

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505P) 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20460

91	234	-141

Date of Issuance:

EPA Reg. Number:

8/23/19

X Registration Reregistration (under FIFRA, as amended) Term of Issuance: Unconditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

A253.04

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Dave Bolin Vice President, Regulatory Affairs Atticus, LLC 5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100 Cary, NC 27513

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is unconditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(5) provided that you:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/registration/registration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.

Signature of Approving Official:	Date:
Lindsay Roe, Product Manager 22 Fungicide Branch, Registration Division (7505P)	8/23/19

- 2. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:
 - Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 91234-141."
- 3. Submit one copy of the revised final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. Please also note that the record for this product currently contains the following CSFs:

- Basic CSF dated 04/01/2019
- Alternate CSF #1 dated 04/01/2019

Note that the alternate brand name, Radius ESQ, has been entered into the Agency database.

If you have any questions, please contact Lindsay Roe by phone at 703 347-0506, or via email at roe.lindsay@epa.gov; or Craig Reeves by phone at 703 347-0486, or via email at reeves.craig@epa.gov.

Enclosure

[Note to reviewer: [Text] in brackets denotes optional or explanatory language [Note to reviewer: {Text} in braces denotes where in the final label text will appear

{BOOKLET FRONT PANEL LANGUAGE}

AZOXYSTROBIN	GROUP 11	FUNGICIDE
DIFENOCONAZOLE	GROUP 3	FUNGICIDE

A253.04 [TM]

[Alternate Brand Name: Radius ESQ]

[Contains difenoconazole and azoxystrobin, the active ingredients used in Quadris Top® SBX.]

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	(% by weight)
Azoxystrobin*	
Difenoconazole**	
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	60.4%
TOTAL	100.0%

^{*}CAS No. 131860-33-8

A253.04 is formulated as a suspension concentrate (SC) containing 1.88 lb of azoxystrobin active ingredient and 1.88 lb of diffenoconazole active ingredient per gallon.

WARNING/AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside label booklet for First Aid, Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

[A253.04™ is not manufactured, or distributed by Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC, seller of Quadris Top® SBX.]

EPA Reg. No.: 91234-RUR

EPA Est. No.:

Net Contents:

Manufactured for:
Atticus, LLC
5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100
Cary, NC 27513

ACCEPTED

Aug 23, 2019

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 04004 4444

91234-141

^{**}CAS No. 119446-68-3

{LANGUAGE INSIDE BOOKLET}

FIRST	AID
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If swallowed:

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall at **1-844-685-9173** for emergency medical treatment information.

For Chemical Emergency:
Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident,
Call CHEMTREC Day or Night

Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals WARNING/AVISO

May be fatal if swallowed. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Waterproof gloves

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. DO NOT reuse them.

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Difenoconazole is toxic to fish, mammals and aquatic invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to estuarine/marine organisms in water adjacent to treated areas.

Azoxystrobin is toxic to freshwater and estuarine/marine fish and aquatic invertebrates. Azoxystrobin can be persistent for several months or longer.

Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or regional office of the EPA.

For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Groundwater Advisory

Azoxystrobin and a degradate of azoxystrobin are known to leach through soil into groundwater under certain conditions as a result of label use. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

Surface Water Advisory

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having a high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of Azoxystrobin and a degradate of Azoxystrobin from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours.

Notify State and/or Federal authorities and Atticus, LLC immediately if you observe any adverse environmental effects due to use of this product.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not mix or allow to come into contact with oxidizing agents. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof materials such as polyvinyl chloride, nitrile rubber or butyl rubber.
- Shoes plus socks

PRODUCT INFORMATION

A253.04 is a broad-spectrum product containing two fungicides. It has preventative, systemic and curative properties and is recommended for the control of many important plant diseases. **A253.04** provides excellent disease control of many leaf spots and powdery mildews. **A253.04** is applied as a foliar spray and can be used in block, alternating spray or tank-mix programs with other crop protection products. All applications must be made according to the use directions that follow.

USE PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

FAILURE TO FOLLOW DIRECTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN CROP INJURY, POOR DISEASE CONTROL, AND/OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

ATTENTION

A253.04 is extremely phytotoxic to certain apple varieties.

AVOID SPRAY DRIFT. Extreme care must be used to prevent injury to apple trees (and apple fruit).

DO NOT spray **A253.04** where spray drift may reach apple trees.

DO NOT spray when conditions favor drift beyond area intended for application. Conditions which may contribute to drift include thermal inversion, wind speed and direction, sprayer nozzle/pressure combinations, spray droplet size, etc. Contact your State Extension Agent for spray drift prevention guidelines in your area.

DO NOT use spray equipment which has been previously used to apply **A253.04** to spray apple trees. Even trace amounts can cause unacceptable phytotoxicity to certain apple and crabapple varieties.

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR.

USE INFORMATION

Application: Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control. Make no more spray solution than is needed for application. Avoid spray overlap, as crop injury may occur.

Adjuvants: When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, the use of an adjuvant that meets the standards of the Chemical Producers and Distributors Association (CPDA) adjuvant certification program is recommended.

Use of Adjuvants: Under certain weather conditions (particularly high temperatures) **A253.04** in combination with high rates of silicone-based or oil containing (petroleum or crop) additives or adjuvants may cause injury. Do not exceed 0.125% adjuvant (v/v). Consult an Atticus, LLC representative for more information concerning additives or adjuvants.

A tank mixture with Dimethoate may cause crop injury.

On fresh market tomatoes, do not use adjuvants or tank mix A253.04 with any EC product.

Efficacy: Under certain conditions conducive to extended infection periods, use another registered fungicide for additional applications if the maximum amount of **A253.04** has been used. If resistant isolates to Group 3 or Group 11 fungicides are present, efficacy can be reduced for certain diseases. The higher rates in the rate range and/or shorter spray intervals may be required under conditions of heavy infection pressure, with highly susceptible varieties, or when environmental conditions are conducive to disease.

Integrated Pest Management (IPM): A253.04 should be integrated into an overall disease and pest management strategy whenever the use of a fungicide is required. Cultural practices known to reduce disease development should be followed. Consult your local agricultural authorities for additional IPM strategies established for your area. A253.04 may be used in State Agricultural Extension advisory (disease forecasting) programs which recommend application timing based on environmental factors favorable for disease development.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

AZOXYSTROBIN	GROUP 11	FUNGICIDE
DIFENOCONAZOLE	GROUP 3	FUNGICIDE

For resistance management, please note that **A253.04** contains both azoxystrobin, a strobilurin fungicide in Group 11 and difenoconazole, a triazole fungicide in Group 3. Any fungal population may contain individuals naturally resistant to either or both of the active ingredients in **A253.04** and other Group 11 or Group 3 fungicides. A gradual or total loss of pest control may occur over time if these fungicides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

As part of a resistance management strategy:

- Apply a maximum of 4 sprays during one crop cycle.
- Apply no more than 2 sequential applications unless otherwise stated in the crop section.
- Rotate the use of **A253.04** or other Group 3 and 11 fungicides within a growing season sequence with different groups that control the same pathogens.
- Use tank mixtures with fungicides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.
- Adopt an integrated disease management program for fungicide use that includes scouting, uses historical
 information related to pesticide use, and crop rotation, and which considers host plant resistance, impact
 of environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological and
 other chemical control practices.
- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide applications. Note that using predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance.
- Monitor treated fungal populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor for any additional pesticide resistancemanagement and/or IPM recommendations for specific crops and pathogens.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact Atticus, LLC at 984-465-4754. You can also contact your pesticide distributor or university extension specialist to report resistance.

Rotational Crops: Please see the following table for the crop rotational restrictions:

Rotational Crops: Please see the following table for the cr	Planting Time From Last A253.04 Application
Berry, Low Growing, Subgroup 13-07G	
Brassica (Cole) Leafy Vegetables Crop Group 5	
Bulb Vegetables, bulb onion Subgroup 3-07A and	
green onion Subgroup 3-07B	
Carrots	
Chickpeas	
Citrus Fruit Crop Group 10-10	
Cotton Subgroup 20C	
Cucurbit Vegetables Crop Group 9	
Fruit, small, vine climbing Subgroup 13-07F, except	
fuzzy kiwifruit	
Fruiting Vegetables Crop Group 8-10	
Guava	0 days
Papaya	
Okra	
Pepper	
Potatoes	
Rice	
Soybeans	
Stone Fruit Crop Group 12-12	
Strawberries	
Sugar Beets	
Tomatoes	
Tree Nuts Crop Group 14-12	
Tuberous & Corm Vegetable Subgroup 1C	
Watercress	
Wild Rice	
Cereals (Wheat, Barley, Oats, Rye, Triticale)	
Root and Tuber Vegetables, Crop Group 1 (except	30 days
Carrot, Sugar Beet, and Tuberous Corm Vegetable	
Subgroup 1C)	
Buckwheat	
Millet	365 days
All other Crop Intended for Food and Feed	60 days

Crop Tolerance: Plant tolerance has been found to be acceptable for all crops on the label, however, not all possible tank-mix combinations have been tested under all conditions. When possible, it is recommended to test the combinations on a small portion of the crop to ensure that a phytotoxic response will not occur as a result of application. See USE PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS regarding apple phytotoxicity.

Greenhouse Use: For resistance management, do not use **A253.04** for transplant production.

Spray Drift Management: To avoid spray drift, do not apply when conditions favor drift beyond the target area. The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT AT THE APPLICATION SITE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR AND THE GROWER.

MIXING AND APPLICATION METHODS

Spray Equipment

Nozzles

- Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application.
- Nozzles should be the same size and uniformly spaced across the boom.
- Calibrate sprayer before use.
- It is suggested that screens be used to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging.
- Screens placed on suction side of pump should be 16-mesh or coarser.
- Do not place a screen in the recirculation line.
- Use 50-mesh or coarser screens between the pump and boom, and where required, at the nozzles.
- Check nozzle manufacturer's recommendations.

Pump

- Use a pump with capacity to:
 - Maintain 35-40 psi at nozzles.
 - Provide sufficient agitation in tank to keep mixture in suspension this requires recirculation of 10% of tank volume per minute.
- Use a jet agitator or liquid sparge tube for agitation.
- Do not air sparge.

For more information on spray equipment and calibration, consult sprayer manufacturer's and state recommendations. For specific local directions and spray schedules, consult the current state agricultural recommendations.

Mixing Instructions

- **A253.04** is a suspension concentrate (SC) formulation.
- Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate operation.
- Thoroughly clean spray equipment before using this product.
- Agitate the spray solution before and during application.
- Rinse spray tank thoroughly with clean water after each day's use and dispose of pesticide rinsate by application to an already treated area.

A253.04 Alone (No Tank Mix)

- Add 1/2 2/3 of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank.
- With the agitator running, add A253.04 to the tank.
- Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water.
- Begin application of the spray solution after A253.04 has completely dispersed into the mix water.
- Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been sprayed.

A253.04 + Tank Mixtures: A253.04 is usually compatible with all tank-mix partners listed on this label. To determine the physical compatibility of **A253.04** with other products, use a jar test. Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to 1 qt of water. Add wettable powders and water dispersible granular products first, then liquid flowables, and emulsifiable concentrates last. After thoroughly mixing, let stand for at least 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding required ingredients to the spray tank.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Mixing in the Spray Tank

- Add 1/2 2/3 of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank.
- With the agitator running, add the tank-mix partner(s) into the tank in the same order as described above.
- Allow the material to completely dissolve and disperse into the mix water. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water and **A253.04** to the spray tank.
- Allow A253.04 to completely disperse.
- Spray the mixture with the agitator running.
- Observe all directions for use, crops/sites, use rates, dilution ratios, precautions, and limitations which appear on the tank mix product label.
- Label dosage rate must not be exceeded, and the most restrictive label precautions and limitations must be followed.
- This product must not be mixed with any product which prohibits such mixing.
- It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Application Instructions

A253.04 may be applied with all types of spray equipment commonly used for making ground and aerial applications. Proper adjustments and calibration of spraying equipment to give good canopy penetration and coverage is essential for good disease control.

Ground Application

- Apply in a minimum of 10 gal of water per acre, unless specified otherwise.
- Do not apply through any ultra-low volume (ULV) spray system.
- Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control.

Aerial Application

- Use only on crops where aerial applications are indicated.
- Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control.
- Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre unless specified otherwise.
- Avoid application under conditions when uniform coverage cannot be obtained or when excessive spray drift may occur.
- Do not apply directly to humans or animals.
- Do not apply through any ultra-low volume (ULV) spray system.

ATTENTION

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AVOID SPRAY DRIFT. Extreme care must be used to prevent injury to apple trees (and apple fruit).

DO NOT spray **A253.04** where spray drift may reach apple trees.

DO NOT spray when conditions favor drift beyond area intended for application.

Conditions which may contribute to drift include thermal inversion, wind speed and direction, sprayer nozzle/pressure combinations, spray droplet size, etc. Contact your State Extension Agent for spray drift prevention guidelines in your area.

DO NOT use spray equipment which has been previously used to apply **A253.04** to spray apple trees. Even trace amounts can cause unacceptable phytotoxicity to certain apple and crabapple varieties.

Application Through Irrigation Systems (Chemigation)

- Use only on crops for which chemigation is specified on this label.
- Apply this product only through center pivot, solid set, hand move, or moving wheel irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- Apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/acre. Excessive water may reduce efficacy.
- If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
- Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system, unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Operating Instructions

- 1. The system must contain a functional check-valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent watersource contamination from backflow.
- 2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quickclosing check-valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump), effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Center Pivot Irrigation Equipment

Notes: (1) Use only with drive systems which provide uniform water distribution. (2) Do not use end guns when chemigating **A253.04** through center pivot systems because of non-uniform application.

- Determine the size of the area to be treated.
- Determine the time required to apply 1/8 1/2 inch of water over the area to be treated when the system
 and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures as recommended by the equipment
 manufacturer. When applying A253.04 through irrigation equipment use the lowest obtainable water
 volume while maintaining uniform distribution. Run the system at 80-95% of the manufacturer's rated
 capacity.
- Using water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure.
- Determine the amount of A253.04 required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.

- Add the required amount of A253.04 and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements to the solution tank.
- Make sure the system is fully charged with water before starting injection of the **A253.04** solution. Time the injection to last at least as long as it takes to bring the system to full pressure.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Continue to operate the system until the A253.04 solution has cleared the sprinkler head.

Solid Set, Hand Move, and Moving Wheel Irrigation Equipment

- Determine the acreage covered by the sprinklers.
- Fill injector solution tank with water and adjust flow rate to use the contents over a 20- to 30-minute interval. When applying **A253.04** through irrigation equipment use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution.
- Determine the amount of **A253.04** required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- Add the required amount of A253.04 into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection period.
- Operate the system at the same pressure and time interval established during the calibration.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until the **A253.04** solution has cleared the last sprinkler head.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS FOR PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

- 1. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- 2. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone (RPZ), back-flow preventer or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz	Remarks
		product/A	
Almonds	Alternaria Leaf Spot	7.0-7.5	For blossom blight, begin applications at
	(A. alternata)		early bloom and continue through petal
			fall. Make no more than 2 sequential
	Anthracnose		applications before alternating to another
	(Colletotrichum acutatum)		fungicide with a different mode of action.
	Blossom Blight		For all other diseases, begin applications
	(Monilinia spp.)		prior to disease onset when conditions are
	Last Disabet		conducive for disease. Apply A253.04 on a
	Leaf Blight		14- to 21- day schedule making no more
	(Seimatosporium lichenicola)		than 2 sequential applications before
	Leaf Rust		alternating to another fungicide with a
			non-QoI (Group 11) mode of action.
	(Tranzschelia discolor)		If we are the store on his term, in disease the
	Carlo		If monitoring or history indicates the
	Scab		presence of Alternaria, apply 14 fl oz/A of
	(Venturia carpophilia)		A253.04 in the late spring (mid-April to
	Clark Hala		beginning of May) and then repeat the
	Shot Hole		treatment 2-3 weeks later.
	(Wilsonomyces carpophilus)		
			The addition of a spreading/penetrating
			type adjuvant such as a non-ionic based
			surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend
			is recommended.
			[Optional language if label has a rate
			range: If disease pressure is high, use the
			highest rate.][Optional language if label
			has a single rate and interval range: If
			disease pressure is high, use the shortest
			interval.][Optional language if label has a
			rate range and interval range: If disease
			pressure is high, use the shortest interval
			and highest rate.]

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **A253.04** can be applied by ground or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.

- 1. Do not apply more than 31 fl oz/A/year of **A253.04**.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3. Do not apply more than 1.5 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- 4. Do not apply within 28 days of harvest (28-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz	Remarks
		product/A	
Brassica (Cole)	Alternaria Diseases	7.0-7.5	Begin applications prior to disease onset
Leafy Vegetables	(Alternaria spp.)		when conditions are conducive for
Crop Group 5			disease. Apply A253.04 on a 7- to 14-day
	Anthracnose		schedule, making no more than 1
Broccoli	(Colletotrichum higginsianum)		application before alternating to another
Brussels Sprouts			fungicide with a non-QoI (Group 11) mode
Cabbage	Cercospora Leaf Spot		of action.
Cauliflower	(C. brassicicola).		
Collards			The addition of a spreading/penetrating
Kale	Powdery Mildew		type adjuvant such as a non-ionic based
Mustard Greens	(Erysiphe polygoni)		surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend
Including all			is recommended.
cultivars and/or			[Optional language if label has a rate
hybrids of these			range: If disease pressure is high, use the
			highest rate.] [Optional language if label
See additional			has a single rate and interval range: If
crops below.			disease pressure is high, use the shortest
			interval.] [Optional language if label has a
			rate range and interval range: If disease
			pressure is high, use the shortest interval
			and highest rate.]

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **A253.04** can be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A for ground applications. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Complete List of Brassica Leafy Vegetables: Broccoli; broccoli, Chinese (gai lon); broccoli raab (rapini); Brussels sprouts; cabbage; cabbage, Chinese (bok choy); cabbage, Chinese (napa); cabbage, Chinese mustard(gai choy); cauliflower; cavalo broccolo; collards; kale; kohlrabi; mizuna; mustard greens; mustard spinach; rape greens; turnip greens

- 1. Do not apply more than 31 fl oz/A/year of A253.04.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3. Do not apply more than 0.75 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- 4. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest (1-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Remarks
Bulb Vegetables	Botrytis Leaf Blight	7.0-7.5	Begin applications prior to disease onset
Onion, Bulb	(B. squamosa)		when conditions are conducive for
Subgroup 3- 07A			disease. Apply A253.04 on a 7- to 14-day
	Cercospora Leaf Spot		schedule, making no more than 1
Garlic	(C. duddiae)		application before alternating to another
Shallot			fungicide with a non-QoI (Group 11) mode
	Leaf Blotch		of action.
Onion, Green	(Cladosporium alliicepae)		
Subgroup 3-07B			The addition of a spreading/penetrating
	Powdery Mildew		type adjuvant such as a non-ionic based
Leek	(Leveillula taurica)		surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend
Welsh Onion			is recommended.

Purple Blotch	
(Alternaria porri)	[Optional language if label has a rate
	range: If disease pressure is high, use the
Stemphyllium Leaf Blight	highest rate.] [Optional language if label
(S. vesicarium)	has a single rate and interval range: If
	disease pressure is high, use the shortest
	interval.] [Optional language if label has a
	rate range and interval range: If disease
	pressure is high, use the shortest interval
	and highest rate.]

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **A253.04** can be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A for ground applications. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Complete List of Bulb Vegetables: Chive, fresh leaves; chive, Chinese, fresh leaves; daylily, bulb; elegans hosta; fritillaria, bulb; fritillaria, leaves; garlic, bulb; garlic, great-headed, bulb; garlic, serpent, bulb; kurrat; lady's leek; leek; leek, wild; lily, bulb; onion, Beltsville bunching; onion, bulb; onion, Chinese, bulb; onion, fresh; onion, green; onion, macrostem; onion, pearl; onion, potato, bulb; onion, tree, tops; onion, Welsh, tops; shallot, bulb; shallot, fresh leaves; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

- 1. For green onions, do not apply more than 23 fl oz/A/year of A253.04.
- 2. For green onions, do not apply more than 0.34 lb ai /A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3. For dry bulb onions, do not apply more than 31 fl oz/A/year of A253.04.
- 4. For dry bulb onions, do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 5. For the bulb crop group, do not apply more than 1.5 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- 6. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz	Remarks
		product/A	
Citrus Fruit	Greasy Spot	5.6-8.5	A253.04 applications should begin prior to
Crop Group 10-10	(Mycosphaerella citri)		disease development and continue
			throughout the season on 7- to 21-day
Grapefruit			intervals following the resistance
Lemon			management guidelines. Applications may
Lime			be made by ground or air. An adjuvant
Orange (Sour and			may be added at recommended rates. A
Sweet)			horticultural spray oil should be used to
Tangerine			improve control of greasy spot.
Including all			The addition of a spreading/penetrating
cultivars and/or			type adjuvant such as a non-ionic based
hybrids of these			surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend
			is recommended.
See complete list			[Optional language if label has a rate
of citrus fruit crops			range: If disease pressure is high, use the
below.			highest rate.] [Optional language if label
			has a single rate and interval range: If
			disease pressure is high, use the
			shortest interval.] [Optional language if
			label has a rate range and interval range:

		If disease pressure is high, use the
		shortest interval and highest rate.]
		shortest interval and ingress rate.
		Make no more than 2 sequential
		applications before alternating to another
		fungicide with a non- QoI (Group 11)
		different mode of action. Do not make
		more than 4 applications of A253.04 or
		other Group 11 fungicides per year.
Alternaria Leaf and Fruit Spot	5.6-8.5	A253.04 applications should begin prior to
(Alternaria citri)	3.0 0.3	disease development and continue
(Titternaria citri)		throughout the season on 7- to 21-day
Anthracnose		intervals following the resistance
(Colletotrichum spp.)		management guidelines. Applications
(concrotiteitum spp.)		may be made by ground or air. An
Black Spot		adjuvant may be added at recommended
(Guignardia citricarpa)		rates. A horticultural spray oil should be
(Gaigharaia chincarpa)		used to improve control of greasy spot.
Greasy Spot Rind Blotch		used to improve control of greasy spot.
(Mycosphaerella citri)		[Optional language if label has a rate
(Wycospilaerella citri)		range: If disease pressure is high, use the
Melanose		highest rate.] [Optional language if label
(Diaporthe citri)		has a single rate and interval range: If
(Diaportine citin)		disease pressure is high, use the
Phomopsis Stem-End Rot		shortest interval.] [Optional language if
(Phomopsis citrii)		label has a rate range and interval range:
(i nomopsis citin)		If disease pressure is high, use the
Post-Bloom Fruit Drop (PFD)		shortest interval and highest rate.]
(Colletotrichum acutatum)		shortest interval and highest rate.
(concrotiteitani acatatani)		Make no more than 2 sequential
Scab		applications before alternating to another
(Elsinoe fawcettii)		fungicide with a non- Qol (Group 11)
(Elsinot faweettii)		different mode of action. Do not make
		more than 4 applications of A253.04 or
		other Group 11 fungicides per year.
		other Group 11 rungicides per year.
		The addition of a spreading/penetrating
		type adjuvant such as a non-ionic based
		surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend
		is recommended.
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Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **A253.04** can be applied by ground or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.

Complete List of Citrus Fruit Crops: Australian desert lime (Eremocitrus glauca); Australian finger lime (Microcitrus australasica); Australian round lime (Microcitrus australis); Brown River finger lime (Microcitrus papuana); Calamondin (Citrofortunella microcarpa); Citron (Citrus medica); Citrus hybrids, Citrus spp., Eremocitrus spp., Fortunella spp., Microcitrus spp., and Poncirus spp.; Grapefruit (Citrus paradise); Japanese summer grapefruit (Citrus natsudaidai); Kumquat (Fortunella spp.); Lemon (Citrus limon); Lime (Citrus aurantiifolia); Mediterranean mandarin (Citrus deliciosa); Mount White lime (Microcitrus garrowayae); New Guinea wild lime (Microcitrus warburgiana); Orange, sour (Citrus aurantium); Orange, sweet (Citrus sinensis); Pummelo (Citrus maxima); Russell River lime (Microcitrus inodora); Satsuma mandarin (Citrus unshiu); Sweet lime (Citrus limetta); Tachibana orange (Citrus

tachibana); Tahiti lime (Citrus latifolia); Tangelo (Citrus x tangelo); Tangerine (Mandarin) (Citrus reticulata); Tangor (Citrus nobilis); Trifoliate orange (Poncirus trifoliata); Uniq fruit (Citrus aurantium Tangelo group); cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these.

- 1. Do not use A253.04 in citrus plant propagation nurseries.
- 2. Do not apply more than 34 fl oz/A/year of **A253.04**.
- 3. Do not apply more than 0.5 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 4. Do not apply more than 1.5 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- 5. May be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz	Remarks
		product/A	
Cucurbit	Alternaria Leaf Blight	7.0-7.5	Begin applications prior to disease onset
Vegetables	(A. cucumerina)		when conditions are conducive for
Crop Group 9			disease. Apply A253.04 on a 7- to 14-day
	Alternaria Leaf Spot		schedule, making no more than 1
Cantaloupe	(A. alternata)		application of a QoI containing fungicide
Cucumber			before alternating to another fungicide
Honeydew	Anthracnose		with a different mode of action.
Muskmelon	(Colletotrichum orbiculare)		
Watermelon			The addition of a spreading/penetrating
Pumpkin	Belly Rot		type adjuvant such as a non-ionic based
Squash	(Rhizoctonia solani)		surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend
Zucchini			is recommended.
	Cercospora Leaf Spot		
Including cultivars	(C. citrullina)		[Optional language if label has a rate
and/or hybrids of			range: If disease pressure is high, use the
these	Downy Mildew		highest rate.] [Optional language if label
	(Pseudoperonospora cubensis)		has a single rate and interval range: If
See additional			disease pressure is high, use the
cucurbit crops	Gummy Stem Blight		shortest interval.] [Optional language if
below.	(Didymella bryoniae)		label has a rate range and interval range:
			If disease pressure is high, use the
	Myrothecium Canker		shortest interval and highest rate.]
	(M. roridum)		and the same of th
	(,		For belly rot control, the first application
	Phoma Blight		should be made at the 1- to 3-leaf crop
	(P. exigua)		stage with a second application just prior
	(i.e.iiguu)		to vine tip or 10-14 days later, whichever
	Phyllosticta Leaf Spot		occurs first.
	(P. cucurbitacearum)		
	(r. cacaronaccarani)		
	Plectosporium Blight		
	(P. tabacinum)		
	(i.tabacinani)		
	.Powdery Mildew		
	(Sphaerotheca fuliginea,		
	Erysiphe cichoracearum)		
	Liysiphe cichoracearanij		
	Septoria Leaf Blight		
	Septona Lear Bright	1	

(S. cucurbitacearum)		
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Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **A253.04** can be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A for ground applications (20 for gummy stem blight). For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Complete List of Cucurbit Vegetables: Chayote (fruit); Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon); citron melon; cucumber; gherkin; gourd, edible (includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra); *Momordica* spp. (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bittermelon, Chinese cucumber); muskmelon (includes cantaloupe); pumpkin; squash, summer; squash, winter (includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acorn squash, spaghetti squash); watermelon

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1. Do not apply more than 31 fl oz/A/year of A253.04.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3. Do not apply more than 1.5 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- 4. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest (1-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Remarks
Filberts (Hazelnuts)	Eastern Filbert Blight (Anisogramma anomala)	7.0-7.5	Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are conducive for disease. Apply A253.04 on a 14- to 21-day schedule making no more than 2 sequential applications before alternating to another fungicide with a non- Qol (Group 11) different mode of action. The addition of a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant such as a non-ionic based surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend is recommended.
			[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.] [Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.] [Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.]

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **A253.04** can be applied by ground or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.

- 1. Do not apply more than 31 fl oz/A/year of A253.04.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3. Do not apply more than 1.2 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- 4. Do not apply within 45 days of harvest (45-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Remarks
Fruiting Vegetables	Anthracnose	7.0-7.5	Begin applications prior to disease
Crop Group 8-10	(Colletotrichum spp.)		development and continue throughout
			the season on a 7- to 10- day interval.
Peppers	Cercospora Leaf Spot		Make no more than 2 consecutive
Bell Pepper	(C. capsici)		applications before switching to another
Non-Bell Pepper			effective fungicide with a different mode
Sweet Non-Bell	Gray Leaf Spot		of action.
Eggplant	(Stemphyllium solani)		
			The addition of a spreading/penetrating
Including all	Powdery Mildew		type adjuvant such as a non-ionic based
cultivars and/or	(Oidiopsis sicula)		surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend
hybrids of these			is recommended.
See Tomatoes			[Optional language if label has a rate
section for specific			range: If disease pressure is high, use the
directions.			highest rate.] [Optional language if label
			has a single rate and interval range: If
See complete list			disease pressure is high, use the shortest
of peppers and			interval.] [Optional language if label has a
other fruiting			rate range and interval range: If disease
vegetables			pressure is high, use the shortest interval
below.			and highest rate.]
			The addition of a spreading/penetrating
			type adjuvant may enhance efficacy.

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **A253.04** can be applied by ground or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.

Complete List of Peppers and Other Fruiting Vegetables: African eggplant; Bell pepper; Eggplant; Martynia; Nonbell pepper; Okra; Pea eggplant; Pepino; Roselle; Scarlet eggplant; cultivars, varieties; and/or hybrids of these.

- 1. Do not apply more than 30 fl oz/A/year of A253.04.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3. Do not apply more than 1.0 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- 4. May be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Remarks
Pecans	Downy Spot (Mycosphaerella caryigena) Liver Spot (Gnomonia caryae pv pecanae) Pecan Scab	7.0-7.5	Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are conducive for disease. Apply A253.04 on a 14- to 21-day schedule, making no more than 2 sequential applications before alternating to another fungicide with a non- Qol (Group 11) mode of action.
	(Cladosporium caryigenum) Powdery Mildew		The addition of a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant such as a non-ionic based

(Microsphaera penicillata)	surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend
	is recommended.
Vein Spot	
(Gnomomia nerviseda)	[Optional language if label has a rate
	range: If disease pressure is high, use the
Zonate Leaf Spot	highest rate.] [Optional language if label
(Grovesinia pyramidalis)	has a single rate and interval range: If
	disease pressure is high, use the shortest
	interval.] [Optional language if label has a
	rate range and interval range: If disease
	pressure is high, use the shortest interval
	and highest rate.]

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **A253.04** can be applied by ground or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1. Do not apply more than 31 fl oz/A/year of A253.04.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3. Do not apply more than 1.2 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- 4. Do not apply within 45 days of harvest (45-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Remarks
Pistachios	Alternaria Late Blight	7.0-7.5	Begin applications prior to disease onset
	(Alternaria spp.)		when conditions are conducive for
			disease. Apply A253.04 on a 14- to 21-day
	Panicle and Shoot Blight		schedule, making no more than 2
	(Botryosphaeria dothidea)		sequential applications before alternating
			to another fungicide with a non- Qol
	Septoria Leaf Spot		(Group 11) mode of action. The addition
	(S. pistaciarum)		of a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant
			such as a non-ionic based surfactant or
			crop oil concentrate or blend is
			recommended.
			[Optional language if label has a rate
			range: If disease pressure is high, use the
			highest rate.] [Optional language if label
			has a single rate and interval range: If
			disease pressure is high, use the shortest
			interval.] [Optional language if label has a
			rate range and interval range: If disease
			pressure is high, use the shortest interval
			and highest rate.]

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **A253.04** can be applied by ground or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1. Do not apply more than 31 fl oz/A/year of A253.04.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3. Do not apply more than 1.5 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- 4. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz	Remarks
		product/A	
Potatoes	Black Dot	7.0-7.5	Begin applications prior to disease
	(Colletotrichum coccodes)		development and continue throughout
			the season on a 7- to 14- day interval.
	Brown Spot		Make no more than 2 consecutive
	(Alternaria alternata)		applications before switching to another
			effective fungicide with a different mode
	Early Blight		of action.
	(Alternaria solani)		
	,		The addition of a spreading/penetrating
	Powdery Mildew		type adjuvant such as a non-ionic based
	(Erysiphe cichoracearum)		surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend
	(Erysiphic elehoracearani)		is recommended.
	Septoria Leaf Spot		is recommended.
	(S. lycopersici)		Optional language if label has a rate
	(3. Tycopersici)		range: If disease pressure is high, use the
			highest rate.] [Optional language if label
			has a single rate and interval range: If
			disease pressure is high, use the shortest
			interval.] [Optional language if label has a
			rate range and interval range: If disease
			pressure is high, use the shortest interval
			and highest rate.]
			The addition of a spreading/penetrating
			The addition of a spreading/penetrating
			type adjuvant may enhance efficacy.

Application: For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. **A253.04** may be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application.

- 1. Do not apply more than 31 fl oz/A/year of A253.04.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3. Do not apply more than 2.0 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products
- 4. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Remarks
Soybean	Aerial Blight (Rhizoctonia solani)	7.0-7.5	Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are conducive for disease. Apply A253.04 on a 7- to 10-day
	Alternaria Leaf Spot (Alternaria spp.)		schedule making no more than 2 sequential applications before alternating

1	Anthracnose	to another fungicide with a different
	(Colletotrichum truncatum)	mode of action.
[Brown Spot	The addition of a spreading/penetrating
	(Septoria glycines)	type adjuvant such as a non-ionic based
		surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend
	Cercospora Blight and Leaf Spot	is recommended.
	(C. kikuchii)	
		[Optional language if label has a rate
F	Frogeye Leaf Spot	range: If disease pressure is high, use the
	(Cercospora sojina)	highest rate.] [Optional language if label
		has a single rate and interval range: If
	Pod and Stem Blight	disease pressure is high, use the shortest
	(Diaporthe phaseolorum)	interval.] [Optional language if label has a
		rate range and interval range: If disease
	Powdery Mildew	pressure is high, use the shortest interval
	(Microsphaera diffusa)	and highest rate.]
F	Rust	
	(<i>Phakopsora</i> spp.)	

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **A253.04** can be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application. For aerial applications, apply in a minimum of 2 gallons/A of water. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

- 1. Do not apply more than 14.8 fl oz/A/year of A253.04.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.22 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3. Do not apply more than 1.5 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- 4. Do not feed soybean hay, forage and silage to livestock.
- 5. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz	Remarks
		product/A	
Sugar beets	Cercospora Leaf Spot (C. beticola) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe polygoni)	7.0-7.5	Begin applications prior to disease development and continue throughout the season on a 10- to 21- day interval. Make no more than 2 consecutive applications before switching to another effective fungicide with a different mode of action.
			The addition of a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant such as a non-ionic based surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend is recommended.
			[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.] [Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range: If

disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.] [Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.]
The addition of a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant such as a non-ionic surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend is recommended when applying by ground or air.

Application: For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. **A253.04** may be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application.

- 1. Do not apply more than 31 fl oz/A/year of **A253.04**.
- 2. Do not apply more than 2.0 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- 3. Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 4. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz	Remarks
Tomatoes Tomatillo Including all cultivars and/or hybrids of these See complete list of tomato crops below.	Anthracnose (Colletotrichum spp.) Black Mold (A. alternata) Early Blight (Alternaria solani) Gray Leaf Spot (Stemphylium botryosum) Leaf Mold (Fulvia fulva) Powdery Mildew (Leveillula taurica) Septoria Leaf Spot (S. lycopersici) Target Spot (Corynespora cassiicola)	Use Rate fl oz product/A 4.5	Remarks Begin applications prior to disease development and continue throughout the season on a 7- to 10- day interval. Make no more than 2 consecutive applications before switching to another effective fungicide with a different mode of action. [Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.] [Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.] [Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.] Use of Adjuvants: Under certain weather conditions (particularly high temperatures) A253.04 in combination with high rates of silicone based or oil containing (petroleum or crop) additives or adjuvants may cause injury. Do not
	(Corynespora cassiicola)		=

	A tank mixture with Dimethoate may cause crop injury.
	On fresh market tomatoes, do not use adjuvants or tank mix A253.04 with any EC product.

Application: For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. **A253.04** may be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application.

Complete List of Tomato Crops: Bush tomato; Cocona; Currant tomato; Garden huckleberry; Goji berry; Groundcherry; Naranjilla; Sunberry; Tomatillo; Tomato; Tree tomato; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1. Do not apply more than 26 fl oz/A/year of A253.04.
- 2. Do not apply until 21 days after transplanting or 35 days after seeding.
- 3. Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 4. Do not apply more than 0.6 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- 5. May be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz	Remarks
		product/A	
Tree Nuts Crop	Foliar Diseases	7.0-7.5	Begin applications prior to disease onset
Group 14-12			when conditions are conducive for
			disease. Apply A253.04 on a 14- to 21-day
Beechnut			schedule making no more than 2
Brazil Nut			sequential applications before alternating
Butternut			to another fungicide with a non- QoI
Cashew			(Group 11) mode of action.
Chestnut			
Chinquapin			The addition of a spreading/penetrating
Hickory			type adjuvant such as a non-ionic based
Macadamia			surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend
Walnut, Black			is recommended.
Walnut, English			
			[Optional language if label has a rate
See specific			range: If disease pressure is high, use the
Directions for			highest rate.] [Optional language if label
Almonds			has a single rate and interval range: If
Filberts			disease pressure is high, use the shortest
Pecans			interval.] [Optional language if label has a
Pistachios			rate range and interval range: If disease
			pressure is high, use the shortest interval
			and highest rate.]

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **A253.04** can be applied by ground or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.

- 1. Do not apply more than 31 fl oz/A/year of A253.04.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3. Do not apply more than 1.2 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- 4. Do not apply within 45 days of harvest (45-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz	Remarks
		product/A	
Vegetables,	Ascochyta Leaf Spot	7.0-7.5	Begin applications prior to disease
Tuberous and	(A. cynarae)		development and continue throughout
Corm,			the season on a 7- to 14- day interval.
Subgroup 1C	Black Dot		Make no more than 2 consecutive
	(Colletotrichum coccodes)		applications before switching to another
For listing of crops			effective fungicide with a different mode
in this group, see	Brown Spot		of action.
below.	(Alternaria alternata)		
			The addition of a spreading/penetrating
See Potatoes for	Early Blight		type adjuvant such as a non-ionic based
specific use	(Alternaria spp.)		surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend
directions.	(is recommended.
	Powdery Mildew		
	(Erysiphe cichoracearum)		[Optional language if label has a rate
	(21 yourse cientor accar ann)		range: If disease pressure is high, use the
	Rust		highest rate.] [Optional language if label
	(Uromyces betae, Puccinia		has a single rate and interval range: If
	helianthi)		disease pressure is high, use the
	Tienantin)		shortest interval.] [Optional language if
	Contonio Loof Cont		
	Septoria Leaf Spot		label has a rate range and interval range:
	(Septoria spp.)		If disease pressure is high, use the
			shortest interval and highest rate.]
			The addition of a spreading/penetrating
			type adjuvant may enhance efficacy.

Application: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **A253.04** can be applied by ground or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.

Complete List of Vegetables, Tuberous and Corm Subgroup 1C: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem), Canna (Edible), Cassava (bitter and sweet), Chayote (root), Chufa, Dasheen, Ginger, Leren, Potato, Sweet Potato, Tanier, Tumeric, Yam (bean and true).

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1. Do not apply more than 31 fl oz/A/year of A253.04.
- 2. Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 3. Do not apply more than 2.0 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- 4. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

A253.04 RATE CONVERSION TABLE FOR FOOD USE

Fl oz product/acre	Lb ai azoxystrobin	Lb ai difenoconazole
4.5	0.067	0.067
5.6	0.082	0.082
6.5	0.096	0.096
7.0	0.103	0.103
7.5	0.110	0.110
7.7	0.113	0.113
8.0	0.118	0.118
8.3	0.122	0.122

8.5	0.125	0.125
14.8	0.217	0.217
23	0.338	0.338
26	0.382	0.382
30	0.441	0.441
31	0.455	0.455
34	0.499	0.499

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place. Store in original container and out of reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

[For plastic containers ≤ 5 gallons: Nonrefillable Container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.]

[For plastic containers > 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Recap and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.]

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE. Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If these terms and conditions are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability. CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness, injury, and other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application (including misuse), the presence of other materials, weather conditions, and other unknown factors, all of which are beyond the control of ATTICUS, LLC. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: To the extent consistent with applicable law, ATTICUS, LLC makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond statements on this label. **LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, neither ATTICUS, LLC the manufacturer, nor the Seller shall be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use, handling, application, storage, or disposal of this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use, handling, application, or storage of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid.

A253.04[™] is a trademark of Atticus, LLC.

Quadris Top® SBX is a registered trademark of Syngenta Group Company.

{LANGUAGE ON LABEL AFFIXED TO CONTAINER}

AZOXYSTROBIN	GROUP	11	FUNGICIDE
DIFENOCONAZOLE	GROUP	3	FUNGICIDE

A253.04™

[Alternate Brand Name: Radius ESQ]

[Contains difenoconazole and azoxystrobin, the active ingredients used in Quadris Top® SBX.]

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	(% by weight)
Azoxystrobin*	19.8%
Difenoconazole**	19.8%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	<u>60.4%</u>
TOTAL	100.0%
*CAS No. 131860-33-8	
**CAS No. 119446-68-3	

A253.04 is formulated as a suspension concentrate (SC) containing 1.88 lb of azoxystrobin active ingredient and 1.88 lb of diffenoconazole active ingredient per gallon.

WARNING/AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

	FIRST AID		
If swallowed:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. 		
	 Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. 		
	 Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. 		
	Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.		

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall at 1-844-685-9173 for emergency medical treatment information.

For Chemical Emergency:

Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, Call CHEMTREC Day or Night Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS WARNING/AVISO

May be fatal if swallowed. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Difenoconazole is toxic to fish, mammals and aquatic invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to estuarine/marine organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Azoxystrobin is toxic to freshwater and estuarine/marine fish and aquatic invertebrates. Azoxystrobin can be persistent for several months or longer. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or regional office of

the EPA. For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. See inside label booklet for Ground & Surface Water Advisories.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

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PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place. Store in original container and out of reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

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See inside label booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

[A253.04™ is not manufactured, or distributed by Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC, seller of Quadris Top® SBX.]

Manufactured for: **Atticus, LLC** 5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100 Cary, NC 27513 EPA Reg. No.: 91234-RUR EPA Est. No.:

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