

89615-5

2/5/2015

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U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs

Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention Division (7511P)

1200 Pennsylvania Avenue NW

Washington, DC 20460

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE REGISTRATION

Registration

Reregistration

(under FIFRA, as amended)

EPA Reg.

Number:

89615-5

Date of Issuance:

FEB - 5 2015

Term of

Unconditional, Time-Limited

Issuance:

Name of Pesticide Product:

Fungisei™

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

IAB, S.L. (Investigaciones y Aplicaciones Biotecnologicas S.L.)

Avda, Paret del Patriarca

11-B, Ap. 30

46113 Moncada (Valencia) Spain

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his or her motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This registration does not eliminate the need for continual reassessment of the pesticide. If EPA determines at any time, that additional data are required to maintain in effect an existing registration, the Agency will require submission of such data under section 3(c)(2)(B) of FIFRA.

This product is unconditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(5) and is subject to the following terms and conditions:

1. The subject registration will automatically expire on February 4, 2020.
2. Revise the EPA Registration number on the label to read, "EPA Reg. No. 89615-5."
3. Within one year of registration, provide the EPA with a one-year storage stability study and corrosion characteristics study (OCSPH Harmonized Guidelines 830.6317 and 830.6320) on Fungisei™.
4. Submit two (2) copies of the revised final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Signature of Approving Official:

Kimberly Nesci, Chief
Microbial Pesticides Branch
Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention Division (7511P)

Date:

FEB - 5 2015

Fungisei

MASTER LABEL, containing:
Sublabel A: Greenhouse and Field Use
Sublabel B: Home & Garden Use

EPA Reg. No.: (Pending as File Symbol 89615-L)

ACCEPTED
FEB - 5 2015

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide,
and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for
the pesticide registered under
EPA Reg. No. 89615-5

Sublabel A: Greenhouse and Field Use

Fungisei



(For Organic Production) (For Use in Organic Production) (Can be used in organic production)
[OMRI Listed™ (logo placeholder)]

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Bacillus subtilis strain IAB/BS03*0.08%

OTHER INGREDIENTS:99.92%

TOTAL:100.00%

* Contains not less than 1 X 10⁷ cfu/g.

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION**

FIRST AID	
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 – 20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 – 20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
HOTLINE NUMBER	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-222-1222 for emergency medical treatment information.	

See (back) (side) panel for additional precautionary statements and directions for use.

EPA Reg. No.: (Pending as File Symbol 89615-L)

Net Contents: XX gallons

EPA Establishment No.: XXXXX-XX-XX

(Batch No. / Lot No.: XXX)

Manufactured by: IAB, S.L. (Investigaciones y Aplicaciones Biotecnologicas S.L.)

Avda. Paret del Patriarca 11-B, Ap. 30

46113.Moncada (Valencia), SPAIN

Distributed by:

(U.S. name and address –to be determined)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals - CAUTION. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wear safety glasses or goggles. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Applicators and other handlers must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, waterproof gloves, and shoes plus socks. Mixer/loaders and applicators must wear a dust/mist filtering respirator meeting NIOSH standards of at least N-95, R-95, or P-95. Repeated exposure to high concentrations of microbial proteins can cause allergic sensitization. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning / maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations: Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards: For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean highwater mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on the label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted entry interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water is: coveralls, waterproof gloves, shoes plus socks.

EXCEPTION: If the product is soil incorporated or soil injected, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

Product Information: Fungisei is a broad-spectrum biological fungicide for the prevention, control and suppression of soil-borne and foliar diseases on all agricultural crops. Fungisei contains the active ingredient *Bacillus subtilis* IAB/BS03 which is a rhizosphere bacterium that quickly establishes beneficial colonies on the plant's roots and leaves. It stimulates healthier roots, accelerates plant growth and activates the defense system of the plant. Fungisei is non-selective. Fungisei is most effective when applied prior to the onset of disease. Use Fungisei in combination and/or rotation with chemical fungicides to enhance disease control. For use on labeled outdoor field grown food crops including vegetables, herbs, small fruits, berries and fruit and nut trees. Also for use in greenhouse plug production and hydroponics operations.

Modes of Action: Fungisei has multiple modes of action in preventing, controlling and suppressing plant diseases. It produces a broad-spectrum group of lipopeptides that disrupts pathogen cell-wall formation. It is a competitive and fast colonizing rhizosphere bacterium, which occupies the plant's root hairs and leaves and prevents the growth and antagonistic effects of soil borne and foliar pathogens. *Bacillus subtilis* strain IAB/BS03 is known to stimulate phytohormones, which trigger the plant's systemic resistance to disease (Induced Systemic Resistance), the defense mechanisms of the plant for prolonged periods of time. It is non-selective to plant materials.

PGPR (Plant Growth-Promoting Rhizobacteria): *Bacillus subtilis* strain IAB/BS03 is classified as a Plant Growth-Promoting Rhizobacteria (PGPR). PGPR are free-living bacteria that have beneficial effects on plants as they increase plant productivity, enhance crop fertility, growth and root development.

Integrated Pest Management: Integrating Fungisei into an overall pest management strategy and following best management practices (or practices known to reduce disease development) makes it less likely that disease will be established. Specific IPM strategies developed for your crop and location may be available from the Extension Service or other local agricultural authorities.)

Mixing and Application Instructions:

MIXING: Dilute Fungisei with water and apply in conventional spray equipment or through sprinkler irrigation. Partially fill the spray tank with clean water and begin agitation. Add the specified amount of Fungisei to the tank. Finish filling the tank to the desired volume to obtain the proper spray concentration. Use spray mixture immediately. Do not allow spray mixture to stand overnight or for prolonged periods.

APPLICATION: Apply Fungisei using conventional spray equipment to the point of saturation of the soil or growing media. Good coverage and wetting is required. The amount of spray solution to apply will vary depending on the type of crop. Most row crops will require up to 100 gallons of spray per acre. Apply in sufficient water to achieve thorough coverage.

COMPATIBILITY: Fungisei may be tank mixed with some fungicides. Do not tank mix Fungisei with more than one product. Consult specific product labels for additional information or restrictions concerning tank mixing. Observe the most restrictive of the labeling limitations and precautions of all products used in mixtures. It is always advisable to conduct a spray compatibility test when you plan to mix this product with another product. To determine the physical compatibility of this product with other products, use a jar test. Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to approximately one quart of water with agitation. Add dry formulations first, then flowables, and then emulsifiable concentrates last. After thorough mixing, allow this mixture to stand for 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or

can be readily remixed, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding products to the spray tank.

Fungisei has been evaluated for phytotoxicity on a variety of crops under various normal growing conditions. However, testing all crop varieties, in all mixtures and combinations is not feasible. Prior to treating entire crop, test a small portion of the crop for sensitivity.

Foliar Application Use Directions – Ground and Aerial: Apply Fungisei as a foliar spray by ground and by air. Mix 10 - 30 fluid ounces in 100 gallons of water and apply at a sufficient spray volume to ensure complete coverage.

For low volume applications, where less than 100 gallons of water is used, apply at a rate of 15 – 25 fluid ounces per acre.

AERIAL DRIFT REDUCTION INFORMATION

GENERAL: Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator (specifically, see **SENSITIVE AREAS** section for the requirement regarding spray drift and honey bees). The interaction of many equipment- and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions. Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed. Do not apply directly to aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE: Use only medium or coarser spray nozzles according to ASAE (S572) definition for standard nozzles. In conditions of low humidity and high temperatures, applicators should use a coarser droplet size. The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that will provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE: Volume - Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets. Pressure - Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's specified pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When high flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure. Number of Nozzles - Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage. Nozzle Orientation - Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential. Nozzle Type - Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

BOOM WIDTH: For aerial applications, the boom width must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotary blade.

APPLICATION HEIGHT: Do not make application at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications

at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure to droplets to evaporation and wind. If application includes a no-spray zone, do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the ground or crop canopy.

SWATH ADJUSTMENT: When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

WIND: Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition. Do not apply when the wind velocity exceeds 15 mph. Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 - 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY: When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS: Do not apply during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small, suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

SENSITIVE AREAS: The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas). Do not allow spray to drift from the application site and contact people, structures people occupy at any time and the associated property, parks and recreation areas, non-target crops, blooming crops or weeds that bees are visiting, aquatic and wetland areas, woodlands, pastures, rangelands, or animals.

Soil Treatment Use Directions: Apply Fungisei by soil drench, in-furrow spray, or soil injection to improve plant health and to protect against certain soil-borne diseases.

In general, Fungisei can be applied by the following methods, unless specified differently in the SELECTED CROPS section:

Soil Drench Applications

Apply Fungisei at a concentration of 10 - 30 fluid ounces per 100 gallons of water, and at a sufficient rate to thoroughly soak the growing media and root zone. Make an initial application during or shortly after transplant to control soil-borne diseases, reduce transplant shock, induce

disease resistance, and to promote root growth. Multiple drench applications can be made on a 10 – 14 day schedule.

Shanked-In and Injected Applications

Shank or inject Fungisei at a concentration of 10 – 30 fluid ounces per 100 gallons of water into the soil alone, or with most types of liquid nutrients.

In-Furrow Applications

Apply Fungisei at planting as an in-furrow spray. Mix 10 - 30 fluid ounces of Fungisei in 100 gallons of water and apply at 5 – 15 gallons per acre, directing the spray into the seed furrow just before the seeds are covered.

Seed Treatment Use Directions: Apply Fungisei as a seed dressing, seed soak or tuber dip at plant. Do not use treated seed for food or feed purposes or process for oil. Treat only those seeds needed for immediate use, minimizing the interval between treatment and planting. Do not store excess treated seeds beyond planting time.

Chemigation Use Directions: Apply this product only through sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation systems. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide applications to a public water system.

Spray preparation

First prepare a suspension of Fungisei in a mix tank. Fill tank $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ the desired amount of water. Start mechanical or hydraulic agitation. Add the required amount of Fungisei, and then the remaining volume of water. Then set the sprinkler to deliver a minimum of 0.1 to 0.3 inch of water per acre. Start sprinkler and uniformly inject the suspension of Fungisei into the irrigation water line so as to deliver the desired rate per acre. Inject the suspension of Fungisei with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to insure adequate mixing. Direct any questions on calibration to your State Extension Service Specialists, to equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not combine Fungisei with pesticides, surfactants or fertilizers for application through chemigation equipment unless prior experience has shown the combination physically compatible, effective and non-injurious under conditions of use. Fungisei has not been fully evaluated for compatibility with all adjuvants or surfactants. It is advisable to conduct a spray compatibility test if a mixture with adjuvants or surfactants is planned.

CHEMIGATION USE DIRECTIONS:

General Requirements -

- 1) Apply this product only through a drip system or sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, hand move, flood (basin), furrow, border or drip (trickle) irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- 2) Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- 3) If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

- 4) Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- 5) A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Specific Requirements for Chemigation Systems Connected to Public Water Systems -

- 1) Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- 2) Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- 3) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 4) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5) The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6) Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7) Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Specific Requirements for Sprinkler Chemigation -

- 1) The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3) The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4) The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5) The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6) Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being filled with a system interlock.

- 7) Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Specific Requirements for Flood (Basin), Furrow and Border Chemigation -

- 1) Systems using a gravity flow pesticide dispensing system must meter the pesticide into the water at the head of the field and downstream of a hydraulic discontinuity such as a drop structure or weir box to decrease potential for water source contamination from backflow if water flow stops.
- 2) The systems utilizing a pressurized water and pesticide injection system must meet the following requirements:
 - a. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
 - b. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
 - c. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
 - d. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
 - e. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
 - f. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being filled with a system interlock.

Specific Requirements for Drip (Trickle) Chemigation -

- 1) The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3) The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4) The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5) The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6) Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being filled with a system interlock.

Application Instructions for All Types of Chemigation -

- 1) Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical supply tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water. Failure to provide a clean tank, void of scale or residues may cause product to lose effectiveness or strength.

- 2) Determine the treatment rates as indicated in the directions for use and make proper dilutions. Product can be applied continuously or at any time during the water application.
- 3) Prepare a solution in the chemical tank by filling the tank with the required water and then adding product as required. The product will immediately go into suspension without any required agitation.

Application Rates for Selected Crops: Use Fungisei to prevent, control and suppress a broad range of plant diseases, as well as induce the natural defense system of the treated plants listed below.

Apply 10 - 30 fluid ounces per 100 gallons of water.

Crops	Target Disease	Application Method	Use Rate per 100 Gallons	Notes
Artichoke	Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe cichoracearum</i>) (<i>Leveillula taurica</i>) Ramularia Leaf Spot (<i>Ramularia cynarae</i>)	Foliar (Ground)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	For ground applications, apply in 100 gallons of water per acre. Apply this product preventatively or at the first sign of disease symptoms are visible. Reapply every 7 - 14 days. For low volume applications (less than 100 gallons of water per acre), use 15 - 25 fluid ounces per acre.
		Foliar (Aerial)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Apply preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7 - 14 days.
		Chemigation	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Apply through irrigation immediately after transplant and at 14- day intervals or begin 14 days after transplant when soil drench applications are used.
Asparagus	Botrytis Blight (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>) Rust (<i>Puccinia aspargi</i>)	Foliar (Ground)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	For ground applications, apply this product in 100 gallons of water per acre. Apply preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and apply every 7 - 14 days. For low volume applications (less than 100 gallons of

				water per acre), use 15 – 25 fluid ounces per acre.
		Foliar (Aerial)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Apply preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7 – 14 days.
Berries, including: Blackberry Blueberry Bushberry Caneberry Cranberry Currants Elderberry Gooseberry Huckleberry Loganberry Raspberry	Botrytis Blight (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>) Mummy Berry (<i>Monilinia vaccinii-corymbosi</i>) Alternaria Fruit Rot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.) Anthracnose Fruit Rot (<i>Colletotrichum acutatum</i>) Bacterial Canker (<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i>) Leaf Rust (<i>Pucciniastrum vaccinii</i>) Leaf Spot and Blotch (<i>Mycosphaerella</i> spp.) (<i>Septoria</i> spp.) Phomopsis Leaf Spot, Twig Blight and Fruit Rot (<i>Phomopsis</i> spp.) Powdery Mildew (<i>Microsphaera alni</i>) Spur Blight (<i>Didymella</i> spp.) (<i>Phoma</i> spp.)	Foliar (Ground)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Apply in 100 gallons per acre. For low volume applications (less than 100 gallons of water per acre), use 15 – 25 fluid ounces per acre. Mummy Berry – Begin applications at bud break stage of development. Apply preventatively and repeat on a 7 -10 day interval or as needed. Botrytis Blight – Apply this product preventatively prior to or at first sign of disease symptoms. Reapply every 7 – 14 days or as needed. Bacterial Canker – Apply prior to Fall rains and repeat applications during dormancy before Spring growth. This product can be tank mixed with another registered fungicide for improved control of bacterial canker. Anthracnose Fruit Rot and Alternaria Fruit Rot on blueberries – Apply at green tip and continue on a 7 – 10 interval.
		Foliar (Aerial)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Apply preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7 – 14 days.
Bulb Vegetables, including:	Botrytis Leaf Blight (<i>Botrytis squamosa</i>)	Foliar	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Apply preventively in 100 gallons of water per acre.

<p>Garlic Leeks Onions (Bulb and Green) Shallots</p> <p>And other bulb vegetable crops</p>	<p>Botrytis Neck Rot (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.)</p> <p>Onion Purple Blotch (<i>Alternaria porri</i>)</p> <p>Downy Mildew (<i>Peronospora</i> spp.)</p> <p>Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe</i> spp.)</p> <p>Rust (<i>Puccinia porri</i>)</p> <p>Stemphyllium Leaf Blight (<i>Stemphyllium vesicarium</i>)</p>			<p>Repeat applications at 7 – 14 day intervals.</p> <p>For low volume applications (less than 100 gallons of water per acre), use 15 – 25 fluid ounces per acre.</p>
	<p><i>Fusarium</i> spp.</p> <p><i>Pythium</i> spp.</p> <p><i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.</p>	<p>Soil Drench</p>	<p>10 - 30 fluid ounces</p>	<p>Apply at a concentration of 10 - 30 fluid ounces per 100 gallons of water, thoroughly soaking the growing media and root zone. Apply during or shortly after transplant to reduce transplant shock, suppress soilborne disease and improve root growth. Multiple drench applications can be made on a 10 – 14 day interval.</p>
		<p>In-Furrow</p>	<p>10 - 30 fluid ounces</p>	<p>Mix 10 - 30 fluid ounces of Fungisei in 100 gallons of water and apply at 5 – 15 gallons per acre, directing the spray into the seed furrow just before the seeds are covered.</p>
		<p>Plant Dip</p>	<p>10 - 30 fluid ounces</p>	<p>Mix 10 - 30 fluid ounces of Fungisei in 100 gallons of water and use as a pre-plant dip immediately prior to transplant.</p>
		<p>Chemigation</p>	<p>10 - 30 fluid ounces</p>	<p>Apply through irrigation immediately after transplant and at 14- day intervals or begin 14 days after transplant when soil drench applications are used.</p>
<p>Cereal Grains, including:</p> <p>Amaranth Barley Buckwheat Grain Milo Oat Millets Rice Rye Sorghum</p>	<p>Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe graminis</i>)</p> <p>Bacterial Blight and Streak (<i>Xanthomonas</i> spp.)</p> <p>Brown Rot, Leaf Spots & Smuts (<i>Ceratobasidium</i> spp.)</p> <p>(<i>Cercospora</i> spp.)</p> <p>(<i>Drechslera</i> spp.)</p> <p>Rice Blast</p>	<p>Foliar (Ground)</p>	<p>10 - 30 fluid ounces</p>	<p>To optimize disease control and to maximize yields, apply in 15 – 40 gallons of water per acre.</p> <p>Apply preventatively or when disease symptoms first appear. Repeat applications on a 7 – 14 day interval depending upon crop growth and disease pressure.</p>

Triticale Wheat	(<i>Pyricularia grisea</i>)			When plants are under high disease pressure, tank mix this product with another registered fungicide for more effective control.
	Rust (<i>Puccinia</i> spp.) Septoria Leaf Spot (<i>Septoria</i> spp.) Sheath Spot and Blight (<i>Rhizoctonia oryzae</i>) (<i>Thanatephorus cucumeris</i>) Stem Rot (<i>Sclerotium oryzae</i>) Smut (<i>Tilletia barclayana</i>)	Foliar (Aerial)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Apply preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7 – 14 days.
Citrus Fruits, including: Calamondin Citrus citron Citrus hybrids Grapefruit Kumquat Lemon Lime Mandarin Orange, sour and sweet Pummelo Satsuma mandarin	Bacterial Canker (<i>Xanthomonas</i> spp.) Alternaria Brown Spot (<i>Alternaria alternata</i>) Bacterial Blast (<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i>) Black Spot (<i>Guignardia citricarpa</i>) (<i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i>) Greasy Spot (<i>Mycosphaerella citri</i>) Melanose (<i>Diaporthe citri</i>)	Foliar (Ground)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Apply in 100 gallons per acre. Begin application when conditions are conducive to disease development. Repeat on 7 to 10 day intervals or as needed. For low volume applications (less than 100 gallons of water per acre), use 15 – 25 fluid ounces per acre. To treat Bacterial Canker (<i>Xanthomonas</i> spp.), tank mix this product with another registered fungicide for more effective control.
	Postbloom Fruit Drop (<i>Colletotrichum acutatum</i>) Scab (<i>Elsinoe australis</i>) (<i>Elsinoe fawcetti</i>)	Foliar (Aerial)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Apply preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7 – 14 days. To treat Bacterial Canker (<i>Xanthomonas</i> spp.), tank mix this product with another registered fungicide for more effective control.
Cole Crops (Brassicas), including: Broccoli Broccoli Rabe Brussels Sprouts Cabbage Chinese Broccoli	Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe cruciferarum</i>) (<i>Erysiphe polygoni</i>) Alternaria Leaf Spot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.) Downy Mildew (<i>Peronospora parasitica</i>)	Foliar (Ground)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Apply in 50* – 100 gallons per acre. Begin application when conditions are conducive to disease development. Repeat on 7 to 10 day intervals or as needed.

Chinese Cabbage (Bok Choy) Chinese Cabbage (Napa) Chinese Mustard Cabbage (Gai Choy) Cauliflower Cavalo Collards Kale Kohlrabi Mizuna Mustard Greens Mustard Spinach Rape Greens Turnip	Pin Rot Complex (<i>Alternaria</i> , <i>Xanthomonas</i>)			For low volume applications, use 15 – 25 fluid ounces per acre.
	Xanthomonas Leaf Spot (<i>Xanthomonas campestris</i>)	Foliar (Aerial)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Apply preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7 – 14 days.
Corn, including: Sweet Corn Field Corn Popcorn Silage Corn Seed Corn	Anthracnose Leaf Blight (<i>Colletotrichum graminicola</i>)	Foliar (Ground)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Apply in 15 – 40 gallons per acre. Begin application when conditions are conducive to disease development. Repeat on 7 to 10 day intervals or as needed.
	Eye Spot (<i>Aureobasidium zeae</i>) Gray Leafspot (<i>Cercospora zeae-maydis</i>) Rusts (<i>Puccinia</i> spp.) Northern Leaf Blight (<i>Cochliobus carbonum</i>) Southern Leaf Blight (<i>Cochliobus heterostrophus</i>)	Foliar (Aerial)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Apply preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7 – 14 days
Cotton	Alternaria Leaf Spot, Boll Rot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.) Anthracnose, Boll Rot (<i>Anthracnose</i> spp.) Ascochyta Blight, Boll Rot (<i>Ascochyta</i> spp.)	Foliar (Ground)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Apply in 15 – 40 gallons per acre. Begin application when conditions are conducive to disease development. Repeat on 7 to 10 day intervals or as needed.
	Cercospora Blight and Leaf Spot (<i>Cercospora</i> spp.) Diplodia Boll Rot (<i>Diplodia</i> spp.) Hard Lock, Boll Rot (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.) Leaf Spot (<i>Corynespora cassicola</i>) Phoma Blight, Boll Rot (<i>Phoma</i> spp.)	Foliar (Aerial)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Apply preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7 – 14 days.

	Rust (<i>Puccinia</i> spp.) (<i>Phykopsora</i> spp.) Stemphyllium Leaf Spot (<i>Stemphyllium</i> spp.)			
<p>Cucurbits</p> <p>Includes all types and hybrids of: Chayote Chinese Waxgourd Cucumber Citron Melon Gherkin Pumpkin Watermelon</p> <p>Edible Gourd: Chinese Okra Cucuzza Hyotan</p> <p>Mormordica spp. Balsam Apple Balsam Pear Bitter Melon Chinese Cucumber</p> <p>Muskmelon: Cantaloupe Casaba Crenshaw Melon Golden Pershaw Melon Honeydew Melon Honey Balls Mango Melon Persian Melon Pineapple Melon Santa Clause Melon Snake Melon</p> <p>Summer Squash: Crookneck Squash Scallop Squash Straightneck Squash Vegetable Marrow Zucchini</p> <p>Winter Squash: Acorn Squash Butternut Squash Calabaza Gubbard Squash Spaghetti Squash</p>	<p>Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe cichoracearum</i>) (<i>Sphaerotheca fuliginea</i>)</p> <p>Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum lagenarium</i>)</p> <p>Alternaria Leaf Spot (<i>Cercospora citrulina</i>)</p> <p>Downy Mildew (<i>Pseudoperonospora cubensis</i>)</p> <p>Gummy Stem Blight (<i>Didymella bryoniae</i>)</p> <p>Phytophthora Blight (<i>Phytophthora capsici</i>)</p>	Foliar (Ground)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Apply preventatively in 100 gallons of water per acre or at first sign of disease symptoms. Increase water volume as plant size increases. Reapply on a 7 -14 day interval depending on plant growth and disease pressure. Use shorter spray intervals for greenhouse cucurbits when under high disease pressure. For low volume applications (less than 100 gallons of water per acre), use 15 – 25 fluid ounces per acre.
		Foliar (Aerial)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Apply preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7 – 14 days.
		Soil Drench	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Apply at a concentration of 10 - 30 fluid ounces per 100 gallons of water, thoroughly soaking the growing media and root zone. Apply during or shortly after transplant to reduce transplant shock, suppress soilborne disease and improve root growth. Multiple drench applications can be made on a 10 – 14 day interval.
		In-Furrow	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Mix 10 - 30 fluid ounces of Fungisei in 100 gallons of water and apply at 5 – 15 gallons per acre, directing the spray into the seed furrow just before the seeds are covered.
		Plant Dip	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Mix 10 - 30 fluid ounces of Fungisei in 100 gallons of water and use as a pre-plant dip immediately prior to transplant.

And other cucurbit crops		Chemigation	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Apply through irrigation immediately after transplant and at 14- day intervals or begin 14 days after transplant when soil drench applications are used.
Fruiting Vegetables, including: Eggplant Okra Pepper Tomato Tomatillo Ground Cherry	Bacterial Blight (<i>Xanthomonas</i> spp.) Bacterial Spot (<i>Xanthomonas</i> spp.) Bacterial Speck (<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i>) Black Mold (<i>Alternaria alternata</i>) Early Blight (<i>Alternaria solani</i>) Gray Mold (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>) Late Blight (<i>Phytophthora capsici</i>)	Foliar (Ground)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Apply preventatively in 100 gallons of water per acre or at first sign of disease symptoms. Increase water volume as plant size increases. Reapply on a 7 - 10 day interval depending on plant growth and disease pressure. Use shorter spray intervals for greenhouse cucurbits when under high disease pressure. For low volume applications (less than 100 gallons of water per acre), use 15 - 25 fluid ounces per acre.
	Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe</i> spp.) (<i>Leveillula taurica</i>) (<i>Oidopsis taurica</i>) (<i>Sphaerotheca</i> spp.) Target Spot (<i>Corynespora cassiicola</i>)	Foliar (Aerial)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Apply preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7 - 14 days.
	<i>Fusarium</i> spp. <i>Phytophthora</i> spp. <i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp. <i>Verticillium</i> spp.	Soil Drench	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Apply at a concentration of 10 - 30 fluid ounces per 100 gallons of water, thoroughly soaking the growing media and root zone. Apply during or shortly after transplant to reduce transplant shock, suppress soilborne disease and improve root growth. Multiple drench applications can be made on a 10 - 14 day interval.
		In-Furrow	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Mix 10 - 30 fluid ounces of Fungisei in 100 gallons of water and apply at 5 - 15 gallons per acre, directing the spray into the seed furrow just before the seeds are covered.
		Plant Dip	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Mix 10 - 30 fluid ounces of Fungisei in 100 gallons of water and use as a pre-plant dip immediately prior to transplant.

		Chemigation	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Apply through irrigation immediately after transplant and at 14- day intervals or begin 14 days after transplant when soil drench applications are used.
Grapes	<p>Powdery Mildew (<i>Uncinula necator</i>)</p> <p>Angular Leaf Spot (<i>Mycosphaerella angulata</i>)</p> <p>Anthracnose (<i>Elsinoe ampelina</i>)</p> <p>Botrytis Bunch Rot (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)</p> <p>Black Rot (<i>Guignardia bidwellii</i>)</p> <p>Downy Mildew (<i>Plasmopara viticola</i>)</p> <p>Eutypa (<i>Eutypa lata</i>)</p> <p>Leaf Blight (<i>Pseudocercospora vitis</i>)</p> <p>Phomopsis Fruit Rot (<i>Phomopsis viticola</i>)</p> <p>Ripe Rot (<i>Colletotrichum gloeosporioides</i>)</p> <p>Sour Rot (<i>Alternaria tenuis</i>) (<i>Aspergillus</i> spp.) (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>) (<i>Cladosporium herbarum</i>) (<i>Penicillium</i> spp.) (<i>Rhizopus arrhizus</i>)</p>	Foliar	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>Apply preventively in 100 gallons of water per acre or the first signs of disease symptoms.</p> <p>Repeat applications at 7 – 14 day intervals depending on crop growth and disease pressure.</p> <p>For low volume applications (less than 100 gallons of water per acre), use 15 – 25 fluid ounces per acre..</p>
Grass Seed	<p>Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe graminis</i>) (<i>Oidium</i> spp.) (<i>Podosphaera</i> spp.) (<i>Sphaerotheca</i> spp.)</p> <p>Rust (<i>Puccinia</i> spp.)</p>	Foliar (Ground)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>Apply preventatively in 100 gallons of water per acre when disease symptoms are first visible or when environmental conditions are conducive to rapid disease development. Reapply on a 7-day interval or as needed.</p> <p>For low volume applications (less than 100 gallons of water per acre), use 15 – 25</p>

				fluid ounces per acre.
Hops	Downy Mildew (<i>Pseudoperonosperora humili</i>) Powdery Mildew (<i>Sphaerotheca macularis</i>)	Foliar (Ground)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Apply preventatively in 100 gallons of water or when environmental conditions are conducive to rapid disease development. Reapply on a 7-day interval or as needed. For low volume applications (less than 100 gallons of water per acre), use 15 - 25 fluid ounces per acre.
Leafy Vegetables, including: Arugula Beet Celery Chervil Cilantro Corn Salad Cress Dandelion Dock Edible Chrysanthemum Endive Fennel Garden Peas Head Lettuce Leaf Lettuce Parsley Purslane Radicchio Rhubarb Spinach Swiss Chard Watercress	Downy Mildew (<i>Bremia lactuca</i>) (<i>Peronospora</i> spp.) Bacterial Blight/Rot (<i>Xanthomonas</i> spp.) Cercospora Leafspot (<i>Cercospora</i> spp.) Late Blight (<i>Septoria apiicola</i>) Pink Rot (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>) Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe cichoracearum</i>)	Foliar (Ground)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Apply preventatively in 100 gallons of water or when environmental conditions are conducive to rapid disease development. Reapply on a 7- 14 day interval or as needed. For concentrated ground applications, apply this product at 1 - 3 quarts per acre in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre. For low volume applications (less than 100 gallons of water per acre), use 15 - 25 fluid ounces per acre.
	Sclerotinia Had and Leaf Drop (<i>Sclerotinia minor</i>) (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>) White Rust (<i>Albugo occidentalis</i>)	In-Furrow	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Mix 10 - 30 fluid ounces of Fungisei in 100 gallons of water and apply at 5 - 15 gallons per acre, directing the spray into the seed furrow just before the seeds are covered.

<p>Legumes, succulent and dried, (not including soybeans and peanuts):</p> <p>Chick Peas Dry Beans Garbanzo Beans Green Beans Lentils Lima Beans Peas Shell Beans Snap Beans Split Peas</p> <p>And other legume crops</p>	<p>Bacterial Blight (<i>Xanthomonas campestris</i>)</p> <p>Gray Mold (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)</p> <p>Pythium (aerial blight phase) (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)</p> <p>Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe</i> spp.)</p> <p>Rust (<i>Puccinia</i> spp.) (<i>Uromyces appendiculatus</i>)</p> <p>White Mold (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>)</p>	Foliar (Ground)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>Apply preventatively in 100 gallons of water or when environmental conditions are conducive to rapid disease development. Reapply on a 7-day interval or as needed.</p> <p>For low volume applications (less than 100 gallons of water per acre), use 15 - 25 fluid ounces per acre.</p>
	<p><i>Fusarium</i> spp.</p> <p><i>Phytophthora</i> spp.</p> <p><i>Pythium</i> spp.</p> <p><i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.</p>	In-Furrow	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>Mix 10 - 30 fluid ounces of Fungisei in 100 gallons of water and apply at 5 - 15 gallons per acre, directing the spray into the seed furrow just before the seeds are covered.</p>
<p>Mint and other Herbs/Spices, including:</p> <p>Angelica Balm Basil Borage Burnet Chamomile Catnip Chervil Chive Clary Coriander Costmary Cilantro Curry Dillweed Horehound Hyssop Lavender Lemongrass Lovage</p>	<p>Downy Mildew (<i>Peronospora</i> spp.)</p> <p>Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe</i> spp.)</p> <p>Rust (<i>Puccinia menthae</i>)</p>	Foliar (Ground)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>Apply preventatively in 100 gallons of water per acre or at first sign of disease symptoms. Reapply on a 7 - 10 day interval depending on plant growth and disease pressure.</p> <p>For low volume applications (less than 100 gallons of water per acre), use 15 - 25 fluid ounces per acre.</p>
		Foliar (Aerial)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre.</p> <p>Apply preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7 - 14 days.</p>

<p>Marjoram Nasturtium Parsley (dried) Peppermint Rosemary Sage Savory (summer and winter) Sweet Bay Tansy Tarragon Thyme Wintergreen Woodruff Wormwood</p>				
<p>Oil Seed Crops, including: Canola Castor Flax Rapeseed Safflower Sesame Sunflower (does not include cotton, peanut or soybean)</p>	<p>Bacterial Pustule (<i>Xanthomonas</i> spp.) Bacterial Speck (<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>glycinea</i>) Brown Spot (<i>Septoria glycines</i>) Cercospora Leaf Spot (<i>Cercospora</i> spp.) Downy Mildew (<i>Peronospora mansherica</i>) Pod and Stem Blight (<i>Diaporthe phaseolorum</i> var. <i>sojae</i>) (<i>Phomopsis longicola</i>) White Mold/Sclerotinia Stem Rot (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>)</p>	Foliar (Ground)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>To optimize disease control and maximize yields, apply this product preventatively in 15 – 40 gallons of water per acre.</p> <p>Consult your local Extension Specialist or Crop Consultant regarding the optimum timing of fungicide applications.</p>
		Foliar (Aerial)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre.</p> <p>Apply preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7 – 14 days.</p>
Olive	<p>Olive Knot (<i>Pseudomonas savastanoi</i>)</p>	Foliar	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>Apply preventatively in 100 gallons of water per acre.</p> <p>Repeat application at 7 – 14 day intervals or as needed.</p> <p>For low volume applications (less than 100 gallons of water per acre), use 15 – 25 fluid ounces per acre.</p>
<p>Ornamental Plants Herbaceous Ornamentals Flowering Plants Foliage Plants Woody Ornamentals</p>	<p>Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.) Bacteria (<i>Erwinia</i> spp.) (<i>Pseudomonas</i> spp.) (<i>Xanthomonas</i> spp.) Black Spot of Rose (<i>Diplocarpon rosae</i>)</p>	Foliar	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>Apply preventatively in 100 gallons of water and repeat on 7 – 14 day intervals, or as needed.</p> <p>Use this product to control certain diseases of container, bench, flat, plug, bed, or field-grown ornamentals in</p>

Broadleaves, Shrubs and trees Conifers, Shrubs and trees.	Blossom Blight (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.)			greenhouses, shade houses, outdoor nurseries, retail nurseries, and other landscape areas.
	Downy Mildew (<i>Peronospora</i> spp.) (<i>Plasmopara viburni</i>)			For low volume applications (less than 100 gallons of water per acre), use 15 – 25 fluid ounces per acre.
	Gray Mold (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)			
	Leaf Spot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.) (<i>Cercospora</i> spp.) (<i>Entomosporium</i> spp.) (<i>Myrothecium</i> spp.) (<i>Septoria</i> spp.)			
	Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe</i> spp.) (<i>Oidium</i> spp.) (<i>Podosphaera</i> spp.) (<i>Sphaerotheca</i> spp.)			
	Rust (<i>Puccinia</i> spp.)			
	Scab (<i>Venturia</i> spp.)			
	<i>Fusarium</i> spp.	Soil Drench	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Apply at a concentration of 10 - 30 fluid ounces per 100 gallons of water, thoroughly soaking the growing media and root zone. Apply during or shortly after transplant to reduce transplant shock, suppress soilborne disease and improve root growth. Multiple drench applications can be made on a 10 – 14 day interval.
	<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.			
	<i>Pythium</i> spp.			
	<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.			
	<i>Verticillium</i> spp.			
		Plant Dip	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Mix 10 - 30 fluid ounces of Fungisei in 100 gallons of water and use as a pre-plant dip immediately prior to transplant.
		Chemigation	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Apply through irrigation immediately after transplant and at 14- day intervals or begin 14 days after transplant when soil drench applications are used.
Peanut	Aspergillus Crown Rot (<i>Aspergillus niger</i>)	Foliar	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Apply preventatively in 100 gallons of water and repeat on 7 – 14 day intervals, or as needed.
	Rhizoctonia Foliar Blight, Peg, and Root Rot (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)			
	White Mold (<i>Sclerotium rolfsii</i>)			For low volume applications (less than 100 gallons of water per acre), use 15 – 25 fluid ounces per acre.

	<p>Aspergillus Crown Rot (<i>Aspergillus niger</i>)</p> <p><i>Fusarium</i> spp.</p> <p><i>Phytophthora</i> spp.</p> <p><i>Pythium</i> spp.</p> <p><i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.</p> <p><i>Verticillium</i> spp.</p>	<p>Soil Drench</p>	<p>10 - 30 fluid ounces</p>	<p>Apply at a concentration of 10 - 30 fluid ounces per 100 gallons of water, thoroughly soaking the growing media and root zone. Apply during or shortly after transplant to reduce transplant shock, suppress soilborne disease and improve root growth. Multiple drench applications can be made on a 10 - 14 day interval.</p>
	<p>White Mold (<i>Sclerotium rolfsii</i>)</p>	<p>In-Furrow</p>	<p>10 - 30 fluid ounces</p>	<p>Mix 10 - 30 fluid ounces of Fungisei in 100 gallons of water and apply at 5 - 15 gallons per acre, directing the spray into the seed furrow just before the seeds are covered.</p>
<p>Pome Fruits, including:</p> <p>Apple Crabapple Loquat Mayhaw Pear Pear, oriental Quince</p>	<p>Powdery Mildew (<i>Podosphaera leucotricha</i>)</p> <p>Alternaria Blotch (<i>Alternaria mali</i>)</p> <p>Apple Scab (<i>Venturia inaequalis</i>)</p> <p>Bitter Rot (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.)</p> <p>Black Rot/ Frog-eye Leaf Spot (<i>Botryosphaeria obtusa</i>)</p> <p>Bot Rot (<i>Botryosphaeria dothidea</i>)</p> <p>Brooks Spot (<i>Mycosphaerella pomii</i>)</p> <p>Bull's Eye Rot (<i>Neofabraea</i> spp.)</p> <p>Cedar-Apple Rust (<i>Gymnosporangium juniper-virginianae</i>)</p> <p>Fire Blight (<i>Erwinia amylovora</i>)</p> <p>Flyspeck (<i>Zygothiala jamaicensis</i>)</p> <p>Sooty Blotch (<i>Geastrum polystigmati</i>)</p>	<p>Foliar</p>	<p>10 - 30 fluid ounces</p>	<p>Apply in 100 gallons of water per acre. Begin applications when conditions are conducive to disease development. Repeat applications on 3 - 10 day intervals or as needed.</p> <p>For low volume applications (less than 100 gallons of water per acre), use 15 - 25 fluid ounces per acre.</p> <p>Use high label rate and shorter spray intervals when conditions are conducive to rapid disease development.</p> <p>To treat Fire Blight (<i>Erwinia amylovora</i>), tank mix this product with another registered fungicide for more effective control.</p>

	<p><i>Leptodontium elatius</i> (<i>Peltaster fructicola</i>)</p> <p>White Rot (<i>Botryosphaeria dothidea</i>)</p>			
<p>Root, Tuber and Corm Vegetables, including:</p> <p>Beets Carrots Cassava Ginger Ginseng Horseradish Potato Radish Sugar beets Sweet potato Yams Turnip</p>	<p>Bacterial Leaf Blight (<i>Xanthomonas campestris</i>)</p> <p>Black Root Rot / Black Crown Rot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)</p> <p>Downy Mildew (<i>Peronospora</i> spp.)</p> <p>Early Blight (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)</p> <p>Gray Mold (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)</p> <p>Late Blight (<i>Phytophthora infestans</i>)</p> <p>Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe</i> spp.)</p> <p>White Mold (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>)</p> <p>Clubroot (<i>Plasmodiophora brassicae</i>)</p> <p>Common Scab (<i>Streptomyces scabies</i>)</p> <p><i>Fusarium</i> spp.</p> <p><i>Phytophthora</i> spp.</p> <p><i>Pythium</i> spp.</p> <p><i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.</p> <p><i>Verticillium</i> spp.</p>	Foliar	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>Apply preventatively in 100 gallons of water and repeat on 5 – 10 day intervals, or as needed.</p> <p>Begin applications soon after emergence or transplant and when conditions are conducive to disease development. Use higher rates and shorter intervals when conditions favor rapid disease development.</p> <p>For low volume applications (less than 100 gallons of water per acre), use 15 – 25 fluid ounces per acre.</p>
		Soil Drench	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>Apply at a concentration of 10 - 30 fluid ounces per 100 gallons of water, thoroughly soaking the growing media and root zone. Apply during or shortly after transplant to reduce transplant shock, suppress soilborne disease and improve root growth. Multiple drench applications can be made on a 10 – 14 day interval.</p>
		In-Furrow	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>Mix 10 - 30 fluid ounces of Fungisei in 100 gallons of water and apply at 5 – 15 gallons per acre, directing the spray into the seed furrow just before the seeds are covered.</p>
		Chemigation	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>Apply through irrigation immediately after transplant and at 14- day intervals or begin 14 days after transplant when soil drench applications are used.</p>
Soybean	<p>Aerial Web Blight (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)</p> <p>Alternaria Leafspot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)</p> <p>Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum truncatum</i>)</p>	Foliar (Ground)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>To optimize disease control and maximize yields, apply this product preventatively in 15 – 40 gallons of water per acre.</p> <p>Consult your local Extension Specialist or Crop Consultant regarding</p>

	<p>Asian Soybean Rust (<i>Phakopsora pachyrhizi</i>)</p> <p>Brown Spot (<i>Septoria glycines</i>)</p> <p>Cercospora Blight (<i>Cercospora kikuchii</i>)</p> <p>Frog-eyed Leaf spot (<i>Cercospora sojina</i>)</p> <p>Pod and Stem Blight (<i>Diaporthe</i> spp.)</p> <p>Septoria Brown Spot (<i>Septoria glycines</i>)</p> <p>White Mold (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>)</p>			<p>the optimum timing of fungicide applications.</p> <p>To treat Asian Soybean Rust (<i>Phakopsora pachyrhizi</i>), tank mix this product with another registered fungicide for more effective control.</p>
		Foliar (Aerial)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre.</p> <p>Apply preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7 – 14 days.</p> <p>To treat Asian Soybean Rust (<i>Phakopsora pachyrhizi</i>), tank mix this product with another registered fungicide for more effective control.</p>
	<p><i>Fusarium</i> spp.</p> <p><i>Phytophthora</i> spp.</p> <p><i>Pythium</i> spp.</p> <p><i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.</p>	In-Furrow	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Mix 10 - 30 fluid ounces of Fungisei in 100 gallons of water and apply at 5 – 15 gallons per acre, directing the spray into the seed furrow just before the seeds are covered.
<p>Stone Fruits, including:</p> <p>Apricot</p> <p>Cherry, sweet and tart</p> <p>Nectarine</p> <p>Peach</p> <p>Plum</p> <p>Plumcot</p> <p>Prune (fresh)</p>	<p>Alternaria Spot/Fruit Rot (<i>Alternaria alternata</i>)</p> <p>Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.)</p> <p>Bacterial Canker (<i>Pseudomonas</i> spp.)</p> <p>Bacterial Spot (<i>Pseudomonas</i> spp.)</p> <p>Brown Rot Blossom Blight and Fruit Rot (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.)</p> <p>Cercospora Leaf Spot (<i>Cercospora</i> spp.)</p> <p>Cherry Leaf Rot (<i>Blumeriella jaapii</i>)</p> <p>Gray Mold (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)</p> <p>Jacket Rot, Green Fruit Rot (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>, <i>Monilinia</i> spp.,</p>	Foliar	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>Apply preventively in 100 gallons of water when conditions are conducive to disease development. Apply on a 7 – 10 day spray interval or as needed.</p> <p>For low volume applications (less than 100 gallons of water per acre), use 15 – 25 fluid ounces per acre. Bacterial Blight – Apply postharvest before Fall rains.</p> <p>Brown Rot Blossom Blight – Apply at early bloom and repeat on a 7-day schedule through petal fall or as needed.</p> <p>Powdery Mildew – Begin applications at popcorn stage and repeat on a 7-interval or as needed.</p> <p>Scab- Begin applications at petal fall and repeat on a 7</p>

	<p><i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>)</p> <p>Powdery Mildew (<i>Podosphaera</i> spp.) (<i>Sphaerotheca pannosa</i>)</p> <p>Rust (<i>Tranzschelia discolor</i>)</p> <p>Rusty Spot (<i>Podosphaera leucotricha</i>)</p> <p>Scab (<i>Cladosporium carpophilum</i>)</p> <p>Shot Hole (<i>Wilsonomyces carpophilus</i>)</p>			- 10 day interval or as needed.
Strawberry	<p>Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.)</p> <p>Botrytis (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)</p> <p>Leaf Spot (<i>Mycosphaerella fragariae</i>)</p> <p>Phomopsis Leaf Blight (<i>Phomopsis obscurans</i>)</p> <p>Powdery Mildew (<i>Sphaerotheca macularis</i>)</p>	Foliar	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>Apply preventively in 100 gallons of water when conditions are conducive to disease development. Apply on a 7 - 10 day spray interval or as needed.</p> <p>For low volume applications (less than 100 gallons of water per acre), use 15 - 25 fluid ounces per acre.</p>
	<p>Black Root Rot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.) (<i>Pythium</i> spp.) (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.) (<i>Cylindrocarpon</i> spp.)</p> <p>Phytophthora Root Rot and Crown Rot (<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.)</p> <p>Verticillium Wilt (<i>Verticillium</i> spp.)</p> <p><i>Fusarium</i> spp.</p> <p><i>Pythium</i> spp.</p> <p><i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.</p>	Soil Drench	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>Apply at a concentration of 10 - 30 fluid ounces per 100 gallons of water, thoroughly soaking the growing media and root zone. Apply during or shortly after transplant to reduce transplant shock, suppress soilborne disease and improve root growth. Multiple drench applications can be made on a 10 - 14 day interval.</p>
		Plant Dip	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>Mix 10 - 30 fluid ounces of Fungisei in 100 gallons of water and use as a pre-plant dip immediately prior to transplant.</p>
		Chemigation	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>Apply through irrigation immediately after transplant and at 14- day intervals or begin 14 days after transplant when soil drench applications are used.</p>
Sugar Beets	<p>Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe betae</i>) (<i>Erysiphe polygoni</i>)</p> <p>Leaf Spot</p>	Foliar	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>Apply preventatively in 15 - 40 gallons of water per acre by ground or air.</p> <p>Consult your local</p>

	<p>(<i>Cercospora beticola</i>)</p> <p>Ramularia (<i>Ramularia</i> spp.)</p> <p>Rust (<i>Uromyces betae</i>)</p>			Extension Specialist or Crop Consultant for optimum timing of fungicide applications.
Sugarcane	<p>Brown Rust (<i>Puccinia melanocephala</i>)</p> <p>Orange Rust (<i>Puccinia kuehni</i>)</p>	Foliar (Ground)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>Apply preventatively in 15 – 40 gallons of water per acre by ground or air.</p> <p>Consult your local Extension Specialist or Crop Consultant for optimum timing of fungicide applications</p>
		Foliar (Aerial)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre.</p> <p>Apply preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7 – 14 days.</p>
Tobacco	Blue Mold (<i>Peronospora tabacina</i>)	Foliar	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>Apply preventatively in a minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre.</p> <p>Consult your local Extension Specialist or Crop Consultant for optimum timing of fungicide applications.</p>
	<p><i>Fusarium</i> spp.</p> <p><i>Phytophthora</i> spp.</p> <p><i>Pythium</i> spp.</p> <p><i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.</p> <p><i>Verticillium</i> spp.</p>	Plant Dip	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Mix 10 - 30 fluid ounces of Fungisei in 100 gallons of water and use as a pre-plant dip immediately prior to transplant.
<p>Tree nuts, including:</p> <p>Almond</p> <p>Beech nut</p> <p>Brazil nut</p> <p>Butternut</p> <p>Cashew</p> <p>Chestnut</p> <p>Chinquapin</p> <p>Filbert (hazelnut)</p> <p>Hickory nut</p>	<p>Walnut Blight (<i>Xanthomonas campestris</i>)</p> <p>Alternaria Late Blight, Alternaria Leaf Spot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)</p> <p>Anthrachnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.) (<i>Gnomonia leptostyla</i>)</p> <p>Bacterial Canker (<i>Erwinia</i></p>	Foliar (Ground)	10 - 30 fluid ounces	<p>Apply preventatively in 100 gallons of water when conditions are conducive to disease development. Apply on a 7 – 10 day spray interval or as needed.</p> <p>For low volume applications (less than 100 gallons of water per acre), use 15 – 25 fluid ounces per acre.</p>

<p>Macadamia nut Pecan Walnut, Black and English</p>	<p><i>nigrifluens</i>) Botryosphaeria Blight (<i>Botryosphaeria dothidea</i>) Brown Rot (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.) Jacket Rot, Green Fruit Rot (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>, <i>Monilinia</i> spp., <i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>) Eastern Filbert Blight (<i>Anisogramma anomala</i>) Leaf Rust (<i>Tranzschelia discolor</i>) Scab (<i>Cladosporium carpophilum</i>) (<i>Sphaceloma perseae</i>) Shot Hole (<i>Wilsonomyces carpophilus</i>)</p>	<p>Foliar (Aerial)</p>	<p>10 - 30 fluid ounces</p>	<p>For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Apply preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7 – 14 days.</p>
<p>Tropical Fruits, including: Avocado Banana Kiwi Mango Papaya Plantain Pineapple Pomegranate</p>	<p>Anthrachnose (<i>Colletotrichum gloeosporioides</i>) Bacterial Blight (<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i>) (<i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i>) Bacterial Canker (<i>Xanthomonas campestris</i>) Botrytis Fruit Rot (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>) Scab (<i>Elsinoe mangiferae</i>) Sigatoka (<i>Mycosphaerella fijiensis</i>)</p>	<p>Foliar (Ground)</p>	<p>10 - 30 fluid ounces</p>	<p>Apply preventively in 100 gallons of water when conditions are conducive to disease development. Apply on a 7 – 10 day spray interval or as needed. For low volume applications (less than 100 gallons of water per acre), use 15 – 25 fluid ounces per acre.</p>
		<p>Foliar (Aerial)</p>	<p>10 - 30 fluid ounces</p>	<p>For aerial applications, apply this product in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Apply preventatively or when the first disease symptoms are visible and reapply every 7 – 14 days.</p>

Application Rates for Seed Treatment:

Type of seed	Disease	Fluid ounces of product/100 Gallons	Notes

True seed crops	<i>Fusarium</i> spp. <i>Phytophthora</i> spp. <i>Pythium</i> spp. <i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp. <i>Verticillium</i> spp.	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Apply sufficient diluted product to soak seeds. Apply directly to seeds. Do not rinse. Allow to dry and/or plant soaked seeds.
In-furrow seed treatment at planting	<i>Fusarium</i> spp. <i>Phytophthora</i> spp. <i>Pythium</i> spp. <i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp. <i>Verticillium</i> spp.	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Apply sufficient diluted product to wet the soil covering seeds. Apply by spray, furrow and/or in-furrow irrigation.
Dip treatment for tubers at planting	<i>Fusarium</i> spp. <i>Phytophthora</i> spp. <i>Pythium</i> spp. <i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp. <i>Verticillium</i> spp.	10 - 30 fluid ounces	Pre-dip tubers prior to planting. Apply sufficient product to tubers before planting.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in a cool, dry place. Store in original container only. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Handling:

(For plastic containers less than or equal to 5 gallons)

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration. Do not burn, unless allowed by state and local ordinances.

(For plastic containers greater than 5 gallons)

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Recap and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this

procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration. Do not burn, unless allowed by state and local ordinances.

WARRANTY STATEMENT

IAB, S.L. warrants that this product conformed to its description and was reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with Seller's directions. Buyers and users of this product assume the risk of any use contrary to such directions. SELLER MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OR GUARANTEE, INCLUDING ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR OF MERCHANTABILITY AND NO AGENT OF SELLER IS AUTHORIZED TO DO SO. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the Seller's liability for any breach of warranty shall not exceed the purchase price of the material as to which a claim is made.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, Buyers and users of this product are responsible for all loss or damage from use or handling of this product which results from conditions beyond the control of Seller, or without the fault or negligence of the Seller, or from failure to follow the label.

Sublabel B: Home and Garden Use

Fungisei

 (For Organic Gardening) (For Use in Organic Gardening) [OMRI Listed™ (logo placeholder)]

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Bacillus subtilis strain IAB/BS03*0.08%

OTHER INGREDIENTS:99.92%

TOTAL:100.00%

* Contains not less than 1 X 10⁷ cfu/g.

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION**

FIRST AID	
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 – 20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 – 20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
HOTLINE NUMBER	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-222-1222 for emergency medical treatment information.	

See (back) (side) panel for additional precautionary statements and directions for use.

EPA Reg. No.: (pending as File Symbol 89615-L)
EPA Establishment No.: XXXXX-XX-XX
(Batch No. / Lot No.: XXX)

Net Contents: XX ozs.

Manufactured by: IAB, S.L. (Investigaciones y Aplicaciones Biotecnologicas S.L.)
Avda. Paret del Patriarca 11-B, Ap. 30
46113 Moncada (Valencia), SPAIN

Distributed by:
(U.S. name and address –to be determined)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to humans and domestic animals - CAUTION. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wear goggles or safety glasses, long sleeved shirt and long pants, gloves and shoes plus socks. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Environmental Hazards: To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid runoff to water bodies or drainage systems.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

HOW IT WORKS

Fungisei is a broad-spectrum biological fungicide for the prevention, control and suppression of soil borne and foliar diseases on all agricultural crops. Fungisei contains the active ingredient *Bacillus subtilis* IAB/BS03 which is a rhizosphere bacterium that quickly establishes beneficial colonies on the plant's roots and leaves. It stimulates healthier roots, accelerates plant growth and activates the defense system of the plant. Fungisei is non-selective. Fungisei is most effective when applied prior to the onset of disease. Use Fungisei in combination and/or rotation with chemical fungicides to enhance disease control. For use on all outdoor grown food crops including vegetables, herbs, small fruits, berries and fruit and nut trees. Also for use in greenhouse plug production and hydroponics operations.

HOW TO APPLY

RATE: Mix 1 teaspoons of Fungisei per gallon of water.

MIXING: Dilute Fungisei with water and apply in pressurized hand-held sprayers, spray trigger bottles or hose-end sprayers. Partially fill the spray tank with clean water. Add the specified amount of Fungisei to the tank. Finish filling the tank to the desired volume to obtain the proper spray concentration. Shake the spray tank and use spray mixture immediately. Do not allow spray mixture to stand overnight or for prolonged periods.

APPLICATION: Do not apply this product when bees or other pollinating insects are actively foraging.

Apply Fungisei to the point of saturation of the treated foliage. Good coverage and wetting is required. The amount of spray solution to apply will vary depending on the type of crop. Apply in sufficient water to achieve thorough coverage. Apply at the first sign of disease and repeat at 7 – 14 day intervals as needed.

WHERE TO APPLY

Apply to the following types home and garden plants:

Asparagus, beets, broccoli, Brussels sprouts, cabbage, carrots, cane fruit (raspberry, blackberry, etc.) cauliflower, celery, collards, cucumbers, edible-podded legume vegetables

including: snap bean, wax bean, yard long bean, jack bean, edible-pod pea, snow pea, sugar snap pea; dried shelled beans and peas including: field bean, kidney bean, lima bean (dry), navy bean, pinto bean, adzuki bean, black-eyed pea, cowpea, mung bean, southern pea, lentil (dry); eggplant, grapes, herbs, horseradish, kale, lettuce, melons, mustard greens, onions, parsnips, pepper, potatoes, radish, rutabaga, salsify, squash (winter and summer), sweet potato, strawberry, tomatoes, turnip greens, and turnips.

Ornamentals-including annuals and perennials

Fruit and Nut Trees

Turf

To control the following

Downy Mildew

Powdery Mildew

Black, Stem, Crown and Root Rot

Blight

Damping-off Fungus

Gray Mold

Fungisei controls a variety of the most common plant root rot and foliar diseases when used on a preventative schedule.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in a cool dry place inaccessible to children.

Pesticide Disposal and Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. **If empty:** Place in trash and offer for recycling if available. **If partially filled:** Call your local solid waste agency or (800) 858-7378 (National Pesticide Information Center) for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.