
 <p>U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505P) 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20460</p> <p>NOTICE OF PESTICIDE: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Registration <input type="checkbox"/> Reregistration (under FIFRA, as amended)</p>	<p>EPA Reg. Number: 91234-134</p>	<p>Date of Issuance: 8/1/19</p>
		<p>Term of Issuance: Conditional</p>
		<p>Name of Pesticide Product: A224.04</p>
<p>Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code): Dave G. Bolin, Ph.D. Atticus, LLC 5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100 Cary, NC 27513</p>		
<p>Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.</p>		
<p>On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.</p> <p>Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.</p> <p>This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(7)(A). You must comply with the following conditions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration/registration review of your product under FIFRA when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data. 		
<p>Signature of Approving Official:</p>  <p>Hope Johnson, Product Manager 21 Fungicide Branch, Registration Division (7505P)</p>	<p>Date: 8/1/19</p>	

2. You are required to comply with the data requirements described in the DCI identified below:

a. Tebuconazole GDCI-128997-1598

You must comply with all of the data requirements within the established deadlines. If you have questions about the Generic DCI listed above, you may contact the Chemical Review Manager in the Pesticide Reevaluation Division: <http://iaspub.epa.gov/apex/pesticides/f?p=chemicalsearch:1>

3. You must provide the Agency the following information prior to formulation of this product:

- The registration number and establishment number of the manufacturing or technical product from which your product is derived.
- The name and address of the entity from which the manufacturing product was obtained.
- A copy of the bill of sale

4. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:

- Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, “EPA Reg. No. 91234-134.”
- Add an EPA Establishment Number and Net Contents information.

5. Submit one copy of the final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company’s website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product’s label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA’s Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If you fail to satisfy these data requirements, EPA will consider appropriate regulatory action including, among other things, cancellation under FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. Please also note that the record for this product currently contains the following CSFs:

- Basic CSF dated 02/20/2019

The alternate brand name “Felcura 3.6 F” has been added to the product record. If you have any questions, please contact Fatima Sow by phone at (703) 347-8308, or via email at sow.fatima@epa.gov.

Enclosure

[Sub label A: Agricultural Uses]

[Sub label B: Turf and Ornamental Uses]

[Note to reviewer: [Text] in brackets denotes optional or explanatory language

[Note to reviewer: {Text} in braces denotes where in the final label text will appear

{BOOKLET FRONT PANEL LANGUAGE}

TEBUCONAZOLE | GROUP 3 | FUNGICIDE

[Sub Label A: Agricultural Uses]

A224.04^[TM]

[Alternate Brand Name: Felcura 3.6 F]

[Contains tebuconazole, the active ingredient used in Folicur® 3.6 F.]

For control of specified diseases on listed agricultural crops

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	(% by weight)
Tebuconazole, alpha-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-alpha-(1,1-dimethylethyl)- 1H-1,2,4-triazole	
-1-ethanol.....	38.7%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	61.3%
TOTAL	100.0%
Contains 3.6 pounds Tebuconazole per gallon	

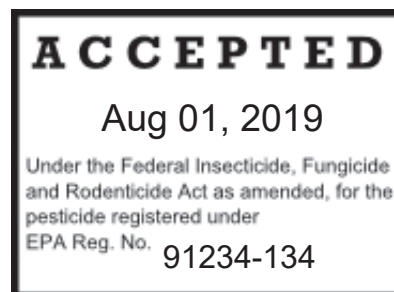
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside label booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

FIRST AID	
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.



Note to Physician: No specific antidote. Treat symptomatically. The compound does not cause any definite symptoms that would be diagnostic. Contact with the eyes may cause irritation.

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall at **1-844-685-9173** for emergency medical treatment information.

**For Chemical Emergency:
Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident,
Call CHEMTREC Day or Night
Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)**

[A224.04 is not manufactured, or distributed by Bayer CropScience, seller of Folicur® 3.6 F.]

EPA Reg. No.: 91234-

EPA Est. No.:

Net Weight:

Manufactured for:
Atticus, LLC
5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100
Cary, NC 27513

{LANGUAGE INSIDE BOOKLET}

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves (barrier laminate, or butyl rubber or nitrile rubber or neoprene rubber or polyvinyl chloride or viton)
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENTS

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to mammals, fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Ground Water Advisory: Tebuconazole is known to leach through soil into ground under certain conditions as a result of label use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in ground-water contamination.

Surface Water Advisory: This product may contaminate water through drift of spray in wind. This product has a high potential for runoff for several months or more after application. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to runoff that contains this product. A level, well maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential for contamination of water from rainfall-runoff. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted within 48 hours.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI). The REI for each crop is listed in the application directions associated with each crop.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves (barrier laminate or butyl rubber or nitrile rubber or neoprene rubber or polyvinyl chloride or viton)
- Shoes plus socks

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale before using this product.

Spray Volume: **A224.04** may be applied in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray solution per acre by ground sprayer or in a minimum of 5 gallons of spray solution per acre by aircraft spray equipment. Check equipment calibration frequently. Complete coverage and uniform application are essential for the most effective results, especially when lower spray volumes are applied. If necessary, increase the spray volume per acre for complete crop coverage.

Chemigation: Apply **A224.04** through irrigation equipment only to crops and diseases for which the chemigation use is specified. Apply this product only through center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move; or drip (trickle) irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection

pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Maintain continuous agitation in mix tank during mixing and application to assure a uniform suspension.

Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. Pesticide may be applied continuously for the duration of the water application.

Mixing: Add labeled amount of **A224.04** into the spray tank while filling with water to the desired level. Operate the agitator while mixing. If other materials are added to the spray tank, the **A224.04** should be thoroughly dispersed prior to the addition of other materials. Do not tank mix with products containing a prohibition against tank mixing. Follow the most restrictive labeling requirements of any tank mix product.

Compatibility Test for Mix Components:

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Before mixing components, always perform a compatibility jar test. For 20 gallons per acre spray volume, use 3.3 cups (800 ml) of water in a clear, clean, mixing jar. For other spray volumes, adjust accordingly. Only use water from the intended source at the source temperature. Add components in the sequence indicated below in Mixing Order using 2 teaspoons for each pound of dry product or 1 teaspoon for each pint of liquid product of specified label rate per acre. Always cap the jar and invert 10 cycles between component additions. When the components have all been added to the jar and fully mixed, let the solution stand for 15 minutes. Evaluate the solution for uniformity and stability. The spray solution should not have free oil on the surface, nor fine particles that precipitate to the bottom, nor thick (clabbered) texture. If the spray solution is not compatible, repeat the compatibility test with the addition of a suitable compatibility agent. If the solution is compatible, use the compatibility agent as directed on its label. If the solution is still incompatible, do not mix the ingredients in the same tank.

Mixing Order:

- 1) **Water.** Begin by agitating a thoroughly clean sprayer tank three-quarters full of clean water.
- 2) **Agitation.** Maintain constant agitation throughout mixing and application.
- 3) **Inductor.** If an inductor is used, rinse it thoroughly after each component has been added.
- 4) **Products in PVA bags.** Place any product contained in water-soluble PVA bags into the mixing tank. Wait until all water-soluble PVA bags have fully dissolved and the product is evenly mixed in the spray tank before continuing.
- 5) **Water-dispersible products.** Including dry flowables (DF), wettable powders (WP), suspension concentrates (SC), or suspo-emulsions (SE).
- 6) **Water-soluble products.**
- 7) **Emulsifiable concentrates** (such as oil concentrate when applicable).
- 8) **Water soluble additives** (such as ammonium sulfate (AMS) or urea ammonium nitrate (UAN) when applicable).
- 9) **Remaining quantity of water.** Maintain constant agitation during application.

OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING RESTRICTIONS WHEN SPRAYING IN THE VICINITY OF AQUATIC AREAS SUCH AS LAKES, RESERVOIRS, RIVERS, PERMANENT STREAMS, MARSHES OR NATURAL PONDS, AND ESTUARIES:

RESTRICTIONS:

Apply only during alternate years in fields adjacent to aquatic areas listed above.

Do not apply by within 100 feet of aquatic areas listed above.

Do not cultivate within 10 feet of an aquatic area to allow growth of a vegetative filter strip.

ROTATIONAL CROPS

Treated areas may be replanted with any crop specified on this label as soon as practical after last application. Any crop not specified on this label may be planted into treated areas 120 days after last application.

SPRAY AND DRIFT MANAGEMENT

- Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.
- Apply only as a medium or coarser spray (ASAE Standard 572) or a volume mean diameter of 300 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.
- Apply only when the wind speed is 2-10 mph at the application site.
- Additional requirements for aerial applications:
 - The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or rotor diameter.
- Release spray at the lowest height consistent with efficacy and flight safety. Applications greater than 10 feet above the canopy should be avoided.
- When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.
- Do not make applications during temperature inversions.

Additional requirements for ground boom application:

- Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the crop canopy.
- Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.
- The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information.

AERIAL DRIFT REDUCTION ADVISORY

This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements.

INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply medium to large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE

Volume – Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure - Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of Nozzles – Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation – Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type – Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

BOOM LENGTH

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

APPLICATION HEIGHT

Do not make applications at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

WIND

Do not apply when wind velocity exceeds 15 mph. Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Do not make applications below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Do not make applications during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions may be identified by temperatures that rise with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Resistance Management

For resistance management, **A224.04** contains a Group 3 fungicide. Any fungal population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **A224.04** and other Group 3 fungicides. A gradual or total loss of pest control may occur over time if these fungicides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay fungicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of **A224.04** or other Group 3 fungicides within a growing season sequence with different groups that control the same pathogens.
- Use tank mixtures with fungicide from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.
- Adopt an integrated disease management program for fungicide use that includes scouting, uses historical information related to pesticide use, and crop rotation, and which considers host plant resistance, impact of environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide applications. Note that using predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance.
- Monitor treated fungal populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for specific crops and pathogens.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact Atticus, LLC at (984) 465-4754. You can also contact your pesticide distributor or university extension specialist to report resistance.

CROP USE DIRECTIONS

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS		
CROP	DISEASE	RATE OF A224.04
Asparagus	Rust (<i>Puccinia</i> spp.)	4 to 6 fl. oz. per acre
	Apply A224.04 as a foliar spray to the developing ferns after harvest of spears is completed. Apply at the earliest sign of rust pustules or when weather conditions are conducive for rust development. Apply 4 to 6 fl oz of A224.04 per acre (0.11 lb ai - 0.17 lb ai per acre) in alternation with another effective fungicide. Under conditions of severe rust pressure, use the higher specified rate. Repeat applications on a 14-day interval as necessary to maintain control of rust.	
<p>Comments: Applications may be made using ground or aerial application equipment. A 50 foot spray drift buffer zone is required for all aerial applications. For optimum disease control, the lowest labeled rate of a spray surfactant may be tank-mixed with A224.04. A224.04 is a sterol demethylation inhibitor (DMI) fungicide (Group 3). Alternating A224.04 with other DMI fungicides may lead to resistance.</p> <p>Restrictions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply to harvestable spears. • Do not apply within 100 days of harvest in California and 180 days in all other states. • Do not make more than three foliar applications per season (18 fl oz/acre or 0.51 lb ai/acre). • Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours. 		

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS		
CROP	DISEASE	RATE OF A224.04
Barley	Rust (<i>Puccinia</i> spp.)	4 fl. oz. per acre
	Head blight (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.)- Suppression	
Apply A224.04 in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray solution per acre by ground or in a minimum of 5 gallons of spray solution per acre by air. Straw cut after harvest may be fed or used for bedding. Barley fields should be observed closely for early disease symptoms, particularly when susceptible varieties are planted and/or under prolonged conditions favorable for disease development.		

	<p>Application timing directions: <u>Rusts:</u> Apply A224.04 at the earliest sign of rust pustules on foliage. <u>Fusarium head blight:</u> Optimal timing of A224.04 for Fusarium head blight suppression is when main stem heads have fully emerged (Feekes 10.5) on 50% of the plants.</p>
<p>Comments: For optimum disease control, the lowest specified rate of a spray surfactant may be tank-mixed with A224.04. A224.04 must have two to four hours of drying time on plant foliage for the active ingredient to move systemically into plant tissue before rain or irrigation occurs. After this period of time, A224.04 will be resistant to weathering. A224.04 is a sterol demethylation inhibitor (DMI) fungicide (Group 3).</p> <p>Restrictions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply more than 4 fl. oz. per acre per crop season. • Do not apply within 30 days of harvest. • Grazing livestock or feeding of green forage is permitted 6 or more days after the last application of A224.04. • Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours. 	

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS		
CROP	DISEASE	RATE OF A224.04
Beans (fresh & dry except succulent shelled)	Rust (<i>Uromyces appendiculatus</i>)	4 to 6 fl. oz. per acre
	Apply A224.04 in a protective spray schedule or when weather conditions are favorable for rust development. Repeat applications at 14-day intervals, or as necessary to maintain control.	
<p>Comments: For optimum disease control, the specified rate of a spray surfactant may be tank-mixed with A224.04. A224.04 must have two to four hours of drying time on bean foliage for the active ingredient to move systemically into plant tissue before rain or irrigation occurs. After this period of time, A224.04 will be resistant to weathering. A224.04 is a sterol demethylation inhibitor (DMI) fungicide (Group 3).</p> <p>Restrictions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Beans, fresh: Do not apply more than 24 fl. oz. of A224.04 per acre per crop season. A224.04 may be applied up to 7 days before harvest. • Beans, dry: Do not apply more than 12 fl. oz. of A224.04 per acre per crop season. • A224.04 may be applied up to 14 days before harvest. • Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours. 		

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS		
CROP	DISEASE	RATE OF A224.04
Corn (sweet corn, field corn, field corn grown for seed, and popcorn)	Rust (<i>Puccinia</i> spp.) Northern leaf blight (<i>Helminthosporium turcicum</i>) Southern leaf blight (<i>Helminthosporium maydis</i>) Northern leaf spot (<i>Helminthosporium carbonum</i>) Gray leaf spot (<i>Cercospora zeaemaydis</i>)	4 to 6 fl. oz. per acre
	Apply A224.04 in a protective spray schedule or when weather conditions are favorable for disease development. Repeat applications at 7- to 14- day intervals, if necessary to maintain control.	

Comments: For optimum disease control, the lowest specified rate of a spray surfactant may be tank-mixed with **A224.04**. **A224.04** must have two to four hours of drying time on corn foliage for the active ingredient to move systemically into plant tissue before rain or irrigation occurs. After this period of time, **A224.04** will be resistant to weathering. **A224.04** is a sterol demethylation inhibitor (DMI) fungicide (Group 3).

Restrictions:

- Do not apply more than 24 fl. oz. (1.5 pint) of **A224.04** per acre per crop season.
- **Sweet corn:** Do not apply **A224.04** within 7 days of harvest of ears or forage, and within 49 days of harvest of fodder.
- **Field, seed or popcorn:** Do not apply **A224.04** within 21 days of harvest of forage, and within 36 days of harvest of grain or fodder.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) for sweet corn = 19 days.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) for all corn except sweet corn = 12 hours.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS		
CROP	DISEASE	RATE OF A224.04
Cotton	Southwestern cotton rust (<i>Puccinia cacabata</i>)	6 to 8 fl. oz. per acre
	Apply A224.04 in a protective spray schedule or when weather conditions are favorable for rust development. Repeat applications at 7- to 14-day intervals, or as necessary to maintain control.	
<p>Comments: For optimum disease control, the lowest specified rate of a spray surfactant may be tank mixed with A224.04. A224.04 must have two to four hours of drying time on cotton foliage for the active ingredient to move systemically into plant tissue before rain or irrigation occurs. After this period of time, A224.04 will be resistant to weathering. A224.04 is a sterol demethylation inhibitor (DMI) fungicide (Group 3).</p> <p>Restrictions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply A224.04 within 30 days of harvest. • Do not apply more than 24 fl. oz. of A224.04 per acre per crop season. • Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours. 		

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS		
CROP	DISEASE	RATE OF A224.04
Cucurbit Vegetables Group:	Powdery mildew (<i>Sphaerotheca fuliginea</i> / <i>Podosphaera xanthii</i>) (<i>Erysiphe cichoracearum</i>)	4 to 6 fl. oz. per acre
Chayote		
Chinese waxgourd	Gummy stem blight- suppression (<i>Didymella bryonae</i>) (watermelon, squash, pumpkin, and melons only)	8 fl. oz. per acre
Citron melon		
Cucumber	Apply the specified dosage in a protective spray schedule to foliage and fruit. Repeat applications at 10- to 14-day intervals.	
Gherkin		
Edible gourd (hyotan, cucuzza, hechima and Chinese okra)		
<i>Momordica</i> spp. (balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon and Chinese cucumber)		

<p>Muskmelon (cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon and snake melon)</p> <p>Pumpkin</p> <p>Summer squash (crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow and zucchini)</p> <p>Winter squash (butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acorn squash and spaghetti squash)</p> <p>Watermelon</p>	
<p>Comments: For optimum disease control, the lowest specified rate of a spray surfactant may be tank-mixed with A224.04. A224.04 must have two to four hours of drying time for the active ingredient to move systemically into plant tissue before rain or irrigation occurs. After this period of time, A224.04 will be resistant to weathering. A224.04 is a sterol demethylation inhibitor (DMI) fungicide (Group 3).</p> <p>Restrictions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply A224.04 within 7 days of harvest. • Do not apply more than 24 fl. oz. of A224.04 per acre per crop season. • Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours. 	

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS		
CROP	DISEASE	RATE OF A224.04
Dry bulb onion Garlic Great-headed (elephant) garlic Shallot	White rot (<i>Sclerotium cepivorum</i>)	White rot: 20.5 fl oz per acre applied in a 4 to 6 inch band over/into each furrow. May be applied by chemigation to control white rot.
	Rust (<i>Puccinia allii</i> , <i>Puccinia porri</i>) Purple blotch (<i>Alternaria porii</i>)	4 to 6 fl. oz. per acre
	<p>White rot: For the control of white rot, make one application in the furrow at the time of planting. Make the in-furrow application at the rate of 20.5 fl. oz A224.04 per acre. Apply the entire per acre rate in a 4 to 6-inch band over/into each furrow. Additional control may be obtained by including two foliar applications at 4 to 6 fl oz/acre.</p> <p>Rust: For the control of rust make foliar applications at the rate of 4 to 6 fl. oz A224.04 per acre per application. Repeat at an interval of 10 to 14 days. Apply A224.04 in a protective spray schedule or when weather conditions are favorable for rust development.</p>	

Comments: For optimum results use as a preventative treatment. Begin applications as soon as crop and/or environmental conditions become favorable for disease development. The lowest specified rate of a spray surfactant may be tank-mixed with **A224.04**. **A224.04** must have two to four hours of drying time on foliage for the active ingredient to move systemically into plant tissue before rain or irrigation occurs. After this period of time, **A224.04** will be resistant to weathering. **A224.04** is a sterol demethylation inhibitor (DMI) fungicide (Group 3).

Restrictions:

- Do not apply more than 32.5 fl. oz. **A224.04** per acre per season if an in-furrow treatment is made.
- If **A224.04** is not applied as an in-furrow treatment then do not apply more than 12 fl oz. of **A224.04** per acre per season as a foliar spray.
- Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (PHI = 7 days).
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS		
CROP	DISEASE	RATE OF A224.04
Fruiting Vegetable Group (Except Okra)[*]; African eggplant; bush tomato; bell pepper; cocona; currant tomato; eggplant; garden huckleberry; goji berry; round cherry; martynia; naranjilla; pea eggplant; pepino; nonbell pepper; roselle; scarlet eggplant; sunberry; tomatillo; tomato; tree tomato; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these	Early blight (<i>Alternaria solani</i>)	8 fl. oz. per acre
	Apply A224.04 as a foliar spray using an interval of 7 days.	
[*] [NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]		
<p>Comments: For optimum results use as a preventative treatment. Begin applications as soon as crop and/or environmental conditions become favorable for disease development. The lowest specified rate of a spray surfactant may be tank-mixed with A224.04. A224.04 must have two to four hours of drying time on foliage for the active ingredient to move systemically into plant tissue before rain or irrigation occurs. After this period of time, A224.04 will be resistant to weathering. A224.04 is a sterol demethylation inhibitor (DMI) fungicide (Group 3).</p> <p>Restrictions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply more than 48 fl. oz. A224.04 per acre per season. • Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (PHI = 7 days). • Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours. 		

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS		
CROP	DISEASE	RATE OF A224.04
Grasses Grown for Seed	Rusts (<i>Puccinia</i> spp.)	4 to 8 fl. oz. per acre
	Apply the specified rate of A224.04 as soon as weather conditions are favorable for rust development or when first rust pustules are present. Repeat applications at 14- to 16-day intervals. Under heavy disease pressure use 6 to 8 fl oz/A and shorter spray intervals.	
	Powdery mildew	4 to 8 fl. oz. per acre

	Apply specified rate of A224.04 when powdery mildew first appears on the leaves. Repeat applications at 14- to 16-day intervals. Under heavy disease pressure use 6 to 8 fl oz/A and shorter spray intervals.
<p>Comments: Apply the specified rate in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre with ground sprayers or in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre with aircraft. Thorough coverage is important for optimum disease control. For optimum benefit, the lowest specified rate of a spray surfactant should be tank mixed with A224.04. Chaff, screenings and straw from treated areas may be used for feed purposes; however, do not forage, cut green crop, or use seed for feed purposes.</p> <p>Restrictions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply more than 16 fluid ounces (1 pint) per acre per crop season. • Do not apply A224.04 within 4 days of harvest. Do not graze regrowth until 17 days after last application. • Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours. 	

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS		
CROP	DISEASE	RATE OF A224.04
Green onion Leek Spring onion Scallion Japanese bunching onion Green shallots Green eschalots Welsh Onion	White rot (<i>Sclerotium cepivorum</i>) suppression only Rust (<i>Puccinia allii</i> , <i>Puccinia porri</i>) Purple blotch (<i>Alternaria porii</i>)	4 to 6 fl. oz. per acre
For the control of diseases make foliar applications using an interval of 10 to 14 days. Apply A224.04 in a protective spray schedule or when weather conditions are favorable for rust development.		
<p>Comments: For optimum results use as a preventative treatment. Begin applications as soon as crop and/or environmental conditions become favorable for disease development. The lowest specified rate of a spray surfactant may be tank-mixed with A224.04. A224.04 must have two to four hours of drying time on foliage for the active ingredient to move systemically into plant tissue before rain or irrigation occurs. After this period of time, A224.04 will be resistant to weathering. A224.04 is a demethylation inhibitor (DMI) fungicide (Group 3).</p> <p>Restrictions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply more than 24 fl. oz. A224.04 per acre per season. • Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (PHI = 7 days). • Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours. 		

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS		
CROP	DISEASE	RATE OF A224.04
Hops	Powdery mildew (<i>Sphaerotheca humuli</i> / <i>Sphaerotheca macularis</i>)	4 to 8 fl. oz. per acre
Apply the specified dosage in a protective spray schedule to foliage. Repeat applications at 10- to 14-day intervals. Increase the spray volume and the application rate as vine growth increases during the season.		

Comments: For optimum disease control, the lowest specified rate of a spray surfactant should be tank-mixed with **A224.04**. **A224.04** must have two to four hours of drying time on plant foliage for the active ingredient to move systemically into plant tissue before rain or irrigation occurs. After this period of time, **A224.04** will be resistant to weathering. **A224.04** is a sterol demethylation inhibitor (DMI) fungicide (Group 3).

Restrictions:

- Do not apply **A224.04** within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. of **A224.04** per acre per crop season.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

CROP	DISEASE	RATE OF A224.04
Leafy Brassica Greens Broccoli raab Chinese cabbage (bok choy) Collards Kale Mizuna Mustard greens Mustard spinach Rape greens Turnip greens	Cercospora leaf spot (<i>Cercospora brassicicola</i>) Powdery mildew (<i>Erysiphe cruciferarum</i>) Alternaria leaf spot (<i>Alternaria brassicicola</i>)	3 to 4 fl. oz. per acre
	Make applications on a 10-day interval.	

Comments: For optimum results use as a preventative treatment. Begin applications as soon as crop and/or environmental conditions become favorable for disease development. The lowest specified rate of a spray surfactant may be tank-mixed with **A224.04**. **A224.04** must have two to four hours of drying time on foliage for the active ingredient to move systemically into plant tissue before rain or irrigation occurs. After this period of time, **A224.04** will be resistant to weathering. **A224.04** is a sterol demethylation inhibitor (DMI) fungicide (Group 3).

Restrictions:

- Application to turnip greens is limited to East of the Rockies.
- Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. **A224.04** per acre per season.
- Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (PHI = 7 days).
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours.
- [Do not apply more than once every 10 days]

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

CROP	DISEASE	RATE OF A224.04
Garden beet roots and tops (leaves)	Cercospora leaf spot (<i>Cercospora beticola</i>)	3 to 7.2 fl. oz. per acre
	Make applications on a 14-day intervals.	

Comments: For optimum results use as a preventative treatment. Begin applications as soon as crop and/or environmental conditions become favorable for disease development. The lowest specified rate of a spray surfactant may be tank-mixed with **A224.04**. **A224.04** must have two to four hours of drying time on foliage for the active ingredient to move systemically into plant tissue before rain or irrigation occurs. After this period of time, **A224.04** will be resistant to weathering. **A224.04** is a sterol demethylation inhibitor (DMI) fungicide (Group 3).

Restrictions:

- Do not apply more than 28.8 fl. oz. **A224.04** per acre per season.
- Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (PHI = 7 days).
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS		
CROP	DISEASE	RATE OF A224.04
Lychee	Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum gloesporioides</i>)	4 to 6 fl. oz. per acre
	Begin first application of A224.04 as panicle emerges. Spray up to 6 fl. oz. per acre every 10 days thereafter for a total of 8 sprays. Apply specified dosage in a minimum of 50 gallons of spray solution per acre by ground only.	
<p>Comments: For optimum disease control, the lowest specified rate of a non-ionic spray surfactant should be tank-mixed with A224.04. A224.04 must have two to four hours of drying time on plant foliage for the active ingredient to move systemically into plant tissue before rain or irrigation occurs. After this period of time, A224.04 will be resistant to weathering. A224.04 is a sterol demethylation inhibitor (DMI) fungicide (Group 3).</p> <p>Restrictions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply more than 48 fl. oz. of A224.04 per acre per season. Do not exceed 8 applications per season. • A224.04 can be applied up to and including the day of harvest (PHI = 0 days). • Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 2 days. 		

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS		
CROP	DISEASE	RATE OF A224.04
Okra	Cercospora leaf spot (<i>Cercospora</i> spp.)	4 to 6 fl. oz. per acre
	Apply specific dosage of A224.04 in a preventative spray program. Use the highest specified rate when disease conditions are favorable and in areas where high disease pressure is expected. Applications may be repeated at 14-day intervals in order to maintain control of the disease. Apply specified dosage as a foliar spray in a minimum of 20 gallons of spray solution per acre by ground or a minimum of 5 gallons of spray solution by air.	
<p>Comments: For optimum disease control, the lowest specified rate of a spray surfactant should be tank-mixed with A224.04. A224.04 must have two to four hours of drying time on plant foliage for the active ingredient to move systemically into plant tissue before rain or irrigation occurs. After this period of time, A224.04 will be resistant to weathering. A224.04 is a sterol demethylation inhibitor (DMI) fungicide (Group 3).</p> <p>Restrictions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply within 3 days of harvest. • Do not apply more than 24 fl. oz. of A224.04 per acre per season. • Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours. 		

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS		
CROP	DISEASE	RATE OF A224.04
Peanut	SOILBORNE: Sclerotium stem and pod rot (white mold, southern blight, southern stem rot) Rhizoctonia limb rot Rhizoctonia pod rot (Virginia and North Carolina only)	7.2 fl. oz. per acre
	FOLIAR: Early leaf spot Late Leaf spot Leaf rust Web blotch (<i>Phoma</i>) Pepper spot (<i>Leptoshaerulina</i>)	
<p>FOUR-APPLICATION SPRAY PROGRAM: Apply the specified rate in a preventive spray schedule. See table below for proper timing of applications. Applications of chlorothalonil should be made prior to and following applications of A224.04 to discourage development of resistant strains of fungi. For optimum control of foliar diseases such as leaf rust, web blotch, and pepper spot, the lowest label specified rate of a spray surfactant should be tankmixed with A224.04.</p> <p>LEAF SPOT ADVISORY SCHEDULE: For control of soilborne diseases in an advisory schedule, apply A224.04 in the first advisory spray in July and continue A224.04 applications at 14-day intervals. Applications after August 15 should be tank mixed with chlorothalonil for resistance management purposes.</p>		
<p>DIRECTIONS: For optimum control of the specified soilborne diseases, four consecutive applications of A224.04 must be made at 14-day intervals. A224.04 is a sterol demethylation inhibitor (DMI) fungicide. Chlorothalonil may be tank mixed at the rate of 12 ounces of active ingredient with A224.04 as a leaf spot resistance management strategy. A spray surfactant is not necessary when A224.04 is tank mixed with chlorothalonil. Mixing or alternating A224.04 with other DMI fungicides may lead to resistance.</p> <p>A224.04 must be carried by rainfall or irrigation into the root and pod zone for control of root and pod rots caused by <i>Sclerotium rolfsii</i> and <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>. Drought conditions will decrease the effectiveness of A224.04 against the root and pod rots.</p> <p>Use A224.04 in conjunction with cultural practices that are known to reduce the severity of soilborne diseases, such as proper crop rotation practices.</p> <p>Restrictions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply more than 28.8 fluid ounces of A224.04 per crop season. • Do not apply A224.04 within 14 days of harvest. • Do not feed hay or threshings or allow livestock to graze in treated areas. • Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours. 		
<p>Timing of A224.04 Application for Optimum Control of White Mold and Rhizoctonia Limb and Pod Rot</p>		

Spray Program	A224.04 Application No.	Chlorothalonil Application No.
7 applications	3,4,5, and 6	1,2 and 7

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS		
CROP	DISEASE	RATE OF A224.04
Pecan	Brown leaf spot (<i>Sirosporium diffusum</i>)	4 to 8 fl. oz. per acre
	Downy spot (<i>Mycosphaerella caryigena</i>)	
	Liver spot (<i>Gnomonia caryae</i>)	
	Scab (<i>Cladosporium caryigenum</i>)	
	Vein spot (<i>Gnomonia nerviseda</i>)	
	Zonate leaf spot (<i>Grovesinia pyramidalis</i>)	
<p>Apply A224.04 in a preventive spray schedule beginning at early bud break (young leaves unfolding), and continue applications at 10- to 14-day intervals through the pollination period. A224.04 may be applied at 4 fl. oz. per acre in a tank-mix with the specified rate of Super Tin® in cover sprays. Follow label directions for the use of Super Tin. Apply A224.04 in a spray volume of 15 or more gallons per acre by air or 50 or more gallons per acre by ground. Apply 7 to 8 fl. oz. per acre of A224.04 to full-size mature trees, and 4 to 6 fl. oz. per acre of A224.04 to smaller trees. Apply the highest specified rate to varieties that are highly susceptible to the indicated diseases, or when severe disease conditions exist. The lowest specified rate of a surfactant may be added to the spray solution for optimum control of the indicated diseases.</p>		
<p>Comments: For optimum disease control, the lowest specified rate of a spray surfactant should be tank-mixed with A224.04. A224.04 must have two to four hours of drying time on plant foliage for the active ingredient to move systemically into plant tissue before rain or irrigation occurs. After this period of time, A224.04 will be resistant to weathering. A224.04 is a demethylation inhibitor (DMI) fungicide (Group 3). It may be applied in a tank-mix or alternated (every other spray application) with a non-DMI fungicide as a resistance management strategy.</p> <p>Restrictions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not add a surfactant to the spray solution when tank-mixing A224.04 with Super Tin. • Do not apply after shucks begin to split. • Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. of A224.04 per acre per crop season. • Do not cut cover crops in treated areas for feed or allow livestock to graze treated areas. • Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours. 		

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS		
CROP	DISEASE	RATE OF A224.04
Soybean	Rust (<i>Phakopsora pachyrhizi</i>)	3 to 4 fl. oz. per acre

	Powdery Mildew (<i>Microsphaera diffusa</i>)	
<p>Use Directions: Apply A224.04 as a broadcast foliar spray as a preventative spray or at first visible symptoms of disease. Repeat applications on a 10- to 14-day spray interval if environmental conditions are favorable for continued disease development. Use of the highest specified rates and shorter spray intervals are recommended when disease pressure is severe. The lowest specified rate of a spray surfactant must be tank-mixed with A224.04. A224.04 should be applied in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray solution per acre by ground sprayer or in a minimum of 5 gallons per acre by aircraft spray equipment.</p> <p>Restrictions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not make applications within 21 days of harvest. • Do not apply more than 3 applications per season. • Do not apply more than 12 fl. oz/a per use season. • Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours. 		

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS		
CROP	DISEASE	RATE OF A224.04
Sunflower	Rust (<i>Puccinia helianthi</i>)	4 to 6 fl. oz. per acre
	Apply specific dosage of A224.04 at the earliest sign of infection (rust pustules developing) or when weather conditions are favorable for rust development. Apply highest specified rate to highly susceptible varieties and/or under severe disease conditions. Application may be repeated at 14 days if necessary to maintain control of the disease. Apply specified dosage in a minimum of 20 gallons of spray solution per acre by ground or a minimum of 5 gallons of spray solution by air.	
<p>Comments: For optimum disease control, the lowest specified rate of a spray surfactant should be tank-mixed with A224.04. Contact your state Extension Service or Atticus, LLC representative for a list of approved surfactants. A224.04 must have two to four hours of drying time on plant foliage for the active ingredient to move systemically into plant tissue before rain or irrigation occurs. After this period of time, A224.04 will be resistant to weathering. A224.04 is a sterol demethylation inhibitor (DMI) fungicide (Group 3).</p> <p>Restrictions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. of A224.04 per acre per season or within 50 days of harvest. • Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours. 		

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS		
CROP	DISEASE	RATE OF A224.04
Turnip (Application is limited to East of the Rockies)	Cercospora leaf spot (<i>Cercospora brassicicola</i>)	4 to 7.2 fl. oz. per acre
	Apply the specified dosage in a protective spray schedule to foliage. Repeat applications at 12- to 14-day intervals.	

Comments: For optimum disease control, the lowest specified rate of a spray surfactant should be tank-mixed with **A224.04**. **A224.04** must have two to four hours of drying time on plant foliage for the active ingredient to move systemically into plant tissue before rain or irrigation occurs. After this period of time, **A224.04** will be resistant to weathering. **A224.04** is a sterol demethylation inhibitor (DMI) fungicide (Group 3).

Restrictions:

- Do not apply **A224.04** within 7 days before harvest.
- Do not apply more than 28.8 fl. oz. of **A224.04** per acre per crop season.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

CROP	DISEASE	RATE OF A224.04
Wheat	Rusts leaf, stem, and stripe (<i>Puccinia spp.</i>)	4 fl. oz. per acre
	Head blight or scab (<i>Fusarium spp.</i>) - Suppression	
<p>Wheat fields should be observed closely for early disease symptoms, particularly when susceptible varieties are planted and/or under prolonged conditions favorable for disease development. Apply A224.04 in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray solution per acre by ground, or in a minimum of 5 gallons of spray solution per acre by air.</p> <p><u>Application timing directions:</u></p> <p>Rusts: Apply A224.04 at the earliest sign of rust pustules on foliage.</p> <p>Fusarium head blight: Optimal timing of A224.04 for Fusarium head blight suppression is the beginning of flowering on main stem heads (Feekes 10.51).</p>		

Comments: For optimum disease control, the lowest specified rate of a spray surfactant should be tank-mixed with **A224.04**. **A224.04** must have two to four hours of drying time on plant foliage for the active ingredient to move systemically into plant tissue before rain or irrigation occurs. After this period of time, **A224.04** will be resistant to weathering. **A224.04** is a sterol demethylation inhibitor (DMI) fungicide (Group 3).

Restrictions:

- Do not apply more than 4 fl. oz. of **A224.04** per acre per crop season.
- Do not apply within 30 days of harvest. Straw may be fed or used for bedding.
- Do not allow livestock to graze or feed green forage to livestock prior to 6 days after treatment with **A224.04**.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours.

SEED TREATMENT - Corn (Sweet Corn, Field Corn, Field Corn Grown For Seed, and Popcorn)

For control of soilborne and seedborne Fusarium and soilborne and seedborne head smut.

The Federal Seed Act requires that containers containing treated seeds shall be labeled with the following statements:

- This seed has been treated with **A224.04**, a fungicide containing tebuconazole.
- Do not use treated seed for feed, food, or oil purposes.

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency requires the following statements on containers containing seed treated with tebuconazole:

- Store treated seed away from food and feedstuffs.
- Do not allow children, pets or livestock to have access to treated seeds.

- Wear long pants, long-sleeved shirt and protective gloves when handling treated seed.
- Treated seeds exposed on soil surface may be hazardous to wildlife. Cover or collect treated seeds spilled during loading and planting.
- Dispose of all excess treated seed by burying seed away from bodies of water.
- Do not contaminate bodies of water when disposing of planting equipment wash water.
- Dispose of seed packaging or containers in accordance with local requirements.
- Excess treated seed may be used for ethanol production if (1) by-products are not used for livestock feed and (2) no measurable residues of pesticide remain in ethanol by-products that are used in agronomic practice.

USE RESTRICTIONS: When using formulations that do not contain dye, to comply with 40 CFR 153.155, all seed treated with an economic poison must be colored with an EPA approved dye such as one of the dyes listed in 40 CFR Sections 180.910 and 180.920 to distinguish and prevent subsequent inadvertent use as a food for man or feed for animals.

DISEASE	RATE FL OZ/CWT	DIRECTIONS FOR USE
Soilborne and Seedborne Fusarium	0.071	Apply as a seed treatment using standard slurry or mist type seed treatment equipment. Uniform application of seed is necessary to ensure seed safety and best disease protection. Seed should be sound and well cured prior to treatment. Product should be diluted with sufficient water to ensure complete seed coverage. Consult a seed treatment specialist regarding slurry rates recommended for the crop to be treated with A224.04 . The length of control will vary depending on the rate used.
Soilborne and Seedborne Head smut <i>(Sphacelotheca reiliana)</i>	0.27 – 0.54	

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place. Store in original container and out of reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

[For Commercial Uses]

[For plastic containers ≤ 5 gallons: Nonrefillable Container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.]

[For plastic containers > 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Recap and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.]

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE. Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If these terms and conditions are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability. **CONDITIONS:** The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness, injury, and other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application (including misuse), the presence of other materials, weather conditions, and other unknown factors, all of which are beyond the control of ATTICUS, LLC. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: To the extent consistent with applicable law, ATTICUS, LLC makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond statements on this label. **LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, neither ATTICUS, LLC the manufacturer, nor the Seller shall be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use, handling, application, storage, or disposal of this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use, handling, application, or storage of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid.

[A224.04] is a trademark of Atticus, LLC

[Folicur®] [3.6 F] is a registered trademark of Bayer CropScience.

{LANGUAGE ON LABEL AFFIXED TO CONTAINER}

TEBUCONAZOLE	GROUP 3	FUNGICIDE
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A224.04™

[Alternate Brand Name: Felcura 3.6 F]

[Contains tebuconazole, the active ingredient used in Folicur® 3.6 F.]

For control of specified diseases on listed agricultural crops

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: (by weight)

Tebuconazole, alpha-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-
-alpha-(1,1-dimethylethyl)- 1H-1,2,4-triazole-1-ethanol.....38.7%

OTHER INGREDIENTS:.....61.3%

TOTAL 100.0%

Contains 3.6 pounds tebuconazole per gallon

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID	
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
Note to Physician: No specific antidote. Treat symptomatically. The compound does not cause any definite symptoms that would be diagnostic. Contact with the eyes may cause irritation.	
HOT LINE NUMBER	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall at 1-844-685-9173 for emergency medical treatment information.	

For Chemical Emergency:

Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, Call CHEMTREC Day or Night
Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
CAUTION**

Harmful if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with

skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This pesticide is toxic to mammals, fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. **Ground Water Advisory:** Tebuconazole is known to leach through soil into ground under certain conditions as a result of label use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in ground-water contamination.

Surface Water Advisory: This product may contaminate water through drift of spray in wind. This product has a high potential for runoff for several months or more after application. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to runoff that contains this product. A level, well maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential for contamination of water from rainfall-runoff. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted within 48 hours.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.
PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place. Store in original container and out of reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

[For Commercial Uses]

[For plastic containers ≤ 5 gallons: Nonrefillable Container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.]

[For plastic containers > 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Recap and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.]

See inside label booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

[A224.04™ is not manufactured, or distributed by Bayer CropScience, seller of Folicur® 3.6 F.]

Manufactured for:
Atticus, LLC
5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100
Cary, NC 27513

EPA Reg. No.: 91234-
EPA Est. No.: _____
NET WEIGHT: _____

[Sub Label B: Turf and Ornamental Uses]

A224.04TM

[Alternate Brand Name: Felcura 3.6 F]

[Contains tebuconazole, the active ingredient used in Folicur® 3.6 F.]

For control of specified diseases on ornamentals and golf courses

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	(% by weight)
Tebuconazole, alpha-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-alpha-(1,1-dimethylethyl)- 1H-1,2,4-triazole	
-1-ethanol.....	38.7%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	<u>61.3%</u>
TOTAL	<u>100.0%</u>
Contains 3.6 pounds tebuconazole per gallon	

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside label booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

FIRST AID	
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
Note to Physician: No specific antidote. Treat symptomatically. The compound does not cause any definite symptoms that would be diagnostic. Contact with the eyes may cause irritation.	
HOT LINE NUMBER	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall at 1-844-685-9173 for emergency medical treatment information.	

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EPA Reg. No.: 91234-

EPA Est. No.:

Net Weight:

Manufactured for:
Atticus, LLC
5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100
Cary, NC 27513

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves (barrier laminate, or butyl rubber or nitrile rubber or neoprene rubber or polyvinyl chloride or viton)
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENTS

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to mammals, fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Ground Water Advisory: Tebuconazole is known to leach through soil into ground under certain conditions as a result of label use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in ground-water contamination.

Surface Water Advisory: This product may contaminate water through drift of spray in wind. This product has a high potential for runoff for several months or more after application. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to runoff that contains this product. A level, well maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential for contamination of water from rainfall-runoff. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted within 48 hours.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves (barrier laminate or butyl rubber or nitrile rubber or neoprene rubber or polyvinyl chloride or viton)
- Shoes plus socks

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Turf and Landscape Uses: Keep children and pets out of treated areas until sprays have dried.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Read the entire Directions for Use and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before using this product.

Chemigation: Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING RESTRICTIONS WHEN SPRAYING IN THE VICINITY OF AQUATIC AREAS SUCH AS LAKES, RESERVOIRS, RIVERS, PERMANENT STREAMS, MARSHES OR NATURAL PONDS, AND ESTUARIES

- Do not apply within 100 feet of aquatic areas listed above.
- Do not cultivate within 10 feet of an aquatic area to allow growth of a vegetation filter strip.
- See Spray Drift Management section for further information.

Spray Drift Management

Make ground application when wind velocity favors on-target product deposition (approximately 3 to 10 mph). Do not apply when wind velocity exceeds 15 mph. Avoid applications when wind gusts approach 15 mph.

Risk of exposure to sensitive aquatic areas can be reduced by avoiding applications when wind direction is toward the aquatic area.

Low humidity and high temperatures increase the evaporation rate of spray droplets and therefore the likelihood of spray drift to aquatic areas. Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity and/or high temperatures.

Do not make ground applications during temperature inversions. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.

Spray Volume: For best results **A224.04** may be applied in 66-132 gallons of water per acre for turf using ground based equipment. For ornamentals, 50-300 gallons of finished spray per acre are recommended depending upon equipment, plant species and plant growth stage at time of application. For the most effective results, equipment calibration should be checked regularly. When using lower spray volumes, be sure to maintain uniform application and full crop coverage so as to ensure effective control. Increase spray volume to ensure proper application, if required.

Compatibility Test for Mix Components:

Before mixing components, always perform a compatibility jar test. For 66 gallons per acre spray volume, use 5 cups of water in a clear, clean mixing jar. For other spray volumes adjust accordingly. Only use water from the intended source at the source temperature. Add components in the sequence indicated below in Mixing Order using 3 teaspoons for each pound of dry product or 1½ teaspoon for each pint of liquid product of recommended label rate per acre. Always cap the jar and invert 10 cycles between component additions. When the components have all been added to the jar and fully mixed, let the solution stand for 15 minutes. Evaluate the solution for uniformity and stability. The spray solution should not have free oil on the surface, nor fine particles that precipitate to the bottom, nor thick (clabbered) texture. If the spray solution is not compatible, repeat the compatibility test with the addition of a suitable compatibility agent and use the compatibility agent as directed on its label.

Mixing: Continuous agitation is required during mixing. When mixing this product and water, use the specified application rates as listed for each crop on this label. Before combining any other substances with the mixture, ensure that the **A224.04** is completely dispersed in the mixture.

Mixing Procedure:

- 1) **Water.** Add three-quarters of the required volume to a thoroughly clean sprayer tank.
- 2) **Agitation.** Start agitation and maintain constant agitation throughout mixing and application.
- 3) **Inductor.** If an inductor is used, rinse it thoroughly after each component has been added.
- 4) **Products in PVA Bags.** Place any product contained in water soluble PVA bags into the mixing tank. Wait until all water soluble PVA bags have fully dissolved and the product is evenly mixed in the spray tank before continuing.
- 5) **Water Dispersible Products.** Including dry flowables (DF), wettable powders (WP), suspension concentrates (SC) or suspo-emulsions (SE).
- 6) **Water-soluble products.**
- 7) **Emulsifiable concentrates** (such as oil concentrates, when applicable).
- 8) **Water soluble additives** (such as ammonium sulfate (AMS) or urea ammonium nitrate (UAN) when applicable)
- 9) **Remaining quantity of water.**

Resistance Management

For resistance management, **A224.04** contains a Group 3 fungicide. Any fungal population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **A224.04** and other Group 3 fungicides. A gradual or total loss of pest control may occur over time if these fungicides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay fungicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of **A224.04** or other Group 3 fungicides within a growing season sequence with different groups that control the same pathogens.

- Use tank mixtures with fungicide from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.
- Adopt an integrated disease management program for fungicide use that includes scouting, uses historical information related to pesticide use, and crop rotation, and which considers host plant resistance, impact of environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide applications. Note that using predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance.
- Monitor treated fungal populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for specific crops and pathogens.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact Atticus, LLC at (984) 465-4754. You can also contact your pesticide distributor or university extension specialist to report resistance.

DISEASE CONTROL IN GOLF COURSE TURF

TURF USE RESTRICTIONS

- For use on golf course turf only.
- Do not use on home lawns and turf sites associated with apartment buildings, daycare centers, playgrounds, playfields, recreational park athletic fields, athletic fields located on or next to schools (i.e., elementary, middle and high school), campgrounds, churches, and theme parks.
- Not for residential use.
- Not for use on turf being grown for sale or commercial use as sod.
- Do not use clippings for animal feed.
- Do not exceed 3.6 fl.oz. of **A224.04** per 1,000 sq ft per year.
- Do not apply more than 6 applications per year.
- Do not apply more than 3 applications per year in New York State.

For use on all Golf turf applications of cool season and warm season grasses (Bentgrasses, Bluegrasses, Fescues, Ryegrasses, St. Augustine grasses, and Zoysia) or their mixtures. **A224.04** is not phytotoxic to any of the above-mentioned grasses when used in accordance with the label.

Note: Bermudagrass can be sensitive to **A224.04** under certain conditions. Do not apply consecutive applications during or just after dormancy break.

Note: For all grasses, avoid consecutive applications of **A224.04** or other DMI containing fungicides when temperatures are expected to exceed 85 degrees F.

A224.04 can be used for the prevention and control of the diseases mentioned in table below. Begin applications when conditions favor disease development and repeat applications as long as these conditions persist. Preventative treatments can be applied using 21-day intervals as indicated. When treating golf greens, always treat aprons and approaches. Spray uniformly over the area to be treated with properly calibrated equipment.

Apply the specified amount of **A224.04** in sufficient water for thorough coverage. Use a volume of 66 – 132 gallons per acre (1.0 – 3.0 gallons per 1,000 sq ft). Apply using properly calibrated low volume, hand held, mechanical or motorized ground broadcast equipment. Application to small areas may be made with low-pressure hand wand or backpack equipment. Maintain constant agitation during application.

Depending on the disease, **A224.04** should be watered into the crown and active root zone for best results. Make all applications after mowing and allow foliage to dry thoroughly before irrigation. For best results use spray mixture the same day it is prepared.

GOLF COURSE TURF DISEASE CONTROL

DISEASE	RATE OF 224.04 (FL. OZ./1000 SQ. FT.)	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Dollar Spot <i>(Sclerotinia homoeocarpa)</i> Copper Spot <i>(Gloeocercospora sorghi)</i> Powdery Mildew <i>(Erysiphe graminis)</i> Corticium Red Thread <i>(Laetisaria fuciformis)</i> Rusts <i>(Puccinia spp.)</i> Red Thread <i>(Laetisaria fuciformis)</i> Pink Patch <i>(Limonomyces rosipellis)</i>	0.6-1.1	<p>For prevention, begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease development using the low to medium specified rate. For curative treatments use the medium to high specified rate. A224.04 can be tank mixed with chlorothalonil or chlorothalonil + thiophanate-methyl at specified rates. Alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action. A second application may be made after 21 days. Apply the specified amount of A224.04 in 1.0 to 3.0 gallons of water per 1000 sq. ft. Make all applications after mowing and allow foliage to dry thoroughly before irrigation.</p> <p>Restrictions: Do not make two consecutive applications of A224.04 or other DMI containing fungicides.</p>
Brown Ring Patch <i>(Waitea circinata)</i>	0.6-1.1	<p>For prevention, begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease development. Make two applications using low to medium specified rate tank mixed with polyoxin D zinc salt at specified rates. Repeat application at 21-day intervals. Apply the specified amount of A224.04 in 1.0 to 3.0 gallons of water per 1000 sq. ft. Make all applications after mowing and allow foliage to dry thoroughly before irrigation.</p>
Brown Patch/Rhizoctonia Blight, Large Patch <i>(Rhizoctonia solani)</i> Anthracnose -Basal and Foliar <i>(Colletotrichum cereale)</i>	0.6-1.1	<p>For prevention, begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease development using low to medium specified rate. For curative treatments, use the medium to high specified rate. A224.04 can be tank mixed with chlorothalonil, chlorothalonil +</p>

		<p>thiophanate-methyl, or thiophanate-methyl, or polyoxin D zinc salt at specified rates. Alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action. A second application may be made after 21 days. Apply the specified amount of A224.04 in 1.0 to 3.0 gallons of water per 1000 sq. ft. Make all applications after mowing and allow foliage to dry thoroughly before irrigation.</p> <p>Restrictions: Do not make two consecutive applications of A224.04 or other DMI containing fungicides.</p>
<p>Bermuda Grass decline (<i>Gaeumannomyces graminis</i> var. <i>graminis</i>)</p>	<p>0.6-1.1</p>	<p>For prevention, begin applications two or four weeks prior to the historical appearance of disease symptoms. Make two applications at the low to medium rate, 21 days apart or one application at the specified high rate. Immediately after fungicide is applied, irrigate the area with sufficient water to move the active ingredient down into the crown and root zone of the turf. The amount of water is dependent on the depth of the root zone. Alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action as needed. Initiate cultural control practices at the same time the fungicide is applied. Refer to your local County Extension Service for this information. Apply the specified amount of A224.04 in 1.0 to 3.0 gallons of water per 1000 sq. ft. Make all applications after mowing and allow foliage to dry thoroughly before irrigation.</p>
<p>Take All Patch (<i>Gaeumannomyces graminis</i> var. <i>avenae</i>)</p>	<p>0.6-1.1</p>	<p>For prevention, make two applications at low rate, 21 days apart or one application at higher specified rate in the fall when root zone soil temperatures reach 75°F and again in the spring at 55-60° F root zone soil temperatures. Applications in both fall and spring</p>

		may be necessary. Immediately after fungicide is applied, irrigate the area with sufficient water to move the active ingredient down into the crown and active root zone of the turf. The amount of water is dependent on the depth of the root zone. Apply the specified amount of A224.04 in 1.0 to 3.0 gallons of water per 1000 sq. ft. Make all applications after mowing and allow foliage to dry thoroughly before irrigation.
Gray Leaf Spot (<i>Pyricularia grisea</i>)	0.6-1.1	For prevention, begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease development (July-Aug) using the low to medium rate. For curative treatments, use the medium to high specified rate and tank mix with chlorothalonil or chlorothalonil + thiophanate-methyl at specified rates. Alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action, such as thiophanate-methyl. A second application may be made after 21 days. Apply the specified amount of A224.04 in 1.0 to 3.0 gallons of water per 1000 sq. ft. Make all applications after mowing and allow foliage to dry thoroughly before irrigation. Restrictions: Do not make two consecutive applications of A224.04 or other DMI containing fungicides.
Stripe Smut (<i>Ustilago striiformis</i>)	0.6-1.1	Make a single application to historical disease areas in spring as grass growth begins. For curative treatments, use the medium to high rate. Apply the specified amount of A224.04 in 1.0 to 3.0 gallons of water per 1000 sq. ft. Make all applications after mowing and allow foliage to dry thoroughly before irrigation.
Spring Dead Spot (<i>Leptosphaeria korrea</i> , <i>L. narmari</i> , <i>Ophiosphaerella herpotricha</i> , <i>Gaeumannomyces graminis</i>)	0.6-1.1	For prevention, make two applications at the low to medium rate, 21 days apart or one application at the high specified

<p>Necrotic Ring Spot (<i>Leptosphaeria korrea</i>)</p>		<p>rate in the fall when root zone soil temperatures reach 75°F. A224.04 can be combined with thiophanate-methyl at specified rates. A spring application may be necessary in areas where disease pressure is known to be heavy. Apply using low to medium rate when root zone soil temperature reaches 55-60°F. Immediately after fungicide is applied, irrigate the area with sufficient water to move the active ingredient down into the crown and active root zone of the turf. The amount of water is dependent on the depth of the root zone. Apply the specified amount of A224.04 in 1.0 to 3.0 gallons of water per 1000 sq. ft. Make all applications after mowing and allow foliage to dry thoroughly before irrigation.</p>
<p>Fusarium Patch (<i>Fusarium roseum</i>)</p>	<p>0.6-1.1</p>	<p>Apply first application in mid-June or 2 - 4 weeks prior to time this blight normally becomes evident. Immediately after fungicide is applied, irrigate the area with sufficient water to move the active ingredient down into the crown and active root zone of the turf. The amount of water is dependent on the depth of the root zone. Alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action, such as thiophanate-methyl. A second application may be made after 21 days. Apply the specified amount of A224.04 in 1.0 to 3.0 gallons of water per 1000 sq. ft. Make all applications after mowing and allow foliage to dry thoroughly before irrigation.</p>
<p>Summer Patch (<i>Magnaporthe poae</i>)</p>	<p>0.6-1.1</p>	<p>For prevention, apply in the spring when root zone soil temperatures reach 55-60°F. Alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action, such as thiophanate-methyl. Make additional applications at 21-day intervals. See local university recommendations for additional information. Immediately after</p>

		<p>fungicide is applied, irrigate the area with sufficient water to move the active ingredient down into the crown and active root zone of the turf. The amount of water is dependent on the depth of the root zone. Apply the specified amount of A224.04 in 1.0 to 3.0 gallons of water per 1000 sq. ft. Make all applications after mowing and allow foliage to dry thoroughly before irrigation.</p> <p>Restrictions: Do not make two consecutive applications of A224.04 or other DMI containing fungicides.</p>
<p>Zoysia Patch, Large Patch of zoysia (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)</p>	<p>0.6-1.1</p>	<p>Make first application in early fall (mid-September to mid-October) prior to development of disease symptoms. Alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action, such as polyoxin D zinc salt. Second and third applications may be made at 21-day intervals. See local university recommendations for additional information. An additional application in early spring may be necessary in areas where disease pressure is known to be heavy. Apply the specified amount of A224.04 in 1.0 to 3.0 gallons of water per 1000 sq. ft. Make all applications after mowing and allow foliage to dry thoroughly before irrigation.</p>
<p>Gray Snow Mold/ Typhula Blight (<i>Typhula incarnate</i>) Pink Snow Mold/Microdochium Patch (<i>Microdochium nivalis</i>)</p>	<p>0.6-1.1</p>	<p>Apply in the fall, before anticipated turf dormancy and before first snow cover. If turf breaks dormancy during winter months a second application may be made. It is recommended that A224.04 be tank-mixed with other registered snow mold products, such as iprodione + thiophanate-methyl, or thiophanate-methyl, polyoxin D zinc salt, chlorothalonil + thiophanate-methyl, or chlorothalonil, for best season long results. Apply the specified amount of A224.04 in 1.0 to 3.0 gallons of water per 1000 sq.</p>

		<p>ft. Make all applications after mowing and allow foliage to dry thoroughly before irrigation.</p> <p>Restrictions: Do not apply over snow cover, or when turf is dormant.</p>
<p>Fairy Ring <i>Chlorophyllum (Lepiota), Lycoperdon, Marasmius</i></p>	<p>0.6-1.1</p>	<p>For prevention in Cool season turf, make two applications at the low-medium rate in the spring when root zone soil temperatures reach 55-60°F. Make a second application using a 21-day interval. Immediately after fungicide is applied, irrigate the area with sufficient water to move the active ingredient down into the crown and active root zone of the turf. The amount of water is dependent on the depth of the root zone. For curative treatment, use the medium to high specified rate. Alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action, such as polyoxin D zinc salt or azoxystrobin or flutolanil. For hydrophobic areas, use an appropriate wetting agent to effectively penetrate the hydrophobic zone commonly created with this disease. Apply the specified amount of A224.04 in 1.0 to 3.0 gallons of water per 1000 sq. ft. Make all applications after mowing and allow foliage to dry thoroughly before irrigation.</p> <p>Restrictions: Do not use a wetting agent unless hydrophobic soil conditions exist. For Warm season turf breaking dormancy, do not make two consecutive applications of A224.04 or other DMI containing fungicides.</p>
<p>RESTRICTIONS FOR ALL USES: Do not use clippings for animal feed. Do not exceed 3.6 fl. oz. of A224.04 per 1000 sq. ft. per year. Do not exceed 6 applications per year.</p>		

DISEASE CONTROL IN FIELD, NURSERY AND CONTAINER ORNAMENTALS AND COMMERCIAL AND RESIDENTIAL LANDSCAPES

ORNAMENTAL USE RESTRICTIONS

- For use on ornamental plants only; not for woodlands or forest management.
- Intended for use by professional applicators.

- Do not apply more than 10 fl oz per acre in a single application.
- Do not apply more than 0.31 gallons (40 fl oz) of **A224.04** (equal to 1.13 lbs of tebuconazole) per acre per year.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per year.
- Do not apply to bearing fruit trees or vegetables

Application Information

A224.04 can be used in a preventative and curative disease control program for the listed plant types and disease in the table below. Optimum disease management is obtained when **A224.04** is used in conjunction with sound disease management practices.

Apply material with properly calibrated hand held, mechanical or motorized spray equipment. Begin applications when disease first appears and repeat at 14 to 21-day intervals during the growing season. Use the shortest interval when conditions are unusually favorable for the development of disease. For hand held, mechanical, or motorized applications, mix as directed below and apply as a full coverage spray to drip for the prevention and control of the diseases listed below. Choose a finished spray volume appropriate for the size of the plants and amount of foliage, which will provide thorough coverage throughout the canopy. Allow sprays to dry before overhead irrigation is applied.

Apply **A224.04** at rates of 4-10 fl oz per acre in 100 gallons of water. Spray volume may range from 50 up to 300 gallons of finished spray per acre depending upon equipment, plant species and plant growth stage at time of application.

Note: The "Directions for Use" of this product reflect the cumulative inputs from both historical field use and product testing programs. However, it is impossible to test this product on all species and cultivars. A preliminary trial is suggested on a small scale before a full treatment is applied to any plant type not shown on this label but found in a similar use site with a listed disease problem. Wait 5-7 days after treatment to evaluate results. This product is not recommended for use on African Violets, Begonias, Boston Fern and Geraniums.

ORNAMENTALS DISEASE CONTROL

PLANTS	DISEASE	APPLICATION	
		To Prevent Diseases	To Treat Existing Disease
Roses	Black Spot Powdery Mildew Rust	Apply every 14-21 days during the growing season, starting when leaves first appear.	Apply every 14 days for a total of 3 applications beginning at the first sign of disease.
Flowers	Leaf Spot Powdery Mildew Rust Southern Blight	Apply at least 3 times per year, 14-21 days apart, beginning with Spring bud break. Rotation or Tank mixing with barrier protectant fungicides is recommended for resistance management.	
Crabapples (Ornamental), Dogwoods and Other Landscape (Ornamental) Trees	Anthrachnose Leaf Spot Powdery Mildew Rust Scab		
Azaleas, Camellias, Rhododendrons and Other Landscape (Ornamental)	Anthrachnose Black Spot Leaf Spot Petal Blight Powdery Mildew	Petal Blight - Apply 2 – 3 times per week into the flowers as the open and develop color.	

Shrubs	Rust		
Ground Covers and Vines	Southern Blight		
How much to use for small plantings: Add 1 teaspoon to 2.5 gallons of water.			

Pump Style Sprayers

1. Add the appropriate amounts of concentrate and water to the sprayer tank.
2. Close the sprayer, shake well and pressurize.
3. Adjust nozzle to a coarse spray pattern and apply.
4. Occasionally re-pressurize the sprayer if needed to maintain a good spray pattern.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place. Store in original container and out of reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

[For Residential uses]

[Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. If empty: Offer for recycling if available or discard in a sanitary landfill. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.]

[For Commercial Uses]

[For plastic containers ≤ 5 gallons: Nonrefillable Container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.]

[For plastic containers > 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Recap and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.]

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE. Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If these terms and conditions are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability. **CONDITIONS:** The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness, injury, and other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application (including misuse), the presence of other materials, weather conditions, and other unknown factors, all of which are beyond the control of ATTICUS, LLC. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: To the extent consistent with applicable law, ATTICUS, LLC makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond statements on this label. **LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, neither ATTICUS, LLC the manufacturer, nor the Seller shall be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use, handling, application, storage, or disposal of this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use, handling, application, or storage of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid.

[A224.04], is a trademark of Atticus, LLC
[Folicur®] [3.6 F] is a registered trademark of Bayer CropScience.

{LANGUAGE ON LABEL AFFIXED TO CONTAINER}

TEBUCONAZOLE	GROUP 3	FUNGICIDE
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A224.04™

[Alternate Brand Name: Felcura 3.6 F]

[Contains tebuconazole, the active ingredient used in Folicur® 3.6 F.] For control of specified diseases on ornamentals and golf courses

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: (% by weight)

Tebuconazole, alpha-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)ethyl]- -alpha-(1,1-dimethylethyl)- 1H-1,2,4-triazole-1-ethanol.....	38.7%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	61.3%
TOTAL	100.0%

Contains 3.6 pounds tebuconazole per gallon

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID	
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
Note to Physician: No specific antidote. Treat symptomatically. The compound does not cause any definite symptoms that would be diagnostic. Contact with the eyes may cause irritation.	
HOT LINE NUMBER	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall at 1-844-685-9173 for emergency medical treatment	

For Chemical Emergency:

Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, Call CHEMTREC Day or Night Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with

skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This pesticide is toxic to mammals, fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. **Ground Water Advisory:** Tebuconazole is known to leach through soil into ground under certain conditions as a result of label use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in ground-water contamination.

Surface Water Advisory: This product may contaminate water through drift of spray in wind. This product has a high potential for runoff for several months or more after application. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to runoff that contains this product. A level, well maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential for contamination of water from rainfall-runoff. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted within 48 hours.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

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See inside label booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

[A224.04™ is not manufactured, or distributed by Bayer CropScience, seller of Folicur® 3.6 F.]

Manufactured for:
Atticus, LLC
 5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100
 Cary, NC 27513

EPA Reg. No.: 91234-
EPA Est. No.: _____
NET WEIGHT: _____