

#### U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (7505P)
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460

89168-119

EPA Reg. Number:

Date of Issuance:

1/5/22

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

X Registration
Reregistration
(under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance: Conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

Liberty Azoxy-Difen

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Karen Murphy Regulatory Manager Liberty Crop Protection LLC 1880 Fall River, Suite 100 Loveland, Colorado 80538

**Note:** Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(7)(A). You must comply with the following conditions:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/registration/registration review of your product under FIFRA when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.

Signature of Approving Official:

Carmen J. Rodia, Jr., Acting Product Manager 22
Fungicide Branch, Registration Division (7505P)

EPA Form 8570-6

- 2. You are required to comply with the data requirements described in the DCI identified below:
  - a. Difenoconazole: GDCI-128847-1602

You must comply with all of the data requirements within the established deadlines. If you have questions about the Generic DCI listed above, you may contact the Chemical Review Manager in the Pesticide Reevaluation Division: <a href="http://iaspub.epa.gov/apex/pesticides/f?p=chemicalsearch:1">http://iaspub.epa.gov/apex/pesticides/f?p=chemicalsearch:1</a>

- 3. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:
  - Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 89168-119."
- 4. Submit one copy of the final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If you fail to satisfy these data requirements, EPA will consider appropriate regulatory action including, among other things, cancellation under FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. Please also note that the record for this product currently contains the following CSFs:

- Basic CSF dated 1/12/21
- Alternate CSF #1 dated 1/12/21

If you have any questions, please contact Carmen J. Rodia, Jr. by phone at (703) 306-0327, or via email at *Rodia.Carmen@epa.gov*; or Craig Reeves by phone at (202) 566-2869, or via email at *Reeves.Craig@epa.gov*.

Enclosure

[Note to reviewer: [Text] in brackets denotes optional or explanatory language]
[Note to reviewer: {Text} in braces denotes where in the final label text will appear]

**{BOOKLET FRONT PANEL LANGUAGE}** 

AZOXYSTROBIN	GROUP	11	FUNGICIDE
DIFENOCONAZOLE	GROUP	3	FUNGICIDE

# LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN [TM]

 ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:
 (% by weight)

 Azoxystrobin\*
 19.8%

 Difenoconazole\*\*
 19.8%

 OTHER INGREDIENTS:
 60.4%

 TOTAL
 100.0%

 \*CAS No. 131860-33-8

**LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** is formulated as a suspension concentrate (SC) containing 1.88 lb of azoxystrobin active ingredient and 1.88 lb of difenoconazole active ingredient per gallon.

# WARNING/AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside label booklet for First Aid, Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

EPA Reg. No.: 89168-XX

\*\*CAS No. 119446-68-3

EPA Est. No.:

Net Contents: \_\_\_\_ Gal

# Manufactured For:

LIBERTY CROP PROTECTION, LLC 1880 FALL RIVER DRIVE, SUITE 100 LOVELAND, CO 80538

112521

# ACCEPTED

01/05/2022

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 2010 110

89168-119

# **{LANGUAGE INSIDE BOOKLET}**

#### **FIRST AID**

#### If swallowed:

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person

# **HOT LINE NUMBER**

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact **CHEMTREC Day or Night** at **1-800-424-9300** for emergency medical treatment information.

For Chemical Emergency: Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, Call CHEMTREC Day or Night

Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals WARNING/AVISO

May be fatal if swallowed. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

# Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

# Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Waterproof gloves such as: Barrier Laminate, Butyl Rubber ≥ 14 mils, Nitrile Rubber ≥ 14 mils, Neoprene Rubber ≥ 14 mils, Natural Rubber ≥ 14 mils, Polyethylene, Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) ≥ 14 mils, Viton ≥ 14 mils

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. DO NOT reuse them.

In addition, mixers/loaders/applicators using mechanically pressurized handwands must wear a minimum of a NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any R or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved elasometric particulate respirator with any R or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved powered air purifying respirator with HE air filters.

# **USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS**

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Human flagging is prohibited.

#### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

#### Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

Difenoconazole is toxic to fish, mammals and aquatic invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to estuarine/marine organisms in water adjacent to treated areas.

Azoxystrobin is toxic to freshwater and estuarine/marine fish and aquatic invertebrates. Azoxystrobin can be persistent for several months or longer.

Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or regional office of the EPA.

For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

#### **Groundwater Advisory**

Azoxystrobin and a degradate of azoxystrobin are known to leach through soil into groundwater under certain conditions as a result of label use. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

#### **Surface Water Advisory**

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having a high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of Azoxystrobin and a degradate of Azoxystrobin from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours.

Notify State and/or Federal authorities and LIBERTY CROP CARE, LLC immediately if you observe any adverse environmental effects due to use of this product.

#### PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not mix or allow to come into contact with oxidizing agents. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

# **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

# AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof gloves such as: Barrier Laminate, Butyl Rubber ≥ 14 mils, Nitrile Rubber
   ≥ 14 mils, Neoprene Rubber ≥ 14 mils, Natural Rubber ≥ 14 mils, Polyethylene, Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) ≥ 14 mils, Viton
   ≥ 14 mils.
- Shoes plus socks

#### MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT

#### **Aerial Applications**

- Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators are required to select nozzles that deliver Medium to coarse spray droplets in accordance with ASABE Standard S-572.1.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site. If the windspeed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters
- Applicators must use ½ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

# **Groundboom Applications**

- User must only apply with the release height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversion

#### **SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES**

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT.

BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

#### IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

#### **Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Boom**

- Volume Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

#### **Controlling Droplet Size - Aircraft**

Adjust Nozzles - Follow nozzle manufacturers' recommendations for setting up nozzles.
 Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

#### **BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom**

For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

#### **RELEASE HEIGHT - Aircraft**

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

#### **SHIELDED SPRAYERS**

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

#### **TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY**

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

#### **TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS**

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

#### **WIND**

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS. Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

# PRODUCT INFORMATION

**LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** is a broad-spectrum product containing two fungicides. It has preventative, systemic and curative properties and is recommended for the control of many important plant diseases. **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** provides excellent disease control of many leaf spots and powdery mildews. **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** is applied as a foliar spray and can be used in block, alternating spray or tank-mix programs with other crop protection products. All applications must be made according to the use directions that follow.

# **USE PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS**

FAILURE TO FOLLOW DIRECTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN CROP INJURY, POOR DISEASE CONTROL, AND/OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

#### **ATTENTION**

LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN is extremely phytotoxic to certain apple varieties.

AVOID SPRAY DRIFT. Extreme care must be used to prevent injury to apple trees (and apple fruit).

DO NOT spray **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** where spray drift may reach apple trees.

DO NOT spray when conditions favor drift beyond area intended for application. Conditions which may contribute to drift include thermal inversion, wind speed and direction, sprayer nozzle/pressure combinations, spray droplet size, etc. Contact your State Extension Agent for spray drift prevention guidelines in your area.

DO NOT use spray equipment which has been previously used to apply **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** to spray apple trees. Even trace amounts can cause unacceptable phytotoxicity to certain apple and crabapple varieties.

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR.

Human flagging is prohibited.

#### **USE INFORMATION**

**Application**: Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control. Make no more spray solution than is needed for application. Avoid spray overlap, as crop injury may occur.

**Adjuvants:** When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, the use of an adjuvant that meets the standards of the Chemical Producers and Distributors Association (CPDA) adjuvant certification program is recommended.

Use of Adjuvants: Under certain weather conditions (particularly high temperatures) LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN in combination with high rates of silicone-based or oil containing (petroleum or crop) additives or adjuvants may cause injury. Do not exceed 0.125% adjuvant (v/v). Consult a LIBERTY CROP PROTECTION, LLC representative for more information concerning additives or adjuvants.

A tank mixture with Dimethoate may cause crop injury.

On fresh market tomatoes, do not use adjuvants or tank mix LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN with any EC product.

**Efficacy**: Under certain conditions conducive to extended infection periods, use another registered fungicide for additional applications if the maximum amount of **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** has been used. If resistant isolates to Group 3 or Group 11 fungicides are present, efficacy can be reduced for certain diseases. The higher rates in the rate range and/or shorter spray intervals may be required under conditions of heavy infection pressure, with highly susceptible varieties, or when environmental conditions are conducive to disease.

**Integrated Pest Management (IPM): LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** should be integrated into an overall disease and pest management strategy whenever the use of a fungicide is required. Cultural practices known to reduce disease development should be followed. Consult your local agricultural authorities for additional IPM strategies established for your area. **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** may be used in State Agricultural Extension advisory (disease forecasting) programs which recommend application timing based on environmental factors favorable for disease development.

#### RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

AZOXYSTROBIN	GROUP 11	FUNGICIDE
DIFENOCONAZOLE	GROUP 3	FUNGICIDE

#### **FUNGICIDE RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT**

For resistance management, please note that **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** contains both Group 3 (difenoconazole) and Group 11 (azoxystrobin) fungicides. Any fungal population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** and other Group 3 or Group 11 fungicides. A gradual or total loss of pest control may occur over time if these fungicides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

As part of a resistance management strategy:

- Apply a maximum of 4 sprays during one crop cycle.
- Apply no more than 2 sequential applications unless otherwise stated in the crop section.
- Rotate the use of **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** or other Group 3 and 11 fungicides within a growing season sequence with different groups that control the same pathogens.
- Use tank mixtures with fungicides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.
- Adopt an integrated disease management program for fungicide use that includes scouting, uses historical information
  related to pesticide use, and crop rotation, and which considers host plant resistance, impact of environmental
  conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide/bactericide applications. Note that using predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance.
- Monitor treated fungal populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for specific crops and pathogens.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact Liberty Crop Protection at 844-425-8488. You can also contact your pesticide distributor or university extension specialist to report resistance.

Rotational Crops: Please see the following table for the crop rotational restrictions:

Rotational Crops	Planting Time From Last LIBERTY AZOXY-
	DIFEN Application
Berry, Low Growing, Subgroup 13-07G	
Brassica (Cole) Leafy Vegetables Crop Group 5	
Bulb Vegetables, bulb onion Subgroup 3-07A and	
green onion Subgroup 3-07B	
Carrots	
Chickpeas	
Citrus Fruit Crop Group 10-10	
Cotton Subgroup 20C	
Cucurbit Vegetables Crop Group 9	
Fruit, small, vine climbing Subgroup 13-07F, except	
fuzzy kiwifruit	
Fruiting Vegetables Crop Group 8-10	
Guava	0 days
Papaya	·
Okra	
Pepper	
Potatoes	
Rice	
Soybeans	
Stone Fruit Crop Group 12-12	
Strawberries	
Sugar Beets	
Tomatoes	
Tree Nuts Crop Group 14-12	
Tuberous & Corm Vegetable Subgroup 1C	
Watercress	
Wild Rice	
Cereals (Wheat, Barley, Oats, Rye, Triticale)	
Root and Tuber Vegetables, Crop Group 1 (except	30 days
Carrot, Sugar Beet, and Tuberous Corm Vegetable Subgroup 1C)	,-
Buckwheat	
Millet	365 days
All other Crop Intended for Food and Feed	60 days

**Crop Tolerance:** Plant tolerance has been found to be acceptable for all crops on the label, however, not all possible tankmix combinations have been tested under all conditions. When possible, it is recommended to test the combinations on a small portion of the crop to ensure that a phytotoxic response will not occur as a result of application. See USE PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS regarding apple phytotoxicity.

Greenhouse Use: For resistance management, do not use LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN for transplant production.

**Spray Drift Management:** To avoid spray drift, do not apply when conditions favor drift beyond the target area. The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT AT THE APPLICATION SITE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR AND THE GROWER.

#### MIXING AND APPLICATION METHODS

# **Spray Equipment**

#### Nozzles

- Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application.
- Nozzles should be the same size and uniformly spaced across the boom.
- Calibrate sprayer before use.
- It is suggested that screens be used to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging.
- Screens placed on suction side of pump should be 16-mesh or coarser.

- Do not place a screen in the recirculation line.
- Use 50-mesh or coarser screens between the pump and boom, and where required, at the nozzles.
- Check nozzle manufacturer's recommendations.

#### Pump

- Use a pump with capacity to:
  - Maintain 35-40 psi at nozzles.
  - Provide sufficient agitation in tank to keep mixture in suspension this requires recirculation of 10% of tank volume per minute.
- Use a jet agitator or liquid sparge tube for agitation.
- Do not air sparge.

For more information on spray equipment and calibration, consult sprayer manufacturer's and state recommendations. For specific local directions and spray schedules, consult the current state agricultural recommendations.

#### **Mixing Instructions**

- LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN is a suspension concentrate (SC) formulation.
- Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate operation.
- Thoroughly clean spray equipment before using this product.
- Agitate the spray solution before and during application.
- Rinse spray tank thoroughly with clean water after each day's use and dispose of pesticide rinsate by application to an already treated area.

#### LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN Alone (No Tank Mix)

- Add 1/2 2/3 of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank.
- With the agitator running, add **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** to the tank.
- Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water.
- Begin application of the spray solution after LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN has completely dispersed into the mix water.
- Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been sprayed.

**LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN + Tank Mixtures: LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** is usually compatible with all tank-mix partners listed on this label. To determine the physical compatibility of **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** with other products, use a jar test. Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to 1 qt of water. Add wettable powders and water dispersible granular products first, then liquid flowables, and emulsifiable concentrates last. After thoroughly mixing, let stand for at least 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding required ingredients to the spray tank.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

# Mixing in the Spray Tank

- Add 1/2 2/3 of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank.
- With the agitator running, add the tank-mix partner(s) into the tank in the same order as described above.
- Allow the material to completely dissolve and disperse into the mix water. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water and **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** to the spray tank.
- Allow LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN to completely disperse.
- Spray the mixture with the agitator running.
- Observe all directions for use, crops/sites, use rates, dilution ratios, precautions, and limitations which appear on the tank mix product label.
- Label dosage rate must not be exceeded, and the most restrictive label precautions and limitations must be followed.
- This product must not be mixed with any product which prohibits such mixing.
- It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow
  the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users
  must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

# **Application Instructions**

LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN may be applied with all types of spray equipment commonly used for making ground and aerial

applications. Proper adjustments and calibration of spraying equipment to give good canopy penetration and coverage is essential for good disease control.

#### **Ground Application**

- Apply in a minimum of 10 gal of water per acre, unless specified otherwise.
- Do not apply through any ultra-low volume (ULV) spray system.
- Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control.

# **Aerial Application**

- Use only on crops where aerial applications are indicated.
- Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control.
- Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre unless specified otherwise.
- Avoid application under conditions when uniform coverage cannot be obtained or when excessive spray drift may occur.
- Do not apply directly to humans or animals.
- Do not apply through any ultra-low volume (ULV) spray system.

#### ATTENTION

**LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** is extremely phytotoxic to certain apple varieties.

AVOID SPRAY DRIFT. Extreme care must be used to prevent injury to apple trees (and apple fruit).

DO NOT spray **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** where spray drift may reach apple trees.

DO NOT spray when conditions favor drift beyond area intended for application.

Conditions which may contribute to drift include thermal inversion, wind speed and direction, sprayer nozzle/pressure combinations, spray droplet size, etc. Contact your State Extension Agent for spray drift prevention guidelines in your area. DO NOT use spray equipment which has been previously used to apply **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** to spray apple trees. Even trace amounts can cause unacceptable phytotoxicity to certain apple and crabapple varieties.

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR.

#### **Application Through Irrigation Systems (Chemigation)**

- Use only on crops for which chemigation is specified on this label.
- Apply this product only through center pivot, solid set, hand move, or moving wheel irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- Apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/acre. Excessive water may reduce efficacy.
- If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
- Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system, unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

# **Operating Instructions**

- 1. The system must contain a functional check-valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent watersource contamination from backflow.
- 2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick closing check-valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor

- when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump), effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

#### **Center Pivot Irrigation Equipment**

**Notes:** (1) Use only with drive systems which provide uniform water distribution. (2) Do not use end guns when chemigating **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** through center pivot systems because of non-uniform application.

- Determine the size of the area to be treated.
- Determine the time required to apply 1/8 1/2 inch of water over the area to be treated when the system and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures as recommended by the equipment manufacturer. When applying LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN through irrigation equipment use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution. Run the system at 80-95% of the manufacturer's rated capacity.
- Using water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure.
- Determine the amount of LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- Add the required amount of **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements to the solution tank.
- Make sure the system is fully charged with water before starting injection of the **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** solution. Time the injection to last at least as long as it takes to bring the system to full pressure.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Continue to operate the system until the LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN solution has cleared the sprinkler head.

# Solid Set, Hand Move, and Moving Wheel Irrigation Equipment

- Determine the acreage covered by the sprinklers.
- Fill injector solution tank with water and adjust flow rate to use the contents over a 20- to 30-minute interval. When applying **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** through irrigation equipment use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution.
- Determine the amount of LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- Add the required amount of LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection period.
- Operate the system at the same pressure and time interval established during the calibration.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until the **LIBERTY AZOXY- DIFEN** solution has cleared the last sprinkler head.

# SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS FOR PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

- 1. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- 2. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone (RPZ), back-flow preventer or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

# **SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Remarks
Almonds	Alternaria Leaf Spot (A. alternata)  Anthracnose (Colletotrichum acutatum)  Blossom Blight (Monilinia spp.)  Leaf Blight (Seimatosporium	7.0-7.5	For blossom blight, begin applications at early bloom and continue through petal fall. Make no more than 2 sequential applications before alternating to another fungicide with a different mode of action.  For all other diseases, begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are conducive for disease. Apply LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN on a 14- to 21- day schedule making no more than 2 sequential applications before alternating to another fungicide with a non-QoI (Group 11) mode of action.  If monitoring or history indicates the presence of Alternaria, apply 14 fl oz/A of LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN in the late spring (mid-April to
	lichenicola)  Leaf Rust (Tranzschelia discolor)  Scab (Venturia carpophilia)  Shot Hole (Wilsonomyces carpophilus)		beginning of May) and then repeat the treatment 2-3 weeks later.  The addition of a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant such as a non-ionic based surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend is recommended.  [Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.][Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.][Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.]

**Application**: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** can be applied by ground or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.

- Do not apply more than 31 fl oz/A/year of LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN.
- Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- Do not apply more than 1.5 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- Do not apply within 28 days of harvest (28-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Remarks
Brassica (Cole)	Alternaria	7.0-7.5	Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are
Leafy Vegetables	Diseases		conducive for disease. Apply <b>LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN</b> on a 7- to 14-
Crop Group 5	(Alternaria spp.)		day schedule, making no more than 1 application before
			alternating to another fungicide with a non-QoI (Group 11) mode
Broccoli	Anthracnose		of action.
Brussels Sprouts	(Colletotrichum		
Cabbage	higginsianum)		The addition of a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant such as a
Cauliflower			non-ionic based surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend is
Collards	Cercospora Leaf		recommended.
Kale	Spot		[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease pressure is
Mustard Greens	(C. brassicicola).		high, use the highest rate.] [Optional language if label has a single
Including all			rate and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the
cultivars and/or	Powdery Mildew		shortest interval.] [Optional language if label has a rate range and
hybrids of these	(Erysiphe		interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval
	polygoni)		and highest rate.]
See additional			
crops below.			

**Application**: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** can be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A for ground applications. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Complete List of Brassica Leafy Vegetables: Broccoli; broccoli, Chinese (gai lon); broccoli raab (rapini); Brussels sprouts; cabbage; cabbage, Chinese (bok choy); cabbage, Chinese (napa); cabbage, Chinese mustard(gai choy); cauliflower; cavalo broccolo; collards; kale; kohlrabi; mizuna; mustard greens; mustard spinach; rape greens; turnip greens

# **Specific Use Restrictions:**

- Do not apply more than 31 fl oz/A/year of LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN.
- Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- Do not apply more than 0.75 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- Do not apply within 1 day of harvest (1-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl	Remarks
		OZ	
		product/A	
Bulb Vegetables	Botrytis Leaf Blight	7.0-7.5	Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are
Onion, Bulb	(B. squamosa)		conducive for disease. Apply LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN on a 7- to
Subgroup 3- 07A			14-day schedule, making no more than 1 application before
	Cercospora Leaf Spot		alternating to another fungicide with a non-QoI (Group 11)
Garlic	(C. duddiae)		mode of action.
Shallot			
	Leaf Blotch		The addition of a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant such as
Onion, Green	(Cladosporium		a non-ionic based surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend is
Subgroup 3-07B	alliicepae)		recommended.
Leek	Powdery Mildew		Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease pressure
Welsh Onion	(Leveillula taurica)		is high, use the highest rate.] [Optional language if label has a
			single rate and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use
	Purple Blotch		the shortest interval.] [Optional language if label has a rate
	(Alternaria porri)		range and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the
			shortest interval and highest rate.]
	Stemphyllium Leaf Blight		
	(S. vesicarium)		

**Application**: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** can be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A for ground applications. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Complete List of Bulb Vegetables: Chive, fresh leaves; chive, Chinese, fresh leaves; daylily, bulb; elegans hosta; fritillaria, bulb; fritillaria, leaves; garlic, bulb; garlic, great-headed, bulb; garlic, serpent, bulb; kurrat; lady's leek; leek; leek, wild; lily, bulb; onion, Beltsville bunching; onion, bulb; onion, Chinese, bulb; onion, fresh; onion, green; onion, macrostem; onion, pearl; onion, potato, bulb; onion, tree, tops; onion, Welsh, tops; shallot, bulb; shallot, fresh leaves; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

- For green onions, do not apply more than 23 fl oz/A/year of LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN.
- For green onions, do not apply more than 0.34 lb ai /A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- For dry bulb onions, do not apply more than 31 fl oz/A/year of LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN.
- For dry bulb onions, do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- For the bulb crop group, do not apply more than 1.5 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate	Remarks
		fl oz	
		product/A	
Citrus Fruit	Greasy Spot		LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN applications should begin prior to disease
Crop Group 10-	(Mycosphaerella	5.6-8.5	development and continue throughout the year on 7- to 21-day intervals
10	citri)		following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be
_			made by ground or air. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates.
Grapefruit			A horticultural spray oil should be used to improve control of greasy spot.
Lemon			
Lime			The addition of a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant such as a non-ionic
Orange (Sour			based surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend is recommended.
and			[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease pressure is high, use
Sweet)			the highest rate.] [Optional language if label has a single rate and interval
Tangerine			range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.] [Optional
			language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is
Including all			high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.]
cultivars and/or			
hybrids of these			Make no more than 2 sequential applications before alternating to another
			fungicide with a non- QoI (Group 11) different mode of action. Do not make
See complete			more than 4 applications of <b>LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN</b> or other Group 11
list of citrus fruit			fungicides per year.
crops below.	Alternaria Leaf		LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN applications should begin prior to disease
	and Fruit Spot	5.6-8.5	development and continue throughout the year on 7- to 21-day intervals
	(Alternaria citri)		following the resistance management guidelines. Applications may be
			made by ground or air. An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates.
	Anthracnose		A horticultural spray oil should be used to improve control of greasy spot.
	(Colletotrichum		
	spp.)		[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease pressure is high, use
			the highest rate.] [Optional language if label has a single rate and interval
	Black Spot		range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.] [Optional
	(Guignardia		language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is
	citricarpa)		high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.]
	Greasy Spot		Make no more than 2 sequential applications before alternating to another
	Rind Blotch		fungicide with a non- QoI (Group 11) different mode of action. Do not make
	(Mycosphaerella		more than 4 applications of <b>LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN</b> or other Group 11
	citri)		fungicides per year.
	Melanose		The addition of a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant such as a non-ionic
	(Diaporthe citri)		based surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend is recommended.
	Dhaman-'-		
	Phomopsis		
	Stem-End Rot		

(Phomopsis citrii)	
Post-Bloom Fruit Drop (PFD) (Colletotrichum acutatum)	
Scab (Elsinoe fawcettii)	

**Application:** For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** can be applied by ground or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.

Complete List of Citrus Fruit Crops: Australian desert lime (Eremocitrus glauca); Australian finger lime (Microcitrus australasica); Australian round lime (Microcitrus australis); Brown River finger lime (Microcitrus papuana); Calamondin (Citrofortunella microcarpa); Citron (Citrus medica); Citrus hybrids, Citrus spp., Eremocitrus spp., Fortunella spp., Microcitrus spp., and Poncirus spp.; Grapefruit (Citrus paradise); Japanese summer grapefruit (Citrus natsudaidai); Kumquat (Fortunella spp.); Lemon (Citrus limon); Lime (Citrus aurantiifolia); Mediterranean mandarin (Citrus deliciosa); Mount White lime (Microcitrus garrowayae); New Guinea wild lime (Microcitrus warburgiana); Orange, sour (Citrus aurantium); Orange, sweet (Citrus sinensis); Pummelo (Citrus maxima); Russell River lime (Microcitrus inodora); Satsuma mandarin (Citrus unshiu); Sweet lime (Citrus limetta); Tachibana orange (Citrus tachibana); Tahiti lime (Citrus latifolia); Tangelo (Citrus x tangelo); Tangerine (Mandarin) (Citrus reticulata); Tangor (Citrus nobilis); Trifoliate orange (Poncirus trifoliata); Uniq fruit (Citrus aurantium Tangelo group); cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these.

- Do not use **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** in citrus plant propagation nurseries.
- Do not apply more than 34 fl oz/A/year of LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN.
- Do not apply more than 0.5 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- Do not apply more than 1.5 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- May be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz	Remarks
Crop  Cucurbit Vegetables Crop Group 9  Cantaloupe Cucumber Honeydew Muskmelon Watermelon	Alternaria Leaf Blight (A. cucumerina)  Alternaria Leaf Spot (A. alternata)  Anthracnose (Colletotrichum orbiculare)  Belly Rot	Use Rate fl oz product/A 7.0-7.5	Remarks  Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are conducive for disease. Apply LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN on a 7- to 14-day schedule, making no more than 1 application of a QoI containing fungicide before alternating to another fungicide with a different mode of action.  The addition of a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant such as a non-ionic based surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend is recommended.
Pumpkin Squash Zucchini Including cultivars and/or hybrids of these See additional cucurbit crops below.	(Rhizoctonia solani)  Cercospora Leaf Spot (C. citrullina)  Downy Mildew (Pseudoperonospora cubensis)  Gummy Stem Blight (Didymella bryoniae)  Myrothecium Canker (M. roridum)  Phoma Blight (P. exigua)		[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.] [Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.] [Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.]  For belly rot control, the first application should be made at the 1- to 3-leaf crop stage with a second application just prior to vine tip or 10-14 days later, whichever occurs first.

Phyllosticta Leaf Spot (P. cucurbitacearum)		
Plectosporium Blight ( <i>P. tabacinum</i> )		
Powdery Mildew (Sphaerotheca fuliginea, Erysiphe cichoracearum)		
Septoria Leaf Blight (S. cucurbitacearum)		

**Application:** For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** can be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A for ground applications (20 for gummy stem blight). For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

Complete List of Cucurbit Vegetables: Chayote (fruit); Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon); citron melon; cucumber; gherkin; gourd, edible (includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra); *Momordica* spp. (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bittermelon, Chinese cucumber); muskmelon (includes cantaloupe); pumpkin; squash, summer; squash, winter (includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acorn squash, spaghetti squash); watermelon

# **Specific Use Restrictions:**

- Do not apply more than 31 fl oz/A/year of LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN.
- Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- Do not apply more than 1.5 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- Do not apply within 1 day of harvest (1-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Remarks
Filberts (Hazelnuts)	Eastern Filbert Blight (Anisogramma anomala)	7.0-7.5	Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are conducive for disease. Apply LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN on a 14- to 21-day schedule making no more than 2 sequential applications before alternating to another fungicide with a non- Qol (Group 11) different mode of action.  The addition of a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant such as a non-ionic based surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend is recommended.  [Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.] [Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.] [Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.]

**Application:** For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** can be applied by ground or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.

- Do not apply more than 31 fl oz/A/year of LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN.
- Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- Do not apply more than 1.2 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- Do not apply within 45 days of harvest (45-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Remarks
Fruiting Vegetables	Anthracnose	7.0-7.5	Begin applications prior to disease development and
Crop Group 8-10	(Colletotrichum spp.)		continue throughout the year on a 7- to 10- day interval. Make no more than 2 consecutive
Peppers	Cercospora Leaf Spot		applications before switching to another effective
Bell Pepper Non-Bell Pepper	(C. capsici)		fungicide with a different mode of action.
Sweet Non-Bell	Gray Leaf Spot		The addition of a spreading/penetrating type
Eggplant	(Stemphyllium solani)		adjuvant such as a non-ionic based surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend is recommended.
Including all	Powdery Mildew		
cultivars and/or hybrids of these	(Oidiopsis sicula)		[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.] [Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:
See Tomatoes			If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.]
section for specific			[Optional language if label has a rate range and
directions.			interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.]
See complete list			
of peppers and			The addition of a spreading/penetrating type
other fruiting vegetables			adjuvant may enhance efficacy.
below.			

**Application:** For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** can be applied by ground or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.

**Complete List of Peppers and Other Fruiting Vegetables:** African eggplant; Bell pepper; Eggplant; Martynia; Non-bell pepper; Okra; Pea eggplant; Pepino; Roselle; Scarlet eggplant; cultivars, varieties; and/or hybrids of these.

- Do not apply more than 30 fl oz/A/year of LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN.
- Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- Do not apply more than 1.0 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- May be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Remarks
Pecans	Downy Spot	7.0-7.5	Begin applications prior to disease onset when
	(Mycosphaerella caryigena)		conditions are conducive for disease. Apply LIBERTY
			AZOXY-DIFEN on a 14- to 21-day schedule, making no
	Liver Spot		more than 2 sequential applications before alternating
	(Gnomonia caryae pv pecanae)		to another fungicide with a non- QoI (Group 11) mode of action.
	Pecan Scab		
	(Cladosporium caryigenum)		The addition of a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant
			such as a non-ionic based surfactant or crop oil
	Powdery Mildew		concentrate or blend is recommended.
	(Microsphaera penicillata)		
			[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease
	Vein Spot		pressure is high, use the highest rate.] [Optional
	(Gnomomia nerviseda)		language if label has a single rate and interval range: If
			disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.]
	Zonate Leaf Spot		[Optional language if label has a rate range and interval
	(Grovesinia pyramidalis)		range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest
			interval and highest rate.]

**Application**: For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** can be applied by ground or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.

# **Specific Use Restrictions:**

- Do not apply more than 31 fl oz/A/year of LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN.
- Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- Do not apply more than 1.2 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- Do not apply within 45 days of harvest (45-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl	Remarks
		OZ	
		product/A	
Pistachios	Alternaria Late Blight	7.0-7.5	Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are
	(Alternaria spp.)		conducive for disease. Apply LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN on a 14- to
			21-day schedule, making no more than 2 sequential applications
	Panicle and Shoot Blight		before alternating to another fungicide with a non- QoI (Group
	(Botryosphaeria dothidea)		11) mode of action. The addition of a spreading/penetrating type
			adjuvant such as a non-ionic based surfactant or crop oil
	Septoria Leaf Spot		concentrate or blend is recommended.
	(S. pistaciarum)		
			[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease pressure is
			high, use the highest rate.] [Optional language if label has a single
			rate and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the
			shortest interval.] [Optional language if label has a rate range and
			interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest
			interval and highest rate.]
			3 ,

**Application:** For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** can be applied by ground or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.

- Do not apply more than 31 fl oz/A/year of LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN.
- Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- Do not apply more than 1.5 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz	Remarks
		product/A	
Potatoes	Black Dot	7.0-7.5	Begin applications prior to disease development and continue
	(Colletotrichum coccodes)		throughout the year on a 7- to 14- day interval. Make no more than
			2 consecutive applications before switching to another effective
	Brown Spot		fungicide with a different mode of action.
	(Alternaria alternata)		
			The addition of a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant such as a
	Early Blight		non-ionic based surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend is
	(Alternaria solani)		recommended.
	Powdery Mildew		Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease pressure is
	(Erysiphe cichoracearum)		high, use the highest rate.] [Optional language if label has a single
	, , ,		rate and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest
	Septoria Leaf Spot		interval.] [Optional language if label has a rate range and interval
	(S. lycopersici)		range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and
			highest rate.]
			The addition of a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant may
			enhance efficacy.

**Application:** For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** may be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application.

# **Specific Use Restrictions:**

- Do not apply more than 31 fl oz/A/year of LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN.
- Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- Do not apply more than 2.0 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products
- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz	Remarks
		product/A	
Soybean	Aerial Blight	7.0-7.5	Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions
	(Rhizoctonia solani)		are conducive for disease. Apply <b>LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN</b> on a 7- to 10-day schedule making no more than 2 sequential
	Alternaria Leaf Spot		applications before alternating to another fungicide with a
	(Alternaria spp.)		different mode of action.
	Anthracnose		The addition of a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant such
	(Colletotrichum truncatum)		as a non-ionic based surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend is recommended.
	Brown Spot		
	(Septoria glycines)		[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.] [Optional language if
	Cercospora Blight and Leaf Spot (C. kikuchii)		label has a single rate and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.] [Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is
	Frogeye Leaf Spot		high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.]
	(Cercospora sojina)		January and the control of the contr
	Pod and Stem Blight		
	(Diaporthe phaseolorum)		
	Powdery Mildew		
	(Microsphaera diffusa)		
	Rust		
	(Phakopsora spp.)		

**Application:** For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** can be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application. For aerial applications, apply in a minimum of 2 gallons/A of water. For chemigation, apply in 0.1-0.25 inches/A of water. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

- Do not apply more than 14.8 fl oz/A/year of LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN.
- Do not apply more than 0.22 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- Do not apply more than 1.5 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- Do not feed soybean hay, forage and silage to livestock.
- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Remarks
Sugar beets	Cercospora Leaf Spot (C. beticola) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe polygoni)	7.0-7.5	Begin applications prior to disease development and continue throughout the year on a 10- to 21- day interval. Make no more than 2 consecutive applications before switching to another effective fungicide with a different mode of action.
			The addition of a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant such as a non-ionic based surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend is recommended.
			[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.] [Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.] [Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.]
			The addition of a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant such as a non-ionic surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend is recommended when applying by ground or air.

**Application:** For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** may be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application.

- Do not apply more than 31 fl oz/A/year of LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN.
- Do not apply more than 2.0 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- Do not apply within 7 days of harvest (7-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Remarks
Tomatoes	Anthracnose	4.5	Begin applications prior to disease development and continue
	(Colletotrichum		throughout the year on a 7- to 10- day interval. Make no more
Tomatillo	spp.)		than 2 consecutive applications before switching to another
			effective fungicide with a different mode of action.
Including all	Black Mold		
cultivars and/or	(A. alternata)		[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease pressure is
hybrids of these			high, use the highest rate.] [Optional language if label has a single
	Early Blight		rate and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the
See complete	(Alternaria solani)		shortest interval.] [Optional language if label has a rate range and
list of tomato			interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest
crops below.	Gray Leaf Spot		interval and highest rate.]
	(Stemphylium		
	botryosum)		Use of Adjuvants: Under certain weather conditions (particularly
			high temperatures) LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN in combination with
	Leaf Mold		high rates of silicone based or oil containing (petroleum or crop)
	(Fulvia fulva)		additives or adjuvants may cause injury. Do not exceed 0.125%
			adjuvant (v/v). Consult an LIBERTY CROP PROTECTION, LLC
	Powdery Mildew		representative for more information concerning additives or
	(Leveillula taurica)		adjuvants.
	Septoria Leaf Spot		A tank mixture with Dimethoate may cause crop injury.
	(S. lycopersici)		
			On fresh market tomatoes, do not use adjuvants or tank mix
	Target Spot		LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN with any EC product.

(Corynespora cassiicola)		

**Application:** For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** may be applied by ground, chemigation, or aerial application.

**Complete List of Tomato Crops:** Bush tomato; Cocona; Currant tomato; Garden huckleberry; Goji berry; Groundcherry; Naranjilla; Sunberry; Tomatillo; Tomato; Tree tomato; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

# **Specific Use Restrictions:**

- 1. Do not apply more than 26 fl oz/A/year of LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN.
- 2. Do not apply until 21 days after transplanting or 35 days after seeding.
- 3. Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- 4. Do not apply more than 0.6 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- 5. May be applied the day of harvest (0-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Remarks
Tree Nuts Crop Group 14-12  Beechnut Brazil Nut Butternut Cashew Chestnut Chinquapin Hickory Macadamia Walnut, Black Walnut, English  See specific Directions for Almonds Filberts Pecans	Foliar Diseases		Begin applications prior to disease onset when conditions are conducive for disease. Apply LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN on a 14- to 21-day schedule making no more than 2 sequential applications before alternating to another fungicide with a non- Qol (Group 11) mode of action.  The addition of a spreading/penetrating type adjuvant such as a non-ionic based surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend is recommended.  [Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.] [Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.] [Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.]
Pistachios			

**Application:** For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** can be applied by ground or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.

- Do not apply more than 31 fl oz/A/year of LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN.
- Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- Do not apply more than 1.2 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- Do not apply within 45 days of harvest (45-day PHI).

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl oz product/A	Remarks
Vegetables,	Ascochyta Leaf Spot	7.0-7.5	Begin applications prior to disease development and
Tuberous and	(A. cynarae)		continue throughout the year on a 7- to 14- day
Corm,			interval. Make no more than 2 consecutive
Subgroup 1C	Black Dot		applications before switching to another effective
	(Colletotrichum coccodes)		fungicide with a different mode of action.
For listing of crops			
in this group, see	Brown Spot		The addition of a spreading/penetrating type
below.	(Alternaria alternata)		adjuvant such as a non-ionic based surfactant or crop
			oil concentrate or blend is recommended.
See Potatoes for	Early Blight		
specific use	(Alternaria spp.)		[Optional language if label has a rate range: If disease
directions.			pressure is high, use the highest rate.] [Optional
	Powdery Mildew		language if label has a single rate and interval range:
	(Erysiphe cichoracearum)		If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.]
			[Optional language if label has a rate range and
	Rust		interval range: If disease pressure is high, use the
	(Uromyces betae, Puccinia		shortest interval and highest rate.]
	helianthi)		
			The addition of a spreading/penetrating type
	Septoria Leaf Spot		adjuvant may enhance efficacy.
	(Septoria spp.)		

**Application:** For best results, sufficient water volume must be used to provide thorough coverage. **LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN** can be applied by ground or aerial application. Use a minimum of 15 gal/A for ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 10 gal/A of water.

Complete List of Vegetables, Tuberous and Corm Subgroup 1C: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem), Canna (Edible), Cassava (bitter and sweet), Chayote (root), Chufa, Dasheen, Ginger, Leren, Potato, Sweet Potato, Tanier, Tumeric, Yam (bean and true).

# **Specific Use Restrictions:**

- Do not apply more than 31 fl oz/A/year of LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN.
- Do not apply more than 0.46 lb ai/A/year of difenoconazole-containing products.
- Do not apply more than 2.0 lb ai/A/year of azoxystrobin-containing products.
- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest (14-day PHI).

# LIBERTY AZOXY-DIFEN RATE CONVERSION TABLE FOR FOOD USE

Fl oz product/acre	Lb ai azoxystrobin	Lb ai difenoconazole
4.5	0.067	0.067
5.6	0.082	0.082
6.5	0.096	0.096
7.0	0.103	0.103
7.5	0.110	0.110
7.7	0.113	0.113
8.0	0.118	0.118
8.3	0.122	0.122
8.5	0.125	0.125
14.8	0.217	0.217
23	0.338	0.338
26	0.382	0.382
30	0.441	0.441
31	0.455	0.455
34	0.499	0.499

# STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place. Store in original container and out of reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

#### **CONTAINER HANDLING:**

[For plastic containers ≤ 5 gallons: Nonrefillable Container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.]

[For plastic containers > 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Recap and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.]

#### CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of LIBERTY CROP PROTECTION LLC or Seller. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User and Buyer and User agree to hold LIBERTY CROP PROTECTION LLC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

LIBERTY CROP PROTECTION LLC warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or LIBERTY CROP PROTECTION LLC, and TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. To the extent consistent with applicable law LIBERTY CROP PROTECTION LLC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

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