problems** section. Application rate depends on weed species and growth stage. Two applications may be made if necessary but not to exceed the maximum rate specified per geographic region. (Refer to map for definition of specified geographic regions). Refer to the Spray Additive section for spray additives. Use of crop oil concentrate can improve weed control but may slightly reduce crop tolerance. Do not use UAN (28% or similar) or ammonium sulfate on dry beans or snap beans as severe crop injury may occur. Apply when dry beans or snap beans have at least one fully expanded trifoliate leaf.

This product can be applied alone or in tank mix with other labeled dry bean or snap bean postemergence herbicides to broaden the weed control spectrum. Refer to the **Tank Mix and Sequential Application** section.

Some bronzing, crinkling or spotting of dry bean or snap bean leaves may occur following postemergent applications, but dry beans and snap beans soon outgrow these effects and develop normally.

## Tank Mix and Sequential Applications for Dry Beans and Snap Beans

To broaden the weed control spectrum, this product can be tank mixed with other herbicides as listed below. Refer to the tank mix partner label for use directions, restrictions and limitations. The most restrictive product labeling applies.

Dry Beans and Snap Beans	Dry Beans Only
Bentazon	Clethodim
EPTC	Dimethenamid-P
Imazamox	Ethalfluralin
Imazethapyr	
Metolachlor	
Pendimethalin	
Quizalofop	
Sethoxydim	
S-metolachlor	
Trifluralin	

Under certain conditions, the mixture of this product with one or more of the above mentioned broadleaf herbicides may cause a reduction in activity of any postemergence grass herbicide in the mixture.

For sequential applications allow 2 to 3 days after the application of the postemergence grass herbicide before applying this product or mixtures of this product. Where this product or mixtures of this product is applied first, apply the grass herbicide when the grass weeds begin to develop new leaves (generally around 7 days).

**NOTE:** Tank-mix applications can result in increased crop injury as compared to either product used alone.

Always read and follow the directions, restrictions and limitations for all products whether used alone, sequentially or in a tank mix. The most restrictive labeling of any product used applies.

## **Use Restrictions – Dry Beans and Snap Beans**

- Refer to the **Regional Use Map** for the maximum use rate of this product (or other fomesafen containing products) that may be applied per year or alternate year in each geographic region.
- Do not apply to any field in Regions 2, 3, 4 or 5 more than once every two years.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications per year.
- The Retreatment Interval (RTI) is 2-3 days.
- For snap beans: Do not exceed 1.5 pints (0.375 lbs. a.i.) per acre of this product in any one year. Refer to **Regional Use Map** for the maximum rate of this product (or other fomesafen containing products) that may be applied per year or alternate year in each geographic region. Do not graze treated areas or harvest for forage or hay. Do not utilize hay or straw for animal feed or bedding. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.
- For dry beans: Do not exceed 1.5 pints (0.375 lbs. a.i.) per acre of this product in any one year. Refer to **Regional Use Map** for the maximum rate of this product (or other fomesafen containing products) that may be applied per year or alternate year in each geographic region. Do not graze animals on green forage or stubble. Do not utilize hay or straw for animal feed or bedding. Do not apply within 45 days of harvest.

## POTATOES

Apply this product at 1 pint (0.25 lbs. a.i.) per acre as a broadcast preemergence application after planting but before potato emergence for control or partial control of weeds listed in Table 1. Effectiveness will be reduced if later cultural practices expose untreated soil. For application by center pivot irrigation, see the Center Pivot Irrigation Application section of this label.

**Note:** Potato varieties may vary in their response to this product. When using this product for the first time on a particular variety, always determine crop tolerance before using.

## Tank Mixtures with Other Products Registered for Use in Potatoes:

For preemergence applications in potatoes, this product may be tank mixed with other pesticide products registered for use in this way and timing in potatoes. Follow the directions for use, observe the stated precautions, and abide by the limitations and restrictions on the most restrictive of the product labels. If you have no previous experience mixing these products under your conditions, perform a compatibility test before attempting large-scale mixing (see **Tank Mix Compatibility Test** section of this label).

## **Use Restrictions – Potatoes**

- Do not exceed 1 pint (0.25 lbs. a.i.) per acre of this product per year. Refer to **Regional Use Map** for the maximum rate of this product (or other fomesafen containing products) that may be applied per year or alternate year in each geographic region.
- Do not apply more than 1 application per year.
- Refer to the **Regional Use Map** for the maximum use rate of this product (or other fomesafen containing products) that may be applied in each geographic region.
- Do not harvest potatoes treated with this product within 70 days of application.
- Do not apply this product to sweet potatoes or yams.
- Do not apply this product as a preplant incorporated application in potatoes or crop injury may occur.
- Do not apply to emerged potato plants or severe crop injury will occur.
- Do not use on potatoes in Nassau and Suffolk Counties, New York.

## SOYBEANS

## Preplant Surface and Preemergence Application

Apply this product as a preplant surface or preemergence application in Regions 1, 2, 3, and 4 only for control or partial control of the weeds listed in Table 1. This product can be applied alone or tank mixed or followed sequentially with other labeled soybean herbicides to broaden the weed control spectrum or control newly emerged weeds. Refer to the **Tank Mix and Sequential Application** section for additional information.

In reduced tillage plantings, this product can be applied up to 14 days prior to planting or at planting with a burndown herbicide.

## Postemergence Application

Apply this product as a postemergence broadcast application in Regions 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 for control or partial control of weeds listed in Table 2 and in the **Special Use Directions for Additional Weed Problems** section. Application rate depends on weed species and growth stage. Refer to the Spray Additive section for specified spray additives. To enhance postemergence control of susceptible broadleaf weeds (**Soybeans only**) in Regions 2, 3, 4 and 5 (see **Regional Use Map**), this product can be used with a minimum of 2.5% liquid nitrogen (28% or similar) or a minimum of 10 pounds ammonium sulfate per 100 gallons of spray volume.

This product can be applied alone or in combination with other labeled soybean postemergence herbicides to broaden the weed control spectrum. Refer to the **Tank Mix and Sequential Application** section.

Some bronzing, crinkling or spotting of soybean leaves may occur following postemergent applications, but soybeans soon outgrow these effects and develop normally.

## TANK MIX AND SEQUENTIAL APPLICATIONS FOR SOYBEANS

To broaden the weed control spectrum, this product can be tank mixed with other herbicides as listed below. Refer to the tank mix partner label for use directions, restrictions and limitations. The most restrictive product labeling applies.

2,4-DB	Glyphosate
Bentazon	Imazamox
Chlorimuron	Imazaquin
Clethodim	Imazethapyr
Fluazifop	Quizalofop
Flumiclorac	Sethoxydim
Glufosinate	Thifensulfuron

Under certain conditions, the mixture of this product with one or more of the above mentioned broadleaf herbicides may cause a reduction in activity of any postemergence grass herbicide in the mixture.

## NOTE:

- Tank-mix applications can result in increased crop injury as compared to either product used alone.
- Do not exceed 1 fluid ounce of Butyrac (2,4-DB) per acre in mixture with this product.

For sequential applications allow 2 to 3 days after the application of the postemergence grass herbicide before applying this product or mixtures of this product. Where this product or mixtures of this product is applied first, apply the postemergence grass herbicide when the grass weeds begin to develop new leaves (generally around 7 days).

## Roundup Ready® (Glyphosate Tolerant) Soybean Tank Mixes

This product can be tank mixed with glyphosate products that are labeled for Roundup Ready (glyphosate tolerant) soybeans for improved postemergence control of many weeds including morningglory spp., hemp sesbania, waterhemp, and black nightshade which are known to have tolerance to glyphosate, but are susceptible to this product (fomesafen).

# FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS ON THE GLYPHOSATE PRODUCT LABEL FOR THE USE OF SPRAY ADDITIVES IN THIS TANK MIX.

Do not allow this tank mix to move off target as contact by even minute quantities can cause severe damage or death to any non-target vegetation.

**NOTE:** Postemergence application of this tank mix on soybean varieties which do not contain the Roundup Ready gene will result in severe crop injury or death of the soybean crop. Always read and follow the directions, restrictions and limitations for all products used. The most restrictive labeling of any product applies.

## Use Restrictions – Soybeans

- Refer to **Regional Use Map** for maximum rate of this product (or other fomesafen containing products) that may be applied in each geographic region.
- Do not apply to any field in Regions 2, 3, 4 or 5 more than once every two years.

- Do not exceed 1.5 pints (0.375 lbs. a.i.) of this product per acre in any one year. Refer to **Regional Use Map** for the maximum rate of this product (or other fomesafen containing products) that may be applied per year or alternate year in each geographic region.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications per year.
- The Retreatment Interval (RTI) is 2-3 days.
- Do not graze treated areas or harvest for forage or hay.
- Do not apply within 45 days of harvest.

## Succulent Soybean (Edamame)

#### **Preplant Surface and Preemergence Application**

Apply this product at 1 - 1.5 pints (0.25-0.375 lbs. a.i.) as a preplant surface or preemergence application only in Regions 1, 2, 3, and 4 in succulent vegetable soybean (edamame) or other food-grade soybeans. Refer to Table 1 for weeds controlled or partially controlled by preplant surface and preemergence applications. Refer to the **Regional Use Map** for the maximum rate that may be applied in each geographic region.

**NOTE:** Treated soil that is splashed onto newly emerged seedlings may result in temporary crop injury but plants normally outgrow these effects and develop normally.

#### Postemergence Application

Apply this product as a postemergence broadcast application in Regions 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 in succulent vegetable soybean (edamame) or other food-grade soybeans. Refer to Table 2 and **Special Use Directions for Additional Weed Problems** section for weeds controlled or partially controlled by postemergence applications. Application rate depends on weed species and growth stage. Refer to the Regional Use Map for the maximum rate that may be applied in each geographic region. Apply when succulent vegetable soybean (edamame) has at least one fully expanded trifoliate leaf. Refer to the Spray Additives section for specified spray additives. Use of crop oil concentrate can improve weed control but may slightly reduce crop tolerance. Do not use UAN (28% or similar) or ammonium sulfate on succulent vegetable soybean (edamame).

Some bronzing, crinkling or spotting of leaves may occur following postemergence application but succulent vegetable soybean (edamame) soon outgrow these effects and develop normally.

# Tank Mixtures or Sequential Applications with Other Products Registered for Use in Succulent Soybeans (Edamame)

This product may be tank mixed or applied sequentially with other pesticide products registered for use in succulent vegetable soybean (edamame). Always follow the directions for use, observe the stated precautions, and abide by the limitations and restrictions for all products whether used alone, sequentially or in a tank mix. The most restrictive labeling of any product used applies.

Perform a jar test prior to tank mixing to ensure product compatibility with mixture partners (see **Tank Mix Compatibility Test** section of this label).

**NOTE:** Tank mix applications can result in increased crop injury as compared to either product used alone.

## Use Restrictions – Succulent Soybean (edamame)

- Refer to the **Regional Use Map** for the maximum rate of this product (or other fomesafen containing products) that may be applied in each geographic region.
- Do not apply to any field in Regions 2, 3, 4, or 5 more than once every two years.
- Do not exceed 1.5 pints (0.375 lbs. a.i.) of this product per acre in any one year. Refer to **Regional Use Map** for the maximum rate of this product (or other fomesafen containing products) that may be applied per year or alternate year in each geographic region.
- Do not graze treated areas or harvest for forage or hay. Do not utilize hay or straw for animal feed or bedding.
- Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in a cool, dry place and in such a manner as to prevent cross contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food, and feed. Store in original container and out of the reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area. Handle and open container in a manner as to prevent spillage. If the container is leaking, invert to prevent leakage. If container is leaking or material spilled for any reason or cause, carefully dam up spilled material to prevent runoff. Refer to Precautionary Statements on label for hazard associated with the handling of this material. Do not walk through spilled material. Absorb spilled material with absorbing type compounds and dispose of as directed for pesticides below. In spill or leak incidents, keep unauthorized people away.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

## CONTAINER HANDLING:

## Nonrefillable Container (rigid material; less than 5 gallons):

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container one-fourth full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

## Nonrefillable Container (rigid material; 5 gallons up to < 250 gallons):

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container one-fourth full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

**Refillable container** (≥ **250 gallons & Bulk):** Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

## Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials, resistant strains or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of Atticus, LLC or Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold Atticus, LLC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

To the extent allowed by applicable laws, Atticus, LLC warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions or under such use. TO THE EXTENT ALLOWABLE BY APPLICABLE LAW, ATTICUS, LLC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OR MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

To the extent allowed by applicable laws, in no event shall Atticus, LLC or Seller be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT ALLOWABLE BY APPLICABLE LAW THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF ATTICUS, LLC AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR

DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF ATTICUS, LLC OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

Atticus, LLC and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to foregoing conditions of sale and limitations or warranty and of liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of Atticus, LLC.

Roundup Ready (R) is a registered trademark of Monsanto Technology LLC.

[EPA Approval Date]

## FOMESAFEN GROUP 14 HERBICIDE

## Tacoma Ag Fomesafen 2.0

For Control of Certain Weeds in Cotton, Dry Beans, Potatoes, Snap Beans, and Soybeans

## **ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

Sodium salt of fomesafen	
5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-N-(methylsulfonyl)-2-nitrobenzamide	
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	
TOTAL:	
*Equivalent to 21.7% or 2 pounds of fomesafen per gallon.	

This product is formulated as a soluble liquid.

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER/PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID	
IF IN EYES:	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> </ul>
	• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing
	eye.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
SWALLOWED:	<ul> <li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> </ul>
	• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
	<ul> <li>Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>
IF ON SKIN	Take off contaminated clothing.
OR	<ul> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> </ul>
CLOTHING:	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED:	Move person to fresh air.
	• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration,
	preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for	
treatment. You may also contact 1-800-424-9300 for emergency medical treatment information.	
<b>NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:</b> Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.	

[See inside label booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use including Storage and Disposal instructions.]

EPA Reg. No. 91234-163

## Net Contents:

EPA Est. No.

## Manufactured for:

Atticus, LLC 5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100 Cary, NC 27513