

88089-2

11/27/2012

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

NOV 27 2012

OFFICE OF
PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND
TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Mr. Richard H. Collier
Senior Vice President, Regulatory Affairs
Landis International Inc., Agent for,
BioMed Protect, LLC
P. O. Box 5126
Valdosta, GA 31603-5126

Subject: Peridox
EPA Registration Number 88089-2
Your Amendment Dated July 3, 2012
EPA Received Date July 6, 2012

The amendment referred to above, submitted in connection with under section 3(c)(7)(A) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, FIFRA, as amended, to change the sporidicidal claim from 7 to 3 minutes, add a claim for Human hepatitis B virus, and to change the sterilant claim from 45 minutes to 25 minutes, is acceptable.

The submitted efficacy data support the use of the product, Peridox, as a disinfectant with sporidic activity against the following in the presence of a 5% organic soil load on hard, non-porous surfaces, for a contact time of 25 minutes is acceptable:

- *Bacillus subtilis* (ATCC 19659)

At least one of the product lots tested was 60 days old. Growth was observed in two product lots for *Clostridium sporogenes* with silk sutures. However, the applicant submitted re-test data passing on three additional lots for this organism (MRID 48872602). With one product lot contaminated. (see #2 below). A rationale for this contamination was submitted by ATS Labs. The rationale has been accepted by the Agency. Neutralization confirmation testing met the acceptance criterion for growth. Purity controls were reported as pure. Viability controls were positive for growth.

The submitted efficacy data (MRID 48872602 retest)- supports the use of the product, Peridox, as a disinfectant with sporicidal activity against the following in the presence of a 5% organic soil load on hard, non-porous surfaces, for a contact time of 20 minutes is acceptable:

-Clostridium sporogenes

One of the product lots showed growth due to contamination. However, as already mentioned in #1 above, the applicant submitted a justification for this growth. The justification sent by the testing laboratory is considered acceptable. Neutralization confirmation testing met the acceptance criterion for growth. Purity controls were reported as pure. Viability controls were positive for growth.

Labeling:

The proposed label claims are acceptable regarding the use of a 26 oz./gallon (4%) solution of the product, Peridox, as a disinfectant with sporicidal activity against Clostridium sporogenes and Bacillus subtilis on hard, non-porous surfaces in the presence of a 5% organic soil load for a contact time of 25 minutes. This claim is acceptable as it is supported by the submitted data.

The proposed label makes the claim that the product, Peridox, is an effective Sporicide against Clostridium difficile with a 3 minute contact time. Data that supports this claim was submitted to the Agency in April of this year (2012). This claim is considered acceptable.

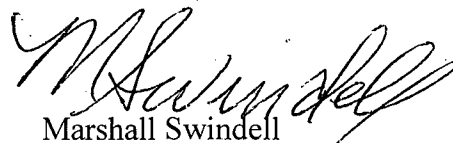
The proposed label claims that the product, Peridox, is an effective disinfectant with Virucidal activity against Hepatitis B virus (MRID 48844801)-submitted with Review 88089-4) for a contact time of 2 minutes on hard, non-porous surfaces. This proposed language is acceptable.

On page 21 of the proposed label, a statement needs to be added indicating that the product is not to be used on carpets or textiles containing silk.

If the above conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product bearing the amended labeling constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

If you have any questions concerning this letter, please contact Karen M. Leavy at (703)-308-6237.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "M. Swindell", written in a cursive style.

Marshall Swindell
Product Manager 33
Regulatory Management Branch I
Antimicrobial Division(7510P)

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
in EPA Letter Dated:

Peridox®



[NOV 27] 2012

Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as
amended, for the pesticide,
registered under EPA Reg. No. 88089-2

[disinfectant] [sterilant] [sporicide] [sanitizer] [microbiocide] [virucide] [fungicide]
[sporicidal disinfectant] [antimicrobial solution] [mold killing antimicrobial solution]
[bactericidal]

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Hydrogen Peroxide	24.0%
Peroxyacetic Acid	1.2%
Other Ingredients	74.8%
Total	100.0%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER

PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID	
IF IN EYES	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything to an unconscious person.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or physician for treatment advice.
IF INHALED	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, and then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or physician for further treatment advice.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.	
FOR EMERGENCY MEDICAL INFORMATION CALL TOLL FREE: 1-800-222-1222 (800) 900-4044 Poison Control Center (human health) (800) 345-4735 ASPCA (animal health)	
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.	

Manufactured for by: **BioMed Protect, LLC**
13475 Lakefront Drive
St. Louis, MO 63045

EPA Reg. No. 88089-2

Net Contents:

EPA Est. No. 88089-MO-1

87720-MO-1

67811-MO-1

4313-TX-1

Peridox® is a trademark of BioMed Protect, St. Louis, MO, USA Patents pending
{lot code and expiration date may appear on container or label}

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[CLAIMS]

- For disinfection of hard, nonporous surfaces
- For sanitizing rinse on previously cleaned hard, non[-]porous [non-food] food[-] contact surfaces
- For sanitizing hard, non-porous surfaces
- Cleaning and [deodorizing] [deodorization]
- Eliminate odors associated with bacteria, mold, mildew
- Prevent mold and mildew stains and odors
- Use PERIDOX® to disinfect and sanitize hard, non-porous surfaces and as a sanitizing rinse on previously cleaned hard, non-porous non-food and food-contact surfaces.
- For use in Mold Remediation on hard non-porous surfaces AND porous surfaces.

[ADDITIONAL CLAIMS]

Cleaning and deodorization; eliminate odors associated with bacteria, mold, mildew; prevent mold and mildew stains and odors.

MOLD CONTROL:

- To kill *Aspergillus niger* on hard, non-porous surfaces such as floors, tabletop, benchtops, drain troughs, drip pans, desks, locker room benches, and hard, non-porous bath mats (e.g., rubber or plastic)
- Used to treat porous surfaces such as wood, tile grout, drywall, ceiling tile, carpets, upholstery, cubical walls, wallpaper, posting boards in buildings and offices to kill mold
- Will not damage most surfaces
- Disinfectant for Surfaces in Pharmaceutical and Cosmetic Processing Facilities
- Sterilant/Disinfectant for Non-patient Contact for Healthcare and Veterinary Facilities
- Sporocidal disinfectant to kill *Clostridium difficile* in 3 minutes on hard non-porous inanimate surfaces
- Virucidal on hard non-porous inanimate surfaces
- Combination disinfection & cleaning on hard non-porous inanimate surfaces
- Tuberculocidal on hard non-porous inanimate surfaces
- Delivers antimicrobial activity on yeast, mildew, molds, fungi, viruses, and bacteria as identified in the times identified in the Organism [Table] [Chart] in the following section of this label and for uses and in sites as specified in the following directions for use.

{Sporocidal claims}

- Helps reduce [C. diff] [C. difficile] [*Clostridium difficile*] spores [and] [MRSA] [CA-MRSA] [VRE] [PRSP] [and] [blood-borne pathogens] occurrence [on surfaces]!
- Kills [more than] 99.9999% [C. difficile] [*Clostridium difficile*] spores in 73 [minutes] [min]!
- Kills [C. Difficile spores] [*Clostridium difficile* spores] in 3 minutes
- Sporicide, Sporocidal disinfectant, Virucidal, Bactericidal, Fungicidal, and Tuberculocidal.
- Kills [more than] 99.9999% [*Bacillus subtilis*] [*B. subtilis*] [*Bacillus*] [and] [*Clostridium*

sporogenes] [*Clostridium*] [*C. sporogenes*] [spores] in 45 25 [minutes] [min]!

- Kills [bacteria] [fungal spores] [mold] [TB] [viruses] on surfaces.
- Kills [bacteria] [fungi] [spores] [viruses].
- [Kills] [*C. difficile*] [*Clostridium difficile*] spores [and] [MRSA].

{Fungicidal and Mold Control claims}

- PERIDOX® [mold-killer] [mildew-cide] kills [*Aspergillus niger*] mold spores.
- PERIDOX® fungicide kills [*Aspergillus niger*] [and] [*Trichophyton mentagrophytes*]/[(athlete's foot fungus)] on hard surfaces in 1 minute.

{General efficacy claims}

- Can help reduce the risk of cross contamination on treated surfaces.
- [Cleans], [Disinfects] and [Deodorizes]
- *C. difficile* spore disinfection in 7 3 minutes.
- Kills and disinfects MRSA disinfection in 2 minutes.
- PERIDOX® [Microbicide] [Disinfectant] [Sanitizer] [Sporicide] [Bactericide] [Sporicidal Disinfectant] [Sterilant] [Virucide] [is effective against the following the following organisms at the following contact times; {insert organism name and contact time from the Organism chart as appropriate to "Microbicide", "Disinfectant", "Sanitizer", "Sporicide", "Bactericide", "Sporicidal Disinfectant", "Sterilant", & "Virucide"}].
- Disinfects [against] and kills MRSA, CA-MRSA, VRE, *Acinetobacter Baumannii*, PRSP, *E. coli* ESBL and other organisms {from Chart as appropriate} [against] [organism] in [just] just 2 minutes.
- Disinfects and kills {organisms from Chart as appropriate} on hard, non-porous [environmental] surfaces listed on this label.
- [Kills] and [Sanitizes] *S. aureus* and *K. pneumoniae* in 30 seconds.
- [Kills] and [Sanitizes] *E. coli* and *S. aureus* on pre-cleaned, non-porous, food-contact surfaces in 30 seconds.
- Powerful enough to [disinfect] [sanitize] [sterilize].

{General claims}

- Does not contain bleach. Does not contain alcohol.
- Bleach free. Alcohol free.

• One [1] Step Cleaner Disinfectant

• Cleaner

- No [annoying] [discomforting] bleach odor.
- [Clean] [fresh] [apple] [floral] [ocean] [ocean-fresh][scent] [smell].

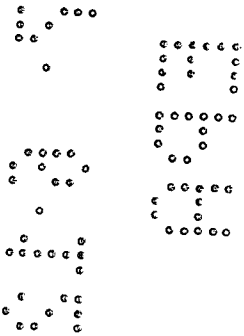
ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
in EPA Letter Dated:

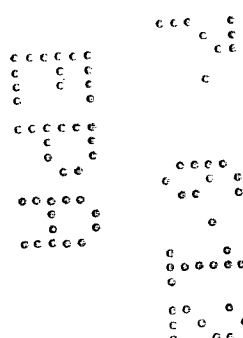
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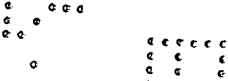
Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as
amended, for the pesticide,
registered under EPA Reg. No

88089-2

Effective against a wide range of viruses, bacteria and fungi, including:

STERILANT	DISINFECTANT	SANITIZER
<p><u>(25 45 minutes @ room temperature)</u> <i>Bacillus subtilis</i> <i>Clostridium sporogenes</i></p> 	<p><u>Bactericidal (2 minutes)</u> <i>Enterobacter aerogenes</i> (ATCC 13048) <i>Listeria monocytogenes</i> (ATCC 19111) <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> (ATCC 15442) <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i> (ATCC 13311) <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (ATCC 6538) <i>Vibrio cholerae</i> (ATCC 14035) <i>Salmonella enterica</i> (ATCC 10708) <i>Acinetobacter baumannii</i> (ATCC 19606) <i>Campylobacter jejuni</i> (ATCC 29428) <i>E. coli O157:H7</i> (ATCC 35150) <i>E. coli ESBL</i> (ATCC BAA-196) <i>Enterococcus faecalis</i>-Vancomycin Resistant (VRE) (ATCC 51299) <i>Enterococcus irae</i> (ATCC 10541) <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> (ATCC 19418) <i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> (ATCC 4352) <i>Legionella pneumophila</i> (ATCC 33153) <i>Proteus vulgaris</i> (ATCC 27973) <i>Serratia marcescens</i> (ATCC 13880) <i>Shigella sonnei</i> (ATCC 11060) <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> – MRSA (ATCC 33592) Community Acquired-</p>	<p><u>(30 seconds on hard, inanimate non-food contact surfaces)</u> <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (ATCC 6538) <i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> (ATCC 4352)</p> <p><u>(30 seconds on pre-cleaned, food contact surfaces)</u> <i>Escherichia coli</i> (ATCC 11229) <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (ATCC 6538)</p>

	<p><i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (CA-MRSA) (Genotype 300) <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i>-Penicillin Resistant (PRSP) (ATCC 700671) <i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i> (ATCC 19615)</p> <p><u>Tuberculocidal (5 minutes)</u> <i>Mycobacterium bovis</i> (at 20° C)</p> <p><u>Viricidal (2 minutes)</u> <u>Hepatitis B Virus</u> Avian Influenza A (H3N2) (ATCC VR 2072) Reovirus (ATCC VR 232) Human Coronavirus (ATCC VR 740) Adenovirus, Type 2 (ATCC 846) Avian influenza H5N1 (NIBRG-14) Herpes simplex, Type 1 (ATCC VR 260) Herpes simplex, Type 2 (ATCC VR 734) Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type 1 (HIV-1, Zeptomatrix Corp.) Influenza A (ATCC VR 544) Influenza A (H1N1) (ATCC VR 1469, Strain A/PR/8/34) Influenza B (ATCC VR 823) Norovirus (F. Calicivirus) (ATCC VR 782) Poliovirus type-1 (ATCC VR 1562) Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) (ATCC VR26) Rhinovirus</p>	 <p>ACCEPTED with COMMENTS in EPA Letter Dated: NOV 27 2012 Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No. 88089-2</p>
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	<p>(ATCC VR 388) Rotavirus (<i>Strain WA</i>)</p> <p><u>Sporicidal Activity of Disinfectant (7.3 minutes)</u> <i>Clostridium difficile</i> spores (ATCC 700792)</p> <p><u>Fungicidal/Mold Killing (1 minute) Hard Non Porous Surfaces</u> <i>Trichophyton mentagrophytes</i> (athlete's foot fungus)(ATCC 9533) <i>Candida albicans</i> (ATCC 10231) <i>Aspergillus niger</i> (ATCC 16404)</p> <p><u>Mold-killing (10 minutes) Porous Surfaces</u> <i>Aspergillus niger</i></p>	
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Disinfectant for use on hard, non-porous surfaces in: {sites will be selected from the following} Hospitals and Health Care Facilities such as Clinics, Dental Offices, Hospices, Laboratories, Nursing Homes, Acute Long-Term Care and Long-Term Care Facilities, Physical Therapy, Doctor's Offices, Radiology, Rehabilitation and Transport Vehicles; Critical Care Areas such as Critical Care Unit (CCU), Emergency Room, ICU, Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU), Operating Rooms, Outpatient Surgery Centers, Pediatric Intensive Care Unit (PICU), Surgery, and Emergency Medical Services (EMS); Other Sites such as Schools, Colleges, Day-care Centers, Child-care Facilities, Correctional Facilities; Hospitality Establishments such as Hotels, Motels, and Cruise Ships; Veterinary Clinics, Animal Life Science Laboratories; Funeral Homes and Morgues; Research Laboratories; Industrial Facilities; Pharmaceutical Production Facilities; Cosmetic Processing Facilities; Consumer Home Use; Dining Areas (non-food contact surfaces); Office Buildings; Recreational Facilities; Retail and Wholesale Establishments; Prisons; Animal Care Facilities; Veterinary Facilities; Farms; Livestock Quarters; Poultry Premises; Poultry Houses and Hatcheries; and vehicles including ships, planes, automobiles, trucks, ambulances, trains, and farm vehicles.

Hospital, Healthcare, and Critical Use Sites: [May be used on hard non-porous surfaces of] {sites will be selected from the following} autoclaves, bed railings, blood glucose monitors, cabinets, carts, chairs, counters, exam tables, gurneys, isolettes, infant incubators and care cribs, IV poles, phlebotomy trays, PVC tubing, stethoscopes, stretchers, tables, bathrooms,

sinks, faucets, toilet seats [and rims], towel dispensers, hand railings, stall doors, bath tubs, showers, hampers, tiled walls, telephones, door knobs, vanities, floors, non-porous shelves, and display cases.

Hard non-porous external surfaces of: *{sites will be selected from the following}* ambulance equipment, diagnostic equipment, dialysis machines, mammography equipment, patient monitoring equipment, respiratory equipment, ultrasound transducers and probes, patient support and delivery equipment. [PERIDOX® solution [is compatible with [will not harm] *{surfaces will be selected from the following}* aluminum, LDPE, HDPE, vinyl, painted surfaces, polycarbonate, polypropylene, polyurethane varnish, PVC, silicone rubber, stainless steel, medical tubing, vinyl rubber, acrylic, brass, LCD screens, copper, Corian®, glass, laminate flooring and countertops, nickel, polycarbonate, glazed porcelain, glass, and glazed tile.]

STERILANT

SPORICIDAL DISINFECTANT

DISINFECTANT

SANITIZER

VIRUCIDE

FUNGICIDE

TUBERCULOCIDE

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
in EPA Letter Dated:

NOV 27 2012

Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as
amended, for the pesticide,
registered under EPA Reg. No. 88689-

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER CORROSIVE. Causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. May be fatal if absorbed through the skin or inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor or spray mist. Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses), clothing, and chemical resistant gloves. Wash with soap and water thoroughly after handling and before eating, drinking or using tobacco. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse. Dilute the concentrated PERIDOX® to the appropriate use rate in a well ventilated area or have available proper respiratory protection.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS: Strong Oxidizing Agent. Corrosive. Do not use in concentrated form. Mix only with water according to label instructions. Never bring concentrate in contact with other sanitizers, cleaners or organic substances.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This pesticide is toxic to birds, fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to

discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office at the EPA.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

See accompanying technical manual for complete directions and safety precautions.

PERIDOX® can be used for disinfection, sterilization, sanitization, mold killing and remediation, mold and mildew control. This product must be used only as directed in this label.

Before using this product read the entire label.

PERIDOX® solution can be applied to hard, non-porous surfaces such as counter-tops, tables, furniture, cabinets, appliances, kitchen and bathroom fixtures, furnishings, hardware, floors, walls, equipment, tabletop, benchtops, drip pans, troughs, desks, [and] locker room benches[, and the use sites listed on page ()]. For heavily soiled areas, pre-cleaning is required. To apply the PERIDOX® solution, the measured amount of PERIDOX® per the Directions for Use is added to a spray applicator or mixing container and diluted with the measured amount of water (up to 250 ppm hardness as CaCO₃). The "Use Dilutions" for PERIDOX® are based on the 24.0% hydrogen peroxide active ingredient. Apply the mixed PERIDOX® solution to the contaminated surface with a spray applicator device at an application rate of greater than 50 ml/m² (approximately 1.5 fluid oz of the PERIDOX® solution per square yard), or by other means that ensure that the surface is wet (for example, by wiping with a clean cloth or sponge that is wet with PERIDOX® solution), or by soaking the contaminated surface and allowing it to remain on the surface the indicated contact time.

Spray or soak the surface with a sufficient amount of PERIDOX® solution to remain on surface for the indicated contact time before evaporation. Air dry or remove with a dry clean cloth or wipe.

DISINFECTION

Use PERIDOX® solution [as a] [disinfectant] in Hospitals, ~~Surgical and~~ Obstetrical Suites, Housekeeping Services, Physical Therapy Departments, Nursing Services [and] Autopsy Facilities[, as well as the use sites listed on page ()].

Use PERIDOX® solution [as a] [disinfectant] in nursing homes, health-care facilities, schools, colleges, day-care centers, child-care facilities, veterinary clinics, animal life science laboratories, industrial facilities, dining areas (non-food contact surfaces), office buildings, recreational facilities, retail and wholesale establishments[, as well as the use sites listed on page ()].

Use PERIDOX® solution [as a] [disinfectant] in transport vehicles including ships, planes, automobiles, trucks, trains, and EMS.

This product is not to be used as a terminal sterilant/high level disinfectant on any surface or instrument that (1) is introduced directly into the human body, either into or in contact with the bloodstream or normally sterile areas of the body, or (2) contacts intact mucous membranes but

which does not ordinarily penetrate the blood barrier or otherwise enter normally sterile areas of the body. This product may be used to pre-clean or decontaminate critical or semi-critical medical devices prior to sterilization or high level disinfection.

Combination Disinfection and Cleaning:

PERIDOX® [disinfectant] is effective against [kills] *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Salmonella enterica*, *Enterobacter aerogenes*, *Salmonella typhimurium*, *Listeria monocytogenes*, *Vibrio cholerae*, and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* [and other bacteria listed in the Chart] at 4% (26 oz PERIDOX® /gallon water) in hard water (250 ppm as CaCO₃) and a 5% organic load on hard nonporous surfaces. For heavily soiled areas a pre-cleaning step is required. Apply PERIDOX® solution with spray applicator device or other means that ensures that the surface is thoroughly wet. Allow surfaces to remain wet for 2 **minutes**; then, wipe with a dry clean cloth. Prepare a fresh solution daily or, if necessary, more frequently if the PERIDOX® solution becomes soiled (i.e., is not visibly clear) or diluted, replace and use fresh PERIDOX® solution.

Always ensure the solution is fresh prior to application.

Virucidal. PERIDOX® [disinfectant] is effective [virucide] against [kills] [the viruses listed in the Chart] [, which include] Influenza A (H3N2), Influenza A (H1N1), Norovirus, Poliovirus, Reovirus, Rhinovirus [and] Human Coronavirus [and specific virus(es) listed on the chart] on hard, nonporous inanimate surfaces when used at 4% (26 oz PERIDOX® /gallon water) in hard water (250 ppm CaCO₃) with a 2 **minute** contact time in the presence of a 5% organic load. For heavily soiled areas a pre-cleaning step is required. Apply PERIDOX® solution with [a] spray applicator device or other means that ensures that the surface is thoroughly wet. Allow surfaces to remain wet for 2 **minutes**; then, wipe with a dry, clean cloth. Prepare a fresh solution daily or, if necessary, more frequently if it becomes soiled (i.e., is not visibly clear) or diluted (i.e., the solution becomes further diluted below the 4% Use Dilution concentration).

Always ensure the solution is fresh prior to application.

Fungicidal. PERIDOX® [microbicide] [disinfectant] [is a] [fungicide] can be used on hard nonporous inanimate surfaces such as shower room floors, shower stalls, locker room benches, and hard non porous bath mats (plastic or rubber). At 4% (26 oz PERIDOX® /gallon water), this product is effective against *Trichophyton mentagrophytes* (Athletes Foot Fungi), *Aspergillus niger* (mold), and *Candida albicans* (pathogenic yeast) in the presence of a 5% organic load in hard water (250 ppm CaCO₃) with a 1 **minute** contact time. For heavily soiled areas a pre-cleaning step **IS** required. Apply PERIDOX® solution with spray applicator device or other means that ensures that the surface is thoroughly wet. Allow surfaces to remain wet for 1 **minute**; then, wipe with a dry, clean cloth. Prepare a fresh solution daily or, if necessary, more frequently if it becomes soiled (i.e., is not visibly clear) or diluted (i.e., the solution becomes further diluted below the 4% Use Dilution concentration).

Always ensure the solution is fresh prior to application.

Sporicidal Disinfectant. PERIDOX® solution is effective [sporicidal disinfectant] against

Clostridium difficile spores on hard, nonporous inanimate surfaces when used at full strength (4.4% concentration of hydrogen peroxide and 0.23% of peroxyacetic acid) with a **7 3 minute** contact time in the presence of a 5% organic load. Apply PERIDOX® solution with a spray applicator device, or other means that ensures that the surface is thoroughly wet. Allow surfaces to remain wet for **7 3 minutes**; then, wipe with a dry, clean cloth.

Personal Protection: Wear appropriate barrier protection such as gloves, gowns, masks and eye covering.

Cleaning Procedure: Fecal matter/waste must be thoroughly cleaned from surfaces/objects before disinfection by application with a **microfiber cloth/pad**, clean cloth, mop, and/or sponge saturated with the disinfectant product. Cleaning is to include vigorous wiping and/or scrubbing, until all visible soil is removed. Special attention is needed for high touch surfaces. Surfaces in patient rooms are to be cleaned in an appropriate manner, such as from right to left or left to right, on horizontal surfaces, and top to bottom, on vertical surfaces, to minimize spreading of the spores. Restrooms are to be cleaned last. Do not reuse soiled cloths.

Infectious Materials Disposal: Materials used in the cleaning process that may contain feces/wastes are to be disposed of immediately in accordance with local regulations for infectious materials disposal.

This product is not to be used as a terminal sterilant/high level disinfectant on any surface or instrument that (1) is introduced directly into the human body, either into or in contact with the bloodstream or normally sterile areas of the body, or (2) contacts intact mucous membranes but which does not ordinarily penetrate the blood barrier or otherwise enter normally sterile areas of the body. This product may be used to pre-clean or decontaminate critical or semi-critical medical devices prior to sterilization or high level disinfection.

[Specific Instructions for Blood-borne Pathogens:] [KILLS HIV AND HEPATITIS B VIRUS ON PRE-CLEANED ENVIRONMENTAL SURFACES/OBJECTS PREVIOUSLY SOILED WITH BLOOD/BODY FLUIDS in healthcare settings and other settings in which there is an expected likelihood of soiling of inanimate surfaces/objects with blood/body fluids, on **surfaces or materials and in which the surfaces/object likely to be** soiled with blood/body fluids can be associated with the potential for transmission of Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type 1 (HIV-1) (associated with AIDS) **and Hepatitis B Virus.**

This product is not to be used as a terminal sterilant/high level disinfectant on any surface or instrument that (1) is introduced directly into the human body, either into or in contact with the bloodstream or normally sterile areas of the body, or (2) contacts intact mucous membranes but which does not ordinarily penetrate the blood barrier or otherwise enter normally sterile areas of the body. This product may be used to pre-clean or decontaminate critical or semi-critical medical devices prior to sterilization or high level disinfection.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR CLEANING AND DECONTAMINATING AGAINST HIV-I (Aids Virus) AND HEPATITIS B VIRUS OF SURFACE/OBJECTS SOILED WITH

14/23

BLOOD/BODY FLUIDS.

Personal Protection: [Clean up should always be done wearing protective gloves, gowns, masks, and eye protection.] [Disposable latex **nitrile** or vinyl gloves, gowns, face masks, or eye coverings as appropriate, must be worn during all cleaning of body fluids, blood, and decontamination.

Cleaning Procedure: Blood/body fluids must be thoroughly cleaned from surfaces/objects before application of this product.

Contact Time: [Allow surface to remain wet for **2 minutes** to kill HIV-1 and Hepatitis B Virus.] [Leave surface wet for 2 minutes to kill HIV-1 and Hepatitis B Virus.] [Use contact time listed for all other organisms claimed.] [Consult Organism Chart/Table for all other contact times.]

Disposal of Infectious Material: Blood/body fluids should be autoclaved and disposed of according to Federal, State, and local regulations for infectious waste disposal.

Tuberculocidal. PERIDOX® microbiocide is also effective against **[kills]** *Mycobacterium bovis* (at 20° C) on hard nonporous inanimate surfaces when used at 4% (26 oz PERIDOX® /gallon water) with a **5 minute** contact time in the presence of hard water (250 ppm CaCO₃) and a 5 % organic load. For heavily soiled areas a pre-cleaning step IS required. Apply PERIDOX® solution with spray applicator device or other means that ensures that the surface is thoroughly wet. Allow surfaces to remain wet for **5 minutes**; then, wipe with a dry clean cloth. Prepare a fresh solution daily or, if necessary, more frequently if it becomes soiled (i.e., is not visibly clear) or diluted (i.e., the solution becomes further diluted below the 4% Use Dilution concentration).

Disinfection of Surfaces in Pharmaceutical and Cosmetic Processing Facilities

PERIDOX® microbiocide is recommended for use on hard, non-porous, environmental surfaces such as floors, walls and processing equipment in pharmaceutical and cosmetic processing facilities. It is effective against *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Salmonella enterica*, *Enterobacter aerogenes*, *Salmonella typhimurium*, *Listeria monocytogenes*, *Vibrio cholerae*, and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* at 4% (26 oz PERIDOX® /gallon water) in hard water (250 ppm CaCO₃), and 5% blood serum. For heavily soiled areas a precleaning step is required.

Apply PERIDOX® solution with spray applicator device or other means that ensures that the surface is thoroughly wet with a contact time of **2 minutes**. Rinse with sterile water. Wipe with a dry, clean cloth. Air Dry. Prepare a fresh solution daily, or if necessary, more frequently if it becomes soiled (i.e., is not visibly clear) or diluted (i.e., the solution becomes further diluted below the 4% Use Dilution concentration).

Always ensure the solution is fresh prior to application

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STERILIZATION**Sterilant for Non-patient Contact Surfaces for Healthcare and Veterinary Facilities**

Prior to use of PERIDOX® microbiocide as a sterilant, remove gross soil particles from processing surfaces, then wash with a detergent solution, followed by a potable water rinse. PERIDOX® microbiocide is recommended for use as a sterilant on hard, non-porous, inanimate confining (e.g., rimmed) surfaces that permit a continuous layer of liquid to cover the entire surface for the recommended contact time of **25-45 minutes**, in containers and interior surfaces of containers for non-patient contact in healthcare and veterinary facilities. Prepare a 4% (26 oz/gallon water) sterilizing solution of PERIDOX®. Apply PERIDOX® solution by immersion of objects in containers, by covering interior surfaces of containers, or by confining (e.g., rimmed) surfaces (e.g., floors, tables, counters) that permit forming a continuous layer of liquid to completely cover the entire surface for the contact time of **25-45 minutes**. This product is effective against *Clostridium sporogenes* and *Bacillus subtilis* vegetative cells and spores at 4% (26 oz PERIDOX® /gallon water) in hard water (250 ppm CaCO₃) and a 5% organic load. Remove solution and entrapped soil with a clean, dry, sterile cloth. If the PERIDOX® [microbiocide] solution becomes soiled (i.e., is not visibly clear) or diluted, replace and use fresh PERIDOX® solution. **Do not use this product as a sterilant on medical devices.**

Disinfectant for Farm Premises. PERIDOX® [microbiocide] [disinfectant] is recommended for use on hard, non-porous, environmental surfaces such as floors, walls, troughs, racks, appliances, and processing equipment on Farm Premises. It is effective against *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Salmonella enterica*, *Enterobacter aerogenes*, *Salmonella typhimurium*, *Listeria monocytogenes*, *Vibria cholerae*, and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* [and other bacteria listed in the Chart] at 4% (26 oz PERIDOX® /gallon water) in hard water (250 ppm CaCO₃), and 5% blood serum. For heavily soiled areas a precleaning step is required.

Always ensure the solution is fresh prior to application.

Remove all animals and feed from premises, vehicles, and enclosures.

Remove all litter and manure from floors, walls and surfaces of barns, pens, stalls, chutes, and other facilities and fixtures occupied or traversed by animals.

Empty all troughs, racks, and other feeding and watering appliances.

Thoroughly clean all surfaces with soap or detergent and rinse with water.

Apply PERIDOX® solution with a spray applicator device, or other means that ensures that the surface is thoroughly wet with a contact time of **2 minutes**. Rinse with clean water. Wipe with a dry, clean cloth. Air dry.

Immerse all halters, ropes, and other types of equipment used in handling and restraining animals, as well as forks, shovels, and scrapers used for removing litter and manure. If the PERIDOX® solution becomes soiled (i.e., is not visibly clear) or diluted, replace and use fresh PERIDOX® solution.

Ventilate buildings, cars, boats, and other closed spaces. Do not house livestock or employ equipment until treatment has been absorbed, set, or dried.

Thoroughly scrub all treated feed racks, mangers, troughs, automatic feeders, fountains, and waterers with soap or detergent, and rinse with potable water before reuse.

Disinfectant for Poultry Houses and Poultry Hatcheries. PERIDOX® [microbiocide] [disinfectant] is recommended for use on hard, non-porous, environmental surfaces such as floors, walls, troughs, racks, feeders, fountains, appliances, and processing equipment in Poultry Houses and Poultry Hatcheries. It is effective against *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Salmonella enterica*, *Enterobacter aerogenes*, *Salmonella lyphimurium*, *Listeria monocytogenes*, *Vibrio cholerae*, and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* [and other bacteria listed in the Chart] at 4% (26 oz PERIDOX®/gallon water) in hard water (250 ppm CaCO₃), and 5% blood serum heavily soiled areas a precleaning step is required.

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Always ensure the solution is fresh prior to application.

Remove all poultry and feeds from premises, trucks, coops, and crates.

Remove all litter and droppings from floors, walls and surfaces of facilities occupied or traversed by poultry.

Empty all troughs, racks, and other feeding and watering appliances.

Thoroughly clean all surfaces with soap or detergent and rinse with water.

Apply PERIDOX® solution with a spray applicator device, or other means, that ensures that the surface is thoroughly wet with a contact time of **2 minutes**. Rinse with clean water. Wipe with a dry, clean cloth. Air dry. Prepare a fresh solution daily or, if necessary, more frequently if it becomes soiled (i.e., is not visibly clear) or diluted (i.e., the solution becomes further diluted below the 4% Use Dilution concentration).

Ventilate buildings, coops, and other closed spaces. Do not house poultry or employ equipment until treatment has been absorbed, set, or dried.

Thoroughly scrub treated feed racks, troughs, automatic feeders, fountains, and waterers with soap or detergent, and rinse with potable water before reuse.

SANITIZATION

Sanitization of Hard, Non-porous, Inanimate Surfaces. PERIDOX® [microbicide] [sanitizer] is recommended [as a sanitizer] for use on hard, non-porous surfaces such as glass, stainless steel, glazed tile, glazed porcelain, and plastic (for example, plastic laminate countertop). It is effective against *Klebsiella pneumoniae* and *Staphylococcus aureus* at 4% (26 oz PERIDOX®/gallon water), this product is effective as a sanitizer rinse in hard water (250 ppm as CaCO₃) and a 5% organic load with a **30 second** contact time. Apply PERIDOX® solution with a spray applicator device, or other means that ensures that the surface is thoroughly wet. Wipe with a clean dry cloth or allow surfaces to air dry. For manual operations, fresh sanitizing solutions should be prepared daily or more often

if the solution becomes diluted (i.e., the solution becomes further diluted below the 4% Use Dilution concentration) or soiled (i.e., is not visibly clear).

Always ensure the solution is fresh prior to application.

Sanitization Rinse on Pre-cleaned Hard, Non-porous Food Contact Surfaces.

PERIDOX® [microbiocide] [sanitizer] is recommended [as a sanitizer} for use on pre-cleaned non-porous, food contact surfaces such as equipment, pipelines, tanks, fillers, and evaporators as a sanitizer rinse. It is effective against *Staphylococcus aureus* and *Escherichia coli* at 4% (26 oz PERIDOX®/ gallon water), this product is effective as a sanitizer rinse in hard water (250 ppm as CaCO₃) and a 5% organic load with a **30 second** contact time. Pre-clean surfaces to remove gross particles. Wash with a detergent solution. Rinse with potable water. Apply PERIDOX® solution with spray applicator device, or other means that ensures that the surface is thoroughly wet. For manual operations, fresh sanitizing solutions should be prepared daily or more often if the solution becomes diluted (i.e., the solution becomes further diluted below the 4% Use Dilution concentration) or soiled (i.e., is not visibly clear).

Always ensure the solution is fresh prior to application.

MOLD KILLING, MILDEW CONTROL & REMEDIATION

GENERAL INFORMATION

Do not use in areas where food/ feed items are present. PERIDOX® [microbiocide] [liquid] is for killing and control of mold.

This product is a concentrate that must be diluted before use. It is applied as a Use Dilution comprising a "4% PERIDOX®" solution that is made by mixing one (1) part of 24% PERIDOX® with five (5) equal parts of water, with water hardness up to 250 ppm of CaCO₃.

Use PERIDOX® [microbiocide] [liquid]:

- To clean and deodorize; eliminate odors associated with bacteria, mold, mildew; prevent mold and mildew stains and odors.
- To kill *Aspergillus niger* on hard, non-porous surfaces such as floors, tabletop, benchtops, drain troughs, drip pans, desks, locker room benches, hard, non-porous bath mats (e.g., rubber or plastic) [and the use sites listed on page ()].
- To treat porous surfaces such as wood, tile grout, drywall, ceiling tile, carpets, upholstery cubical walls, wallpaper, posting boards in buildings and offices to kill mold.

Will not damage most surfaces.

Use PERIDOX® [microbiocide] [liquid] in commercial, residential, and industrial buildings and facilities, in vehicles, and on mold infested items such as counter-tops, tables, furniture, cabinets, appliances (other than food contact surfaces), kitchen and bathroom fixtures, furnishings, hardware, and other non-porous, hard surfaces such as floors, tabletop, benchtops, drain troughs, drip pans, desks, locker room benches, and hard, non-porous bath mats

(e.g., rubber or plastic) and porous surfaces such as wood, tile grout, drywall, ceiling tile, carpets, upholstery cubical walls, wallpaper, posting boards in buildings and offices. This product is for use in office buildings, homes, institutions such as schools, public buildings, child-care facilities, daycare centers, hospitals, nursing homes, churches, and correctional facilities, warehouses, manufacturing facilities, lodging establishments, retail business, and athletic and recreational facilities.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Handlers must wear at a minimum:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes and socks
- Protective eye wear
- Chemical resistant gloves (materials that are chemical-resistant to this product include barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride, Viton),

Treatment of areas greater than 10 ft², i.e., medium and large areas, may require additional PPE. For the treatment of large areas, i.e., greater than 100 ft², eye goggles, protective garments, and a half-face or full-face respirator mask with a cartridge rated for organic vapors, are recommended. Examples of such respirator masks are 3M Air Purifying Respirators 5000 Series with cartridge/filter approved for organic vapors, Advantage 200 LS Respirator, plus cartridges/filters approved for organic vapors, and North 7700 series half mask face-piece with cartridges/filters approved for organic vapors.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. If clothing becomes wet or contaminated with this product's concentrate, dilute with copious quantity of water and handle with care.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Prepare the 4% PERIDOX® Use Dilution from concentrate in a well-ventilated area. Typically, for hard, non-porous surfaces, wallboard, wood, and painted or sealed concrete, masonry, or cinder block, one gallon of concentrate, after dilution to a 4% solution, can treat 6,000 - 16,000 square feet per gallon of concentrate. Typically, for carpet or textiles, one gallon of concentrate, after dilution to a 4% solution, can treat 1,200 - 2,400 square feet per gallon of concentrate. Use the 4% PERIDOX® only with adequate ventilation and exhaust the air to the outdoors and wear appropriate PPE. Never bring concentrate in contact with other sanitizers, cleaners or organic substances. Avoid contact of the 4% PERIDOX® Use Dilution with other sanitizers, cleaners or organic substances.

MOLD REMEDIATION. The 4% PERIDOX® Use Dilution can be used as part of a comprehensive mold remediation when the following six (6) steps are performed.

- 1) Repair the source of moisture (stop leaks, etc.) to eliminate conditions favorable to mold growth such as moisture ingress and high relative humidity and to prevent further mold growth and/or re-growth.
- 2) Set up adequate source containment of room or infected areas where applicable,
- 3) Clean the area/room to remove "fungal" material from surfaces and objects to be treated. Remove and discard or wash with soap and water and treat elsewhere all contaminated materials that are not readily cleanable or treatable in the area.
- 4) Prepare the Use Dilution comprising 4% PERIDOX®
- 5) Apply PERIDOX® to contaminated surfaces sufficient to maintain wet for 1 **minute** for hard, non-porous surfaces and **10 minutes** for porous surfaces.
- 6) Remove source containment as appropriate and prepare area for re-use.

The following associations and Internet sites should be consulted for information on standards and guidelines for remedial treatment of mold and mildew:

IAQA-Indoor Air Quality Association (www.iaqa.org)

EPA-Environmental Protection Agency (www.epa.gov)

DOH-New York City Department of Health

(www.health.state.ny.us/environmentallindoors/air/mold.htm)

IICRC-Institute of Inspection, Cleaning and Restoration Certification

Water Damage Remediation

Remediation is required in situations where mold growth has occurred or materials have been wet for more than 48 hours. Even for materials that are dried within 48 hours, mold growth may have occurred. Note that mold growth will not always occur after 48 hours; this is only a guideline. Consult with local experts and professionals and/or refer to EPA guidance documents such as "Mold Remediation in Schools and Commercial Buildings,"

www.epa.gov/mold/moldresources.html for more information on how to clean up after water damage.

Source Containment

Source containment is generally necessary only for some medium treatment areas (between 10 and 100 ft²), for all large treatment areas (> 100 ft²), or in those circumstances where cleaning and treatment may lead to spread of mold contamination to other areas, for example, by traffic, the movement of supplies or equipment, or as airborne contamination, or where it is desirable to contain airborne treatment aerosols, vapors, and mold. When source containment is used, a half-face or full-face respirator mask with cartridge for organic vapors or other approved respiratory

protection must be used. See instructions for MOLD REMEDIATION PPE given on page [] in this label.

Set up adequate source containment of room(s) or infected areas. Such containment may comprise one or more layers of plastic sheeting (e.g., polyethylene sheet), tape, or other physical barriers to the spread of contamination, cleaning solutions, or treatment solution. In many cases, a contained entry/egress area is recommended between uncontaminated areas and the contaminated area to be treated so that PPE, materials, and equipment can be treated or cleaned to avoid the spread of contamination.

Cleaning

Clean the area/room to remove "fungal" material from surfaces and objects to be treated. Remove and discard or wash and treat elsewhere all contaminated materials that are not readily cleanable or treatable in the area. Cleaning procedures and methods depend on the size of the area and the type of material to be treated. For heavy mold infestations, it may be desirable to use 4% PERIDOX® solution for cleaning prior to treatment. Specific directions and recommendations are given in the following sections. Contaminated materials removed from the area to be treated must be placed in a suitable, well-sealed container or bag, e.g., a well-sealed plastic bag, for removal and disposal by means consistent with applicable regulations. The outside of the containers or bags should be treated with 4% PERIDOX® solution to kill mold and to prevent spread of contamination.

Select a method appropriate to the situation. Methods for cleaning specific types of materials are given in the following sections of this label. Since molds gradually destroy the things they grow on, if mold growth has not been addressed promptly, some items may be damaged such that cleaning will not restore their original appearance. If mold growth is heavy and items are valuable or important, you may wish to consult a restoration/water damage/remediation expert. Please note that these are guidelines.

Prepare the Use Dilution comprising 4% PERIDOX® solution.

The Use Dilution comprising a "4% PERIDOX®" solution is made by mixing one (1) part of 24% PERIDOX® concentrate with five (5) equal parts of water, to obtain 4% (26 oz PERIDOX® concentrate/gallon water), with water hardness up to 250 ppm CaCO₃. Mix the 4% PERIDOX® solution in a plastic container with adequate capacity. Recommended are high density polyethylene (HDPE) containers. Metal containers made of other than 300- series stainless steel alloy are not recommended. The dilution should be performed in a well-ventilated area and appropriate PPE must be used. Precautions must be taken for dealing with spilled concentrate. See the Precautionary Statements, First Aid instructions, and Storage and Disposal instructions given in this label.

Application of 4% PERIDOX® solution

Apply 4% PERIDOX® solution to contaminated surfaces in sufficient amount to maintain wet surfaces for **1 minute** for hard, non-porous surfaces and **10 minutes** for porous surfaces. Application

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may be made by spraying, wiping with a clean cloth or sponge that is wet with 4% PERIDOX® solution, pouring, mopping, or brushing. Specific methods are given in the following section according to the size of the area and materials to be treated.

Remove source containment

After air drying of the treated surfaces, remove source containment as appropriate and prepare the area for re-use. Dispose of all removed materials and left-over 4% PERIDOX® solution in a manner consistent with applicable regulations and the STORAGE and DISPOSAL instructions of this label.

Directions are given below for treatment of SMALL AREAS, MEDIUM AREAS, and LARGE AREAS.

DIRECTIONS FOR SMALL AREAS - Total Surface Area Affected Less Than 10 Square Feet

The following 4 steps identified below should always be followed.

Please note Step I for *Containment of the Affected Materials* should always be followed. Steps 2, 3 and 4 for pre-cleaning surfaces and the preparation and application of the 4% PERIDOX™ solution will vary depending on the type of material being treated. Detailed instructions for the treatment of each type of material are provided in this section.

STEP 1 Containment of Affected Materials

For small areas, containment of the affected material is generally not needed.

STEP 2 Pre-clean the Surfaces

For HARD, NON-POROUS SURFACES, WALLBOARD (drywall and gypsum board), WOOD SURFACES, PAINTED or SEALED CONCRETE, MASONRY, or CINDER BLOCK surfaces follow the appropriate pre-cleaning and application instructions as provided in the following section.

• HARD, NON-POROUS SURFACES

This product kills *Aspergillus niger* on hard, non-porous surfaces such as floors, tabletops, benchtops, drains, troughs, drip pans, desks, locker room benches, non-porous bath mats.

Cleaning Methods: Prior to applying 4% PERIDOX® solution, clean the affected area using one of the following or consult a restoration/water damage/remediation expert.. Remove visible mold growth by one of the following methods

Method 1: Damp-wipe surfaces with plain water or 4% PERIDOX® solution. Scrub as needed.

Method 2: High-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum after the material has been thoroughly dried. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in well-sealed plastic bags.

- **WALLBOARD (drywall and gypsum board)**

Cleaning methods: After the material has been thoroughly dried and prior to applying 4% PERIDOX® - solution, clean the affected area using one of the following methods or consult restoration/water damage/remediation expert:

Method 1: Use a high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum to remove particulate from the wall. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in a well-sealed plastic bag.

Method 2: Wipe the wall with a clean cloth wetted with clean water or 4% PERIDOX® solution. Dispose of the cleaning cloth in a well-sealed plastic bag.

- **WOOD SURFACES**

Cleaning Methods: Prior to applying 4% PERIDOX® solution, clean the affected area to remove visible mold growth by using one of the following methods or consult a restoration/water damage/remediation expert.

Method 1: Wet vacuum and allow to air dry or dry with a cloth. The vacuum and cloth must be treated as contaminated items.

Method 2: Damp-wipe surfaces with plain water, 4% PERIDOX® solution, or a wood floor cleaner; scrub as needed.

Method 3: High-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum after the material has been thoroughly dried. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in well-sealed plastic bags.

- **PAINTED or SEALED CONCRETE, MASONRY, or CINDER BLOCK**

Do not treat unpainted or unsealed concrete, masonry, or cinder block with this product. Adequate application of this product and effective treatment of such materials is generally not practical.

Cleaning Methods: For painted or sealed concrete, masonry, or cinder block, after thorough drying and prior to applying 4% PERIDOX® solution, clean the affected area using one of the following methods or consult restoration/water damage/remediation expert or contact a remediation expert:

Method 1: Use a high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum to remove particulates from the wall. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in a well-sealed plastic bag.

Method 2: Wipe the wall with a clean cloth wetted with clean water or 4% PERIDOX® (TM) solution. Dispose of the cleaning cloth in a well-sealed plastic bag.

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For CARPET and TEXTILES: follow the appropriate pre-cleaning and application instructions as provided in this section.

Successful treatment of carpet and textiles requires that cleaning removes sufficient visible mold growth and that the material can be thoroughly moistened by the 4% PERIDOX® solution. Heavily mold infested carpet and textiles are difficult to adequately clean. If the carpet or textile are not readily accessible for application of 4% PERIDOX® solution to obtain thorough wetting, the carpet or textile must be removed and discarded in a manner consistent with applicable regulations and instructions given in this label.

Spot test an inconspicuous area of carpet with the prepared 4% PERIDOX® solution to ensure that the carpet dyes will not 'bleed' or fade and staining will not occur.

Cleaning Methods: For small spots of heavy mold growth, wipe, brush, or sponge with clean water or 4% PERIDOX® solution to remove mold growth. Dry carpets within 24 hours to eliminate conditions favorable to mold growth. To assist the drying process, the use of fans dehumidifiers, heaters or other methods of ventilation are encouraged. Please consult with your local county extension office or EPA, www.epa.gov/mold/moldresources.html for more information.

After thorough drying, the carpet or textile should be vacuumed thoroughly, and the vacuum cleaner bag discarded in a well-sealed plastic bag or container. In general, the carpet or textile will be in an area with other materials, which must also be cleaned and then treated with 4% PERIDOX® solution as part of a comprehensive area cleaning and treatment.

STEP 3 Prepare the Use Dilution comprising 4% PERIDOX® solution

After the surfaces are thoroughly cleaned with one of the above methods, prepare a Use Dilution solution by adding 5 parts water to 1 part 24% PERIDOX® concentrate according to the directions given on page [] of these Directions for Use.

STEP 4 Apply 4% PERIDOX® solution to the Affected Surfaces

- **HARD, NON-POROUS SURFACES, WALLBOARD (drywall and gypsum board), WOOD SURFACES, PAINTED or SEALED CONCRETE, MASONRY, or CINDER BLOCK surfaces:**

Apply by wiping, brushing, or pouring or by spraying the 4% PERIDOX® solution using smooth back and forth motions to cover the entire target area to ensure complete coverage, nominally apply 15-40 ml of 4% PERIDOX® solution per square meter (0.5 - 1.4 fl oz. per square yard); Unpainted drywall may require application of a greater amount of 4% PERIDOX® solution per area. For painted or sealed concrete, masonry, or cinder block, additional product must be applied if the product is absorbed into the material.

Keep the surfaces wet for 1 **minute**. If the surfaces dry before 1 **minute** contact time, reapply 4% PERIDOX® solution. After 1 **minute** contact time, remove solution and entrapped soil with a dry,

cleaned cloth or allow to air dry.

- **CARPETS and TEXTILES**

Apply by wiping, brushing, or pouring or by spraying the 4% PERIDOX® solution using smooth back and forth motions to cover the entire target area to ensure complete coverage, nominally apply 100-300 ml of 4% PERIDOX® solution per square meter (3.4 – 6.8 fl oz. per square yard). Keep the surfaces wet for 10 **minutes**. Re-apply 4% PERIDOX® solution to the surfaces if the surfaces dry before 10 **minutes** contact time. After 10 **minutes** contact time, remove solution and entrapped soil with a dry, cleaned cloth or allow to air dry before re-entry for re-use.

Note that many carpets and textiles are treated with a stain release or water repellant. Brushing or other means may be necessary to ensure that this product has thoroughly wetted the carpet or textile. Application of 4% PERIDOX® solution by spraying on top of carpet may not adequately wet carpet pads installed under such carpets. It is recommended that a spot test be performed in which the carpet is lifted after application of 4% PERIDOX® solution to verify that the product has penetrated the carpet and wetted the carpet pad. If in doubt that the pad has been adequately wetted, remove and dispose of the carpet pad.

DIRECTIONS FOR MEDIUM AREAS - Total Surface Area Affected Between 10 and 100 Square Feet

The following 4 steps identified below should always be followed.

Please note Step 1 for *Containment of the Affected Materials* should always be followed. Steps 2, 3 and 4 for pre-cleaning surfaces and the preparation and application of the PERIDOX® solution will vary depending on the type of material being treated. Detailed instructions for the treatment of each type of material are provided below.

STEP 1 Containment of Affected Materials

When containment is used, respiratory PPE must be used.

If the total amount of 4% PERIDOX® solution to be applied is less than 500 ml per 10 m³ (0.13 gal per of 13 cubic yards) of space containing the affected surface area and the space is well ventilated with an adjacent space of at least 20 m³ (approx. 25 cubic yards), then containment may not be necessary.

Otherwise, use polyethylene sheeting ceiling to floor around affected area or at doorway(s) to room. Use a slit entry in the plastic sheeting and a covering flap. Block supply and return air vents within containment area. To avoid spread of the contamination, it is recommended that the containment area be kept under negative pressure with a HEPA filtered fan unit during cleaning and treatment.

Because of the greater application rate of product per area for carpet and textile, if carpet and/or textile are to be treated, then precautions in addition to blocking supply and return air vents must be taken to avoid exhausting fumes from the treatment into occupied spaces unless there is adequate ventilation.

STEP 2 Pre-clean the Surfaces

For HARD, NON-POROUS SURFACES, WALLBOARD (drywall and gypsum board), WOOD SURFACES, PAINTED or SEALED CONCRETE, MASONRY, or CINDER BLOCK surfaces follow the appropriate pre-cleaning and application instructions as provided below.

• HARD, NON-POROUS SURFACES

This product kills *Aspergillus niger* on hard, non-porous surfaces such as floors, tabletops, benchtops, drains, troughs, drip pans, desks, locker room benches, non-porous bath mats.

Cleaning Methods: Prior to applying PERIDOX®, clean the affected area using one of the following or consult a restoration/water damage/remediation expert. Remove visible mold growth by one of the following methods:

- Method 1: Damp-wipe surfaces with plain soap and water or 4% PERIDOX® solution, scrub as needed.
- Method 2: High-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum after the material has been thoroughly dried. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in well-sealed plastic bags.

• WALLBOARD (drywall and gypsum board)

Cleaning Methods: After the material has been thoroughly dried and prior to applying PERIDOX®, clean the affected area using one of the following or consult a restoration/water damage/remediation expert:

- Method 1: Use a high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum to remove particulate from the wall. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in a well-sealed plastic bag.
- Method 2: Wipe the wall with a clean cloth wetted with clean water or 4% PERIDOX® solution. Let air dry or dry with a clean dry cloth. Dispose of the cloth in a well-sealed plastic bag.

It is recommended that adjacent ceiling surfaces be cleaned as well as walls. The ceiling should be cleaned first and then the walls. Small portions of wall should be cleaned and then wiped dry prior to proceeding to adjacent portions of wall so that contaminated runoff is minimized. If two persons perform the cleaning, it is recommended that one person wipe with a wet cloth and the other follows and wipes with the drying cloth.

• WOOD SURFACES

Cleaning Methods: Prior to applying 4% PERIDOX® solution, clean the affected area to remove visible mold growth by using one of the following methods or consult a restoration/water damage/remediation expert:

Method 1: Wet vacuum and allow to air dry or dry with a cloth. The vacuum and cloth must be treated as contaminated items.

Method 2: Damp-wipe surfaces with plain water or use a wood floor cleaner; as needed.

Method 3: High-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum after the material has been thoroughly dried. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in well-sealed plastic bags.

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• PAINTED or SEALED CONCRETE, MASONRY, or CINDER BLOCK

Treatment of unpainted or unsealed concrete, masonry, or cinder block is not recommended. Adequate application of this product and effective treatment of such materials is generally not practical.

Cleaning Methods: For painted or sealed concrete, masonry, or cinder block, after thorough drying and prior to applying 4% PERIDOX®, clean the affected area using one of the following or consult a restoration/water damage/remediation expert:

Method 1: Wet vacuum and allow to air dry or dry with a cloth. The vacuum and cloth must be treated as contaminated items.

Method 2: Use a high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum to remove particulate from the wall. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in a well-sealed plastic bag.

Method 3: Wipe the wall with a clean cloth wetted with clean water or 4% PERIDOX® solution. Dispose of the cleaning cloth in a well-sealed plastic bag.

For CARPET and TEXTILES: follow the appropriate pre-cleaning and application instructions as provided in this section.

Successful treatment of carpet and textiles requires that cleaning removes sufficient visible mold growth and that the material can be thoroughly moistened by the 4% PERIDOX® solution. Heavily mold infested carpet and textiles are difficult to adequately clean. If the carpet or textile are not readily accessible for application of 4% PERIDOX® solution to obtain thorough wetting, the carpet or textile must be removed and discarded in a manner consistent with applicable regulations and instructions given in this label.

Spot test an inconspicuous area of carpet with the prepared 4% PERIDOX® solution to ensure that the carpet dyes will not 'bleed' or fade and staining will not occur.

Cleaning Methods: For small spots of heavy mold growth, wipe, brush, or sponge with clean

water or 4% PERIDOX® solution to remove mold growth. Dry carpets within 24 hours to eliminate conditions favorable to mold growth. To assist the drying process, the use of fans, dehumidifiers, heaters or other methods of ventilation are encouraged. Please consult with your local county extension office or EPA, www.epa.gov/mold/moldresources.html for more information.

After thorough drying, the carpet or textile should be vacuumed thoroughly, and the vacuum cleaner bag discarded in a well-sealed plastic bag or container. In general, the carpet or textile will be in an area with other materials, which must also be cleaned and then treated with 4% PERIDOX® solution as part of a comprehensive area cleaning and treatment.

STEP 3 Prepare the Use Dilution comprising 4% PERIDOX® solution

After the surfaces are thoroughly cleaned with one of the above methods, prepare a Use Dilution solution by adding 5 parts water to 1 part 24% PERIDOX®-concentrate according to the directions given on page [] of these Directions for Use.

STEP 4 Apply 4% PERIDOX® solution to the Affected Surfaces

- **HARD, NON-POROUS SURFACES, WALLBOARD** (drywall and gypsum board), **WOOD SURFACES, PAINTED or SEALED CONCRETE, MASONRY, or CINDER BLOCK** surfaces:

Apply by wiping, brushing, mopping, or pouring or by spraying the 4% PERIDOX® solution using smooth back and forth motions to cover the entire target area to ensure complete coverage, nominally apply 15-40 ml of 4% PERIDOX® solution per square meter (0.5-1.4 fl oz. per square yard). Unpainted drywall may require application of a greater amount of 4% PERIDOX® solution per area. For painted or sealed concrete, masonry, or cinder block, additional product must be applied if the product is absorbed into the material. Keep the surfaces wet for **1 minute**. If the surfaces dry before **1 minute** contact time, re-apply 4% PERIDOX® solution. After **1 minute** contact time, remove solution and entrapped soil with a dry, cleaned cloth or allow to air dry.

- **CARPETS and TEXTILES**

Apply by wiping, brushing, mopping, or pouring or by spraying the 4% PERIDOX® solution using smooth back and forth motions to cover the entire target area to ensure complete coverage, nominally apply 100-200 ml of 4% PERIDOX® solution per square meter (3.4 - 6.8 fl oz. per square yard) to carpet. Keep the surfaces wet for **10 minutes**. Re-apply 4% PERIDOX® solution to the surfaces if the surfaces dry before **10 minutes** contact time. After **10 minutes** contact time, remove solution and entrapped soil with a dry, cleaned cloth or allow to air dry before re-entry for re-use.

Note that many carpets and textiles are treated with a stain release or water repellent. Brushing or other means may be necessary to ensure that this product has thoroughly wetted the carpet or

textile. Application of 4% PERIDOX® solution by spraying on top of carpet may not adequately wet carpet pads installed under such carpets. It is recommended that a spot test be performed in which the carpet is lifted after application of 4% PERIDOX® solution to verify that the product has penetrated the carpet and wetted the carpet pad. If in doubt that the pad has been adequately wetted, removal and disposal of the carpet pad is recommended.

After treatment, air dry carpet and textiles or use fans, dehumidifiers, heaters or other methods of ventilation to assist in the drying.

DIRECTIONS FOR LARGE AREAS - Total Surface Area Affected Greater Than 100 Square Feet or Potential for Increased Occupant or Remediator Exposure During Remediation is Estimated to be Significant

Special procedures and training are required for remediation of moldy areas larger than 100 square feet. Consult guidelines for remediation of large areas established by the Indoor Air Quality Association (www.iaqa.org) and the US Environmental Protection Agency (www.epa.gov). An excellent reference is the New York City Department of Health publication, "Guidelines on Assessment and Remediation of Fungi in Indoor Environments." An excellent guide for professional mold remediation is available from the Institute of Inspection, Cleaning and Restoration Certification (IICRC). Standard S520 is based upon reliable remediation and restoration techniques, and combines academic principles with practical elements of water damage restoration. Where structural members and/or contents have been exposed to water in excess of 24 hours, there is a possibility of extensive microbial growth that may be hidden. In such a case a complete assessment and remediation plan must be prepared that provides for user and occupant safety and documentation and monitoring of the remediation process. IICRC S520 contains excellent guidance for such a plan. Before conducting remediation of large projects, you should be knowledgeable of these guidelines and follow their recommendations.

In the absence of access to the guidance and standards identified, the user should refer to the following information taken from U.S. EPA's guide: Mold Remediation in Schools and Commercial Buildings (March 2001). These guidelines are based on the area and type of material affected by water damage and/or mold growth. Please note that these are guidelines and professionals may prefer other cleaning methods.

Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) for treatment of large areas

Gloves, disposable full body clothing, head gear, foot coverings, full-face respirator with HEPA filter are the recommended personal protective equipment.

Use professional judgment to determine prudent levels of PPE and containment for each situation, particularly as the remediation site size increases and the potential for exposure and health effects rises. Assess the need for increased PPE if, during the remediation, more extensive contamination is

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in EPA Letter Dated:

NOV 27 2012

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encountered than was expected. These guidelines are for damage caused by clean water. If you know or suspect that the water source is contaminated with sewage, or chemical or biological pollutants, then the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) requires PPE and containment. An experienced professional should be consulted if you *and/or* your remediators do not have expertise in remediating contaminated water situations.

The following 4 steps identified below should always be followed.

Please note Step 1 for *Containment of the Affected Materials* should always be followed. Steps 2, 3 and 4 for pre-cleaning surfaces and the preparation and application of the 4% PERIDOX® solution will vary depending on the type of material being treated. Detailed instructions for the treatment of each type of material are provided in this section.

STEP 1 Containment of Affected Materials

When containment is used, respiratory PPE must be used.

Use professional judgment and consider the potential for remediator and occupant exposure and size of contaminated area.

Use two layers of fire-retardant polyethylene sheeting with one airlock chamber. Maintain area under negative pressure with HEPA filtered fan exhausted outside of building. Block supply and return air vents within containment area.

Testing before and after remediation

For large areas, testing must be performed prior to and after remediation to validate the success of the treatment. A commonly used method is air sampling and analysis for viable and dead mold spores. Seek professional advice on how to perform such sampling and where to have samples analyzed.

STEP 2 Pre-clean the Surfaces

For HARD, NON-POROUS SURFACES, WALLBOARD (drywall and- gypsum board), WOOD SURFACES, PAINTED or SEALED CONCRETE, MASONRY, or CINDER BLOCK surfaces follow the appropriate pre-cleaning and application instructions as provided below

• HARD, NON-POROUS SURFACES

This product kills *Aspergillus niger* on hard, non-porous surfaces such as floors, tabletops, benchtops, drains, troughs, drip pans, desks, locker room benches, non-porous bath mats.

Cleaning Methods: Prior to applying 4% PERIDOX® solution, clean the affected area using one of the following or consult a restoration/water damage/remediation expert. Remove visible mold growth by one of the following methods:

Method 1: Damp-wipe surfaces with plain water or 4% PERIDOX® solution scrub as needed.
Method 2: High-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum after the material has been thoroughly dried. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in well-sealed plastic bags.

- **WALLBOARD (drywall and gypsum board)**

Cleaning Methods: After the material has been thoroughly dried and prior to applying PERIDOX®, clean the affected area using one of the following or consult a restoration/water damage/remediation expert:

Method 1: Use a high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum to remove particulate from the wall. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in a well-sealed plastic bag.

Method 2: Wipe the wall with a clean cloth wetted with clean water or 4% PERIDOX® solution. Let air dry or dry with a clean dry cloth. Dispose of the cloth in a well-sealed plastic bag.

It is recommended that adjacent ceiling surfaces be cleaned as well as walls. The ceiling should be cleaned first and then the walls. Small portions of wall should be cleaned and then wiped dry prior to proceeding to adjacent portions of wall so that contaminated runoff is minimized. If two persons perform the cleaning, it is recommended that one person wipe with a wet cloth and the other follows and wipes with the drying cloth.

- **WOOD SURFACES**

Cleaning Methods: Prior to applying 4% PERIDOX® solution, clean the affected area to remove visible mold growth by using one of the following methods or consult a restoration/water damage/remediation expert:

Method 1: Wet vacuum and allow to air dry or dry with a cloth. The vacuum and cloth must be treated as contaminated items.

Method 2: Damp-wipe surfaces with plain water or use a wood floor cleaner; scrub as needed.

Method 3: High-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum after the material has been thoroughly dried. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in well-sealed plastic bag.

- **PAINTED or SEALED CONCRETE, MASONRY, or CINDER BLOCK**

Do not treat unpainted or unsealed concrete, masonry, or cinder block with this product. Adequate application of this product and effective treatment of such materials is generally not practical.

Cleaning Methods For painted or sealed concrete, masonry, or cinder block, after thorough drying and prior to applying 4% PERIDOX®, clean the affected area using one of the following or consult a restoration/water damage/remediation expert:

- Method 1: Wet vacuum and allow to air dry or dry with a cloth. The vacuum and cloth must be treated as contaminated items.
- Method 2: Use a high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum to remove particulates from the wall. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in a well-sealed plastic bag.
- Method 3: Wipe the wall with a clean cloth wetted with clean water or 4% PERIDOX®. Dispose of the cleaning cloth in a well-sealed plastic bag.

For CARPET and TEXTILES: follow the appropriate pre-cleaning and application instructions as provided in this section.

Successful treatment of carpet and textiles requires that cleaning removes sufficient visible mold growth and that the material can be thoroughly moistened by the 4% PERIDOX® solution. Heavily mold infested carpet and textiles are difficult to adequately clean. If the carpet or textile are not readily accessible for application of 4% PERIDOX® solution to obtain thorough wetting, the carpet or textile must be removed and discarded in a manner consistent with applicable regulations and instructions given in this label.

Spot test an inconspicuous area of carpet with the prepared 4% PERIDOX® solution to ensure that the carpet dyes will not 'bleed' or fade and staining will not occur.

Cleaning Methods: For small spots of heavy mold growth, wipe, brush, or sponge with clean water or 4% PERIDOX® solution to remove mold growth. Dry carpets within 24 hours to eliminate conditions favorable to mold growth. To assist the drying process, the use of fans, dehumidifiers, heaters or other methods of ventilation are encouraged. Please consult with your local county extension office or EPA, www.epa.gov/mold/moldresources.html for more information.

After thorough drying, the carpet or textile should be vacuumed thoroughly, and the vacuum cleaner bag discarded in a well-sealed plastic bag or container. In general, the carpet or textile will be in an area with other materials, which must also be cleaned and then treated with 4% PERIDOX® solution as part of a comprehensive area cleaning and treatment.

STEP 3 Prepare the Use Dilution comprising 4% PERIDOX® solution

After the surfaces are thoroughly cleaned with one of the above methods, prepare Dilution solution by adding 5 parts water to 1 part 24% PERIDOX® concentrate according to the directions given on page [] of these Directions for Use.

STEP 4 Apply 4% PERIDOX® solution to the Affected Surfaces

For **HARD, NON-POROUS SURFACES, WALLBOARD** (drywall and gypsum board), **WOOD SURFACES, PAINTED OR SEALED CONCRETE, MASONRY, OR CINDER BLOCK SURFACES:**

Apply by wiping, brushing, mopping, or pouring or by spraying the 4% PERIDOX® solution using smooth back and forth motions to cover the entire target area to ensure complete coverage, nominally apply 25-40 ml of 4% PERIDOX® solution per square meter (0.5 - 1.4 fl oz. per square yard). Unpainted drywall may require application of a greater amount of 4% PERIDOX® solution per area. For painted or sealed concrete, masonry, or cinder block additional product must be applied if the product is absorbed into the material.

Keep the surfaces wet for 1 **minute**. Re-apply 4% PERIDOX® solution to the surfaces if the surfaces dry before 1 **minute** contact time. After 1 **minute** contact time, remove solution and entrapped soil with a dry, cleaned cloth or allow to air dry.

- **CARPETS and TEXTILES**

Apply by wiping, brushing, mopping, or pouring or by spraying the 4% PERIDOX® solution using smooth back and forth motions to cover the entire target area to ensure complete coverage, nominally apply 100-200 ml of 4% PERIDOX® per square meter (3.4 -6.8 fl oz. per square yard) to carpet.

Keep the surfaces wet for **10 minutes**. Re-apply 4% PERIDOX® solution to the surfaces if the surfaces dry before **10 minutes** contact time; then remove solution and entrapped soil with a dry, cleaned cloth or allow to air dry before re-entry for re-use.

Note that many carpets and textiles are treated with a stain release or water repellent. Brushing or other means may be necessary to ensure that this product has thoroughly wetted the carpet or textile. Application of 4% PERIDOX® solution by spraying on top of wall-to-wall carpet may not adequately wet carpet pads installed under such carpets. It is recommended that a spot test be performed in which the carpet is lifted after application of 4% PERIDOX® solution to verify that the product has penetrated the carpet and wetted the carpet pad. If in doubt that the pad has been adequately wetted, remove and dispose of the carpet pad.

After treatment, air dry carpet and textiles or use fans, dehumidifiers or other methods of ventilation to assist in the drying.

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Under the Federal Insecticide,
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amended, for the pesticide,
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STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal

PESTICIDE STORAGE: store in original containers in a cool, well-ventilated area, away from direct sunlight. Do not allow product to become overheated in storage. This may cause increased degradation of the product, which will decrease product effectiveness. In case of spill, flood area with large quantities of water.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance. If material has spilled, an acceptable method of disposal is to dilute with at least 20 volumes of water followed by discharge into suitable treatment system in accordance with all local, state and Federal environmental laws, rules, regulations, standards and other requirements.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

(One gal. or smaller container) If empty, wrap container and put in trash or offer for recycling, if available. If partly filled, call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions.

(Larger than 1 gal. container) Triple rinse (or equivalent) prior to disposal. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

WARRANTY

This material is safe and effective under the conditions of application as specified in the Directions for Use. To the fullest extent permitted by law, the manufacturer shall not be liable for improper application or use of this product beyond those purposes referred to in the Directions for Use. NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR MERCHANTABILITY IS MADE.