

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

August 27, 2020

Anna Armstrong Agent for Willowood LLC c/o Wagner Regulatory Associates, Inc. P.O. Box 640 Hockessin, DE 19707

Subject: Label Amendment – Update label Product Name: Willowood Paraquat Concentrate EPA Registration Number: 87290-35 Application Date: August 26, 2020 Decision Number: 565603

Dear Ms. Armstrong:

The amended label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. This approval does not affect any conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance

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with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, please contact Theresa Gerber at 703-347-8583 or by email at gerber.theresa@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Emily Schmid

Emily Schmid, Product Manager 25 Herbicide Branch Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure

[Text in brackets is informational to EPA reviewer or optional] Willowood Paraquat Concentrate Paraquat Mitigation - Phase III label amend and CA rest. combined Page 1 of 38

Due to acute toxici	RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE ty. For retail sale to and use by certified applicators only – <u>NOT</u> to be used by uncertified person	is working under the supervision
	of a certified applicator.	ROUP 22 HERBICIDE
[Master Lab	Willowood Paraguat Concentrate	
Active In	gredient:	
Paraguat	dichloride (1,1'-dimethyl-4,4'-bipyridinium dichloride)	
Other Ing	gredients:	
Contains 3.0) pounds paraquat cation per gallon as 4.14 pounds of paraquat dichloride salt per gallon. hetic and stench (odor).	100.0%
	KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER	
	DOISON	
READ ENTIRE	POISON LABEL PRIOR TO USING THIS PRODUCT. IN THE CASE OF AN ACCIDENT, SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDI ARE PROLONGED, PAINFUL, AND CAN BE FATAL.	
	If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.	
	MANTENER FUERA DEL ALCANCE DE LOS NIÑOS PELIGRO	8/27/2020 Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide
		and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the
		pesticide registered under
		EPA Reg. No. 87290-35
_	VENENO	
LEA LA ETIQU	JETA COMPLETA ANTES DE USAR ESTE PRODUCTO. EN CASO DE ACCIDENTE, BUSQUE ATENCIÓ SÍNTOMAS SON PROLONGADOS, DOLOROSOS, Y PUEDEN SER MORTALES. Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en o	
NEVER TRANSFER TRANSFEIERA EST DO NOT USE OR S DO NOT REMOVE	KIN AND EYES. / CORROSIVO PARA LA PIEL Y LOS OJOS. THIS PRODUCT INTO FOOD OR BEVERAGE CONTAINERS OR CONTAINERS NOT EXPLICITLY INTEN E PRODUCTO A RECIPIENTES PARA COMIDA O DE BEBIDAS O RECIPIENTES NO EXPLÍCITAMENTE STORE IN OR AROUND THE HOME. CONTENTS EXCEPT FOR IMMEDIATE USE. IS PRODUCT IS FROM THE STENCHING AGENT WHICH HAS BEEN ADDED, NOT FROM PARAQUAT	PREVISTOS PARA PLAGUICIDAS.
	FIRST AID	
going for treatme	t, a Bipyridylium Herbicide. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poiso nt.	on control center or doctor, or
IF SWALLOWED:	 Call a poison control center or doctor IMMEDIATELY for treatment advice. SPEED IS ESSENTIAL. Immediate medical attention is required. If available, give an adsorb bentonite or Fuller's Earth. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. 	ent such as activated charcoal,
	 Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 	
IF INHALED:	Move person to fresh air.	
	• The odor of this product is from the stenching agent, which has been added, not from the part of the	araquat.
	• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance.	
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
IF IN EYES:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 	
IF ON SKIN OR	Take off contaminated clothing.	
CLOTHING:	 Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. 	
NOTE TO DUNCIO	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	Fullenia Fouth (150/ solution 1
liter for adults or clinical benefit. D treatment. With t specialist the day	AN: Administer either activated charcoal (100g for adults or 2g/kg body weight in children) or 15ml/kg body weight in children). NOTE: The use of gastric lavage without administration of an o not use supplemental oxygen. Eye splashes from concentrated material should be treated by the possibility of late onset corneal ulceration, it is advised that patients with paraquat eye in after first presentation. Use treatment that is appropriate for chemical burns. Intact skin is an with irritated or cut skin or repeated contact with intact skin may result in poisoning.	adsorbent has not shown any y an eye specialist after initial juries are reviewed by an eye
EMERGENCY NUN	/IBERS: Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doc emergency assistance (human or animal) call (800) 222-1222 . For chemical emergency assistan	ctor, or going for treatment. For ice (spill, leak, fire, or accident)

[Optional referral statements when booklets and container labels are used: See label booklet for complete Precautionary Statements, Directions For Use, and Storage and Disposal. See label booklet for additional Precautionary Statements Directions For Use, and Storage and Disposal.

See label booklet for complete Directions For Use.]

Willowood, LLC 1887 Whitney Mesa Drive #9740 Henderson, NV 89014

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 Danger – Fatal If Swallowed or Inhaled. 	 Peligro – Mortal Si Se Ingiere o Inhala.
Causes Severe Eye Injury.	 Causa Lesiones Graves En Los Ojos.
Corrosive to Skin.	Corrosivo Para La Piel.
• NEVER TRANSFER THIS PRODUCT INTO FOOD OR BEVERAGE	Nunca Transfeiera Este Producto A Recipientes Para Comida O
CONTAINERS OR CONTAINERS NOT EXPLICITLY INTENDED FOR PESTICIDES.	De Bebidas O Recipientes No Explícitamente Previstos Para Plaguicidas.
• Store Tightly Closed in Original Container, and in a Locked Place Away from Children and Animals.	 Guarde Bien Cerrado En El Envase Original Y En Un Lugar Cerrado Lejos De Niños Y Animales.
• Never Use this product in Residential or Public Recreational	Nunca Use Este Producto En Áreas Residenciales O Públicas
Settings (e.g. Homes, Home Gardens, Schools, Recreational Parks, Golf Courses, and/or Playgrounds).	(Como Hogares, Jardines, Escuelas, Parques Recreativos, Campos De Golf, O Salones De Juegos).
• This Product is TOXIC! An Alerting Agent (Odor) Has Been Added to Help Prevent Accidental Ingestion.	 ¡Este Producto Es Tóxico! Se Ha Agregado Un Agente De Alerta (Olor) Para Ayudar A Prevenir Su Ingestión Accidental.
• See Back of Product Container for Important Safety Information.	• La Parte Posterior Del Envase Del Producto Tiene Información De Seguridad Importante.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER - POISON



May be fatal if swallowed. Fatal if inhaled. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Do not breathe spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IMPORTANT: Inhalation is an unlikely route of exposure due to low vapor pressure and large spray droplet size, but mucosal irritation or nose bleeds may occur. Prolonged contact with this concentrated product can irritate your skin.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers (other than mixers and loaders) must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥14 mils, natural rubber ≥14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ≥14 mils, or Viton[®]≥14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear
- NIOSH-approved particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter, NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84A, or a NIOSH-approved powered air-purifying respirator with an HE filter with NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C.

Mixers and loaders must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥14 mils, natural rubber ≥14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ≥14 mils, or Viton[®]≥14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant apron
- Face shield
- NIOSH-approved particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter, NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84A, or a NIOSH-approved powered air-purifying respirator with an HE filter with NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls: When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Users should:

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, and chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product.
- Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
- As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to wildlife. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash waters.

Paraquat dichloride is toxic to non-target crops and plants if off-target movement occurs because it desiccates all green plant tissue. Extreme care must be taken to ensure that off-target drift is minimized to the greatest extent possible. Refer to the local state laws, regulations, guidelines, and spray drift information contained in the Directions for Use section for proper application to avoid off-target movement. Do not apply under conditions involving possible drift to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or the crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use, or consumption. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. To avoid drift, do not make aerial application during periods of thermal inversion.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

This product is **mildly corrosive to aluminum** and produces hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. Do not mix or store in containers, spray tanks, nurse tanks, or such systems made of aluminum or having aluminum fittings. The product is compatible with high density polyethylene and rubber-lined steel containers. Do not use this product in or around strong oxidizing/reducing agents.

CERTIFIED APPLICATOR TRAINING

Applicators must complete an EPA-approved paraquat training listed on the following website: <u>https://www.epa.gov/pesticide-worker-safety/paraquat-dichloride-training-certified-applicators</u>. The training must be completed a minimum of every three years.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Restricted Use Pesticide. It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Do not use this product in residential or public recreational settings (e.g. homes, home gardens, schools, recreational parks, golf courses, and/or playgrounds).

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to use of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

For early post-emergence broadcast in peanuts and dormant season applications, chemical fallow, and "between cutting" applications in alfalfa: Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

For harvest aid and desiccation application and pre-plant or pre-emergence (broadcast or banded), and post-emergence directed spray applications: Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥14 mils, natural rubber ≥14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ≥14 mils, or Viton[®]≥14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

DO NOT enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried. AVOID working in spray mist.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas or vicinity where there may be danger of drift.

Certain states may require more restrictive reentry intervals; consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information.

PRODUCT USE INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

When Willowood Paraquat 3SL is applied at less than 10 gallons per acre finished spray volume, a drift control or spray deposition additive SHOULD be used. Refer to the additive label for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Willowood Paraquat 3SL contains paraquat dichloride and is classified as a Group 22 herbicide, chemical class bipyridylium, with photosystem I electron diverter mode of action.

Herbicide resistance is defined as the inherited ability of a plant to survive and reproduce following exposure to a dose of herbicide normally lethal to the wild type. In a plant, resistance may be naturally occurring or induced by such techniques as genetic engineering or selection of variants produced by tissue culture or mutagenesis. Any weed population may contain or develop plants that are naturally resistant to **Willowood Paraquat 3SL** and other Group 22 herbicides. Weed species with acquired resistance to Group 22 herbicides may eventually dominate the weed population if Group 22 herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as the primary method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by **Willowood Paraquat 3SL** or other Group 22 herbicides.

Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields, and planting clean seed. If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.

To delay herbicide resistance, consider:

- Avoiding the consecutive use of **Willowood Paraquat 3SL** or other target site of action Group 22 herbicides that have a similar target site of action, on the same weed species.
- Using tank mixtures or premixes with herbicides from different target site of action Groups as long as the involved products are all registered for the same use, have different sites of action, and are both effective at the tank mix or prepack rate on the weed(s) of concern.
- Basing herbicide use on a comprehensive Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program.
- Monitoring treated weed populations for loss of field efficacy.

Users should scout before and after application. Users should report lack of performance to Willowood, LLC representative.

Contact your local sales representative, extension agent, or certified crop advisors to find out if suspected resistant weeds to this MOA have been found in your region. If resistant biotypes of target weeds have been reported, use the application rates of this product specified for your local conditions. Tank mix products so that there are multiple effective mechanisms of action for each target weed.

INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT

Willowood Paraquat 3SL may be used as part of an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program that can include biological, cultural, and genetic practices aimed at preventing economic pest damage. IPM principles and practices include field scouting or other detection methods, correct target pest identification, population monitoring, and treating when target pest populations reach locally determined action thresholds. Consult your State cooperative extension service, professional consultants or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate action treatment threshold levels for treating specific pest/crop systems in your area.

SPRAY DRIFT INFORMATION

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT AT THE APPLICATION SITE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF

THE APPLICATOR. The interaction of many equipment- and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following **DRIFT MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS** must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

- 1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- 2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45°. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information.

AERIAL DRIFT REDUCTION ADVISORY INFORMATION

Information on Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see **Wind**, **Temperature and Humidity**, and **Temperature Inversions**).

Controlling Droplet Size

Volume - Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest spray volume. Nozzles with higher specified rated flows produce larger droplets. **Pressure** - Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of Nozzles - Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation - Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other

orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential. **Nozzle Type** - Use a nozzle that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Boom Length

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application Height

Applications must not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making application at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type, determine drift potential at any given speed. Application must be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. **NOTE:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator must be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Applications must not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide must only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

PRODUCT USE INFORMATION

Willowood Paraquat 3SL is a liquid formation containing 3 lbs. of active ingredient per gallon. It contains a non-toxic odor to help prevent accidental ingestions. It also contains an emetic (an agent which will induce vomiting if the product is swallowed).

APPLICATION

Willowood Paraquat 3SL is a contact herbicide for control or suppression of a broad spectrum of emerged weeds including most small annual broadleaf and grass weeds. It can also be used to suppress perennial weeds by destroying green foliage and as a desiccant/ defoliant at harvest.

Complete coverage of target weeds is necessary to get good control because **Willowood Paraquat 3SL** is a contact-type herbicide. It is also necessary to obtain complete coverage for good crop desiccation and defoliations. Undesirable weed control and undesirable crop desiccation/defoliation will result if improper application technique and/or application to large, stressed, or mown weeds are made. Refer to the following details for specific application instructions.

Thorough coverage of all green foliage is required for efficacious weed control and crop defoliation and desiccation because **Willowood Paraquat 3SL** requires actively growing green plant tissue to function. Drought-stressed weeds, weeds with little green foliage (i.e., mowed or cut weeds), or mature woody bark of trees and vines are unaffected by application with **Willowood Paraquat 3SL**.

There is no residual soil activity to affect later-planted crops or later germinating weeds because clay and organic matter rapidly tie up **Willowood Paraquat 3SL**.

ROTATIONAL CROPS

After the last application of Willowood Paraquat 3SL, all rotational crops may be planted immediately.

RAINFASTNESS

Rain occurring 30 minutes or more after application will have no effect on the activity of **Willowood Paraquat 3SL** because it is rapidly absorbed by the weed foliage.

Willowood Paraquat Concentrate ABN: Willowood Paraquat 3SL Paraquat Mitigation – Phase III label amend and CA rest. combined Page 6 of 38

USE OF A NONIONIC SURFACTANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE

The following should always be added and be used at the specified rates or there will be a reduction in efficacy of **Willowood Paraquat 3SL**.

Nonionic Surfactant: Either add a nonionic surfactant cleared for the current use containing 50-74% surface-action agent at 0.25% v/v (2 pts./100 gals.), or add nonionic surfactant containing 75% or more surface-active agent at 0.125% v/v (1 pt./100 gals.), of the finished spray volume for ground applications. Add a nonionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v (2 pts./100 gals.) of the finished spray volume for aerial applications.

Crop Oil Concentrate: For ground applications, add a nonphytotoxic crop oil concentrate cleared for the current use that contains 15-20% approved emulsifier, with 1.0% v/v,(1 gal./100 gals.) of the finished spray volume. Add 1 pt. of crop oil concentrate per acre for aerial applications. For cotton harvest aid, do not use crop oil concentrate when using Willowood Paraquat 3SL.

NOZZLE SELECTION

The use of flat-fan nozzles is the most effective application of **Willowood Paraquat 3SL**. The use of flood nozzles may result in a reduction of weed control due to inadequate coverage because they produce large uneven droplets.

Use only flat fan nozzles when spraying less than 20 gallons of spray carrier per acre using the following table.

Nozzle Type and Spray Pressure Setup

	Nozzl	Nozzle Type		
	Flat Fan	Flood		
Maximum Size	8	15		
Spray Pressure (at nozzle)	30-50 psi	30-50 psi		
Maximum Nozzle Spacing	30"	40"		
Direction of Spray Pattern	Down	Down		
Maximum Speed	10 mph	10 mph		
Spray Overlap (at each edge)	30%	50%		

Reduced control will result if nozzles, pressures, or setups differ from the above chart.

SPRAY CARRIER

Willowood Paraquat 3SL may be inactivated by muddy water, or suspension-type fertilizers containing clay. Therefore, always use clean water (free of mud or clay), clear liquid nitrogen, or complete clear liquid fertilizers as the carrier when spraying this product. Never use suspension-type fertilizers containing clay as the spray carrier. Always use the higher specified rate of **Willowood Paraquat 3SL** and surfactant if using a complete clear liquid fertilizer containing high phosphate levels as the spray carrier.

Note: It is important that when using liquid fertilizers such as 28% N as a spray carrier, that nonionic surfactant still be used with **Willowood Paraquat 3SL**. The use of liquid fertilizer carriers are not substitutes for surfactants.

RATES OF WILLOWOOD PARAQUAT 3SL

With each use, follow rates listed in the following tables. When weeds are larger or are dense, use the higher specified label rates. For use as a harvest aid, use higher specified rate when crop vegetation is dense. Do not exceed 0.50 lb. a.i./A in a minimum of 30 gallons of spray for broadcast applications with backpack sprayers.

SPRAY VOLUME

With each use, follow rates listed in the following tables. Spray volumes should be increased as necessary to obtain complete coverage of the target weed or plant without runoff from the foliage, because **the volumes listed are minimum volumes only**.

TARGET WEEDS SHOULD NOT EXCEED SIX INCHES IN HEIGHT WHEN SPRAYING LESS THAN 20 GALLONS OF SPRAY CARRIER PER ACRE.

APPLICATION TIMING

Applications should be made to small emerged weeds. Larger weeds more than 6 inches in height may be more difficult to control than weeds 1-6 inches in height. If possible, when green foliage is removed either from grazing or mowing, allow the weeds to grow 2-4 inches in height. Also, during harvesting forage or grain crops before spraying, weeds present in the field are also cut. Therefore, raise cutter bars as high as possible from the ground to cut stubble and weeds at a greater height, allowing sufficient green foliage to remain for applications.

BURNDOWN OF GRASS COVER CROPS OR VOLUNTEER CEREALS

The best results occur for control of grass cover crops or volunteer cereals when **Willowood Paraquat 3SL** is applied prior to tillering or after boot stage, especially with a wheat cover crop or volunteer wheat. Complete control may not be achieved with treatments made between tillering and boot stage. Complete control of perennial cover crops should not be expected.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

This product is active over a wide range of environmental conditions such as cool (below 55°F), cloudy or overcast weather. However, these conditions will slow the activity of **Willowood Paraquat 3SL**.

SPOT SPRAYING

Refer to the following table if only small areas are to be sprayed with labeled applications.

Mixing Instructions for Small Quantities for Spot Spraying

If the Broadcast Rate per acre for Willowood Paraquat 3SL is:	Add The Following Amount of Willowood Paraquat 3SL to 1 Gallon of Water:		
1.5 pts.	0.33 fl. oz.		
2 pts.	0.375 fl. oz.		
2.5 pts.	0.5 fl. oz.		
3 pts.	0.66 fl. oz.		

Add 0.33 – 0.5 fl. oz. of a nonionic surfactant for each gallon of spray at all times. Thoroughly wet the foliage, but not to the point of runoff when spot spraying in this manner.

TANK MIXING: ENHANCED BURNDOWN OF DIFFICULT-TO-CONTROL WEEDS AND FOR RESIDUAL WEED CONTROL Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicides

To control difficult weeds, tank mix **Willowood Paraquat 3SL** with other herbicides. The addition of other photosynthetic inhibitors (PSI) herbicides will slow the activity of **Willowood Paraquat 3SL**. This allows **Willowood Paraquat 3SL** to thoroughly distribute throughout a treated leaf, thus achieving better control than if **Willowood Paraquat 3SL** was applied alone.

Willowood Paraquat 3SL may be applied in tank mixture with the following PSI herbicides:

ariat [®] Herbicide
exone [®] Herbicide
nex [®] Herbicide
orox [®] Herbicide
rincep [®] Herbicide
encor [®] Herbicide

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Improved Weed Control with PSI's

The addition of a PSI herbicide will help improve the control of difficult weeds listed below. Make a second application for best results.

Barnyardgrass Broadleaf signalgrass Cheatgrass Cocklebur Fall panicum Giant ragweed Knotweed Kochia Lambsquarters Malva (cheeseweed) Marestail Morningglory Pennsylvania smartweed Perennial weeds (suppression only) Prickly lettuce Sedges Tansymustard Velvetleaf Volunteer wheat

Improved Control of Perennial and Annual Broadleaf Weeds

Tank mixing with labeled 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile), 2,4-DB or Banvel[®] herbicide will help improve control when perennial broadleaf weeds such as Canada thistle, bindweed, dandelion, etc., or difficult to control annual broadleaf weeds such as giant ragweed or morning glory are present. Reduced grass control may be achieved when tank mixing the amine formulation of 2,4-D with **Willowood Paraquat 3SL**.

Order of Tank Mixing

Mix Willowood Paraquat 3SL and other listed products as follows:

- 1. Fill spray tank 1/2 full with clean water or other approved carriers such as clear liquid fertilizer.
- 2. Begin tank agitation and continue throughout mixing and spraying.
- 3. Add dry formulations (WP, DF, etc.) to tank.
- 4. Add liquid formulations (SC, EC, L, etc.) to tank.
- 5. Add Willowood Paraquat 3SL to tank.
- 6. Add nonionic surfactant to tank.
- 7. Fill remainder of spray tank.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Tank mix compatibility testing (a.k.a., jar testing) is prohibited. For approved tank mix partners, please consult with your Willowood, LLC representative.

PRODUCT USE PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

EQUIPMENT

Willowood Paraquat 3SL is **corrosive to aluminum**. Thoroughly flush all aluminum spray equipment and aluminum aircraft structures that are exposed to spray solution or spray drift with water immediately after use.

CLOSED SYSTEMS USE

CONTAINERS WITH CAPACITIES LESS THAN 120 GALLONS: This product must only be removed from the original container with a closed transfer system. Any subsequent transfer of this product must utilize a closed transfer system. Any attempt to circumvent the closed transfer system is prohibited.

CONTAINERS WITH CAPACITIES GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 120 GALLONS: A closed transfer system is not required.

The activity of **Willowood Paraquat 3SL** may be reduced in dry areas where dust stirred up by high winds or equipment tires can coat weed or plant leaves. Therefore, avoid applications in extremely dusty conditions.

RESTRICTIONS

- Do not pasture livestock in treated fields or feed treated foliage in cotton when this product is used as a cotton harvest aid.
- Do not use this product in residential or public recreational settings (e.g. homes, home gardens, schools, recreational parks, golf courses, and/or playgrounds).
- Do not apply to soils lacking clay minerals such as peat, muck, pure sand, artificial planting media for pre-plant and pre-emergence (to the crop) uses.
- Application methods listed on this label are the only permissible application methods.
- Applications made by backpack or handheld sprayers must be in a closed system.

PRECAUTIONS

- Unless otherwise indicated, Willowood Paraquat 3SL will severely injure or kill crop plants emerged at time of application if they come in contact with sprays.
- To enable maximum weed and grass emergence prior to treatment, seedbeds and plant beds should be formed as far ahead of
 planting and treatment as possible.
- Avoid disturbing soil when seeding or transplanting.
- Transplanted plants may become damaged when they come in contact with plastic mulch used for pre-plant weed control and that has been treated with this product. To prevent damage to the crop, sufficient wash-off such as rainfall or sprinkler irrigation prior to planting may be needed.
- Willowood Paraquat 3SL will be ineffective in controlling or suppressing weeds and grasses that have emerged after application.

		APPLICATION			
Crop	Weeds	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat	Minimum Total	Grazing or Pre-Harvest
Сюр	weeds	Use rattern	3SL Rate Per Acre	Spray Per Acre	Interval (Days)
ALFALFA	_	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	70
(California only) New			See Table 2.	Air: 5 gals.	
seedlings					
Directions					
 Applications should 	be made during late wint	er or early spring.			
Precautions					
 Alfalfa foliage preser 	nt at time of application v	vill be burned.			
 Replanting may be n 	eeded due to the reducti	on of seedling stan	ds.		
Restrictions		-			
• Do not make more t	han one application per y	ear.			
• Do not cut or harves	t within 70 days after app	olication.			
	lling alfalfa grown for see				
ALFALFA	—	Broadcast or	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	—
Pre-plant or Pre-		Banded Over-		Air: 5 gals.	
emergence (No-till or		Row			
conventional planting)					
Directions					
Apply prior to emerged	gence of the crop.				
 Avoid disturbing soil 	l when seeding.				
Precautions	_				
Crop plants emerged	d at time of application w	vill be killed.			
Restrictions					
 Do not make more t 	han 2 applications per ye	ar.			
ALFALFA	Weeds, including	Broadcast	1.3-2.0 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	42
Dormant season	bluegrass, chickweed,			Air: 5 gals.	
Established plantings	henbit, downy brome,				
	ryegrass, cheatgrass,				
Region A - See table at	dogfennel,				

	Weeds	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat		Grazing or Pre-Harves
Crop		oseratem	3SL Rate Per Acre	Spray Per Acre	Interval (Days)
end of Alfalfa section.	tansymustard, London Rocket, Sowthistle,				
	rescue brome, wild				
	oats, and other winter				
	annuals; and				
	suppression of				
	perennial weeds.				
Directions	per en nur veccusi				
	mant, apply to well-estab	lished stands that	are at least 1-year old		
• For improved and lo	nger-lasting weed contro ites of applications, direct	l, tank mix with m	etribuzin (Lexone or Ser	ncor). Always refer t	o the metribuzin label fo
Precautions	ites of applications, direc	cions for use, infin			
	may be reduced because	alfalfa foliage pre	sent at the time of annli	ication will be burne	he
Restrictions	indy serveduced securic	ununu ronuge pre	sent at the time of appi		
	han one application per y	vear			
	ot apply if last cutting is g				
	o not apply if last cutting				
	t within 42 days after ap				
ALFALFA	Weeds, including	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	42
Dormant season Tank	chickweed, downy	Dioddedat	0.7 1.5 pt3.	Air: 10 gals.	72
Mix with Velpar [®] L	brome, and			7 111 20 Balos	
Herbicide	tansymustard.				
Region A - See table at					
end of Alfalfa section.					
Directions				1	L
When weeds are les	s than 4 inches tall, apply	at 0.7 pt. rate Wi	llowood Paraguat 3SL.		
	iquat 3SL with 1-2 qts. of				
	/elpar L on loamy sands			elnar I label for w	eeds controlled rates
	ons for use, limitations, a				
	season, make one applic		d alfalfa stands		
	season, make one applie		u allalla stallus.		
Precautions				low fertility. disease	e. insects. winterkill. ov
 Precautions Increased chances of 	f crop injury may occur i			low fertility, disease	e, insects, winterkill, ov
 Precautions Increased chances or cutting, drought, or cutting 	f crop injury may occur i frost.	f stress which ma		low fertility, disease	e, insects, winterkill, ov
 Precautions Increased chances of cutting, drought, or Temporary chlorosis 	f crop injury may occur i	f stress which ma		low fertility, disease	e, insects, winterkill, ov
 Precautions Increased chances of cutting, drought, or Temporary chlorosis Restrictions 	f crop injury may occur i frost. may occur on alfalfa reg	if stress which ma rowth.		low fertility, disease	e, insects, winterkill, ov
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Directions

Applications should be made before first spring cutting and during late fall or winter months after the last fall cutting.
For improved and residual weed control in dormant established (at least 1-year-old) alfalfa, tank mix with metribuzin (Lexone or

					Page 10 01 38	
Crop	Weeds	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat	Minimum Total	Grazing or Pre-Harvest	
стор	weeus	Use Fattern	3SL Rate Per Acre	Spray Per Acre	Interval (Days)	
Soncor) Do not apply tank mix with motribuzin on alfalfa that is loss than 1 year old						

Sencor). Do not apply tank mix with metribuzin on alfalfa that is less than 1-year-old.

• Always refer to metribuzin label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations and restrictions. **Precautions**

- Applications to alfalfa that is not dormant, or has broken dormancy, may result in stand and/or yield reductions. Replanting may be necessary. Green alfalfa foliage present at time of application will be burned.
- If there is a severe weed infestation, total hay yield of first cutting may be reduced in alfalfa fields and the reduction is typically directly proportionate to the loss of weed weight.
- Restrictions
- Do not make more than one application per year.
- California: Do not apply if spring regrowth after grazing or cutting is more than 2 inches in Orange and Riverside counties, and all counties north of these counties.
- All other areas within Region B: Do not apply if regrowth after grazing or cutting is more than 2 inches.
- Do not harvest within 60 days of application.

California

• If ryegrass, shepherd's purse, sowthistle, or groundsel are present use higher specified rate.

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
ALFALFA (East of the Rocky Mountains) Between-cuttings treatment in established plantings. (Includes first year alfalfa)	Broadcast	0.7 pt.	Ground: 10 gals.	30

Directions

• Make applications immediately after alfalfa has been removed for hay or silage.

• Apply as needed up to three times during the growing season in addition to a dormant application.

Precautions

- Control of weeds beyond the seedling stage and weed stubble cut off during harvest are less affected by this treatment.
- A reduction in first year alfalfa stands and yields may occur if alfalfa is allowed to regrow more than 2 inches.
- Burning of alfalfa foliage will occur at time of application.
- Weed control may be reduced where moisture is limited such as in arid climates.

Restrictions

- Do not make more than 3 applications per year.
- Do not treat more than 5 days after cutting.
- Do not cut or harvest within 30 days of application.
- Do not make more than 2 applications during the first growing season of first-year alfalfa.

 Table 2. ALFALFA: New Seedlings - Suppression and control of broad leaf weeds and grasses in new alfalfa seedlings grown for hay (California only).

Rate/Acre*			
For Suppression	For Control		
-	10.7-21.3 fl. oz.		
-	10.7-21.3 fl. oz.		
5.4-10.7 fl. oz.	21.3 fl. oz.		
-	10.7-21.3 fl. oz.		
10.7-21.3 fl. oz.	-		
5.4 fl. oz.	10.7-16.0 fl. oz.		
5.4-10.7 fl. oz. 21.3 fl. oz.			
	For Suppression - - 5.4-10.7 fl. oz. - 10.7-21.3 fl. oz. 5.4 fl. oz.		

*Use the 5.4 fl. oz. rate only when alfalfa has at least 3 trifoliate leaves; use the 10.7 fl. oz. rate only when alfalfa has 6 trifoliate leaves; or use rates over 10.7 fl. oz. only when there are 9 trifoliate leaves.

Alfalfa – Regions

REGION A

Alaska, California (counties of Del Norte, Siskiyou, Modoc, Shasta, Lassen, Plumas, Sierra and Nevada), Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, and Wyoming

REGION B

Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, California (all other counties not listed in Region A), Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, and Texas

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3SL Rate per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
ALMONDS	Directed Spray	0.8-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	—
Directions		·		

Adzuki beansAsparagus beansBlack beansBroad beansField beansGarbanzo beansKidney beansLablab beansMoth beansMung beansNavy beansPinto beansRice beansRice beansTepary beansUrd beans					Page 11 of 38			
Avoid allowing spray to contact green stems (except suckers) or foliage: Avoid allowing stray to contact green stems (except suckers) or foliage: Avoid allowing stray to contact green stems (except suckers) or foliage: Avoid allowing stray to contact green stems (except suckers) or foliage: Avoid allowing stray to contact green stems (except suckers) or foliage: Avoid allowing stray to contact green stems (except suckers) or foliage: Avoid allowing stray to contact green stems (except suckers) or foliage: Avoid allowing stray to contact green stems (except suckers) or foliage: Avoid allowing stray to contact green stems (except suckers) or foliage: Avoid allowing stray to contact green stems (except suckers) or foliage: Do not parker trated areas and do not feed cover crops grown in treated areas to livestock. Do not apply when nuts to be harvested are on the ground. AffCHOKE Applications must be made at least 7 days apart. Restrictions Applications for all as applications per year. Do not exceed by the per season. Application should be made prior to emergence of the crop. Arc: 5 gals. Directions Applications should be made or application will be killed. Restrictions Applications for Banded Over-Row Arc: 5 gals. Applications for Banded Over-Row Applications should be made prior to emergence of the crop or after last harvest. Pre-emergence to established ploring at lease or Banded Over-Row Applications should be made prior to emergence of the crop or after last harvest. Precisions Applications berger year. Beads DRY Harvest-Aid O.8-1.3 pts. Air: 5 gals. Air: 5	Crop	Use Pattern						
	•			Per Acre	Interval (Days)			
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Chickpeas Cowpeas Crowder peas Southern peas Catjang								
Cowpeas Cowder peas Crowder peas Cowder peas Southern peas Catjang								
Crowder peas Southern peas Catjang								
Southern peas Catjang								
Catjang								
			ı		·			

• Add nonionic spreader at 1 qt./100 gals. of spray mix.

• Use a single application of the higher specified rate for vining type beans or bush type with lush growth.

				Page 12 of 38	
Сгор	Use Pattern	3SL Rate per Acre	Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)	
	lit application and improve vine	coverage. However, do	not make more than 2	applications per year or	
exceed a total of 1.3 pints p					
• Apply when at least 80% of the pods are yellowing and mostly ripe and when leaves are no more than 40% of bush type peas or					
beans or 30% of vine type p	eas or beans are green.				
Precautions					
	/ beans and dry peas in California				
Restrictions					
 Do not make more than 2 a 					
	conditions favor spray drift. To r			ed.	
BERRIES	Post-emergence Directed Spray	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 50 gals.	—	
Blackberry					
Blueberry					
Boysenberry					
Currant					
Elderberry					
Gooseberry					
Huckleberry					
Loganberry					
Raspberry					
Directions					
Apply before emergence of	new canes or shoots to avoid inju	ıry.			
 Apply as a coarse spray to p 	revent crop injury.				
Restrictions					
 Do not make more than 5 a 	pplications per year.				
CACAO	Directed Spray	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 50-200 gals.	1	
Directions					
	ulent and growth is from 1-6".				
	to prevent sprays from contactir	ig cacao plants, as injur	y may result.		
Precautions					
•	ents may be necessary for mature	e woody weeds, late-ge	erminating weeds and gra	asses and for perennials.	
Restrictions					
 Do not make more than 5 a 					
 Do not spray under windy control 	onditions.				
	or feed treated cover crops to live				
CASSAVAS, TANIERS & YAMS	Shielded Post-Directed Spray	1.3 pts.	Ground: 50 gals.	90	
(Puerto Rico only)					
Directions					
 Make applications when we 	eds are succulent and growth is 1	L-6".			
 Prevent spray from contacti 	ng crop to prevent injury to crop				
Restrictions					
• Cassavas and Taniers: Do no	ot make more than 3 applications	s per year.			
• Yams: Do not make more th					
• Do not spray under windy c					
	or feed treated forage to livestocl	κ.			

Product Information for Chemical Fallow

- As the density of stubble, crop residue or weeds increases, use higher spray volumes for better coverage.
- To control volunteer wheat or downy brome, fall-applied treatments generally work best with **Willowood Paraquat 3SL**. If possible, tank mix with atrazine for maximum burndown and residual control.
- Apply from immediately after harvest up to emergence of the newly seeded crop as a broadcast or band treatment.
- Before applying **Willowood Paraquat 3SL**, cut wheat as high as possible to avoid cutting weeds too short, and allow the weeds to grow at least 2-3" after harvest.
- The addition of dicamba (Banvel) or 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile) may aid in the suppression of emerged perennial broadleaf weeds and large annual broadleaf weeds. Always refer to the product label(s) for 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile), Banvel, or residual herbicide for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
- It is permissible to tank mix with registered residual herbicide combinations other than those listed for extended weed control during the fallow period.
- Weeds and grasses emerging after application and weeds taller than 6 inches will not be controlled.
- Crop plants emerged at the time of application will be killed.
- The minimum total spray per acre allowed is 5 gallons for ground and 5 gallons for air applications.
- Apply 5-60 gallons spray mix per acre by ground application.
- When applying at less than 10 GPA by ground:
 - Do not apply with floaters or exceed a speed of 10 mph.
 - Apply with flat fan nozzles at 30-40 psi.
 - Apply only in a tank mix with atrazine at a minimum of 0.5 lb. a.i./acre.
 - By air: apply in 5-10 gallons of spray mix per acre.

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Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
CHEMICAL FALLOW	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals.	—
Continuous Wheat (2-3 month Recropping interval)		Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Air: 5 gals.	
Directions	1			<u> </u>
Apply at least 45 days before seeding.				
 For volunteer wheat or downy brome contr 	ol in spring, us	se at least 1.3 pts. of Willowoo	od Paraguat 3SL per	acre with a
Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicide.	O/			
• Refer to the section "Product Information f	for Chemical F	allow".		
Restrictions				
• Do not make more than 3 applications pe	r year.			
CHEMICAL FALLOW	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals.	_
Wheat-Fallow-Wheat Rotations (Fall applied		Weeds 3-6":1.7-2 pts.	Air: 5 gals.	
after harvest; seeded 12-14 months later)		Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	_	
Directions				
 Spray before weeds produce seeds. 				
 Control of volunteer wheat and downy bror 	me increases v	when applications are made la	te August or early Se	ptember.
 For improved burndown and residual control 	ol of weeds, ta	nk mix with Atrazine, Marksm	an [®] Herbicide, or Co	mmand [®] Herbicide.
• For improved burndown and residual contr	ol of grass and	broadleaf weed tank mix wit	th metribuzin (Senco	r 75DF). Always refer to
the respective product label(s) for rates of a	pplications, di	rections for use, limitations, a	nd refer to the section	on "Product Information
for Chemical Fallow"				
Restrictions				
 Do not make more than 3 applications per y 				
CHEMICAL FALLOW	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals.	—
Wheat-Fallow-Wheat Rotations (Spring		Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.	Air: 5 gals.	
applied: seeded 3-5 months later)		Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.		
Directions				
 To conserve moisture, application should be 				
 Even though moisture loss is greater when a 	applications ar	e made after the boot stage, v	volunteer wheat is ea	asier to control after this
stage.				
• For volunteer wheat or downy brome contro			I Paraquat 3SL per ac	re with a Photosynthetic
Inhibitor Herbicide. Refer to the section "Pr				
• For burn down and residual control of grass				
the label for metribuzin (Sencor 75DF/Lexor Restrictions	ne) for rates of	applications, directions for us	se, limitations, and re	estrictions.
 Do not make more than 3 applications per y 	100r			
CHEMICAL FALLOW	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals.	
Wheat-Annual Crop ¹ -Wheat Rotations (Fall	Dioducast	Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.	Air: 5 gals.	
applied in wheat stubble)		Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	All . J gais.	
Directions		Weeds 0 : 2-2.7 pts.		<u> </u>
For improved burndown and residual week	d control tank	mix with Atrazine or Marksr	nan Always refer to	the respective product
label(s) for rates of applications, directions			nan. Always feler to	the respective product
Make applications after wheat harvest and				
 If grasses such as foxtails or barnyardgrass i 				
 Applications made late August to Novembe 			rome	
Refer to the section "Product Information f				
Restrictions				
• Do not make more than 3 applications per y	/ear.			
¹ Approved Annual Crops are grain sorghum, co		proso millet.		
CHEMICAL FALLOW	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals.	_
Wheat-Annual Crop-Wheat Rotations (Spring		Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.	Air: 5 gals.	
applied prior to planting an annual crop ¹)		Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	- 0	
Directions	•	•		
• For enhanced burndown and residual wee	ed control, tar	nk mix with Atrazine. Always	refer to the respect	tive product label(s) for
Atrazine for rates of applications, directions			•	
For volunteer wheat or downy brome control			l Paraquat 3SL per ac	re with a Photosynthetic
Inhibitor Herbicide.		-		,
• Refer to the section "Product Information f	or Chemical F	allow".		
• Refer to the Atrazine label for directions pe	rtaining to soil	pH and recropping intervals.		
Restrictions	-			
• Do not make more than 3 applications per y	/ear.			
¹ Approved Annual Crops are grain sorghum, co		proso millet.		

Сгор	Weeds	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre- harvest Interval (Days)
CLOVER AND OTHER LEGUMES	For desiccation of weeds, including London rocket, sowthistle, rescue	Broadcast	1.3-2.1 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60

			-		Page 14 of 3
Сгор	Weeds	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre- harvest Interval (Days)
Including velvetbean, lespedeza, lupine, sainfoin, trefoil, vetch, crown vetch, and milk vetch.	brome, wild oats, chickweed, ryegrass, bluegrass, cheatgrass, dogfennel, tansymustard, henbit, downy brome, and other winter annuals, and suppression of perennial weeds.				
Dormant Season : On established plantings: Region A - See table at end of Alfalfa section.	California: Use for desiccation of weeds including bluegrass, ryegrass, shepherd's purse, chickweed, tansy mustard, foxtail, sowthistle and groundsel.				
Dormant Season : On established plantings: Region B-See table at end of Alfalfa section.	_	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60
On fall-seeded, newly established stands less than 1-year-old: Region A - See table at end of Alfalfa section.	_	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60
On fall-seeded, newly established stands less than 1-year-old: Region B – See table at end of Alfalfa section.	_	Broadcast	0.5-0.8 pt.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60

Directions

• Applications should be made during late fall or winter months after the last cutting and before first spring cutting. In California: If ryegrass, shepherd's purse, sowthistle or groundsel are present, use higher specified rate.

- Precautions
- CAUTION: Stand and/or yield reductions may occur when applications are made to clover or other legumes that are not dormant, or have broken dormancy. Therefore, it may be necessary to replant. Burning will occur to green clover or other legumes' foliage present at the time of application.
- Discoloration and temporary stunting will occur in clover or other legumes foliage present at the time of application.
- If there is severe weed infestation, the total hay yield of first cutting may be reduced in clover or other legumes fields and is usually directly proportionate to the loss of weed weight.

Restrictions

- Do not make more than 1 application per year.
- Do not apply if regrowth after grazing or cutting is more than 2".
- Do not harvest within 60 days of application.

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre- Harvest Interval (Days)	
CORN FIELD CORN POPCORN SWEET CORN SEED CORN (Used alone)	Pre-plant or Pre-emergence Broadcast or Banded Over-Row	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_	
 Directions Includes field, fresh sweet, forage, fodder and popcorn. To permit maximum weed and grass emergence, seedbeds should be formed as far ahead of planting and treatment as possible. Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance. Precautions Control will not occur when applications are made after weeds and grasses have emerged. However, crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed. Restrictions 					

Do not make more than 3 applications per year

• Bo not make more than 5 applications per year.					
CORN	Pre-plant or Pre-emergence	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	—	
Tank mixes for no-till/reduced	Broadcast or Banded Over-Row	Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.	Air: 5 gals.*		
till		Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	_		
Discritican					

Directions

• Applications should be made as broadcast sprays before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence.

• Willowood Paraquat 3SL may be tank mixed with the following herbicides for improved burndown or residual control: 2,4-D Ester (Low Volatile), AAtrex®/Atrazine, Banvel®, Bicep Lite II MAGNUM®, Bicep MAGNUM®, Dual MAGNUM, Frontier®, Guardsman®,

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre- Harvest Interval (Days)
Harmony [®] Extra Herbicide (Pr Simazine [®] , Surpass [®] 100, Surp	e-plant Only), Harness [®] Extra, Ha	rness [®] , Lasso [®] Herbicide, Lir	nex [®] , Lorox [®] , Prince	p [®] , Prowl [®] Herbicide,
	also be tank mixed with Ambush	[®] insecticide.		
	nsibility to ensure that all product		nded use. Read and	follow the applicable
restrictions and limitations an	d directions for use on all product	labels involved in tank mixi	ng. Users must follo	w the most restrictive
	tionary statements of each produ			
	uct label(s) to confirm if these pro	oducts can be applied by air.		
Restrictions				
• Do not make more than 3 app		0712 ata	Crownals 10 gala	ſ
FIELD CORN, POPCORN, SWEET CORN, SEED CORN	(including Hooded or Shielded)	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_
Directions				
	when weeds are actively growing			
	larger or hard to control weeds.		be controlled.	
Precautions	0			
 Severe damage and/or compl 	ete kill can occur if spray contacts	s corn plants.		
Restrictions				
 Do not make more than 3 app 	blications per year.			
Directions for Hooded Or Shield				
	rayer with skids or wheels on the	spray boom to maintain sp	oray neight in order	to prevent excessive
crop phytotoxicity.	een the rows and using hooded o	r chielded chravers to prove	nt contact wi	th crop plants
• Apply by directing spray betw	een the rows and using hooded o	i sillelded sprayers to preve	int spray contact wi	thereby plants.
Directions For Direct Spray With	out Hooded Or Shielded Sprayer	s (Corn height is measure fro	om soil surface to to	op of whorl):
	" tall with nozzles arranged to sp			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
	rrange the nozzles to spray no his			
Precautions		,		
• Corn plants shorter than 10"	may be injured and not recover.			
	ir if sprayed. However, corn will r	ecover and develop normall	у.	
FIELD CORN, POPCORN, SEED	Harvest Aid	0.8-1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	7
CORN	Broadcast		Air: 5 gals.	
Directions				
	e. This is indicated by a black laye	r which forms at the base o	f the kernels. You n	nay consult your local
agricultural authority for help				
	aining at least 75% surface active			
	f weeds and grasses or broadleaf	weeds and grasses that are	taller than 18", use	e 1.3 pts.
Precautions	cially broadleaf weeds, can be dif	figult to kill, and designation	may not be comply	**
Restrictions	cially broadlear weeds, call be dif	ficult to kill, and desiccation	may not be comple	ele.
	application per year. Make ONE (1) application at least 7 days	nrior to harvest	
FIELD CORN ONLY	Post-emergence	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_
(grain, fodder, forage)	Directed Spray USDA	1.0 pt3.		
	Witchweed Eradication			
	Program			
Directions				
	rays in late June to early July and			
	is in post-emergence directed spr	ay section above.		
Restrictions				
• Do not make more than 3 app				
FIELD CORN ONLY	Post-emergence	5.4 fl. oz. +0.5 lb. 2,4-D	Ground: 10 gals.	—
(grain, fodder, forage) 2,4-D	Directed Spray USDA	Amine AE		
Amine AE Tank Mix	Witchweed Eradication Program			
Directions	riogram			
	grassy weeds and witchweed befo	are witchweed blooms. If rea	rowth occurs rean	nlv
	is in post-emergence directed spr		Siewen eeeurs, reap	,p.y.
			ions, and restriction	15.
 Always refer respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Restrictions 				
• Do not make more than 3 applications per year.				
· · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
COTTON:				
	d 8 pints of Willowood Paraquat			
COTTON (Used alone)	Pre-plant or	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	
	Pre-emergence		Air: 5 gals.	
Directions				

 Apply prior to, during or after 	planting but before crop emergence	e.		
	is should be preformed to permit m		s emergence prior to t	treatment.
 Seeding should be done with 			0	
Restrictions				
• Do not make more than 3 app	lications per year			
COTTON	Pre-plant	5.4-10.7 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.	
	Fle-plant	5.4-10.7 11. 02.		—
(California only; Used alone)			Air: 5 gals.	
Directions				
• For control of volunteer barle	y in preformed seedbeds.			
Restrictions	14			
 Do not make more than 3 app 	olications per year.			
COTTON	Pre-plant or Fallow Bed	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground or Air: 10	_
Goal [®] Herbicide Tank Mix	Broadcast		gals.	
Directions				
 Always refer to the Goal label 	for weeds controlled, rates of appli	cations, and directions f	or use, limitations, ar	nd restrictions.
Restrictions		-		
• Do not make more than 3 app	plications per vear.			
COTTON	Pre-plant or Pre-emergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_
Other Tank Mixes	The plane of the emergence	1.7 2.7 pts.	Air: 5 gals.	
Directions			7111.0 5010.	
	fore, during or after planting, but be	aforo cron omorgonco		
			مطيناته المعام والمستنصح	hanhiaidaa, Cananal®
	l or burndown, Willowood Paraqua			
	le, Cotton-Pro [®] Herbicide, Diurone	, Duai MAGNUM [®] , Ha	armony Extra (Pre-pi	ant Only), Meturon®
Herbicide, MSMA Prowl [®] , Zor				
	an DF [®] or Meturon DF [®] , follow mixin	g instructions carefully,	maintain constant agi	tation, and see Order
of Tank Mixing section in resp				
	f the herbicides listed above, always	s refer to respective pro-	duct label(s) for weed	is controlled, rates of
	e, limitations, and restrictions.			
Restrictions				
 Do not make more than 3 app 				
COTTON	Post-emergence Directed Spray	0.8-1.3 pts.	10 gals.	_
	(Hooded or Shielded)			
Directions			• • •	
 Apply when weeds are active 	ly growing and between 1- 6" in hei	ght.		
	ade, allow 14 days between applicat			
	lense populations and/or larger or h		leeds 6" or taller may	not be controlled
	. Intentional or accidental contact, i			
		including, drift, of this p	roduct with the crop	may result in severe
damage or loss of the crop.				
	een the rows using hooded or shield			
	xed with other post-emergence dire		s otherwise directed	on this label, refer to
	tes, directions, limitations and preca	autions.		
Restrictions				
 Maximum number of applicat 	tions per year is 3.			
 Equipment should be in good 	l operating condition. Avoid leakage	e or dripping onto crop.	Variation in equipme	ent design may affect
the level of weed control.				0,
	ed to insure adequate contact with v	veeds while shielding th	e crop from the herbi	cide
	nozzles or nozzle configurations or a			
OTTON Harvort Aid Has Dartwist				
OTTON Harvest Aid Use Restriction				
 Do not make more than 4 applies 				
 Do not pasture livestock in t 	reated fields or feed treated foliage			
- Do not apply to cotton withi	in 3 days before harvest.			

- Repeat application if necessary. Do not exceed a total of 1.3 pts./A as a harvest aid.
- May be tank mixed with other cotton harvest aid materials known to be effective by a local expert. Unless otherwise instructed in this label, always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
 Willowood Paraquat 3SL can be applied in a tank mix with methyl parathion and/or Karate[®] insecticide. Always refer to the respective product label(s) for use, limitations, and restrictions.
- Nodes above cracked bolls (NACB) timing is for guidance and is not intended to restrict the local expert in their use of the product.

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
SOUTHERN COTTON[*] Harvest aid for boll opening and defoliation (Tank mix with phosphate and chlorate defoliants).	Broadcast	5.4 fl. oz. + 1 pt. phosphate or 1 gal. chlorate	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	7
Directions				

• Apply when 80% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature.

• Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)	
Precautions • Development of immature bolls will Restrictions • Development of immature bolls will					
• Do not make more than 4 application SOUTHERN COTTON[*] Additional tank mixes for boll opening	Broadcast	2.1-3.3 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_	
and defoliation Directions					
 Willowood Paraquat 3SL may be tank mixed with the following products to aid in defoliation and opening of mature bolls: Accelerate® Defoliant, Def® Defoliant, Dropp® Defoliant, Ethephon Plant Growth Regulator, Folex® Defoliant, Harvade®, Harvest Growth Regulator, Prep™ PGR. Apply when 60% or more of bolls are open and remaining bolls to be harvested are mature. Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. 					
• Development of immature bolls will Restrictions					
Do not make more than 4 application		0712 ata	Crownals 10 colo	2	
SOUTHERN COTTON[*] Post Defoliation - To aid in opening of mature bolls and to desiccate green weeds.	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	3	
 If weed infestation is heavy or dense Apply when 75% or more of bolls are After a defoliation or conditioning an minimize leaf sticking. Precautions Development of immature bolls will 	Precautions				
 Restrictions Do not make more than 4 application [*Not registered for sale or use in Califo 					
WESTERN COTTON Harvest aid for boll opening and early defoliation	Broadcast	3.7-5.4 fl. oz. + phosphate or sodium chlorate; and/or other compatible harvest aid products.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	7	
Directions • On rank cotton, use higher specified Precautions	rate.				
 Early defoliation timing is when 60% 4 NACB). Development of immature bolls will Always refer to tank mix product lab Restrictions Do not make more than 4 application Do not use more than 5.4 fl. oz. of W 	be inhibited. el(s) for rates of app ns per year. /illowood Paraquat	plications, directions for use	, limitations, and restrict excessive desiccation ma	ions.	
• Do not use more than 4.0 lbs. of actu WESTERN COTTON Harvest aid for boll opening and Mid- to-late defoliation	Broadcast	5.4-10.7 fl. oz. alone or tank mix with sodium chlorate or phosphate defoliation and/or other compatible harvest aid products.	— —	3 (Alone)	
 Directions Use the 10.7 fl. oz. rate of Willowood Paraquat 3SL in desert cotton areas or on rank vigorous cotton. Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Precautions Mid-to-late defoliation timing is when 75% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature (approximately 3 or fewer NACB). Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. Restrictions Do not make more than 4 applications per year. 					
Cotton Stripper or Spindle Harvested Harvest aid for defoliation and boll opening	Broadcast	2.1-7.5 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	3	
Directions • BECAUSE OF EXTREMES IN ENVIRO	NMENTAL AND PL	ANT CONDITIONS, APPLY T	HE RANGE OF RATES C	ON A SMALL BLOCK TO	

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)	
DETERMINE THE RATE THAT BEST FIT					
 Apply when 75% of the bolls are ope Willowood Paraquat 3SL may be ap Defoliant[®], Dropp Defoliant[®], Etheph May be applied as a split application. To avoid leaf sticking, apply Willow 	oplied alone or tan non Plant Growth R	k mixed with the following egulator, Folex Defoliant [®] , H	cotton harvest aids: Acc larvade [®] Harvest Growth	n Regulator, Prep™ PGR.	
 application and 7-14 days before har South of Interstate-10 in Texas, wh 	vest.			_	
necessary.Always refer to tank mix product laboration	el(s) for rates of app	plications, directions for use,	, limitations, and restrict	ions.	
Precautions					
 DEVELOPMENT OF IMMATURE BOLLS WILL BE INHIBITED. SLICE BOLLS AND INSPECT THE SEED FOR MATURITY. Cooler temperatures may cause a longer waiting period between application of Willowood Paraquat 3SL as a desiccant and defoliation/conditioner. Restrictions 					
 Do not make more than 4 application Do not exceed a total of 1.3 pts./A. 	ns per year.				
COTTON Late season desiccation	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	3	
Directions • BECAUSE OF EXTREMES IN ENVIRONMENTAL AND PLANT CONDITIONS, APPLY THE RANGE OF RATES ON A SMALL BLOCK TO DETERMINE THE RATE THAT BEST FITS YOUR NEEDS. • May be applied as a split application. • Apply when 85% of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature (approximately 0 NACB). • Delay desiccation application of Willowood Paraquat 3SL approximately 3-7 days to minimize leaf sticking if a defoliation or conditioning application has been made. • May be tank mixed with other harvest aid materials known to the local expert to be effective. Precautions • Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. Slice bolls and inspect the seed for maturity. • South of Interstate-10 in Texas, where temperatures are typically higher during defoliation, lower rates in the range may be necessary. Restrictions • Do not make more than 4 applications per year. • Do not exceed a total of 1.3 pts./A. COTTON Desiccation of regrowth Broadcast 0.75-1.25 pts. Ground: 10 gals. 3 Air: 5 gals. Directions					
 Use to desiccate regrowth occurring after defoliation or desiccation. Because regrowth is difficult to control, thorough coverage with the full listed rate is necessary. If regrowth is excessive, use higher specified rate. Precautions Control is dependent on growing conditions and desiccation of small new regrowth may not always be complete. Restrictions Do not make more than 4 applications per year. 					
EASTER LILIES (Field grown)	Pre-emergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	—	
Restrictions					
 Do not exceed two applications per y 					
FALLOW LAND Prior to planting of any crops.	Pre-plant Broadcast to Fallow Land	1.0-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	—	
 Directions Use for the control of weeds such as bluegrass, chickweed, henbit, downy brome, ryegrass, cheatgrass, dog fennel, tansy mustard, London rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, wild oats, volunteer cereals and other winter annuals and for the suppression of perennial weeds or sedges. For weeds approaching the maximum size of 6", the higher specified rate may be used. Prior to application allow maximum weed emergence to maximize the benefit of this use. Adhere to the pre-harvest intervals and other crop specific restrictions for planted crops elsewhere on this label. Precautions Fallow land may be between operations such as disking, ripping, plowing, leveling, irrigating or listing for ground preparation purposes. Restrictions Do not make more than 2 applications per year, during the fallow period. 					
GRASSES	Pre-plant, at	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.		
(For seed) (For use in seedbed preparation)	Planting, or Pre- emergence				

<u>Output</u>		Willowood Paraquat 3SL	Minimum Total Spray	Grazing or Pre-Harvest
Сгор	Use Pattern	Rate Per Acre	Per Acre	Interval (Days)
 Directions Prepare the seedbeds and allow wee 	ds to germinate			
 Apply Willowood Paraquat 3SL when 		3-5 leaf stage.		
Applications may be repeated as nec			prior to grass emergence	·
Restrictions				
 Do not make more than 3 application Do not graze treated areas or use the 		n treated areas for animal fe	ed or bedding.	
GUAR	Pre-harvest	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	4
(Pre-harvest desiccation)			_	
 Directions Apply after the pods are fully mature 				
Restrictions				
• Do not make more than 3 application				
Do not graze treated areas or use the				1
GUAVA	Directed Spray	2.5 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	
Precautions	- no coscon for mot	ura waadu waada lata gara	inating woods and grass	sac and norannials
 Retreatment or spot spraying may be Restrictions 	e necessary for mat	ure woody weeds, late-gern	iniating weeds and grass	ses, and perennials.
• Do not make more than 4 application	ns per year.			
• Do not allow spray to contact green	stems, fruit or folia	ge.		
 Do not graze treated areas. Do not feed cover crops grown in tre 	ated areas to livest	ock		
• Do not reed cover crops grown in tre	Directed Spray	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	14
(ID, OR, & WA only)	and/or Suckering	210 pto:		
	and Stripping.			
 Directions Silage and hop vine refuse may be fe 	d to livestock			
 Shage and hop vine reruse may be re- Spray only the basal 2 ft. of the vines 		ipping. Repeat as necessary.	, but only up to 3 applica	tions per season.
Chemical Pruning: Spray when vines				
vines.				
PrecautionsRetreatment of spot treatment may	he necessary			
APPLICATION TO HOP VINES LESS TH		CAUSE UNACCEPTABLE INJU	JRY.	
• Experience with varieties other than				
varieties than these, test the use pat		nber of vines of each variety	to determine sensitivity	to injury. Do not use on
unlisted varieties if unacceptable cro Restrictions	ip injuly occurs.			
 Do not make more than 3 application 				
• Do not allow spray to contact green		ers, or cones as injury may r	esult.	
 Do not allow animals to graze in trea 	ted hopyards. Harvest Aid	0.8-1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	7
NOT REGISTERED FOR USE ON LENTILS	Harvest Ald	0.0 ⁻ 1.5 pts.	Air: 7 gals.	/
IN CALIFORNIA.			0	
Directions	(2 pts / 100 gals)	f the finished spray volume		
 Add nonionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v May also be applied as a split applica 		or the infished spray volume.		
• Apply when crop is mature and at lea		are yellowing and mostly rip	e with no more than 30%	6 of the leaves still green
in color.				
 Restrictions Do not make more than 2 application 	as per vear			
• DO NOT make more than 2 application		al of 1.3 pts./A. The split app	lication may improve co	verage.
• DO NOT apply when weather condition			ift control agent may be	
MINT	Dormant Season	1.3-2.0 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	—
(Peppermint, Spearmint) Directions			Air: 5 gals.	
 Apply when crop is dormant before s 	spring growth begin	s and when weeds are less t	han 6" tall.	
• May be tank mixed with Sinbar [®] Her	bicide (terbacil) we	ed killer for improved contac	ct activity and residual co	
prickly lettuce and groundsel. Apply t			. Always refer to Sinbar (terbacil) label for weeds
controlled, rates of applications, dire Precautions	ections for use, limit	ations, and restrictions.		
• For suppression of weeds such as gro	oundsel, chickweed	, downy brome, bluegrass, It	alian ryegrass, prickly le	ttuce.
Restrictions				
• Do not make more than 2 application				
 Do not apply more than 2.0 pts./A pe ONIONS (seeded) AND GARLIC 	Pre-plant/ Pre-	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	60
	emergence		Buioi	200 (CA only)
				200 (CA Only)

87290-35.20200826.V1 [Text in brackets is informational to EPA reviewer or optional]

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
Directions		hateren Adre	i ci Adic	interval (Days)
• For heavy weed infestations or wild	oat control use the	higher specified rate.		
 Allow maximum weed and grass eme 	ergence prior to tre	atment but apply prior to cr	op emergence.	
Restrictions				
 Do not make more than 1 application 				
 Apply only one application per seaso 		dosage.		
 Apply a maximum of 2.7 pts./A per s 			r	
PASSION FRUIT	Directed Spray	2.5 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	—
Directions	4			
 If bark is still green at application tim 	ne, use a shield or w	vrap vine.		
• Pick all fruit off the ground prior to a			arvest season.	
Precautions		C		
 It may be necessary to retreat or spo 	ot treat.			
Restrictions				
 Do not make more than 5 application 	ns per year.			
 Do not allow animals to graze on treat 	ated areas.			
PEANUTS	Broadcast	5.4-10.8 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.	—
	At ground crack			
	Post-emergence			
Directions				
 To control or suppress small (1-6") er 		s and broadleaf weeds in pe	anuts at ground crack. A	second application may
be made up to 28 days after ground				
 For at ground crack use, Willowood 	Paraquat 3SL can	be tank mixed with Pursuit [®]	[®] Herbicide or Dual MAG	NUM for residual weed
control.				
 Always refer to the Pursuit or Dual 	Magnum label for a	a list of weeds controlled, ap	oplication rates, necessa	ry precautions, and use
limitations.				
Precautions				
• Crop, foliage sprayed will be injured	in the form of bron	zing and crinkling, but the cr	op will recover and deve	lop normally.
Restrictions				
Do not make more than 2 application				
Make no more than 2 applications per	er season and do no	ot apply total of more than 1	.0.8 fl. oz. of product per	acre per season.
• Do not apply by air.	· _ · ·			1
PEANUTS	Broadcast	5.4-10.8 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.	—
Basagran [®] Herbicide Tank Mix	At ground crack			
	Post-emergence			
Directions				
• Tank mix Willowood Paraquat 3SL	with Basagran at	1 pt./A. for improved contr	ol of weeds such as co	cklebur, bristly starbur,
smartweed and prickly sida.				
• This tank mix can be applied at the	ground crack stage	of peanuts. A second applie	cation may be made up	to 28 days after ground
crack.			· · · · · · ·	
Always refer to the Basagran label for	r weeds controlled,	, rates of applications, direct	tions for use, limitations,	and restrictions.
Precautions		the second particulation of the state of the		
Crop foliage sprayed will be injured i				
 If peanuts show injury (leaf phytotox) 		stunting) produced by any o	ther herbicide treatmen	t, do not apply this tank
mix as injury may be enhanced and/				
 During prolonged periods of drough 	t or unseasonably o	cold weather do not apply th	nis tank mix as unsatista	ctory weed control may
result.				
Restrictions				
Do not make more than 2 application			100 fl an afrandustra	
Make no more than 2 applications po	er season and do no	ot apply a total of more than	10.8 fl. oz. of product pe	er acre per season.
• Do not apply by air.		5 4 4 9 9 9		
PEANUTS	Broadcast	5.4-10.8 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.	_
Butyrac [®] Herbicide or Butoxone [®] 200	Post-emergence			
Herbicide Tank Mix				
	<u> </u>			
Directions		a developeration of the state		act with 0.40 (0.407
• For improved control of weeds such a		oo and morningglory, tank m	nix willowood Paraquat	35L WITH 8-16 OZ. (0.125-
0.25 lb.) per acre of Butyrac or Butox • Always refer to the Butyrac or Butox		weeds controlled rates of	applications directions	for use limitations and
	ADDE ZUU TADEIS TOP	WEEUS CONTOILED, LATES OT	accontacions orrections (or use infinations and

• Always refer to the Butyrac or Butoxone 200 labels for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Precautions

• Crop foliage sprayed will be injured in the form of bronzing and crinkling but the crop will recover and develop normally. **Restrictions**

- Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
- Do not apply a total of more than 10.8 fl. oz. of product per season and make no more than 2 applications per season.
- Do not apply by air.

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
PIGEON PEAS (Puerto Rico only)	Directed Spray	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	60
Directions • Cannery waste can be fed to livestoc Precautions • Avoid contact with pigeon pea foliag Restrictions	e.	L	L	L
 Do not make more than 1 application Do not make more than 1 application Do not graze treated areas or feed tr 	n per season.	sctock		
PINEAPPLE	Directed Spray	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	20
 Precautions More mature weeds may require ret Restrictions Do not exceed 3 applications per sea 				L
ΡΟΤΑΤΟ	Pre-plant or Pre- emergence Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	-
 Directions Apply up to ground cracking stage, b Restrictions Do not make more than 3 application 		e emerged.		
POTATO (California, Washington, Oregon, Idaho only; used alone)	Pre-plant Broadcast	0.4-0.7 pt.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	-
Directions • For control of volunteer barley in pre Restrictions				
 Do not make more than 3 application POTATO 	ns per year. Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	3
Fresh Market Only Pre-harvest vine killing and weed desiccation.				
For Use Only in the states of: Colorado, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, Wisconsin, and Wyoming				
 Directions Potatoes must be harvested prompt Begin application when leaves begin Use 1.3 pts./A rate where quick vine For dense vine growth, use 2 applica 	to turn yellow. kill is desired.			davs anart
Precautions Immature potato foliage is tolerant t Restrictions	• •			
For Fresh Market Potatoes Only. (Fresh store, or processor for use.) • DO NOT make more than 2 applicati • DO NOT use on potatoes that will be • DO NOT apply to drought stressed p • DO NOT use to desiccate the vines o • DO NOT pasture livestock in treated • DO NOT exceed 2.6 pts./A per seaso	ons per year. e stored as tuber de otato vines. f seed potatoes as s potato fields.	composition may result. seed pieces may fail to germ		
RICE	Pre-plant or Pre- emergence Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_
Directions	•			
• Apply as a broadcast spray before,	auring or after pla	anting, but before crop eme	ergence. When vegetati	on is dense, use higher

- Apply as a broadcast spray before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence. When vegetation is dense, use higher specified rates and spray volumes.
- Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance.
- Willowood Paraquat 3SL may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for this use for improved or extended weed control. Always refer to the tank mix product label(s) for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and

	Page 22 of 38				
Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)	
restrictions. Precautions					
• This product will not control weeds a Restrictions	nd grasses emergir	ng after application. Crop pla	ints emerged at time of a	pplication will be killed.	
• Do not make more than 3 application	ns per vear.				
 Do not flood/flush within 48 hours of delays speed of kill, do not flood/flus 	f application in ord		f vegetation. If cool, clou	udy and/or wet weather	
SAFFLOWER	Pre-plant or Pre-	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	—	
	emergence		Air: 5 gals.		
	Broadcast or				
	Banded Over-				
<u> </u>	Row				
Directions • Apply before, during and after planti Restrictions	ng but before crop	emergence.			
• Do not make more than 3 application	ns per year.				
SAFFLOWER	Pre-plant	0.7 pt.	Ground: 10 gals.	—	
(California only)	Broadcast		Air: 5 gals.		
Directions					
• For control of volunteer barley in pre Restrictions					
Do not make more than 3 application			Current Frank		
SMALL GRAINS	Pre-plant or Pre-	Weeds 1-3":1.3-1.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals.	—	
(Barley, wheat)	emergence	Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Air: 5 gals.		
Restrictions		Weeds 0 : 2 2:7 pts:			
Do not make more than 3 application	ns per vear.				
SMALL GRAINS	Pre-plant or Pre-	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_	
(Wheat Only)	emergence	Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.	Air: 5 gals.		
Hoelon [®] 3EC Tank Mix	U	Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	0		
Directions					
 A tank mix with Hoelon 3EC will impl 					
 Apply when weeds are actively grow 					
 Always refer to the Hoelon 3EC label 	for weeds controlle	ed, rates of applications, dir	ections for use, limitation	ns, and restrictions.	
Restrictions					
• Do not make more than 3 application					
Do not apply this tank mix to barley				40 (;)	
SORGHUM	Pre-plant/ Pre-	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	48 (grain)	
(Grain)	emergence Broadcast or	Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Air: 5 gals.	20 (forage)	
	Bloadcast of	Weeds 0 . 2-2.7 pts.			
Directions	Balla			<u> </u>	
• To allow maximum weed and grass e	mergence, seedbed	ds should be formed as far a	head of planting as possi	ble.	
 Seeding should be done with a minin 					
Restrictions					
 Do not make more than 3 application 	ns per year.				
SORGHUM	Pre-plant or Pre-	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.	—	48 (grain)	
(Grain)	emergence	Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.		20 (forage)	
Atrazine & 2,4-D ester [Low Volatile]		Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.			
Tank Mix					
Directions				tual The addition of 2.4	
 Willowood Paraquat 3SL may be tan D ester (Low Volatile) may assist in tl 					
 Always refer to the specific product la 					
Restrictions		introlled, rates of application	is, directions for use, infin		
Do not make more than 3 application	ns per vear.				
SORGHUM	Pre-plant	1.3-2.5 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	48 (grain)	
(Grain)				20 (forage)	
Harmony [®] Extra Herbicide Tank Mix				(0,	
Directions					
• For improved weed control, Willowd					
 Always refer to the Harmony Extra la 	bel for weeds cont	rolled, rates of applications,	directions for use, limita	tions, and restrictions.	
Restrictions					
Do not make more than 3 application	· · ·	A - · · A			
SORGHUM	Post-emergence	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	48 (grain)	
(Grain)	Directed			20 (forage)	
	(Including				

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3SL	Minimum Total Spray	Page 23 of 38 Grazing or Pre-Harvest
Стор	Hooded or	Rate Per Acre	Per Acre	Interval (Days)
	Shielded)			
Directions				
Apply when weeds are actively grow		ode Moode 6" or taller may	not be controlled	
• Use higher specified rate on larger o Precautions		eeus. weeus o' or taller may	not be controlled.	
• Severe damage and/or complete kill	can occur if spray o	contacts sorghum plants.		
Restrictions	nc nor voor			
 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not exceed 2 post-emergence-directed applications or exceed a total of 5.3 pts. Willowood Paraguat 3SL per season. 				
Directions For Use Hooded or Shielded			innonood i diaquat ooi	
• To avoid excessive crop phytotoxicit		shielded sprayer with skids	or wheels on the spray	boom to maintain spray
height.	a rows and by using	booded or chielded coraver	s to provent sprav centa	st with crop plants
 Apply by directing spray between the Directions For Use Directed Spray With 			s to prevent spray conta	ct with crop plants.
• Apply when sorghum is at least 12" t				
Use precision directed-spray application	tion equipment adj	usted so that no more than t	he lower 3" of the sorgh	um stalk is contacted by
the application spray.				
 Precautions Some crop injury will occur. The deg 	ree of injury is relat	ed to the precision of applic	ation and spraving condi	tions
Restrictions				
Do not exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure or				
SOYBEANS	Pre-plant or Pre-	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	—
	emergence	Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Air: 5 gals.	
Directions		Weeds 0 . 2 2.7 pts.		
• Apply as a broadcast spray before, d	uring or after plant	ing, but before crop emerge	nce.	
Willowood Paraquat 3SL can be tan				al control:
	Lasso	Lorox Plus Prowl	Sencor Herbicide	
Canopy Dual MAGNUM Goal	Lexone Linex	Pursuit Herbicide Scepter Herbicide	Surflan [®] Herbicide	
Harmony Extra (Pre-plant Or	nly)	Scepter Herbicide	Turbo Herbicide	
 The rate of this product to be used in is dense or under dry conditions, use a list of weeds controlled, rates of ap The lower application rate may be us made within 3 weeks after planting. Seeding should be done with a minin Restrictions 	e the highest specif oplications, directio sed when weeds an num amount of soil	ied rate of Willowood Parac ns for use, limitations, and re e less than 4" tall and a selec	uat 3SL . Always refer to estrictions.	the product label(s) for
 Do not make more than 3 application Do not exceed a total of 4.0 pts. of V 		• 2SL nor coason		
 Do not graze or harvest for forage or 			ent (early pod).	
SOYBEANS	Pre-plant or Pre-	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	—
2,4-D ester (Low Volatile) Tank Mix	emergence	Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.	Air: 5 gals.	
Directions		Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.		
 Apply 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile) at 0.35-0.475 lb. a.i./A at least 7 days prior to planting. Apply 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile) at 0.475-0.95 lb. a.i./A at least 30 days prior to planting. May be tank mixed with residual herbicides listed above. Always refer to the 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile) label for weeds controlled, rates of application, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. 				
 Restrictions Do not make more than 3 application 	ns ner vear			
 Do not apply 2,4-D ester (Low Volatil possible loss of stand and yield. Do not use amine formulation. 		soybeans if you are not able	to accept the results of	soybean injury including
SOYBEANS	Post-emergence	3.0-5.3 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.	
	Directed Spray (Includes Hooded or Shielded)			
Directions		1		·
 Apply when weeds are actively grow Use the lower rate of Willowood Pa and pigweed less than 2" tall. For control of 2-4" red rice, Brachiar use 5.3 fl. oz. of Willowood Paragua 	raquat 3SL for con			

• Use 5.3 fl. oz. of Willowood Paraquat 3SL for control of 2-3" sicklepod, purslane, pigweed, cutleaf ground cherry, and common

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3SL	Minimum Total Spray	Grazing or Pre-Harvest	
·	ose r attern	Rate Per Acre	Per Acre	Interval (Days)	
 Apply Willowood Paraquat 3SL at 5.3 fl. oz./A plus 0.2 lb. active ingredient per acre of a 2,4-D formulation for control of 2-4" grasses in mixture with common cocklebur, morningglory, and red rice. Always refer to the 2,4-D label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. If necessary, make a second and final application 7-14 days later. Restrictions 					
 Do not make more than 3 application 	ns per year.				
• Do not graze or harvest for forage or Directions For Hooded or Shielded Spra	hay. I yers:				
 Apply by directing spray between the Use higher specified rate on larger (le 	e rows and using ho ess than 6") or hard	l to control weeds. Weeds 6	o prevent spray contact v ' or taller may not be co	ntrolled.	
 Precautions Severe damage and/or complete kil plants. 	l can occur if spray	intentionally or accidental	ly (including drift of fine	e droplets) contacts the	
Directions For Use Directed Spray With					
 Use precision directed spray applicat the application spray. Precautions 	ion equipment adju	usted so that no more than t	he lower 3" of the soybe	an plant is contacted by	
Some crop injury will occur. The degr Restrictions	ree of injury is depe	endent upon the precision of	application and spraying	g conditions.	
• Do not treat on soybeans that are les					
 Do not exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure SOYBEANS 	e or spray under cor Harvest Aid	nditions which may cause ex 5.4-10.7 fl. oz.	cessive drift. Ground: 20 gals.		
SOTBEANS	Harvest Alu	5.4-10.7 11. 02.	Air: 5 gals.	—	
Directions			0		
• Always use the higher specified rate	when treating cock	lebur.			
In determinant varieties: Application					
when seed moisture is 30% or less. Do have dropped, and remaining leaves		s: Apply when plants are mai	cure, i.e., beans are fully o	seveloped, 1/2 of leaves	
Precautions	are yenowing.				
Mature cocklebur, especially drough	t-stressed plants ar	e tolerant to Willowood Par	aquat 3SL and desiccation	on will not be complete.	
Injury will occur on immature soybea			•		
Restrictions					
 Do not make more than 3 application 					
 Do not apply within 15 days of harve Do not graze or harvest for forage or 					
STRAWBERRIES	Post-emergence	1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	21	
	Directed Spray	p			
Directions					
• Direct spray between the rows, using	g shields to prevent	spray contact with crop plan	nts.		
 Do not make more than 3 application 	ns ner vear				
 Do not allow spray to contact strawb 		v or excessive residues may	result		
 Do not apply more than 3 times per s 		y of excessive residues may	court.		
 Do not graze livestock in treated area 					
SUGAR BEETS	Pre-plant or Pre-	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	—	
Directions	emergence		Air: 5 gals.	<u> </u>	
• For heavier weed infestations, use th	higher specified l	abel rate.			
 Seeding or transplanting should be d 			е.		
 Can be used in fallow bed/stale seed 	bed for weed contr	ol.			
 Seedbeds or plant beds should be for 	rmed as far ahead o	of treatment as possible to p	ermit maximum weed ei	mergence.	
Precautions					
 Crop plants emerged at time of appli Restrictions 	cation will be killed				
 Do not make more than 3 application 	ns per vear.				
SUGARCANE	Post-emergence	_	_	_	
	Directed Spray				
	(includes Hooded				
Directions	or Shielded)			<u> </u>	
 Apply as a hooded, shielded or direct 	ted spray to avoid o	ontact with cane foliage to r	prevent leaf hurn and vie	Id reduction	
 If necessary, a second and final appli 					
Postrictions	satisfi sun se muue				

- Restrictions
- Do not make more than 2 applications per year, except applications made by air in Florida and Texas in which the maximum number of applications allowed is 1 per year.
- Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock.

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)	
SUGARCANE	—	1.3 pts.	Ground: 50 gals.	—	
Florida					
 Directions Optimum results can be obtained by Restrictions Do not make more than 2 application 		oring (March-April) when we	eds are small.		
 Do not apply after June 1 as cane gro 	wth may be stunte	d and yields reduced.			
SUGARCANE Hawaii	—	1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	—	
 Restrictions Do not make more than 2 application Do not apply after cane rows have closed 					
SUGARCANE Louisiana	—	0.7-2.0 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	30	
 Directions For tiller control, apply when tillers a For heavier weed infestations or tille Restrictions Do not make more than 2 application 	r growth use the hi				
SUGARCANE	Harvest Aid	0.4-0.7 pt.	Air: 5 gals.	—	
Florida & Texas					
Directions • Under cool, cloudy weather conditio • Apply 3-14 days before burning and l Restrictions • Do not make more than 1 application SUNFLOWER	harvest.	fied rate. 1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_	
	emergence Broadcast Banded Over- Row	1.7 2.7 pt3.	Air: 5 gals.		
 Directions Apply before, during, or after plantin Restrictions Do not make more than 3 application 		emergence.			
SUNFLOWER	Pre-harvest Desiccation Broadcast	0.8-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	7	
 Directions Apply when sunflower seeds reach physiological maturity (when seed moisture is 35% or lower). For many varieties, this is equivalent to the time when the back of the heads are yellow and the bracts are turning brown. When crop stands or weed infestations are heavy, use the higher label rate. Restrictions Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock. 					
TARO, DRYLAND (Hawaii Only)	Post-emergence Directed Spray	1.3-2.1 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	180	
 Directions Make the first application when weed growth is 1-4" high. Weeds emerging after the application will not be controlled. A single re-treatment may be made; however, do not harvest dryland taro within 6 months of the last application. Restrictions Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not allow spray to contact the taro plants as injury may result. 					
TREE PLANTATION ESTABLISHMENT	Pre-plant Proadcast	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.		
Deciduous and Conifers Directions • To allow maximum emergence of we • Apply prior to planting. Plant with mi • For heavier weed infestations, use th • For improved burndown or residual of • Always refer to the specific tank mix restrictions. Restrictions • Do not make more than 3 application	inimal soil disturban ne higher applicatio control, tank mix W herbicide label(s) fo	nce. n rate. 'illowood Paraquat 3SL with			

Do not apply in less than 20 gals./A as weed control will be reduced.

		Willowood Paraguat 3SL	Minimum Total Spray	Grazing or P	re-Harvest
Сгор	Use Pattern	Rate Per Acre	Per Acre	Interval	
TREES AND VINES	Directed Spray	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	Apricots:	28
Orchards, Vineyards, Windbreak Shade				Cherries:	28
& Ornamental Trees: Acerola, Apples,				Figs:	13
Apricots, Avocados, Bananas,				Kiwi Fruit:	14
Beechnut, Brazil nut, Butternut,				Nectarines:	28
Calamondin, Cashew, Cherries,				Olives:	13
Chestnut, Chinquapin, Citrus, Citron,				Peaches:	14
Coffee, Figs, Filberts, Grapefruit,				Pistachios:	7
Grapes, Hickory nut, Kiwi fruit,				Plums:	28
Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Macadamia					
nuts, Mandarin, Nectarines, Olives,					
Orange (sour & sweet), Papayas,					
Peaches, Pears, Pistachios, Plums,					
Prunes, Pummelo, Satsuma, mandarin,					
Walnuts, and Other shade and					
ornamental trees including arborvitae,					
ash, elm, fir, oak, pine, etc.					

Directions

- Use the shield or wrap plant when spraying around young trees or vines.
- For mature woody weeds, perennial weeds, late germinating weeds and green suckers, retreatment or spot treatment may be necessary.

Restrictions

- Do not make more than 5 applications per year, except for the following:
- Do not make more than 3 applications per year on Apricots, Cherries, Kiwi Fruit, Nectarines, Peaches, and Plums.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per year on Olives.
- Do not make more than 5 applications on Pistachios prior to shell split; after shells split, do not make more than 2 applications per vear.
- Do not allow spray to make contact with green stems (except suckers), fruit or foliage.
- Do not graze treated areas.
- Do not feed covered crops grown in treated areas to livestock.
- Do not apply when figs, nuts or olives to be harvested are on the ground.
- For apricots Do not harvest within 28 days after application and do not exceed 3 post-emergence directed applications per season.
- For cherries Do not harvest within 28 days after application and do not exceed 3 post-emergence directed applications per season.
- For figs Do not harvest within 13 days after application and do not exceed 5 post-emergence directed applications per season.
- For grapes Treat when sucker growth is no more than 8" long. Late season applications to weeds should be made to avoid contact with desirable foliage.
- For kiwi fruit Do not treat more than 3 times per year.
- For nectarines Do not harvest within 28 days after application and do not exceed 3 post-emergence directed applications per season
- For olives Do not harvest within 13 days after application and do not exceed 4 post-emergence directed applications per season.
- For peaches -Do not harvest within 14 days after application and do not exceed 3 post-emergence directed applications per season. • For pistachios - Do not exceed 2 applications after shells split.
- For plums Do not harvest within 28 days after application and do not exceed 3 post-emergence directed applications per season.

TREES AND VINES	Directed Spray	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	Always refer to other
Tank Mixes			_	Tank Mix labels
Directions				

• This product may be tank mixed with registered residual herbicides listed below for combined emerged and residual weed control. Willowood Paraguat 3SL may be tank mixed with the following herbicides:

Devrinol® Herbicide, Goal®, Karmex®, Krovar® Herbicide, Princep®, Sinbar®, Solicam® Herbicide, Surflan®

• Always refer to other herbicide labels for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Restrictions

- Do not make more than 5 applications per year, except for the following:
- Do not make more than 3 applications per year on Apricots, Cherries, Kiwi Fruit, Nectarines, Peaches, and Plums.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per year on Olives.
- Do not make more than 5 applications on Pistachios prior to shell split; after shells split, do not make more than 2 applications per year.

TYFON	Pre-plant Pre-	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_
(New Hampshire only)	emergence			

Directions

• Seeding should be done with a minimum of soil disturbance.

Precautions

• Weeds and grasses emerging after treatment will not be controlled.

• Crop plants emerged at time of application will be injured.

Restrictions

• Do not make more than 3 applications per year.

VEGETABLES	Pre-plant Pre-	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	—
(Seeded or Transplanted) Beans (Lima,	emergence		Air: 5 gals.	

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
Snap), Broccoli, Cabbage, Cantaloupe, Carrots, Cauliflower, Chayote fruit, Chinese cabbage, Chinese waxgourd, Citron melon, Collards, Cucumber, Eggplant, Gherkin, Gourd, edible, Groundcherry, Lettuce, <i>Momordica</i> spp., Musk melons, Peas, Pepino, Peppers, Pumpkin, Squash, Sweet Corn, Tomatillo, Turnips, Tomatoes, Watermelons				
Directions				

Directions

- Seedbeds or plant beds should be formed as far ahead of treatment as possible to permit maximum weed emergence.
- Banded or broadcast treatment applications can be made before, during or after planting but prior to the crop emergence.
- For heavier weed infestations, use the higher specified rate.
- Seeding or transplanting should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance.
- Willowood Paraquat 3SL can be used in fallow bed/stale seedbed for weed control alone or tank mixed with Goal[®]. Always refer to the Goal label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Restrictions

- Do not make more than 3 applications per year.
- Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed.
- Do not harvest tomatoes within 30 days after application.

VEGETABLES	Directed Spray	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	—	
Eggplant, Peppers, Tomatoes					

Directions

- For control or suppression of emerged weeds between rows after crop establishment.
- Use precision directed spray application equipment adjusted to prevent spray contact with crop plants.
- Apply when weeds are succulent and weed growth is less than 6".

Restrictions

- Do not make more than 3 applications per year.
- Do not exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure.
- Do not spray under conditions which may cause excessive drift.
- Do not apply more than 3 applications per season.
- Do not allow animals to graze in treated areas.
- Do not harvest tomatoes within 30 days after application.

Directions			L					
Tomatoes	Harvest							
VEGETABLES	After Final	1.6-2.5 pts.	Ground: 40-120 gals.	—				
Bo not narvest tomatoes within so days after application.								

Directions

- Apply in 40-120 gallons of water per acre (0.62-0.93 lb. a.i./A).
- Add NIS containing 75% or more surface active agent at 0.125 v/v (1 pt./100 gals. spray solution).
- To ensure maximum herbicide burndown, tomato vines should be thoroughly covered.
- To aid in the removal of sweet potato whitefly, burn tomato vines with propane burners as soon as possible after the vines have dried down sufficiently.

Precautions

• Willowood Paraquat 3SL may be deactivated and less efficacious when dirty or muddy water is used.

Restrictions

- Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
- DO NOT apply more than a total of 3 lbs. active ingredient (paraquat) per acre per season.

• To minimize drift, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations which produce fine spray droplets (mist).								
VEGETABLES	Broadcast	0.4-0.7 pt.	Ground: 10 gals.	—				
(California, Washington, Oregon,			Air: 5 gals.					
Idaho only)								
Lettuce, Melon, Sugar Beets,								
Tomatoes								
Directions								
 For control of volunteer barley in pre 	eformed seedbeds.							
Restrictions								
 Do not make more than 2 application 	ns per year.							
Do not harvest tomatoes within 30 days after application.								
VEGETABLES	Dormant	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	—				
Rhubarb		-	_					
Directions								
 Apply during dormant season before buds in crown begin to grow. 								

Restrictions

• Do not exceed 2 applications per year.

RESIN SOAKING

Pines including Loblolly, Shortleaf, Longleaf, Slash, Virginia, Pond, Pitch, and Spruce Pines.

Tree Selection -Trees should be selected from stands on sites not subject to stress from periods of extreme drought stress because the desiccating effect of **Willowood Paraquat 3SL** is accentuated during drought, causing a reduction in the amount of oleoresin deposited in the xylem. Vigorous, non-stagnated natural or planted stands should be selected. Plan **Willowood Paraquat 3SL** treatments in stagnated or commercial timber stands, no sooner than three years after commercial thinning.

Application Directions: To bring the treatment into contact with sapwood (or xylem), apply water-diluted **Willowood Paraquat 3SL** to an appropriate wound in the tree trunk.

Bark Streaks or Cuts: Use a standard or rotary bark hack or a chainsaw shipping tool (used in naval stores work) to remove a single 1-inch wide streak of bark about 1-2 ft. from ground level. Do not exceed 1/3 of the circumference of the tree. Serious girdling of the trunk and premature death of the tree can result if multiple streaks or cuts are made. Apply a coarse spray (about 1.7-5.0 ml) **Willowood Paraquat 3SL** solution (1-5% cation, wt./wt. basis) to runoff to the exposed xylem, using a low-pressure sprayer. The amount of spray required per cut depends on tree circumference and the length of cut or streak. For example, for a 9-inch diameter tree, using 3 ml of 2 or 4% **Willowood Paraquat 3SL** solution will cover the 1-inch wide streak and will result in application of 60 or 120 mg per streak.

Time of Treatment: Less severe pine beetle infestation and longer tree life usually result during cool season treatments under non-drought seasons. However, resin soaking can occur from treatments made any time of the year.

Interval between Treatment and Tree Harvest: There should be at least a 6-month interval between application of **Willowood Paraquat 3SL** and tree harvest. However, it is preferable the interval is from 12-24 months, even though intervals of over 6 months may not be possible under conditions of drought or serious pine beetle attacks possibly making early harvest necessary.

With this treatment, there is a potential for promoting beetle attack or causing premature death of the tree. At high dosage rates, desiccation of the xylem tissue, rather than the desired resin soaking, may occur.

Dilution Table for Willowood Paraquat 3SL (3.0 lbs. cation per gallon)					
Concentration of Cation Desired (wt./wt. basis)	Add the Following No. Gal. of Water to 2/3 Gallon of Willowood Paraquat 3SL				
0.2%	118.8				
0.5%	46.8				
1.0%	22.9				
2.0%	10.9				
3.0%	6.9				
4.0%	4.9				
5.0%	3.7				

Note: This type of treatment may reduce stem growth during between treatment and tree harvest.

5.0%		5.7			
Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre- Harvest Interval (Days)	
CONSERVATION RESERVE, FEDERAL SET-ASIDE, CONSERVATION COMPLIANCE PROGRAMS (For use in compliance with the Federal Conservation Reserve Program or Federal set-aside programs)	Broadcast	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	—	
Directions					
 Willowood Paraquat 3SL may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for this use for improved emerged weed control or extended weed control. Always refer to tank mix herbicide labels for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Restrictions Do not make more than 3 applications per year. 					
NON-CROP USES	Broadcast or	1.7- 2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	—	
	Spot Treatment		0		
 Directions Repeat applications as necessary but do not make m To be used in non-crop areas including public airpor buildings, storage yards and other installations, and Restrictions Avoid spray contact with the foliage of ornamentals 	ts, electric transf fence lines.	ormer stations, pipeline pu	imping stations, are	ound commercial	
PASTURE RESEEDING	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	See specific	
For suppression of existing sod and undesirable			Air: 5 gals.	geographic	
emerged broadleaf weeds and grasses prior to or at				directions	
time of planting grasses or forage legumes					
Restrictions					
• Do not make more than 3 applications per year.					
Directions West of Cascade and Sierra Nevada Mounta	lins				

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre- Harvest Interval (Days)				
 Apply in October through December after first fall ra Apply on moderately to heavily grazed areas for bes Restrictions West of Cascade and Sierra Nevada Moun Do not use in heavy sod and weed growth areas. Directions East of Rocky Mountains 	t seeding results. tains		has started new gro	owth.				
 Use the 1.3 pts. rate on vigorous or coarse sod species such as bromegrass. Apply prior to, or at time of seeding grasses or forage legumes. Apply only to grazed or mowed pastures not more than 3" in height at time of treatment. 								
Directions Bermudagrass or Bahiagrass Sods • Apply in late summer or early fall to sod not exceedi • For control of emerged little barley, apply in Februar	ng 3" in height.		le harlov					
Directions Bermudagrass and Coastal Bermudagrass Pa • Apply when bermudagrass is dormant.	astures		ie bariey.					
 For control of little barley, apply before the mid-boo Restrictions Bermudagrass and Coastal Bermudagrass Do not mow for hay until 40 days after treatment. 								
For control of endophyte-fungus-infected fescue forage legume/grass mixture and other grass pastures	Broadcast (Split Application)	0.7-1.3 pts. followed by 0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	—				
 Directions Use split applications of 10-21 days apart if necessary. For spring plantings, the initial application of 0.7-1.3 pts. may be made the previous fall. Apply when fescue is actively growing and no more than 4" high. Restrictions Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not exceed 2.6 pts./A total in preparation for reseeding. 								
 To reduce the infestation of endophyte-infested gra *For prickly pear desiccation in pastures. *Not for use in California. 	Spot Sprays	0.8 fl. oz. per gallon of water	Spray to wet weed foliage					
 Directions Hand-held equipment such as knapsacks backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, hand guns, and hand wands can be used to direct the spray onto weed foliage so that the spray thoroughly wets foliage. Mix 0.8 fl. oz. of Willowood Paraquat 3SL and 1/3 fl. oz. of a nonionic surfactant per gallon of water. Completely and uniformly cover all green prickly pear foliage with spray. Apply in May through September for best desiccation results. Apply only to pastures with no more than 3" of height at time of treatment. Tank mix with Grazon® P+D Specialty® herbicide at a rate of 1-2 fl. oz. per gallon of water for improved desiccation and perennial control of prickly pear. Always refer to the Grazon P+D Specialty herbicide label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. Restrictions Do not make more than 10 applications per year. Do not use more than 1.6 pts. of Willowood Paraquat 3SL per acre per year. 								
*For Juniper Species leaf moisture reduction or desiccation prior to prescribed burning of pastures. *Not for use in California.	Broadcast	1.3 pts.	Air: 5 gals.	_				
 Directions Use only in conjunction with prescribed burning as recommended and monitored by local SCS or University and Extension Range Specialists. Apply during hot, dry weather conditions (generally July and August). Use 2% v/v nonionic surfactant in a minimum of 5 gals. spray solution. Monitor juniper leaf moisture content. Maximum leaf moisture reduction generally occurs 3-4 weeks after Willowood Paraquat 3SL application. Precautions Significant soil moisture and/or wet weather conditions prior to or after application will decrease the potential for juniper crown burns. Reduction in leaf moisture can be adversely affected by cool or humid weather conditions. Restrictions Do not make more than 10 applications per year. 								
Do not graze livestock after application or prior to be *Native Pastures	urning. Broadcast	1.0-1.25 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.					
*Not for use in California.	Di Gaucast	τ.υ-τ.23 μι 3 .	Air: 5 gals.	_				
Apply Willowood Paraquat 3SL for control of downy	and Japanese bro	ome.						

• Apply in spring after 90% node formation of brome species, but before full bloom.

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre- Harvest Interval (Days)	
• Apply only to pastures with no more than 3" of height at time of treatment.					

Precautions

 Emerged native perennial grasses will be burned by application, but application after 90% node formation will allow adequate time for native grasses to recover and attain maximum growth in the use season.
 Restrictions

• Do not make more than 2 applications per year.

• Do not apply more than 1.25 pts. Willowood Paraquat 3SL per year.

Conversion Table Willowood Paraquat 3SL to Be Applied						
Fluid Ounces	Pints	Lb. a.i.	Acres/Gallon			
2.5	0.16	0.06	51.3			
4.8	0.30	0.11	26.7			
5.28	0.33	0.12	24.2			
5.52	0.35	0.13	23.2			
10.00	0.63	0.23	12.8			
11.00	0.69	0.26	11.6			
11.20	0.70	0.26	11.4			
12.00	0.75	0.28	10.7			
16.00	1.00	0.38	8.0			
20.00	1.25	0.47	6.4			
20.80	1.30	0.49	6.2			
24.00	1.50	0.56	5.3			
28.00	1.75	0.66	4.6			
32.00	2.00	0.75	4.0			
40.00	2.50	0.94	3.2			
43.20	2.70	1.00	3.0			

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container and place in a locked storage area. Do not mix or store in containers, spray tanks, nurse tanks, or such systems made of aluminum or having aluminum fittings. Store at temperatures above 32°F. For Emergencies involving a Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, contact: CHEMTREC at (800) 424-9300.

Pesticide Disposal: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

[NONREFILLABLE CONTAINER:]

[Rigid, Nonrefillable Container Small Enough to Shake (Capacity of 5 Gallons or Less): Nonrefillable Container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Pump or empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Shake for 10 seconds. Pump rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank. Repeat this procedure two more times. [Prepare container for recycling.] Then offer container for recycling or reconditioning if available, or puncture and dispose and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.

Pressure rinse as follows: Pump or empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. While container is in the closed transfer system rinse at 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Once container is rinsed, [prepare container for recycling, then] offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.]

[Rigid, Nonrefillable Container Not Large Enough to Shake (Capacity of Greater than 5 Gallons, but Less than 120 Gallons): Nonrefillable Container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Pump or empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Remove transfer hoses. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use of disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Once container is rinsed, [prepare container for recycling, then] offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. Pressure rinse as follows: Pump or empty the remaining contents is rinsed, [prepare container for recycling, then] offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. Pressure rinse as follows: Pump or empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. While container is in the closed transfer system rinse at 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Once container is rinsed, [prepare container for recycling, then] offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.]

[Nonrefillable Container Greater than or Equal to 120 Gallons: Nonrefillable Container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse

promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use of disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer container for recycling or reconditioning if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.]

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE

CONDITION OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using the product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

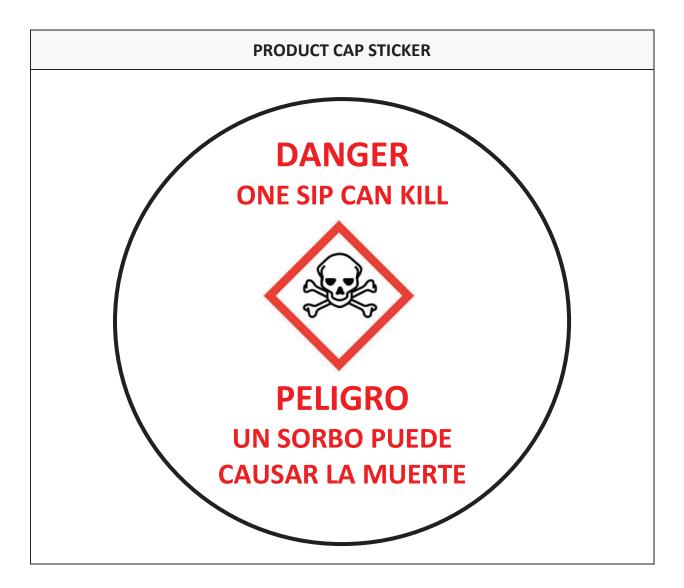
CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Willowood, LLC. To the extent consistent with applicable law, such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

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PARAQUAT DICHLORIDE SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIALS – Willowood Paraquat Concentrate; ABN: Willowood Paraquat 3SL – 87290-35 August 31, 2018 (EPA Approved Nov. 14, 2018)



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PRODUCT PA	PRODUCT PACKAGE SAFETY REQUIREMENTS STICKER						
NEVER TRANSFER THIS PRODUCT INTO FOOD OR BEVERAGE CONTAINERS OR CONTAINERS NOT EXPLICITLY INTENDED FOR PESTICIDES.	NUNCA TRANSFEIERA ESTE PRODUCTO A RECIPIENTES PARA COMIDA O DE BEBIDAS O RECIPIENTES NO EXPLÍCITAMENTE PREVISTOS PARA PLAGUICIDAS.						
ONE SIP CAN KILL.	UN SORBO PUEDE CAUSAR LA MUERTE.						
CONTACT WITH SKIN MAY RESULT IN POISONING.	EL CONTACTO CON LA PIEL PUEDE CAUSAR ENVENENAMIENTO.						
EXPOSURE TO EYES MAY CAUSE SUBSTANTIAL EYE INJURY.	EXPOSICIÓN A LOS OJOS PUEDE CAUSAR LESIONES SUSTANCIALES EN LOS OJOS.	DANGER EYE IRRITANT IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII					
PARAQUAT SHOULD ALWAYS BE STORED TIGHTLY CLOSED IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, AND IN A LOCKED PLACE AWAY FROM CHILDREN AND ANIMALS.	EL PARAQUAT DEBE ALMACENARSE SIEMPRE CERRADO EN SU RECIPIENTE ORIGINAL, Y EN UN LUGAR CERRADO, ALEJADO DE NIÑOS Y ANIMALES.						
READ ENTIRE LABEL PRIOR TO USING THIS PRODUCT.	LEA LA ETIQUETA COMPLETA ANTES DE USAR ESTE PRODUCTO.						

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	COUNTER CARD					
Willowood Paraquat 3SL contains the active ingredient paraquat dichloride (paraquat). People have died from accidentally drinking paraquat containing products that had been transferred into a beverage container, such as a water bottle or other drink bottle. It is also highly corrosive and can cause severe skin and eye damage including 3 rd degree burns. Inhalation exposure may result in serious respiratory effects. FATAL if swallowed or inhaled.		Willowood Paraquat 3SL contiene el ingrediente activo dicloruro de paraquat (paraquat). Hay personas que han muerto por beber accidentalmente productos que contienen paraquat que se habían transferido a un recipiente de bebidas, como una botella de agua u otra botella de bebida También es altamente corrosivo y puede causar daños graves en la piel y los ojos, incluyendo quemaduras de tercer grado. La exposición por inhalación puede provocar efectos respiratorios graves. FATAL si se ingiere o inhala.				
PROPER STORAGE AND HANDLING	ALMACENAMI MANEJO ADEC	-				
NEVER TRANSFER WILLOWOOD PARAQUAT 3SL INTO FOOD OR BEVERAGE CONTAINERS OR CONTAINERS NOT EXPLICITLY INTENDED FOR WILLOWOOD PARAQUAT 3SL.	NUNCA TRANSFIERA WILLOWOOD PARAQUAT 3SL A RECIPIENTES PARA COMIDA O DE BEBIDAS O RECIPIENTES NO EXPLÍCITAMENTE PREVISTOS WILLOWOOD PARAQUAT 3SL.					
ONE SIP CAN KILL.	UN SORBO PUEDE CAUSAR LA MUERTE.					
CONTACT WITH SKIN MAY RESULT IN POISONING.	EL CONTACTO CON LA PIEL PUEDE RESULTAR EN ENVENENAMIENTO.					
EXPOSURE TO EYES MAY CAUSE SUBSTANTIAL EYE INJURY.	LA EXPOSICIÓN A LOS OJOS PUEDE CAUSAR LESIONES GRAVES A LOS OJOS.		DANGER EYE IRRITANT ©			

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PARAQUAT SHOULD	EL PARAQUAT			
ALWAYS BE STORED TIGHTLY CLOSED IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, AND IN A LOCKED PLACE AWAY FROM CHILDREN AND ANIMALS.		E SIEMPRE SU RECIPIENTE N UN LUGAR JADO DE		
READ ENTIRE LABEL PRIOR TO USING THIS PRODUCT.	LEA LA ETIQUE ANTES DE USA PRODUCTO.	TA COMPLETA R ESTE		
DISREGARDING LABEL DIRECTIONS IS A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW AND IS PUNISHABLE BY SUCH.		NO SEGUIR LAS INDICACIONES DE LA ETIQUETA REPRESENTA UNA INFRACCIÓN DE LA LEY FEDERAL Y ES PENADO COMO TAL.		
USE REQUIREMENTS	USE REQUIREMENTS		REQUISITOS DE USO	
• TO PREVENT SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH, FOLLOW ALL LABEL RQUIREMENTS.		• PARA EVITAR LESIONES GRAVES O LA MUERTE, SIGA TODOS LOS REQUERIMIENTOS DE LA ETIQUETA.		
• TO BE USED BY CERTIFIED APPLICATORS ONLY – <u>NOT</u> TO BE USED BY UNCERTIFIED PERSONS WORKING UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF A CERTIFIED APPLICATOR.		APLICADOF SER UTILIZA CERTIFICAE	JTILIZADO SOLO POR RES CERTIFICADOS: <u>NO</u> DEBE ADO POR PERSONAS NO DAS QUE TRABAJAN BAJO LA ÓN DE UN APLICADOR DO.	

 August 31, 2018 (EPA Approved Nov. 14, 2018) Applicators and other handlers (other than Mixers and Loaders) must wear Long-sleeve shirt and long pants Shoes plus socks Protective eyewear Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥14 mils, natural rubber ≥14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ≥14 mils, or Viton®≥14 mils NIOSH-approved particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter, NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84A, or a NIOSH-approved powered 	 Los aplicadores y otras personas que lo manipulen (que no sean mezcladores y cargadores) deben usar camisa de manga larga y pantalones largos zapatos con calcetines gafas protectoras guantes resistentes a productos químicos (hechos de barrera laminada, goma de butilo ≥14 milésimas de pulgada, goma de nitrilo ≥14 milésimas de pulgada, goma de neopreno ≥14 milésimas de pulgada, goma natural ≥14 milésimas de pulgada, polietileno, cloruro de polivinilo (PVC) ≥14 milésimas de pulgada o Viton[®] ≥14 milésimas de pulgada) un respirador de partículas aprobado por NIOSH para polvo/niebla con cualquier filtro N, R, o P,
 air-purifying respirator with an HE filter with NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C. Mixers and Loaders must wear Long-sleeve shirt and long pants Shoes plus socks NIOSH-approved particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter, NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84A, or a NIOSH-approved powered air-purifying respirator with an HE filter with NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C. Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥14 mils, natural rubber ≥14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ≥14 mils, or Viton®≥14 mils Chemical-resistant apron Face shield 	 prefijo de número de aprobación NIOSH TC-84A, o un respirador purificador de aire con aprobación NIOSH con filtro HE con prefijo de número de aprobación NIOSH TC-21C. Los mezcladores y cargadores deben utilizer camisa de manga larga y pantalones largos zapatos con calcetines un respirador de partículas aprobado por NIOSH para polvo/niebla con cualquier filtro N, R, o P, prefijo de número de aprobación NIOSH TC-84A, o un respirador purificador de aire con aprobación NIOSH con filtro HE con prefijo de número de aprobación NIOSH TC-84A, o un respirador purificador de aire con aprobación NIOSH con filtro HE con prefijo de número de aprobación NIOSH TC-21C. guantes resistentes a productos químicos (hechos de barrera laminada, goma de butilo ≥14 milésimas de pulgada, goma de neopreno ≥14 milésimas de pulgada, goma natural ≥14 milésimas de pulgada, polietileno, cloruro de polivinilo (PVC) ≥14 milésimas de pulgada o
 Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. 	 Viton® ≥14 milésimas de pulgada) un delantal resistente a productos químicos, protector facial Quítese la ropa o equipo de protección personal inmediatamente si se impregna de pesticida. Luego lávese bien y póngase ropa limpia.
Remove and wash contaminated clothing before wearing again.	Retire y lave la ropa contaminada antes de volver a usarla.

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•	Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with paraquat. Do not reuse them. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washing PPE exist, use detergent and hot water.	•	Deseche la ropa y otros materiales absorbentes empapados o fuertemente contaminados con paraquat. No los reutilice. Siga las instrucciones del fabricante para limpiar y mantener el EPP. Si no existen tales instrucciones para lavar el EPP, use detergente y agua caliente.		
•	Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.	•	Mantenga y lave el EPP por separado de la otra ropa.		
•	Refer to the product label for more information.	•	Consulte la etiqueta del producto para más información.		
 DO NOT tank mix this product with any pest control products other than those listed on the Willowood Paraquat 3SL label. Willowood Paraquat 3SL is compatible with the tank mix partners listed on this label. 		 NO mezcle en tanque este producto con ningún otro producto para el control de plagas que no esté incluido en la etiqueta Willowood Paraquat 3SL. Willowood Paraquat 3SL es compatible con los socios o mezcla de tanque listados en esta etiqueta. 			
FIR	RST AID	PRIMEROS AUXILIOS			
•	If swallowed: SPEED IS ESSENTIAL. Immediate medical attention is required. Administer either activated charcoal (100g for adults or 2g/kg body weight in children) or Fuller's Earth (15% solution; 1 liter for adults or 15ml/kg body weight in children). DO NOT USE SUPPLEMENTAL OXYGEN. Call a poison control center or doctor IMMEDIATELY for treatment advice. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.	•	Si se ingiere: LA RAPIDEZ ES ESENCIAL. Se requiere atención médica inmediata. Administre carbón activado (100 g para adultos o 2 g/kg de peso corporal en niños) o Fuller's Earth (solución al 15 %, 1 litro para adultos o 15 ml/kg de peso corporal en niños). NO USE OXÍGENO COMPLEMENTARIO. Llame a un centro de control de envenenamiento o a un médico INMEDIATAMENTE para recibir asesoramiento sobre el tratamiento. No administre nada por vía oral a una persona inconsciente.		
•	If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. The odor of this product is from the alerting agent, which has been added, not from the paraquat. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.	•	Si se inhala: Mueva a la persona al aire fresco. El olor de este producto proviene del agente de alerta, que se ha agregado, no del paraquat. Si la persona no respira, llame al 911 o a una ambulancia. Para recibir instrucciones adicionales respecto al tratamiento a seguir, llame a un médico o a un centro de control de envenenamiento.		
•	If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with clean water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	•	Si entra en contacto con los ojos: Mantenga los ojos abiertos y enjuague lenta y suavemente con agua limpia durante 15-20 minutos. Si el afectado usa lentes de contacto, espere cinco minutos antes de retirarlos; entonces, continúe enjuagando el ojo. Llame a un médico o a un centro de control de envenenamiento para recibir instrucciones respecto al tratamiento a seguir.		

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 If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. IMMEDIATELY wash the affected area with soap and water and rinse for 15-20 minutes. Prolonged contact will cause severe irritation. Contact with irritated skin or a cut or repeated contact with intact skin may result in poisoning. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 	 Si entra en contacto con la piel o la ropa: Qítese la ropa contaminada. Lave INMEDIATAMENTE la zona afectada con agua y jabón y enjuague durante 15-20 minutos. El contacto prolongado causará irritación grave. El contacto con la piel irritada o un corte o contacto repetido con la piel intacta puede provocar intoxicación. OBTENGA ATENCIÓN MÉDICA. Llame a un médico o a un centro de control de envenenamiento para recibir instrucciones respecto al tratamiento a seguir.
• Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.	 Tenga a la mano el envase del producto o su etiqueta cuando llame al centro de control de envenenamiento, al médico o al buscar tratamiento.
Please refer to the product label for further information.	Consulte la etiqueta del producto para obtener más información.
For 24-hour medical emergency assistance (human or animal) call (800) 222-1222 or chemical emergency assistance (spill, leak, fire or accident) call ChemTrec at (800) 424-9300.	Para asistencia de emergencia médica las 24 horas (humanos o animales) llame al (800) 222- 1222 o asistencia de emergencia química (derrames, fugas, incendios o accidentes) llame al (800) 424-9300.
For non-emergency product information call 877- 679-9963.	Para casos información del producto que no son de emergencia llame al 877-679-9963.