



U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (7505P)
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460

EPA Reg. Number:

91234-78

Date of Issuance:

8/31/18

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

Registration
 Reregistration
(under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance:

Unconditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

A230.03

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Dave G. Bolin, Ph.D.
Atticus, LLC
5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100
Cary, NC 27513

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is unconditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(5) provided that you:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration/registration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.
2. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:
 - Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 91234-78."
 - Add an EPA Establishment Number and appropriate Net Contents information

Signature of Approving Official:

Hope Johnson, Product Manager 21
Fungicide Branch, Registration Division (7505P)

Date:

8/31/18

3. Submit one copy of the revised final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. Please also note that the record for this product currently contains the following CSFs:

- Basic CSF dated 04/08/2018

The alternate brand name "Vango WG" has been added to the product record.

If you have any questions, please contact Fatima Sow by phone at (703) 347-8308, or via email at sow.fatima@epa.gov

Enclosure:
Product label stamped accepted 8.31.2018

[Note to reviewer: [Text] in brackets denotes optional or explanatory language
[Note to reviewer: {Text} in braces denotes where in the final label text will appear
{BOOKLET FRONT PANEL LANGUAGE}

CYPRODINIL	GROUP	9	FUNGICIDE
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A230.03 [™]

[Alternate Brand Name: Vango WG]

Active Ingredient: (% by weight)

Cyprodinil: 4-cyclopropyl-6-methyl-N-phenyl-
pyrimidinamine*75.0%

Other Ingredients:25.0%

Total 100.0%

A230.03 is a water-dispersible granule containing 75% cyprodinil.

*CAS No. 121552-61-2

Contains cyprodinil, the active ingredient used in Vanguard® WG Fungicide.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside label booklet for First Aid, Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

EPA Reg. No.: 91234-

EPA Est. No.:

Net Weight:

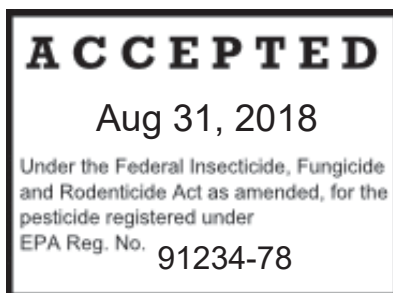
Manufactured For:

Atticus, LLC

5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100

Cary, NC 27513

A230.03 is not manufactured, or distributed by Syngenta Crop Protection, seller of Vanguard® WG Fungicide.



{LANGUAGE INSIDE BOOKLET}

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Take off contaminated clothing.• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: If ingested, induce emesis or lavage stomach. Treat symptomatically.	
HOT LINE NUMBER	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall at 1-844-685-9173 for emergency medical treatment information.	

**For Chemical Emergency
Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident
Call CHEMTREC Day or Night**

Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals
CAUTION**

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below.

Handlers applying this product as a pre-plant dip to strawberry roots and crowns and workers packaging or preparing treated roots and crowns for shipment must wear:

- Chemical-resistant apron made of any waterproof material
- Elbow-length chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Chemical-resistant boots made of any waterproof material

All other applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof materials (polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride)
- Shoes plus socks

In addition, mixers and loaders for aerial and groundboom applications must wear:

- A minimum of a NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any N1, R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved powered air purifying respirator with HE filters.

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Control Statements:

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**Users should:**

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards:

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Surface and Ground Water Advisory:

This chemical may contaminate water through runoff. This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This chemical has a potential for runoff for several months or more after application. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains this chemical. A level, well maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this chemical is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of cyprodinil from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours. Sound erosion control practices will reduce this product's potential to reach aquatic sediment via runoff.

Physical or Chemical Hazards:

Do not use, pour, spill or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

PRODUCT INFORMATION

A230.03 is a broad spectrum fungicide which controls certain diseases in fruits, herbs, nuts and vegetables. Failure to follow directions and precautions on this label may result in crop injury, poor disease control, and/or illegal residues.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

A230.03 has preventative and systemic properties and is labeled for the control of many important plant diseases. **A230.03** provides excellent disease control of Botrytis, several leaf spots and powdery mildews. **A230.03** is applied as a foliar spray and can be used in block, alternating spray, or tank-mix programs with other crop protection products. Make all applications according to the use directions that follow.

PRODUCT USE INSTRUCTIONS

Application:

Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control. Make no more spray solution than is needed for application. Avoid spray overlap, as crop injury may occur.

Adjuvants:

When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, Atticus recommends the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant.

Efficacy:

Under certain conditions conducive to extended infection periods, use another registered fungicide for additional applications if the maximum amount of **A230.03** has been used. If resistant isolates to Group 9 fungicides are present, efficacy can be reduced for certain diseases. The higher rates in the rate range and/or shorter spray intervals may be required under conditions of heavy infection pressure, with highly susceptible varieties, or when environmental conditions are conducive to disease.

Integrated Pest Management (IPM):

Integrate **A230.03** into an overall disease and pest management strategy whenever the use of a fungicide is required. Follow cultural practices known to reduce disease. Consult your local agricultural authorities for additional IPM strategies established for your area. **A230.03** may be used in State Agricultural Extension advisory (disease forecasting) programs which recommend application timing based on environmental factors favorable for disease development.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, **A230.03** contains a Group 9 fungicide/bactericide. Any fungal/bacterial population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **A230.03** and other Group 9 fungicides/bactericides. A gradual or total loss of pest control may occur over time if these fungicides/bactericides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay fungicide/bactericide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of **A230.03** or other Group 9 fungicides/bactericides within a growing season sequence with different groups that control the same pathogens.
- Use tank mixtures with fungicide/bactericides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.
- Adopt an integrated disease management program for fungicide/bactericide use that includes scouting, uses historical information related to pesticide use, and crop rotation, and which considers host plant resistance, impact of environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide/bactericide applications. Note that using predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance.
- Monitor treated fungal/bacterial populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for specific crops and pathogens.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact Atticus, LLC at AtticusLLC.com. You can also contact your pesticide distributor or university extension specialist to report resistance.

Crop Tolerance:

Plant tolerance has been found to be acceptable for all crops on the label, however, not all possible tank-mix combinations have been tested under all conditions. When possible, test the combinations on a small portion of the crop to ensure that a phytotoxic response will not occur as a result of application.

Spray Drift Management:

To avoid spray drift, do not apply when conditions favor drift beyond the target area. The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT AT THE APPLICATION SITE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR AND THE GROWER.

Rotational Crop Restrictions:

Do not plant any crop which is not registered for use with cyprodinil for a period of 30 days, unless a shorter interval is specified on the following list.

Rotational Crop	Planting Time From Last A230.03 Application
Artichoke, Globe Beans (dried and succulent except cowpeas) Berries (bushberries 13-07B, caneberries 13-07A) Brassica (Cole) Leafy Vegetables Cucurbits Herbs (fresh and dried) Leafy Vegetables Leaves of Root and Tuber Vegetables Onions (dry bulb, garlic, and green) Peppers Tuberos and Corm Vegetables (crop subgroup 1C) Root and Tuber Vegetables, except Sugar beet Strawberries Tomatoes and tomatillos Watercress Crops Not Intended for Food or Feed	0 days
All Other Crops Intended for Food or Feed	30 days

Restriction:

In annual crops, where multiple crops can be grown per year (double/triple cropping), do not apply more than 1.3 lb ai per acre per year to an individual plot of land.

APPLICATION AND MIXING PROCEDURES

MIXING

Prepare no more spray mixture than is needed for the immediate operation. Thoroughly clean spray equipment before using this product. Vigorous agitation is necessary for proper dispersal of the product. Maintain maximum agitation throughout the spraying operation. Do not let the spray mixture stand overnight in the spray tank. Flush the spray equipment thoroughly following each use and apply the rinsate to a previously treated area. Buffer the spray solution to a pH of 5.0-7.0 when tank mixed with any fungicide containing iprodione.

A230.03 Alone:

Add ½ of the required amount of water to the mix tank. With the agitator running, add the **A230.03** to the tank. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water. Begin application of the solution after the **A230.03** has completely dispersed into the mix water. Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been applied.

A230.03 + Tank Mixtures:

Add ½ of the required amount of water to the mix tank. Start the agitator running before adding any tank-mix partners. In general, add tank-mix partners in this order: products packaged in water-soluble packaging, wettable powders, wettable granules (dry flowables) such as **A230.03**, liquid flowables, liquids, and emulsifiable concentrates. Always allow each tank-mix partner to become fully dispersed before adding the next product. Provide sufficient agitation while adding the remainder of the water. Maintain agitation until all the mixture has been applied.

When using **A230.03** in tank mixtures, add all products in water-soluble packaging to the tank before any other tank-mix partner, including **A230.03**. Allow the water-soluble packaging to completely dissolve and the product(s) to completely disperse before adding any other tank-mix partner to the tank.

If using **A230.03** in a tank mixture, it is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture. Tank mixtures or other applications of products referenced on this label are permitted only in those states in which the referenced products are registered.

Additives:

A230.03 is compatible with most crop protection additives. Do not use X-77® with **A230.03** for bloom sprays applied to stone fruits, almonds and pistachios.

APPLICATION

For best disease control, apply **A230.03** in sufficient water to provide thorough and uniform coverage. Use minimum ground spray volumes of 50 gal/A for tree crops, 30 gal/A for vine crops, and 15 gal/A for field and vegetable crops. For aerial application, see spray volume requirements in the specific crop directions for use.

For ground applications, do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.

To prevent spray drift, do not apply when conditions favor drift beyond the target area. Spray overlap may cause crop injury.

For air assisted or air blast sprayers, move spray droplets into the canopy using a forced air stream. Set up the fan to deliver only enough air volume to penetrate the canopy and provide good coverage. Adjust deflectors or other aiming devices to direct spray only to the target area.

Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. Check whirl plates and nozzle discs for wear and replace as necessary. Calibrate sprayer before use.

Use a pump with capacity to maintain the correct rated pressure for the nozzles selected. Maintain sufficient agitation to keep the spray mixture in suspension. Use a jet agitator, liquid sparge tube, or mechanical paddle for agitation. Do not air sparge.

Use screens to prevent nozzles from clogging. Use 50-mesh or coarser screens placed after the tank and before the nozzles. Check nozzle manufacturer's recommendations.

For more information on spray equipment and calibration, consult sprayer manufacturers and state recommendations. For specific local directions and spray schedules, consult the current state agricultural experiment station recommendations.

OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING RESTRICTIONS WHEN SPRAYING IN THE VICINITY OF AQUATIC AREAS SUCH AS LAKES, RESERVOIRS, RIVERS, PERMANENT STREAMS, MARSHES OR NATURAL PONDS, ESTUARIES, AND COMMERCIAL FISH PONDS.

- Do not apply within 75 ft of bodies of water such as lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, natural ponds, marshes or estuaries.
- Shut off the sprayer when row ends.
- Do not cultivate within 10 ft of aquatic areas in order to allow a vegetative filter strip.
- Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift to aquatic areas. Do not apply when gusts or sustained winds exceed 10 mph.
- Do not apply during a temperature inversion. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas.
- For perennial crops such as tree crops and grapes:
 - For all plantings within 150 ft of bodies of water as described above, spray crops from outside the planting away from the bodies of water.

- Spray last three rows windward of aquatic areas using nozzles on one side only, with spray directed away from aquatic areas. Adjust or turn off top nozzles to prevent spray going over the tops of trees. Shut off nozzles on the side away from the grove/orchard when spraying the outside row. Shut off nozzles when turning at ends of row or passing tree gaps in the rows.

AERIAL SPRAY DIRECTIONS

Avoid applications under conditions when uniform coverage cannot be obtained or when excessive drift may occur.

Aerial Spray Restrictions:

Observe the following restrictions when spraying in the vicinity of aquatic areas such as lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds, estuaries and commercial fish ponds.

- Use only on crops where aerial applications are indicated.
- Do not apply by air within 150 ft of lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds, estuaries and commercial fish ponds.
- Mount the spray boom on the aircraft so as to minimize the drift caused by wing tip vortices.
- Release spray at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Do not make applications more than 10 feet above the crop canopy.
- Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift to aquatic areas.
- Do not apply during a temperature inversion. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas.
- For aerial applications: Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site. If the windspeed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters.

Aerial Spray Precautions:

Observe the following precautions when spraying in the vicinity of aquatic areas such as lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds, estuaries and commercial fish ponds.

- Use the largest droplet size consistent with good pest control.
- Formation of very small droplets may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection, by orientating nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible, and by avoiding excessive spray boom pressure.
- Reduce risk of exposure to aquatic areas by avoiding applications when wind direction is toward the aquatic area.
- Low humidity and high temperatures increase the evaporation rate of spray droplets, and therefore the likelihood of increased spray drift to aquatic area. Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity and/or high temperatures.

Application Through Irrigation Systems (Chemigation):

- Use only on crops for which chemigation is specified on this label.
- Apply this product only through center pivot, solid set, hand move, or moving wheel irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- Apply in 0.125-0.25 inches/A of water. Excessive water may reduce efficacy.
- If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
- Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system, unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments

should the need arise.

Note: Do not inject **A230.03** at full strength or deterioration of valves and seals may occur. Use a dilution ratio of at least 10 parts water to 1 part **A230.03**. **A230.03** is corrosive to many seal materials. Leather seals are best. EPDM or silicone rubber seals can be used but should be replaced once a year. Do not use Viton®, Buna-N, Neoprene, or PVC seals.

Operating Instructions:

1. The system must contain a functional check-valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water- source contamination from backflow.
2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick- closing check-valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump), effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended.

Center Pivot Irrigation Equipment:

- Determine the size of the area to be treated.
- Determine the time required to apply $\frac{1}{8}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of water over the area to be treated when the system and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures as recommended by the equipment manufacturer. When applying **A230.03** through irrigation equipment use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution. Run the system at 80-95% of the manufacturer's rated capacity.
- Using water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure.
- Determine the amount of **A230.03** required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- Add the required amount of **A230.03** and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements to the solution tank.
- Make sure the system is fully charged with water before starting injection of the **A230.03** solution. Time the injection to last at least as long as it takes to bring the system to full pressure.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Continue to operate the system until the **A230.03** solution has cleared the sprinkler head.

Restrictions:

1. Use only with drive systems which provide uniform water distribution.
2. Do not use end guns when chemigating **A230.03** through center pivot systems because of non-uniform application.

Solid Set, Hand Move, and Moving Wheel Irrigation Equipment:

- Determine the acreage covered by the sprinklers.
- Fill injector solution tank with water and adjust flow rate to use the contents over a 20 to 30-minute interval. When applying **A230.03** through irrigation equipment use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution.
- Determine the amount of **A230.03** required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.

- Add the required amount of **A230.03** into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection period.
- Operate the system at the same pressure and time interval established during the calibration.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until the **A230.03** solution has cleared the last sprinkler head.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS FOR PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

1. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
2. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, back-flow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

CROP USE DIRECTIONS

TREE, NUTS AND VINES

Crop	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Almonds	Brown rot blossom blight (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.)	5 – 10	Apply A230.03 at 5-10% bloom. Additional applications at 50-100% bloom and petal fall may be necessary.
	Suppression: Green fruit rot (Jacket rot) (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)		When used for control of brown rot blossom blight, A230.03 will provide suppression of shot hole.
	Shot hole (<i>Wilsonomyces carpophilus</i>)		For broad spectrum disease control in tank mixture, apply A230.03 at a minimum rate of 5 oz in tank mixtures with other fungicides registered for use on almonds.
			For suppression of green fruit rot, apply A230.03 at full bloom.
Disease suppression for almond diseases refers to erratic control from fair to good, or consistent control at a level below that obtained with products registered for control.			

Application Instructions: Application may be made by ground or air. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 20 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air.

Specific Use Restrictions

1. Make no more than two applications by air.
2. Do not apply more than 30 oz/A of **A230.03** (1.4 lb ai/A of cyprodinil) per year.
3. Do not apply within 60 days of harvest (60-day PHI).

Citrus[*] Lemon Lime	Alternaria Stem End Rot (<i>S. citri</i>)	5.5 – 7	Make one application near harvest to prevent post-harvest fruit rot. The application may be made up to and including the day of harvest.
	Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum gloeosporioides</i>)		
	Blue Mold (<i>Penicillium italicum</i>)		
	Green Mold (<i>Penicillium digitatum</i>)		

Application Instructions: Good coverage is essential for good disease control.

Specific Use Restrictions:

1. Application may be made by ground only.
2. Do not apply more than 7 oz/A of **A230.03** per year.
3. Do not apply more than 0.33 lb ai/A of cyprodinil-containing products per year.
4. May be applied on the day of harvest (0-day PHI).
5. Do not exceed one application per year.

[*Not registered for use in California.]

Crop	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Small Fruit Vine Climbing Subgroup 13-07F (except fuzzy kiwifruit) Grapes Amur river grape Hardy kiwifruit Maypop Schisandra berry And cultivars and/or hybrids of these	Botrytis bunch rot (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.) Suppression: Powdery mildew (<i>Uncinula necator</i>)	A230.03 Alone 10	Begin applications of A230.03 at early bloom. Make an additional application at berry touch, veraison, or preharvest using at least a 7-day spray interval. Botrytis bunch rot is most effectively controlled by ground application, using sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. Thorough coverage of bunches is essential. When used at 10 oz/A, A230.03 will provide significant suppression (approximately 60% control) of powdery mildew.
		A230.03 Tank Mixtures 5 – 10	
Application Instructions: Application may be made by ground or air. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 20 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air.			
Specific Use Restrictions: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make no more than two applications by air. 2. Do not apply more than 30 oz/A of A230.03 (1.4 lb ai/A of cyprodinil) per year. 3. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI). [*Not registered for use in California.]			
Kiwi	Botrytis Fruit Rot (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.)	10	Make 1-2 applications on a 7-10 day interval prior to harvest to prevent post-harvest fruit rot.
Application Instructions: Application may be made by ground or air. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 20 gallons/A spray volume by air.			
Specific Use Restrictions: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make no more than two applications by air. 2. Do not apply more than 20 oz/A of A230.03 (0.94 lb ai/A of cyprodinil) per year. 3. May be applied on the day of harvest (0-day PHI). 			
Pistachios	Botrytis (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.) Alternaria (<i>Alternaria alternata</i>)	5.5 – 7	Make the first application during early bloom and repeat applications at 14- day intervals if conditions remain favorable for disease development.
Application Instructions: Application may be made by ground or air. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 20 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air.			
Specific Use Restrictions: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make no more than two applications by air. 2. Do not apply more than 28 oz/A of A230.03 (1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil) per year. 3. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI). 			

Crop	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Pome Fruits¹	Prebloom	A230.03 Alone 5	For pome fruits except pear, begin application at green tip and continue on a 7- to 10-day interval. Under severe disease pressure, use the shorter interval.
Apples Crabapples Loquat Mayhaw Pears (see tank mixture instructions) Quince	Scab (<i>Venturia</i> spp.)	A230.03 Tank Mixtures 3 – 5	For scab control utilizing multiple modes of action, apply A230.03 in tank mixture with the label rate of a protectant or systemic fungicide registered on pome fruit. Make applications on a 7- to 10-day interval.
And cultivars and/or hybrids of these	Pink, bloom, post- bloom Scab (<i>Venturia</i> spp.)	A230.03 Tank Mixtures 3 – 5	Apply A230.03 in tank mix combination with the label rate of a protectant fungicide. Use of the label rate of an EBDC fungicide will broaden the disease control spectrum to include cedar apple rust. The addition of the label rate of sulfur or a sterol inhibitor (SI) fungicide to this tank mix will broaden the disease control spectrum to include powdery mildew.
¹ Complete List of Pome Fruit Crops: Apple; Azarole; Crabapple; Loquat; Mayhaw; Medlar; Pear; Pear, Asian; Quince; Quince, Chinese; Quince, Japanese; Tejocote and cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these			
Application Instructions: Application may be made by ground or air. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 20 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air.			
Specific Use Restrictions: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. When applying to pears, apply A230.03 in tank mix only. 2. Make no more than two applications by air. 3. Do not apply more than 30 oz/A of A230.03 (1.4 lb ai/A of cyprodinil) per year. 4. Do not apply within 0 days of harvest (0-day PHI). 			

Crop	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Stone Fruits Crop Group 12- 12¹ Apricots Tart cherries Nectarines Peaches Plums Prunes And cultivars and/or hybrids of these	Brown rot blossom blight (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.)	5	Begin applications at bloom stage (apricots at red bud, cherries at popcorn, peaches and nectarines at pink bud, plums and prunes at green tip). Make a second application at full bloom. Use A230.03 alone or in tank mixture with the label rate of another fungicide registered for stone fruit.
	California only Fruit brown rot (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.)	A230.03 Alone 10	Apply a maximum of 2 applications of A230.03 during the preharvest period up through 2 days prior to harvest as needed.
		A230.03 Tank Mixtures 5	Apply A230.03 in tank mixture with the label rate of another fungicide registered on stone fruit for control of fruit brown rot.
¹ Complete List of Stone Fruit: Apricot; Apricot, Japanese; Cherry, tart; Jujube, Chinese; Nectarine; Peach; Plum; Plum, American; Plum, beach; Plum, Canada; Plum, cherry; Plum, Chickasaw; Plum, Damson; Plum, Japanese; Plum, Klamath; Plum, prune; Plumcot; Prune; Sloe; as well as other cultivars and hybrids of these			
Application Instructions: Application may be made by ground or air. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 20 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air.			
Specific Use Restrictions: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Do not apply A230.03 to sweet cherries. 2. Make no more than two applications by air. 3. Do not apply more than 30 oz/A of A230.03 (1.4 lb ai/A of cyprodinil) per year. 4. Do not apply more than a maximum total of 4 applications (air plus ground) per year. 5. Do not apply within 2 days of harvest (2-day PHI). 			

Crop	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Tropical Fruits Acerola Avocado Black sapote Canistel Dragon Fruit Feijoa Guava Jaboticaba Lychee Longan Mamey sapote Mango Papaya Passionfruit Pulasan Rambutan Sapodilla Spanish lime Star apple Starfruit Wax jambu	Botrytis fruit rot (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.) Alternaria fruit rot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.) Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.)	5.5 – 7	Make the first application during early bloom and repeat on 7- to 10-day intervals if conditions remain favorable for disease development. Resistance Management: After 2 applications of A230.03 , alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action for 2 applications.
Application Instructions: Application may be made by ground or air. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 20 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air.			
Specific Use Restrictions: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make no more than two applications by air. 2. Do not apply more than 28 oz/A of A230.03 (1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil) per year. 3. Do not apply more than a maximum total of 4 applications (air plus ground) per year. 4. May be applied on the day of harvest (0-day PHI). 			

CROP DIRECTIONS

BERRIES, FRUITS, HERBS AND VEGETABLES

Crop	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Artichoke, Globe[*]	Ramularia leaf spot Ramularia bud spot (<i>R. cynarae</i>)	5.5 - 7.0	Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are conducive for disease. Apply A230.03 on a 14-day schedule, making no more than 2 sequential applications before alternating to another fungicide with a different mode of action.
<p>Application Instructions: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. A230.03 can be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application. For ground applications, apply in 50-200 gallons of water per acre to obtain coverage without excessive runoff. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.</p>			
<p>Specific Use Restrictions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply more than 28 oz/A of A230.03 (1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil) per year. Do not apply more than 1.3 lb ai/A/year of a cyprodinil-containing product. Do not apply more than a maximum total of 4 applications (air plus ground plus chemigation) per year. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest (3-day PHI). <p>[*Not registered for use in California.]</p>			
Beans (Dried and Succulent except cowpeas)[*] Chickpea (garbanzo bean) Bean (<i>Lupinus</i> spp.) (grain lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin, white sweet lupin) Bean (<i>Phaseolus</i> spp.) (kidney, lima, mung, navy, pinto, snap, wax) Broad Bean (fava bean) Bean (<i>Vigna</i> spp.) (asparagus, blackeyed pea)	Gray mold (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)	5.5 - 7	Begin applications prior to or at the onset of disease and repeat applications on a 7-day interval if conditions remain favorable for disease development. Resistance Management: After 2 applications of A230.03 , alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action for 2 applications.
<p>Application Instructions: Application may be made by ground, air, or chemigation. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 5 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.</p>			
<p>Specific Use Restrictions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Make no more than two applications by air. Do not apply more 28 oz/A of A230.03 (1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil) per year. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI). <p>[*Not registered for use in California.]</p>			

Crop	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Berries Bushberry Subgroup 13-07B[*] Aronia berry Black current, blueberry high and low bush Buffalo current Chilean guava Edible honeysuckle Elderberry European barberry Gooseberry Highbush cranberry Huckleberry Jostaberry Juneberry (Saskatoon berry) Lingonberry Native currant Red currant Salal Sea buckthorn Caneberry Subgroup 13-07A[*] Blackberry Loganberry Red and Black Raspberry Wild raspberry And cultivars and/or hybrids of these	Mummy berry (<i>Monilinia vacciniicorymbosi</i>) Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.) Alternaria fruit rot (<i>Alternaria tenuissima</i>) Botrytis fruit rot (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)	5.5 - 7	Begin applications prior to or at the onset of disease and repeat applications on a 7- to 10-day interval if conditions remain favorable for disease development. Resistance Management: After 2 applications of A230.03 , alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action for 2 applications.
Application Instructions: Application may be made by ground or air. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 5 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air.			
Specific Use Restrictions: 1. Make no more than two applications by air. 2. Do not apply more than 28 oz/A of A230.03 (1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil) per year. 3. May be applied on the day of harvest (0-day PHI). [*Not registered for use in California.]			

Crop	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Brassica (Cole) Leafy Vegetables¹[*] Broccoli Brussels sprouts Cabbage Cabbage, Chinese Cauliflower Collards Kale Mustard greens Turnip greens And cultivars and/or hybrids of these	Powdery mildew (<i>Erysiphe polygoni</i>)	5.5 - 7	Begin applications prior to or at the onset of disease and repeat applications on a 7- to 10-day interval if conditions remain favorable for disease development. Resistance Management: After 2 applications of A230.03 , alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action for 2 applications.
¹ Additional Cole Vegetables: Broccoli, Chinese, Broccoli raab, Cavalo broccolo, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard spinach, and Rape greens.			
Application Instructions: Application may be made by ground, air, or chemigation. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 10 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.			
Specific Use Restrictions: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make no more than two applications by air. 2. Do not use roots of treated turnips for food or feed. Only turnip varieties harvested for their leaves may be treated. 3. Do not apply more than 28 oz/A of A230.03 (1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil) per year. 4. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI). [*Not registered for use in California.]			

Crop	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Cucurbits[*] Cantaloupe Chayote Chinese waxgourd Cucumber Gourds Honeydew Momordica spp. (Bitter melon, Balsam apple) Muskmelon Watermelon Pumpkin Squash Zucchini And cultivars and/or hybrids of these	Alternaria Leaf Blight (<i>A. cucumerina</i>) Alternaria Leaf Spot (<i>A. alternate</i>) Gummy Stem Blight (<i>Didymella bryoniae</i>) Powdery Mildew (<i>Sphaerotheca fuliginea, Erysiphe cichoracearum</i>)	5.5 - 7	Begin applications prior to or at the onset of disease and repeat applications on a 7-10 day interval if conditions remain favorable for disease development. Resistance Management: After 2 applications of A230.03 , alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action for 2 applications.
Application Instructions: Application may be made by ground, air, or chemigation. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 10 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.			
Specific Use Restrictions: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make no more than two applications by air. 2. Do not apply more than 28 oz/A of A230.03 per year. 3. Do not apply more than 1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil-containing products per year. 4. May be applied up to 1 day before harvest (1-day PHI). [*Not registered for use in California.]			

Crop	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Herbs¹[*] (Dried and fresh) Basil Chive Coriander, leaves (cilantro) Dillweed Lemongrass Parsley Rosemary Sage Tarragon Thyme	Alternaria leaf spot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.) Botrytis leaf blight (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.)	5.5 - 7	Begin applications prior to or at the onset of disease and repeat applications on a 7- to 10-day interval if conditions remain favorable for disease development. Resistance Management: After 2 applications of A230.03 , alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action for 2 applications.
¹ Additional Herbs (dried and fresh): Angelica, Balm, Borage, Burnet, Camomile, Catnip , Chervil (dried leaves), Clary, Costmary, Culantro (leaves), Curry (leaves), Horehound, Hyssop, Lavender, Lovage (leaves), Marigold, Marjoram, Nasturtium, Pennyroyal, Rue, Savory (summer and winter), Sweet bay, Tansy, Wintergreen, Woodruff, and Wormwood.			
Application Instructions: Application may be made by ground, air, or chemigation. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 10 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.			
Specific Use Restrictions: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make no more than two applications by air. 2. Do not apply more than 28 oz/A of A230.03 (1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil) per year. 3. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI). [*Not registered for use in California.]			

Crop	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Leafy Greens Subgroup 4A (except Brassica)*] and Leaf Petioles Subgroup 4B[*] Amaranth Arugula Cardoon Celery Celery, Chinese Celtuce Chervil Chrysanthemum, edible Corn salad Cress Dandelion Dock Endive (escarole) Fennel, Florence Lettuce, head and leaf New Zealand spinach Orach Parsley Purslane Radicchio Rhubarb Spinach Spinach vine Swiss chard And cultivars and/	Alternaria leaf spot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.) Gray mold (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>) Suppression: Powdery mildew (<i>Erysiphe cichoracearum</i>)	5.5 - 7	Begin applications prior to or at the onset of disease and repeat applications on a 7- to 10-day interval if conditions remain favorable for disease development. Resistance Management: After 2 applications of A230.03 , alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action for 2 applications.
Application Instructions: Application may be made by ground, air, or chemigation. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 10 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.			
Specific Use Restrictions: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make no more than two applications by air. 2. Do not apply more than 28 oz/A of A230.03 (1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil) per year. 3. May be applied on the day of harvest (0-day PHI). [*Not registered for use in California.]			

Crop	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Leaves of Root and Tuber Vegetables¹[*] Carrot Beet, garden Beet, sugar Parsnip Radish Radish (oriental) Rutabaga Sweet Potato Turnip Yam (true)	Alternaria Leaf Blight <i>(Alternaria dauci)</i> Powdery Mildew <i>(Erysiphe spp.)</i>	5.5 - 7	Begin applications prior to or at the onset of disease and repeat applications on a 7-10 day interval if conditions remain favorable for disease development. Resistance Management: After 2 applications of A230.03 , alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action for 2 applications.
¹ Additional Leaves of Root and Tuber Vegetables: Burdock (edible), Cassava, Celeriac, Chicory, Dasheen, Salsify (including black and Spanish), Tanier, and Turnip rooted chervil.			
Application Instructions: Application may be made by ground, air, or chemigation. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 10 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.			
Specific Use Restrictions: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make no more than two applications by air. 2. Radish ONLY – Make no more than two applications per year. 3. Radish ONLY - Do not apply more than 14 oz of A230.03 per crop per year or more than 0.66 lb ai/A of cyprodinil-containing products per year. 4. Do not apply more than 28 oz/A of A230.03 per year for specified leaves of root and tuber vegetables except radish. 5. Do not apply more than 1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil-containing products per year for specified leaves of root and tuber vegetables except radish. 6. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI). 7. Do not allow cattle or other livestock to feed upon the leaves of root vegetables. [*Not registered for use in California.]			

Crop	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
<p>Onions Bulb Vegetables Crop Group 3-07A and 3-07B</p> <p>Bulb Onion Chinese onion Dry bulb onion Daylily bulb Fritillaria bulb Garlic Great-headed garlic Lily bulb Pearl onion Potato onion Serpent garlic Shallot</p> <p>Green Onion Beltsville bunching onion Chinese chive fresh leaves Fresh chive leaves Fritillaria leaves Fresh onion Green onion Hosta elegans Kurrat Lady's leek Leek Macrostem onion Shallot fresh leaves Tree tops onion Welsh onion tops Wild leek Wild onion</p> <p>Onions grown for seed</p> <p>And cultivars and/ or hybrids of these</p>	<p>Botrytis leaf blight or blast (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.)</p> <p>Purple blotch (<i>Alternaria porri</i>)</p> <p>Suppression: Neck rot (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.)</p>	<p>5.5 - 10</p>	<p>Begin applications prior to or at the onset of disease and repeat applications on a 7- to 10-day interval if conditions remain favorable for disease development.</p> <p>For optimal effect on neck rot, apply on a 7-day schedule at the 10 oz rate.</p> <p>Resistance Management: After 2 applications of A230.03, alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action for 2 applications.</p>

Continued

Application Instructions: Application may be made by ground, air, or chemigation. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 5 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Specific Use Restrictions:

1. Make no more than two applications by air.
2. Do not apply more than 28 oz/A of **A230.03** (1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil) per year.
3. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).

Potatoes	Brown spot (<i>Alternaria alternata</i>)	5.5 - 7	Begin applications prior to or at the onset of disease and repeat applications on a 7-10 day interval if conditions remain favorable for disease development.
	Early blight (<i>A. solani</i>)		
Tuberous and Corm Vegetables Crop Subgroup 1C¹[*]	Powdery mildew (<i>Erysiphe cichoracearum</i>)	5.5 - 7	Resistance Management: After 2 applications of A230.03 , alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action for 2 applications.
	Septoria leaf spot (<i>Septoria lycopersici</i>)		
	Tan spot (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)		

¹ **Additional Vegetables, Tuberous and Corm Subgroup 1C:** Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem), Canna, Cassava (bitter and sweet), Chayote (root), Chufa, Dasheen (Taro), Ginger, Leren, Tanier, Turmeric, Yam (bean and true), and cultivars and/or hybrids of these

Application Instructions: Application may be made by ground, air, or chemigation. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 5 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Specific Use Restrictions:

1. Make no more than two applications by air.
2. Do not apply more than 28 oz/A of **A230.03** per year.
3. Do not apply more than 1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil-containing products per year.
4. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

[*Not registered for use in California.]

Crop	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Root and Tuber Vegetables except Sugar beet¹[*] Carrot Beet, garden Ginseng Horseradish Parsnip Radish Radish (oriental) Rutabaga Turnip	Alternaria Leaf Blight <i>(Alternaria dauci)</i> Powdery Mildew <i>(Erysiphe spp.)</i>	5.5 - 7	Begin applications prior to or at the onset of disease and repeat applications on a 7-10 day interval if conditions remain favorable for disease development. Resistance Management: After 2 applications of A230.03 , alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action for 2 applications.
¹ Additional Root and Tuber Vegetables: Burdock, edible, Celeriac, Chicory, Salsify (including black and Spanish), Skirret, Turnip-root parsley, and Turnip rooted chervil.			
Application Instructions: Application may be made by ground, air, or chemigation. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 5 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.			
Specific Use Restrictions: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make no more than two applications by air. 2. Radish ONLY – Make no more than two applications per year. 3. Radish ONLY - Do not apply more than 14 oz of A230.03 per crop per year or more than 0.66 lb ai/A of cyprodinil-containing products per year. 4. Do not apply more than 28 oz/A of A230.03 per year for specified leaves of root and tuber vegetables, except radish. 5. Do not apply more than 1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil-containing products per year for specified leaves of root and tuber vegetables, except radish. 6. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI). 7. Do not allow cattle or other livestock to feed upon the leaves of root vegetables. [*Not registered for use in California.]			

Crop	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Berry, Low Growing Subgroup 13- 07G (except Cranberry)¹[*] Strawberry	Gray mold <i>(Botrytis cinerea)</i> Powdery mildew <i>(Sphaerotheca macularis)</i> Anthracnose <i>(Colletotrichum spp.)</i>	5.5 - 10	Begin application at or before bloom and continue on a 7- to 10-day interval. Resistance Management: After 2 applications of A230.03 , alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action for 2 applications.
	Root and crown anthracnose at planting <i>(Colletotrichum spp.)</i>	2.5-4 oz per 100 gal water	Apply as a preplant dip to strawberry roots and crowns at the rate of 2.5 to 4 oz per 100 gal of water for suppression of root and crown rot caused by anthracnose. Wash transplants to remove excess soil prior to dipping. This helps to remove adhering spores from the external plant parts. Completely immerse planting stock in dip solution. Dip or expose plants for a minimum of 2 to 5 minutes. DO NOT reuse solution. Dispose of dip solution according to local regulations. Plant treated plants as quickly as possible. For continued anthracnose control, follow with foliar applications of beginning 2-3 weeks after transplant.
¹ Additional Low Growing Berries: Bearberry; bilberry; cloudberry; muntries; partridgeberry and cultivars and/or hybrids of these.			
Application Instructions: Application may be made by ground, air, or chemigation. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 5 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.			
Specific Use Restrictions: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make no more than two applications by air. 2. Make only one pre-plant dip application per crop. 3. Do not apply more than 28 oz/A of A230.03 (1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil) per year. 4. May be applied on the day of harvest (0-day PHI). [*Not registered for use in California.]			

Crop	Disease	Product Rate oz/Acre	Remarks
Fruiting Vegetable Crop Group 8-10¹[*] Eggplant Groundcherry Pepino Pepper (includes bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper) Tomatillo Tomatoes	Early Blight (<i>Alternaria solani</i>) Grey Mold (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>) Powdery Mildew (<i>Leveillula taurica</i>)	5.5 - 7	Begin applications prior to or at the onset of disease and repeat applications on a 7-10 day interval if conditions remain favorable for disease development. Resistance Management: After 2 applications of A230.03 , alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action for 2 applications.
¹ Additional Fruiting Vegetables: African eggplant; bush tomato; cocona; currant tomato; garden huckleberry; goji berry; martynia; naranjilla; okra; pea eggplant; pepino; pepper, nonbell; roselle; scarlet eggplant; sunberry; tree tomato; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.			
Application Instructions: Application may be made by ground, air, or chemigation. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. Use a minimum of 10 gallons/A spray volume by air. Make no more than two applications by air. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.			
Specific Use Restrictions: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make no more than two applications by air. 2. Do not apply more than 28 oz/A of A230.03 per year. 3. Do not apply more than 1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil-containing products per year. 4. Do not apply more than a maximum total of 4 applications (air plus ground plus chemigation) per year. 5. May be applied on the day of harvest (0-day PHI). [*Not registered for use in California.]			
Watercress[*]	Cercospora leaf spot (<i>Cercospora</i> spp.)	5.5 - 7	Begin applications prior to or at the onset of disease and repeat applications on a 7- to 10-day interval if conditions remain favorable for disease development. Resistance Management: After 2 applications of A230.03 , alternate with another fungicide with a different mode of action for 2 applications.
Application Instructions: Application may be made by ground or chemigation. Good coverage is essential for good disease control. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.			

Continued

Specific Use Restrictions

1. Do not apply more than 28 oz/A of **A230.03** (1.3 lb ai/A of cyprodinil) per year.
2. May be applied on the day of harvest (0-day PHI).
3. Applications can be made to a dry bed only. Do not apply directly to water.

[*Not registered for use in California.]

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep this product in its tightly closed original container, when not in use. Store in a cool, dry (preferably locked) area that is inaccessible to children and animals.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes may be toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

Nonrefillable Container (≤ 50 pounds): Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE. Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If these terms and conditions are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability. **CONDITIONS:** The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness, injury, and other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application (including misuse), the presence of other materials, weather conditions, and other unknown factors, all of which are beyond the control of ATTICUS, LLC. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: To the extent consistent with applicable law, ATTICUS, LLC makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond statements on this label. **LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, neither ATTICUS, LLC the manufacturer, nor the Seller shall be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use, handling, application, storage, or disposal of this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use, handling, application, or storage of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid.

A230.03 is a trademark of Atticus, LLC

Vangard® is a registered trademark of Syngenta Group Company.

{LANGUAGE ON LABEL AFFIXED TO CONTAINER}

A230.03™

[Alternate Brand Name: Vango WG]

Active Ingredient:	(% by weight)
Cyprodinil: 4-cyclopropyl-6-methyl-N-phenyl-pyrimidinamine*	75.0%
Other Ingredients	25.0%
Total	100.0%

A230.03 is a water-dispersible granule containing 75% cyprodinil.

*CAS No. 121552-61-2

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. ● Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. ● Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Take off contaminated clothing. ● Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. ● Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: If ingested, induce emesis or lavage stomach. Treat symptomatically.	
HOT LINE NUMBER	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall at 1-844-685-9173 for emergency medical treatment information.	

For Chemical Emergency

Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident Call CHEMTREC Day or Night
Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep this product in its tightly closed original container, when not in use. Store in a

cool, dry (preferably locked) area that is inaccessible to children and animals.

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See inside label booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

Manufactured for:

Atticus, LLC
5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 100
Cary, NC 27513

EPA Reg. No. 91234-

EPA Est. No. _____

NET WEIGHT: _____