



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

NOV 1 8 2013

Cheryl Wagner
Prime Source LLC
c/o Wagner Regulatory Associates, Inc
P.O. Box 640
Hockessin, DE 19707

Subject:

Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select

EPA Reg. No. 89442-14

Notification dated September 5, 2013

Decision Number 483267

Dear Ms. Wagner:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 dated September 5, 2013. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that your application falls within the scope of PRN 98-10. The alternative brand name (TM 4.5F Select) is acceptable and the label will be placed in the file for our records.

If you have any questions, please call Marcel Howard at 703-305-6784 or email at howard.marcel@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Shaja Joyner

Product Manger (20)

Fungicide Branch

Registration Division (7504P)

Please read instructions on revers	se before comple ^{ting} for	n.		Form App	proved AMB No.	2070-006	60. Approval expires 05-31-9423
&EPA ⊨	nvironmental P	States rotection , DC 20460	Agency	X	Amendn Other		OPP Identifier Number
	Appli	cation fo	r Pesticide	- Secti	ion I		
1. Company/Product Number 89442-14			2. EPA Pro Marcel How	duct Mana		3. P	roposed Classification
4. Company/Product (Name) Prime Source LLC/Thiophana 4.5F Select	rime Source LLC/Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select ABN TM			_		×	None Restricted
5. Name and Address of App Prime Source LLC c/o Wagner Regulatory As P.O. Box 640 Hockessin, DE 19707				oduct is s lo.			IFRA Section 3(c)(3) nposition and labeling
		Se	ction - II				
Amendment - Explain be Resubmission in respon: Notification - Explain bel	se to Agency letter dated	I	Agei 🔲 "Me	l printed lat ncy letter d Too" Applic er - Explain	cation.	to	
Explanation: Use additional Notification of Altern 98-10 and EPA regulations at formula of this product. I under understand that if this notification of FIFRA and I may be subjective.	ate Brand Name - 40 CFR 152.46, and erstand that it is a violation is not consistent v	TM 4.5F s no other chan ation of 18 U.S with the terms on and penalti	elect. This inges have been S.C. Sec. 1001 of PR Notice 9	notification made to to willfully 98-10 and	the labeling or make any fals 40 CFR 152.46	the confi e statem	dential statement of ent to EPA. I further
1. Material This Product Wi	Il Be Packaged In:		CHOII - III			···	
Child-Resistant Packaging Yes* No * Certification must be submitted	Unit Packaging Yes X No If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt.	No. per	Water Soluble Yes X No If "Yes" Package wgt	No. per containe	X	Metal Plastic Glass Paper	
3. Location of Net Contents Ir	nformation	4. Size(s) F	Retail Containe	r	5. Location of	Label D	irections
X Label Cor	ntainer	1 gal., 2.5 g	jal.		X On L	abel	accompanying product
6. Manner in Which Label is A	Affixed to Product	X Pa	hograph per glued enciled		Other	c c c c c	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
			ction - IV			(60000	8066
Contact Point (Complete it			of individual to	be conta			ocess this application.)
Name Cheryl Wagner	Title		Prime Source L	LC		იღლება 35-7289	(Include Area Code)
I certify that the statements I have I acknowledge that any knowing both under applicable law.		cation d all attachmen tement may be	ts thereto are tru	e, accurate	and complete.	6. Dat	e Application served (Stamped)
2. Signature		3. Title					
Charle Was	we	Agent for F	Prime Source L	LC			
4. Typed Name	1	5. Date]	
Cheryl Wagner		Septembe	r 5, 2013				
This is a reproduction of EPA	Form 8570-1 (Rev. 8-	94) Previous	editions are ob	solete.			

September 5, 2013

Document Processing Desk
ATTN: Marcel Howard, PM 20
Registration Division (NOTIF)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P)
Room S-4900, One Potomac Yard
2777 South Crystal Drive
Arlington, Virginia 22202-4501

Dear Mr. Howard,

3/23 6000000 WRA

Wagner Regulatory Associates, Inc. P.O. Box 640 7217 Lancaster Pike, Suite A Hockessin, Delaware 19707

Subject: Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select, EPA Registration Number 89442-14

Wagner Regulatory Associates, Inc., as agent for Prime Source LLC, is submitting a notification of an alternate brand name – TM 4.5F Select. In support of this request, the following documents and studies are attached:

- Letter from Prime Source, LLC appointing Wagner Regulatory Associates, Inc. as its agent
- Application for Pesticide Registration (8570-1)
- A copy of the label

Please feel free to contact me via email at cheryl@wagnerreg.com or telephone at (302) 635-7289

Respectfully submitted,

Cheryl Wagner

Agent for Prime Source LLC

Enclosures

TM 4.5F SELECT

Contains thiophanate-methyl, the active ingredient used in Topsin 4.5FL Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select is not manufactured or distributed by Cerexagri.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

% BY WT.

Contains 4.5 pounds of thiophanate-methyl per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Manufactured for:
Prime Source, LLC
4609 E. Boonville-New Harmony Rd.
Evansville, IN 47725-9739

EPA Reg. No. 89442-14

EPA Est. No. 37429-GA-001(BT) 37429-GA-02(BO)

Letter(s) in lot number correspond to letter(s) following the FPA Est. No.

NET CONTENTS: 2.5 GALS

FIRST AID				
IF SWALLOWED:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 			
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.			
F INHALED:	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance; then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 			
IF IN EYES:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes; then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 			

Have the product label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For emergency information concerning this product, call the National Pesticides Information Center (NPIC) at 1-800-858-7378 seven days a week, 6:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Pacific Time (NPIC Website: www.npic.orst.edu). Outside of these times call your poison control center at 1-800-222-1222.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin, or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water, after handling, and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are barrier laminate, butyl rubber (≥ 14 mils), neoprene rubber (≥ 14 mils) and polyethylene. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category C on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Handlers mixing, loading, and applying the product as a dip (including application of product in kaolinite clay to conifer seedling roots) must wear:

- · Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- · Chemical-resistant gloves
- · Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- A chemical-resistant apron

All other mixers, loaders, and applicators must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- · Shoes plus socks
- · Chemical-resistant gloves
- · Chemical-resistant apron for mixers, loaders, and other handlers exposed to the concentrate

User Safety Requirements: Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining personal protective equipment, PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product. Do not reuse them.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- · Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- · Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

When handlers use enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment:

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI). The REI for each crop is listed in the directions for use associated with each crop.

Exemption: If the product is applied by drenching, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated areas if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants, soil, or water is:

- · Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- · Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses. Do not enter or allow others to enter until sorrays have dried.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Shake well before using.

Apply Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select with ground or aerial equipment using sufficient volume of spray to provide thorough coverage. Add required amount of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select to partially filled tank agitated by mechanical or hydraulic means and then add remaining required amount of water. Continuous agitation is required to keep the material in suspension. Do not tank mix with highly alkaline pesticides such as Bordeaux mixture or lime sulfur. No claim of compatibility with other pesticides is implied. Use the higher rate under conditions of severe disease pressure. Also, see local State Extension Service instructions for application schedules.

Use the fl. oz/acre rate for concentrate sprayers (less than 400 gallons on apples, less than 300 gallons on stone fruit). Use the fl. oz/100 gal rate for dilute ground application. For aerial applications use a minimum of 5 gal/acre for row crops; use a minimum of 10 gal/acre for tree crops. For ground applications use a minimum of 20 gal/acre for row crops and 30 gal/acre for tree crops. Higher spray volume will result in better coverage and better disease control.

Chemigation instructions follow the RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT section of this labeling. Do not apply through any irrigation system unless these instructions are followed. In California, chemigation is only allowed for the following crops: beans, cucurbits (cantaloupe, casaba, cucumbers, melons, pumpkins, squash, and watermelons), peanuts, soybeans, strawberries, and sugar beets.

When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, Prime Source, LLC suggests the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

To avoid the development of tolerant or resistant strains of fungi, tank mix Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select with a fungicide of different chemistry and/or alternate a fungicide of different chemistry with Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select at each application. DO NOT USE PRODUCTS CONTAINING THIABENDAZOLE OR OTHER PRODUCTS CONTAINING THIOPHANATE METHYL IN COMBINATION OR IN ROTATION WITH THIOPHANATE METHYL 4.5F SELECT. If after using Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select as directed and the treatment is not effective, a tolerant or resistant strain of fungi may be present. Discontinue the use of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select for at least one season. Do not use products containing thiabendazole as substitutes for Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select, as they are of similar chemistry and will contribute to the development of resistance. As long as these precautions are followed, Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select can be useful for disease control even if resistant strains are present.

CHEMIGATION INSTRUCTIONS

Apply this froduct only through sprinkler irrigation systems iricluding center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move, or drip (mijni-micro sprinklere, strip tubing, trickle) irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Grop^cinjurys lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about a contact Cooperative Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Do not connect the chemigation system to any public water system. Public water system means a system for the provision of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

Systems utilizing a pressurized water and pesticide injection system must meet the following requirement:

- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- . The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPRINKLER (OVERHEAD) IRRIGATION, DRIP (TRICKLE) IRRIGATION

Observe the requirements in the SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS section above. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Apply Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select only through systems containing anti-siphon and check valves designed to prevent water source contamination or overflow of the mix tank and containing interlocking controls between the metering device and the water pump to ensure simultaneous shut off.

Maintain a gentle continuous agitation in mix tank during mixing and application to ensure a uniform suspension.

Greater accuracy in calibration and distribution will be achieved by injecting a large volume of a more dilute suspension per unit time.

Application of more than the specified quantities of irrigation water per acre can result in decreased product performance

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift, when system connections or fittings leak, when nozzles do not provide uniform distribution, or when lines containing the product cannot be flushed and must be dismantled and drained. In a center pivot system, block the nozzle set nearest the well/pivot/injection unit to prevent spray being applied to this area.

Where sprinkler distribution patterns do not overlap sufficiently, unacceptable disease control may result.

Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water.

Apply Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select in conjunction with chemically neutral liquid fertilizers. Avoid application in conjunction with highly alkaline fertilizers such as aqueous ammonia, as degradation of the pesticide could result in reduced performance.

Check local restrictions and requirements regarding sprinkler irrigation applications, as they vary from state to state.

SPRAY PREPARATION

Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water. Prepare a suspension of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select in a mix tank. Fill the tank with 1/2 or 3/4 the desired amount of water. Start mechanical or hydraulic agitation. Slowly add the required amount of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select and then the remaining volume of water.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Sprinkler Irrigation-Notes

Observe all SYSTEMS REQUIREMENTS and APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS. Set sprinkler system to deliver 0.4 inches of water per acre. Volumes of water higher than this could reduce efficacy. Start sprinkler and then uniformly inject the suspension of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select into the irrigation water line so as to deliver the desired rate per acre. Inject the suspension of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle to ensure adequate mixing.

NOTE: When treatment with Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select has been completed, do not irrigate the treated area for 24 to 48 hours to prevent washing the chemical off the crop.

Drip (Mini-Micro Sprinklers, Strip Tubing, Trickle) Irrigation-Notes

Observe all SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS and APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS.

Preharvest Interval (PHI)

The required days between last application and harvest are given in the REMARKS section for each crop

REI = Restricted-Entry Interval

APP	III.	ΔΤΙ	ΛN	RΔT	FC.
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CROP	DISEASES	FL. OZ./ACRE/ APPLICATION	FL. 0Z./ 100 GAL	REMARKS	
ALMONDS .	Brown Rot Blossom Blight (Monilinia) Scab (Cladosporium sp.) Jacket Rot (Monilinia, Scierotinia, Botrytis) Leaf Blight (Seimatosporium)	20 - 30		Apply at early pink bud and early petal fall. Apply at pink bud for Brown Rot control. For all other applications Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F applied with a contact fungicide like Ziram 76F for control and resistance management.	
	Do not apply more than 30 fl. c Do not apply more than 60 fl. c The PHI is 1 day. The REI is 3 days.				
APPLES	Apple Scab (Venturia) Black pox* (Helminthosporium papulosum) Flyspeck (Zygophiala sp.) Powdery Mildew (Podosphaera sp.) Sooty Blotch (Gloeodes) Black Rot (Botryosphaeria obtusa) Brooks fruit spot (Mycosphaeria sp.) White rot* (Botryosphaeria sp.) *Not registered for use in California Do not apply more than 80 fl. o applications to control post-har	z. of product per acr	3.75-5	Apply at 5- to 10-day intervals from green tip thro continue at 7- to14-day intervals as cover sprays.	
	The PHI is 1 day. The REI is 2 days.				
	Preharvest use to control Post-H	arvest Diseases on	Apples		
	Storage Rot Blue Mold (<i>Pencillium</i> expansum) Gray Mold (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>) Bulls-Eye Rot (<i>Neofabraea</i> spp.)	1	3.75-5	Apply as a pre-harvest spray within 2 weeks to 3 of Application closer to harvest provides better efficate Application of a non-benzimidazole post-harvest fit as Penbotec® or Schlor® will provide additional propost-harvest diseases.	cy. Ingicide such
**************************************	applications to control post-har	vest diseases.		cluding both applications beginning at petal fall and of following a pre-harvest application of Thiophanate N	•

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CROP	DISEASES	FL. OZ./ACRE/ Application	FL. 0Z./ 100 GAL	REMARKS
BEANS (Dry and Succulent) including: Lima bean, Snap bean, Kidney bean, Mung bean, Navy bean, Pinto bean, Wax bean, Broad bean, Fava bean, Asparagus bean, Blackeyed pea, Cowpea, Sweet	White Mold (Sclerotinia) Anthracnose	OR 20-30 Use a maximum of 80 fl. oz. of product per acre (2.8 lbs. a.i.) per crop cycle, with a minimum 7-day spray interval:		For one application: Apply when 100% of plants have at least one open bloom or when conditions are favorable for disease development. OR For multiple applications: Make first application when 10%-30% of plants have at least one open bloom, and follow with sequential applications on a 4- to 7-day interval.
lupine, White lupine White Sweet lupine, Grain lupine, Chick pea, Garbanzo bean		beans.		

CROP	DISEASES	FL. OZ./ACRE/ APPLICATION	FL. 0Z./100 GAL	REMARKS
CUCURBITS: Cantaloupe, Casaba	Acremonium/ Cephalosporium Hypocatyl rot	10		Apply in-furrow, on top of the seeds at planting. Do not use less than 10 gallons of water per acre.
Cucumbers, Melons, Pumpkins, Summer and winter squash, Watermelons	Anthracnose* (Colletotrichum) Gummy Stem Blight* (Didymella) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe) Target Spot* (Corynespora)	10		Begin applications when plants begin to run or when disease first appears and repeat at 7- to 14-day intervals as needed. For Target Spot, use 7-day intervals as needed.
	Belly Rots (Rhizoctonia,Fusarium)	10		For Belly Rots, apply in sufficient volume to allow runoff to the soil. Will not control <i>Pythium</i> or <i>Phytophthora</i> .
,	Suppression of vine decline (Monosporascus) Charcoal rot (Macrophomina)	10		Apply through buried drip irrigation (chemigation) to the root zone. For disease suppression, apply at 14-day intervals beginning at emergence and continuing to harvest. Applications weekly or biweekly, beginning 4-6 weeks prior to harvest, will also offer suppression but may not be as effective as a season-long program.
·		z. product (2 lbs. a.i.) t can be tank mixed	with mancozeb or	son from any combination of application timings. chlorothalonil for additional disease control and resistance SE. CCCCC CCCCC CCCCCC CCCCCCCCCCCCCC

	DISEASES	FL. OZ./ACRE/ APPLICATION	FL. 0Z./ 100 GAL	REMARKS
GARLIC (Clove treatment)	Penicillium Clove rot		20	Completely immerse garlic cloves in suspension for at least five minutes. Continuously agitate the solution tank by hydraulic or mechanical means. After treatment, remove cloves from solution and drain over sand. Dry cloves after treatment and prior to planting.
	The PHI is 0 days.			•
ONIONS* GARLIC	White rot (Sclerotinia cepivorum)	40 broadcast		Apply Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select by spraying directly int the open furrow at the time of planting seed, sets, or bulbs.
(IN-FURROW)	*Not registered for use in California Not for this use through any type o Do not apply more than 40 fl. oz./a The PHI is 0 days. The REI is 3 days.		hyl 4.5F Select p	er year. ·
PEANUTS	Early Leaf Spot (Cercospora) Late Leaf Spot (Cercosporidium) Rust (Puccinia) Limb rot (Rhizoctonia) Web blotch (Ascochyta)	10		Begin applications when disease first appears and repeat at 14-day intervals, as needed.
	Do not use Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 at 1.5 lbs./acre or chlorothalonil. F Do not apply more than 40 fl. oz./a The PHI is 14 days. The REI is 1 day.	ollow resistance man	agement guidelii	
PECANS	Brown Spot (Cercospora) Downy Spot (Mycosphaerella) Liver Spot (Gnomonia) Powdery Mildew (Microsphaera)	20		Begin applications when first leaves are showing and repeat at 3- to 4-week intervals until shuck split. Do not spray after shuck split.
	Scab (Fusicladium) Stem end blight (Botryosphaeria sp.) Zonate leaf spot (Cristulariella sp.)		•	· ·
	Stem end blight (Botryosphaeria sp.)			
PISTACHIOS	Stem end blight (Botryosphaeria sp.) Zonate leaf spot (Cristulariella sp.) Do not apply more than 60 fl. oz./a Follow resistance management gu The PHI is 1 days.			
PISTACHIOS	Stem end blight (Botryosphaeria sp.) Zonate leaf spot (Cristulariella sp.) Do not apply more than 60 fl. oz./a Follow resistance management gui The PHI is 1 days. The REI is 3 days. Shoot blight (Botrytis, Botryosphaeria) Do not apply more than 40 fl. oz./a The PHI is 0 days.	30-40	TIONS FOR USE.	Apply at bloom. Apply in a minimum of 100 gallons per acre by ground or 20 gallons per acre by air. For aerial application, fly over every row or center.
e	Stem end blight (Botryosphaeria sp.) Zonate leaf spot (Cristulariella sp.) Do not apply more than 60 fl. oz./a Follow resistance management gui The PHI is 1 days. The REI is 3 days. Shoot blight (Botrytis, Botryosphaeria) Do not apply more than 40 fl. oz./a	30-40	TIONS FOR USE.	Apply at bloom. Apply in a minimum of 100 gallons per acre by ground or 20 gallons per acre by air. For aerial application, fly over every row or center.

CROP	DISEASES	FL. OZ./ACRE/ APPLICATION	FL. OZ./ 100 GAL	REMARKS
POTATOES '	White mold (Sclerotinia spp.)	20-30		Make first application just prior to row closure to full bloom of the primary flower clusters, prior to petal drop, followed by a second application 14 days later, and at 14-day intervals if conditions for disease development are favorable. Thorough coverage of the flowers, stems and branches is essential for disease control. Apply prior to the development of disease for best results. May be tank mixed with other fungicides labeled for early and late blight control. Prime Source, LLC does not recommend aerial application for control of this disease on this crop.
	Do not apply more than 80 fl. o The PHI is 21 days. The REI is 2 days.	z./acre of Thiophanate N	lethyl 4.5F Seled	ot per season.

CROP	DISEASES	FL. OZ./ACRE/ APPLICATION	FL. OZ./ 100 GAL	REMARKS
Brown S Frog-ey Stem ar	Anthracnose (Colletotrichum) Brown Spot (Septoria) Frog-eye Leaf Spot (Cercospora) Stem and Pod Blight (Diaporthe, Phomopsis)	10- 20		Apply from full bloom when pods are 1/8-1/4 inch in length. Make a second application 14 to 21 days later. Do not make the second application later than 14 days after pods average 1/4 inch in length or when beans form in the pod. Use the high rate under severe disease pressure.
·	Purple Seed Stain (Cercospora)	20		FOR SEED BEANS ONLY: For seed quality, make a single application at the high rate when beans form in the pod.
	White mold (Sclerotinia)	15-20		Make one application at early bloom (R-1 to R-2 stage) followed by a second application 14 days later if conditions are favorable for continued disease pressure. Thorough coverage of the flowers, stems and branches is essential for disease control. Use a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre by air.
	Aerial blight (suppression)	20		Make initial application when disease threatens (before visual symptoms appear) and repeat 14-21 days later if needed. Applications later than 14 days after pods average 1/4 inch in length are prohibited.
	Do not apply more than 40 fl. o Do not make more than 2 appli Do not graze or feed treated vii The PHI is 21 days. The REI is 1 day.	cations per year.		ect per year.

CROP	DISEASES	FL. 0Z./ACRE/ APPLICATION	FL. 0Z./ 100 GAL	REMARKS
STONE FRUITS: Apricots	Brown Rot Blossom Blight Fruit Brown Rot (Monilinia)	20-30 (use 30 in California)	6.7-10	Apply at early bloom (red bud). Make a second application at full bloom. If needed under severe disease pressure, apply additional sprays at 10- to 14-day intervals between full bloom and final preharvest spray.
Cherries: Sweet and Sour	Brown Rot Blossom blight Fruit Brown Rot <i>(Monilinia)</i>	20-30 (use 30 in California	6.7-10	Apply at early bloom (early popcorn). Make a second application at full bloom. If needed under severe disease pressure, apply additional sprays at 10- to 14-day intervals between full bloom and final preharvest spray.
	Cherry leaf spot (Coccomyces)	22.5-30	7.5-10	Apply at petal fall or before, when leaves first unfold, and at first, second and third cover sprays at 10- to 14-day intervals and one spray 14 to 21 days after harvest.
	Powdery Mildew (Podosphaera and Sphaerotheca)	20-30 (use 30 in California) PLUS 22.5-30	6.7-10 PLUS 7.5-10	Apply at early bloom (early popcorn). Make a second application at full bloom. PLUS Apply at shuck fall and first cover.
Nectarines	Brown Rot Blossom Blight Fruit Brown Rot (Monilinia)	20-30 (use 30 in California)	6.7-10	Apply at early bloom (pink bud). Make a second application at full bloom if conditions favor disease development. If needed under severe disease pressure, apply additional sprays at 10- to 14-day intervals between full bloom and final preharvest sprays.
Peaches	Brown Rot Blossom Blight Fruit Brown Rot <i>(Monilinia)</i>	20-30 (use 30 in California)	6.7-10	Apply at early bloom (pink bud). Make a second application at full bloom if conditions favor disease development. If needed under severe disease pressure, apply additional sprays at 10- to 14-day intervals between full bloom and final preharvest sprays.
	Peach Scab (Cladosporium)	20-30 (use 30 in California) PLUS 22.5-30	6.7-10 PLUS 7:5 -10	Apply at early bloom (pink bud). Make a second application at full bloom if conditions favor disease development. PLUS Apply at shuck split and at first cover spray.

CROP	DISEASES	FL. OZ./ACRE/ APPLICATION	FL. 0Z./ 100 GAL	REMARKS
Plums and Prunes	Brown Rot Blossom Blight Fruit Brown Rot (Monilinia)	20-30 (use 30 in California)	6.7-10	Apply at early bloom (green tip). Make a second application at full bloom. If needed under severe disease pressure, apply additional sprays at 10- to 14-day intervals between full bloom and final preharvest sprays.
	Black knot (Dibotryon)	20-30 (use 30 in California)	6.7-10	Apply at pre-bloom, petal fall, and at first, second, and third cover spray at 10- to-14-day intervals.
	Leaf spot (Coccomyces)	20-30 (use 30 in California)	6.7-10	Apply at petal fall, shuck, and at first, second, and third cover sprays at 10- to 14-day intervals and 1 spray 14 to 21 days after harvest.
	Do not apply more than 80 fl. Follow resistance manageme The PHI is 1 day. The REI is 2 days.	•	•	• •

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CROP	DISEASES	FL. OZ./ACRE/ APPLICATION	FL. 0Z./ 100 GAL	REMARKS
STRAWBERRIES	Suppression only: Crown Rot* (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.)	15-20		Begin applications after establishment of the transplants and continue through first bloom at 10- to 14-day intervals. Use the higher rate if the fields have a history of <i>Colletotrichum</i> crown r and/or conditions are favorable for development of the disease. Will not control <i>Phytophthora</i> species.
	Fruit rot (Botrytis) Leaf blight (Dendrophoma) Leaf scorch (Diplocarpon) Powdery mildew (Sphaerotheca)	15-20		Begin applications at early bloom and continue at 7- to 10-day intervals. Use higher rate under conditions of severe disease pressure.
	*Not registered for use in California Do not apply more than 80 ft. oz Follow resistance management The PHI is 1 day. The REI is 1 day.	. of this product per a		SE.

CROP	DISEASES	FL. OZ./ACRE/ APPLICATION	FL. 0Z./ 100 GAL	REMARKS	
SUGARBEET	Cercospora leaf spot (Cercospora)	10-20 (use 10 in ·California)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Apply when conditions become favorable for disease development before the disease appears and follow with a non-benzimidazole fungicide within 14 days of application or as needed. Tank mix Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select with a protectant fungicide such as mancozeb or triphenyltin hydroxide when resistant strains of <i>Cercospora</i> are present in the field. For areas east of the Rocky Mountains: Do not make more than one application of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select per season for Cercospora Leaf Spot.	
	Powdery mildew (Erysiphe spp.)	10-20 (use 10 in California)		Apply as soon as disease symptoms appear and follow with a non-benzimidazole fungicide at a 14-day interval or as needed. Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select can be tank mixed with sulfur products such as Microthiol® Disperss® at 5 to 10 lbs/acre for additional disease control and resistance management.	
	Do not apply more than 60 fl. oz./acre of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select per year. Follow resistance management guidelines under DIRECTIONS FOR USE . The PHI is 21 days. The REI is 1 day.				
TRITICALE AND FALL SEEDED WHEAT Idaho, Oregon, and	Foot Rot Strawbreaker Eye Spot (Pseudocercosporella spp.)	20		Apply Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select at the rate indicated in a single application by air or ground after wheat is tillered but before stem elongation has begun. Use sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage.	
Washington only	Do not apply more than 20 fl. oz./acre of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select per year. Do not cut for hay within 90 days of application. Do not allow livestock to graze in treated areas before harvest. The PHI is 90 days. The REI is 1 day.				

FOR USE ON CONIFERS (Not for use in California)

CROP	DISEASES	MAXIMUM APPLICABLE RATE PER ACRE	RATE, MINIMUM GALLONAGE	REMARKS
CONIFERS Pine Austrian Red Scots Christmas Trees	Tip blight (Diplodia)	60 fl. oz.	20 fl. oz. product per acre applied in spray solution at a rate of 100 gallons of spray per acre	Apply at bud break. Repeat 10 to 14 days later, just before needles emerge from sheath; repeat again 10 to 14 days after needle emergence.
Fir Douglas	Swiss needle cast (Phaecryptopus) Rhabdocline needle cast	100 fl. oz.	20 fl. oz. product per acre applied in spray solution at a rate of 50 gallons of spray per acre	Apply initially in early May. Repeat at 4-week intervals.

- Pine: Do not apply more than 60 fl. oz./acre of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select per year.
 Fir: Do not apply more than 100 fl. oz./acre of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select per year.

- Add a spreader-sticker to improve coverage.

 Use minimum gallonage with mist-blower types of sprayers and higher gallonage with conventional sprayers.

 Do not graze livestock in treated areas.
- The REI is 12 hours.

CONIFERS (Seedling treatment) Longleaf	Brown needle blight (Scirrhia)	 1.25 fl. oz. per 9.5 oz. of dry kaolinite clay for seedling roots	. Wet seedling roots in clean water, then apply Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select / kaolinite mixture to wet roots.
Lobiolly Longleaf Stash	Fusarium and Rhizoctonia root rot	 2 fl. oz. / 50 oz. kaolinite clay, plus enough water to make a slurry	Thoroughly cover seedling roots with Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select / kaolinite slurry.

- Do not apply mixture to seedling foliage.
- During treatment, avoid excessive drying of roots or exposure to temperatures greater than 90° or less than 32°F. Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select does not control *Pythium* or *Phytophthora*.
- The REI is 12 hours.

HORTICULTURAL APPLICATIONS GREENHOUSE, NURSERY, AND LANDSCAPE REI-12 hours

Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select provides broad-spectrum control of many foliar, stem, and below-ground diseases on a wide range of horticultural plants grown or maintained under a variety of conditions. Apply Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select 14 to 21 days prior to when a particular disease usually appears and at the very latest, upon first sign of disease. Use 7- to 14-day spray intervals with 14 days being for preventive treatments and the 7-day interval for times when conditions are conducive to disease development. Add an acceptable wetting agent to the spray tank to increase product efficacy for hard-to-wet foliage. Use a spreader-sticker when excessive and repeated foliar wetting occurs. Use Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select to control listed diseases on non-commercial fruit and nut trees. Do not use fruit or nuts from trees treated with this product as food. Do not apply this product to home orchards or backyard fruit trees after fruit set.

Note: Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select has been determined to be safe for use on the plant types listed in these directions for use based on cumulative data derived from research trials and historical field use. As all species and cultivars have not been tested, perform trial applications if a user wishes to make an application to a plant type not listed on the label but found on a similar use site and for disease that is listed on the label. To conduct a trial application, apply at least two applications to at least 25 trial plants at the highest concentration, 7 days apart. Evaluate 7 days after the last application before initiating full-scale application. Do not use this product on the following plants: Swedish vy (Nephrolepsis exaltata), Boston Fern (Plectranthus australis), and Easter Cactus (Hatiora gaertneri).

PLANT TYPE	SUCH AS BUT NOT LIMITED TO:
Herbaceous Bedding	Ageratum, Begonia, Canna, Coleus, Dahlia, Dusty Miller, Foxglove, Fuchsia, Geranium, Impatiens, Lavender, Marigold, Pansy, Petunia, Pinks, Primrose, Salvia, Statice, Strawflower, Tickseed, Verbena
Flowering	Chrysanthemum, Hydrangea, Hollyhock, Iris, Lily, Poinsettia
Tropical Foliage	Dieffenbachia, Dracaena, English Ivy, Philodendron, Pothos
Woody Ornamentals	Azalea, Hibiscus, Holly, Ligustrum, Rhododendron, Rose, Pyracantha
Evergreen Trees	Douglas Fir, Fir, Larch, Pine, Spruce
Deciduous Trees*	Ash, London Plane, Maple, Oak, Sycamore, Walnut
Flowering Trees*	Cherry, Crabapple, Hawthorn, Mountain Ash, Pear

^{*}Do not use fruit or nuts from treated trees as food or feed.



FOLIAR SPRAY PLANT TYPES AND DISEASES CONTROLLED

DISEASE(S)	PLANT TYPES	
Anthracnose	Woody ornamentals, shade trees ¹	
Ascochyta Blight	Herbaceous ornamentals	
Black spot	Roses	
Botrytris (Gray Mold)	Woody and herbaceous ornamentals	
Brown Rot	Woody and herbaceous ornamentals	
Colletotrichum	Woody and herbaceous ornamentals	
Cercospora Leaf Spot	Woody and herbaceous ornamentals	
Corynespora Leaf Spot	Ligustrum	
Didymellina Leaf Spot	iris	
Diplodia Tip Blight (Diplodia pinea)	Shade and ornamental trees	
Ovulinta	Azalea, rhododendron²	
Entomosporium Leaf Spot	Woody and herbaceous ornamentals	
Fusicaladium Leaf Scab	Woody and herbaceous ornamentals	
Phomopsis Blight	Woody and herbaceous ornamentals	
Pine Tip Blights	Woody ornamentals	
Powdery Mildew	Woody and herbaceous ornamentals, ornamental nut and fruit trees	
Rust Diseases	Ornamental nut and fruit trees	
Ramularia Leaf Spot	Herbaceous ornamentals	
Scab	Pyracantha, flowering crab, ornamental fruit and nut trees	
Septoria Leaf Spot	Woody and herbaceous ornamentals	
Venturia Leaf Scab	Woody and herbaceous ornamentals	

¹ Begin at bud and make 2 or 3 additional applications at 10- to 14-day intervals.



² Begin treatment as flowers open. Addition of a spray surfactant to the spray mixture improves distribution of the spray on hard-to-wet plants such as roses.

FOLIAR SPRAY APPLICATIONS

APPLICATION RESTRICTIONS

Maximum Single Application Rates:

Ornamentals: Do not exceed the maximum single application rate of 85.3 oz. Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select per acre (3.0 lbs. thiophanate-methyl active ingredient per acre).

Cut Flowers: Do not exceed the maximum single application rate of 14.2 oz. Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select per acre (0.5 lb. thiophanate-methyl active ingredient per acre).

Seasonal Maximum Application:

All Ornamentals: Do not apply more than 66.6 gallons Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select (300 lbs. thiophanate methyl active ingredient per acre per season).

Hydraulic Application Mixing Instructions

Add the required amount of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select to a partially filled spray tank agitated by mechanical or hydraulic means and then add the remaining volume of water. Maintain continuous agitation to keep the material in suspension and apply with properly calibrated spray equipment.

Application Concentrations (Mechanical or Hand-Held):

Use the labeled amount of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select per 100 gallons of water for the prevention and control of the diseases shown below.

FOLIAR DISEASES

DISEASE(S) CONTROLLED	CONCENTRATION OF THIOPHANATE METRYL 4.5F SELECT FL. 0Z./100 GALS	REMARKS
Anthracnose (Colletotrichum)	10.75,20	Apply as buds break or at first sign of disease. Repeat application at 7- to 14-day intervals as needed during disease period.
Black Spot of Rose (Diplocarpon rosae)	10.75-20	Apply early summer or at first sign of disease. Repeat application every 7 to 14 days as needed during disease period.
Brown Rot and Blight (Monlinia,Sclerotina, Whetzellinia)	10.75,20	Apply late spring or at first sign of disease. Repeat application every 7 to 14 days as needed during the disease period.
Fusiciadium and Venturia Leaf Scabs on: Crabapple, Hawthorn, Pear, Mountain Ash, Pyracantha, etc.	10.75-20	Apply as buds break. Repeat application every 7 to 14 days during disease period. Effective control requires coverage during expansion. Rotations with chlorothalonil or propiconazole can be utilized.
Leaf Spots and Blights caused by: Ascochyta, Blumeriella, Botrytis, Cercospora, Coccomyces, Corynespora, Curvularia, Didymellina, Entomosporium, Fabraea, Fusarium, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia, Marssoninia, Mycosphaerella, Myrothecium, Phoma, Physalaspora, Schizothyrium, Septoria, Sphaceloma	10.75-20 (10-14.5; California Only)	Make applications when disease symptoms first appear. Repeat every 7 to 14 days during disease period. Rotations with chlorothalonil can be used.
Ovulinia Blight	7.25-20	Apply as flowers open. Repeat every 7 to 14 days during disease period.
Powdery Mildews Erysiphe, Microsphaera, Phyllactinia, Podosphaera, Oidium, Sphaerotheca	10-20	Apply when disease first appears and repeat application every 7 to 14 days. Rotations with other effective products can be used.
Rust Diseases caused by: Puccinia, Gymnosporangium, Uromyces	10.75-20	Apply late spring or when symptoms first appear. Repeat applications every 7 to 14 days during disease period. Rotations with other effective products can be used.
Tip Blight of Pine Sphaeropsis sapinea, Diplodia pinea	14.5-20	Begin applications in the spring when new growth starts. Make a second application just prior to needle emergence from the sheath and a third application 7 days later. Ensure thorough coverage.
Twig Blights, Cankers, and Diebacks Diaporthe, Kabatina, Phoma, Phomopsis	14.5-20	Apply when symptoms first appear. Repeat applications every 7 to 14 days during disease period.

Adjuvants: Where rainfall and/or overhead irrigation is the norm, use of a compatible spreader/sticker is suggested. Where wetting of foliage is difficult, use a compatible wetting agent. Follow the phytotoxicity precautions described in the HORTICULTURAL APPLICATIONS section of this label.



SOIL DRENCH APPLICATIONS

Mixing Instructions: Add required amount of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select to a partially filled tank agitated by mechanical or hydraulic means. Add the remaining required amount of water. Maintain continuous agitation throughout application to keep the material in suspension.

Application Concentrations/Rates and Timing for Disease Control: Create a drench solution by mixing 7.5 to 20 fl. oz. of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F per 100 gallons of water. Apply as a drench or heavy spray at the rate of 0.5 to 2 pints per square foot (100 gallons per 400 to 1,600 square feet). For small pots and shallow flats up to 4 inches in size, apply at 1 pint per square foot. For containers and pots 4 inches or larger, refer to the following table for the volume to apply. Make repeat applications at 4- to 8- week intervals depending on disease presence and conditions for disease development.

Container Type	Drench Solution Volume to Apply/Container		
	1 pt./ sq. ft. Rate	2 pt./sq. ft. Rate	
4 inch	2 fl. oz.		
5 inch	2.5 fl. oz.		
6 inch		6.5 fl. oz.	
7 inch		8.5 fl. oz.	
8 inch		11 fl. oz.	
9 inch		14 fl. oz.	
10 inch		17.5 fl. oz.	

For containers larger than 10 inches, a drench volume of 2½ to 3 pints per square foot of surface area is required.

Plant Types: Containerized woody shrubs, trees, herbaceous/bedding, flowering, and tropical foliage plants and flowers and bedding plants in the landscape.

Note: Do not apply this product to plug trays or seedling flats at time of seeding.

Soil Diseases Controlled: Botrytis, Cylindrocladium, Fusarium, Gliocladium, Myrothecium, Penicillium, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia, Sclerotinia, and Thielaviopsis.

Note: Pythium. Phytophthora and Cylindrocladium spathiphylli are not controlled by Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select.

PLANT DIP TREATMENT

Mixing Instructions: Mix as described in the FOLIAR DISEASES and SOIL DRENCH APPLICATIONS sections of this label. Maintain continuous agitation during application.

Application Concentration and Dipping Time

Plants or Cuttings: Use 14.5 to 20 fl. oz. of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select per 100 gallons of water. Immerse plants or cuttings for 10 to 15 minutes, remove, and allow to drain and dry. Note that the PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT section of this label included protective clothing for dip treatment.

Butbs, Corms, Tubers, and Rhizomes: Use 14.5 to 20 fl. oz. of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select per 100 gallons of water or two teaspoons of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select per gallon of water. Soak cleaned bulbs for 15 to 30 minutes in warm dip (80-85°F) within 48 hours of digging. Dry bulbs after treatment. If bulbs are for forcing, treat bulbs that have been heat cured.

Plant Types: Plants, cuttings, cane sections of woody herbaceous, flowering and tropical foliage plants. Bulbs, corms, tubers, and rhizomes of plants such as but not limited to Caladium, Easter Lily, Tulip, Gladiolus, Daffodil, Iris.

Diseases Controlled: Botrytis, Cylindrocladium, Fusarium, Gliocladium, Myrothecium, Penicilium, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia, Sclerotinia, and Thielaviopsis.

TURF APPLICATIONS

Use Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select against certain foliar and soil diseases for use on all turf types such as golf course greens, tees and fairways, athletic fields, cemeteries, parks, and commercial and home lawns. Use Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select both preventatively and curatively; it is not phytotoxic on turfgrass. Do not use Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select on turf being grown for sale of other commercial uses such as sod.

For use only by certified applicators and those under their direct supervision. Do not apply with fixed wing or rotary aircraft.

Mixing Instructions: Add the required amount of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select to a partially filled tank agitated by mechanical or hydraulic means. Add the remaining required amount of water. Maintain continuous agitation to keep the material in suspension. For best results, use spray mixture the same day it is prepared.

Turf Types: All cool season and warm season grasses (such as but not limited to Bentgrasses, Bermudagrasses, Bluegrasses, Fescues, Ryegrasses, St. Augustinegrasses and Zoysiagrasses) or their mixtures.

DISEASE(S) CONTROLLED	RATE OF THIOPHANATE METHYL 4.5F SELECT FL. 0Z:/1,000 SQ. FT. *	REMARKS
Anthracnose (Colletotrichum graminicola)	2-3.5 (3.5-5.3)**	Apply when disease first appears. Make additional applications at 14-day intervals as needed. Allow spray to dry on leaves with no watering in.
Dollar Spot (Sclerotinia homoeocarpa) Copper Spot (Gloeocercospora sorghi) Brown Patch and Zoysia Patch (Rhizoctonia solani) Red Thread (Laetisaria fuciformis)	2-3.5	Apply when disease first appears. Make additional applications at 14-day intervals as needed. Allow spray to dry on leaves with no watering in.
Pink Snow Mold (Microdochium nivale) (Only for those areas where snow cover is not present the entire winter)	2-3.5	Apply Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select in middle to late November before turf has stopped all growth activity. Lightly water application into the root zone for best results. For best results, use a spreader-sticker. Let second spray dry on leaf surfaces with no watering-in. Minimum spray interval is 14 days.
Gray Leaf Spot (Pyricularia grisea)	. 3.5-5.3	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development. Continue at 14-day intervals. Let spray dry on leaves with no watering in.
Summer Patch (Magnaporthe poae)	3.5-5.3	For preventative treatment, make 3 applications at 21-day intervals beginning in early May. Water product into the root zone thoroughly after application. For suppression, apply two applications at 14-day intervals, beginning applications when the disease first appears.
Fusarium Blight (Fusarium roseum) Necrotic Ring Spot and Spring Dead Spot (Leptosphaeria korrae)	3.5-5.3	Make two applications at 14-day intervals beginning applications when the disease first appears.
Stripe Smut (Ustilago striiformis)	3.5-5.3	Make two applications at 14-day intervals when disease first appears. Water into root zone after application. For prevention, apply in the spring (just before grass begins growth) and in the fall

^{*}Refer to the use sites and maximum application rates table to determine allowable rates for each application.

^{**}Use the 3.5 - 5.3 fl. oz. rate for curative response to Basal Stern Anthracnose.

Turf Application Directions

Apply Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F Select uniformly over the area to be treated with a properly calibrated power sprayer. Apply after mowing or avoid mowing for 12 hours after application. Apply sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage; usually 1½ to 2½ gallons per 1,000 sq. ft. of turf area. When treating golf course greens, always treat approaches to golf greens.

SITE	MAXIMUM SINGLE APPLICATION RATE PER FL. 0Z./1,000 SQ. FT.	MAXIMUM SEASONAL APPLICATION RATE FL. 0Z./1,000 SQ. FT.
Golf course green/tees/aprons	5.3	. 14.25
Golf Course Fairways (Except Florida)	3.5	• 3.5
Golf Course Fairways (Florida only)	1.75	1.75
Residential and Public areas (home lawns, parks, athletic fields, schools, day care centers)	1.75	7

Note to User: Do not graze animals on treated turf. Do not feed clippings to livestock or poultry.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal or cleaning of equipment.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container in dry area. Do not store in a manner where cross-contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food or feed could occur. If spilled during storage or handling, absorb with sand or other inert material and dispose of absorbent in accordance with the Pesticide Disposal instructions listed below.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be used according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for quidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. If recycling is not available, puncture or dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Read the entire directions for use, conditions of warranties and limitations of liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following CONDITIONS, DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES and LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Prime Source, LLC. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

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