



U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (7505T)
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460

EPA Reg. Number:

89295-2

Date of Issuance:

9/11/25

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

☒ Registration

☐ Reregistration

(under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance:

Conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

Yoquino 15 SC

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Yongnong Biosciences Co. Ltd.
c/o Wagner Regulatory Associates, Inc.
P.O. Box 640
Hockessin, DE 19707

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA).

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(7)(A). You must comply with the following conditions:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration/registration review of your product under FIFRA when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.

Continues page 2

Signature of Approving Official:

Ralph Narain

Ralph Narain, Ph.D, Acting Product Manager 01
Invertebrate-Vertebrate Branch III
Registration Division (7505T)

Date:

9/11/25

2. You are required to comply with the data requirements described in the generic data call-in (GDCI) identified below:

- a. Acequinocyl GDCI-006329-1559

You must comply with all of the data requirements within the established deadlines. If you have questions about the GDCI listed above, you may contact the Chemical Review Manager in the Pesticide Re-Evaluation Division: <http://iaspub.epa.gov/apex/pesticides/f?p=chemicalsearch:1>

3. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:
 - Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 89295-2."
4. Submit one copy of the final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under FIFRA and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance. If you fail to satisfy these data requirements, EPA will consider appropriate regulatory action including, among other things, cancellation under FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

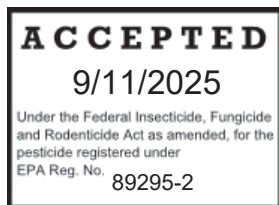
The record for this product currently contains the following CSF(s):

- Basic CSF dated 6/17/2025

The following alternate brand name, **Yoquino 1.25 Acaricide**, has been added to the product record.

If you have any questions, please contact Jasmin Jackson at 202-566-2797 or at jackson.jasmin@epa.gov.

Enclosure: Stamped Label



| | | | |
|-------------|-------|-----|-----------|
| ACEQUINOCYL | GROUP | 20B | ACARICIDE |
|-------------|-------|-----|-----------|

YOQUINO 15 SC

[ABN: YOQUINO 1.25 ACARICIDE]

For use on: Bushberry (Crop Subgroup 13-07B); Caneberry (Crop Subgroup 13-07A); Cherry (Crop Subgroup 12-12A); Citrus Fruit (Crop Group 10-10); Cucurbit Vegetables (Crop Group 9); Dried Shelled Beans; Edible Podded Beans; Fruiting Vegetables (Crop Group 8-10); Guava[*]; Hops; Low Growing Berries (Crop Subgroup 13-07G); Tropical and subtropical, small fruit, inedible peel (Crop Subgroup 24A)[*]; Tropical and Subtropical, Medium to Large Fruit, Smooth, Inedible Peel (Crop Subgroup 24B)[*]; Pome Fruits (Crop Group 11-10); Small Fruit Vine Climbing except Fuzzy Kiwifruit (Crop Subgroup 13-07F); Succulent Shelled Beans; Succulent Soybean Vegetables; and Tree Nut (Crop Group 14- 12). For use in Commercial Greenhouse and Shadehouse on Ornamental, Floral, Foliage and Ornamental Nursery Crops; on Ornamentals in Outdoor Landscapes around the perimeter of Residences, Businesses, Schools and Public Property; and on Ornamentals in Non- Residential Interiorscapes. [*Not registered for use in California.]

| ACTIVE INGREDIENT: | % BY WT. |
|--------------------|----------|
| *Acequinocyl | 15.8% |
| OTHER INGREDIENTS | 84.2% |
| TOTAL: | 100.0% |

*3-dodecyl-1, 4-dihydro-1, 4-dioxo-2-naphthyl-acetate.

Contains 1.25 lb ai/gal.

EPA Reg. No. xxxxx-xx

EPA Est. No. xxxxxx-xx-xxx

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION / PRECAUCIÓN

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See panel for First Aid Instructions and Booklet for complete Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

| FIRST AID | |
|--|--|
| IF INHALED: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. |
| IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| IF IN EYES: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| IF SWALLOWED: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. |
| Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For emergency information concerning this product, call your poison control center at 1-800-222-1222 . For general information about this product, contact the National Pesticides Information Center (NPIC) at 1-800-858-7378 , Monday through Friday, 8 AM to 12 PM PST, or at http://npic.orst.edu . | |

NET CONTENTS:

Produced For:

Yongnong Biosciences Co., Ltd.

No.3, Weiqi Rd (East), Hangzhou Gulf Economy and Technology

Development Zone, 312369, Shangyu, Zhejiang, China.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION / PRECAUCION

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Harmful if inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing spray mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants;
- Socks;
- Shoes; and
- Chemical-resistant gloves made out of: barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils, polyvinyl chloride ≥ 14 mils, or viton ≥ 14 mils

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions exist for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates such as Eastern oysters and mysid shrimp. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

Surface Water Statement

This product may contaminate water through drift of spray in wind. This product has a potential for runoff for several days after application. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains this product. A level, well maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential for contamination of water from rainfall-runoff. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours. Sound erosion control practices will reduce this product's contribution to surface water contamination.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in any way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Carefully read and follow the **DIRECTIONS FOR USE** and restrictions before applying this product.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notification to workers and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow entry into treated areas during restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry into treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is: coveralls, socks, shoes, chemical-resistant gloves.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

THE REQUIREMENTS IN THIS BOX APPLY TO USES OF THIS PRODUCT THAT ARE NOT WITHIN THE SCOPE OF THE WORKER PROTECTION STANDARD FOR AGRICULTURAL PESTICIDES (40 CFR PART 170).

The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

RESTRICTIONS

- The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons.
- Keep children, pets and unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

YOQUINO 15 SC is a miticide for the control of Citrus red mite (*Panonychus citri*), European red mite (*Panonychus ulmi*), Pacific spider mite (*Tetranychus pacificus*), Texas citrus mite (*Eutetranychus banksi*) and Spruce spider mite (*Oligonychus ununguis*), Strawberry spider mite (*Tetranychus turkestani*), Willamette spider mite (*Eotetranychus willamettei*), Two spotted spider mite (*Tetranychus urticae*), Carmine spider mite (*Tetranychus cinnabarinus*), Broad mite (*Polyphagotarsonemus latus*), Southern red mite* (*Oligonychus ilicis*), Yuma spider mite* (*Eotetranychus yumensis*), Citrus flat mite* (*Brevipalpus lewisi*), and Banks flat mite* (*Brevipalpus californicus*).

[*Not registered for use in California.]

When applied to the foliage as directed, **YOQUINO 15 SC** provides knockdown and residual control. **YOQUINO 15 SC** is not expected to have cross-resistance to existing miticides and is very effective against various species of resistant and susceptible mites. **YOQUINO 15 SC** is relatively harmless to most predacious mites and beneficial insects, making it compatible with IPM and resistance management programs.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

For resistance management, **YOQUINO 15 SC** contains a Group 20B acaricide. Any mite population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **YOQUINO 15 SC** and other Group 20 acaricides. The resistant individuals may dominate the mite population if this group of acaricides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay acaricide insecticide resistance, take the following steps:

- Rotate the use of **YOQUINO 15 SC** or other Group 20 acaricides within a growing season, or among growing seasons, with different groups that control the same pests. It is recommended not use **YOQUINO 15 SC** successive applications. Rotation with other acaricides having different modes of action is recommended.
- Use tank-mixtures with acaricides not in Group 20 when such use is permitted. Do not rely on the same mixture repeatedly for the same pest population. Consider any known cross-resistance issues for mites between the individual components of a mixture. In addition, consider the following recommendations provided by the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC):
 - Individual insecticides selected for use in mixtures should be highly effective and be applied at the rates at which they are individually registered for use against the target species.
 - Mixtures with components having the same IRAC mode of action classification are not recommended for insect resistance management.
 - When using mixtures, consider any known cross-resistance issues between the individual components for the targeted pest(s).
 - Mixtures become less effective if resistance is already developing to one or both active ingredients, but they may still provide pest management benefits.
 - The insect resistance management benefits of an insecticide mixture are greatest if the two components have similar periods of residual insecticidal activity. Mixtures of insecticides with unequal periods of residual insecticide activity may offer an insect resistance management benefit only for the period where both insecticides are active.
 - Adopt an integrated pest management program for insecticide/acaricides use that includes scouting, uses historical information related to pesticide use, crop rotation, record keeping, and which considers cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Monitor after application for unexpected target pest survival. If the level of survival suggests the presence of resistance, consult with your local university specialist or certified pest control advisor.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for the specific site and pest problems in your area.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact Yongnong Biosciences Co., Ltd.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

Importance of Droplet Size

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size—Ground Boom

- Volume—Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure—Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.

- Spray Nozzle—Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

BOOM HEIGHT—Ground Boom

For ground equipment, the booms should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and a common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS. Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

Boomless Ground Applications:

Setting nozzles at the lowest effective height will help to reduce the potential for spray drift.

Handheld Technology Applications:

- Take precautions to minimize spray drift

ORNAMENTAL PLANT TOLERANCE

Neither the manufacturer nor the seller has determined whether or not **YOQUINO 15 SC** can be used safely on all varieties and cultivars. **YOQUINO 15 SC** has been tested on a variety of plants with no phytotoxicity observed at label rates. Since all plant species and their varieties and cultivars have not been tested for tolerance, it is recommended that a small number of plants be sprayed to make certain that no phytotoxicity occurs, prior to any large-scale application to plants. The end user assumes all risks arising from application of **YOQUINO 15 SC** in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Certain varieties of **IMPATIENS** and **MINIATURE ROSES** are known to be sensitive to certain pesticides. Before using **YOQUINO 15 SC** for mite control in the production of these ornamentals in particular, test them for sensitivity to **YOQUINO 15 SC** on a limited scale before widespread use.

TANK-MIXING

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

YOQUINO 15 SC can be combined with most commonly used pesticides with the exception of strongly alkaline material, which can reduce the activity of this product. **DO NOT** combine **YOQUINO 15 SC** with Phos-ethyl (Fosetyl). To obtain broad-

spectrum insect control, **YOQUINO 15 SC** can be tank-mixed with most other miticide/insecticide products. However, all plant species and their varieties and cultivars have not been tested with possible tank-mix combinations, sequential pesticide treatments and adjuvants and surfactants. The user should conduct a spray mix compatibility and phytotoxicity trial under local conditions to ensure compatibility prior to any large-scale use.

PREPARATION OF SPRAY SOLUTION

Begin with clean equipment. Add sufficient clean water to the spray-tank for one-half of the mix load. Start tank agitation. Add and properly suspend the necessary amount of product before adding any other products. Agitate to ensure thorough mixing while adding the remaining required water. If allowed for use on your specific crop a high quality wetting agent or other agricultural spray adjuvant may be added to spray solutions according to the manufacturer's use directions. **YOQUINO 15 SC** must be properly suspended and diluted prior to the addition of any adjuvant. Consult the adjuvant label or manufacturer for crop tolerance and safety information when used with this product. Maintain agitation during mixing and application. Allowing the spray mixture to stand without agitation may result in an improperly suspended mixture. If agitation is stopped for any reasons, thoroughly re-mix the spray solution prior to any further use. Apply with properly calibrated spray equipment.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Apply **YOQUINO 15 SC** when threshold populations are observed and before large mite populations have been established. Apply **YOQUINO 15 SC** in sufficient water to ensure uniform and thorough coverage of foliage. Thorough coverage is required for optimum control. To achieve adequate coverage, use proper spray pressures, nozzles, nozzle spacing, and water volume per acre.

When used as directed, **YOQUINO 15 SC** is effective for the control of a variety of listed mite species. **YOQUINO 15 SC** shows efficacy on all mite life stages of susceptible mites. Using **YOQUINO 15 SC** in successive miticide applications is not recommended. Use **YOQUINO 15 SC** as part of a sound resistance management program that includes rotation with other miticide treatments having different modes of action.

Rotational Crop Restrictions

Food and feed crops not listed on this label must not be planted within 30 days of the last **YOQUINO 15 SC** application.

RESTRICTIONS (FOR ALL CROPS)

- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not apply by air.
- Do not apply within 75 feet of aquatic areas.
- Not for indoor residential use.
- A 30-day plant-back interval is required for all crops not listed on this label.
- Do Not combine **YOQUINO 15 SC** with Phos-ethyl (Fosetyl).

CROP-SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS

BUSHBERRY (CROP SUBGROUP 13-07B)

ARONIA BERRY; BLUEBERRY, HIGHBUSH; BLUEBERRY, LOWBUSH; BUFFALO CURRANT; CHILEAN GUAVA; CRANBERRY, HIGHBUSH; CURRANT, BLACK; CURRANT, RED; ELDERBERRY; EUROPEAN BARBERRY; GOOSEBERRY; HONEYSUCKLE, EDIBLE; HUCKLEBERRY; JOSTABERRY; JUNE BERRY (SASKATOON BERRY); LINGON- BERRY; NATIVE CURRANT; SALAL; SEA BUCKTHORN; CULTIVARS, VARIETIES, and/or HYBRIDS of these.

| PEST | USE RATE |
|---|-----------------------------|
| Broad mite (<i>Polyphagotarsonamus latus</i>) Southern red mite* (<i>Oligonychus ilicis</i>) Two spotted spider mite (<i>Tetranychus urticae</i>) | 31 fl oz/A (0.3 lb ai/A) |

RESTRICTIONS

- Apply in 50 to 100 gallons of water volume per acre.
- Allow a minimum of 21 days between applications.
- Do not make more than two applications of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per year.
- Do not apply more than 62 fl oz of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per acre (0.6 lb ai) per year.
- Preharvest interval is 1 day.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) is 12 hours.

[*Not registered for use in California.]

CANEBERRY (CROP SUBGROUP 13-07A)

BLACKBERRY; LOGANBERRY; RASPBERRY, BLACK and RED; WILD RASPBERRY; CULTIVARS, VARIETIES, and/or HYBRIDS of these.

| PEST | USE RATE |
|---|-----------------------------|
| Pacific spider mite (<i>Tetranychus pacificus</i>) Strawberry spider mite (<i>Tetranychus turkestanii</i>) Two spotted spider mite (<i>Tetranychus urticae</i>) | 31 fl oz/A (0.3 lb ai/A) |

RESTRICTIONS

- Do not use less than 50 gallons of water volume per acre.
- Allow a minimum of 21 days between treatments.
- Do not make more than two applications of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per year.
- Do not apply more than 62 fl oz of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per acre (0.6 lb ai) per year.
- Preharvest interval is 1 day.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) is 12 hours.

CHERRY (CROP SUBGROUP 12-12A)

CAPULIN; CHERRY, BLACK; CHERRY, NANKING; CHERRY, SWEET; CHERRY, TART; CULTIVARS, VARIETIES, and/or HYBRIDS of these.

| PEST | USE RATE |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Two spotted spider mite (<i>Tetranychus urticae</i>) European red mite (<i>Panonychus ulmi</i>) | 31 fl oz/A (0.3 lb ai/A) |

RESTRICTIONS

- Do not use less than 40 gallons of water volume per acre. Use 150 gallons of water per acre or higher.
- Apply to every row to ensure coverage. Do not use in alternate row middle applications.
- Allow a minimum of 14 days between treatments.
- Do not make more than two applications of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per year.
- Do not apply more than 62 fl oz of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per acre (0.6 lb ai) per year.
- Preharvest interval is 7 days.
- Restricted-entry Interval (REI) is 12 hours.

CITRUS FRUIT GROUP (CROP GROUP 10-10)

AUSTRALIAN DESERT LIME; AUSTRALIAN FINGER-LIME; AUSTRALIAN ROUND LIME; BROWN RIVER FINGER LIME; CALAMONDIN; CITRON; CITRUS HYBRIDS; GRAPEFRUIT; JAPANESE SUMMER GRAPEFRUIT; KUMQUAT; LEMON; LIME; MEDITERRANEAN MANDARIN; MOUNT WHITE LIME; NEW GUINEA WILD LIME; ORANGE, SOUR; ORANGE, SWEET; PUMMELO; RUSSELL RIVER LIME; SATSUMA MANDARIN; SWEET LIME; TACHIBANA ORANGE; TAHITI LIME; TAN- GELO; TANGERINE (MANDARIN); TANGOR; TRIFOLIATE ORANGE; UNIQ FRUIT; CULTIVARS, VARIETIES, and/or HYBRIDS of these.

| PEST | USE RATE |
|--|--|
| Two spotted spider mite (<i>Tetranychus urticae</i>) Spruce mite (<i>Oligonychus ununguis</i>) European red mite (<i>Panonychus ulmi</i>) Citrus red mite (<i>Panonychus citri</i>) Pacific spider mite (<i>Tetranychus pacificus</i>) Texas citrus mite (<i>Eutetranychus banksi</i>) Strawberry spider mite (<i>Tetranychus turkestanii</i>) Yuma spider mite* (<i>Eotetranychus yumensis</i>) Citrus flat mite* (<i>Brevipalpus lewisi</i>) Banks flat mite* (<i>Brevipalpus californicus</i>) | 21 fl oz - 31 fl oz/A (0.2 lb ai/A - 0.3 lb ai/A) |

Use 150 gallons of water per acre or higher.

RESTRICTIONS

- Do not use less than 100 gallons of water volume.
- Allow a minimum of 21 days between treatments.
- Do not make more than two applications of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per year.
- Do not apply more than 62 fl oz of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per acre (0.6 lb ai) per year.
- Preharvest interval is 7 days.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) is 12 hours.

[*Not registered for use in California.]

CUCURBIT VEGETABLES (CROP GROUP 9)

CHAYOTE (FRUIT); CHINESE WAXGOURD (CHINESE PRESERVING MELON); CITRON MELON; CUCUMBER; GHERKIN; GOURD, EDIBLE (includes HYOTAN, CUCUZZA, HECHIMA, CHINESE OKRA); *Momordica* spp. (includes BALSAM APPLE, BALSAM PEAR, BITTERMELON, CHINESE CUCUMBER); MUSKMELON (includes CANTALOUPE); PUMPKIN; SQUASH, SUMMER; SQUASH, WINTER (includes BUTTERNUT SQUASH, CALABAZA, HUBBARD SQUASH, ACORN SQUASH, SPAGHETTI SQUASH); WATERMELON.

FIELD GROWN and COMMERCIAL GREENHOUSE GROWN.

| PEST | USE RATE |
|---|-----------------------------|
| Two spotted spider mite (<i>Tetranychus urticae</i>) | 31 fl oz/A (0.3 lb ai/A) |
| Carmine spider mite (<i>Tetranychus cinnabarinus</i>) | |
| Broad mite (<i>Polyphagotarsonamus latus</i>) | |

RESTRICTIONS

- Do not use less than 30 gallons of water volume per acre.
- Allow a minimum of 21 days between treatments.
- Do not make more than two applications of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per year.
- Do not apply more than 62 fl oz of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per acre (0.6 lb ai) per year.
- Preharvest interval is 1 day.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) is 12 hours.

DRIED SHELLED BEANS

Including *Cicer arietinum* (CHICKPEA, GARBANZO BEAN); *Lupinus* spp. (including SWEET LUPINE, WHITE SWEET LUPINE, WHITE LUPINE, and GRAIN LUPINE); *Phaseolus* spp. (including KIDNEY BEAN, LIMA BEAN, MUNG BEAN, NAVY BEAN, PINTO BEAN, SNAP BEAN, and WAXBEAN); *Vicia faba* (BROAD BEAN, FAVA BEAN); *Vigna* spp. (including ASPARAGUS BEAN, BLACKEYED PEA and COWPEA).

| PEST | USE RATE |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Two spotted spider mite (<i>Tetranychus urticae</i>) | 31 fl oz/A (0.3 lb ai/A) |
| Broad mite (<i>Polyphagotarsonamus latus</i>) | |

RESTRICTIONS

- Do not use less than 30 gallons of water volume per acre.
- Allow a minimum of 14 days between treatments.
- Do not make more than two applications of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per year.
- Do not apply more than 62 fl oz of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per acre (0.6 lb ai) per year.
- Do not allow grazing on cowpea forage within 7 days of the last treatment.
- Preharvest interval is 7 days.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) is 12 hours.

EDIBLE PODDED BEANS

BEAN (*Phaseolus*) (includes RUNNER BEAN, SNAP BEAN, WAX BEAN); BEAN (*Vigna*) (includes ASPARAGUS BEAN, CHINESE LONGBEAN, MOTH BEAN, YARDBLON BEAN); JACKBEAN, and SWORD BEAN.

| PEST | USE RATE |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Two spotted spider mite (<i>Tetranychus urticae</i>) | 31 fl oz/A (0.3 lb ai/A) |

RESTRICTIONS

- Do not use less than 100 gallons of water volume per acre.
- Allow a minimum of 21 days between treatments.
- Do not make more than two applications of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per year.
- Do not apply more than 62 fl oz of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per acre (0.6 lb ai) per year.
- Preharvest interval is 7 days.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) is 12 hours.

FRUITING VEGETABLES (CROP GROUP 8-10)

AFRICAN EGGPLANT; BUSH TOMATO; BELL PEPPER; COCONA; CURRANT TOMATO; EGGPLANT; GARDEN HUCKLEBERRY; GOJI BERRY; GROUNDCHERRY; MARTYNIA; NARANJILLA; OKRA; PEA EGGPLANT; PEPINO; NONBELL PEPPER; ROSELLE; SCARLET EGG-PLANT; SUNBERRY; TOMATILLO; TOMATO; TREE TOMATO; CULTIVARS, VARIETIES, and/or HYBRIDS of these.

FIELD GROWN and COMMERCIAL GREENHOUSE GROWN.

| PEST | USE RATE |
|---|-----------------------------|
| Two spotted spider mite (<i>Tetranychus urticae</i>) | 31 fl oz/A (0.3 lb ai/A) |
| Carmine spider mite (<i>Tetranychus cinnabarinus</i>) | |
| Broad mite (<i>Polyphagotarsonamus latus</i>) | |

RESTRICTIONS

- Do not use less than 100 gallons of water volume per acre.
- Allow a minimum of 21 days between treatments.
- Do not make more than two applications of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per year.
- Do not apply more than 62 fl oz of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per acre (0.6 lb ai) per year.
- Preharvest interval is 1 day.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) is 12 hours.

GUAVA*

(Including: CATTLEY GUAVA, PARA GUAVA, PURPLE STRAWBERRY GUAVA, STRAWBERRY GUAVA AND YELLOW STRAWBERRY GUAVA).

TROPICAL AND SUBTROPICAL, SMALL FRUIT, INEDIBLE PEEL (CROP SUBGROUP 24A)*

AISEN, BAELE FRUIT, BURMESE GRAPE, CAT'S EYES, INGA, LONGAN, LYCHEE, MADRAS-THORN, MANDURO, MATISIA, MESQUITE, MON- GONGO FRUIT, SMALL-FLOWER PAWPAW, SATINLEAF, SIERRA LEONE-TAMARIND, SPANISH LIME, VELVET TAMARIND, WAMPLI, WHITE STAR APPLE AND CULTIVARS, VARIETIES and HYBRIDS of these commodities).

| PEST | USE RATE |
|---|---------------|
| Citrus flat mite (<i>Brevipalpus lewisi</i>) | 31 fl oz/A |
| Banks flat mite (<i>Brevipalpus californicus</i>) | (0.3 lb ai/A) |

RESTRICTIONS

- Do not use less than 100 gallons of water volume per acre.
- Allow a minimum of 21 days between treatments.
- Do not make more than two applications of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per year.
- Do not apply more than 62 fl oz of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per acre (0.6 lb ai) per season.
- Preharvest interval is 1 day.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) is 12 hours.

[*Not registered for use in California.]

TROPICAL AND SUBTROPICAL. MEDIUM TO LARGE FRUIT, SMOOTH, INEDIBLE PEEL (CROP SUBGROUP 24B) [*]

ABIU; AKEE APPLE; AVOCADO; GUATEMALAN AVOCADO; MEXICAN AVOCADO; WEST INDIAN AVOCADO; BACURY; BANANA; DWARF BANANA; BINJAI; CANISTEL; CUPUACÚ; ETAMBE; JATOBÁ; KEI APPLE; LANGSAT; LANJUT; LUCUMA; MABOLO; MANGO; HORSE MANGO; SAIPAN MANGO; MANGOSTEEN; PAHO; PAPAYA; COMMON PAWPAW; PELIPISAN; PEQUI; PEQUIA; AMERICAN PERSIMMON; PLANTAIN; POMEGRANATE; POSHTE; QUANDONG; BLACK SAPOTE; GREEN SAPOTE; WHITE SAPOTE; SATAW; SCREW-PINE; STAR APPLE; TAMARIND-OF-THE-INDIES; WILD LOQUAT; CULTIVARS, VARIETIES, and HYBRIDS of these commodities).

| PEST | USE RATE |
|---|-----------------------------|
| Citrus flat mite (<i>Brevipalpus lewisi</i>) | 31 fl oz/A (0.3 lb ai/A) |
| Banks flat mite (<i>Brevipalpus californicus</i>) | |
| Red palm mite (<i>Raoiella indica</i>) | |
| Sixspotted mite (<i>Eotetranychus sexmaculatus</i>) | |
| Avocado brown mite (<i>Oligonychus punicae</i>) | |
| Avocado red mite (<i>Oligonychus yothersi</i>) | |
| Persea mite (<i>Oligonychus perseae</i>) | |
| Citrus red mite (<i>Panonychus citri</i>) | |
| Twospotted spider mite (<i>Tetranychus</i> | |

urticae)

RESTRICTIONS

- Do not use less than 100 gallons of water volume per acre.
- Allow a minimum of 21 days between treatments.
- Do not make more than two applications of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per year.
- Do not apply more than 62 fl oz of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per acre (0.6 lb ai) per season.
- Preharvest interval is 1 day.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) is 12 hours.

[*Not registered for use in California.]

HOPS

| PEST | USE RATE |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Two spotted spider mite (<i>Tetranychus urticae</i>) | 31 fl oz/A (0.3 lb ai/A) |

RESTRICTIONS

- Do not use less than 100 gallons of water volume per acre.
- Allow a minimum of 21 days between treatments.
- Do not make more than two applications of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per year.
- Do not apply more than 62 fl oz of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per acre (0.6 lb ai) per year.
- Preharvest interval is 7 days.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) is 12 hours.

LOW GROWING BERRIES (SUBGROUP 13-07G)

BEARBERRY; BILBERRY; BLUEBERRY, LOWBUSH; CLOUDBERRY; CRANBERRY; LINGONBERRY; MUNTRIES; PARTRIDGEBERRY; STRAWBERRY; CULTIVARS, VARIETIES, and/or HYBRIDS of these.

| PEST | USE RATE |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Pacific spider mite (<i>Tetranychus pacificus</i>) | 21 fl oz - |
| Strawberry spider mite (<i>Tetranychus turkestani</i>) | 31 fl oz/A |
| Two spotted spider mite (<i>Tetranychus urticae</i>) | (0.2 lb ai/A - 0.3 lb ai/A) |

RESTRICTIONS

- Do not use less than 100 gallons of water volume per acre.
- Allow a minimum of 21 days between treatments.
- Do not make more than two applications of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per year.
- Do not apply more than 62 fl oz of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per acre (0.6 lb ai) per year.
- Preharvest interval is 1 day.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) is 12 hours.

POME FRUIT (CROP GROUP 11-10)

APPLE; AZAROLE; CRABAPPLE; LOQUAT; MAYHAW; MEDLAR; PEAR; PEAR, ASIAN; QUINCE; QUINCE, CHINESE; QUINCE, JAPANESE; TEJOCOTE; CULTIVARS, VARIETIES, and/or HYBRIDS of these.

| PEST | USE RATE |
|---|--------------------------------|
| European red mite (<i>Panonychus ulmi</i>) | 21 fl oz - |
| Pacific spider mite (<i>Tetranychus pacificus</i>) | 31 fl oz/A |
| Two spotted spider mite (<i>Tetranychus urticae</i>) | (0.2 lb ai/A - 0.3 lb ai/A) |
| RESTRICTIONS <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not use less than 100 gallons of water volume per acre. Allow a minimum of 21 days between treatments. Do not make more than two applications of YOQUINO 15 SC per year. Do not apply more than 62 fl oz of YOQUINO 15 SC per acre (0.6 lb ai) per year. Preharvest interval is 14 days. Restricted-entry interval (REI) is 12 hours. | |

APPLICATION TO PRODUCTION AND LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

YOQUINO 15 SC is a miticide for the control of Citrus red mite (*Panonychus citri*), European red mite (*Panonychus ulmi*), Pacific spider mite (*Tetranychus pacificus*), Texas citrus mite (*Eutetranychus banksi*) and Spruce spider mite (*Oligonychus ununquis*), Strawberry spider mite (*Tetranychus turkestanii*), Willamette spider mite (*Eotetranychus willamettei*) and Twospotted spider mite (*Tetranychus urticae*) on production and landscape ornamentals.

For control of susceptible mites, mix 6.4 - 12.8 fluid ounces of **YOQUINO 15 SC** in 100 gallons of water. Apply as a full coverage spray to the foliage to the point of drip. Actual spray volume used per acre will vary depending on the size of plants being sprayed. Make application as soon as mite population reaches threshold infestation levels.

YOQUINO 15 SC will control susceptible mite infestations on ornamental plants growing in interiorscapes, arboretums, field nursery plantings, container nurseries, forest nurseries, residential and commercial landscapes, commercial greenhouses, commercial lath and shade houses, parks and recreation areas and areas surrounding schools.

| PEST | USE RATE |
|---|------------------|
| Citrus red mite (<i>Panonychus citri</i>) | 6.4 fl oz – 12.8 |
| European red mite (<i>Panonychus ulmi</i>) | fl oz/A |
| Pacific spider mite (<i>Tetranychus pacificus</i>) | (0.06 lb ai/A – |
| Spruce spider mite (<i>Oligonychus ununquis</i>) | 0.10 lb ai/A) |
| Twospotted spider mite (<i>Tetranychus urticae</i>) | |
| Willamette spider mite (<i>Eotetranychus willamettei</i>) | |
| Strawberry spider mite (<i>Tetranychus turkestanii</i>) | |
| Texas citrus mite (<i>Eutetranychus banksi</i>) | |

Flat mites (*Brevipalpus spp.*)

RESTRICTIONS

- Apply a maximum of 12.8 fl. oz./A/application, not to exceed 25.6 fl. oz./A/year.
- Do not use less than 100 gallons of water volume per acre.
- Allow a minimum of 14 days between treatments.
- Not for indoor residential use.

SMALL FRUIT VINE CLIMBING

except **FUZZY KIWIFRUIT (SUBGROUP 13-07F)** **AMUR RIVER GRAPE; GOOSEBERRY; GRAPE; KIWIFRUIT, HARDY; MAYPOP; SCHISANDRA BERRY; CULTIVARS, VARIETIES, and/or HYBRIDS of these.**

| PEST | USE RATE |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Pacific spider mite (<i>Tetranychus pacificus</i>) | 21 fl oz - |
| Two spotted spider mite (<i>Tetranychus urticae</i>) | 31 fl oz/A |
| Willamette spider mite (<i>Eotetranychus willamettei</i>) | (0.2 lb ai/A - 0.3 lb ai/A) |

RESTRICTIONS

- For grapes (young vines, early season application prior to dense foliage) - Do not use less than 50 gallons of water per acre.
- Do not use less than 100 gallons of water volume per acre (except for grapes).
- Apply to every row to ensure coverage. Do not use in alternate row middle applications.
- Allow a minimum of 21 days between treatments.
- Do not make more than two applications of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per year.
- Do not apply more than 62 fl oz of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per acre (0.6 lb ai) per year.
- Preharvest interval is 7 days.
- Restricted-entry Interval (REI) is 12 hours.

SUCCULENT SHELLED BEAN

All of the following in succulent form only: *Cicer arietinum* (CHICKPEA, GARBANZO BEAN); *Lupinus* spp. (including SWEET LUPINE, WHITE SWEET LUPINE, WHITE LUPINE, and GRAIN LUPINE); *Phaseolus* spp. (including KIDNEY BEAN, LIMA BEAN, MUNG BEAN, NAVY BEAN, PINTO BEAN, SNAP BEAN, and WAX-BEAN); *Vicia faba* (BROAD BEAN, FAVA BEAN); *Vigna* spp. (including ASPARAGUS BEAN, BLACKEYED PEA and COWPEA).

| PEST | USE RATE |
|--|---------------|
| Two spotted spider mite (<i>Tetranychus urticae</i>) | 31 fl oz/A |
| Broad mite (<i>Polyphagotarsonamus latus</i>) | (0.3 lb ai/A) |

RESTRICTIONS

- Do not use less than 30 gallons of water volume per acre.
- Allow a minimum of 14 days between treatments.
- Do not make more than two applications of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per year.
- Do not apply more than 62 fl oz of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per acre (0.6 lb ai) per year.
- Do not allow grazing on cowpea forage within 7 days of the last treatment.
- Preharvest interval is 7 days.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) is 12 hours.

SUCCULENT SOYBEAN VEGETABLE

| PEST | USE RATE |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Two spotted spider mite (<i>Tetranychus urticae</i>) | 31 fl oz/A (0.3 lb ai/A) |

RESTRICTIONS

- Do not use less than 100 gallons of water volume per acre.
- Allow a minimum of 21 days between treatments.
- Do not make more than two applications of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per year.
- Do not apply more than 62 fl oz of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per acre (0.6 lb ai) per year.
- Preharvest interval is 7 days.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) is 12 hours.

TREE NUT (CROP GROUP 14-12)

AFRICAN NUT-TREE; ALMOND; BEECHNUT; BRAZIL NUT; BRAZILIAN PINE; BUNYA; BUR OAK; BUTTERNUT; CAJOU NUT; CANDLENUT; CASHEW; CHESTNUT; CHINQUAPIN; COCONUT; COQUITO NUT; DIKA NUT; GINKGO; GUIANA CHESTNUT; HAZELNUT (FILBERT); HEARTNUT; HICKORY NUT; JAPANESE HORSE-CHESTNUT; MACADAMIA NUT; MONGONGO NUT; MONKEY-POT; MONKEY PUZZLE NUT; OKARI NUT; PACHIRA NUT; PEACH PALM NUT; PECAN; PEQUI; PILI NUT; PINE NUT; PISTACHIO; SAPUCAIA NUT; TROPICAL ALMOND; WALNUT, BLACK; WALNUT, ENGLISH; YELLOWHORN; CULTIVARS, VARIETIES, and/or HYBRIDS of these.

| PEST | USE RATE |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Pacific spider mite (<i>Tetranychus pacificus</i>) | 21 fl oz - |
| Two spotted spider mite (<i>Tetranychus urticae</i>) | 31 fl oz/A |
| Willamette spider mite (<i>Eotetranychus willamettei</i>) | (0.2 lb ai/A - 0.3 lb ai/A) |

For optimal control, use 150 gallons of water per acre or higher.

RESTRICTIONS

- Do not use less than 100 gallons of water volume per acre. Apply to every row to ensure coverage. Do not use in alternate row middle applications.
- Allow a minimum of 21 days between treatments.
- Do not make more than two applications of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per year.
- Do not apply more than 62 fl oz of **YOQUINO 15 SC** per acre (0.6 lb ai) per year.
- Preharvest interval is 7 days.
- Restricted-entry Interval (REI) is 12 hours.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE

Store in original container and keep tightly closed. Store in a cool dry place. Protect from excessive heat.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, pesticide spray or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING

Rigid, Nonrefillable containers small enough to shake (i.e., with capacities equal to or less than 5 gallons).

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration.

(continued)

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL *(continued)*

CONTAINER HANDLING *(continued)*

Rigid, Nonrefillable containers small enough to shake (i.e., with capacities equal to or less than 5 gallons). *(continued)*

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix-tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix-tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix-tank for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix-tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Rigid, Nonrefillable containers that are too large to shake (i.e., with capacities greater than 5 gallons or 50 lbs).

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. After emptying product from container, rinse and either recycle or dispose of the container as follows:

Bottom Discharge IBC (e.g. Schuetz Caged IBC or Snyder Square Stackable).

Pressure rinsing the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. To pressure rinse the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from the IBC into application equipment or mix-tank. Raise the bottom of the IBC by 1.5 inches on the side which is opposite of the bottom discharge valve to promote more complete product removal. Completely remove the top lid of the IBC. Use water pressurized to at least 40 PSI to rinse all interior portions. Continuously pump or drain rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system while pressure rinsing. Continue pressure rinsing for 2 minutes or until rinsate becomes clear. Replace the lid and close bottom valve.

Top Discharge IBC, Drums, Kegs (e.g. Snyder 120 Next Gen, Bonar B120, Drums, and Kegs).

Triple rinsing the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. To triple rinse the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Fill the container at least 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Rinse all interior surfaces. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this procedure two more times. Once container is rinsed, offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration.

Warranty and Disclaimer Statement

The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Such risks may arise from weather conditions, soil factors, off-target movement, unconventional farming techniques, the presence of other materials, the manner of use or application, or other unknown factors, all of which are beyond the control of Yongnong Biosciences Co., Ltd., and can cause crop injury, injury to non-target crops or plants, ineffectiveness of the product, or other unintended consequences. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer. Yongnong Biosciences Co., Ltd. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks described above, when used in accordance with the Directions for Use under normal conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to Yongnong Biosciences Co., Ltd., and is subject to the inherent risks described above. **TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, Yongnong Biosciences Co., Ltd. DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, Yongnong Biosciences Co., Ltd., MANUFACTURER, AND SELLER DISCLAIM AND SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, INDIRECT, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE, HANDLING, APPLICATION, STORAGE, OR DISPOSAL OF THIS PRODUCT OR FOR DAMAGES IN THE NATURE OF PENALTIES, AND THE USER AND BUYER WAIVE ANY RIGHT THAT THEY MAY HAVE TO SUCH DAMAGES. NO AGENT, REPRESENTATIVE OR EMPLOYEE OF Yongnong Biosciences Co., Ltd. IS AUTHORIZED TO MAKE ANY WARRANTY, GUARANTEE OR REPRESENTATION BEYOND THOSE CONTAINED HEREIN OR TO MODIFY THE WARRANTIES CONTAINED HEREIN. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE TOTAL LIABILITY OF Yongnong Biosciences Co., Ltd., MANUFACTURER, AND SELLER, SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID, OR AT Yongnong Biosciences Co., Ltd.'S ELECTION, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.**

[Optional Marketing Language]

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