U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505P)	EPA Reg. Number:	Date of Issuance:			
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20460	89108-140	1/21/22			
NOTICE OF PESTICIDE: <u>X</u> Registration Reregistration	Term of Issuance: Unconditional				
(under FIFRA, as amended)	Name of Pesticide Prod LIBERTY ISOXAF	uct: FLUTOLE SC 40.5			
Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):					
Mary Beth Endres LIBERTY CROP PROTECTION, LLC. 1880 FALL RIVER DRIVE, SUITE 100 LOVELAND, CO 80538					
Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registratic Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product a	on must be submitted to an lways refer to the above El	d accepted by the PA registration number.			
On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above n under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.	amed pesticide is	hereby registered			
Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.					
This product is unconditionally registered in accordance with FIFR	A section $3(c)(5)$	provided that you:			
 Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistr product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar 	 Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/registration/registration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data. 				
Signature of Approving Official:	Date:				
More Milla	1/21/22				
Product Manager 24 Fundicide and Herbicide Prench, Production Division (7505D)					
EPA Form 8570-6					

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- 2. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:
 - Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 89168-146."
- 3. Submit one copy of the revised final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. Please also note that the record for this product currently contains the following CSFs:

• Basic CSF dated 09/01/2021

If you have any questions, please contact Sayed Islam by phone at 202-566-2796, or via email at islam.sayed@epa.gov

Enclosure

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

May injure (phytotoxic) susceptible non-target plants.

For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification. Commercial and certified applicators must ensure that all persons involved in these activities are informed of the precautionary statements.

ISOXAFLUTOLE GROUP 27 HERBICIDE

LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5

HERBICIDE

For weed control in field corn, seed corn and corn grown for silage in the states of: AR, AL, CO, DE, GA, IL, IN, IA, KS, KY, LA, MI, MN, MO, MS, MT, NE, NJ, NM, NC, ND, OH, OK, PA, SC, SD, TN, TX, VA, and WY

In the states of CO, DE, KS, MD, MO, NJ, NM, SD, and WV use is only allowed under 24c registrations. A current 24c label must be in the possession of the user at the time of the pesticide application.

In the state of MN use is only allowed in accordance with the Minnesota Product Bulletin.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	%	BY WT.
Isoxaflutole*		40.5 %
OTHER INGREDIENTS:		59.5 %
TOTAL:		100.0%
*Product contains 4.0 pounds of isoxaflutole per gallon.		

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION / PRECAUCIÓN

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

For chemical Spill, Leak, Fire, or Exposure, call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300.

[SEE INSIDE BOOKLET FOR FIRST AID AND ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS.] [See inside booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.]

EPA Reg. No.: 89168-RUA

EPA Est. No.:

NET CONTENTS: [____ FL OZ] [____ GAL]

Manufactured for: LIBERTY CROP PROTECTION, LLC 1880 Fall River Drive, Suite 100 Loveland, CO 80538



Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 89168-146 012122

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	FIRST AID		
IF SWALLOWED:) Immediately call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.		
	DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or		
	doctor.		
	Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.		
	DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.		
IF ON SKIN OR	J Take off contaminated clothing.		
CLOTHING:	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.		
) Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.		
IF IN EYES:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.		
) Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue		
	rinsing.		
) Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advise.		
IF INHALED:	/ Move person to fresh air.		
) If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial		
	respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.		
) Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.		
HOTLINE NUMBER			

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For emergence information concerning this product, call the National Pesticides Information Center (NPIC) at **1-800-858-7378** or your poison control center at **1-800-424-9300**. For Chemical Spill, Lea, Fire or Exposure, call CHEMTREC **800-424-9300**.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARD TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- *J* Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material including polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride, shoes plus socks and protective eye wear.
-) When mixing/loading or cleaning equipment, wear a chemical resistant apron in addition to the other required PPE.

User Safety Requirements

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. **DO NOT** reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENT

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Users should:

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Drift or runoff may adversely affect non-target plants. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organism in neighboring areas. **DO NOT** apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

DO NOT apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. **DO NOT** use the same spray equipment for other purposes unless thoroughly cleaned. **DO NOT** contaminate water used for irrigation or domestic purposes.

This chemical is known to leach through soil into shallow ground water under certain conditions as a result of agricultural use. Thus, use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in ground water contamination.

Isoxaflutole residues can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, isoxaflutole residues may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water (primarily via dissolution in runoff water), for several weeks after application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas over-laying extremely shallow ground water, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips and areas over-laying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water.

In fields having sands, loamy sands and sandy loam soils, special care **must** be taken not to over-irrigate since substantial over-irrigation promotes the leaching of chemicals.

This pesticide is toxic to some plants at very low concentrations. Non-target plants may be adversely affected if the pesticide is allowed to drift from areas of application. Exposure to isoxaflutole residues may injure or kill susceptible plants. Symptoms of phytotoxicity as a result of exposure to isoxaflutole include whitening or chlorosis of the foliage of affected plants. Cotton is particularly susceptible to isoxaflutole; therefore, exposure of cotton to isoxaflutole residues may affect cotton yield. To prevent damage to crops and other desirable plants, read and follow all directions and precautions on this label before using.

Non-Target Organism Advisory

This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

DO NOT mix or allow coming in contact with oxidizing agents. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read entire label before using this product. DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the same area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticides.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated including plants, soil or water, is coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, socks plus chemical resistant footwear and protective eye wear.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 is formulated as a soluble concentrate of isoxaflutole at a concentration of 4 pounds of active ingredient, isoxaflutole, per gallon.

LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 is a selective herbicide for control of important broadleaf and grass weeds infesting field corn when used as a preplant (surface-applied or incorporated) or preemergence herbicide.

LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 is effective in controlling glyphosate triazine, plant growth regulant (auxin), or ALS resistant populations of weed species which are listed in the "Weed Species Control" tables below on this label.

Seed corn inbreds and male pollenators within certain corn varieties, vary in their response to LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5. Consult your seed company for advice BEFORE using LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 on seed corn inbreds.

Adverse crop response may increase and crop recovery may be slowed when corn is grown under conditions that inhibit crop growth. Such conditions include extremely wet, cold, or dry soils; high pH, or low fertility.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, this product is a Group 27 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to this product and other Group 27 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance-management strategies must be followed.

Weed Management

To delay herbicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of this product or other Group 27 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in the field.
-) Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.
-) Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties) and other management practices.
-) Scout before and after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed

production in the affected are by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method including hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields, and planting clean seed.

-) If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
-) Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistancemanagement and/or integrated weed-management directions for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact LIBERTY CROP PROTECTION, LLC at 844-425-8488.

Management of Resistant Biotypes

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds cannot be determined until after product use and scientific confirmation, to the extent consistent with applicable law, manufacturer is not responsible for any losses that may result from the failure of this product to control resistant weed biotypes.

The following good agronomic practices are advised to reduce the spread of resistant biotypes:

- If a naturally occurring resistant biotype is present in your application site, this product must be tank mixed or applied sequentially with an appropriately labeled herbicide with a different mode of action to achieve control.
- Cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g. crop rotation or tillage) may also be used as appropriate.
- Scout treated application site after herbicide applications and control escaping weeds including resistant biotypes before they set seed.
- Thoroughly clean equipment before leaving fields known to contain resistant biotypes.
- Contact your local sales representative, crop advisor, or extension agent to find out if suspected
 resistant weeds to this Mode of Actions have been found in your region. DO NOT assume that each
 listed weed is being controlled by multiple mechanisms of action. Co-formulated active ingredients are
 intended to broaden the spectrum of weeds that are controlled. Some weeds may be controlled only
 one of the active ingredients in this product.

Integrated Pest (Weed) Management

This product may be integrated into an overall weed pest management strategy whenever the use of an herbicide is required. Practices known to reduce weed development (tillage, crop competition) and herbicide use (weed scouting, proper application timing, banding) must be followed wherever possible. Consult local agricultural and weed authorities for additional IPM strategies established for your area.

MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Ground Boom Applications

- User must only apply with the release height specified by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators must select nozzle and pressure that delivery medium or coarser droplets in accordance with the American Society of Agriculture & Biological Engineers Standard 572 (ASABE S572).
 - **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.

Boomless Ground Applications

-) Applicators must select nozzle and pressure that delivery medium or coarser droplets in accordance with the American Society of Agriculture & Biological Engineers Standard 572 (ASABE S572).
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Boom

-) **Volume -** Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- **) Pressure -** Use the lowest spray pressure specified for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- **)** Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

Boom-less Ground Applications

) Setting Nozzles at the lowest effective height will help to reduce the potential for spray drift.

Handheld Technology Applications

Take precautions to minimize spray drift.

BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom

For ground equipment, the boom must remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation. **TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS**

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

WIND

Drift potential increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS.

Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

MIXING/LOADING INSTRUCTIONS

This product may not be mixed or loaded within 50 feet of any wells (including abandoned wells and drainage wells), sink holes, perennial or intermittent streams and rivers, and natural or impounded lakes and reservoirs. This setback does not apply to properly capped or plugged abandoned wells and does not apply to impervious pad or properly diked mixing/loading areas.

Operations that involve mixing, loading, rinsing or washing of this product into or from pesticide handling or application equipment or containers within 50 feet of any well are prohibited unless conducted on an impervious pad constructed to withstand the weight of the heaviest load that may be positioned on or moved across the pad. Such a pad shall be designed and maintained to contain any product spills or equipment leaks, container or equipment rinse or washwater and rainwater that may fall on the pad. Surface water shall not be allowed to either flow over or from the pad, which means the pad must be self-contained. The pad shall be sloped to facilitate material removal. An unroofed pad shall be of sufficient capacity to contain at a minimum 110% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad. A pad that is covered by a roof of sufficient size to exclude completely precipitation from contact shall be of sufficient capacity to contain at a minimum of 100% of the capacity of the largest pesticide above shall be maintained at all times. The above specific minimum containment capacities **DO NOT** apply to vehicles when delivering

pesticide shipments to the mixing/loading site. States may have in effect additional requirements regarding wellhead setbacks and operational containment.

Product must be used in a manner which will prevent back siphoning in wells, spills or improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures or rinsates.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Application with water or liquid fertilizer as a carrier: Fill the spray tank 1/4 to 1/2 of the required volume of water or liquid fertilizer prior to the addition of LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5. Add the proper amount of LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5, and then add the rest of the water or liquid fertilizer to the desired level. Maintain sufficient agitation to ensure a uniform spray mixture during application. If LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 is applied in a tank mixture with other pesticides, add LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 to the spray tank first and ensure it is thoroughly dispersed before adding other pesticides. Continue to fill the tank with carrier to the desired volume while agitating. Continue agitation during application to ensure a uniform spray mixture.

Re-suspending SC Products in Spray Solution: Like other suspension concentrates (SC's), LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 will settle if left standing without agitation. If the spray solution is allowed to settle for one hour or more, reagitate the spray solution for a minimum of 10 minutes before application.

Sprayer Cleanup: To avoid injury or exposure to non-target crops, thoroughly clean all mixing and spray equipment, including pumps, nozzles, lines and screens with a good quality tank cleaner, on approved rinse pad or on the field site where an approved crop is to be grown.

Tank Mixtures

LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 can be applied in tank mixture with many other pesticides registered for use on corn, and other crops on EPA- approved supplemental labeling. Refer to "Tank Mix Combination" section for rate requirements and other restrictions. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Compatibility

If LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 is to be tank mixed with liquid fertilizers or other pesticides, compatibility **must**_be tested prior to mixing. To test for compatibility, use a small container and mix a small amount (0.5 to 1 qt) of spray, combining all ingredients in the same ratio as the anticipated use. If any indications of physical incompatibility develop, **DO NOT** use this mixture for spraying. Indications of incompatibility usually will appear within 5 to 15 minutes after mixing. Read and follow the label of each tankmix product used for precautionary statements, directions for use, geographic and other restrictions.

APPLICATION TIMING

APPLICATION PROCEDURES

LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 may be used in either conventional, conservation tillage, or no-till crop management systems and may be applied either preplant, preplant incorporated (less than 2 inches deep) or preemergence for use in field corn production. **DO NOT** apply after corn emerges or crop injury may occur.

LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 treatments are most effective in controlling weeds when adequate rainfall is received within 14 days after application. If cultivation is necessary because of soil crusting, soil compaction or weed germination before rain occurs, use shallow tillage, for example, rotary hoe to lightly incorporate this product and make certain corn seeds are below the tilled area. If treated soil is moved during tillage practices in such a way that the herbicide barrier is no longer intact, weeds may emerge from areas where treated soil has been removed. **DO NOT** incorporate with a drag harrow after planting.

Preplant Surface-Applied: LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 may be applied up to 21 days before planting field corn; up to 30 days prior to planting when used in a planned sequential application program,

for example, LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 followed by glufosinate, bromoxynil, or other post applied herbicides. Refer to the label of the respective sequential partner for specific use directions. Split applications can be made with 60 percent of the directed broadcast rate applied 15 to 30 days prior to planting and the remaining 40 percent applied at planting. Total LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 applied must equal the rate specified (See Rate Tables) for a preplant treatment on the predominate soil type in the field. Moving treated soil out of the row or moving untreated soil to the surface during planting may result in reduced weed control.

Preplant Incorporated: LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 may be applied up to 21 days before planting field corn; up to 30 days prior to planting when used in a planned sequential application program, for example, LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 followed by glufosinate, bromoxynil, or other post applied herbicides. Refer to the label of the respective sequential partner for specific use directions. Apply to the soil and uniformly incorporate in the top two inches of soil before planting using a finishing disc harrow, field cultivator or similar implement capable of providing uniform two inch incorporation. **DO NOT** incorporate LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 deeper than 2 inches or weed control may be reduced.

Preplant/Preemerge Burndown: When weeds are present at the time of treatment, a tank mixture of LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 with crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil is directed for burndown of labeled weeds 3 inches or less in height. When weeds are greater than 3 inches in height or weeds not controlled by LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 are present, the addition of a burndown herbicide (e.g., paraquat, glyphosate, or 2,4-D) is advised. If giant ragweed, common cocklebur, henbit, Pennsylvania smartweed or purple deadnettle are present at the time of application, the addition of atrazine will improve control. Observe directions for use and precautions and restrictions on the label of the burndown herbicide. When mixing with liquid nitrogen fertilizer or glyphosate, substitute a non-ionic surfactant for crop oil concentrate.

Preemergence: Apply LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 during planting (behind the planter after furrow closure) or after planting, but before weeds or crop emerge. **Failure to thoroughly close and firm the seed furrow may allow herbicide to directly contact the seed which can cause injury. GROUND APPLICATION**

Apply LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 alone or in tank mixtures by ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray mixture per acre. Uniform, thorough spray coverage is important to achieve consistent weed control. To minimize spray drift to non-target areas, apply this product using nozzles which deliver a coarse or larger spray droplet as defined by ASAE standard S-572 and as shown in nozzle manufacturer's catalogues. Keep the spray boom at the lowest possible spray height above the target surface. Refer to nozzle manufacturer's specifications for proper nozzle, pressure setting and sprayer speed for optimum product performance and minimal spray drift. Use sprayers that provide accurate and uniform application. Uneven application, sprayers not properly calibrated, or improper incorporation may decrease the level of weed control and/or increase the level of adverse crop response. Over applications or boom overlapping may result in stand loss.

Maintain constant ground speed while applying product to ensure proper distribution. **MAINTAIN ADEQUATE AGITATION AT ALL TIMES, INCLUDING MOMENTARY STOPS.**

Precaution

Avoid spray overlaps as excessive rates may result in adverse crop response.

BANDED APPLICATION

Banding herbicide application equipment must be carefully calibrated to prevent crop exposure to concentrations of LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 that exceed the labeled rate for the soil type. It is critical to ensure that the calibrated band width equates to actual band width realized in field applications. Bands actually delivered at a width narrower than targeted will concentrate the product and increase the risk for crop response.

Restriction

) Even flat spray tip nozzles and a band width of no less than 12 inches must be used.

Band Treatment: Apply a broadcast equivalent rate and volume per acre. To determine these:

Band width in inches Row width in inches	Х	Broadcast RATE per acre	=	Amount product needed per acre
<u>Band width in inches</u> Row width in inches	Х	Broadcast spray VOLUME per acre	=	Amount Band spray VOLUME needed per acre

Precautions

-) Application of this product at less than listed rates for the appropriate soil will only provide suppression of sensitive weeds.
-) Application of this product at less than listed rates for the appropriate soil will only provide suppression of sensitive weeds.
- LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 applications to **coarse soils** with organic matter of less than 1.5% by weight or pH greater than 7.5 may cause adverse crop response.
-) The use of this product is not advised on soils that have organic matter of less than 1.5% and a pH greater than 7.5.
- Use on clay knolls, eroded hill sides, terracing with scraped exposed subsoil, or other areas of coarser and/or lower organic matter soils, may cause adverse crop response.
-) To prevent off-site movement of soil containing this product to non-target areas, **DO NOT** apply this product to areas receiving less than 15 inches of average annual precipitation unless supplemented to at least the equivalent of 15 inches of annual precipitation with irrigation water.
- *J* Carryover from clomazone herbicide use can increase the potential for adverse crop response.

Use Restrictions

- **DO NOT** irrigate LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 into coarse soils at planting time when soils are saturated.
- **DO NOT** apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- **DO NOT** apply this product using aerial application equipment.
- **DO NOT** use flood or furrow irrigation to apply, activate or incorporate this product.
- Use on coarse textured soils with a shallow water table All Registered Uses:
 -) In the states of AL, AR, CO, DE, GA, KS, KY, LA, MD, MO, MS, NC, NM, OK, SC, TN, TX, VA, and WV if the water table (i.e, level of saturation) is less than 25 feet below the ground surface, **DO NOT** use on soils meeting all three of the following criteria. If the water table depth is unknown, **DO NOT** use on any of the soils meeting all three of the following criteria. If less than three criteria are met or the water table is greater than 25 feet below the ground surface, there is no restriction against application:
 - The surface soil texture is loamy sand or sand
 -) The subsoil texture is loamy sand or sand
 -) The average organic matter (in the upper 12 inches) is less than 2% by weight
 - In the states of IA, IL, IN, MI, MT, ND, NE, NJ, OH, PA, SD, and WY, if the water table (i.e, level of saturation) is less than 25 feet below the ground surface, **DO NOT** use on soils meeting all three of the following criteria. If the water table depth is unknown, **DO NOT** use on any of the soils meeting all three of the following criteria. If less than three criteria are met or the water table is greater than 25 feet below the ground surface, there is no restriction against application:
 - \int The surface soil texture is sandy loam, loamy sand or sand
 -) The subsoil texture is loamy sand or sand
 -) The average organic matter (in the upper 12 inches) is less than 2% by weight
- Plant corn at least 1.5 inches deep. Corn seed must be completely covered with soil and furrow firmed.
 DO NOT apply more than 3.0 fluid ounces (0.094 lb ai) of per acre per application or exceed the maximum labeled rate for any given soil type.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 3.0 fluid ounces (0.094 lb ai) of per acre per year or exceed the maximum labeled rate for any given soil type.
- **DO NOT** make more than 1 application per year.

- **DO NOT** apply solo HPPD inhibitor postmergence herbicides (mesotrione, tembotrione, tompramezone) to corn that has been treated with this product in the same growing season.
-) In Minnesota, this product must only be used in accordance with the Minnesota Product Bulletin. The Minnesota Product Bulletin, which accompanies the sale and packaging of the product, must be in possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.

ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS

Rotational crops vary in their crop response to low concentrations of LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 remaining in the soil. The amount of this product that may be present in the soil depends on soil moisture, soil temp, application rate, elapsed time since application and other environmental factors. When LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 is used in combination with other products; always follow the most restrictive rotational crop requirements.

Rotational Interval	Сгор	Geography	Precipitation Requirement ¹
0 Months	Corn (Field)	All	None
4 Months	(Wheat, triticale, cereal and rye)	All	None
6 Months	Soybeans, Barley, Sweet corn, Popcorn, Potato, Grain, Oats, Rye, Sorghum, and Sunflower	All	None
10 Months	Alfalfa	All	15 inches of cumulative precipitation from application to planting of rotational crop.*
10 Months	Sugarbeets	East of the Mississippi River	15 inches of cumulative precipitation from application to planting of rotational crop.*
10 Months	Rice, Cotton	All	15 inches of cumulative precipitation from application to planting of rotational crop.*
11 Months	Peanut	All	15 inches of cumulative precipitation from application to planting of rotational crop.*
12 Months	Carrots	All	15 inches of cumulative precipitation from application to planting of rotational crop.*
18 Months	Sugarbeets	West of the Mississippi River	15 inches of cumulative precipitation from application to planting of rotational crop.*
18 Months	All other crops	All	15 inches of cumulative precipitation from application to planting of rotational crop.*

The following rotational crops may be planted after applying LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 in Corn:

1 The amount of cumulative precipitation required before planting a rotational crop is in addition to the required rotational interval given in months.

* Furrow or Flood irrigation not to be included in total. No more than 7 inches of overhead irrigation included in total.

SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS

LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 APPLIED ALONE AS PART OF A PLANNED SEQUENTIAL WEED CONTROL PROGRAM

	Amount of LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 (Fluid Ounces (lb ai) per Acre)					
	Soil Texture					
Application Timing	Coarse Sand, Loamy s Ioar	Soils sand, Sandy n	Medium Soils** Loam, Silt Ioam, Silt, Sandy clay Ioam		Fine Soils Silty clay loam, Clay Ioam, Sandy clay, Silty clay, Clay	
	< 1.5% O.M.	> 1.5% O.M.	< 1.5% O.M.	>1.5% O.M.	< 1.5% O.M.	> 1.5% O.M.
Early Preplant (Surface Applied or Incorporated) 8 to 30 days prior to planting	Not Advised (See Below)*	2.25 to 3.0 (0.07 – 0.094)	3.0 (0.094)	3.0 (0.094)	3.0 (0.094)	3.0 (0.094)
Preplant (Surface Applied or Incorporated) 0 to 7 days prior to planting or preemergence	Not Advised (See Below)*	1.5 to 1.88 (0.047 – 0.059)	1.88 to 2.6 (0.059 – 0.081)	2.25 to 3.0 (0.07 – 0.094)	2.25 to 3.0 (0.07 – 0.094)	2.25 to 3.0 (0.07 – 0.094)

O.M. = Organic Matter by weight

Within rate ranges in the rate tables, use the lower rate on soils that are relatively coarse-textured or low in organic matter. Use the higher rate on soils that are relatively fine-textured or high in organic matter or when the preplant application is made further from planting.

- *Use on **coarse soils** of less than 1.5% organic matter by weight or pH greater than 7.5 may result in adverse crop response.
- ** When LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 is applied preemergence to **medium soils** with a pH greater than 7.5, reduce the rate by 0.25 fluid ounce from the **specified** rate.

When using LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 on fields with variable soils, optimum weed control will result when overall application rate is based on the predominant soil type(s) within a field. Use on clay knolls, eroded hill sides, terracing with scraped exposed subsoil, or other areas of coarse soils with organic matter of less than 1.5% by weight, rate must be reduced to one half the rate used on the predominant soil type in the field, not to exceed one fluid ounce per acre.

TANK MIX COMBINATIONS

LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 is advised as the foundation herbicide in an integrated weed control program.

Tank mix combinations may be used in either conventional, conservation tillage or no-till cropping systems and be applied at the same timings as LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 unless otherwise specified in the tank mix label. Multiple tank mixtures are allowed unless otherwise specified by the respective product labels. Check all tank mix product labels for proper rates and compatibilities for multiple tank mixes.

	Amount of LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 (Fluid Ounces (lb ai) per Acre)						
	Soil Texture					r	
Application	Coarse Soils		Medium Soils**		Fine Soils		
Timing	Sand, Loamy s	Sand, Loamy sand, Sandy		Loam, Silt Ioam, Silt,		Silty clay loam, Clay loam,	
rinning	loan	า	Sandy clay loam San		Sandy clay, S	clay, Silty clay, Clay	
	< 1.5%	> 1.5%	< 1.5%	>1.5%	< 1.5%	> 1.5%	
	О.М.	O.M.	О.М.	O.M.	О.М.	О.М.	
Early Preplant							
(Surface							
Applied or	Not	1.5 to 3.0	2.25 to 3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	
Incorporated)	Advised	(0.047 –	(0.07 –	(0.094)	(0.094)	(0.094)	
8 to 21* days	(See Below)*	0.094)	0.094)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	
prior to							
planting							
Preplant							
(Surface							
Applied or	Not	1.5 to 1.88	1.88 to 2.75	2.25 to 3.0	2.25 to 3.0		
Incorporated)	Advised	(0.047 –	(0.059 -	(0.07 -	(0.07 –	2.25 to 3.0	
0 to 7 days	(See Below)*	0.059)	0.068)	0.094)	0.094)	(0.07 – 0.094)	
prior to	(222 2000)						
planting or							
preemergence							

LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 TANK MIX USE DIRECTIONS

O.M. = Organic Matter by weight

Within rate ranges in the rate tables, use the lower rate on soils that are relatively coarse-textured or low in organic matter. Use the higher rate on soils that are relatively fine-textured or high in organic matter or when the preplant application is made further from planting.

- * LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 may be applied up to 30 days prior to planting when used in a planned sequential application program, for example, LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 followed by glufosinate, bromoxynil, or other post applied herbicides.
- ** Use on coarse soils of less than 1.5% Organic Matter by weight or pH greater than 7.5 may result in adverse crop response.
- *** When LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 is applied preemergence to medium soils with a pH greater than 7.5, reduce the rate by 0.25 fluid ounce from the specified rate.

When using LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 on fields with variable soils, optimum weed control will result when overall application rate is based on the predominant soil type(s) within a field. Use on clay knolls, eroded hill sides, terracing with scraped exposed subsoil, or other areas of coarse soils with organic matter of less than 1.5% by weight, rate **must** be reduced to one half the rate used on the predominant soil type in the field, not to exceed one fluid ounce per acre.

LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 MAY BE TANK MIXED WITH THESE HERBICIDES FOR CONTROL OF CERTAIN BROADLEAF AND GRASS WEEDS IN CORN.

Tank mixes with LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 are not limited to the tank mix partners listed below for use on field corn. Follow the most restrictive of label limitations and precautions. **DO NOT** exceed any label dosage rates. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Tank Mix Partners Not Containing a Triazine Herbicide

Apply the following tank mix partners at one half to full rate based on the product's allowable use rate for specific soil types and/or organic matter content.

Acetochlor	Pendimethalin
Dimethenamid	Rimsulfuron
Dimethenamid-P	S-metolachlor
Glufosinate	Saflufenacil
Metolachlor	Thifensulfuron

Tank Mix Partners Containing a Triazine Herbicide

Apply the following tank mix partners at one half to full rate but not to exceed 1.5 pounds active ingredient total triazine when used preemergence to 7 days prior to planting. **DO NOT** exceed 2.0 pounds active ingredient total triazine when used early preplant 8 to 21 days prior to planting. **DO NOT** exceed 1 pound total active ingredient per acre of Simazine.

Atrazine	Atrazine + Glyphosate	
Atrazine + Acetochlor	Atrazine + Metolachlor	
Atrazine + Dimethenamid	Atrazine + S-Metolachlor	
Atrazine + Dimethenamid-P Simazine*		
*1 lb ai maximum use rate on fine and medium soils; 0.5 lb ai maximum use rate on coarse soils.		

Sequential applications

LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 may be applied as the first herbicide in an integrated weed control program that includes sequential postemergence herbicide applications with products including dicamba, glufosinate, tembotrione, tembotrione + thiencarbazone-methyl or glyphosate in transgenic field corn. If applying solo HPPD herbicides including mesotrione, tembotrione, or topramezone, or applying tembotrione + thiencarbazone-methyl always add another effective mode of action herbicide as a tank mix partner.

Sequential herbicide applications either before or following LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 treatments may be used to control additional weeds. Refer to all parts of the individual product labels of herbicides used in sequence with LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5.

BROADLEAF AND GRASS WEEDS CONTROLLED BY LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 40.5 ALONE AND IN TANK MIXTURES FOR FIELD CORN

	LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 4.5 Alone	LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 4.5 Plus Atrazine or Premixes containing Atrazine	LIBERTY ISOXAFLUTOLE SC 4.5 Plus preemerge grass herbicide
BROADLEAF WEEDS			
Amaranth, Palmer	С	С	С
Buffalobur	С	С	С
Burcucumber	S	S	S
Buttercup, small flower	С	С	С
Carpetweed			С
Chamomile spp	С	С	С
Chickweed, common	С	С	С
Cocklebur*		С	
Copperleaf, hophornbeam	С	С	С
Dandelion (seedling)	С	С	С
Deadnettle, purple	С	С	С
Galinsoga	С	С	С
Henbit	S	С	S
Jimsonweed	С	С	С

Kochia	С	С	С
Lambsquarter, common	С	С	С
Mallow, Venice	С	С	С
Marestail	С	С	С
Morningglory, annual*		С	
Wild mustard	С	С	С
Nightshade, black	С	С	С
Nightshade, Eastern black	С	С	С
Nightshade, hairy			С
Pennycress, field	С	С	С
Pepperweed, Virginia	С	С	С
Plantain, broadleaf	С	С	С
Pigweed, prostrate	С	С	С
Pigweed, redroot	С	С	С
Pigweed, smooth	C	C	C
Purslane, common	C	C	C
Radish, wild	C	C	C
Ragweed, common	C	C	C
Ragweed, giant*	S	C	S
Russian thistle	C	C	C
Shepherds-purse	C	C	C
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	C	C	C
Spurge, toothed	C	C	C
Sunflower, wild*	¥	C	
Velvetleaf	С	C	С
Waterhemp, common	C	C	C
Waterhemp, tall	C	C	C
GRASSY WEEDS		-	
Barnvardgrass	С	С	С
Crabgrass, large	C	C	C
Crabgrass, smooth	C	C	C
Cupgrass, woolly**	C	C	C
Foxtail, bristly	C	C	C
Foxtail, giant	C	C	C
Foxtail, green	C	C	C
Foxtail, robust purple	C	C	C
Foxtail, robust white	C	C	C
Foxtail, vellow**	C	C	C
Goosegrass	C	C	C
Johnsongrass, seedling	C	C	C
Panicum, fall	C	C	C
Panicum, Texas	C	C	C
Proso millet, wild**	C C	C C	C.
Sandbur, field**	S	S	S
Shattercane**	S	S	S
Signalgrass, broadleaf**	C C	C C	C.
Witchgrass	-	-	C

C = Weeds Controlled S – Suppression

*These weeds may require a postemergence application of Bromoxynil or other appropriate postemergence herbicides.

**These weeds will be suppressed and / or be reduced in competition. Reduced competition weeds will be stunted in growth and/or be of reduced populations as compared to non-treated areas. Commercially acceptable control may require the application of an appropriate preemergence tank mixture or sequential postemergence herbicide treatment.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep from freezing. Store above 40°F.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Handling:

NONREFILLABLE CONTAINER (EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 5 GALLONS): DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling, if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

NONREFILLABLE CONTAINER (GREATER THAN 5 GALLONS): DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling, if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Pressure rinse as follows (all sizes): Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

REFILLABLE CONTAINER: Refill this container with pesticide only. **DO NOT** reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. After triple rinsing is complete, and the container is not suitable for refilling or reconditioning, offer the container for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

CONDITION OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of This product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of LIBERTY CROP PROTECTION, LLC or Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold LIBERTY CROP PROTECTION, LLC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

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