



U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (7505P)
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460

EPA Reg. Number:

89168-53

Date of Issuance:

3/14/16

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

Registration
 Reregistration
(under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance:

Conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

Liberty Azoxy 9.6

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Karen Murphy
Regulatory Affairs Manager
Liberty Crop Protection, LLC
4850 Hahns Peak Drive, Suite 200
Loveland, CO 80538

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(7)(A). You must comply with the following conditions:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration/registration review of your product under FIFRA when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.

Signature of Approving Official:

Shaja B. Joyner, Product Manager 20
Fungicide-Herbicide Branch
Registration Division 7505P

Date:

3/14/16

2. You are required to comply with the data requirements described in the DCI identified below:
 - a. Azoxystrobin GDCI-128810-892

You must comply with all of the data requirements within the established deadlines. If you have questions about the Generic DCI listed above, you may contact the Chemical Review Manager in the Pesticide Reevaluation Division: http://www.epa.gov/oppsrrd1/contacts_prd.htm

3. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:
 - Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, “EPA Reg. No. 89168-53.”
4. Submit one copy of the final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company’s website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product’s label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA’s Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If you fail to satisfy these data requirements, EPA will consider appropriate regulatory action including, among other things, cancellation under FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. Please also note that the record for this product currently contains the following CSFs:

- Basic CSF dated 10/21/2015

If you have any questions, please contact Aswathy Balan by phone at 703-347-0510, or via email at balan.aswathy@epa.gov.

ACCEPTED

03/14/2016

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide
and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the
pesticide registered under
EPA Reg. No. 89168-53

LIBERTY AZOXY 9.6

Seed Treatment Fungicide

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Azoxystrobin 9.6%

OTHER INGREDIENTS: 90.4%

TOTAL: 100.00%

Contains 0.83 pounds of azoxystrobin per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION / PRECAUCION

See inside label booklet for **FIRST AID** and **PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS** For Chemical Spill, Leak, Fire, or Exposure,
Call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300
For Medical Emergencies Call Poison Control (800) 222-1222

EPA REG. NO. 89168-

EPA EST. NO. _____

Net Contents: _____ gallons (_____ liters)

Manufactured for
Liberty Crop Protection, LLC
4850 Hahn's Peak Drive
Suite 200
Loveland, CO, 80538

031116

FIRST AID	
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
HOT LINE NUMBER	
<p>Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact Poison Control 1-800-222-1222 for emergency medical treatment information.</p>	

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION / PRECAUCION

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyvinyl chloride, nitrile rubber, or butyl rubber.
- Shoes plus socks.

Note: Persons involved in bagging treated seed, sewing or moving bags of treated seed, or cleaning up bagging areas or seed treatment equipment are pesticide handlers and must wear the PPE required on this label for pesticide handlers.

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

The active ingredient, azoxystrobin, in this product can be persistent for several months or longer. Azoxystrobin has degradation products which have properties similar to chemicals which are known to leach through soil to groundwater under certain conditions as a result of agricultural use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

This pesticide is toxic to freshwater and estuarine/marine fish and aquatic invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Do not mix or allow coming in contact with oxidizing agent. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

For use by commercial seed treaters only in liquid or slurry treaters. Not for use on agricultural establishments in hopper-box, planter-box, slurry-box or other seed treatment applications at or immediately before planting.

Mix thoroughly before use or use entire container at one time. All tank mixes should be pre-tested to determine physical compatibility between formulations. Observe the most restrictive use precautions and limitations on labeling of the products used in mixtures.

NOTE: The purchaser of this product is responsible for ensuring that all seed treated with this product is adequately dyed with a suitable colorant to prevent its accidental use as food for man or feed for animals. Refer to 21 CFR, Part 2.25. Any dye or colorant added to treated seed must be cleared for use under 40 CFR, Part 180.900. Federal regulations have established official tolerances for certain pesticide residues. In order that residues on food and forage crops will not exceed established tolerances, use only at specified rates.

Treated seed must not be used for or mixed with food or animal feed or processed for oil. Seed commercially treated with this product must be labeled in accordance with all applicable requirements of the Federal Seed Act.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notifications to workers, and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the **restricted-entry interval (REI) of 4 hours**.

Exception: If the seed is treated with the product and the treated seed is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyvinylchloride, nitrile rubber, or butyl rubber.
- Shoes plus socks.

SEED LABELING

THE FEDERAL SEED ACT REQUIRES THAT BAGS CONTAINING TREATED SEED BE LABELED WITH THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

*"This seed has been treated with LIBERTY AZOXY 9.6 (azoxystrobin) seed treatment. **DO NOT** use treated seed for food, feed, or oil purposes. Store treated seed away from feed and other foodstuffs."*

LABELS FOR COMMERCIALY TREATED SEED MUST INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING ADDITION TO THE ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS STATEMENTS:

*"Exposed treated seed may be hazardous to birds and wildlife. Dispose of all excess treated seed and seed packaging or containers by burial away from bodies of water and in accordance with any local requirements. Cover, incorporate, or collect treated seeds spilled during loading and planting. **DO NOT** contaminate bodies of water when disposing of planting equipment wash water."*

THE U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REQUIRES THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ON CONTAINERS CONTAINING TREATED SEED:

"DO NOT allow children, pets or livestock to have access to treated seeds."

"Wear long pants, long-sleeved shirt, shoes, socks, and chemical-resistant gloves when opening this bag or loading/pouring the treated seed."

"After the seeds have been planted, do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 4 hours. Exception: If the treated seed is soil-injected or soil incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water is: coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, and chemical-resistant footwear. "

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Apply as a seed treatment using standard slurry or mist-type seed treatment equipment. Uniform application to seed is necessary to ensure seed safety and best disease protection. Seed must be sound and well cured prior to treatment. Product must be diluted with sufficient water to ensure complete seed coverage. Consult a seed treatment specialist regarding slurry rates for the crop to be treated with this product.

When used in combination with other fungicides having a similar biological spectrum, this product will add to the systemic protection of the seed and seedling and improve control under high disease pressure.

CORN (field, pop, sweet) (including seed production)			
Disease	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs of Seed)	Fl. Oz. / 80,000 kernel count*	mg active ingredient / kernel **
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> , <i>Penicillium</i> , and <i>Pythium spp.</i>)	0.10 – 3.75	0.045 – 1.687	0.0016 – 0.0612

*Based on 80,000 kernels of corn weighing 45 lbs.

**Based on 1,777corn seeds/lb.

SUNFLOWER		
Disease	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs of Seed)	mg active ingredient / kernel *
Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>) Downy mildew (<i>Plasmopora halstedii</i>) (Suppression only)	3.75 – 37.50	0.025 – 0.25

*Based on 4,500 sunflower seeds/lb.

BARLEY	
Disease	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs of Seed)
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 – 3.75

BRASSICA:	
Leafy greens subgroup (Broccoli raab, Chinese cabbage, Collards, Kale, Mizuna, Mustard greens, Mustard spinach, Rape greens)	
Head and Stem subgroup (Broccoli, Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Cavolo broccoli, Chinese broccoli, Chinese cabbage (napa), Chinese mustard cabbage, Kohlrabi)	
Disease	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs of Seed)
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 – 3.75

BULB VEGETABLES: Garlic, Leek, Onion (bulb), Onion (green), Welch onion, Shallot	
Disease	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs of Seed)
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 – 3.75

CANOLA	
Disease	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs of Seed)
Seed-borne Blackleg (<i>Phoma lingam</i>) Seedling Rhizoctonia Seedling Damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>) Alternaria Seedling Blight (<i>Alternaria spp.</i>)	0.10 – 3.75

COTTON	
Disease	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs of Seed)
Seedling Damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>) Pythium Seedling Blight (<i>Pythium aphanidermatum</i>)	0.10 – 3.75

CUCURBITS:	
Including cultivars and hybrids of these: Cantaloupe, Chayote, Chinese waxgourd, Cucumber, Gourds, Honeydew, Melons, <i>Momordica</i> spp. (Bitter melon, Balsam apple), Muskmelon, Watermelon, Pumpkin, Squash, Zucchini	
Disease	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs of Seed)
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 – 3.75

LEAFY VEGETABLES:
Including cultivars and hybrids of these: Amaranth, Arugula, Cardoon, Celery, Celtuce, Chervil, Chrysanthemum, edible, Coriander, leaves (Cilantro), Corn salad, Cress, Dandelion, Dock, Endive, Fennel, Lettuce (head and leaf), Orach, Parsley, Purslane, Radicchio, Rhubarb, Spinach, Swiss chard

Disease	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs of Seed)
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 – 3.75

LEGUME VEGETABLES:
Bean (*Lupinus* spp.) including Grain lupin, Sweet lupin, White lupin, and White sweet lupin
Bean (*Phaseolus* spp.) including Field bean, Kidney bean, Lima bean, Navy bean, Pinto bean, Runner bean, Snap bean, Tepary bean, Wax bean
Bean (*Vigna* spp.) including Adzuki bean, Asparagus bean, Blackeyed pea, Catjang, Chinese longbean, Cowpea, Crowder pea, Moth bean, Mung bean, Rice bean, Southern pea, Urd bean, Yardlong bean
Broad bean (Fava bean) (*Vicia faba*)
Chickpea (Garbanzo bean) (*Cicer arietinum*)
Guar (*Cyamopsis tetragonoloba*),
Jackbean (*Canavalia ensiformis*),
Lablab bean (Hyacinth bean) (*Lablab purpureus*),
Lentil (*Lens esculenta*)
Pea (*Pisum* spp.) Dwarf pea, Edible-pod pea, English pea, Field pea, Garden pea, Green pea, Snow pea, Sugar snap pea, Pigeon pea (*Cajanus cajari*), Sword bean (*Canavalia gladiata*).

Disease	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs of Seed)
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 – 3.75

PEANUT

Disease	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs of Seed)
Seed-borne Blackleg (<i>Phoma Lingam</i>) Seedling Rhizoctonia Seedling Damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>) Aspergillus Crown Rot (<i>Aspergillus niger</i>) (Suppression only) White mold / Stem rot (<i>Sclerotium rolfsii</i>) (Suppression only)	0.10 – 3.75

PEPPER: Bell, Non-Bell, Sweet Non-Bell, EGGPLANT, OKRA

Disease	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs of Seed)
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 – 3.75

POTATO

Disease	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs of Seed)
Silver scurf (<i>Helminthosporium solani</i>) Black scurf & Stem canker (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>) (Suppression only) Black dot (<i>Colletotrichum coccodes</i>) (Suppression only)	0.10 – 3.75

RICE

Disease	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs of Seed)
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight.	

Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> , <i>Alternaria spp.</i> , <i>Gaeumannomyces graminis var. graminis</i>) Brown Spot (<i>Bipolaris oryzae</i>) Rice Blast (<i>Pyricularia grisea</i>)	0.153 – 1.53
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SORGHUM		
Disease	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs of Seed)	mg active ingredient/kernel*
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia spp.</i> , <i>Penicillium spp.</i> , <i>Pythium spp.</i>) Brown Spot (<i>Bipolaris oryzae</i>) Downy mildew (<i>Peronoscleropsora sorghi</i>) (Suppression only) ¹	0.308 – 3.08	0.00062 – 0.0062

* Based on 14,500 seeds / lb.

SOYBEAN	
Disease	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs of Seed)
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia spp.</i> , <i>Pythium spp.</i>) White mold (<i>Sclerotium rolfsii</i>) (Suppression only)	0.153 – 0.459

TOMATO	
Disease	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs of Seed)
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 – 3.75

TUBEROUS and CORM VEGETABLES: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem), Canna, Cassava (Edible, Bitter, and Sweet), Chayote (root), Chufa, Dasheen (Taro), Ginjer, Leren, Sweet Potato, Tanier, Turmeric, Yam (bean), Yam (true)	
Disease	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs of Seed)
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 – 3.75

WATERCRESS	
Disease	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs of Seed)
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 – 3.75

WHEAT, TRITICALE	
Disease	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs of Seed)
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>) Dwarf bunt Common bunt	0.10 – 3.75

TURFGRASS: Including bentgrass, bluegrass, bermudagrass, and fescues grown for turf	
Disease	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs of Seed)
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 – 3.75
REMARKS	
For early season protection against seed-borne disease and <i>Rhizoctonia</i> damping-off.	

BULBS, CORMS, and TUBERS of Ornamental Flowers and Foliage Plants	
Disease	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs of Seed)
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 – 3.75
REMARKS	
For early season protection against seed-borne disease and <i>Rhizoctonia</i> damping-off.	

ORNAMENTAL SEED: Including those listed in the Ornamental Seed Table below.	
RESTRICTION: DO NOT apply LIBERTY AZOXY 9.6 to <i>Malus</i> spp., <i>Prunus</i> spp., or leatherleaf fern (<i>Rumohra adianformis</i> and related species)	
Disease	RATE (Fl. Oz. / 100 lbs of Seed)
Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off and seedling blight. Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 – 3.75
REMARKS	
For early season protection against seed-borne disease and <i>Rhizoctonia</i> damping-off. Azoxystrobin has been shown to be safe when applied to the ornamental plants listed in the Ornamental Seed Table. Due to the large number of varieties of ornamental and nursery plants, it is not possible to test every variety for tolerance to azoxystrobin. For varieties not specified in the Ornamental Seed Table, conduct small scale testing to ensure plant safety before full scale use.	

ORNAMENTAL SEED TABLE	
COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME
Abelia	<i>Abelia</i> spp.
Andromeda, Japanese	<i>Pieris japonica</i>
Arborvitae	<i>Thuja</i> spp.
Aspen Trees	<i>Populus</i> spp.
Aster	<i>Aster</i> spp.
Aucuba, Japanese	<i>Aucuba japonica</i>
Azalea, Glacier	<i>Rhododendron</i> spp.
Azaleas	<i>Rhododendron</i> spp.
Balsam	<i>Impatiens</i> spp.
Barberry	<i>Berberis thunbergii</i>
Begonia (Except Rieger begonia)	<i>Begonia</i> spp.
Birch, River	<i>Betula nigra</i>
Black-Eyed Susan	<i>Rudbeckia hirta</i>
Blanket-Flower	<i>Gaillardia</i> spp.
Bougainvillea	<i>Bougainvillea</i> spp.
Boxwood	<i>Buxus sempervirens</i>

Buddleia	<i>Buddleia davidii</i>
Bugle	<i>Ajuga reptans</i>
Bugleweed	<i>Ajuga reptans</i>
Burning bush	<i>Euonymus alatus</i>
Butterfly Bush	<i>Buddleia davidii</i>
Cactus, Holiday	<i>Schlumbergera</i>
Caladium	<i>Caladium spp.</i>
Camellia	<i>Camellia japonica</i>
Carnation	<i>Dianthus caryophyllus</i>
Ceanothus	<i>Ceanothus spp.</i>
Cedar, Atlas	<i>Cedrus atlantica</i>
Cedar, Red	<i>Juniperus virginiana</i>
Cedar, White	<i>Cedrus spp.</i>
Christmas Trees	<i>See Fraser fir, Scotch pine, and Douglas fir</i>
Chrysanthemum	<i>Chrysanthemum spp.</i>
Cinquefoil	<i>Potentilla spp.</i>
Clethra	<i>Clethra alnifolia</i>
Coleus	<i>Plectranthus spp.</i>
Cotoneaster, Creeping	<i>Cotoneaster adpressus</i>
Cotoneaster, Variegated Rockspray	<i>Cotoneaster horizontalis</i>
Cranesbill	<i>Geranium spp.</i>
Crapemyrtle	<i>Lagerstroemia indica</i>
Cyclamen	<i>Cyclamen spp.</i>
Cyperus	<i>Cyperus spp.</i>
Cypress, Sawara	<i>Chamaecyparis pisifera</i>
Cypress, Leyland	<i>Chamaecyparis spp.</i>
Daisy, Gerber	<i>Gerbera jamesonii</i>
Daisy, Transvaal	<i>Gerbera jamesonii</i>
Dogwood	<i>Comus spp.</i>
Dogwood	<i>Comus florida</i>
Dogwood, Pink	<i>Comus spp.</i>
Dumb-Cane	<i>Dieffenbachia spp.</i>
Euonymus, Dwarf Winged	<i>Euonymus alata</i>
Euonymus, Evergreen	<i>Euonymus japonicas</i>
Fatsia, Japanese	<i>Aglaonema spp.</i>
Fig	<i>Ficus spp.</i>
Fir, Douglas	<i>Pseudotsuga spp.</i>
Fir, Fraser	<i>Abies fraseri</i>
Floss-Flower	<i>Ageratum spp.</i>
Forsythia	<i>Forsythia viridissima</i>
Foxglove	<i>Digitalis spp.</i>
Gardenia	<i>Gardenia jasminoides</i>
Geranium	<i>Pelargonium spp.</i>
Grass	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>
Grass, Dwarf Pampas	<i>Phalaris spp.</i>
Grass, Pampas	<i>Cortaderia selloana</i>
Hawthorn, Indian	<i>Rhaphiolepis indica</i>
Heather	<i>Erica dareyensis</i>
Hemlock	<i>Tsuga spp</i>
Hibiscus	<i>Hibiscus moscheutos</i>

Hibiscus	<i>Hibiscus rosa-sinensis</i>
Holly	<i>Ilex spp.</i>
Hosta	<i>Hosta spp.</i>
House-Leek	<i>Sempervivum spp.</i>
Hydrangea	<i>Hydrangea spp.</i>
Hydrangea, French	<i>Hydrangea macrophylla</i>
Impatiens	<i>Impatiens spp.</i>
Iris, African	<i>Dietes iridiodes</i>
Iris, Butterfly	<i>Dietes iridiodes</i>
Ivy, Algerian	<i>Hedera algeriensis</i>
Ivy, English	<i>Hedera helix</i>
Ivy, Swedish	<i>Plectranthus spp.</i>
Juniper	<i>Juniperus procumbens</i>
Juniper	<i>Juniperus scopulorum</i>
Juniper	<i>Juniperus spp.</i>
Larkspur	<i>Delphinium spp.</i>
Laurel	<i>Laurus nobilis</i>
Laurel, Australian	<i>Pittosporum spp.</i>
Laurel, Japanese	<i>Aucuba japonica</i>
Lilac, California	<i>Ceanothus spp.</i>
Lilac, Wild	<i>Ceanothus sanguineus</i>
Lily, Peace	<i>Spathyphyllum floribundium</i>
Lily-Turf	<i>Liriope muscari</i>
Live-Forever	<i>Sempervivum spp.</i>
Magnolia	<i>Magnolia spp.</i>
Magnolia, Saucer	<i>Magnolia soulangiana</i>
Magnolia, Southern	<i>Magnolia grandiflora</i>
Maple, Japanese	<i>Acer palmatum</i>
Maple, Sugar	<i>Acer saccharum</i>
Marigold	<i>Tagetes spp.</i>
Mock-Orange	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i>
Mugwort	<i>Artemisia spp.</i>
Nandina	<i>Nandina domestica</i>
Oak, Pin	<i>Quercus palustris</i>
Oak, Red	<i>Quercus falcate</i>
Oleander	<i>Nerium oleander</i>
Orpine	<i>Sedum spp.</i>
Palm, Date	<i>Phoenix dactylifera</i>
Palm, Parlor	<i>Chamaedora elegans</i>
Palm, Queen	<i>Syagrus romanzoffianum</i>
Palm, Roebelin's	<i>Phoenix roebelenii</i>
Palm, Sago	<i>Caryota urens</i>
Pansy	<i>Viola spp.</i>
Paper-Plant	<i>Fatsia japonica</i>
Pear, Bradford's	<i>Pyrus calleryana</i>
Periwinkle	<i>Vinca spp.</i>
Petunia	<i>Petunia spp.</i>
Philodendron	<i>Philodendron spp.</i>
Phlox	<i>Phlox spp.</i>
Photinia, Red-Tip	<i>Photinia glabra</i>

Pine	<i>Pinus spp.</i>
Pine, Black	<i>Pinus nigra</i>
Pine, Eastern White	<i>Pinus strobus</i>
Pine, Muhgo	<i>Pinus muhgo</i>
Pine, Scotch	<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>
Pink	<i>Dianthus spp.</i>
Poinsettia	<i>Euophorbia spp.</i>
Pothos	<i>Epipremnum spp.</i>
Primrose	<i>Primula spp.</i>
Pussy's-Foot	<i>Ageratum spp.</i>
Redbud, Western	<i>Cercis occidentalis</i>
Rhododendron	<i>Rhododendron spp.</i>
Ribbon-Grass	<i>Setaria spp.</i>
Rose of Sharon	<i>Hibiscus syriacus</i>
Rose	<i>Rosa spp.</i>
Rose-Bay	<i>Nerium oleander</i>
Rosemary (Prostrate)	<i>Rosmarinus spp.</i>
Rubber-Plant, Baby	<i>Peperomia spp.</i>
Rubber-Tree	<i>Brassaia actinophylla</i>
Sage	<i>Salvia spp.</i>
Sagebrush	<i>Artemisia spp.</i>
Snap-Dragon	<i>Antirrhinum spp.</i>
Snowball	<i>Ceanothus spp.</i>
Spirea	<i>Spirea budalda</i>
Spirea	<i>Spirea japonica</i>
Spruce, Blue	<i>Picea pungens</i>
Spruce, Norway	<i>Picea abies</i>
Spruce, White	<i>Picea glauca</i>
Starwort	<i>Aster spp.</i>
Stonecrop	<i>Sedum spp.</i>
Sweet Alyssum	<i>Lobularia maritima</i>
Thyme, Creeping	<i>Thymus serpyllum</i>
Umbrella-Tree	<i>Brassaia actinophylla</i>
Verbena	<i>Verbena spp.</i>
Vervain	<i>Verbenas pp.</i>
Viburnum	<i>Viburnum spp.</i>
Vinca	<i>Catharanthus roseus</i>
Viola	<i>Viola spp.</i>
White alder	<i>Clethra spp.</i>
Weigela, Pink	<i>Wiegela florida</i>
Willow, Virginia	<i>Itea virginica</i>
Winterberry	<i>Ilex spp.</i>
Wormwood	<i>Aremisia spp.</i>
Yaupon	<i>Ilex spp.</i>
Yew, Spreading	<i>Taxus baccata</i>
Yucca	<i>Yucca spp.</i>
Zebra-Plant	<i>Aphelandra spp.</i>
Zinnia	<i>Zinnia spp.</i>

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container in a dry, temperature controlled, secure place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be used according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

NOTE: This product is available in multiple containers. Refer to the Net Contents section of this product's labeling for the applicable "Nonrefillable" or "Refillable" designation. Follow the container handling instructions below that apply to your container type / size.

[Nonrefillable Containers 5 Gallons or Less]

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

[Nonrefillable containers larger than 5 gallons]

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure-rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

[Refillable containers]

Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes, Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded. The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of LIBERTY CROP PROTECTION LLC or Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold LIBERTY CROP PROTECTION LLC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors. To the extent consistent with applicable law, LIBERTY CROP PROTECTION LLC warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product

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