

## UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

September 30, 2019

Maryanne Geisbush Regulatory Consultant Atticus, LLC c/o Pyxis Regulatory Consulting Inc. 4110 136<sup>th</sup> St. Ct. NW Gig Harbor, WA 98332

Subject: PRIA Label and CSF Amendment – Revised formulation; updated label Product Name: A230.03 EPA Registration Number: 91234-78 Application Date: March 12, 2019 Decision Number: 548964

Dear Ms. Geisbush:

The amended label and CSF referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, are acceptable. This approval does not affect any conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Please note that the record for this product currently contains the following CSF:

• Basic CSF dated 2/22/2019

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false

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or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, please contact me by phone at 703-305-5410, or via email at johnson.hope@epa.gov.

Sincerely,



Hope Johnson, Product Manager 21 Fungicide Branch Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure

### [Note to reviewer: [Text] in brackets denotes optional or explanatory language [Note to reviewer: {Text} in braces denotes where in the final label text will appear **{BOOKLET FRONT PANEL LANGUAGE}**

CYPRODINIL GROUP 9 FUNGICIDE

## A230.03 [TM]

[Alternate Brand Name: Vango WG]

Active Ingredient:	(% by weight)
Cyprodinil: 4-cyclopropyl-6-methyl-N-phenyl-	
pyrimidinamine*	
Other Ingredients:	
Total	
A230.03 is a water-dispersible granule containing 75% cyprodinil.	
*CAS No. 121552-61-2	

Contains cyprodinil, the active ingredient used in Vangard® WG Fungicide.

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside label booklet for First Aid, Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

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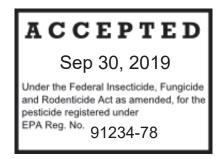
EPA Est. No.:

Net Weight:

**20180831**a

Manufactured For: Atticus, LLC 5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100 Cary, NC 27513

A230.03 is not manufactured, or distributed by Syngenta Crop Protection, seller of Vangard<sup>®</sup> WG Fungicide.



## {LANGUAGE INSIDE BOOKLET}

	FIRST AID
If in eyes	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
lf on skin or clothing	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
NOTE TO PHYSI	CIAN: If ingested, induce emesis or lavage stomach. Treat symptomatically.
	HOT LINE NUMBER
	uct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going You may also contact SafetyCall at <b>1-844-685-9173</b> for emergency medical treatment

#### For Chemical Emergency Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident Call CHEMTREC Day or Night Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

#### Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

#### CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below.

Handlers applying this product as a pre-plant dip to strawberry roots and crowns and workers packaging or preparing treated roots and crowns for shipment must wear:

- Chemical-resistant apron made of any waterproof material
- Elbow-length chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Chemical-resistant boots made of any waterproof material

All other applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof materials (polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride)
- Shoes plus socks

In addition, mixers and loaders for aerial and groundboom applications must wear:

• A minimum of a NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any N1, R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved powered air purifying respirator with HE filters.

#### USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### Engineering Control Statements:

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### Users should:

#### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **Environmental Hazards:**

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

#### Surface and Ground Water Advisory:

This chemical may contaminate water through runoff. This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This chemical has a potential for runoff for several months or more after application. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains this chemical. A level, well maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this chemical is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of cyprodinil from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours. Sound erosion control practices will reduce this product's potential to reach aquatic sediment via runoff.

#### Physical or Chemical Hazards:

Do not use, pour, spill or store near heat or open flame. Do not mix or allow coming into contact with oxidizing agents, hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

#### **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

**A230.03** is a broad spectrum fungicide which controls certain diseases in fruits, herbs, nuts and vegetables. Failure to follow directions and precautions on this label may result in crop injury, poor disease control, and/or illegal residues.

#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

**A230.03** has preventative and systemic properties and is labeled for the control of many important plant diseases. **A230.03** provides excellent disease control of Botrytis, several leaf spots and powdery mildews. **A230.03** is applied as a foliar spray and can be used in block, alternating spray, or tank-mix programs with other crop protection products. Make all applications according to the use directions that follow.

#### **PRODUCT USE INSTRUCTIONS**

#### Application:

Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control. Make no more spray solution than is needed for application. Avoid spray overlap, as crop injury may occur.

#### Adjuvants:

When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, Atticus recommends the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant.

#### Efficacy:

Under certain conditions conducive to extended infection periods, use another registered fungicide for additional applications if the maximum amount of **A230.03** has been used. If resistant isolates to Group 9 fungicides are present, efficacy can be reduced for certain diseases. The higher rates in the rate range and/or shorter spray intervals may be required under conditions of heavy infection pressure, with highly susceptible varieties, or when environmental conditions are conducive to disease.

#### Integrated Pest Management (IPM):

Integrate **A230.03** into an overall disease and pest management strategy whenever the use of a fungicide is required. Follow cultural practices known to reduce disease. Consult your local agricultural authorities for additional IPM strategies established for your area. **A230.03** may be used in State Agricultural Extension advisory (disease forecasting) programs which recommend application timing based on environmental factors favorable for

disease development.

#### **RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT**

For resistance management, **A230.03** contains a Group 9 fungicide. Any fungal population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **A230.03** and other Group 9 fungicides. A gradual or total loss of pest control may occur over time if these fungicides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay fungicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

• Rotate the use of **A230.03** or other Group 9 fungicides within a growing season sequence with different groups that control the same pathogens.

• Use tank mixtures with fungicide from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.

• Adopt an integrated disease management program for fungicide use that includes scouting, uses historical information related to pesticide use, and crop rotation, and which considers host plant resistance, impact of environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.

• Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide applications. Note that using predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance.

• Monitor treated fungal populations for resistance development.

• Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor for any additional pesticide resistance-

management and/or IPM recommendations for specific crops and pathogens.

• For further information or to report suspected resistance contact Atticus, LLC at AtticusLLC.com. You can also contact your pesticide distributor or university extension specialist to report resistance.

#### Crop Tolerance:

Plant tolerance has been found to be acceptable for all crops on the label, however, not all possible tank-mix combinations have been tested under all conditions. When possible, test the combinations on a small portion of the crop to ensure that a phytotoxic response will not occur as a result of application.

#### Spray Drift Management:

To avoid spray drift, do not apply when conditions favor drift beyond the target area. The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT AT THE APPLICATION SITE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR AND THE GROWER.

#### **Rotational Crop Restrictions:**

Do not plant any crop which is not registered for use with cyprodinil for a period of 30 days, unless a shorter interval is specified on the following list.

Rotational Crop	Planting Time From Last A230.03 Application
Artichoke, Globe	
Beans (dried and succulent except cowpeas)	
Berries (bushberries 13-07B, caneberries 13-07A)	
Brassica (Cole) Leafy Vegetables	
Cucurbits	
Herbs (fresh and dried)	
Leafy Vegetables	
Leaves of Root and Tuber Vegetables	0 days
Onions (dry bulb, garlic, and green)	
Peppers	
Tuberous and Corm Vegetables (crop subgroup 1C)	
Root and Tuber Vegetables, except Sugar beet	
Strawberries	
Tomatoes and tomatillos	
Watercress	
Crops Not Intended for Food or Feed	
All Other Crops Intended for Food or Feed	30 days

#### **Restriction:**

In annual crops, where multiple crops can be grown per year (double/triple cropping), do not apply more than 1.3 Ib ai per acre per year to an individual plot of land.

#### APPLICATION AND MIXING PROCEDURES

#### MIXING

Prepare no more spray mixture than is needed for the immediate operation. Thoroughly clean spray equipment before using this product. Vigorous agitation is necessary for proper dispersal of the product. Maintain maximum agitation throughout the spraying operation. Do not let the spray mixture stand overnight in the spray tank. Flush the spray equipment thoroughly following each use and apply the rinsate to a previously treated area. Buffer the spray solution to a pH of 5.0-7.0 when tank mixed with any fungicide containing iprodione.

#### A230.03 Alone:

Add ½ of the required amount of water to the mix tank. With the agitator running, add the **A230.03** to the tank. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water. Begin application of the solution after the **A230.03** has completely dispersed into the mix water. Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been applied.

#### A230.03 + Tank Mixtures:

Add ½ of the required amount of water to the mix tank. Start the agitator running before adding any tank-mix partners. In general, add tank-mix partners in this order: products packaged in water-soluble packaging, wettable powders, wettable granules (dry flowables) such as **A230.03**, liquid flowables, liquids, and emulsifiable concentrates. Always allow each tank-mix partner to become fully dispersed before adding the next product. Provide sufficient agitation while adding the remainder of the water. Maintain agitation until all the mixture has been applied.

When using **A230.03** in tank mixtures, add all products in water-soluble packaging to the tank before any other tank-mix partner, including **A230.03**. Allow the water- soluble packaging to completely dissolve and the product(s) to completely disperse before adding any other tank-mix partner to the tank.

If using **A230.03** in a tank mixture, it is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture. Tank mixtures or other applications of products referenced on this label are permitted only in those states in which the referenced products are registered.

#### Additives:

**A230.03** is compatible with most crop protection additives. Do not use X-77<sup>®</sup> with **A230.03** for bloom sprays applied to stone fruits, almonds and pistachios.

#### APPLICATION

For best disease control, apply **A230.03** in sufficient water to provide thorough and uniform coverage. Use minimum ground spray volumes of 50 gal/A for tree crops, 30 gal/A for vine crops, and 15 gal/A for field and vegetable crops. For aerial application, see spray volume requirements in the specific crop directions for use.

For ground applications, do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.

To prevent spray drift, do not apply when conditions favor drift beyond the target area. Spray overlap may cause crop injury.

For air assisted or air blast sprayers, move spray droplets into the canopy using a forced air stream. Set up the fan to deliver only enough air volume to penetrate the canopy and provide good coverage. Adjust deflectors or other aiming devices to direct spray only to the target area.

Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. Check whirl plates and nozzle discs for wear and replace as necessary. Calibrate sprayer before use.

Use a pump with capacity to maintain the correct rated pressure for the nozzles selected. Maintain sufficient agitation to keep the spray mixture in suspension. Use a jet agitator, liquid sparge tube, or mechanical paddle for agitation. Do not air sparge.

Use screens to prevent nozzles from clogging. Use 50-mesh or coarser screens placed after the tank and before the nozzles. Check nozzle manufacturer's recommendations.

For more information on spray equipment and calibration, consult sprayer manufacturers and state recommendations. For specific local directions and spray schedules, consult the current state agricultural experiment station recommendations.

# OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING RESTRICTIONS WHEN SPRAYING IN THE VICINITY OF AQUATIC AREAS SUCH AS LAKES, RESERVOIRS, RIVERS, PERMANENT STREAMS, MARSHES OR NATURAL PONDS, ESTUARIES, AND COMMERCIAL FISH PONDS.

- Do not apply within 75 ft of bodies of water such as lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, natural ponds, marshes or estuaries.
- Shut off the sprayer when row ends.
- Do not cultivate within 10 ft of aquatic areas in order to allow a vegetative filter strip.
- Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift to aquatic areas. Do not apply when gusts or sustained winds exceed 10 mph.
- Do not apply during a temperature inversion. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas.
- For perennial crops such as tree crops and grapes:
  - For all plantings within 150 ft of bodies of water as described above, spray crops from outside the planting away from the bodies of water.

 Spray last three rows windward of aquatic areas using nozzles on one side only, with spray directed away from aquatic areas. Adjust or turn off top nozzles to prevent spray going over the tops of trees. Shut off nozzles on the side away from the grove/orchard when spraying the outside row. Shut off nozzles when turning at ends of row or passing tree gaps in the rows.

#### AERIAL SPRAY DIRECTIONS

Avoid applications under conditions when uniform coverage cannot be obtained or when excessive drift may occur.

#### Aerial Spray Restrictions:

Observe the following restrictions when spraying in the vicinity of aquatic areas such as lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds, estuaries and commercial fish ponds.

- Use only on crops where aerial applications are indicated.
- Do not apply by air within 150 ft of lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds, estuaries and commercial fish ponds.
- Mount the spray boom on the aircraft so as to minimize the drift caused by wing tip vortices.
- Release spray at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Do not make applications more than 10 feet above the crop canopy.
- Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift to aquatic areas.
- Do not apply during a temperature inversion. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas.
- For aerial applications: Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site. If the windspeed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters.

#### Aerial Spray Precautions:

Observe the following precautions when spraying in the vicinity of aquatic areas such as lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds, estuaries and commercial fish ponds.

- Use the largest droplet size consistent with good pest control.
- Formation of very small droplets may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection, by orientating nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible, and by avoiding excessive spray boom pressure.
- Reduce risk of exposure to aquatic areas by avoiding applications when wind direction is toward the aquatic area.
- Low humidity and high temperatures increase the evaporation rate of spray droplets, and therefore the likelihood of increased spray drift to aquatic area. Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity and/or high temperatures.

#### Application Through Irrigation Systems (Chemigation):

- Use only on crops for which chemigation is specified on this label.
- Apply this product only through center pivot, solid set, hand move, or moving wheel irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- Apply in 0.125-0.25 inches/A of water. Excessive water may reduce efficacy.
- If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
- Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system, unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments

should the need arise.

**Note:** Do not inject **A230.03** at full strength or deterioration of valves and seals may occur. Use a dilution ratio of at least 10 parts water to 1 part **A230.03**. **A230.03** is corrosive to many seal materials. Leather seals are best. EPDM or silicone rubber seals can be used but should be replaced once a year. Do not use Viton<sup>®</sup>, Buna-N, Neoprene, or PVC seals.

#### **Operating Instructions:**

- 1. The system must contain a functional check-valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water- source contamination from backflow.
- 2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick- closing check-valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump), effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended.

#### **Center Pivot Irrigation Equipment:**

- Determine the size of the area to be treated.
- Determine the time required to apply ½ -½ inch of water over the area to be treated when the system and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures as recommended by the equipment manufacturer. When applying **A230.03** through irrigation equipment use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution. Run the system at 80-95% of the manufacturer's rated capacity.
- Using water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure.
- Determine the amount of **A230.03** required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- Add the required amount of **A230.03** and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements to the solution tank.
- Make sure the system is fully charged with water before starting injection of the **A230.03** solution. Time the injection to last at least as long as it takes to bring the system to full pressure.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Continue to operate the system until the **A230.03** solution has cleared the sprinkler head.

#### **Restrictions:**

- 1. Use only with drive systems which provide uniform water distribution.
- 2. Do not use end guns when chemigating **A230.03** through center pivot systems because of non-uniform application.

#### Solid Set, Hand Move, and Moving Wheel Irrigation Equipment:

- Determine the acreage covered by the sprinklers.
- Fill injector solution tank with water and adjust flow rate to use the contents over a 20 to 30-minute interval. When applying **A230.03** through irrigation equipment use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution.
- Determine the amount of **A230.03** required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.

- Add the required amount of **A230.03** into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection period.
- Operate the system at the same pressure and time interval established during the calibration.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until the **A230.03** solution has cleared the last sprinkler head.

#### SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS FOR PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

- Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- 2. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, back-flow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick- closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

#### **CROP USE DIRECTIONS**

#### TREE, NUTS AND VINES

Crop	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Almonds	Brown rot blossom blight ( <i>Monilinia</i> spp.)	5 – 10	Apply <b>A230.03</b> at 5-10% bloom. Additional applications at 50-100% bloom and petal fall may be necessary.
	Suppression: Green fruit rot (Jacket rot) ( <i>Botrytis cinerea</i> )		When used for control of brown rot blossom blight, <b>A230.03</b> will provide suppression of shot hole.
	Shot hole ( <i>Wilsonomyces</i> carpophilus)		For broad spectrum disease control in tank mixture, apply <b>A230.03</b> at a minimum rate of 5 oz in tank mixtures with other fungicides registered for use on almonds.
			For suppression of green fruit rot, apply <b>A230.03</b> at full bloom.
			Disease suppression for almond diseases refers to erratic control from fair to good, or consistent control at a level below that obtained with products registered for control.
			d or air. Good coverage is essential for good disease Make no more than two applications by air.
2. Do no	no more than two applications it apply more than 30 oz/A of <b>A</b> it apply within 60 days of harves	230.03 (1.4 lb	
<b>Citrus[*]</b> Lemon Lime	Alternaria Stem End Rot (5. <i>citri</i> ) Anthracnose ( <i>Colletotrichum</i> gloeosporioides)	5.5 – 7	Make one application near harvest to prevent post-harvest fruit rot. The application may be made up to and including the day of harvest.
	Blue Mold ( <i>Penicillium italicum</i> )		
	Green Mold ( <i>Penicillium digitatum</i> )		
	structions: Good coverage is es	sential for goo	d disease control.
2. Do not a	on may be made by ground pply more than 7 oz/A of <b>A2</b>	<b>30.03</b> per yea	ir. containing products per year.
5. Do not e	applied on the day of harvest xceed one application per ye ed for use in California.1	. , ,	

Crop	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Small Fruit	Botrytis bunch rot		Begin applications of A230.03 at early bloom. Make an
Vine	(Botrytis spp.)		additional application at berry touch, veraison, or
Climbing			preharvest using at least a 7-day spray interval.
-	Suppression:		Botrytis bunch rot is most effectively controlled by
07F (except	Powdery mildew		ground application, using sufficient water volume to
	(Uncinula necator)		provide thorough coverage. Thorough coverage of
			bunches is essential.
Grapes			When used at 10 oz/A, <b>A230.03</b> will provide significant
Amur river			suppression (approximately 60% control) of powdery
			mildew.
grape			
Hardy kiwifruit			Apply <b>A230.03</b> in tank mixture with the label rate of
Maypop			another fungicide registered on grapes for control of
Schisandra		Mixtures	Botrytis bunch rot.
berry		5 - 10	
And cultivars			
and/or hybrids			
of these			
			nd or air. Good coverage is essential for good disease
control. Use a m	inimum of 20 gallons/A spray	volume by air.	Make no more than two applications by air.
Specific Use Res	strictions:		
	more than two applications	hy air	
		•	ai/A of overadiail) por year
			ai/A of cyprodinil) per year.
	ply within 7 days of harvest	: (7-day PHI).	
	for use in California.]		
Kiwi	Botrytis Fruit Rot	10	Make 1-2 applications on a 7-10 day interval
	<i>(Botrytis</i> spp.)		prior to harvest to prevent post-harvest fruit
			rot.
Application Inst	ructions: Application may be	made by groun	d or air. Good coverage is essential for good disease
control liss -	ninimum of 20 gallons/A spray		
control. Use a m	minimum of 20 ganons/A spray	volume by air.	
	- · ·	volume by air.	
Specific Use Res	strictions:		
Specific Use Res 1. Make no m	strictions: nore than two applications by a	air.	
Specific Use Res 1. Make no m 2. Do not app	strictions: nore than two applications by a ly more than 20 oz/A of <b>A230</b> .	air. <b>.03</b> (0.94 lb ai/	
Specific Use Res 1. Make no m 2. Do not app	strictions: nore than two applications by a	air. <b>.03</b> (0.94 lb ai/	
<ol> <li>Specific Use Res</li> <li>Make no m</li> <li>Do not app</li> <li>May be ap</li> </ol>	strictions: hore than two applications by a bly more than 20 oz/A of <b>A230</b> . plied on the day of harvest (0-	air. <b>.03</b> (0.94 lb ai/ day PHI).	A of cyprodinil) per year.
Specific Use Res 1. Make no m 2. Do not app	strictions: nore than two applications by a ly more than 20 oz/A of <b>A230</b> plied on the day of harvest (0- Botrytis	air. <b>.03</b> (0.94 lb ai/	A of cyprodinil) per year. Make the first application during early bloom
<ol> <li>Specific Use Res</li> <li>Make no m</li> <li>Do not app</li> <li>May be ap</li> </ol>	strictions: hore than two applications by a bly more than 20 oz/A of <b>A230</b> . plied on the day of harvest (0-	air. <b>.03</b> (0.94 lb ai/ day PHI).	A of cyprodinil) per year. Make the first application during early bloom and repeat applications at 14- day intervals if
<ol> <li>Specific Use Res</li> <li>Make no m</li> <li>Do not app</li> <li>May be ap</li> </ol>	strictions: hore than two applications by a bly more than 20 oz/A of <b>A230</b> . plied on the day of harvest (0- Botrytis ( <i>Botrytis</i> spp.)	air. <b>.03</b> (0.94 lb ai/ day PHI).	A of cyprodinil) per year. Make the first application during early bloom and repeat applications at 14- day intervals if conditions remain favorable for disease
<ol> <li>Specific Use Res</li> <li>Make no m</li> <li>Do not app</li> <li>May be ap</li> </ol>	strictions: nore than two applications by a ly more than 20 oz/A of <b>A230</b> plied on the day of harvest (0- Botrytis	air. <b>.03</b> (0.94 lb ai/ day PHI).	A of cyprodinil) per year. Make the first application during early bloom and repeat applications at 14- day intervals if
<ol> <li>Specific Use Res</li> <li>Make no m</li> <li>Do not app</li> <li>May be ap</li> </ol>	strictions: hore than two applications by a bly more than 20 oz/A of <b>A230</b> . plied on the day of harvest (0- Botrytis ( <i>Botrytis</i> spp.)	air. <b>.03</b> (0.94 lb ai/ day PHI).	A of cyprodinil) per year. Make the first application during early bloom and repeat applications at 14- day intervals if conditions remain favorable for disease
Specific Use Res 1. Make no m 2. Do not app 3. May be ap Pistachios	strictions: nore than two applications by a oly more than 20 oz/A of <b>A230</b> plied on the day of harvest (0- Botrytis ( <i>Botrytis</i> spp.) Alternaria ( <i>Alternaria alternata</i> )	air. <b>.03</b> (0.94 lb ai/. day PHI). 5.5 – 7	A of cyprodinil) per year. Make the first application during early bloom and repeat applications at 14- day intervals if conditions remain favorable for disease development.
Specific Use Res 1. Make no m 2. Do not app 3. May be ap Pistachios Application Inst	strictions: hore than two applications by a bly more than 20 oz/A of <b>A230</b> . plied on the day of harvest (0- Botrytis ( <i>Botrytis</i> spp.) Alternaria ( <i>Alternaria alternata</i> ) cructions: Application may be	air. . <b>03</b> (0.94 lb ai/. day PHI). 5.5 – 7 made by groun	A of cyprodinil) per year. Make the first application during early bloom and repeat applications at 14- day intervals if conditions remain favorable for disease development. Ind or air. Good coverage is essential for good disease
Specific Use Res 1. Make no m 2. Do not app 3. May be ap Pistachios Application Inst control. Use a m	strictions: nore than two applications by a oly more than 20 oz/A of <b>A230</b> plied on the day of harvest (0- Botrytis ( <i>Botrytis</i> spp.) Alternaria ( <i>Alternaria alternata</i> ) cructions: Application may be a ninimum of 20 gallons/A spray	air. . <b>03</b> (0.94 lb ai/. day PHI). 5.5 – 7 made by groun	A of cyprodinil) per year. Make the first application during early bloom and repeat applications at 14- day intervals if conditions remain favorable for disease development.
Specific Use Res 1. Make no m 2. Do not app 3. May be ap Pistachios Application Inst control. Use a m Specific Use Res	strictions: nore than two applications by a bly more than 20 oz/A of <b>A230</b> plied on the day of harvest (0- Botrytis ( <i>Botrytis</i> spp.) Alternaria ( <i>Alternaria alternata</i> ) cructions: Application may be ninimum of 20 gallons/A spray strictions:	air. .03 (0.94 lb ai/. day PHI). 5.5 – 7 made by groun volume by air.	A of cyprodinil) per year. Make the first application during early bloom and repeat applications at 14- day intervals if conditions remain favorable for disease development. Ind or air. Good coverage is essential for good disease
Specific Use Res 1. Make no m 2. Do not app 3. May be ap Pistachios Application Inst control. Use a m Specific Use Res 1. Make no n	strictions: nore than two applications by a ply more than 20 oz/A of <b>A230</b> plied on the day of harvest (0- Botrytis ( <i>Botrytis</i> spp.) Alternaria ( <i>Alternaria alternata</i> ) cructions: Application may be minimum of 20 gallons/A spray strictions: more than two applications	air. .03 (0.94 lb ai/. day PHI). 5.5 – 7 made by groun volume by air. by air.	A of cyprodinil) per year. Make the first application during early bloom and repeat applications at 14- day intervals if conditions remain favorable for disease development. Ind or air. Good coverage is essential for good disease Make no more than two applications by air.
Specific Use Res 1. Make no m 2. Do not app 3. May be ap Pistachios Application Inst control. Use a m Specific Use Res 1. Make no m 2. Do not ap	strictions: nore than two applications by a ply more than 20 oz/A of <b>A230</b> plied on the day of harvest (0- Botrytis ( <i>Botrytis</i> spp.) Alternaria ( <i>Alternaria alternata</i> ) cructions: Application may be minimum of 20 gallons/A spray strictions: more than two applications	air. .03 (0.94 lb ai/. day PHI). 5.5 – 7 made by groun volume by air. by air. 230.03 (1.3 lb	A of cyprodinil) per year. Make the first application during early bloom and repeat applications at 14- day intervals if conditions remain favorable for disease development.

Crop	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Pome Fruits <sup>1</sup> Apples Crabapples	<b>Prebloom</b> Scab ( <i>Venturia</i> spp.)	<b>A230.03</b> Alone 5	For pome fruits except pear, begin application at green tip and continue on a 7- to 10-day interval. Under severe disease pressure, use the shorter interval.
Loquat Mayhaw Pears (see tank mixture instructions)		<b>A230.03</b> Tank Mixtures 3 – 5	For scab control utilizing multiple modes of action, apply <b>A230.03</b> in tank mixture with the label rate of a protectant or systemic fungicide registered on pome fruit. Make applications on a 7- to 10-day interval.
Quince And cultivars and/or hybrids of these	<b>Pink, bloom, post- bloom</b> Scab ( <i>Venturia</i> spp.)	<b>A230.03</b> Tank Mixtures 3 – 5	Apply A230.03 in tank mix combination with the label rate of a protectant fungicide. Use of the label rate of an EBDC fungicide will broaden the disease control spectrum to include cedar apple rust. The addition of the label rate of sulfur or a sterol inhibitor (SI) fungicide to this tank mix will broaden the disease control spectrum to include powdery mildew.

<sup>1</sup>Complete List of Pome Fruit Crops: Apple; Azarole; Crabapple; Loquat; Mayhaw; Medlar; Pear; Pear, Asian; Quince; Quince, Chinese; Quince, Japanese; Tejocote and cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these

**Application Instructions:** Application may be made by ground or air. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 20 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air.

Specific Use Restrictions:

1. When applying to pears, apply **A230.03** in tank mix only.

2. Make no more than two applications by air.

3. Do not apply more than 30 oz/A of **A230.03** (1.4 lb ai/A of cyprodinil) per year.

4. Do not apply within 0 days of harvest (0-day PHI).

Сгор	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
	Brown rot blossom blight		Begin applications at bloom stage (apricots at red
	(Monilinia spp.)		bud, cherries at popcorn, peaches and nectarines
12 <sup>1</sup>			at pink bud, plums and prunes at green tip). Make
			a second application at full bloom. Use A230.03
Apricots			alone or in tank mixture with the label rate of
Tart cherries			another fungicide registered for stone fruit.
Nectarines			
Peaches	California only	A230.03	Apply a maximum of 2 applications of A230.03
Plums Prunes		Alone	during the preharvest period up through 2 days
	Fruit brown rot		prior to harvest as needed.
And cultivars	(Monilinia spp.)	10	
and/or hybrids		A230.03	Apply <b>A230.03</b> in tank mixture with the label rate
of these		Tank	of another fungicide registered on stone fruit for
		Mixtures	control of fruit brown rot.
		5	

<sup>1</sup>Complete List of Stone Fruit: Apricot; Apricot, Japanese; Cherry, tart; Jujube, Chinese; Nectarine; Peach; Plum; Plum, American; Plum, beach; Plum, Canada; Plum, cherry; Plum, Chickasaw; Plum, Damson; Plum, Japanese; Plum, Klamath; Plum, prune; Plumcot; Prune; Sloe; as well as other cultivars and hybrids of these

**Application Instructions:** Application may be made by ground or air. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 20 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air.

#### Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1. Do not apply **A230.03** to sweet cherries.
- 2. Make no more than two applications by air.
- 3. Do not apply more than 30 oz/A of **A230.03** (1.4 lb ai/A of cyprodinil) per year.
- 4. Do not apply more than a maximum total of 4 applications (air plus ground) per year.
- 5. Do not apply within 2 days of harvest (2-day PHI).

Сгор	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Acerola Avocado Black sapote Canistel	Botrytis fruit rot ( <i>Botrytis</i> spp.) Alternaria fruit rot <i>(Alternaria</i> spp.) Anthracnose <i>(Colletotrichum</i> spp.)	5.5 – 7	Make the first application during early bloom and repeat on 7- to 10-day intervals if conditions remain favorable for disease development. Resistance Management: After 2 applications of <b>A230.03</b> , alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action for 2 applications.
control. Use a m Specific Use Res 1. Make no r 2. Do not ap	ninimum of 20 gallons/A spray vol strictions: more than two applications by ply more than 28 oz/A of <b>A230</b>	ume by air. Mak air. <b>).03</b> (1.3 lb ai/4	air. Good coverage is essential for good disease are no more than two applications by air. A of cyprodinil) per year. ions (air plus ground) per year.

4. May be applied on the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

#### **CROP DIRECTIONS**

#### BERRIES, FRUITS, HERBS AND VEGETABLES

Сгор	Dis	ease	Product oz/Ac			Remarks
Artichoke, Globe[*] Application Instructi	(R. cynarad	a bud spot ae)		Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are conducive for disease. Apply <b>A230.03</b> on a 14-day schedule, making no more than 2 sequential applications before alternating to another fungicide with a different mode of action.		
gallons of water per	acre to obta chemigation cacy.	ain coverage w	/ithout ex	cessive	e runof	n. For ground applications, apply in 50-200 f. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 . Chemigation with excessive water may lead
<ol> <li>Do not apply m</li> <li>Do not apply m</li> <li>Do not apply m</li> <li>Do not apply r year.</li> <li>Do not apply wi [*Not registered for</li> </ol>	ore than 1.3 nore than a ithin 3 days	b lb ai/A/year of a maximum 1 of harvest (3-o	of a cypro total of 4	dinil-c	ontaini	
Beans (Dried and Succule except cowpeas)[* Chickpea (garbanze Bean ( <i>Lupinus</i> spp. Iupin, sweet Iup Iupin, white swe Bean ( <i>Phaseolus</i> sp (kidney, Iima, mu pinto, snap, wax) Broad Bean (fava b Bean ( <i>Vigna</i> spp.) (asparagus, blacke	*] o bean) ) (grain in, white eet lupin) op.) ing, navy, bean)	Gray mold <i>(Botrytis cin</i>	erea)	5.5	- 7	Begin applications prior to or at the onset of disease and repeat applications on a 7-day interval if conditions remain favorable for disease development. <b>Resistance Management:</b> After 2 applications of <b>A230.03</b> , alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action for 2 applications.
good disease control air. For chemigation, in efficacy. <b>Specific Use Restrict</b> 1. Make no more	I. Use a mini apply in 0.1 ions: than two more 28 oz, within 7 da	applications /A of <b>A230.0</b> /S of harvest	ons/A spr A of wate by air. <b>3</b> (1.3 lb	ay vol r. Che ai/A c	ume by migatio	r chemigation. Good coverage is essential for v air. Make no more than two applications by on with excessive water may lead to a decrease odinil) per year.

Сгор	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Aronia berry Black current, blueberry high and low bush Buffalo current Chilean guava Edible honeysuckle Elderberry European barberry Gooseberry Highbush cranberry Huckleberry Jostaberry Juneberry (Saskatoon berry) Lingonberry Native currant Red currant Salal Sea buckthorn <b>Caneberry Subgroup 13-07A[*]</b> Blackberry Loganberry Red and Black Raspberry Wild raspberry	Mummy berry (Monilinia vacciniicorymbosi) Anthracnose (Colletotrichum spp.) Alternaria fruit rot (Alternaria tenuissima) Botrytis fruit rot (Botryis cinerea)		Begin applications prior to or at the onset of disease and repeat applications on a 7- to 10-day interval if conditions remain favorable for disease development. Resistance Management: After 2 applications of <b>A230.03</b> , alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action for 2 applications.
	ons/A spray volume by applications by air.	air. Make no r	Good coverage is essential for good disease nore than two applications by air.

Do not apply more than 28 oz/A of A230.03 (1.3 lb
 May be applied on the day of harvest (0-day PHI).
 [\*Not registered for use in California.]

Сгор	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks	
Brassica	Powdery mildew	5.5 - 7	Begin applications prior to or at the onset of	
(Cole) Leafy	(Erysiphe polygoni)		disease and repeat applications on a 7- to 10-day	
Vegetables <sup>1</sup> [*]			interval if conditions remain favorable for disease	
Broccoli Brussels			development.	
sprouts Cabbage				
Cabbage,			Resistance Management: After 2 applications of	
Chinese			A230.03, alternate with another fungicide with a	
Cauliflower			different mode of action for 2 applications.	
Collards				
Kale				
Mustard greens				
Turnip greens				
And cultivars				
and/or hybrids				
of these				
<sup>1</sup> Additional Cole Veg spinach, and Rape gre		ese, Broccoli raab	, Cavalo broccolo, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard	
Application Instruction	ons: Application may b	e made by ground	d, air, or chemigation. Good coverage is essential for	
good disease control.	Use a minimum of 10	gallons/A spray v	olume by air. Make no more than two applications	
by air. For chemigatic	on, apply in 0.1-0.25 inc	ches/A of water.	Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a	
decrease in efficacy.				
Specific Use Restricti	ons:			
1. Make no more	than two application	ns by air.		
2. Do not use roo	ts of treated turnips	for food or feed	I. Only turnip varieties harvested for their leaves	
may be treated	ł.			
3. Do not apply m	nore than 28 oz/A of	A230.03 (1.3 lb	ai/A of cyprodinil) per year.	
<ol> <li>Specific Use Restrictions:</li> <li>Make no more than two applications by air.</li> <li>Do not use roots of treated turnips for food or feed. Only turnip varieties harvested for their leaves may be treated.</li> <li>Do not apply more than 28 oz/A of A230.03 (1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil) per year.</li> </ol>				

Сгор	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks		
Cucurbits[*]	Alternaria Leaf	5.5 - 7	Begin applications prior to or at the onset of		
	Blight		disease and repeat applications on a 7-10 day		
Cantaloupe	(A. cucumerina)		interval if conditions remain favorable for		
Chayote			disease development.		
Chinese	Alternaria Leaf Spot		Posistance Management: After 2		
waxgourd	(A. alternate)		Resistance Management: After 2 applications of <b>A230.03</b> , alternate with		
Cucumber	Gummy Stem Blight		another fungicide with a different mode of		
Gourds	(Didymella		action for 2 applications.		
Honeydew	bryoniae)				
Momordica spp.	Si yomacy				
(Bitter melon,	Powdery Mildew				
Balsam apple)	, (Sphaerotheca				
Muskmelon	fuliginea, Erysiphe				
Watermelon	cichoracearum)				
Pumpkin Squash Zucchini					
Zucchini					
And cultivars					
and/or hybrids of					
these					
			, air, or chemigation. Good coverage is essential for		
			olume by air. Make no more than two applications		
	on, apply in 0.1-0.25 inc	ches/A of water. (	Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a		
decrease in efficacy. Specific Use Restriction	005:				
		ns hy air			
<ol> <li>May be applied up to 1 day before harvest (1-day PHI).</li> </ol>					
[*Not registered for u					

Сгор	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Herbs <sup>1</sup> [*]	Alternaria leaf	5.5 - 7	Begin applications prior to or at the onset of
(Dried and	spot ( <i>Alternaria</i>		disease and repeat applications on a 7- to 10-
fresh)	spp.)		day interval if conditions remain favorable for disease development.
Basil Chive	Botrytis leaf blight		
Coriander, leaves	( <i>Botrytis</i> spp.)		Resistance Management: After 2 applications of <b>A230.03</b> , alternate with
(cilantro)			another fungicide with a different mode of
Dillweed			action for 2 applications.
Lemongrass			
Parsley			
Rosemary			
Sage Tarragon			
Thyme			
Clary, Costmary, Cula	intro (leaves), Curry (le	aves), Horehound	Burnet, Camomile, Catnip , Chervil (dried leaves), , Hyssop, Lavender, Lovage (leaves), Marigold,   winter), Sweet bay, Tansy, Wintergreen, Woodruff,
			, air, or chemigation. Good
-	-		n of 10 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more
	, .	n, apply in 0.1-0.2	5 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive
water may lead to a d	· · · ·		
Specific Use Restricti			
	than two application	,	
		-	ai/A of cyprodinil) per year.
3. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).			

3. Do not apply within / days of f [\*Not registered for use in California.]

Сгор	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Leafy Greens	Alternaria leaf	5.5 - 7	Begin applications prior to or at the onset of
Subgroup 4A	spot ( <i>Alternaria</i>		disease and repeat applications on a 7- to
(except	spp.)		10-day interval if conditions remain
Brassica)[*] and			favorable for disease development.
Leaf Petioles	Gray mold		
Subgroup 4B[*]	(Botrytis cinerea)		Resistance Management: After 2
			applications of A230.03, alternate with
Amaranth	Suppression:		another fungicide with a different mode of
Arugula	Powdery mildew		action for 2 applications.
Cardoon	(Erysiphe		
Celery	cichoracearum)		
Celery, Chinese			
Celtuce			
Chervil			
Chrysanthemum,			
edible			
Corn salad			
Cress			
Dandelion			
Dock			
Endive (escarole)			
Fennel, Florence			
Lettuce, head and leaf			
New Zealand			
spinach			
Orach			
Parsley			
Purslane			
Radicchio			
Rhubarb Spinach			
Spinach vine			
Swiss chard			
And cultivars and/			

**Application Instructions:** Application may be made by ground, air, or chemigation. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 10 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1. Make no more than two applications by air.
- 2. Do not apply more than 28 oz/A of **A230.03** (1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil) per year.
- 3. May be applied on the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

Сгор	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks	
Leaves of Root	Alternaria Leaf	5.5 - 7	Begin applications prior to or at the onset of	
and Tuber	Blight		disease and repeat applications on a 7-10 day	
Vegetables <sup>1</sup> [*]	(Alternaria dauci)		interval if conditions remain favorable for disease development.	
Carrot	Powdery Mildew			
Beet, garden	(Erysiphe spp.)		Resistance Management: After 2 applications	
Beet, sugar			of <b>A230.03</b> , alternate with another fungicide	
Parsnip			with a different mode of action for 2	
Radish			applications.	
Radish (oriental)				
Rutabaga				
Sweet Potato				
Turnip				
Yam (true)				
<sup>1</sup> Additional Leaves o	of Root and Tuber Vege	etables: Burdock (	edible), Cassava, Celeriac, Chicory, Dasheen, Salsify	
(including black and	Spanish), Tanier, and T	urnip rooted cherv	/il.	
Application Instructions: Application may be made by ground, air, or chemigation. Good coverage is essential for				
good disease control. Use a minimum of 10 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications				
by air. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a				
decrease in efficacy. Specific Use Restrict	ions:			
		ns hy air		
	of cyprodinil-containing products per year.			
	01 1	,	ar for specified leaves of root and tuber	
vegetables exc				
Ū	•	of cyprodinil-co	ntaining products per year for specified leaves of	
	root and tuber vegetables except radish.			

- 6. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).
- 7. Do not allow cattle or other livestock to feed upon the leaves of root vegetables.

Сгор	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Onions Bulb Vegetables Crop Group 3-07A and 3-07B Bulb Onion Chinese onion Dry bulb onion Daylily bulb Fritillaria bulb Garlic Great-headed garlic Lily bulb Pearl onion Potato onion Serpent garlic Shallot	Botrytis leaf blight or blast ( <i>Botrytis</i> spp.) Purple blotch ( <i>Alternaria porri</i> ) Suppression: Neck rot ( <i>Botrytis</i> spp.)	5.5 - 10	<ul> <li>Begin applications prior to or at the onset of disease and repeat applications on a 7- to 10-day interval if conditions remain favorable for disease development.</li> <li>For optimal effect on neck rot, apply on a 7-day schedule at the 10 oz rate.</li> <li>Resistance Management: After 2 applications of A230.03, alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action for 2 applications.</li> </ul>
Green Onion Beltsville bunching onion Chinese chive fresh leaves Fresh chive leaves Fritillaria leaves Fresh onion Green onion Hosta elegans Kurrat Lady's leek Leek Macrostem onion Shallot fresh leaves Tree tops onion Welsh onion tops Wild leek Wild onion Onions grown for seed			
And cultivars and/ or hybrids of these			Continued

Continued

**Application Instructions:** Application may be made by ground, air, or chemigation. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 5 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1. Make no more than two applications by air.
- 2. Do not apply more than 28 oz/A of **A230.03** (1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil) per year.
- 3. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).

5. Do not apply v		ady i i ii).	
Potatoes Tuberous and	Brown spot (Alternaria alternata)	5.5 - 7	Begin applications prior to or at the onset of disease and repeat
Corm Vegetables Crop Subgroup 1C <sup>1</sup> [*]	Early blight ( <i>A. solani</i> )		applications on a 7-10 day interval if conditions remain favorable for disease development.
Sweet Potatoes	Powdery mildew ( <i>Erysiphe cichoracearum</i> ) Septoria leaf spot ( <i>Septoria lycopersici</i> ) Tan spot		Resistance Management: After 2 applications of <b>A230.03</b> , alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action for 2 applications.
	(Botrytis cinerea)		
Jerusalem), Canna, C	-	yote (root), Chufa	a, Arrowroot, Artichoke (Chinese and , Dasheen (Taro), Ginger, Leren, Tanier, e

**Application Instructions:** Application may be made by ground, air, or chemigation. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 5 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Specific Use Restrictions:

1. Make no more than two applications by air.

- 2. Do not apply more than 28 oz/A of **A230.03** per year.
- 3. Do not apply more than 1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil-containing products per year.
- 4. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

Сгор	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Root and Tuber Vegetables except Sugar beet <sup>1</sup> [*]	Alternaria Leaf Blight <i>(Alternaria dauci)</i> Powdery Mildew <i>(Erysiphe</i> spp.)	5.5 - 7	Begin applications prior to or at the onset of disease and repeat applications on a 7-10 day interval if conditions remain favorable for disease development.
Carrot Beet, garden Ginseng Horseradish Parsnip Radish Radish (oriental) Rutabaga Turnip			Resistance Management: After 2 applications of <b>A230.03</b> , alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action for 2 applications.

<sup>1</sup> Additional Root and Tuber Vegetables: Burdock, edible, Celeriac, Chicory, Salsify (including black and Spanish), Skirret, Turnip-root parsley, and Turnip rooted chervil.

**Application Instructions:** Application may be made by ground, air, or chemigation. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 5 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Specific Use Restrictions:

- 1. Make no more than two applications by air.
- 2. Radish ONLY Make no more than two applications per year.
- 3. Radish ONLY Do not apply more than 14 oz of **A230.03** per crop per year or more than 0.66 lb ai/A of cyprodinil-containing products per year.
- 4. Do not apply more than 28 oz/A of **A230.03** per year for specified leaves of root and tuber vegetables, except radish.
- 5. Do not apply more than 1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil-containing products per year for specified leaves of root and tuber vegetables, except radish.
- 6. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).
- 7. Do not allow cattle or other livestock to feed upon the leaves of root vegetables.

	Gray mold	oz/Acre	
Growing Subgroup	(Botrytis cinerea)	5.5 - 10	Begin application at or before bloom and continue on a 7- to 10-day interval.
13- 07G (except Cranberry) <sup>1</sup> [*] Strawberry	Powdery mildew (Sphaerotheca macularis)		<b>Resistance Management:</b> After 2 applications of <b>A230.03</b> , alternate with another fungicide with a different mode
	Anthracnose (Colletotrichum spp.)		of action for 2 applications.
ē	Root and crown anthracnose at planting ( <i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.)	2.5-4 oz per 100 gal water	Apply as a preplant dip to strawberry roots and crowns at the rate of 2.5 to 4 oz per 100 gal of water for suppression of root and crown rot caused by anthracnose. Wash transplants to remove excess soil prior to dipping. This helps to remove adhering spores from the external plant parts. Completely immerse planting stock in dip solution. Dip or expose plants for a minimum of 2 to 5 minutes. <b>DO NOT</b> reuse solution. Dispose of dip solution according to local regulations.
			Plant treated plants as quickly as possible. For continued anthracnose control, follow with foliar applications of beginning 2-3 weeks after transplant.

<sup>1</sup> Additional Low Growing Berries: Bearberry; bilberry; cloudberry; muntries; partridgeberry and cultivars and/or hybrids of these.

**Application Instructions:** Application may be made by ground, air, or chemigation. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 5 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Specific Use Restrictions:

1. Make no more than two applications by air.

2. Make only one pre-plant dip application per crop.

3. Do not apply more than 28 oz/A of A230.03 (1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil) per year.

4. May be applied on the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

Crop	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Fruiting Vegetable Crop Group 8-10 <sup>1</sup> [*] Eggplant Groundcherry Pepino Pepper (includes bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper) Tomatillo	Early Blight ( <i>Alternaria solani</i> ) Grey Mold ( <i>Botrytis cinerea</i> ) Powdery Mildew ( <i>Leveillula taurica</i> )	5.5 - 7	Begin applications prior to or at the onset of disease and repeat applications on a 7-10 day interval if conditions remain favorable for disease development. <b>Resistance Management:</b> After 2 applications of <b>A230.03</b> , alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action for 2 applications.
berry; martynia; nara tomato; cultivars, var	njilla; okra; pea eggplant; pepino; p ieties, and/or hybrids of these.	pepper, nonbell; r	L currant tomato; garden huckleberry; goji oselle; scarlet eggplant; sunberry; tree nigation. Good coverage is essential for
<ul> <li>decrease in efficacy.</li> <li>Specific Use Restriction</li> <li>1. Make no more</li> <li>2. Do not apply m</li> <li>3. Do not apply m</li> <li>4. Do not apply m</li> <li>year.</li> </ul>	ons: than two applications by air. nore than 28 oz/A of <b>A230.03</b> pe nore than 1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodin nore than a maximum total of 4 d on the day of harvest (0-day Pl	er year. il-containing pro applications (air	with excessive water may lead to a oducts per year. plus ground plus chemigation) per
Watercress[*]	Cercospora leaf spot (Cercospora spp.)	5.5 - 7	Begin applications prior to or at the onset of disease and repeat applications on a 7- to 10-day interval if conditions remain favorable for disease development. <b>Resistance Management:</b> After 2 applications of <b>A230.03</b> , alternate

Continued

Specific Use Restrictions

- 1. Do not apply more than 28 oz/A of **A230.03** (1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil) per year.
- 2. May be applied on the day of harvest (0-day PHI).
- 3. Applications can be made to a dry bed only. Do not apply directly to water.

[\*Not registered for use in California.]

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Keep this product in its tightly closed original container, when not in use. Store in a cool, dry (preferably locked) area that is inaccessible to children and animals.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes may be toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

#### **CONTAINER HANDLING:**

Nonrefillable Container (≤ 50 pounds): Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

#### LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

**IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE.** Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If these terms and conditions are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability. **CONDITIONS:** The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness, injury, and other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application (including misuse), the presence of other materials, weather conditions, and other unknown factors, all of which are beyond the control of ATTICUS, LLC. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

**DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, ATTICUS, LLC makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond statements on this label. **LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, neither ATTICUS, LLC the manufacturer, nor the Seller shall be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use, handling, application, storage, or disposal of this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use, handling, application, or storage of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid.

A230.03 is a trademark of Atticus, LLC

Vangard<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of Syngenta Group Company.

# {LANGUAGE ON LABEL AFFIXED TO CONTAINER}

### A230.03™

#### [Alternate Brand Name: Vango WG]

Active Ingredient:	(% by weight)
Cyprodinil: 4-cyclopropyl-6-methyl-N-phenyl-	
pyrimidinamine*	75.0%
Other Ingredients	
Total	
A230.03 is a water-dispersible granule containing 75%	6 cyprodinil.

\*CAS No. 121552-61-2

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

	FIRST AID
If in eyes	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> </ul>
clothing	<ul> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> </ul>
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
NOTE TO PHY symptomatic	/SICIAN: If ingested, induce emesis or lavage stomach. Treat ally.
	HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall at 1-844-685-9173 for emergency medical treatment information.

#### For Chemical Emergency

Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident Call CHEMTREC Day or Night Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:** This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. **PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Keep this product in its tightly closed original container, when not in use. Store in a

cool, dry (preferably locked) area that is inaccessible to children and animals. **PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes may be toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance. **CONTAINER HANDLING:** 

Nonrefillable Container (≤ 50 pounds): Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

See inside label booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

#### Manufactured for:

20180831a

Atticus, LLC 5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100 Cary, NC 27513 EPA Reg. No. 91234-78 EPA Est. No. \_\_\_\_\_ NET WEIGHT: