

# UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

May 3, 2022

Beth Anderson Senior Regulatory Manager Atticus, LLC 5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100 Cary, NC 27513

Subject: PRIA Label and CSF Amendment – Revised basic formulation and new

Alternates 1-3, revised precautionary statements, registration review mitigation

and add ABN

Product Name: A319.04

EPA Registration Number: 91234-129

Application Date: 11/12/2020, 5/18/2021, 1/20/2020

Decision Number: 567930, 582581, 582953

Dear Ms. Anderson

The amended label and CSFs referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, are acceptable. This approval does not affect any conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Please note that the record for this product currently contains the following CSFs:

- Basic CSF dated 11/12/2020
- Alternate CSF 1 dated 11/12/2020
- Alternate CSF 2 dated 11/12/2020
- Alternate CSF 3 dated 11/12/2020

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40

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CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, please contact Jennifer Drobish by phone at 202-566-2642, or via email at Drobish.jennifer@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Shaja B. Joyner, Product Manager 20

Fungicide-Herbicide Branch Registration Division 7505P

Enclosure

05/03/2022

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 91234-129

[Note to reviewer: [Text] in brackets denotes optional or explanatory language]
[Note to reviewer: {Text} in braces denotes where in the final label text will appear]

#### **{BOOKLET FRONT PANEL LANGUAGE}**

[Master label consisting of:

Page 1 - 30: Master Label- A319.04

Pages 31 - 55: Sub-Label A - A319.04 ABN: Atticus Semera, Atticus Semera, Semera 51.0% WDG

Pages 56 - 66: Sub-Label B - A319.04 ABN: Atticus Schooner, Schooner 51.0% WDG

Pages 67 - 80: Sub-Label C - A319.04]

FLUMIOXAZIN GROUP 14 HERBICIDE

## A319.04 [TM]

[Non-Crop Herbicide.

For Use in Container and Field Grown Conifers (Including Christmas Trees) and Deciduous Trees, Around Established Woody Ornamentals in Landscapes, To Maintain Bare Ground Non-Crop Areas, Conifer and Poplar Re-Forestation Sites, and Dormant Turfgrass

For The Management of Undesirable Aquatic Vegetation in Slow Moving or Quiescent Waters

For Use To Maintain Bare Ground Non-Crop Areas]

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	(% by weight)
Flumioxazin*	51.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	49.0%
TOTAL	100.0%
*2-[7-fluoro-3,4-dihydro-3-oxo-4-(2-propynyl)-2 <i>H</i> -1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl]-4,5,6,7-tetrahyd	lro-1 <i>H-</i> isoindole- 1,3(2H)-
dione	

# CAUTION/PRECAUCION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside label booklet for Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

FIRST AID		
If on skin or clothing:	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
If inhaled:	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.</li> </ul>	
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.	
If in eyes:	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> </ul>	
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
If swallowed:	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</li> <li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> </ul>	
	Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.	
	Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.	
	HOT LINE NUMBER	
Have the produc	t container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also	

For Chemical Emergency:

contact SafetyCall at 1-844-685-9173 for emergency medical treatment information.

Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident,

**Call CHEMTREC Day or Night** 

Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

EPA Reg. No.: 91234-129

EPA Est. No.:

Net Weight:

Manufactured for:
Atticus, LLC
5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100
Cary, NC 27513

### **{LANGUAGE INSIDE BOOKLET}**

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

# HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if absorbed through skin. Harmful if inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing dust and spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below.

#### Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- shoes plus socks
- waterproof gloves

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If there are no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### **USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### **Users should:**

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

**A319.04** is toxic to non-target plants and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply to water except as specified on the label, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to non-target plants and aquatic organisms in neighboring areas, if not used in accordance with the label directions. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

Under some conditions A319.04 may have a potential to run-off to surface water or adjacent land.

Where possible, use methods which reduce soil erosion, such as no-till, limited-till and contour plowing; these methods also reduce pesticide run-off. Use vegetation filter strips along rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands, or on the downhill side of fields, where run-off could occur to minimize water run-off.

[Note to EPA reviewer: If this product is shipped in containers greater than 50 lbs., the following environmental hazard statement will be added to the label: Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.]

#### **NON-TARGET ORGANISM**

This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label direction intended to minimize off site movement.

#### PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not mix or allow coming in contact with an oxidizing agent. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### **AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

The following PPE is required for early entry into treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

#### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standards for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forest, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas, or vicinity where there may be drift.

Do not enter or allow others to enter treated areas until sprays have dried.

#### RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

**A319.04** is a Group 14 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to **A319.04** and other Group 14 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance:

- Rotate the use of **A319.04** or other Group 14 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on
  resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will
  control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local
  extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less
  prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses
  historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage ( or other
  mechanical control methods), cultural ( e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application
  method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties)
  and other management practices.
- Scout after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields, and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist, certified crop advisors and/or manufacturer for herbicide resistance management and/or integrated weed management measures for specific crops and resistant weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact Atticus, LLC at 984-465-4800.

#### **TANK MIXES NOTICE**

Tank mixing and/or use of this product with another product that is not specifically and expressly authorized by the label shall be at the exclusive risk of user, applicator, and/or application advisor to the extent allowed by applicable law.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

### PRODUCT USE INFORMATION

**A319.04** is a pre-emergence and early post-emergence herbicide for control of selected grass and broadleaf weeds in and around ornamental woody shrubs, deciduous trees and conifers (including Christmas trees) grown outdoors in containers or in the field (in ground), to maintain bare ground non-crop areas, conifer and poplar reforestation, and dormant warm season turfgrass.

**A319.04** is a selective herbicide to maintain bare ground non-crop areas when used in accordance with this label. **A319.04** is effective as a pre-emergence and/or post- emergence herbicide for control of selected grass and broadleaf weeds.

**A319.04** controls weeds by inhibiting protoporphyrinogen oxidase, an essential enzyme required by plants for chlorophyll biosynthesis. Seedling weeds are controlled pre-emergence when exposed to sunlight following contact with the soil applied herbicide.

**A319.04** may cause spotting or speckling on foliage if the spray solution directly contacts actively growing plant foliage or green bark. Leaves that receive indirect (drift) spray contact may be affected in a similar manner. Translocation of **A319.04** is limited, and under most conditions established and vigorously growing woody ornamentals will rapidly outgrow any injury symptoms. **However, direct application to actively growing foliage can cause severe injury or death with sensitive ornamental plant species, especially in herbaceous bedding plants and flowers.** 

**IMPORTANT:** When applied as directed, plants listed on this label have shown tolerance to this product. However, **A319.04** is a very active herbicide and the user must exercise responsible judgment and caution until familiarity is gained with **A319.04**. Due to variability within species, crop growth stage, environmental conditions and application techniques, test this product under local growing conditions on a small number of plants and evaluate for 4 - 6 weeks for phytotoxicity. Testing this product on a small number of plants will determine if the herbicide can be used safely on a widespread application. Neither the seller nor the manufacturer of this product has investigated the safety to plants not listed on the label.

#### PRODUCT INFORMATION

**A319.04** is a fast-acting contact herbicide that controls selected submersed, emergent, and floating aquatic weeds. It is most effective when applied to young, actively growing weeds in water with a pH of less than 8.5.

**A319.04** may be applied to the following quiescent or slow-moving bodies of water:

- Bayous
- Canals
- Drainage ditches
- Lakes
- Marshes
- Ponds (including golf course ponds)
- Reservoirs

Application of **A319.04** to public aquatic areas may require special approval and/or permits. Consult with local state agencies, if required.

#### **USE RESTRICTIONS - FOR TERRESTRIAL USES**

- Do not apply in enclosed greenhouse structures if plants are present.
- Do not move plants for 24 hours into enclosed greenhouses until the area treated with this product has been watered.
- Do not apply when weather conditions favor spray drift from treated areas.
- Do not graze treated fields or hay to livestock.
- Do not incorporate into soil after application.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not apply when plants are under stress from insects, diseases, animals or winter injury, planting shock or any other stresses.
- Do not apply to stressed or diseased trees and ornamentals only apply to healthy established trees and ornamentals.
- Do not apply more than 12 oz. (0.38 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications at 12 oz./A (0.38 lb ai/A) or 3 applications at 8 oz./A (0.255 lb ai/A) per year.
- Do not apply more than 24 oz. (0.765 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not re-apply A319.04 within 30 days.

#### **USE PRECAUTIONS - FOR SURFACE & SUBSURFACE WATER TREATMENT**

- There is no post-application holding restriction against use of treated water for drinking or recreational purposes (e.g., swimming, fishing).
- Treated water may be used for irrigation purposes on turf and landscape ornamentals as outlined in the Irrigation Restrictions Following Application table.

#### **USE RESTRICTIONS - FOR SURFACE & SUBSURFACE WATER TREATMENT**

- Do not apply to intertidal or estuarine areas.
- Do not retreat the same section of water within 28 days of application. In areas with dense weed vegetation only treat ½ the water body at one time and wait 10 14 days before treating the remaining area.
- Do not use treated water for irrigation purposes on food crops until at least five (5) days after application.
- Do not use in water utilized for crawfish farming.
- Do not retreat the same section of water with this product more than 6 times per year.
- Do not exceed 400 ppb of this product during any one application.

#### **USE RESTRICTIONS - FOR IVM**

- Do not apply when weather conditions favor spray drift from treated areas.
- Do not incorporate into soil after application.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not apply more than 12 oz. (0.38 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications at 12 oz./A (0.38 lb ai/A) or 3 applications at 8 oz./A (0.255 lb ai/A) per year.
- Do not apply more than 24 oz. (0.765 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not re-apply A319.04 within 30 days.
- Do not apply to moist or wet desirable plant foliage.
- Do not apply within 300 feet of non-dormant pome or stone fruit crops.
- Do not apply when the crop or weeds are under stress due to drought, excessive water and extremes in temperatures or disease.

#### **USE PRECAUTIONS - FOR IVM**

- Treatment of powdery, dry soil or light sandy soil when there is little to no likelihood of rainfall soon after
  may result in off target movement and possible damage to actively growing susceptible crops when soil
  particles are moved by wind or water. Do not apply when these soil and environmental conditions are
  present.
- Spray equipment used to apply A319.04 should not be used to make applications with other products to
  any desirable plant foliage, as equipment with product residue remaining may result in crop injury to
  subsequently treated crops or plants.

#### PRE-EMERGENCE APPLICATION

Pre-emergence weed control with **A319.04** is most effective when applied to clean, weed free soil surfaces prior to weed emergence. Moisture is necessary to activate **A319.04** on soil for residual weed control. Dry weather following application of **A319.04** may reduce effectiveness. However, when adequate moisture is received after dry conditions, this product will control susceptible germinating weeds.

When adequate moisture is not received soon after **A319.04** is applied to soil, weed control may be improved by utilizing shallow cultivation. If weeds begin to emerge, irrigate (½" of water) or cultivate uniformly with shallow tillage equipment that will not damage the crop. Do not deep cultivate as this reduces the effectiveness of **A319.04**.

#### **POST-EMERGENCE APPLICATION**

The most effective post-emergence weed control with A319.04 occurs when applied in combination with a surfactant to weeds less than 2 inches in height. Apply A319.04 only to actively growing weeds. Applying this product

under conditions that do not promote active weed growth will reduce herbicide effectiveness. This product is most effective when applied under sunny conditions at temperatures above 65°F.

**A319.04** is rainfast 1 hour after application. Do not apply if rain is expected within 1 hour of application or efficacy may be reduced.

#### SOIL CHARACTERISTICS

Application of **A319.04** to soils with high organic matter and/or high clay content may require higher dosages than with soils with low organic matter and/or low clay content. Application to cloddy seedbeds can result in reduced weed control.

#### **CARRIER VOLUME AND SPRAY PRESSURE**

#### **Pre-Emergence Application**

To ensure uniform coverage when using boom sprayers, use 10 - 30 gals. of spray solution per acre. When making backpack applications, apply 50 - 100 gals. of spray solution per acre. Ensure that nozzle selection meets manufacturer's gallonage and pressure specifications for pre-emergence herbicide application.

#### **Post-Emergence Application**

To ensure thorough coverage when using boom sprayers, apply 15 - 30 gals. of spray solution per acre. Apply 20 – 30 gals per acre when using a boom sprayer if dense vegetation or heavy residue is present on the soil surface. When applying with a backpack sprayer, apply 1 gal. of spray solution per 500 - 1,000 sq. ft. Ensure nozzle selection meets manufacturer's gallonage and pressure specifications for post-emergence herbicide application.

#### **CARRIER VOLUME AND SPRAY PRESSURE - FOR IVM**

#### **Pre-Emergence Application**

To ensure uniform coverage, use at least 10 gals. of spray solution per acre. Nozzle selection should meet manufacturer's gallonage and pressure specifications for pre-emergence herbicide application.

#### **Post-Emergence Application**

To ensure thorough coverage, use at least 15 gals. of spray solution per acre. Use at least 20 gals. per acre if dense vegetation or heavy residue is present on the soil surface. Nozzle selection should meet manufacturer's gallonage and pressure specifications for post-emergence herbicide application.

#### **ADDITIVES**

#### **Post-Emergence Application**

When applying A319.04 after weeds emerge, mix with an agronomically approved adjuvant. Mix A319.04 with a crop oil concentrate that contains at least 15% emulsifiers and 80% oil or a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient when applying this product as part of a post-emergence weed control program. Verify mixing compatibility with a jar test before using. Do not mix A319.04 with a surfactant when applying over the top of dormant woody ornamentals or conifer trees.

A spray-grade nitrogen source (either ammonium sulfate at 2.0 - 2.5 lbs./A or a 28 - 32% nitrogen solution at 1 - 2 qts./A) may be added to the spray mixture along with a crop oil concentrate or non-ionic surfactant to enhance weed control. The addition of a nitrogen source does not replace the need for crop oil concentrate or non-ionic surfactant.

#### **ADDITIVES**

When applying **A319.04** to the foliage of floating or emerged aquatic weeds, mix with an adjuvant approved for use in aquatic sites. Mix **A319.04** with a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient. Follow adjuvant manufacturer's label rates. Verify mixing compatibility with a jar test before using.

#### JAR TEST TO DETERMINE COMPATIBILITY OF ADJUVANTS AND A319.04

Perform a jar test before mixing commercial quantities of this product, when using this product for the first time, when using new adjuvants, or when a new water source is being used.

- 1. Add 1 pt. of water to a quart jar. Make sure that the water is from the same source and is the same temperature as the water used in the spray tank mixing operation.
- 2. Add 3 grams (approximately 1 level tsp.) of **A319.04** for the 8 oz./A rate or 4 grams (approximately 1 ½ tsp.) for 12 oz./A rate to the jar. Gently mix until product disperses.
- 3. Add 60 mL (4 Tbsp. or 2 fl. oz.) of additive to the quart jar and gently mix.
- 4. If nitrogen is being used, add 16 mL (1 Tbsp.) of the 28 32% nitrogen source to the quart jar. If ammonium sulfate is being used, add 19 grams of AMS to the quart jar in place of the 28 32% nitrogen.
- 5. Place cap on jar, invert 10 times, let stand for 15 minutes, evaluate.
- 6. An ideal tank mix combination will be uniform and free of suspended particles. If any of the following conditions are observed reconsider the choice of adjuvant:
  - a. Layer of oil or globules on the solution surface.
  - b. Flocculation: Fine particles in suspension or as a layer on the bottom of the jar.
  - c. Clabbering: Thickening texture (coagulated) like gelatin.

#### **APPLICATION EQUIPMENT**

**IMPORTANT:** Thoroughly clean spray equipment, including all tanks, hoses, booms, screens, and nozzles, after application of **A319.04**. Equipment with this product's residue remaining in the system may result in crop injury to subsequently treated crops.

#### SPRAYER PREPARATION

Before applying **A319.04**, clean the spray tank, as well as all hoses and booms to ensure no residue from the previous spraying operation remains in the sprayer. Some pesticides, including but not limited to the sulfonylurea and phenoxy herbicides, are active at very small amounts and can cause crop injury when applied to susceptible crops. Clean spray equipment according to the manufacturer's directions for the last product used before the equipment is used to apply this product. If 2 or more products were tank mixed prior to this product application, follow the most restrictive cleanup procedure on the label of all products.

#### MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Fill clean spray tank  $\frac{1}{2}$   $\frac{2}{3}$  of desired level with clean water.
- 2. To ensure a uniform spray mixture, pre-slurry the required amount of **A319.04** with water prior to addition to the spray tank. Use a minimum of 1 gal. of water per 10 oz. of **A319.04**.
- 3. While agitating, slowly add the pre-slurried mixture to the spray tank. Agitation should create a rippling or rolling action on the water surface.
- 4. If tank mixing **A319.04** with other labeled herbicides, add water soluble bags first, followed by dry formulations, flowables, emulsifiable concentrates and then solutions. Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate spray operation.
- 5. Add any required adjuvants.
- 6. Fill spray tank to desired level with water. Continue agitation until spray solution has been applied.
- 7. Mix only the amount of spray solution that can be applied the day of mixing. Apply **A319.04** within 12 hours of mixing.

#### **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. Mix with water having pH of 5 7. If pH is higher than 7, use an appropriate buffer to reduce pH to desirable range
- 2. Fill clean spray tank ½ full of desired level with water and add buffering agent if necessary.
- 3. Add the required amount of this product to the spray tank while agitating.
- 4. Fill spray tank to desired level with water. Ensure that this product is thoroughly mixed before making applications. Agitation should continue until spray solution has been applied.
- 5. Mix only the amount of spray solution that can be applied the day of mixing. Apply this product within 12 hours of mixing.

#### **SPRAYER CLEANUP**

If spray equipment is dedicated to application of aquatic herbicides, be sure to completely drain the spray tank and rinse the application equipment thoroughly, including the inside and outside of the tank and all in-line screens.

If spray equipment will be used for purposes other than applying aquatic herbicides, it must be thoroughly cleaned following application of **A319.04**. Follow these steps to clean the spray equipment:

Except for dedicated bare ground herbicide application equipment, spray equipment must be cleaned each day following **A319.04** application. After **A319.04** is applied, use the following steps to clean the spray equipment:

- 1. Completely drain the spray tank and rinse the sprayer thoroughly, including the inside and outside of the tank and all in-line screens.
- 2. Fill the tank with clean water and flush all hoses, booms, screens, and nozzles.
- 3. Top off tank with clean water and household ammonia. Use 1 gal. of 3% household ammonia for every 100 gals of water.
- 4. Circulate through sprayer for 5 minutes.
- 5. Flush all hoses, booms, screens, and nozzles for a minimum of 15 minutes.
- 6. Loosen any diaphragms before flushing the spray system, allowing cleaning solution to spray through the open diaphragm.
- 7. Drain tank completely.
- 8. Add enough clean water to the spray tank to flush hoses, booms, screens, and nozzles for 2 minutes.
- 9. Remove all nozzles and screens and rinse them with clean water.

#### **APPLICATION EQUIPMENT**

Application equipment must be clean and in good repair. Ensure nozzles are uniformly spaced on boom and frequently checked for accuracy.

#### **BROADCAST APPLICATION**

Apply **A319.04** and this product's tank mixes, with ground equipment using standard commercial sprayers equipped with nozzles designed to deliver the desired spray pressure and spray volume.

#### **BAND APPLICATION**

When banding, use proportionately less water and A319.04 per acre.

#### **BACKPACK APPLICATION**

When applying **A319.04** with a backpack sprayer follow all above restrictions. Calibrate backpack sprayers to deliver 1 gal. of spray solution per 500 - 1,000 sq. ft.

#### For terrestrial uses:

- Do not apply more than 12 oz. (0.38 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 24 oz. (0.765 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per year.

#### For Backpack Applications of A319.04 at 10 oz. per Acre

Application Volume	Amount of A319.04 to mix in 1 gal of water	Amount of A319.04 to mix in 2 gal of water	Amount of A319.04 to mix in 3 gal of water
1 gal. per 500 sq. ft. (= 87 GPA)	1 ¼ tsp	2 ½ tsp	3 ¾ tsp
1 gal. per 750 sq. ft. (= 58 GPA)	1 ¾ tsp	3 ¾ tsp	5 ¼ tsp
1 gal. per 1,000 sq. ft. (= 43.5 GPA)	2 ½ tsp	5 tsp	7 ½ tsp

<sup>1</sup> level teaspoon (tsp.) holds 2.8 grams of A319.04.

**Example:** Applicator wants to spray 1 gal. of **A319.04** solution per 1,000 sq. ft. of ground bed, and wants to mix up 2 gals. of spray solution. Therefore, applicator would mix 5 teaspoons of **A319.04** in 2 gals of water.

#### HANDGUN APPLICATION

Applications may also be made using a handgun sprayer. Use a spray volume of at least 40 gals per acre to insure uniform coverage.

#### **AERIAL APPLICATION**

# [Aerial applications are limited to maintaining weed free railroad beds, railroad yards and surrounding areas and military installations.]

To obtain satisfactory weed control with aerial application of **A319.04**, coverage must be uniform. When applied by air, this product may not provide adequate control of some submersed weeds. Do not spray when drift is possible or when wind velocity is more than 10 mph. Do not spray **A319.04** within 200 feet of dwellings, adjacent sensitive crops or environmentally sensitive areas. To obtain satisfactory application and drift control, the following directions must be observed:

#### **Volume Pressure**

Apply A319.04 in 5 - 10 gals. of water per acre, with a maximum spray pressure of 40 PSI.

Application at less than 5 gals. per acre may not provide adequate weed control. Higher gallonage applications generally provide more consistent weed control.

#### **Nozzles and Nozzle Operation**

Use nozzles that produce flat or hollow cone spray patterns. Use non-drip type nozzles such as diaphragm type nozzles to avoid unwanted discharge of spray solution. The nozzle must be directed toward the rear of the aircraft, at an angle between 0° and 15° downward. Do not place nozzles on the outer 25% of the wings or rotors.

#### **Adjuvants**

Refer to the additive section or the tank mix partners label for adjuvant recommendation.

#### **CALIBRATION TABLE**

A319.04 Rates Oz./A	A319.04 Rates Grams/Gal.	A319.04 Rates Per Gal.
8	2.3	¾ tsp
10	2.8	1 level tsp
12	3.4	1 ¼ tsp

#### IRRIGATION RESTRICTIONS FOLLOWING APPLICATION

Application Method	Application Rate	Average Water Depth	Turf and Landscape Ornamentals	Ornamentals Grown for Production in Greenhouse and Nursery
Surface Spray	6-12 oz per	Greater than 3 feet	None	5 days
	surface acre	Less than 3 feet	12 hours	5 days
	Less than 200 ppb	N/A	1 day	5 days
Subsurface	200-300 ppb	N/A	2 days	5 days
	300-400 ppb	N/A	3 days	5 days

#### MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

#### **Aerial Applications:**

- Do no release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the ground or vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators must select nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets in accordance with American society of Agricultural & biological engineers standard 641 (ASABE S641).
- If the windspeed is 10 miles per hour or less, applicators must use 1.2 swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field. When the windspeed is between 11-15 miles per hour, applicators must use ¾ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site. If the windspeed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

#### **Ground Boom Applications:**

- User must only apply with the release height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators must select nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets in accordance with American Society of Agricultural & Biological Engineers Standard 572 (ASABE S572).
- DO not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

#### **Boomless Ground Applications:**

- Applicators must select nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets in accordance with American Society of Agricultural & Biological Engineers Standard 572 (ASABE S572).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

#### **SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES**

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT.
BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

#### **IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE**

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

#### **Controlling Droplet Size – Ground Boom**

- Volume Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

#### **Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft**

• Adjust Nozzles – Follow nozzle manufacturers' recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallet with the airflow in flight.

#### **BOOM HEIGHT – Ground boom**

For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

#### **RELEASE HEIGHT – Aircraft**

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

#### **SHIELDED SPRAYERS**

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

#### **TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY**

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

#### **TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS**

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

#### WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

#### **Boomless Ground Applications:**

Setting nozzles at the lowest effective height will help to reduce the potential for spray drift.

#### **Handheld Technology Applications:**

Take precautions to minimize spray drift.

Properly maintain and calibrate all aerial, ground, and water-based application equipment. Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

#### WEEDS CONTROLLED

When **A319.04** is applied pre-emergence or post-emergence at specified rates and weed stages, the following grasses and broadleaf weeds are controlled:

Table 1. Weeds controlled by A319.04

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	
Alyssum, Hoary	Berteroa incana	
Amaranth		
Palmer	Amaranthus palmeri	
Spiny	Amaranthus spinosus	
American Burnweed	Erechtites hieraciifolius	
Barnyardgrass*	Echinochloa crus-galli	
Beggarweed, Florida	Desmodium tortuosum	
Bittercress, Hairy	Cardamine hirsuta	
Bluegrass, Annual*	Poa annua	
Burclover, California	Medicago polymorpha	
Carpetweed	Mollugo verticillata	
Chamberbitter	Phyllanthus urinaria	

Chickweed	
Common	Stellaria media
Mouseear	Cerastium vulgatum
Crabgrass	j
Large*	Digitaria sanguinalis
Smooth*	Digitaria ischaemum
Southern*	Digitaria ciliaris
Croton, Tropic	Croton glandulosus var. septentrionalis
Dandelion*	Taraxacum officinale
Dogfennel	Eupatorium capillifolium
Doveweed	Murdannia nudiflora
Eclipta	Eclipta prostrata
Filaree, Redstem*	Erodium cicutarium
Foxtail	
Bristly*	Setaria verticillata
Giant*	Setaria faberi
Green*	Setaria viridis
Yellow*	Setaria glauca
Galinsoga, Hairy	Galinsoga ciliata
Geranium, Carolina	Geranium carolinianum
Goosegrass*	Eleusine indica
Groundsel, Common	Senecio vulgaris
Groundsel Tree	Baccharis halimifolia
Henbit	Lamium amplexicaule
Horseweed*	Conyza canadensis
Indigo, Hairy	Indigofera hirsuta
Ivy, Ground*	Glechoma hederacea
Jimsonweed	Datura stramonium
Kochia	Kochia scoparia
Kyllinga, Green*	Kyllinga brevifolia
Ladysthumb	Polygonum persicaria
Lambsquarters, Common	Chenopodium album
Liverwort	Marchantia polymorpha
Lovegrass, California*	Eragrostis diffusa
Mallow	19 11111
Common	Malva neglecta
Little	Malva parviflora
Venice	Hibiscus trionum
Marsh Parsley	Apium leptophyllum
Marsh Yellowcress	Rorippa islandica
Mayweed*	Anthemis cotula
Morningglory	
Entireleaf	Ipomoea hederacea var. integriuscula
Ivyleaf	Ipomoea hederacea
Red/Scarlet	Ipomoea coccinea
Smallflower	Jacquemontia tamnifolia
Tall	Ipomoea purpurea
Moss	Bryum spp.
Mulberry Weed	Fatoua villosa
Mustard	
iriastala	

Tumble	Sisymbrium altissimum
Wild	Brassica kaber
Nightshade	
Black	Solanum nigrum
Eastern Black	Solanum ptycanthum
Hairy	Solanum sarrachoides
Northern Willowherb	Epilobium ciliatum
Panicum	7
Fall*	Panicum dichotomiflorum
Texas*	Panicum texanum
Parsley Piert	Alchemilla arvensis
Pearlwort, Birdseye*	Sagina procumbens
Pennycress, Field	Thlaspi arvense
Phyllanthus, Longstalked	Phyllanthus tenellus
Pigweed	,
Prostrate	Amaranthus blitoides
Redroot	Amaranthus retroflexus
Smooth	Amaranthus hybridus
Tumble	Amaranthus albus
Pineapple-weed*	Matricaria matricarioides
Plantain	
Broadleaf*	Plantago major
Buckhorn*	Plantago lanceolata
Poinsettia, Wild	Euphorbia heterophylla
Puncturevine	Tribulus terrestris
Purslane, Common	Portulaca oleracea
Pusley, Florida	Richardia scabra
Ragweed	
Common	Ambrosia artemisiifolia
Giant	Ambrosia trifida
Redmaids	Calandrinia ciliata
Redweed	Melochia corchorifolia
Rocket, Yellow	Barbarea vulgaris
Senna, Coffee	Cassia occidentalis
Sesbania, Hemp	Sesbania exaltata
Shepherd's Purse	Capsella bursa-pastoris
Sida, Prickly (Teaweed)	Sida spinosa
Signalgrass*	Brachiaria platyphylla
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	Polygonum pensylvanicum
Sowthistle, Annual	Sonchus oleraceus
Spiderwort, Tropical	Commelina benghalensis
Spurge	
Petty	Euphorbia peplus
Prostrate	Chamaesyce humistrata
Spotted	Chamaesyce maculata
Starbur, Bristly*	Acanthospermum hispidum
Tassel-flower	Emilia spp.
Thickhead	Crassocephalum crepidioides
Thistle	
Canada*	Cirsium arvense

Russian	Salsola iberica
Velvetleaf	Abutilon theophrasti
Waterhemp	
Common	Amaranthus rudis
Tall	Amaranthus tuberculatus
Woodsorrel, Yellow*	Oxalis stricta

<sup>\*</sup> Pre-emergence control only

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

#### TO CONTROL FLOATING AND EMERGED WEEDS USING SURFACE APPLICATION

**A319.04** will control weeds and algae listed in Table 1 when applied as a broadcast spray with appropriate equipment. For best results, apply **A319.04** to the foliage of actively growing weeds.

**Table 1. Floating and Emerged Weeds** 

Table 11 Housing and 1 Height weeks		
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	
Alligator Weed	Alternanthera philoxeroides	
Duckweed*	Lemna spp.	
Frog's-bit	Limnobium spongia	
Water Fern	Salvinia spp.	
Water Lettuce	Pistia stratiotes	
Watermeal*	Wolffia spp.	
Water Pennywort	Hydrocotyle spp.	
Filamentous Algae	Pithophora	
Filamentous Algae	Cladophora	

<sup>\*200</sup> ppb water concentration is required to treat duckweed and watermeal – see **DIRECTIONS FOR USE TO CONTROL SUBMERSED AND FLOATING WEEDS USING SUBSURFACE APPLICATIONS** section for additional application information. **SURFACE APPLICATION** 

**A319.04** product as a broadcast spray at 6 - 12 ounces (0.19-0.38 lb ai/A) of formulated product per acre plus an adjuvant approved for use in aquatics.

**A319.04** is a contact herbicide that quickly degrades in the water column so plants that do not initially come in contact with the herbicide will not be controlled. Apply **A319.04** in a minimum of 30 gallons of water per acre to all areas of the water body where weeds exist. Coverage is essential for effective control as all floating weeds need to be exposed to lethal concentrations in all parts of the water body. Any untreated escapes or re-introductions of plants that were not treated will reestablish in areas where surface weeds had previously been controlled. If a second application is required to provide control, make the treatment once weeds are first observed, but no sooner than 28 days after the last treatment.

Application of **A319.04** during early morning hours enhances weed control. When applying to densely packed actively growing surface weeds, ensure adequate coverage. Rapid decomposition of vegetation resulting from herbicide treatment can result in loss of oxygen in water. A sudden decrease in dissolved oxygen can result in fish suffocation. If aquatic vegetation is dense, treat floating surface weeds in sections to avoid a rapid decrease in dissolved oxygen.

**A319.04** may be tank mixed with 2,4-D, diquat, glyphosate or other registered foliar applied herbicides for enhanced control of floating and emergent weeds. Consult a manufacturer's label for specific rate restrictions and weeds controlled. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

#### **APPLICATION EQUIPMENT**

Apply **A319.04** with sprayers equipped with nozzles designed to deliver the desired spray pressure and spray volume. Apply by backpack or handgun sprayer, airboat, helicopter, airplane or other application equipment that will ensure thorough coverage of target plant foliage.

# DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN ESTABLISHED CONTAINER AND FIELD GROWN CONIFERS (INCLUDING CHRISTMAS TREES)

Apply **A319.04** as a single or split application to established container and field grown conifers, which includes applications to Christmas tree plantations. The conifers listed in Table 2 have exhibited tolerance to **A319.04** only when the product is applied to dormant or hardened off plant material. If applied over the top of plant foliage, apply **A319.04** before spring bud break or after conifers have sufficiently hardened off. During periods of cool, cloudy weather, use caution to ensure conifers have hardened off prior to herbicide application. Do not apply to conifers within 1 year of seedling emergence.

#### PRE-EMERGENCE APPLICATION

Apply 8 - 12 oz. (0.255 - 0.38 lb. a.i./A) of **A319.04** per broadcast acre before weeds emerge.

Apply to weed free, established conifers grown in containers or in the field (in ground). If possible, irrigate treated area with 0.5 - 0.75 inch of water immediately following application. Spray A319.04 directly over conifers listed in Table 2, provided bud break has not occurred or plants are hardened off. Needle burn may be observed on new flush if plants are actively growing at time of application. However, A319.04 will typically not effect subsequent growth. If conifers are not dormant or hardened off at time of application, and foliar injury cannot be tolerated, apply A319.04 as a directed spray, taking care to minimize direct contact or drift of sprays onto foliage. Mechanically incorporating A319.04 after application will disturb soil surfaces, which may reduce herbicidal efficacy. When applied before weed germination, A319.04 will control broadleaf and grassy weeds listed in Table 1.

#### POST-EMERGENCE APPLICATION

Apply 8 - 12 oz. (0.255 - 0.38 lb. a.i./A) of **A319.04** per broadcast acre after weeds have emerged. **A319.04** may be sprayed directly over conifers listed in Table 2, provided bud break has not occurred or plants are hardened off. Needle burn may be observed on new flush if plants are actively growing at time of application. However, **A319.04** will typically not affect subsequent growth. If conifers are not dormant or hardened off at the time of application, and foliar injury cannot be tolerated, apply **A319.04** as a directed spray, taking care to minimize direct contact or drift of sprays onto foliage.

If applied when weeds are actively growing and no larger than 2 inches in height, **A319.04** will provide postemergence control of broadleaf weeds and grasses listed in Table 1. Post-emergence control of **A319.04** may be more effective with certain weed species, and may not control mature, stressed or hardened off weeds that are not actively growing at the time of application.

#### TANK MIXTURES FOR CONTAINER AND FIELD GROWN CONIFERS

Tank mixing **A319.04** with other pre-emergence and post-emergence herbicides registered for use on conifers may provide a broader spectrum of weed control than **A319.04** applied alone, **A319.04** may also be applied as part of a post-emergence burndown program for control of annual and perennial weeds. Tank mixing **A319.04** with glyphosate will increase the speed of burndown compared to glyphosate applied alone.

A319.04 may be tank mixed with products containing the following active ingredients labeled for use in conifers:

Clethodim	glyphosate*	oryzalin	prodiamine	simazine*

<sup>\*</sup>Do not apply glyphosate or simazine to containerized ornamentals

**IMPORTANT:** Completely read and follow the label of any potential this tank mix partner. When tank mixing **A319.04** with other herbicides, always follow the most restrictive label limitations and precautions on the label of any tank mix partner.

#### **TOLERANT CONIFERS**

Apply **A319.04** to the conifer species listed in Table 2. If a desired conifer species is not listed in Table 2, evaluate the safety of **A319.04** on a small number of plants under commercial growing conditions, and monitor plant response for 4 - 6 weeks for phytotoxicity. Testing **A319.04** on a small number of plants will determine if this product can be used safely on a widespread basis.

#### **RESTRICTIONS**

- Do not apply more than 12 oz. (0.38 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications at 12 oz./A (0.38 lb ai/A) or 3 applications at 8 oz./A (0.255 lb ai/A) per year.
- Do not apply more than 24 oz. (0.765 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not re-apply A319.04 within 30 days.

#### **Table 2. Tolerant Conifers**

COMMON NAME	N NAME SCIENTIFIC NAME	
Arborvitae		
American	Thuja occidentalis	
Oriental	Thuja orientalis	
Fir		
Concolor	Abies concolor	
Cork Bark	Abies lasiocarpa	
Douglas	Pseudotsuga menziesii	
Fraser	Abies fraseri	
Grand	Abies grandis	
Noble	Abies procera	
Turkish	Abies bornmuelleriana	
Hemlock		
Eastern	Tsuga canadensis	
Western	Tsuga heterophylla	
Juniper		
Blue Star	Juniperus scopularum	
Creeping	Juniperus horizontalis	
Japanese Garden	Juniperus chinensis	
Tamarix	Juniperus sabina	
Pine		
Austrian	Pinus nigra	
Eastern White	Pinus strobus	
Jack	Pinus banksiana	
Japanese Black	Pinus thunbergiana	
Loblolly	Pinus taeda	
Lodgepole	Pinus contorta	
Longleaf	Pinus palustris	
Mugo	Pinus mugo	
Ponderosa	Pinus ponderosa	
Sand	Pinus clausa	
Scotch	Pinus sylvestris	
Shortleaf	Pinus echinata	

Slash	Pinus elliottii
Virginia	Pinus virginiana
Spruce	
Blue	Picea pungens
Dwarf Alberta	Picea glauca conica
Norway	Picea abies
Sitka	Picea sitchensis
Yew	
English	Taxus baccata
Japanese	Taxus cuspidata

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

#### TO CONTROL SUBMERSED AND FLOATING WEEDS USING SUBSURFACE APPLICATIONS

This product controls submersed and floating weeds listed in Table 2, **Submersed and Floating Weeds Controlled by Subsurface Application**, when applied subsurface with appropriate equipment.

Table 2. Submersed and Floating Weeds Controlled by Subsurface Application

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Coontail	Ceratophyllum demersum
Duckweed*	Lemna spp.
Fanwort	Cabomba caroliniana
Hydrilla	Hydrilla verticillata
Hygrophila	Hygrophila polysperma
Naiad, Southern	Najas guadalupensis
Pondweed, Curlyleaf	Potamogeton crispus
Pondweed, Sago	Potamogeton pectinatus
Pondweed, Variable-Leaf	Potamogeton diversifolius
Water Fern	Salvinia spp.
Water Lettuce	Pistia stratiotes
Watermeal	Wolffia spp.
Watermilfoil, Eurasian	Myriophyllum spicatum
Watermilfoil, Variable-Leaf	Myriophyllum heterophyllum

#### SUBSURFACE APPLICATION

Apply this product at a rate that will produce an initial concentration of 200 to 400 ppb (of active ingredient flumioxazin) in the water column.

This product is rapidly absorbed by target plants, but also breaks down quickly in water with a pH greater than 8.5. The pH of water surrounding mats of submersed vegetation can exceed 8.5 by early to mid-day, due to photosynthetic processes. Application of this product under these conditions may provide only partial weed control, and regrowth is likely. For best control, apply this product in a minimum of 30 gallons of water per acre in the early morning to actively growing weeds and early in the season before surface matting occurs. Complete coverage and sufficient contact time of submersed weeds with this product is required for optimal performance. Application of this product with subsurface trailing hoses designed to distribute the herbicide within the plant stand will provide more effective and longer-term control of submersed weeds. Use Table 3, **Subsurface Application Rates** to determine the amount of this product needed to achieve desired concentration at different water depths. Use higher concentrations when weed biomass is heavy and/or weeds are more mature and topped out. Any untreated plants that are left in the water column can re-infest treated areas that had previously been controlled. If a second application is required to provide control, it is recommended that a treatment be made once the return of these weeds is first observed, but no sooner than 28 days after the last treatment.

When applying this product to densely packed actively growing submersed weeds, a rapid decomposition of vegetation resulting from herbicide treatment can result in loss of oxygen in water. A sudden decrease in dissolved oxygen can result in fish suffocation. If aquatic vegetation is dense, treat submersed weeds in sections to avoid a rapid decrease in dissolved oxygen.

This product may be tank mixed with other registered submersed applied herbicides for enhanced control of submersed and floating weeds.

#### APPLICATION EQUIPMENT FOR WATER COLUMN TREATMENT

To improve distribution in the water column and ensure adequate coverage, when possible apply this product with subsurface trailing hoses in order to place the herbicide under the surface and throughout the biomass of aquatic vegetation. Keep swath width to a minimum in order to maximize contact with submersed aquatic vegetation. In small shallow water bodies, surface sprays may be required to apply this product. Apply by backpack or handgun sprayer or other application equipment that will ensure adequate coverage of target plant.

#### INFORMATION ON HYDRILLA CONTROL IN FLORIDA

Apply this product as a subsurface treatment for *Hydrilla* control. For best control of *Hydrilla* apply during the late Winter/early Spring and/or early to late Fall. Efficacy of this product will be enhanced at these timings due to lower potential biomass present and lower pH of the water. If applied to mature topped-out *Hydrilla*, this product will cause some discoloration and loss of growing tips, but regrowth will be rapid.

Tank mix this product with other registered herbicides, especially if *Hydrilla* is approaching maturity or biomass is heavy.

Table 3. Subsurface Application Rates

Do not exceed 400 ppb of this product during any one application.

Water Depth (feet)	Pounds of A319.04 Required Per Surface Acre to Achieve Desired V Concentration		
. , ,	200 ppb	300 ppb	400 ppb
1	1.1	1.6	2.1
2	2.1	3.2	4.2
3	3.2	4.8	6.4
4	4.2	6.4	8.5
5	5.3	8.0	10.6
6	6.4	9.5	12.7
7	7.4	11.1	14.8

**Example:** To achieve an initial concentration of 200 ppb of flumioxazin in a 4-foot-deep water column, apply 4.2 lbs. of this product per surface acre.

### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

# IN CONTAINER AND FIELD GROWN DECIDUOUS TREES AND NON-BEARING FRUIT AND NON-BEARING NUT TREES

Apply **A319.04** as single or split application to container and field grown deciduous trees with an established root system. The deciduous trees listed in Table 3 have exhibited tolerance to **A319.04** only when applied to the soil and base of plants. Application of **A319.04** to deciduous foliage or green bark may result in unacceptable injury.

Apply **A319.04** to established (or transplanted) container and field grown deciduous trees. Do not apply to trees that are less than 1 year old or have been transplanted less than 1 year, unless completely protected by non-porous wraps, grow tubes, waxed protectors or other forms of protection to young foliage and/or bark. Do not harvest fruit or nuts from treated trees within 1 year of application.

**IMPORTANT:** Direct application of **A319.04** to the soil surface and away from plant foliage and bark. Avoid direct spray contact on plant surfaces, foliage and green bark or injury may result. Application of **A319.04** after bud swell may cause injury if herbicide contacts foliage. Do not apply under environmental conditions that favor drift to nontargeted areas.

#### PRE-EMERGENCE APPLICATION

Apply 8 - 12 oz. (0.255 - 0.38 lb. a.i./A) of **A319.04** per broadcast acre as a pre-emergence (to weed emergence) application. Apply **A319.04** to weed free deciduous trees grown in containers or in the field (in-ground). If possible, irrigate treated area with 0.5 to 0.75 inch of water immediately following application and apply **A319.04** to the soil surface and base of deciduous trees, provided that direct and indirect (drift) applications to plant foliage, flowers and green bark does not occur. Mechanically incorporating **A319.04** will disturb soil surfaces, which may reduce herbicidal efficacy. Use spray shields that limit exposure of foliage and bark to **A319.04**. When applied before weed germination, this product will control broadleaf and grassy weeds listed in Table 1.

#### **POST-EMERGENCE APPLICATION**

Apply 8 - 12 oz. (0.255 - 0.38 lb. a.i./A) of **A319.04** per broadcast acre plus an adjuvant (0.25% v/v non-ionic surfactant or 1 qt./A crop oil concentrate). Make post-emergence (to weed emergence) applications of **A319.04** when weeds are actively growing and are no larger than 2 inches in height. The addition of a surfactant enhances **A319.04** activity on emerged weeds. Thorough spray coverage is necessary to maximize the post-emergence activity of **A319.04**. When applied after weed germination, **A319.04** will provide pre-emergence and post-emergence control of broadleaf weeds and grasses listed in Table 1. If plant injury is a concern, use a spray shield to limit the exposure of trees to **A319.04**.

Post-emergence control of **A319.04** may be more effective with certain weed species, and may not control mature, stressed or hardened off weeds that are not actively growing at the time of application.

#### TANK MIXTURES FOR FIELD AND CONTAINER GROWN DECIDUOUS TREES

Tank mixing A319.04 with other pre-emergence and post-emergence herbicides registered for use on deciduous trees may provide a broader spectrum of weed control than this product alone. A319.04 may also be applied as part of a post-emergence burndown program for control of annual and perennial weeds. Tank mixing A319.04 with glyphosate will increase the speed of burndown compared to glyphosate applied alone. Tank mix A319.04 with products containing the following active ingredient labeled for use in deciduous trees:

Clethodim	glyphosate*	metolachlor	oryzalin	Pendimethalin
prodiamine	simazine*			

<sup>\*</sup>Do not apply glyphosate or simazine to containerized plants.

**IMPORTANT:** Completely read and follow the label of any herbicides mixed with **A319.04**. When tank mixing this product with other herbicides, always follow the most restrictive limitations and precautions on the label of any tank mix partner.

#### TOLERANT DECIDUOUS TREES, NON-BEARING FRUIT AND NON-BEARING NUT TREES

Apply **A319.04** as a directed spray to the deciduous, non-bearing fruit and non-bearing nut trees species listed in Table 3. If a desired tree species is not listed in Table 3, evaluate the safety of **A319.04** on a small number of plants under commercial growing conditions and monitor plant response for 4 - 6 weeks for phytotoxicity. Testing this product on a small number of plants will determine if this product can be used safely on a widespread basis.

#### **RESTRICTIONS**

- Do not apply more than 12 oz. (0.38 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications at 12 oz./A (0.38 lb ai/A) or 3 applications at 8 oz./A (0.255 lb ai/A) per year.
- Do not apply more than 24 oz. (0.765 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not re-apply A319.04 within 30 days.

**Table 3. Tolerant Deciduous Tree Species** 

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Apricot*	Prunus spp.
Ash	Fraxinus spp.
Birch	Betula spp.
Buckeye	Aesculus spp.
Cherry*	Prunus spp
Chestnut	Castanea spp.
Citrus*	Citrus spp.
Dogwood	Comus spp
Eucalyptus	Eucalyptus spp.
Ginkgo	Ginkgo spp.
Hawthorn	Crataegus spp.
Honeylocust	Gleditsia spp.
Larch	Larix spp.
Lilac	Syringa spp.
Maple**	Acer spp.
Myrtle, Crepe	Lagerstroemia indica
Oak	Quercus spp.
Poplar	Populus spp.
Peach*	Prunus spp.
Plum*	Prunus spp.
Pecan*	Carya spp.
Redbud	Cercis canadensis
Sweetgum	Liquidambar styraciflua
Sycamore	Platanus spp.
Walnut, Black	Juglans nigra
Willow	Salix spp.

<sup>\*</sup>Non-bearing trees only.

# DIRECTIONS FOR USE AROUND ESTABLISHED WOODY LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS AND TO MAINTAIN BARE GROUND NON-CROP AREAS

In residential and commercial landscapes, application of **A319.04** must be done by commercial licensed applicators. Application of **A319.04** in the vicinity of ornamental plants is limited to directed sprays around well-established woody shrubs and trees such as azalea, euonymus, holly, and the conifers and deciduous trees listed in Tables 2 and 3.

Apply **A319.04** to maintain bare ground in non-crop areas in apartment complexes, fence rows, gravel surfaces, ground mats, golf courses, lumberyards, office complexes, parks, parking areas, recreational sites, schools, sidewalks, storage areas and other similar industrial sites. Do not apply **A319.04** within any enclosed structure in residential or commercial landscapes.

**A319.04** offers post-emergence and residual control of susceptible grasses and broadleaf weeds, as well as an additional mode of action to assist in the control of resistant weeds. The length of residual control is dependent on the rate applied, rainfall and temperature. Length of residual control will decrease as temperature and precipitation increase.

IMPORTANT: Contact with spray or spray drift of this product may cause severe injury or destruction of certain

<sup>\*\*</sup>Not for use on maple trees used for production of maple sap or syrup.

desirable plants, especially herbaceous species such as bedding plants or direct-seeded annual and perennial flowers. Therefore, do not apply this product over the top of ornamental plants growing in the landscape, and do not allow spray of this product to contact, drift or splash from soil onto the foliage, green stems, exposed roots or fruit of desirable plants. Avoid application of this product under conditions that favor drift of sprays onto desired ornamentals or turfgrass. Limit the plant exposure to this product when applying this product near desirable plants.

Do not apply this product around landscape ornamentals until plants have been actively growing for at least 30 days after transplanting, or for at least 2 months before ornamentals will be planted into treated areas.

#### PRE-EMERGENCE APPLICATION (NO WEEDS ARE PRESENT)

Mix 1 ½ - 2 ½ tsp. of **A319.04** per gal. (10 oz./A, 0.32 lb ai/A) of spray solution, and apply 1 gal. of spray solution to 500 - 1,000 sq. ft. (10 oz./A, 0.32 lb ai/A) prior to weed germination (see **CALIBRATION TABLE** for backpack sprayers). Apply **A319.04** to weed- free soil, mulch or gravel surfaces. Moisture is necessary to activate **A319.04** on soil for residual weed control. When applied before weed germination, this product will control the broadleaf weeds and grasses listed in Table 1.

Established landscape ornamentals have shown tolerance to **A319.04** only when applied to the soil at the base of the plant. For maximum plant safety when using around desirable ornamentals, direct applications of **A319.04** to the soil, and leave a sufficient untreated buffer to ensure spray solution does not contact desired plants. Do not harvest fruit or nuts from treated trees within 1 year of application.

#### POST-EMERGENCE APPLICATION (WEEDS ARE PRESENT)

Mix 1% - 2% tsp. of **A319.04** per gal. (10 oz./A, 0.32 lb ai/A) and apply 1 gal. of spray solution to 500 - 1,000 sq. ft. to actively growing weeds (see **CALIBRATION TABLE** for backpack sprayers). Tank mixing **A319.04** with glyphosate will increase the spectrum of post-emergent weed control over this product alone, provide faster post-emergence weed control than glyphosate alone, and provide pre and post-emergence control of the broadleaf weeds and grasses listed in Table 1.

Established landscape ornamentals have shown tolerance to applications of **A319.04** plus glyphosate only when applied to the soil at the base of the plant, and sprays do not directly contact or drift onto desirable plants. For maximum plant safety when using around desirable ornamentals, direct applications of **A319.04** plus glyphosate towards the soil, and leave a sufficient non-treated buffer to ensure spray solution does not contact desired plants.

Thorough spray coverage of weeds is necessary to maximize weed control. Spray coverage must be uniform, but do not spray to the point of runoff.

Do not harvest fruit or nuts from treated trees within 1 year of application.

**IMPORTANT:** Completely read and follow the glyphosate label. When tank mixing **A319.04** with other products, always follow the most restrictive use conditions on either label.

#### **RESTRICTION**

- Do not apply more than 10 oz. (0.32 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications per year.
- Do not apply more than 20 oz. (0.64 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not re-apply within 30 days.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

#### TO MAINTAIN BARE GROUND NON-CROP AREAS IN AND AROUND ORNAMENTAL NURSERIES

**A319.04**, when used as directed, can be used for non-selective vegetation control to maintain bare ground non-crop areas that must be kept weed-free. Apply **A319.04** only to:

- Bare ground areas around buildings and other structures. Do not apply within any enclosed structure.
- Bare ground along fence rows.
- Gravel surfaces and driveways.
- Ground matting and gravel pads prior to the addition of containerized plants (conifers, deciduous trees and ornamentals).

**IMPORTANT:** Follow all applicable directions as outlined above under Product Information. See Table 1 for a list of grasses and broadleaf weeds controlled by **A319.04**. **A319.04** offers residual and post-emergence control of susceptible grasses and broadleaf weeds as well as an additional mode of action to assist in the control of resistant weeds. The length of residual control is dependent on the rate applied as well as on rainfall and temperature conditions. Length of residual control will decrease as temperature and precipitation increase.

#### PRE-EMERGENCE APPLICATION

Apply 8 - 12 oz. (0.255 - 0.38 lb. a.i./A) of **A319.04** per broadcast acre as a pre-emergence application. Make pre-emergence (to weed emergence) applications of **A319.04** to weed-free surfaces. Moisture is necessary to activate **A319.04** for residual weed control. Dry weather following application of **A319.04** may reduce effectiveness. However, when adequate moisture is received after dry conditions, this product will control susceptible germinating weeds.

#### POST-EMERGENCE APPLICATION

Apply 8 - 12 oz. (0.255 - 0.38 lb. a.i./A) of **A319.04** per broadcast acre plus a surfactant (0.25% v/v non-ionic surfactant or 1 qt./A crop oil concentrate). The addition of a surfactant enhances **A319.04** activity on emerged weeds. Thorough spray coverage is necessary to maximize the post-emergence activity of this product. Emerged weeds are controlled post-emergence with **A319.04**, however, translocation of this product within a weed is limited, and control is affected by spray coverage and by the addition of a surfactant. The most effective post-emergence weed control with **A319.04** occurs when applied in combination with a surfactant to weeds less than 2 inches in height.

#### **RESTRICTIONS**

- Do not apply more than 12 oz. (0.38 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications at 12 oz./A (0.38 lb ai/A) or 3 applications at 8 oz./A (0.255 lb ai/A) per year.
- Do not apply more than 24 oz. (0.765 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not re-apply A319.04 within 30 days.

# DIRECTIONS FOR USE TO MAINTAIN BARE GROUND NON-CROP AREAS

**A319.04** can be used for non-selective vegetation management to maintain bare ground noncrop areas that must be kept free of weed. Apply **A319.04** only to:

- Bare ground areas under guard rails, above-ground pipelines, railroad beds, railroad yards and surrounding areas
- Bare ground areas in parking lots and storage areas, industrial plant sites, substations, pumping stations, and tank farms
- Bare ground areas of airports, brick yards, industrial plant sites, lumber yards, military installations, and storage areas
- Bare ground areas around farm buildings and along ungrazed fence rows, wind breaks and shelter belts
- Improved roadside areas, road surfaces, and gravel shoulders

Follow all applicable directions as outlined above under Product Information. See Table 1 for a list of broadleaf weeds and grasses controlled by **A319.04**.

**A319.04** provides residual and post-emergence control of susceptible broadleaf and grass weed species as well as additional mode of action to assist in the control of ALS (acetolactate synthase) resistant weeds. The timing of residual of control depends on the application rate, as well as on rainfall and temperature conditions. The length of control will be reduced as temperature and precipitation increase.

#### PRE-EMERGENCE APPLICATION

Make a pre-emergence application of 8 to 12 oz. (0.255 - 0.38 lb. a.i./A) of **A319.04** per broadcast acre. Make pre-emergence (up to weed emergence) applications of **A319.04** to surfaces that are free of weeds. Pre-emergence applications of **A319.04** must be completed before weeds emerge. For residual weed control and optimal performance on soil, moisture is necessary to activate **A319.04**. Dry weather or lack of moisture following application of **A319.04** may reduce effectiveness. When adequate moisture is received after dry conditions, this product will control susceptible weeds that are germinating.

#### POST-EMERGENCE APPLICATION

Make a post-emergence application of 8 to 12 oz. (0.255 - 0.38 lb. a.i./A) of A319.04 per broadcast acre plus a surfactant (0.25% v/v non-ionic surfactant or 1 qt./A crop oil concentrate). Adding a surfactant enhances the activity of A319.04 on emerged weeds. Thorough spray coverage is necessary to maximize the post-emergence activity of this product. Weeds that have emerged are controlled with a postemergence application of A319.04. However, translocation of this product within a weed is limited, and control is improved by ensuring thorough spray coverage and by the addition of a surfactant. The most effective post-emergence weed control with A319.04 results when application is made in combination with a surfactant and to weeds that are less than 2 inches in height.

#### **TANK MIX APPLICATIONS**

Tank mixtures with other pre- and post-emergence herbicides registered for use in non-crop areas provide a broader spectrum of weed control in addition to weeds controlled by **A319.04** used alone, **A319.04** must be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for use in bare ground vegetation management, (non-crop uses) including, but not limited to those products listed below.

Tank Mixture Combinations For Non-Selective Vegetation Management Weed Control

2,4-D	Glyphosate	Norflurazon	Prodiamine
Bromacil	Hexazinone	Oryzalin	Simazine
Chlorsulfuron	Imazapic	Pendimethalin	Sulfometuron methyl
Clorpyralid	Imazapyr	Picloram	Tebuthiuron
Dicamba	Metsulfuron methyl	Pramitol	Triclopyr
Diuron			

IMPORTANT: Completely read and follow the label of any herbicides mixed with A319.04.

When tank mixing this product with other herbicides, always follow the most restrictive limitations and precautions on the label of any tank mix partner.

#### **RESTRICTIONS**

- Do not apply more than 12 oz. (0.38 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not make more than 2 applications at 12 oz./A (0.38 lb ai/A) or 3 applications at 8 oz./A (0.255 lb ai/A) per year.
- Do not apply more than 24 oz. (0.765 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not make an additional application of **A319.04** within 30 days.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

### IN CONIFER RE-FORESTATION SITES FOLLOWING TIMBER HARVEST[\*]

[\*][NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA.]

**A319.04** is a pre-emergence and post-emergence herbicide for control of selected grass and broadleaf weeds in conifer re-forestation sites following timber harvest operations. Apply **A319.04** as a site preparation treatment prior to transplanting of conifers or as a conifer release treatment after stand establishment.

#### Site Preparation — Application Before Transplanting

Apply 8 - 12 oz. (0.255 – 0.38 lb ai/A) of **A319.04** per acre. Transplant operations must take place at least 2 months after application. To obtain optimal weed control, apply **A319.04** before weed emergence or after a burndown herbicide has controlled existing vegetation. If existing weed canopy is less than 40%, tank mix **A319.04** with a burndown herbicide to provide pre-emergence weed control.

Apply **A319.04** in at least 10 gals. of water per acre to achieve uniform spray coverage using ground or aerial spray equipment.

#### Conifer Release Treatments — Applications Only Within 3 Years After Transplanting

Apply 8 - 12 oz. of **A319.04** per acre over the top of trees prior to budbreak in the spring or after dormancy in fall. Do not apply **A319.04** over the top of trees after budbreak or needle spotting and defoliation may occur. **A319.04** should not affect new growth of trees. See Table 4 for a list of tolerant conifers for over the top treatments.

#### **TANK MIXING** — Conifer Release Treatments

Certain liquid formulations of other pesticides may increase the post-emergence activity of **A319.04**, but may also increase the potential for injury when applied over the top of various plants. Therefore, tank mixtures of these materials with **A319.04** may be more injurious than this product applied alone and need to be tested to determine if they can be used safely on a widespread basis.

#### **ADJUVANTS** — Conifer Release Treatments

When using as a Conifer Release Treatment, do not mix A319.04 with any adjuvant or fertilizer.

**IMPORTANT:** When applied as directed, the conifers listed in Table 4 have shown tolerance to **A319.04**. However, **A319.04** is a very active herbicide and the user must exercise responsible judgment and caution until familiarity is gained with this product. If a desired conifer species is not listed in Table 4, evaluate the safety of **A319.04** on a small number of plants under commercial growing conditions, and monitor plant response for 4 - 6 weeks for phytotoxicity. Test this product on a small number of plants to determine if this product can be used safely on a widespread basis. Do not apply **A319.04** over the top of conifers until trees have been growing in the treated area for at least 1 year. The use of nylon mesh wraps, commonly used to deter animal browsing, may increase plant injury if placed on plants after over-the-top application of **A319.04**.

#### **RESTRICTIONS**

- Do not apply more than 12 oz. (0.38 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications at 12 oz./A (0.38 lb ai/A) or 3 applications at 8 oz./A (0.255 lb ai/A) per year.
- Do not apply more than 24 oz. (0.765 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not re-apply **A319.04** within 30 days.

#### **Table 4. Tolerant Conifer Tree Species: Common**

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	
Fir		
Concolor	Abies concolor	
Cork Bark	Abies lasiocarpa	
Douglas	Pseudotsuga menziesii	

Fraser	Abies fraseri	
Grand	Abies grandis	
Noble	Abies procera	
Turkish	Abies bornmuelleriana	
Hemlock		
Eastern	Tsuga canadensis	
Western	Tsuga heterophylla	
Tamarix	Juniperus sabina	
Pine		
Austrian	Pinus nigra	
Eastern White	Pinus strobus	
Jack	Pinus banksiana	
Japanese Black	Pinus thunbergiana	
Loblolly	Pinus taeda	
Lodgepole	Pinus contorta	
Longleaf	Pinus palustris	
Mugo	Pinus mugo	
Ponderosa	Pinus ponderosa	
Sand	Pinus clausa	
Scotch	Pinus sylvestris	
Shortleaf	Pinus echinata	
Slash	Pinus elliottii	
Virginia	Pinus virginiana	
Spruce		
Blue	Picea pungens	
Dwarf Alberta	Picea glauca conica	
Norway	Picea abies	
Sitka	Picea sitchensis	

# DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN POPLAR PLANTATIONS AND TIMBER RE-FORESTATION SITES[\*] [\*][NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

**A319.04** is a pre-emergence and post-emergence herbicide for control of selected grass and broadleaf weeds in poplar plantations and timber re-forestation sites following timber harvest operations. **A319.04** may be used as a site preparation treatment prior to transplanting of trees or as a release treatment after stand establishment.

#### Site Preparation — Application Before Transplanting

Apply 8 - 12 oz. of **A319.04** per acre. Transplant operations must take place at least 3 months after application. To obtain optimal weed control, apply **A319.04** before weed emergence or after a burndown herbicide has controlled existing vegetation. If existing weed canopy is less than 40%, **A319.04** may be tank mixed with a burndown herbicide to provide pre-emergence weed control.

Apply **A319.04** in at least 10 gals. of water per acre to achieve uniform spray coverage using ground or aerial spray equipment.

#### Release Treatments — Applications Within 3 Years After Transplanting

Apply 8 - 12 oz. of **A319.04** per acre over the top of trees prior to budbreak in the spring or after dormancy in fall. Do not apply **A319.04** over the top of trees after budbreak or leaf spotting and defoliation may occur. **A319.04** should not affect new growth of trees of tolerant poplars for over-the-top treatments.

#### **TANK MIXING** — Poplar Release Treatments

Certain liquid formulations of other pesticides may increase the post-emergence activity of **A319.04**, but may also increase the potential for injury when applied over the top of various plants. Therefore, tank mixtures of these materials with **A319.04** may be more injurious than this product applied alone and need to be tested to determine if they can be used safely on a widespread basis.

#### **ADJUVANTS** — Poplar Release Treatments

When applying Release Treatments, do not mix A319.04 with any adjuvant or fertilizer.

**IMPORTANT:** When applied as directed, poplars (*Populus balsamifera*, *P. grandidentata*, *P. niger* and *P. tremuloides*), hybrid poplars (*P.* sp. x sp.), and cottonwoods (*P. deltoides* and *P. trichocarpa*) have shown tolerance to **A319.04**. However, **A319.04** is a very active herbicide and the user should exercise responsible judgment and caution until familiarity is gained with **A319.04**. Test this product on a small number of plants to determine if this product can be used safely on a widespread basis. Do not apply **A319.04** over the top unless trees are more than 1 year old.

#### RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply more than 12 oz. (0.38 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications at 12 oz./A (0.38 lb ai/A) or 3 applications at 8 oz./A (0.255 lb ai/A) per year.
- Do not apply more than 24 oz. (0.765 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not re-apply **A319.04** within 30 days.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

# ON DORMANT WARM-SEASON TURFGRASS GROWN ON RESIDENTIAL SITES, GOLF COURSES, SOD PRODUCTION AND SIMILAR AREAS[\*] [\*][NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

Apply **A319.04** as a single or split application to well established dormant turfgrass listed in Table 5, and will control winter annual weeds found in Table 1. Apply **A319.04** to dormant turfgrass in such areas as apartment complexes, golf courses, sod farms, roadsides, sports fields, campgrounds, office complexes, parks, parking areas, recreational sites, schools, and other similar sites. Dormant bermudagrass, centipedegrass, seashore paspalum, St. Augustine and zoysiagrass have exhibited tolerance to **A319.04** only when applied after turf has become dormant in the late fall and before turf breaks dormancy in the late winter/early spring. Application of **A319.04** to actively growing turfgrass (warm season and cool season) or during green-up will cause unacceptable injury. **A319.04** will injure warm season turf grown in southern areas where grass does not become completely dormant.

#### **BROADCAST APPLICATIONS**

Apply 8 - 12 oz. of **A319.04** per broadcast acre as a pre-emergence (to weed emergence) application. If weeds are present at the time of application apply **A319.04** plus an adjuvant (0.25% v/v non-ionic surfactant). Make post-emergence (to weed emergence) applications of **A319.04** when weeds are actively growing and no larger than 2 inches in height. Thorough spray coverage is necessary to maximize the post-emergence activity of **A319.04**. When applied after weed germination, **A319.04** will provide pre-emergence and post-emergence control of broadleaf weeds and grasses listed in Table 1. Post-emergence control of **A319.04** may be more effective on certain weed species, and may not control mature, stressed or hardened-off weeds that are not actively growing at the time of application.

A second application of **A319.04** may be required to provide adequate season-long weed control. Apply the second application using the above-mentioned rate guidelines prior to the turfgrass breaking spring dormancy.

#### **SPOT TREATMENTS**

Mix 2 ½ tsp. per gal. of **A319.04** and 2 tsp. (½ fl. oz.) of non-ionic surfactant in 1 gal. of water and apply 1 gal. of spray solution per 1,000 sq. ft. Occasionally shake the spray solution while spraying to ensure the spray solution remains well mixed. Spray the target weeds until the leaves are wet.

#### TANK MIXING WITH OTHER TURFGRASS HERBICIDES

Tank mixing **A319.04** with other pre-emergence and post-emergence herbicides registered for use in dormant turfgrass may provide a broader spectrum of weed control than **A319.04** alone.

**IMPORTANT:** Turfgrass must be completely dormant at application. Any turfgrass that is not dormant will be injured by applications of **A319.04**. Scout area to be sprayed for any turf that is green in color and if encountered, delay application until turfgrass is completely dormant. Read and follow the label of any herbicides mixed with **A319.04**. When tank mixing **A319.04** with other herbicides, always follow the most restrictive limitations and precautions on the label of any tank mix partner.

#### **USE PRECAUTIONS**

Exercise good judgment and caution when applying to dormant turfgrass until familiarity is gained with A319.04.

#### **RESTRICTIONS**

- Do not apply to golf course putting greens.
- Do not apply to warm season turfgrass that has been over-seeded with cool season turfgrass (ex. perennial rye).
- Do not irrigate within 1 hour before or after application.
- Do not apply if rain is expected within 1 hour after application.
- Do not mow turfgrass within 12 hours after application.
- Do not apply within 30 days prior to cutting or lifting sod.
- Do not apply more than 12 oz. (0.38 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications at 12 oz./A (0.38 lb ai/A) or 3 applications at 8 oz./A (0.255 lb ai/A) per year.
- Do not apply more than 24 oz. (0.765 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not re-apply **A319.04** within 30 days.
- Do not apply in fall before turfgrass has ceased active growth or in late winter/early spring after turfgrass has resumed active growth.
- Allow 8 weeks between application and seeding or sodding of turfgrass.

#### **Table 5. Tolerant Turfgrass Species**

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	
Bermudagrass	Cynodon spp.	
Centipedegrass	Eremochloa ophiuroides	
Seashore paspalum	Paspalum vaginatum	
St. Augustinegrass	Stenotaphrum secundatum	
Zoysiagrass	Zoysia spp.	

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place. Store in original container and out of reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

#### **CONTAINER HANDLING:**

[Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. If empty: Offer for recycling if available or discard in a sanitary landfill. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.]

[Nonrefillable containers ≤ 50 pounds: Nonrefillable Container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available.]

[Nonrefillable containers > 50 pounds: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available.]

#### LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE. Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If these terms and conditions are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability. CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness, injury, and other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application (including misuse), the presence of other materials, weather conditions, and other unknown factors, all of which are beyond the control of ATTICUS, LLC. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

**DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, ATTICUS, LLC makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond statements on this label. **LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, neither ATTICUS, LLC the manufacturer, nor the Seller shall be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use, handling, application, storage, or disposal of this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use, handling, application, or storage of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid.

[A319.04] is a trademark of Atticus, LLC

## **LANGUAGE ON LABEL AFFIXED TO CONTAINER**

FLUMIOXAZIN GROUP 14 HERBICIDE

### A319.04™

[Non-Crop Herbicide.

For Use in Container and Field Grown Conifers (Including Christmas Trees) and Deciduous Trees, Around Established Woody Ornamentals in Landscapes. To Maintain Bare Ground Non-Crop Areas. Conifer and Poplar Re-Forestation Sites, and Dormant Turfgrass

For The Management of Undesirable Aquatic Vegetation in Slow Moving or Quiescent Waters For Use To Maintain Bare Ground Non-Crop Areas]

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	(% by weight)
Flumioxazin*	51.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	49.0%
TOTAL	100.0%
*2-[7-fluoro-3,4-dihydro-3-oxo-4-(2-propynyl)-2H-1,4	4-benzoxazin-6-yl]-
4.5.6.7-tetrahydro-1 H-isoindole- 1.3(2H)-dione	

## **KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN** CAUTION/PRECAUCION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to

FIRST AID  If on skin or clothing:  Take off contaminated clothing.  Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.  Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.  If inhaled:  Move person to fresh air.  If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.  Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.  If in eyes:  Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.  Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.  Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.  If swallowed:  Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment		
Take off contaminated clothing.  Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.  Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.  Move person to fresh air.  If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.  Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.  Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.  Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.  Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.		
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<ul> <li>Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>		
HOT LINE NUMBER		

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall at 1-844-685-9173 for emergency medical treatment information.

#### For Chemical Emergency:

Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, Call CHEMTREC Day or Night Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS **CAUTION**

Harmful if absorbed through the skin or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing dust and spray mist. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: A319.04 is toxic to non-target plants and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply to water except as specified on the label, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to non-target plants and aquatic organisms in neighboring areas, if not used in accordance with the label directions. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate. Under some conditions A319.04 may have a potential to run-off to surface water or adjacent land. Where possible, use methods which reduce soil erosion, such as no-till, limited-till and contour plowing; these methods also reduce pesticide run-off. Use vegetation filter strips along rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands, or on the downhill side of fields, where run-off could occur to minimize water run-off. [Note to EPA reviewer: If this product is shipped in containers greater than 50 lbs., the following environmental hazard statement will be added to the label: Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.] NON-TARGET ORGANISM This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label direction intended to minimize off site movement. PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS: Do not mix or allow coming in contact with oxidizing agent. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place. Store in original container and out of reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

#### CONTAINER HANDLING:

[Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. If empty: Offer for recycling if available or discard in a sanitary landfill. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.] [Nonrefillable containers ≤ 50 pounds: Nonrefillable Container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available.] [Nonrefillable containers > 50 pounds: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available.]

See inside label booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

Manufactured for: EPA Reg. No.: 91234-129 Atticus, LLC EPA Est. No.: 5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100 NET WEIGHT: Cary, NC 27513

[Note to reviewer: [Text] in brackets denotes optional or explanatory language] [Note to reviewer: {Text} in braces denotes where in the final label text will appear]

**{BOOKLET FRONT PANEL LANGUAGE}** 

Sub-Label A - A319.04 ABN: Atticus Semera, Atticus Semerra

FLUMIOXAZIN GROUP 14 HERBICIDE

## A319.04 [TM]

#### [Alternate Brand Name: Atticus Semera, Atticus Semerra]

#### [Non-Crop Herbicide.

For Use in Container and Field Grown Conifers (Including Christmas Trees) and Deciduous Trees, Around Established Woody Ornamentals in Landscapes, To Maintain Bare Ground Non-Crop Areas, Conifer and Poplar Re-Forestation Sites, and Dormant Turfgrass]

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	(% by weight)
Flumioxazin*	51.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	<u>49.0%</u>
TOTAL	100.0%
*2-[7-fluoro-3,4-dihydro-3-oxo-4-(2-propynyl)-2 <i>H</i> -1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl]-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-	1 <i>H</i> -isoindole-
1,3(2H)-dione	

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION/PRECAUCION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside label booklet for Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

FIRST AID		
If on skin or clothing:	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
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For Chemical Emergency:

Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, Call CHEMTREC Day or Night

Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

EPA Reg. No.: 91234-129	
EPA Est. No.:	
Net Weight:	

Manufactured for:
Atticus, LLC
5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100
Cary, NC 27513

### **{LANGUAGE INSIDE BOOKLET}**

### **PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

# HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if absorbed through the skin or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing dust and spray mist.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below.

#### Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- · chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride
- shoes and socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If there are no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### **USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### **Users should:**

Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

**A319.04** is toxic to non-target plants and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply to water except as specified on the label, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to non-target plants and aquatic organisms in neighboring areas, if not used in accordance with the label directions. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

Under some conditions A319.04 may have a potential to run-off to surface water or adjacent land.

Where possible, use methods which reduce soil erosion, such as no-till, limited-till and contour plowing; these methods also reduce pesticide run-off. Use vegetation filter strips along rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands, or on the downhill side of fields, where run-off could occur to minimize water run-off.

[Note to EPA reviewer: If this product is shipped in containers greater than 50 lbs., the following environmental hazard statement will be added to the label: Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.]

### **NON-TARGET ORGANISM**

This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label direction intended to minimize off site movement.

#### PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not mix or allow coming in contact with an oxidizing agent. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### **AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

The following PPE is required for early entry into treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

#### **NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standards for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forest, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas, or vicinity where there may be drift.

Do not enter or allow others to enter treated areas until sprays have dried.

#### **RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT**

**A319.04** is a Group 14 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to **A319.04** and other Group 14 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance:

- Rotate the use of A319.04 or other Group 14 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among
  growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local extension

service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.

- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses
  historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other
  mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application
  method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties)
  and other management practices.
- Scout after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist, certified crop advisors and/or manufacturer for herbicide resistance management and/or integrated weed management measures for specific crops and resistant weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact Atticus, LLC at 984-465-4800.

#### **TANK MIXES NOTICE**

Tank mixing and/or use of this product with another product that is not specifically and expressly authorized by the label shall be at the exclusive risk of user, applicator, and/or application advisor to the extent allowed by applicable law.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

#### PRODUCT USE INFORMATION

**A319.04** is a pre-emergence and early post-emergence herbicide for control of selected grass and broadleaf weeds in and around ornamental woody shrubs, deciduous trees and conifers (including Christmas trees) grown outdoors in containers or in the field (in ground), to maintain bare ground non-crop areas, conifer and poplar reforestation, and dormant warm season turfgrass.

**A319.04** controls weeds by inhibiting protoporphyrinogen oxidase, an essential enzyme required by plants for chlorophyll biosynthesis. Seedling weeds are controlled pre-emergence when exposed to sunlight following contact with the soil applied herbicide.

**A319.04** may cause spotting or speckling on foliage if the spray solution directly contacts actively growing plant foliage or green bark. Leaves that receive indirect (drift) spray contact may be affected in a similar manner. Translocation of **A319.04** is limited, and under most conditions established and vigorously growing woody ornamentals will rapidly outgrow any injury symptoms. **However, direct application to actively growing foliage can cause severe injury or death with sensitive ornamental plant species, especially in herbaceous bedding plants and flowers.** 

**IMPORTANT:** When applied as directed, plants listed on this label have shown tolerance to this product. However, **A319.04** is a very active herbicide and the user must exercise responsible judgment and caution until familiarity is gained with **A319.04**. Due to variability within species, crop growth stage, environmental conditions and application

techniques, test this product under local growing conditions on a small number of plants and evaluate for 4 - 6 weeks for phytotoxicity. Testing this product on a small number of plants will determine if the herbicide can be used safely on a widespread application. Neither the seller nor the manufacturer of this product has investigated the safety to plants not listed on the label.

#### **USE RESTRICTIONS**

- Do not apply in enclosed greenhouse structures if plants are present.
- Do not move plants for 24 hours into enclosed greenhouses until the area treated with this product has been watered.
- Do not apply when weather conditions favor spray drift from treated areas.
- Do not graze treated fields or hay to livestock.
- Do not incorporate into soil after application.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not apply when plants are under stress from insects, diseases, animals or winter injury, planting shock or any other stresses.
- Do not apply to stressed or diseased trees and ornamentals only apply to healthy established trees and ornamentals.
- Do not apply more than 12 oz. (0.38 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications at 12 oz./A (0.38 lb ai/A) or 3 applications at 8 oz./A (0.255 lb ai/A) per year.
- Do not apply more than 24 oz. (0.765 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not re-apply A319.04 within 30 days.

#### PRE-EMERGENCE APPLICATION

Pre-emergence weed control with **A319.04** is most effective when applied to clean, weed free soil surfaces prior to weed emergence. Moisture is necessary to activate **A319.04** on soil for residual weed control. Dry weather following application of **A319.04** may reduce effectiveness. However, when adequate moisture is received after dry conditions, this product will control susceptible germinating weeds.

When adequate moisture is not received soon after **A319.04** is applied to soil, weed control may be improved by utilizing shallow cultivation. If weeds begin to emerge, irrigate (½" of water) or cultivate uniformly with shallow tillage equipment that will not damage the crop. Do not deep cultivate **A319.04**.

#### **POST-EMERGENCE APPLICATION**

The most effective post-emergence weed control with **A319.04** occurs when applied in combination with a surfactant to weeds less than 2 inches in height. Apply **A319.04** only to actively growing weeds. Applying this product under conditions that do not promote active weed growth will reduce herbicide effectiveness, this product is most effective when applied under sunny conditions at temperatures above 65°F.

**A319.04** is rainfast 1 hour after application. Do not apply if rain is expected within 1 hour of application or efficacy may be reduced.

#### SOIL CHARACTERISTICS

Application of **A319.04** to soils with high organic matter and/or high clay content may require higher dosages than with soils with low organic matter and/or low clay content. Application to cloddy seedbeds can result in reduced weed control.

CARRIER VOLUME AND SPRAY PRESSURE Pre-Emergence Application

To ensure uniform coverage when using boom sprayers, use 10 - 30 gals. of spray solution per acre. When making backpack applications, apply 50 - 100 gals. of spray solution per acre. Nozzle selection must meet manufacturer's gallonage and pressure specifications for pre-emergence herbicide application.

#### **Post-Emergence Application**

To ensure thorough coverage when using boom sprayers apply 15 - 30 gals. of spray solution per acre. Apply 20 - 30 gals. per acre when using a boom sprayer if dense vegetation or heavy residue is present on the soil surface. When applying with a backpack sprayer, apply 1 gal. of spray solution per 500 - 1,000 sq. ft. Nozzle selection must meet manufacturer's gallonage and pressure specifications for post-emergence herbicide application.

#### **ADDITIVES**

#### **Post-Emergence Application**

When applying A319.04 after weeds emerge, mix with an agronomically approved adjuvant. Mix A319.04 with a crop oil concentrate that contains at least 15% emulsifiers and 80% oil or a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient when applying this product as part of a post-emergence weed control program. Mixing compatibility should be verified by a jar test before using. Do not mix A319.04 with a surfactant when applying over the top of dormant woody ornamentals or conifer trees.

Add a spray-grade nitrogen source (either ammonium sulfate at 2.0 - 2.5 lbs./A or a 28 - 32% nitrogen solution at 1 - 2 qts./A) to the spray mixture along with a crop oil concentrate or non-ionic surfactant to enhance weed control. The addition of a nitrogen source does not replace the need for crop oil concentrate or non-ionic surfactant.

#### JAR TEST TO DETERMINE COMPATIBILITY OF ADJUVANTS AND A319.04

Perform a jar test before mixing commercial quantities of this product, when using this product for the first time, when using new adjuvants or when a new water source is being used.

- 1. Add 1 pt. of water to a quart jar. The water must be from the same source and have the same temperature as the water used in the spray tank mixing operation.
- 2. Add 3 grams (approximately 1 level tsp.) of **A319.04** for the 8 oz./A rate or 4 grams (approximately 1 ½ tsp.) for 12 oz./A rate to the jar. Gently mix until product disperses.
- 3. Add 60 mL (4 Tbsp. or 2 fl. oz.) of additive to the quart jar and gently mix.
- 4. If nitrogen is being used, add 16 mL (1 Tbsp.) of the 28 32% nitrogen source to the quart jar. If ammonium sulfate is being used, add 19 grams of AMS to the quart jar in place of the 28 32% nitrogen.
- 5. Place cap on jar, invert 10 times, let stand for 15 minutes, evaluate.
- 6. An ideal tank mix combination will be uniform and free of suspended particles. If any of the following conditions are observed, do not use the adjuvant:
  - a. Layer of oil or globules on the solution surface.
  - b. Flocculation: Fine particles in suspension or as a layer on the bottom of the jar.
  - c. Clabbering: Thickening texture (coagulated) like gelatin.

#### **APPLICATION EQUIPMENT**

**IMPORTANT:** Thoroughly clean spray equipment, including all tanks, hoses, booms, screens, and nozzles, after application of **A319.04**. Equipment with this product's residue remaining in the system may result in crop injury to subsequently treated crops.

#### **SPRAYER PREPARATION**

Before applying **A319.04**, clean the spray tank, as well as all hoses and booms to ensure no residue from the previous spraying operation remains in the sprayer. Some pesticides, including but not limited to the sulfonylurea and phenoxy herbicides, are active at very small amounts and can cause crop injury when applied to susceptible crops. Clean spray equipment according to the manufacturer's directions for the last product used before the equipment is used to apply this product. If 2 or more products were tank mixed prior to this product application, follow the most restrictive cleanup procedure on the label of all products.

#### MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Fill clean spray tank ½ ¾ of desired level with clean water.
- 2. To ensure a uniform spray mixture, pre-slurry the required amount of **A319.04** with water prior to addition to the spray tank. Use a minimum of 1 gal. of water per 10 oz. of **A319.04**.
- 3. While agitating, slowly add the pre-slurried to the spray tank. Agitation should create a rippling or rolling action on the water surface.
- 4. If tank mixing **A319.04** with other labeled herbicides, add water soluble bags first, followed by dry formulations, flowables, emulsifiable concentrates and then solutions. Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate spray operation.
- 5. Add any required adjuvants.
- 6. Fill spray tank to desired level with water. Continue agitation until spray solution has been applied.
- 7. Mix only the amount of spray solution that can be applied the day of mixing. Apply **A319.04** within 12 hours of mixing.

#### **SPRAYER CLEANUP**

Spray equipment must be cleaned each day following **A319.04** application. After **A319.04** is applied the following steps must be used to clean the spray equipment:

- 1. Completely drain the spray tank and rinse the sprayer thoroughly, including the inside and outside of the tank and all in-line screens.
- 2. Fill the tank with clean water and flush all hoses, booms, screens, and nozzles.
- 3. Top off tank with clean water and household ammonia. Use 1 gal. of 3% household ammonia for every 100 gals. Of water.
- 4. Circulate through sprayer for 5 minutes.
- 5. Then flush all hoses, booms, screens, and nozzles for a minimum of 15 minutes.
- 6. Loosen any diaphragms before flushing the spray system, allowing cleaning solution to spray through the open diaphragm.
- 7. Drain tank completely.
- 8. Add enough clean water to the spray tank to flush hoses, booms, screens, and nozzles for 2 minutes.
- 9. Remove all nozzles and screens and rinse them with clean water.

#### **APPLICATION EQUIPMENT**

Application equipment must be clean and in good repair. Nozzles must be uniformly spaced on boom and frequently checked for accuracy.

#### **BROADCAST APPLICATION**

Apply **A319.04** and this product's tank mixes, with ground equipment using standard commercial sprayers equipped with nozzles designed to deliver the desired spray pressure and spray volume.

#### **BAND APPLICATION**

When banding, use proportionately less water and A319.04 per acre.

#### **BACKPACK APPLICATION**

When applying **A319.04** with a backpack sprayer follow all above restrictions. Calibrate backpack sprayers to deliver 1 gal. of spray solution per 500 - 1,000 sq. ft.

#### For terrestrial uses:

- Do not apply more than 12 oz. (0.38 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 24 oz. (0.765 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per year.

For Backpack Applications of A319.04 at 10 oz. per Acre

Application Volume	Amount of A319.04 to mix in 1 gal of water	Amount of A319.04 to mix in 2 gal of water	Amount of A319.04 to mix in 3 gal of water
1 gal. per 500 sq. ft. (= 87 GPA)	1 ¼ tsp	2 ½ tsp	3 ¾ tsp
1 gal. per 750 sq. ft. (= 58 GPA)	1 ¾ tsp	3 ¾ tsp	5 ¼ tsp
1 gal. per 1,000 sq. ft. (= 43.5 GPA)	2 ½ tsp	5 tsp	7 ½ tsp

<sup>1</sup> level teaspoon (tsp.) holds 2.8 grams of A319.04.

**Example:** Applicator wants to spray 1 gal. of **A319.04** solution per 1,000 sq. ft. of ground bed, and wants to mix up 2 gals. of spray solution. Therefore, mix 5 teaspoons of **A319.04** in 2 gals. of water.

#### **AERIAL APPLICATION**

To obtain satisfactory weed control with aerial application of **A319.04**, coverage must be uniform. Do not spray when drift is possible or when wind velocity is more than 10 mph. Do not spray **A319.04** within 200 feet of dwellings, adjacent sensitive crops or environmentally sensitive areas. To obtain satisfactory application and drift control, the following directions must be observed:

#### **Volume Pressure**

Apply **A319.04** in 5 - 10 gals. of water per acre, with a maximum spray pressure of 40 PSI. Application at less than 5 gals. per acre may not provide adequate weed control. Higher gallonage applications generally provide more consistent weed control.

#### **Nozzles and Nozzle Operation**

Use nozzles that produce flat or hollow cone spray patterns. Use non-drip type nozzles such as diaphragm type nozzles to avoid unwanted discharge of spray solution. The nozzle must be directed toward the rear of the aircraft, at an angle between 0° and 15° downward. Do not place nozzles on the outer 25% of the wings or rotors.

#### Adjuvants

Refer to the additive section or the tank mix partners label for adjuvant recommendation.

#### **CALIBRATION TABLE**

A319.04 Rates Oz./A	A319.04 Rates	A319.04 Rates Per Gal.
	Grams/Gal.	
8	2.3	¾ tsp
10	2.8	1 level tsp
12	3.4	1 ¼ tsp

#### MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

#### **Aerial Applications:**

- Do no release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the ground or vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators must select nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets in accordance with American society of Agricultural & biological engineers standard 641 (ASABE S641).
- If the windspeed is 10 miles per hour or less, applicators must use 1.2 swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field. When the windspeed is between 11-15 miles per hour, applicators must use ¾ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site. If the windspeed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of

the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters.

• Do not apply during temperature inversions.

#### **Ground Boom Applications:**

- User must only apply with the release height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators must select nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets in accordance with American Society of Agricultural & Biological Engineers Standard 572 (ASABE S572).
- DO not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

#### **Boomless Ground Applications:**

- Applicators must select nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets in accordance with American Society of Agricultural & Biological Engineers Standard 572 (ASABE S572).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

#### **SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES**

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT.

BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

#### **IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE**

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

#### Controlling Droplet Size – Ground Boom

- Volume Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

#### **Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft**

• **Adjust Nozzles** – Follow nozzle manufacturers' recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallet with the airflow in flight.

#### **BOOM HEIGHT – Ground boom**

For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

#### **RELEASE HEIGHT – Aircraft**

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

#### SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

#### **TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY**

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

#### **TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS**

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

#### WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

#### **Boomless Ground Applications:**

Setting nozzles at the lowest effective height will help to reduce the potential for spray drift.

#### **Handheld Technology Applications:**

Take precautions to minimize spray drift.

Properly maintain and calibrate all aerial and ground application equipment.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

#### WEEDS CONTROLLED

When **A319.04** is applied pre-emergence or post-emergence at specified rates and weed stages, the following grasses and broadleaf weeds are controlled.

Table 1. Weeds controlled by A319.04

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Alyssum, Hoary	Berteroa incana
Amaranth	
Palmer	Amaranthus palmeri
Spiny	Amaranthus spinosus
American Burnweed	Erechtites hieraciifolius
Barnyardgrass*	Echinochloa crus-galli
Beggarweed, Florida	Desmodium tortuosum
Bittercress, Hairy	Cardamine hirsuta
Bluegrass, Annual*	Poa annua
Burclover, California	Medicago polymorpha
Carpetweed	Mollugo verticillata
Chamberbitter	Phyllanthus urinaria
Chickweed	
Common	Stellaria media
Mouseear	Cerastium vulgatum
Crabgrass	
Large*	Digitaria sanguinalis
Smooth*	Digitaria ischaemum
Southern*	Digitaria ciliaris
Croton, Tropic	Croton glandulosus var. septentrionalis

Dandelion*	Taraxacum officinale
Dogfennel	Eupatorium capillifolium
Doveweed	Murdannia nudiflora
Eclipta	Eclipta prostrata
Filaree, Redstem*	Erodium cicutarium
Foxtail	
Bristly*	Setaria verticillata
Giant*	Setaria faberi
Green*	Setaria viridis
Yellow*	Setaria glauca
Galinsoga, Hairy	Galinsoga ciliata
Geranium, Carolina	Geranium carolinianum
Goosegrass*	Eleusine indica
Groundsel, Common	Senecio vulgaris
Groundsel Tree	Baccharis halimifolia
Henbit	Lamium amplexicaule
Horseweed*	Conyza canadensis
Indigo, Hairy	Indigofera hirsuta
Ivy, Ground*	Glechoma hederacea
Jimsonweed	Datura stramonium
Kochia	Kochia scoparia
Kyllinga, Green*	Kyllinga brevifolia
Ladysthumb	Polygonum persicaria
Lambsquarters, Common	Chenopodium album
Liverwort	Marchantia polymorpha
Lovegrass, California*	Eragrostis diffusa
Mallow	
Common	Malva neglecta
Little	Malva parviflora
Venice	Hibiscus trionum
Marsh Parsley	Apium leptophyllum
Marsh Yellowcress	Rorippa islandica
Mayweed*	Anthemis cotula
Morningglory	
Entireleaf	Ipomoea hederacea var. integriuscula
Ivyleaf	Ipomoea hederacea
Red/Scarlet	Ipomoea coccinea
Smallflower	Jacquemontia tamnifolia
Tall	Ipomoea purpurea
Moss	Bryum spp.
Mulberry Weed	Fatoua villosa
Mustard	
Tumble	Sisymbrium altissimum
Wild	Brassica kaber
Nightshade	
Black	Solanum nigrum
Eastern Black	Solanum ptycanthum
Hairy	Solanum sarrachoides
Northern Willowherb	Epilobium ciliatum
Panicum	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Fall*	Panicum dichotomiflorum
Texas*	Panicum texanum
Parsley Piert	Alchemilla arvensis
Pearlwort, Birdseye*	Sagina procumbens
Pennycress, Field	Thlaspi arvense
Phyllanthus, Longstalked	Phyllanthus tenellus
Pigweed	,
Prostrate	Amaranthus blitoides
Redroot	Amaranthus retroflexus
Smooth	Amaranthus hybridus
Tumble	Amaranthus albus
Pineapple-weed*	Matricaria matricarioides
Plantain	
Broadleaf*	Plantago major
Buckhorn*	Plantago lanceolata
Poinsettia, Wild	Euphorbia heterophylla
Puncturevine	Tribulus terrestris
Purslane, Common	Portulaca oleracea
Pusley, Florida	Richardia scabra
Ragweed	
Common	Ambrosia artemisiifolia
Giant	Ambrosia trifida
Redmaids	Calandrinia ciliata
Redweed	Melochia corchorifolia
Rocket, Yellow	Barbarea vulgaris
Senna, Coffee	Cassia occidentalis
Sesbania, Hemp	Sesbania exaltata
Shepherd's Purse	Capsella bursa-pastoris
Sida, Prickly (Teaweed)	Sida spinosa
Signalgrass*	Brachiaria platyphylla
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	Polygonum pensylvanicum
Sowthistle, Annual	Sonchus oleraceus
Spiderwort, Tropical	Commelina benghalensis
Spurge	
Petty	Euphorbia peplus
Prostrate	Chamaesyce humistrata
Spotted	Chamaesyce maculata
Starbur, Bristly*	Acanthospermum hispidum
Tassel-flower	Emilia spp.
Thickhead	Crassocephalum crepidioides
Thistle	
Canada*	Cirsium arvense
Russian	Salsola iberica
Velvetleaf	Abutilon theophrasti
Waterhemp	
Common	Amaranthus rudis
Tall	Amaranthus tuberculatus
Woodsorrel, Yellow*	Oxalis stricta

<sup>\*</sup> Pre-emergence control only

# DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN ESTABLISHED CONTAINER AND FIELD GROWN CONIFERS (INCLUDING CHRISTMAS TREES)

Apply **A319.04** as a single or split application to established container and field grown conifers, which includes applications to Christmas tree plantations. The conifers listed in Table 2 have exhibited tolerance to **A319.04** only when the product is applied to dormant or hardened off plant material. If applied over the top of plant foliage, apply **A319.04** before spring bud break or after conifers have sufficiently hardened off. During periods of cool, cloudy weather, use caution to ensure conifers have hardened off prior to herbicide application. Do not apply to conifers within 1 year of seedling emergence.

#### PRE-EMERGENCE APPLICATION

Apply 8 - 12 oz. (0.255 - 0.38 lb. a.i./A) of **A319.04** per broadcast acre before weeds emerge. Apply to weed free, established conifers grown in containers or in the field (in ground). If possible, irrigate treated area with 0.5 - 0.75 inch of water immediately following application. **A319.04** may be sprayed directly over conifers listed in Table 2, provided bud break has not occurred or plants are hardened off. Needle burn may be observed on new flush if plants are actively growing at time of application. However, **A319.04** will typically not affect subsequent growth. If conifers are not dormant or hardened off at time of application, and foliar injury cannot be tolerated, apply **A319.04** as a directed spray, taking care to minimize direct contact or drift of sprays onto foliage. Mechanically incorporating **A319.04** after application will disturb soil surfaces, which may reduce herbicidal efficacy. When applied before weed germination, **A319.04** will control broadleaf and grassy weeds listed in Table 1.

#### **POST-EMERGENCE APPLICATION**

Apply 8 - 12 oz. (0.255 - 0.38 lb. a.i./A) of **A319.04** per broadcast acre after weeds have emerged. **A319.04** may be sprayed directly over conifers listed in Table 2, provided bud break has not occurred or plants are hardened off. Needle burn may be observed on new flush if plants are actively growing at time of application. However, **A319.04** will typically not affect subsequent growth. If conifers are not dormant or hardened off at the time of application, and foliar injury cannot be tolerated, apply **A319.04** as a directed spray, taking care to minimize direct contact or drift of sprays onto foliage.

If applied when weeds are actively growing and no larger than 2 inches in height, **A319.04** will provide postemergence control of broadleaf weeds and grasses listed in Table 1. Post-emergence control of **A319.04** may be more effective with certain weed species, and may not control mature, stressed or hardened off weeds that are not actively growing at the time of application.

#### TANK MIXTURES FOR CONTAINER AND FIELD GROWN CONIFERS

Tank mixing **A319.04** with other pre-emergence and post-emergence herbicides registered for use on conifers may provide a broader spectrum of weed control than **A319.04** applied alone, apply **A319.04** as part of a post-emergence burndown program for control of annual and perennial weeds. Tank mixing **A319.04** with glyphosate will increase the speed of burndown compared to glyphosate applied alone.

**A319.04** may be tank mixed with products containing the following active ingredients labeled for use in conifers:

Clethodim	glyphosate*	oryzalin	prodiamine	simazine*	

<sup>\*</sup>Do not apply glyphosate or simazine to containerized ornamentals.

**IMPORTANT:** Completely read and follow the label of any potential tank mix partner. When tank mixing **A319.04** with other herbicides, it is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

#### **TOLERANT CONIFERS**

Apply **A319.04** to the conifer species listed in Table 2. If a desired conifer species is not listed in Table 2, evaluate the safety of **A319.04** on a small number of plants under commercial growing conditions, and monitor plant response for 4 - 6 weeks for phytotoxicity. Testing **A319.04** on a small number of plants will determine if this product can be used safely on a widespread basis.

#### **RESTRICTIONS**

- Do not apply more than 12 oz. (0.38 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications at 12 oz./A (0.38 lb ai/A) or 3 applications at 8 oz./A (0.255 lb ai/A) per year.
- Do not apply more than 24 oz. (0.765 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not re-apply **A319.04** within 30 days.

**Table 2: Tolerant Conifers** 

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Arborvitae	
American	Thuja occidentalis
Oriental	Thuja orientalis
Fir	
Concolor	Abies concolor
Cork Bark	Abies lasiocarpa
Douglas	Pseudotsuga menziesii
Fraser	Abies fraseri
Grand	Abies grandis
Noble	Abies procera
Turkish	Abies bornmuelleriana
Hemlock	
Eastern	Tsuga canadensis
Western	Tsuga heterophylla
Juniper	
Blue Star	Juniperus scopularum
Creeping	Juniperus horizontalis
Japanese Garden	Juniperus chinensis
Tamarix	Juniperus sabina
Pine	
Austrian	Pinus nigra
Eastern White	Pinus strobus
Jack	Pinus banksiana
Japanese Black	Pinus thunbergiana
Loblolly	Pinus taeda
Lodgepole	Pinus contorta
Longleaf	Pinus palustris
Mugo	Pinus mugo
Ponderosa	Pinus ponderosa
Sand	Pinus clausa
Scotch	Pinus sylvestris
Shortleaf	Pinus echinata
Slash	Pinus elliottii
Virginia	Pinus virginiana
Spruce	

Blue	Picea pungens
Dwarf Alberta	Picea glauca conica
Norway	Picea abies
Sitka	Picea sitchensis
Yew	
English	Taxus baccata
Japanese	Taxus cuspidata

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

### IN CONTAINER AND FIELD GROWN DECIDUOUS TREES AND NON-BEARING FRUIT AND NON-BEARING NUT TREES

Apply **A319.04** as single or split application to container and field grown deciduous trees with an established root system. The deciduous trees listed in Table 3 have exhibited tolerance to **A319.04** only when applied to the soil and base of plants. Application of **A319.04** to deciduous foliage or green bark may result in unacceptable injury.

Apply **A319.04** to established (or transplanted) container and field grown deciduous trees. Do not apply to trees that are less than 1 year old or have been transplanted less than 1 year, unless completely protected by non-porous wraps, grow tubes, waxed protectors or other forms of protection to young foliage and/or bark. Do not harvest fruit or nuts from treated trees within 1 year of application.

**IMPORTANT:** Direct application of **A319.04** to the soil surface and away from plant foliage and bark. Avoid direct spray contact on plant surfaces, foliage and green bark or injury may result. Application of **A319.04** after bud swell may cause injury if herbicide contacts foliage. Avoid application under environmental conditions that favor drift to non-targeted areas.

#### PRE-EMERGENCE APPLICATION

Apply 8 - 12 oz. (0.255 - 0.38 lb. a.i./A) of A319.04 per broadcast acre as a pre-emergence (to weed emergence) application. Apply A319.04 to weed free deciduous trees grown in containers or in the field (in-ground). If possible, irrigate treated area with 0.5 to 0.75 inch of water immediately following application and apply A319.04 to the soil surface and base of deciduous trees, provided that direct and indirect (drift) applications to plant foliage, flowers and green bark does not occur. Mechanically incorporating A319.04 will disturb soil surfaces, which may reduce herbicidal efficacy. Use spray shields that limit exposure of foliage and bark to A319.04. When applied before weed germination, this product will control broadleaf and grassy weeds listed in Table 1.

#### POST-EMERGENCE APPLICATION

Apply 8 - 12 oz. (0.255 - 0.38 lb. a.i./A) of **A319.04** per broadcast acre plus an adjuvant (0.25% v/v non-ionic surfactant or 1 qt./A crop oil concentrate). Make post-emergence (to weed emergence) applications of **A319.04** when weeds are actively growing and are no larger than 2 inches in height. The addition of a surfactant enhances **A319.04** activity on emerged weeds. Thorough spray coverage is necessary to maximize the post-emergence activity of **A319.04**. When applied after weed germination, **A319.04** will provide pre-emergence and post-emergence control of broadleaf weeds and grasses listed in Table 1. If plant injury is a concern, use a spray shield to limit the exposure of trees to **A319.04**.

Post-emergence control of **A319.04** may be more effective with certain weed species, and may not control mature, stressed or hardened off weeds that are not actively growing at the time of application.

#### TANK MIXTURES FOR FIELD AND CONTAINER GROWN DECIDUOUS TREES

Tank mixing A319.04 with other pre-emergence and post-emergence herbicides registered for use on deciduous trees may provide a broader spectrum of weed control than this product alone. A319.04 may also be applied as part of a post-emergence burndown program for control of annual and perennial weeds. Tank mixing A319.04 with

glyphosate will increase the speed of burndown compared to glyphosate applied alone. Tank mix **A319.04** with products containing the following active ingredient labeled for use in deciduous trees:

Clethodim	glyphosate*	metolachlor	oryzalin	Pendimethalin
prodiamine	simazine*			

<sup>\*</sup>Do not apply glyphosate or simazine to containerized plants.

**IMPORTANT:** Completely read and follow the label of any herbicides mixed with **A319.04**. When tank mixing this product with other herbicides, it is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

#### TOLERANT DECIDUOUS TREES, NON-BEARING FRUIT AND NON-BEARING NUT TREES

Apply **A319.04** as a directed spray to the deciduous, non-bearing fruit and non-bearing nut trees species listed in Table 3. If a desired tree species is not listed in Table 3, evaluate the safety of **A319.04** on a small number of plants under commercial growing conditions and monitor plant response for 4 - 6 weeks for phytotoxicity. Testing this product on a small number of plants will determine if this product can be used safely on a widespread basis.

#### **RESTRICTIONS**

- Do not apply more than 12 oz. (0.38 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications at 12 oz./A (0.38 lb ai/A) or 3 applications at 8 oz./A (0.255 lb ai/A) per year.
- Do not apply more than 24 oz. (0.765 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not re-apply A319.04 within 30 days.

**Table 3. Tolerant Deciduous Tree Species** 

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Apricot*	Prunus spp.
Ash	Fraxinus spp.
Birch	Betula spp.
Buckeye	Aesculus spp.
Cherry*	Prunus spp
Chestnut	Castanea spp.
Citrus*	Citrus spp.
Dogwood	Comus spp
Eucalyptus	Eucalyptus spp.
Ginkgo	Ginkgo spp.
Hawthorn	Crataegus spp.
Honeylocust	Gleditsia spp.
Larch	Larix spp.
Lilac	Syringa spp.
Maple**	Acer spp.
Myrtle, Crepe	Lagerstroemia indica
Oak	Quercus spp.
Poplar	Populus spp.
Peach*	Prunus spp.
Plum*	Prunus spp.
Pecan*	Carya spp.
Redbud	Cercis canadensis
Sweetgum	Liquidambar styraciflua

Sycamore	Platanus spp.
Walnut, Black	Juglans nigra
Willow	Salix spp.

<sup>\*</sup>Non-bearing trees only.

# DIRECTIONS FOR USE AROUND ESTABLISHED WOODY LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS AND TO MAINTAIN BARE GROUND NON-CROP AREAS

In residential and commercial landscapes, **A319.04** must only be applied by commercial licensed applicators. Application of **A319.04** in the vicinity of ornamental plants is limited to directed sprays around well-established woody shrubs and trees such as azalea, euonymus, holly, and the conifers and deciduous trees listed in Tables 2 and 3

Apply **A319.04** to maintain bare ground in non-crop areas in apartment complexes, fence rows, gravel surfaces, ground mats, golf courses, lumberyards, office complexes, parks, parking areas, recreational sites, schools, sidewalks, storage areas and other similar industrial sites. Do not apply **A319.04** within any enclosed structure in residential or commercial landscapes.

**A319.04** offers post-emergence and residual control of susceptible grasses and broadleaf weeds, as well as additional mode of action to assist in the control of resistant weeds. The length of residual control is dependent on the rate applied, rainfall and temperature. Length of residual control will decrease as temperature and precipitation increase.

IMPORTANT: Contact with spray or spray drift of this product may cause severe injury or destruction of certain desirable plants, especially herbaceous species such as bedding plants or direct-seeded annual and perennial flowers. Therefore, do not apply this product over the top of ornamental plants growing in the landscape, and do not allow spray of this product to contact, drift or splash from soil onto the foliage, green stems, exposed roots or fruit of desirable plants. Do not apply this product under conditions that favor drift of sprays onto desired ornamentals or turfgrass. Use spray shields that limit the plant exposure to this product applying this product near desirable plants.

Do not apply this product around landscape ornamentals until plants have been actively growing for at least 30 days after transplanting, or for at least 2 months before ornamentals will be planted into treated areas.

#### PRE-EMERGENCE APPLICATION (NO WEEDS ARE PRESENT)

Mix 1% - 2% tsp. of **A319.04** per gal. (10 oz./A, 0.32 lb ai/A) of spray solution, and apply 1 gal. of spray solution to 500 - 1,000 sq. ft. (10 oz./A, 0.32 lb ai/A) prior to weed germination (see **CALIBRATION TABLE** for backpack sprayers). Apply **A319.04** to weed- free soil, mulch or gravel surfaces. Moisture is necessary to activate **A319.04** on soil for residual weed control. When applied before weed germination, this product will control the broadleaf weeds and grasses listed in Table 1.

Established landscape ornamentals have shown tolerance to **A319.04** only when applied to the soil at the base of the plant. For maximum plant safety when using around desirable ornamentals, direct applications of **A319.04** to the soil, and leave a sufficient untreated buffer to ensure spray solution does not contact desired plants. Do not harvest fruit or nuts from treated trees within 1 year of application.

#### POST-EMERGENCE APPLICATION (WEEDS ARE PRESENT)

Mix 1 % - 2 % tsp. of **A319.04** per gal. (10 oz./A, 0.32 lb ai/A) and apply 1 gal. of spray solution to 500 - 1,000 sq. ft. to actively growing weeds (see **CALIBRATION TABLE** for backpack sprayers). Tank mixing **A319.04** with glyphosate will increase the spectrum of post-emergent weed control over this product alone, provide faster post-emergence

<sup>\*\*</sup>Not for use on maple trees used for production of maple sap or syrup.

weed control than glyphosate alone, and provide pre and post-emergence control of the broadleaf weeds and grasses listed in Table 1.

Established landscape ornamentals have shown tolerance to applications of **A319.04** plus glyphosate only when applied to the soil at the base of the plant, and sprays do not directly contact or drift onto desirable plants. For maximum plant safety when using around desirable ornamentals, direct applications of **A319.04** plus glyphosate towards the soil, and leave a sufficient non-treated buffer to ensure spray solution does not contact desired plants.

Thorough spray coverage of weeds is necessary to maximize weed control. Spray coverage must be uniform, but do not spray to the point of runoff.

Do not harvest fruit or nuts from treated trees within 1 year of application.

**IMPORTANT:** Completely read and follow the glyphosate label. When tank mixing **A319.04** with other products, it is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

#### **RESTRICTION**

- Do not apply more than 10 oz. (0.32 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications per year.
- Do not apply more than 20 oz. (0.64 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not re-apply within 30 days.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

#### TO MAINTAIN BARE GROUND NON-CROP AREAS IN AND AROUND ORNAMENTAL NURSERIES

**A319.04**, when used as directed, can be used for non-selective vegetation control to maintain bare ground non-crop areas that must be kept weed-free. Apply **A319.04** only to:

- Bare ground areas around buildings and other structures. Do not apply within any enclosed structure.
- Bare ground along fence rows.
- Gravel surfaces and driveways.
- Ground matting and gravel pads prior to the addition of containerized plants (conifers, deciduous trees and ornamentals).

**IMPORTANT:** Follow all applicable directions as outlined above under Product Information. See Table 1 for a list of grasses and broadleaf weeds controlled by **A319.04**. **A319.04** offers residual and post-emergence control of susceptible grasses and broadleaf weeds as well as additional mode of action to assist in the control of resistant weeds. The length of residual control is dependent on the rate applied as well as on rainfall and temperature conditions. Length of residual control will decrease as temperature and precipitation increase.

#### PRE-EMERGENCE APPLICATION

Apply 8 - 12 oz. (0.255 - 0.38 lb. a.i./A) of **A319.04** per broadcast acre as a pre-emergence application. Make pre-emergence (to weed emergence) applications of **A319.04** to weed-free surfaces. Moisture is necessary to activate **A319.04** for residual weed control. Dry weather following application of **A319.04** may reduce effectiveness. However, when adequate moisture is received after dry conditions, this product will control susceptible germinating weeds.

#### POST-EMERGENCE APPLICATION

Apply 8 - 12 oz. (0.255 - 0.38 lb. a.i./A) of **A319.04** per broadcast acre plus a surfactant (0.25% v/v non-ionic surfactant or 1 qt./A crop oil concentrate). The addition of a surfactant enhances **A319.04** activity on emerged weeds. Thorough spray coverage is necessary to maximize the post-emergence activity of this product. Emerged weeds are controlled

post-emergence with **A319.04**, however, translocation of this product within a weed is limited, and control is affected by spray coverage and by the addition of a surfactant. The most effective post-emergence weed control with **A319.04** occurs when applied in combination with a surfactant to weeds less than 2 inches in height.

#### RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply more than 12 oz. (0.38 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications at 12 oz./A (0.38 lb ai/A) or 3 applications at 8 oz./A (0.255 lb ai/A) per year.
- Do not apply more than 24 oz. (0.765 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not re-apply **A319.04** within 30 days.

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN CONIFER RE-FORESTATION SITES FOLLOWING TIMBER HARVEST[\*] [\*][NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA.]

**A319.04** is a pre-emergence and post-emergence herbicide for control of selected grass and broadleaf weeds in conifer re-forestation sites following timber harvest operations. Apply **A319.04** as a site preparation treatment prior to transplanting of conifers or as a conifer release treatment after stand establishment.

#### **Site Preparation — Application Before Transplanting**

Apply 8 - 12 oz. (0.255-0.38 lb ai/A) of **A319.04** per acre. Transplant operations must take place at least 3 months after application. To obtain optimal weed control, apply **A319.04** before weed emergence or after a burndown herbicide has controlled existing vegetation. If existing weed canopy is less than 40%, tank mix **A319.04** with a burndown herbicide to provide pre-emergence weed control.

Apply **A319.04** in at least 10 gals. of water per acre to achieve uniform spray coverage using ground or aerial spray equipment.

#### Conifer Release Treatments — Applications Only Within 3 Years After Transplanting

Apply 8 - 12 oz. (0.255-0.38 lb ai/A) of **A319.04** per acre over the top of trees prior to budbreak in the spring or after dormancy in fall. Do not apply **A319.04** over the top of trees after budbreak or needle spotting and defoliation may occur. **A319.04** should not affect new growth of trees. See Table 4 for a list of tolerant conifers for over the top treatments.

#### **TANK MIXING** — Conifer Release Treatments

Certain liquid formulations of other pesticides may increase the post-emergence activity of **A319.04**, but may also increase the potential for injury when applied over the top of various plants. Therefore, tank mixtures of these materials with **A319.04** may be more injurious than this product applied alone and need to be tested to determine if they can be used safely on a widespread basis.

#### **ADJUVANTS** — Conifer Release Treatments

When using as a Conifer Release Treatment, do not mix **A319.04** with any adjuvant or fertilizer.

**IMPORTANT:** When applied as directed, the conifers listed in Table 4 have shown tolerance to **A319.04**. However, **A319.04** is a very active herbicide and the user must exercise responsible judgment and caution until familiarity is gained with this product. If a desired conifer species is not listed in Table 4, evaluate the safety of **A319.04** on a small number of plants under commercial growing conditions, and monitor plant response for 4 - 6 weeks for phytotoxicity. Test this product on a small number of plants to determine if this product can be used safely on a widespread basis. Do not apply **A319.04** over the top of conifers until trees have been growing in the treated area for at least 1 year. The use of nylon mesh wraps, commonly used to deter animal browsing, may increase plant injury if placed on plants after over-the-top application of **A319.04**.

#### **RESTRICTIONS**

- Do not apply more than 12 oz. (0.38 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications at 12 oz./A (0.38 lb ai/A) or 3 applications at 8 oz./A (0.255 lb ai/A) per year.
- Do not apply more than 24 oz. (0.765 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not re-apply **A319.04** within 30 days.

**Table 4. Tolerant Conifer Tree Species: Common** 

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Fir	
Concolor	Abies concolor
Cork Bark	Abies lasiocarpa
Douglas	Pseudotsuga menziesii
Fraser	Abies fraseri
Grand	Abies grandis
Noble	Abies procera
Turkish	Abies bornmuelleriana
Hemlock	
Eastern	Tsuga canadensis
Western	Tsuga heterophylla
Tamarix	Juniperus sabina
Pine	
Austrian	Pinus nigra
Eastern White	Pinus strobus
Jack	Pinus banksiana
Japanese Black	Pinus thunbergiana
Loblolly	Pinus taeda
Lodgepole	Pinus contorta
Longleaf	Pinus palustris
Mugo	Pinus mugo
Ponderosa	Pinus ponderosa
Sand	Pinus clausa
Scotch	Pinus sylvestris
Shortleaf	Pinus echinata
Slash	Pinus elliottii
Virginia	Pinus virginiana
Spruce	
Blue	Picea pungens
Dwarf Alberta	Picea glauca conica
Norway	Picea abies
Sitka	Picea sitchensis

# DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN POPLAR PLANTATIONS AND TIMBER RE-FORESTATION SITES[\*] [\*][NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

**A319.04** is a pre-emergence and post-emergence herbicide for control of selected grass and broadleaf weeds in poplar plantations and timber re-forestation sites following timber harvest operations. **A319.04** may be used as a site preparation treatment prior to transplanting of trees or as a release treatment after stand establishment.

#### Site Preparation — Application Before Transplanting

Apply 8 - 12 oz. (0.255-0.38 lb ai/A) of **A319.04** per acre. Transplant operations must take place at least 3 months after application. To obtain optimal weed control, apply **A319.04** before weed emergence or after a burndown herbicide has controlled existing vegetation. If existing weed canopy is less than 40%, **A319.04** may be tank mixed with a burndown herbicide to provide pre-emergence weed control.

Apply **A319.04** in at least 10 gals. of water per acre to achieve uniform spray coverage using ground or aerial spray equipment.

#### Release Treatments — Applications Within 3 Years After Transplanting

Apply 8 - 12 oz. (0.255-0.38 lb ai/A) of **A319.04** per acre over the top of trees prior to budbreak in the spring or after dormancy in fall. Do not apply **A319.04** over the top of trees after budbreak or leaf spotting and defoliation may occur. **A319.04** should not affect new growth of trees of tolerant poplars for over-the-top treatments.

#### **TANK MIXING** — Poplar Release Treatments

Certain liquid formulations of other pesticides may increase the post-emergence activity of **A319.04**, but may also increase the potential for injury when applied over the top of various plants. Therefore, tank mixtures of these materials with **A319.04** may be more injurious than this product applied alone and need to be tested to determine if they can be used safely on a widespread basis.

#### **ADJUVANTS** — Poplar Release Treatments

When applying Release Treatments, do not mix A319.04 with any adjuvant or fertilizer.

**IMPORTANT:** When applied as directed, poplars (*Populus balsamifera*, *P. grandidentata*, *P. niger* and *P. tremuloides*), hybrid poplars (*P.* sp. x sp.), and cottonwoods (*P. deltoides* and *P. trichocarpa*) have shown tolerance to **A319.04**. However, **A319.04** is a very active herbicide and the user must exercise responsible judgment and caution until familiarity is gained with **A319.04**. Test this product on a small number of plants to determine if this product can be used safely on a widespread basis. Do not apply **A319.04** over the top unless trees are more than 1 year old.

#### **RESTRICTIONS**

- Do not apply more than 12 oz. (0.38 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications at 12 oz./A (0.38 lb ai/A) or 3 applications at 8 oz./A (0.255 lb ai/A) per year.
- Do not apply more than 24 oz. (0.765 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not re-apply A319.04 within 30 days.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

## ON DORMANT WARM-SEASON TURFGRASS GROWN ON RESIDENTIAL SITES, GOLF COURSES, SOD PRODUCTION AND SIMILAR AREAS[\*]

[\*][NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA]

Apply **A319.04** as a single or split application to well established dormant turfgrass listed in Table 5 to control winter annual weeds found in Table 1. Apply **A319.04** to dormant turfgrass in such areas as apartment complexes, golf courses, sod farms, roadsides, sports fields, campgrounds, office complexes, parks, parking areas, recreational sites, schools, and other similar sites. Dormant bermudagrass, centipedegrass, seashore paspalum, St. Augustine and zoysiagrass have exhibited tolerance to **A319.04** only when applied after turf has become dormant in the late fall and before turf breaks dormancy in the late winter/early spring. Application of **A319.04** to actively growing turfgrass (warm season and cool season) or during green-up will cause unacceptable injury. **A319.04** will injure warm season turf grown in southern areas where grass does not become completely dormant.

#### **BROADCAST APPLICATIONS**

Apply 8 - 12 oz. (0.255-0.38 lb ai/A) of **A319.04** per broadcast acre as a pre-emergence (to weed emergence) application. If weeds are present at the time of application apply **A319.04** plus an adjuvant (0.25% v/v non-ionic surfactant). Make post-emergence (to weed emergence) applications of **A319.04** when weeds are actively growing and no larger than 2 inches in height. Thorough spray coverage is necessary to maximize the post-emergence activity of **A319.04**. When applied after weed germination, **A319.04** will provide pre-emergence and post-emergence control of broadleaf weeds and grasses listed in Table 1. Post-emergence control of **A319.04** may be more effective on certain weed species, and may not control mature, stressed or hardened-off weeds that are not actively growing at the time of application.

Make a second application of **A319.04** to provide adequate season-long weed control. Apply the second application using the above-mentioned rate guidelines prior to the turfgrass breaking spring dormancy.

#### **SPOT TREATMENTS**

Mix 2 ½ tsp. per gal. of **A319.04** and 2 tsp. (½ fl. oz.) of non-ionic surfactant in 1 gal. of water and apply 1 gal. of spray solution per 1,000 sq. ft. Occasionally shake the spray solution while spraying to ensure the spray solution remains well mixed. Spray the target weeds until the leaves are wet.

#### TANK MIXING WITH OTHER TURFGRASS HERBICIDES

Tank mixing **A319.04** with other pre-emergence and post-emergence herbicides registered for use in dormant turfgrass may provide a broader spectrum of weed control than **A319.04** alone.

**IMPORTANT:** Turfgrass must be completely dormant at application. Any turfgrass that is not dormant will be injured by applications of **A319.04**. Scout area to be sprayed for any turf that is green in color and if encountered, delay application until turfgrass is completely dormant. Read and follow the label of any herbicides mixed with **A319.04**. When tank mixing **A319.04** with other herbicides, it is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

#### **USE PRECAUTIONS**

Exercise good judgment and caution when applying to dormant turfgrass until familiarity is gained with A319.04.

#### **RESTRICTIONS**

- Do not apply to golf course putting greens.
- Do not apply to warm season turfgrass that has been over-seeded with cool season turfgrass (ex. perennial rye).
- Do not irrigate within 1 hour before or after application.
- Do not apply if rain is expected within 1 hour after application.
- Do not mow turfgrass within 12 hours after application.
- Do not apply within 30 days prior to cutting or lifting sod.
- Do not apply more than 12 oz. (0.38 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications at 12 oz./A (0.38 lb ai/A) or 3 applications at 8 oz./A (0.255 lb ai/A) per year.
- Do not apply more than 24 oz. (0.765 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not re-apply A319.04 within 30 days.
- Do not apply in fall before turfgrass has ceased active growth or in late winter/early spring after turfgrass has resumed active growth.
- Allow 8 weeks between application and seeding or sodding of turfgrass.

**Table 5. Tolerant Turfgrass Species** 

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Bermudagrass	Cynodon spp.
Centipedegrass	Eremochloa ophiuroides
Seashore paspalum	Paspalum vaginatum
St. Augustinegrass	Stenotaphrum secundatum
Zoysiagrass	Zoysia spp.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place. Store in original container and out of reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

#### **CONTAINER HANDLING:**

[Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. If empty: Offer for recycling if available or discard in a sanitary landfill. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.]

[Nonrefillable containers ≤ 50 pounds: Nonrefillable Container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available.]

[Nonrefillable containers > 50 pounds: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available.]

#### LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE. Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If these terms and conditions are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability. CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness, injury, and other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application (including misuse), the presence of other materials, weather conditions, and other unknown factors, all of which are beyond the control of ATTICUS, LLC. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

**DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, ATTICUS, LLC makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond statements on this label. **LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, neither ATTICUS, LLC the manufacturer, nor the Seller shall be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use, handling, application, storage, or disposal of this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use, handling, application, or storage of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid.

[A319.04] is a trademark of Atticus, LLC

### {LANGUAGE ON LABEL AFFIXED TO CONTAINER}

#### A319.04™

[Alternate Brand Name: Atticus Semera, Atticus Semerra]

Non-Crop Herbicide.

For Use in Container and Field Grown Conifers (Including Christmas Trees) and Deciduous Trees, Around Established Woody Ornamentals in Landscapes, To Maintain Bare Ground Non-Crop Areas, Conifer and Poplar Re-Forestation Sites, and Dormant Turfgrass]

 ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
 (% by weight)

 Flumioxazin\*
 51.0%

 OTHER INGREDIENTS:
 49.0%

 TOTAL
 100.0%

\*2-[7-fluoro-3,4-dihydro-3-oxo-4-(2-propynyl)-2H-1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl]-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1 *H*-isoindole- 1,3(2H)-dione

## CAUTION/PRECAUCION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

explain it to you in detail.)		
FIRST AID		
If on skin or clothing:	Take off contaminated clothing.	
olo tilling.	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.	
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
If inhaled:	Move person to fresh air.	
	<ul> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.</li> </ul>	
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.	
If in eyes:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.	
	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> </ul>	
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
If swallowed	• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.	
	<ul> <li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.</li> </ul>	
	Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.	
HOT LINE NUMBER		

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall at **1-844-685-9173** for emergency medical treatment information.

For Chemical Emergency: Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, Call CHEMTREC Day or Night Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if absorbed through skin. Harmful if inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing dust and spray mist. Wash

thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: A319.04 is toxic to non-target plants and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply to water except as specified on the label, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to non-target plants and aquatic organisms in neighboring areas, if not used in accordance with the label directions. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.. Under some conditions A319.04 may have a potential to run-off to surface water or adjacent land. Where possible, use methods which reduce soil erosion, such as no-till, limited-till and contour plowing; these methods also reduce pesticide run-off. Use vegetation filter strips along rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands, or on the downhill side of fields, where run-off could occur to minimize water run-off. [Note to EPA reviewer: If this product is shipped in containers greater than 50 lbs., the following environmental hazard statement will be added to the label: Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.] NON-TARGET ORGANISM: This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label direction intended to minimize off site movement. PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS: Do not mix or allow coming in contact with oxidizing agent. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place. Store in original container and out of reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

#### CONTAINER HANDLING:

[Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. If empty: Offer for recycling if available or discard in a sanitary landfill. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.] [Nonrefillable containers ≤ 50 pounds: Nonrefillable Container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available.] [Nonrefillable containers > 50 pounds: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available.]

See inside label booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

Manufactured for: EPA Reg. No.: 91234-129
Atticus, LLC EPA Est. No.: \_\_\_\_\_\_
5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100 NET WEIGHT: \_\_\_\_\_\_
Cary, NC 27513

[Note to reviewer: [Text] in brackets denotes optional or explanatory language]
[Note to reviewer: {Text} in braces denotes where in the final label text will appear]

{BOOKLET FRONT PANEL LANGUAGE}

Sub-Label B - A319.04 ABN: Atticus Schooner

FLUMIOXAZIN GROUP 14 HERBICIDE

### A319.04 [TM]

#### [Alternate Brand Name: Atticus Schooner]

[Non-Crop Herbicide.

For The Management of Undesirable Aquatic Vegetation in Slow Moving or Quiescent Waters]

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	(% by weight)
Flumioxazin*	51.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	<u>49.0%</u>
TOTAL	100.0%
*2-[7-fluoro-3,4-dihydro-3-oxo-4-(2-propynyl)-2 <i>H</i> -1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl]-4,5,6,7-tetrahyd	ro-1 <i>H-</i> isoindole-
1.3(2H)-dione	

### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION/PRECAUCION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside label booklet for Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

	FIRST AID
If on skin or clothing:	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
If inhaled:	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.</li> </ul>
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If in eyes:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
	• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed:	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
	Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
	Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.
	Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
	HOT LINE NUMBER
•	t container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also all at 1-844-685-9173 for emergency medical treatment information.

Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, Call CHEMTREC Day or Night

Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

EPA Reg. No.: 91234-129

EPA Est. No.:	
Net Weight:	

Manufactured for:
Atticus, LLC
5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100
Cary, NC 27513

#### **{LANGUAGE INSIDE BOOKLET}**

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if absorbed through skin. Harmful if inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing dust and spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below.

#### Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- shoes plus socks
- waterproof gloves

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If there are no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### **USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### **Users should:**

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

**A319.04** is toxic to non-target plants and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply to water except as specified on the label. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to non-target plants and aquatic organisms in neighboring areas, if not used in accordance with the label directions. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

[Note to EPA reviewer: If this product is shipped in containers greater than 50 lbs., the following environmental hazard statement will be added to the label: Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.]

#### **NON-TARGET ORGANISM**

This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label direction intended to minimize off site movement.

#### PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not mix or allow coming in contact with an oxidizing agent. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

**A319.04** is a Group 14 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to **A319.04** and other Group 14 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance:

- Rotate the use of A319.04 or other Group 14 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among
  growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on
  resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will
  control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local
  extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less
  prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses
  historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other
  mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application
  method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties)
  and other management practices.
- Scout after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist, certified crop advisors and/or manufacturer for herbicide resistance management and/or integrated weed management measures for specific crops and resistant weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact Atticus, LLC at 984-465-4800.

#### **TANK MIXES NOTICE**

Tank mixing and/or use of this product with another product that is not specifically and expressly authorized by the label shall be at the exclusive risk of user, applicator, and/or application advisor to the extent allowed by applicable law.

Read and follow the entire label of each product to be used in the tank mix with this product.

#### PRODUCT USE INFORMATION

This product is a fast-acting contact herbicide that controls selected submersed, emergent, and floating aquatic weeds. It is most effective when applied to young, actively growing weeds in water with a pH of less than 8.5.

This product may be applied to the following quiescent or slow-moving bodies of water:

- Bayous
- Canals
- Drainage ditches
- Lakes
- Marshes
- Ponds (including golf course ponds)
- Reservoirs

Application of this product to public aquatic areas may require special approval and/or permits. Consult with local state agencies, if required.

#### **USE PRECAUTIONS**

- There is no post-application holding restriction against use of treated water for drinking or recreational purposes (e.g. swimming, fishing).
- In areas with dense weed vegetation only treat ½ the water body at one time and wait 10 14 days before treating the remaining area. Do not retreat the same section of water within 28 days of application.
- Treated water may be used for irrigation purposes on turf and landscape ornamentals as outlined in the Irrigation Restrictions Following Application table.

#### **USE RESTRICTIONS**

- Do not apply to intertidal or estuarine areas.
- Do not use treated water irrigation purposes on food crops until at least five (5) days after application.
- Do not use in water utilized for crawfish farming.
- Do not re-treat the same section of water with this product more than 6 times per year.
- Do not exceed 400 ppb of this product during any one application.

#### **ADDITIVES**

When applying this product to the foliage of floating or emerged aquatic weeds, mix with an adjuvant approved for use in aquatic sites. Mix this product with a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient. Follow adjuvant manufacturer's label rates. Verify mixing compatibility by a jar test before using.

#### JAR TEST TO DETERMINE COMPATIBILITY OF ADJUVANTS AND A319.04

Perform a jar test before mixing commercial quantities of this product, when using this product for the first time, when

using new adjuvants or when a new water source is being used.

1. Add 1 pt. of water to a quart jar. The water must be from the same source and have the same temperature as the water used in the spray tank mixing operation.

- 2. Add 3 grams (approximately 1 level tsp.) of **A319.04** for the 8 oz./A rate or 4 grams (approximately 1 ½ tsp.) for 12 oz./A rate to the jar. Gently mix until product disperses.
- 3. Add 60 mL (4 Tbsp. or 2 fl. oz.) of additive to the quart jar and gently mix.
- 4. Place cap on jar, invert 10 times, let stand for 15 minutes, evaluate.
- 5. An ideal tank mix combination will be uniform and free of suspended particles. If any of the following conditions are observed do not use the adjuvant:
  - a. Layer of oil or globules on the solution surface.
  - b. Flocculation: Fine particles in suspension or as a layer on the bottom of the jar.
  - c. Clabbering: Thickening texture (coagulated) like gelatin.

#### MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Mix with water having pH of 5 7. If pH is higher than 7, use an appropriate buffer to reduce pH to desirable range.
- 2. Fill clean spray tank ½ full of desired level with water and add buffering agent if necessary.
- 3. Add the required amount of this product to the spray tank while agitating.
- 4. Fill spray tank to desired level with water. Ensure that this product is thoroughly mixed before making applications. Continue agitation until spray solution has been applied.
- 5. Mix only the amount of spray solution that can be applied the day of mixing. Apply this product within 12 hours of mixing.

#### SPRAYER CLEANUP

If spray equipment is dedicated to application of aquatic herbicides, completely drain the spray tank and rinse the application equipment thoroughly, including the inside and outside of the tank and all in-line screens. If spray equipment will be used for purposes other than applying aquatic herbicides, it must be thoroughly cleaned following application of **A319.04**. The following steps must be used to clean the spray equipment:

- 1. Completely drain the spray tank and rinse the sprayer thoroughly, including the inside and outside of the tank and all in-line screens.
- 2. Fill the tank with clean water and flush all hoses, booms, screens, and nozzles.
- 3. Top off tank with clean water.
- 4. Circulate through sprayer for 5 minutes.
- 5. Then flush all hoses, booms, screens, and nozzles for a minimum of 15 minutes.
- 6. Drain tank completely.
- 7. Remove all nozzles and screens and rinse them with clean water.

#### **AERIAL APPLICATION**

To obtain satisfactory weed control with aerial application of **A319.04**, coverage must be uniform. When applied by air, this product may not provide adequate control of some submersed weeds. Do not spray when drift is possible or when wind velocity is more than 10 mph. Do not spray **A319.04** within 200 feet of dwellings, adjacent sensitive crops or environmentally sensitive areas. To obtain satisfactory application and drift, the following directions must be observed:

#### **Volume Pressure**

Apply **A319.04** in 5 - 10 gals. of water per acre, with a maximum spray pressure of 40 PSI. Application at less than 5 gals. per acre may not provide adequate weed control. Higher gallonage applications generally provide more consistent weed control.

#### **Nozzles and Nozzle Operation**

Use nozzles that produce flat or hollow cone spray patterns. Use non-drip type nozzles such as diaphragm type nozzles

to avoid unwanted discharge of spray solution. The nozzle must be directed toward the rear of the aircraft, at an angle between 0° and 15° downward. Do not place nozzles on the outer 25% of the wings or rotors.

#### **Adjuvants**

Refer to the additive section or the tank mix partners label for adjuvant recommendation.

#### IRRIGATION RESTRICTIONS FOLLOWING APPLICATION

Application Method	Application Rate	Average Water Depth	Turf and Landscape Ornamentals	Ornamentals Grown for Production in Greenhouse and Nursery
Surface Spray	6-12 oz per	Greater than 3 feet	None	5 days
	surface acre	Less than 3 feet	12 hours	5 days
	Less than 200 ppb	N/A	1 day	5 days
Subsurface	200-300 ppb	N/A	2 days	5 days
	300-400 ppb	N/A	3 days	5 days

#### MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

#### **Aerial Applications:**

- Do no release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the ground or vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators must select nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets in accordance with American society of Agricultural & biological engineers standard 641 (ASABE S641).
- If the windspeed is 10 miles per hour or less, applicators must use 1.2 swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field. When the windspeed is between 11-15 miles per hour, applicators must use 3/4 swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site. If the windspeed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

#### **Ground Boom Applications:**

- User must only apply with the release height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators must select nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets in accordance with American Society of Agricultural & Biological Engineers Standard 572 (ASABE S572).
- DO not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

#### **Boomless Ground Applications:**

- Applicators must select nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets in accordance with American Society of Agricultural & Biological Engineers Standard 572 (ASABE S572).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

#### **SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES**

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT.
BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

#### **IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE**

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

#### Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Boom

- Volume Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the
  highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a
  nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

#### **Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft**

 Adjust Nozzles – Follow nozzle manufacturers' recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallet with the airflow in flight.

#### **BOOM HEIGHT – Ground boom**

For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

#### **RELEASE HEIGHT - Aircraft**

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

#### SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

#### **TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY**

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

#### **TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS**

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

#### **WIND**

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

#### **Boomless Ground Applications:**

Setting nozzles at the lowest effective height will help to reduce the potential for spray drift.

#### **Handheld Technology Applications:**

Take precautions to minimize spray drift.

Properly maintain and calibrate all aerial, ground, and water-based application equipment.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

#### TO CONTROL FLOATING AND EMERGED WEEDS USING SURFACE APPLICATION

**A319.04** will control weeds and algae listed in Table 1 when applied as a broadcast spray with appropriate equipment. For best results, apply **A319.04** to the foliage of actively growing weeds.

**Table 1. Floating and Emerged Weeds** 

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Alligator Weed	Alternanthera philoxeroides
Duckweed*	Lemna spp.
Frog's-bit	Limnobium spongia
Water Fern	Salvinia spp.
Water Lettuce	Pistia stratiotes
Watermeal*	Wolffia spp.
Water Pennywort	Hydrocotyle spp.
Filamentous Algae	Pithophora
Filamentous Algae	Cladophora

<sup>\*200</sup> ppb water concentration rate may be required to treat duckweed and watermeal – see **DIRECTIONS FOR USE TO CONTROL SUBMERSED AND FLOATING WEEDS USING SUBSURFACE APPLICATIONS** section for additional application information.

#### **SURFACE APPLICATION**

**A319.04** product as a broadcast spray at 6 - 12 ounces (0.19-0.38 lb ai/A) of formulated product per acre plus an adjuvant approved for use in aquatics.

**A319.04** is a contact herbicide that quickly degrades in the water column so plants that do not initially come in contact with the herbicide will not be controlled. Apply **A319.04** in a minimum of 30 gallons of water per acre to all areas of the water body where weeds exist. Coverage is essential for effective control as all floating weeds need to be exposed to lethal concentrations in all parts of the water body. Any untreated escapes or re-introductions of plants that were not treated will reestablish in areas where surface weeds had previously been controlled. Make a second application if required to provide control once the return of these weeds is first observed, but no sooner than 28 days after the last treatment.

Apply **A319.04** during early morning hours to enhance weed control. When applying to densely packed actively growing surface weeds, ensure adequate coverage. Rapid decomposition of vegetation resulting from herbicide treatment can result in loss of oxygen in water. A sudden decrease in dissolved oxygen can result in fish suffocation. If aquatic vegetation is dense, treat floating surface weeds in sections to avoid a rapid decrease in dissolved oxygen.

**A319.04** may be tank mixed with 2,4-D, diquat, glyphosate or other registered foliar applied herbicides for enhanced control of floating and emergent weeds. Consult a manufacturer's label for specific rate restrictions and weeds controlled. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

#### **APPLICATION EQUIPMENT**

Apply **A319.04** with sprayers equipped with nozzles designed to deliver the desired spray pressure and spray volume. Apply by backpack or handgun sprayer, airboat, helicopter, airplane or other application equipment that will ensure thorough coverage of target plant foliage.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

#### TO CONTROL SUBMERSED AND FLOATING WEEDS USING SUBSURFACE APPLICATIONS

This product controls submersed and floating weeds listed in Table 2, **Submersed and Floating Weeds Controlled by Subsurface Application**, when applied subsurface with appropriate equipment.

Table 2. Submersed and Floating Weeds Controlled by Subsurface Application

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Coontail	Ceratophyllum demersum
Duckweed	Lemna spp.
Fanwort	Cabomba caroliniana
Hydrilla	Hydrilla verticillata
Hygrophila	Hygrophila polysperma
Naiad, Southern	Najas guadalupensis
Pondweed, Curlyleaf	Potamogeton crispus
Pondweed, Sago	Potamogeton pectinatus
Pondweed, Variable-Leaf	Potamogeton diversifolius
Water Fern	Salvinia spp.
Water Lettuce	Pistia stratiotes
Watermeal	Wolffia spp.
Watermilfoil, Eurasian	Myriophyllum spicatum
Watermilfoil, Variable-Leaf	Myriophyllum heterophyllum

#### SUBSURFACE APPLICATION

Apply this product at a rate that will produce an initial concentration of 200 to 400 ppb (of active ingredient flumioxazin) in the water column.

This product is rapidly absorbed by target plants, but also breaks down quickly in water with a pH greater than 8.5. The pH of water surrounding mats of submersed vegetation can exceed 8.5 by early to mid-day, due to photosynthetic processes. Application of this product under these conditions may provide only partial weed control, and regrowth is likely. For best control, apply this product in a minimum of 30 gallons of water per acre in the early morning to actively growing weeds and early in the season before surface matting occurs. Complete coverage and sufficient contact time of submersed weeds with this product is required for optimal performance. Application of this product with subsurface trailing hoses designed to distribute the herbicide within the plant stand will provide more effective and longer-term control of submersed weeds. Use Table 3, **Subsurface Application Rates** to determine the amount of this product needed to achieve desired concentration at different water depths. Use higher concentrations when weed biomass is heavy and/or weeds are more mature and topped out. Any untreated plants that are left in the water column can re-infest treated areas that had previously been controlled. Make a second application to provide control once the return of these weeds is first observed, but no sooner than 28 days after the last treatment.

When applying this product to densely packed actively growing submersed weeds, a rapid decomposition of vegetation resulting from herbicide treatment can result in loss of oxygen in water. A sudden decrease in dissolved oxygen can result in fish suffocation. If aquatic vegetation is dense, treat submersed weeds in sections to avoid a rapid decrease in dissolved oxygen.

This product may be tank mixed with other registered submersed applied herbicides for enhanced control of submersed and floating weeds.

#### APPLICATION EQUIPMENT FOR WATER COLUMN TREATMENT

To improve distribution in the water column and ensure adequate coverage, when possible apply this product with subsurface trailing hoses in order to place the herbicide under the surface and throughout the biomass of aquatic

vegetation. Keep swath width to a minimum in order to maximize contact with submersed aquatic vegetation. In small shallow water bodies, surface sprays are required to apply this product. Apply by backpack or handgun sprayer or other application equipment that will ensure adequate coverage of target plant.

#### INFORMATION ON HYDRILLA CONTROL IN FLORIDA

Apply this product as a subsurface treatment for *Hydrilla* control. For best control of *Hydrilla* apply during the late Winter/early Spring and/or early to late Fall. Efficacy of this product will be enhanced at these timings due to lower potential biomass present and lower pH of the water. If applied to mature topped out *Hydrilla*, this product will cause some discoloration and loss of growing tips, but regrowth will be rapid.

Tank mixing this product with other registered herbicides, especially if *Hydrilla* is approaching maturity or biomass is heavy.

Table 3. Subsurface Application Rates

Do not exceed 400 ppb of this product during any one application.

Water Depth (feet)	Pounds of A319.04 Required Per Surface Acre to Achieve Desired Water Concentration		
	200 ppb	300 ppb	400 ppb
1	1.1	1.6	2.1
2	2.1	3.2	4.2
3	3.2	4.8	6.4
4	4.2	6.4	8.5
5	5.3	8.0	10.6
6	6.4	9.5	12.7
7	7.4	11.1	14.8

**Example:** To achieve an initial concentration of 200 ppb of flumioxazin in a 4-foot-deep water column, apply 4.2 lbs. of this product per surface acre.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place. Store in original container and out of reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

#### **CONTAINER HANDLING:**

[Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. If empty: Offer for recycling if available or discard in a sanitary landfill. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.]

[Nonrefillable containers ≤ 50 pounds: Nonrefillable Container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available.]
[Nonrefillable containers > 50 pounds: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate

#### **LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY**

for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available.]

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE. Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If these terms and conditions are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability. CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness, injury, and other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application (including misuse), the presence of other materials, weather conditions, and other unknown factors, all of which are beyond the control of ATTICUS, LLC. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

**DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, ATTICUS, LLC makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond statements on this label. **LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, neither ATTICUS, LLC the manufacturer, nor the Seller shall be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use, handling, application, storage, or disposal of this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use, handling, application, or storage of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid.

[A319.04] is a trademark of Atticus, LLC.

## **{LANGUAGE ON LABEL AFFIXED TO CONTAINER}**

#### A319.04™

[Alternate Brand Name: Atticus Schooner]

#### [Non-Crop Herbicide

For The Management of Undesirable Aquatic Vegetation in Slow Moving or Quiescent Waters]

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	(% by weight)
Flumioxazin*	51.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	<u>49.0%</u>
TOTAL	100.0%
*2-[7-fluoro-3,4-dihydro-3-oxo-4-(2-propynyl)-2	H-1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl]-
4 5 6 7-tetrahydro-1 H-isoindole- 1 3/2H)-dione	, -

## CAUTION/PRECAUCION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

	someone to explain it to you in detail.)
	FIRST AID
If on skin or clothing:	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> </ul>
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled:	Move person to fresh air.
	<ul> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.</li> </ul>
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If in eyes:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> </ul>
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
	<ul> <li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.</li> </ul>
	Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
	HOT LINE NUMBER
Have the prod	uct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall at **1-844-685-9173** for emergency medical treatment information.

For Chemical Emergency: Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, Call CHEMTREC Day or Night Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if absorbed through skin. Harmful if inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing dust and spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: A319.04** is toxic to non-target plants and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply to water except as specified on the label, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to non-target plants and aquatic organisms in neighboring areas, if not used in accordance with the label

directions. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate. Under some conditions A319.04 may have a potential to run-off to surface water or adjacent land. Where possible, use methods which reduce soil erosion, such as no-till, limitedtill and contour plowing; these methods also reduce pesticide run-off. Use vegetation filter strips along rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands, or on the downhill side of fields, where run-off could occur to minimize water run-off. [Note to EPA reviewer: If this product is shipped in containers greater than 50 lbs., the following environmental hazard statement will be added to the label: Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.] NON-TARGET ORGANISM: This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label direction intended to minimize off site movement. PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS: Do not mix or allow coming in contact with an oxidizing agent. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place. Store in original container and out of reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

#### CONTAINER HANDLING:

[Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. If empty: Offer for recycling if available or discard in a sanitary landfill. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.]
[Nonrefillable containers ≤ 50 pounds: Nonrefillable Container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available.]

[Nonrefillable containers > 50 pounds: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available.]

See inside label booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

 Manufactured for:
 EPA Reg. No.: 91234-129

 Atticus, LLC
 EPA Est. No.: \_\_\_\_\_\_

 5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100
 NET WEIGHT: \_\_\_\_\_\_

 Cary, NC 27513
 NET WEIGHT: \_\_\_\_\_\_

[Note to reviewer: [Text] in brackets denotes optional or explanatory language] [Note to reviewer: {Text} in braces denotes where in the final label text will appear]

**{BOOKLET FRONT PANEL LANGUAGE}** 

[Sub-Label C - A319.04]

FLUMIOXAZIN GROUP 14 HERBICIDE

## A319.04 [TM]

#### [Non-Crop Herbicide.

For Use To Maintain Bare Ground Non-Crop Areas]

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	(% by weight)
Flumioxazin*	51.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	49.0%
TOTAL	100.0%
*2-[7-fluoro-3,4-dihydro-3-oxo-4-(2-propynyl)-2 <i>H</i> -1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl]-4,5,6,7-	tetrahydro-1 <i>H-</i> isoindole- 1,3(2H)-
dione	

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION/PRECAUCION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside label booklet for Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use

	FIRST AID
If on skin or clothing:	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
If inhaled:	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>
If in eyes:	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
If swallowed:	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</li> <li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> <li>Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>
	HOT LINE NUMBER

For Chemical Emergency:

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also

contact SafetyCall at  ${f 1-844-685-9173}$  for emergency medical treatment information.

Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident,

**Call CHEMTREC Day or Night** 

Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

EPA Reg. No.: 91234-129

**EPA Est. No.:** 

### Net Weight:

Manufactured for:
Atticus, LLC
5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100
Cary, NC 27513

### **{LANGUAGE INSIDE BOOKLET}**

### **PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

## HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if absorbed through skin. Harmful if inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing dust and spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below.

#### Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- shoes plus socks
- Waterproof gloves

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If there are no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### **USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### **Users should:**

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

**A319.04** is toxic to non-target plants and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to non-target plants and aquatic organisms in neighboring areas, if not used in accordance with the label directions. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

Under some conditions A319.04 may have a potential to run-off to surface water or adjacent land.

Where possible, use methods which reduce soil erosion, such as no-till, limited-till and contour plowing; these methods also reduce pesticide run-off. Use vegetation filter strips along rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands, or on the downhill side of fields, where run-off could occur to minimize water run-off.

[Note to EPA reviewer: If this product is shipped in containers greater than 50 lbs., the following environmental hazard statement will be added to the label: Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.]

#### **NON-TARGET ORGANISM**

This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label direction intended to minimize off site movement.

#### PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not mix or allow coming in contact with an oxidizing agent. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### **NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standards for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forest, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas, or vicinity where there may be drift.

Do not enter or allow others to enter treated areas until sprays have dried.

#### **RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT**

**A319.04** is a Group 14 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to **A319.04** and other Group 14 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance:

- Rotate the use of **A319.04** or other Group 14 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on
  resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will
  control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local
  extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less
  prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses
  historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other
  mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application
  method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties)
  and other management practices.
- Scout after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development.
   Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally
   controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a
   spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with
   controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the

affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields and planting clean seed.

- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist, certified crop advisors and/or manufacturer for herbicide resistance management and/or integrated weed management measures for specific crops and resistant weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact Atticus, LLC at 984-465-4800.

#### **TANK MIXES NOTICE**

Tank mixing and/or use of this product with another product that is not specifically and expressly authorized by the label shall be at the exclusive risk of user, applicator, and/or application advisor to the extent allowed by applicable law.

Read and follow the entire label of each product to be used in the tank mix with this product.

#### PRODUCT INFORMATION

**A319.04** is a selective herbicide to maintain bare ground non-crop areas when used in accordance with this label. **A319.04** is effective as a pre-emergence and/or post-emergence herbicide for control of selected grass and broadleaf weeds.

**A319.04** controls weeds by inhibiting protoporphyrinogen oxidase, an essential enzyme required by plants for chlorophyll biosynthesis. Seedling weeds are controlled pre-emergence when exposed to sunlight following contact with the soil applied herbicide.

#### **USE RESTRICTIONS - FOR INDUSTRIAL VEGETATION MANAGEMENT**

- Do not apply when weather conditions favor spray drift from treated areas.
- Do not incorporate into soil after application.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not apply more than 12 oz. (0.38 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not make more than 2 applications at 12 oz./A (0.38 lb ai/A) or 3 applications at 8 oz./A (0.255 lb ai/A) per year.
- Do not apply more than 24 oz. (0.765 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not make an additional application of **A319.04** within 30 days.
- Do not apply to moist or wet desirable plant foliage.
- Do not apply within 300 feet of non-dormant pome or stone fruit crops.
- Do not apply when the crop or weeds are under stress due to drought, excessive water and extremes in temperatures or disease.

#### **USE PRECAUTIONS - FOR INDUSTRIAL VEGETATION MANAGEMENT**

- Treatment of powdery, dry soil or light sandy soil when there is little to no likelihood of rainfall soon after
  may result in off target movement and possible damage to actively growing susceptible crops when soil
  particles are moved by wind or water. Do not apply when these soil and environmental conditions are
  present.
- Spray equipment used to apply A319.04 should not be used to make applications with other products to
  any desirable plant foliage, as equipment with product residue remaining may result in crop injury to
  subsequently treated crops or plants.

#### PRE-EMERGENCE APPLICATION

Pre-emergence weed control with **A319.04** is most effective when applied to clean, weed free soil surfaces prior to weed emergence. Moisture is necessary to activate **A319.04** on soil for residual weed control. Dry weather following application of **A319.04** may reduce effectiveness.

#### POST-EMERGENCE APPLICATION

Apply **A319.04** only to actively growing weeds. Applying this product under conditions that do not promote active weed growth will reduce herbicide effectiveness. This product is most effective when applied under sunny conditions at temperatures above 65°F.

**A319.04** is rainfast 1 hour after application. Do not apply if rain is expected within 1 hour of application or efficacy may be reduced.

#### **SOIL CHARACTERISTICS**

Application of **A319.04** to soils with high organic matter and/or high clay content may require higher dosages than with soils with low organic matter and/or low clay content. Application to cloddy seedbeds can result in reduced weed control.

#### **CARRIER VOLUME AND SPRAY PRESSURE**

#### **Pre-Emergence Application**

To ensure uniform coverage, use at least 10 gals. of spray solution per acre. Nozzle selection should meet manufacturer's gallonage and pressure specifications for pre-emergence herbicide application.

#### **Post-Emergence Application**

To ensure thorough coverage, use at least 15 gals. of spray solution per acre. Use at least 20 gals. per acre if dense vegetation or heavy residue is present on the soil surface. Nozzle selection should meet manufacturer's gallonage and pressure specifications for post-emergence herbicide application.

#### **ADDITIVES**

#### **Post-Emergence Application**

When applying **A319.04** after weeds emerge, mix with an agronomically approved adjuvant. Mix **A319.04** with a crop oil concentrate that contains at least 15% emulsifiers and 80% oil or a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient when applying this product as part of a post-emergence

weed control program. Mixing compatibility should be verified by a jar test before using. Do not mix **A319.04** with a surfactant when applying over the top of dormant woody ornamentals or conifer trees.

Add a spray-grade nitrogen source (either ammonium sulfate at 2.0 - 2.5 lbs./A or a 28 - 32% nitrogen solution at 1 - 2 qts./A) to the spray mixture along with a crop oil concentrate or non-ionic surfactant to enhance weed control. The addition of a nitrogen source does not replace the need for crop oil concentrate or non-ionic surfactant.

#### JAR TEST TO DETERMINE COMPATIBILITY OF ADJUVANTS AND A319.04

Perform a jar test before mixing commercial quantities of this product, when using this product for the first time, when

using new adjuvants or when a new water source is being used.

- 1. Add 1 pt. of water to a quart jar. The water must be from the same source and have the same temperature as the water used in the spray tank mixing operation.
- 2. Add 3 grams (approximately 1 level tsp.) of **A319.04** for the 8 oz./A rate or 4 grams (approximately 1 ½ tsp.) for 12 oz./A rate to the jar. Gently mix until product disperses.
- 3. Add 60 mL (4 Tbsp. or 2 fl. oz.) of additive to the quart jar and gently mix.
- 4. If nitrogen is being used, add 16 mL (1 Tbsp.) of the 28 32% nitrogen source to the quart jar. If ammonium sulfate is being used, add 19 grams of AMS to the quart jar in place of the 28 32% nitrogen.

- 5. Place cap on jar, invert 10 times, let stand for 15 minutes, evaluate.
- 6. An ideal tank mix combination will be uniform and free of suspended particles. If any of the following conditions are observed, do not use the adjuvant:
  - a. Layer of oil or globules on the solution surface.
  - b. Flocculation: Fine particles in suspension or as a layer on the bottom of the jar.
  - c. Clabbering: Thickening texture (coagulated) like gelatin.

#### **APPLICATION EQUIPMENT**

**IMPORTANT:** Thoroughly clean spray equipment, including all tanks, hoses, booms, screens, and nozzles, after application of **A319.04**. Equipment with this product's residue remaining in the system may result in crop injury to subsequently treated crops.

#### **SPRAYER PREPARATION**

Before applying **A319.04**, clean the spray tank, as well as all hoses and booms to ensure no residue from the previous spraying operation remains in the sprayer. Some pesticides, including but not limited to the sulfonylurea and phenoxy herbicides, are active at very small amounts and can cause crop injury when applied to susceptible crops. Clean spray equipment according to the manufacturer's directions for the last product used before the equipment is used to apply this product. If 2 or more products were tank mixed prior to this product application, follow the most restrictive cleanup procedure on the label of all products.

#### MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Fill clean spray tank ½ ¾ of desired level with clean water.
- 2. To ensure a uniform spray mixture, pre-slurry the required amount of **A319.04** with water prior to addition to the spray tank. Use a minimum of 1 gal. of water per 10 oz. of **A319.04**.
- 3. While agitating, slowly add the pre-slurried mixture to the spray tank. Agitation should create a rippling or rolling action on the water surface.
- 4. If tank mixing **A319.04** with other labeled herbicides, add water soluble bags first, followed by dry formulations, flowables, emulsifiable concentrates and then solutions. Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate spray operation.
- 5. Add any required adjuvants.
- 6. Fill spray tank to desired level with water. Continue agitation until spray solution has been applied.
- 7. Mix only the amount of spray solution that can be applied the day of mixing. Apply **A319.04** within 12 hours of mixing.

#### **SPRAYER CLEANUP**

Except for dedicated bare ground herbicide application equipment, spray equipment must be cleaned each day following **A319.04** application. After **A319.04** is applied, use the following steps to clean the spray equipment:

- 1. Completely drain the spray tank and rinse the sprayer thoroughly, including the inside and outside of the tank and all in-line screens.
- 2. Fill the tank with clean water and flush all hoses, booms, screens, and nozzles.
- 3. Top off tank with clean water and household ammonia. Use 1 gal. of 3% household ammonia for every 100 gals. of water.
- 4. Circulate through sprayer for 5 minutes.
- 5. Flush all hoses, booms, screens, and nozzles for a minimum of 15 minutes.
- 6. Loosen any diaphragms before flushing the spray system, allowing cleaning solution to spray through the open diaphragm.
- 7. Drain tank completely.
- 8. Add enough clean water to the spray tank to flush hoses, booms, screens, and nozzles for 2 minutes.
- 9. Remove all nozzles and screens and rinse them with clean water.

#### **APPLICATION EQUIPMENT**

Application equipment must be clean and in good repair. Ensure nozzles are uniformly spaced on boom and frequently checked for accuracy.

#### **BROADCAST APPLICATION**

Apply **A319.04** and this product's tank mixes, with ground equipment using standard commercial sprayers equipped with nozzles designed to deliver the desired spray pressure and spray volume.

#### **BAND APPLICATION**

When banding, use proportionately less water and A319.04 per acre.

#### HANDGUN APPLICATION

Applications may also be made using a handgun sprayer. Use a spray volume of at least 40 gals. per acre to insure uniform coverage.

#### **AERIAL APPLICATION**

Aerial applications are limited to maintaining weed free railroad beds, railroad yards and surrounding areas and military installations.

To obtain satisfactory weed control with aerial application of **A319.04**, coverage must be uniform. Do not spray when drift is possible or when wind velocity is more than 10 mph. Do not spray **A319.04** within 200 feet of dwellings, adjacent sensitive crops or environmentally sensitive areas. To obtain satisfactory application and drift control, the following directions must be observed:

#### **Volume Pressure**

Apply **A319.04** in 5 - 10 gals. of water per acre, with a maximum spray pressure of 40 PSI. Application at less than 5 gals. per acre may not provide adequate weed control. Higher gallonage applications generally provide more consistent weed control.

#### **Nozzles and Nozzle Operation**

Use nozzles that produce flat or hollow cone spray patterns. Use non-drip type nozzles such as diaphragm type nozzles to avoid unwanted discharge of spray solution. The nozzle must be directed toward the rear of the aircraft, at an angle between 0° and 15° downward. Do not place nozzles on the outer 25% of the wings or rotors.

#### Adjuvants

Refer to the additive section or the tank mix partners label for adjuvant recommendation.

#### MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

#### **Aerial Applications:**

- Do no release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the ground or vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators must select nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets in accordance with American society of Agricultural & biological engineers standard 641 (ASABE S641).
- If the windspeed is 10 miles per hour or less, applicators must use 1.2 swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field. When the windspeed is between 11-15 miles per hour, applicators must use 3/4 swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site. If the windspeed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

#### **Ground Boom Applications:**

- User must only apply with the release height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators must select nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets in accordance with American Society of Agricultural & Biological Engineers Standard 572 (ASABE S572).
- DO not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

#### **Boomless Ground Applications:**

- Applicators must select nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets in accordance with American Society of Agricultural & Biological Engineers Standard 572 (ASABE S572).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

#### **SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES**

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT.
BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

#### IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

#### **Controlling Droplet Size – Ground Boom**

- Volume Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

#### **Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft**

• **Adjust Nozzles** – Follow nozzle manufacturers' recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallet with the airflow in flight.

#### **BOOM HEIGHT – Ground boom**

For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

#### **RELEASE HEIGHT – Aircraft**

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

#### SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

#### **TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY**

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

#### **TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS**

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

#### WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

#### **Boomless Ground Applications:**

Setting nozzles at the lowest effective height will help to reduce the potential for spray drift.

#### **Handheld Technology Applications:**

Take precautions to minimize spray drift.

#### WEEDS CONTROLLED

When **A319.04** is applied pre-emergence or post-emergence at specified rates and weed stages, the following grasses and broadleaf weeds are controlled:

Table 1. Weeds controlled by A319.04

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Alyssum, Hoary	Berteroa incana
Amaranth	
Palmer	Amaranthus palmeri
Spiny	Amaranthus spinosus
American Burnweed	Erechtites hieraciifolius
Barnyardgrass*	Echinochloa crus-galli
Beggarweed, Florida	Desmodium tortuosum
Bittercress, Hairy	Cardamine hirsuta
Bluegrass, Annual*	Poa annua
Burclover, California	Medicago polymorpha
Carpetweed	Mollugo verticillata
Chamberbitter	Phyllanthus urinaria
Chickweed	
Common	Stellaria media
Mouseear	Cerastium vulgatum
Crabgrass	
Large*	Digitaria sanguinalis
Smooth*	Digitaria ischaemum
Southern*	Digitaria ciliaris
Croton, Tropic	Croton glandulosus var. septentrionalis
Dandelion*	Taraxacum officinale
Dogfennel	Eupatorium capillifolium
Doveweed	Murdannia nudiflora
Eclipta	Eclipta prostrata
Filaree, Redstem*	Erodium cicutarium
Foxtail	
Bristly*	Setaria verticillata

Giant*	Setaria faberi
Green*	Setaria viridis
Yellow*	Setaria glauca
Galinsoga, Hairy	Galinsoga ciliata
Geranium, Carolina	Geranium carolinianum
Goosegrass*	Eleusine indica
Groundsel, Common	Senecio vulgaris
Henbit	Lamium amplexicaule
Horseweed*	Conyza canadensis
Indigo, Hairy	Indigofera hirsuta
Ivy, Ground*	Glechoma hederacea
Jimsonweed	Datura stramonium
Kochia	Kochia scoparia
Kyllinga, Green*	Kyllinga brevifolia
Ladysthumb	Polygonum persicaria
Lambsquarters, Common	Chenopodium album
Liverwort	Marchantia polymorpha
Mallow	
Common	Malva neglecta
Little	Malva parviflora
Venice	Hibiscus trionum
Mayweed*	Anthemis cotula
Morningglory	
Entireleaf	Ipomoea hederacea var. integriuscula
lvyleaf	Ipomoea hederacea
Red/Scarlet	Ipomoea coccinea
Smallflower	Jacquemontia tamnifolia
Tall	Ipomoea purpurea
Moss	Bryum spp.
Mulberry Weed	Fatoua villosa
Mustard	
Tumble	Sisymbrium altissimum
Wild	Brassica kaber
Nightshade	
Black	Solanum nigrum
Eastern Black	Solanum ptycanthum
Hairy	Solanum sarrachoides
Panicum	
Fall*	Panicum dichotomiflorum
Texas*	Panicum texanum
Parsley Piert	Alchemilla arvensis
Pearlwort, Birdseye*	Sagina procumbens
Pennycress, Field	Thlaspi arvense
Phyllanthus, Longstalked	Phyllanthus tenellus
Pigweed	
Prostrate	Amaranthus blitoides
Redroot	Amaranthus retroflexus
Smooth	Amaranthus hybridus
Tumble	Amaranthus albus
Pineapple-weed*	Matricaria matricarioides

Plantain	
Broadleaf*	Plantago major
Buckhorn*	Plantago lanceolata
Poinsettia, Wild	Euphorbia heterophylla
Puncturevine	Tribulus terrestris
Purslane, Common	Portulaca oleracea
Pusley, Florida	Richardia scabra
Ragweed	
Common	Ambrosia artemisiifolia
Giant	Ambrosia trifida
Redmaids	Calandrinia ciliata
Redweed	Melochia corchorifolia
Rocket, Yellow	Barbarea vulgaris
Senna, Coffee	Cassia occidentalis
Sesbania, Hemp	Sesbania exaltata
Shepherd's Purse	Capsella bursa-pastoris
Sida, Prickly (Teaweed)	Sida spinosa
Signalgrass*	Brachiaria platyphylla
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	Polygonum pensylvanicum
Sowthistle, Annual	Sonchus oleraceus
Spurge	
Prostrate	Chamaesyce humistrata
Spotted	Chamaesyce maculata
Starbur, Bristly*	Acanthospermum hispidum
Thistle	
Canada*	Cirsium arvense
Russian	Salsola iberica
Velvetleaf	Abutilon theophrasti
Waterhemp	
Common	Amaranthus rudis
Tall	Amaranthus tuberculatus
Woodsorrel, Yellow*	Oxalis stricta

<sup>\*</sup> Pre-emergence control only

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE TO MAINTAIN BARE GROUND NON-CROP AREAS

**A319.04** can be used for non-selective vegetation management to maintain bare ground non-crop areas that must be kept free of weed. Apply **A319.04** only to:

- Bare ground areas under guard rails, above-ground pipelines, railroad beds, railroad yards and surrounding
  areas.
- Bare ground areas in parking lots and storage areas, industrial plant sites, substations, pumping stations, and tank farms
- Bare ground areas of airports, brick yards, lumber yards, military installations, and storage areas
- Bare ground areas around farm buildings and along ungrazed fence rows, wind breaks and shelter belts
- Improved roadside areas, road surfaces, and gravel shoulders

Follow all applicable directions as outlined above under Product Information. See Table 1 for a list of broadleaf weeds and grasses controlled by **A319.04**.

**A319.04** provides residual and post-emergence control of susceptible broadleaf and grass weed species as well as an additional mode of action to assist in the control of ALS (acetolactate synthase) resistant weeds. The timing of

residual of control depends on the application rate, as well as on rainfall and temperature conditions. The length of control will be reduced as temperature and precipitation increase.

#### **PRE-EMERGENCE APPLICATION**

Make a pre-emergence application of 8 to 12 oz. (0.255 - 0.38 lb. a.i./A) of **A319.04** per broadcast acre. Make pre-emergence (up to weed emergence) applications of **A319.04** to surfaces that are free of weeds. Pre-emergence applications of **A319.04** must be completed before weeds emerge. For residual weed control and optimal performance on soil, moisture is necessary to activate **A319.04**. Dry weather or lack of moisture following application of **A319.04** may reduce effectiveness. When adequate moisture is received after dry conditions, this product will control susceptible weeds that are germinating.

#### **POST-EMERGENCE APPLICATION**

Make a post-emergence application of 8 to 12 oz. (0.255 - 0.38 lb. a.i./A) of **A319.04** per broadcast acre plus a surfactant (0.25% v/v non-ionic surfactant or 1 qt./A crop oil concentrate). Adding a surfactant enhances the activity of **A319.04** on emerged weeds. Thorough spray coverage is necessary to maximize the post-emergence activity of this product. Weeds that have emerged are controlled with a postemergence application of **A319.04**. However, translocation of this product within a weed is limited, and control is improved by ensuring thorough spray coverage and by the addition of a surfactant. The most effective post-emergence weed control with **A319.04** results when application is made in combination with a surfactant and to weeds that are less than 2 inches in height.

#### TANK MIX APPLICATIONS

Tank mixtures with other pre- and post-emergence herbicides registered for use in non-crop areas provide a broader spectrum of weed control in addition to weeds controlled by **A319.04** used alone, **A319.04** must be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for use in bare ground vegetation management, (non-crop uses) including, but not limited to those products listed below.

Tank Mixture Combinations For Non-Selective Vegetation Management Weed Control

2,4-D	Glyphosate	Norflurazon	Prodiamine
Bromacil	Hexazinone	Oryzalin	Simazine
Chlorsulfuron	Imazapic	Pendimethalin	Sulfometuron methyl
Clorpyralid	Imazapyr	Picloram	Tebuthiuron
Dicamba	Metsulfuron methyl	Pramitol	Triclopyr
Diuron			

IMPORTANT: Completely read and follow the label of any herbicides mixed with A319.04.

When tank mixing this product with other herbicides, it is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

#### **RESTRICTIONS**

- Do not apply more than 12 oz. (0.38 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not make more than 2 applications at 12 oz./A (0.38 lb ai/A) or 3 applications at 8 oz./A (0.255 lb ai/A) per year.
- Do not apply more than 24 oz. (0.765 lb ai/A) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not make an additional application of **A319.04** within 30 days.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place. Store in original container and out of reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

#### **CONTAINER HANDLING:**

[Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. If empty: Offer for recycling if available or discard in a sanitary landfill. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.]

[Nonrefillable containers ≤ 50 pounds: Nonrefillable Container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available.]

[Nonrefillable containers > 50 pounds: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available.]

#### LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE. Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If these terms and conditions are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability. CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness, injury, and other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application (including misuse), the presence of other materials, weather conditions, and other unknown factors, all of which are beyond the control of ATTICUS, LLC. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

**DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, ATTICUS, LLC makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond statements on this label. **LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, neither ATTICUS, LLC the manufacturer, nor the Seller shall be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use, handling, application, storage, or disposal of this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use, handling, application, or storage of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid.

[A319.04] is a trademark of Atticus, LLC.

# **{LANGUAGE ON LABEL AFFIXED TO CONTAINER}**

#### A319.04™

[Non-Crop Herbicide.
For Use To Maintain Bare Ground Non-Crop Areas]

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	(% by weight
Flumioxazin*	51.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	49.0%
TOTAL	100.0%
*2-[7-fluoro-3,4-dihydro-3-oxo-4-(2-propynyl	)-2H-1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl]-
4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1 H-isoindole- 1,3(2H)-dio	ne

# CAUTION/PRECAUCION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

	FIRST AID	
If on skin or clothing:	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
If inhaled:	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
If in eyes:	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
If swallowed:	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.  Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.  Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.  Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.	
HOT LINE NUMBER		

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall at 1-844-685-9173 for emergency medical treatment information.

For Chemical Emergency: Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, Call CHEMTREC Day or Night Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if absorbed through skin. Harmful if inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing dust and spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: A319.04** is toxic to non-target plants and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply to water except as specified on the label, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to non-target plants and aquatic organisms in

neighboring areas, if not used in accordance with the label directions. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate. Under some conditions A319.04 may have a potential to run-off to surface water or adjacent land. Where possible, use methods which reduce soil erosion, such as no-till, limited-till and contour plowing; these methods also reduce pesticide run-off. Use vegetation filter strips along rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands, or on the downhill side of fields, where run-off could occur to minimize water run-off. [Note to EPA reviewer: If this product is shipped in containers greater than 50 lbs., the following environmental hazard statement will be added to the label: Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.] NON-TARGET ORGANISM: This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of nontarget organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label direction intended to minimize off site movement. PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS: Do not mix or allow coming in contact with an oxidizing agent. Hazardous chemical reaction may

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See inside label booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

Manufactured for:	EPA Reg. No.: 91234-129
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5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100	NET WEIGHT:
Cary, NC 27513	