



OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

January 20, 2026

SENT BY EMAIL

Tasha Lott
tasha.lott@syntechresearch.com
GENERIC CROP SCIENCE, LCC

Subject: Labeling Notification per Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 - This is a Label notification to revise the Manufactured for statement and the company name throughout the label to reflect the division name Generic Crop Science, LLC.
Product Name: WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC
Admin Number: 87290-11
EPA Receipt Date: 11/21/2025
Action Case Number: 00676874

Dear Tasha Lott:

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency is in receipt of your application for notification under Pesticide Registration Notice 98-10 for the above referenced product. The EPA has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action requested falls within the scope of PRN 98-10.

The labeling submitted with this application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to your company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the EPA. If the website is false or misleading, the product will be considered to be misbranded and sale or distribution of the product is unlawful under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR § 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements the EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the EPA find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains statements or claims substantially differing from statements or claims made in connection with obtaining a FIFRA section 3 registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance.

If you have questions, please contact Celeste Bollini by telephone at (202) 564-2255 or via email at bollini.celeste@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Kable Bo Davis

Kable Bo Davis, Senior Advisor
FHB, RD
Office of Pesticide Programs

[MASTER LABEL]

NOTIFICATION

87290-11

The applicant has certified that no changes, other than those reported to the Agency have been made to the labeling. The Agency acknowledges this notification by letter dated:

01/20/2026

Willowood Clethodim 2 EC

[ABN: Farmers First™ Clethodim 2EC]
[ABN: GCS Clethodim 2 EC]

CLETHODIM

GROUP

1

HERBICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

By Wt.

*Clethodim..... 26.4%

OTHER INGREDIENTS:..... 73.6%

TOTAL:..... 100.0%

Contains Petroleum Distillates.

*(E)-2-[1[[[(3-chloro-2-propenyl)-oxy]imino]propyl]-5-[2-(ethylthio)propyl]-3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexen-1-one

Contains 2.0 lbs. clethodim per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

WARNING – AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.

(If you **DO NOT** understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID

IF IN EYES:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Take off contaminated clothing.Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.DO NOT give any liquid to the person.DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF INHALED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Move person to fresh air.If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

HOTLINE NUMBERS

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For emergency information concerning this product, call the National Pesticides Information Center (NPIC) at **1-800-858- 7378** Mon.-Fri., 8:00 am to 12:00 pm Pacific Time or your poison control center at **1-800-222-1222**.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Ingestion of this product or subsequent vomiting can result in aspiration of light hydrocarbon liquid, which can cause pneumonitis. If ingested, probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

[Optional referral statements when booklets and container labels are used:]

[See label booklet for [complete] [additional] [First Aid,] [Precautionary Statements,] [Directions For Use,] and [Storage and Disposal.]]

EPA Reg. No. 87290-11

EPA Est. No. _____

Manufactured For [By]:

[Willowood, LLC](#) [Generic Crop Science, LLC](#)

1887 Whitney Mesa Dr., #9740

Henderson, NV 89014

Net Contents: _____

[Contains clethodim, the active ingredient used in Select 2 EC Herbicide.]

[Willowood Clethodim 2 EC {or} [This Product] is not manufactured, or distributed by Valent, USA LLC, seller of Select 2 EC Herbicide.]

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

WARNING

Causes substantial but temporary eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin. **DO NOT** get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as Barrier Laminate or Viton ≥14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. **DO NOT** reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean highwater mark. **DO NOT** apply where runoff is likely to occur. **DO NOT** apply where weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water or rinsate.

The use of this product may pose a hazard to the federally designated endangered species of Solano Grass and Wild Rice. Use of this product is prohibited in the following areas where the species are known to exist:

- **Solano Grass:** Solano County, California: the vernal lakes are bounded by the Union Pacific Railroad and Hastings Road to the north, Highway 113 to the east, Highway 12 to the south, and Travis Air Force Base to the west.
- **Wild Rice:** Hays County, Texas.

Non-Target Organism Advisory Statement

This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated area. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Combustible. **DO NOT** use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ THE ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact

with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Viton \geq 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forest, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas, or vicinity where there may be drift. **DO NOT** enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

TANK MIXES

NOTICE: Tank mixing or use of this product with any other product which is not specifically and expressly authorized by the label shall be the exclusive risk of user, applicator and/or application advisor.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Read and follow the entire label of each product to be used in the tank with this product.

WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** is a Group 1 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** and other Group 1 herbicides. Weed species with acquired resistance to Group 1 herbicides may eventually dominate the weed population if Group 1 herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as the primary method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** or other Group 1 herbicides. Users should scout before and after application.

Suspected herbicide-resistant weeds may be identified by these indicators:

- Failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds;
- A spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; and
- Surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species.

To delay herbicide resistance:

- Avoid the consecutive use of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** or other target site of action Group 1 herbicides that might have a similar target site of action, on the same weed species.
- Use tank mixtures or premixes with herbicides from different target site of action Groups as long as the involved products are all registered for the same use, have different sites of action and are both effective at the tank mix or prepack rate on the weed(s) of concern (an herbicide mode of action classification by itself may not adequately address specific weeds that are resistant to specific herbicides)
- Base herbicide use on a comprehensive Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program.
- Scout fields prior to application to identify the weed species present and their growth state to determine if the intended application will be effective.
- Scout fields after application to verify that the treatment was effective.
- Contact your local extension specialist, certified crop advisors and/or manufacturer for herbicide resistance management and/or integrated weed management recommendations for specific crops and resistant weed biotypes.

Report any incidence of non-performance of this product against a particular weed species to your [Willowood, LLC][Generic Crop Science, LLC] retailer or representative. If resistance is suspected, treat weed escapes with an herbicide having a different mechanism of action and/or use non-chemicals means to remove escapes, as practical, with the goal of preventing further seed production.

CHEMIGATION

May be applied to onions and garlic by sprinkler irrigation systems. **DO NOT** apply by chemigation to any other crop, or to this crop using any other type of irrigation system.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

FOR USE ON¹: Alfalfa; Artichoke (Globe); Asparagus; Bean (dry) and Pea (shelled) [Dry Shelled Pea and Bean (except Soybean) Subgroup 6C]; Bean and Pea (succulent shelled) [Succulent Shelled Pea and Bean Subgroup 6B]; Berry, Low Growing (except cranberry and strawberry) [Low Growing Berry Subgroup 13-07G]; Brassica Vegetables, Head and Stem [Subgroup 5-16]; Brassica Leafy Greens [Subgroup 4-16A]; Brassica Leafy Greens (except radish leaves, turnip greens, and watercress) [Subgroup 4-16B]; Bushberry [Subgroup 13-07B]; Caneberry [Subgroup 13-07A]; Canola (except flax seed, mustard seed and sesame) [Rapeseed

Subgroup 20A]*; Clover (grown in Idaho, Oregon, and Washington only); Corn, Field; Cotton (including cotton grown for seed) [Cottonseed Subgroup 20C]; Cranberry; Cucurbit Vegetables, Melons (including cantaloupes and watermelons) [Subgroup 9A]; Cucurbit Vegetables, Squash/Cucumbers [Subgroup 9B]; Fallow Land (and other non-producing agricultural areas); Flax*; Fruiting Vegetables (except okra) [Group 8-10]; Herbs [Subgroup 19A]; Hops; Leaf Petioles (including rhubarb) [Leaf Petiole Vegetables Subgroup 22B]; Leafy Brassica Greens (including mustard greens) [Subgroup 5B]; Leafy Greens [Subgroup 4A]; Legume Vegetables, Edible podded (except soybean) [Subgroup 6]; Mint (peppermint and spearmint tops); Mustard Seed*; Non-Bearing Food Crops; Non-Crop or Non-Planted Areas; Onion, Bulb [Subgroup 3-07A]; Onion, Green [Subgroup 3-07B]; Ornamentals; Peanut (including perennial); Pome Fruit [Group 11-10]; Potato; Radish; Root Vegetables (except sugar beet) [Subgroup 1B]; Safflower; Sesame; Soybean; Stalk and Stem Vegetable [Subgroup 22A]; Stevia, Dried leaves; Stone Fruit [Group 12-12]; Strawberry; Sugar Beet; Sunflower (except safflower) [Subgroup 20B]; Tomato; Tree Nuts [Group 14-12]; Tuberous and Corm Vegetables (except potato) [Subgroup 1C]; and Turnip Greens.

¹Refer to the **CROP SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS** table for specific crop listings.

*Not registered for use in California.

RESTRICTIONS:

- Application on Long Island, New York is restricted to no more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per year.
- DO NOT** apply if rain is expected within 1 hour of application as control may be unsatisfactory.
- DO NOT** apply a post-emergence broadleaf herbicide within 1 day following application of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** or reduced grass control may result.
- DO NOT** apply under conditions of stress. Applying **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** under conditions that **DO NOT** promote active grass growth will reduce herbicide effectiveness. These conditions include drought, excessive water, extremes in temperature, low humidity and grasses either partially controlled or stunted from prior pesticide applications. Grasses under these kinds of stressful conditions will not absorb and translocate **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** effectively and will be less susceptible to herbicide activity.
- DO NOT** allow **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** to come into contact with desirable grass crops such as corn, rice, sorghum, small grains, or turf, as these and other grass crops will be injured or killed. Minor leaf spotting may occur on treated plants under certain environmental conditions. New foliage is not affected.
- Aerial applications for all tree fruits and tree nuts uses are prohibited.
- DO NOT** apply more than 4 applications per year for the following uses: fallow land, rights-of-way, around airports, electric utilities, commercial buildings, manufacturing plants, storage yards, rail yards, fence lines, parkways, beneath greenhouse benches, alfalfa, ornamentals, landscaped areas, non-bearing food crops (apples, berries, strawberries, citrus fruits, grapes, olives, pears, stone fruits, and tree nuts), grass forage/fodder/hay, clover, herbs, turnip greens, sesame, safflower, hops, mustard vegetables, radishes, mint, beets, brassica vegetables, carrots, cranberries, cucurbit vegetables, fruiting vegetables, leafy vegetables, strawberries, dried beans, cotton, peanuts, potatoes, sainfoin, soybeans, sugar beets, sunflowers, sweet potatoes, tomatoes, trefoil, yams, root and tuber vegetables, Christmas trees, lentils, tree fruits and tree nuts, asparagus, sage, shallots, artichokes, bushberries, including cranberries, peaches, meadowfoam, seeds, and kenaf.
- DO NOT** apply more than 66.5 fl. oz./A (1.04 lbs. a.i./A) per year to the following: fallow land, rights-of-way, around airports, electric utilities, commercial buildings, manufacturing plants, storage yards, rail yards, fence lines, parkways, beneath greenhouse benches, alfalfa, ornamentals, landscaped areas, non-bearing food crops (apples, berries, strawberries, citrus fruits, grapes, olives, pears, stone fruits, and tree nuts), clover, mint, beets, brassica vegetables, carrots, cranberries, cucurbit vegetables, fruiting vegetables, leafy vegetables, strawberries, dried beans, cotton, peanuts, potatoes, sainfoin, soybeans, sugar beets, sunflowers, sweet potatoes, tomatoes, trefoil, yams, Christmas trees, tree fruits, and tree nuts.
- ROTATIONAL RESTRICTIONS - DO NOT** plant rotational crops until 30 days after application of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** unless the crop is listed on the **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** label.

PRECAUTIONS:

- Grass crops such as corn, rice, sorghum, small grains, or turf, etc. are highly sensitive to **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC**.
- Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** may not be used on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.
- Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** is a selective post-emergence herbicide for control of annual and perennial grasses.
- Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** does not control sedges or broadleaf weeds.
- Optimal perennial grass control can be obtained if rhizomes or stolons are cut up by pre-plant tillage practices (discing, plowing, etc.) to stimulate maximum emergence of grass shoots. Cultural practices, such as continuous no-tillage in which the perennial grass rhizomes or stolons are not cut up, result in a very staggered, non-uniform weed emergence. Due to this non-uniform weed emergence, make no fewer than 2 **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** applications per year at the appropriate weed-growth stage rate under continuous no-till conditions.
- While all vegetable crops on this label have been tested and are not sensitive to **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC**, not all specialty varieties of these crops have been tested. It is advised that before applying **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** to specialty varieties of vegetable crops on this label, crop sensitivity be investigated first using a small section of the field. It is possible that injury symptoms can occur. Symptoms may appear as leaf speckling or stunting.
- Always read and follow the restrictions and precautions for all products whether used alone or in a tank mix. The most restrictive labeling of any product used applies in tank mixtures, including all crop rotational and other crop restrictions.
- Tank mixes of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** and broadleaf herbicides may result in reduced grass control. If grass regrowth occurs, an additional application of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** may be necessary. **AVOID SPRAY DRIFT.**
- Repeated use of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** (or similar post-emergence grass herbicides with the same mode of action) may lead to the selection of naturally occurring biotypes that are resistant to these products in some grass species.
- If poor performance occurs and cannot be attributed to adverse weather or application conditions, a resistant biotype may be present. This is most likely to occur in fields where other control strategies such as crop rotation, mechanical removal, and

other classes of herbicides are not used from year to year.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Timing of Applications

Apply **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** post-emergence to actively growing grasses according prescribed rates in the table. Applications made to grass plants stressed by insufficient moisture, or hot or cold temperatures, or to grass plants exceeding listed growth stages may result in unsatisfactory control. **DO NOT** apply under these conditions.

In arid regions where irrigation is used to supplement limited rainfall, apply **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** as soon as possible, after irrigation (within 7 days). In arid regions, a second application of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** will generally provide more effective control of perennial grass weeds than a single application. Make second application to actively growing grass 2 to 3 weeks after emergence of new growth.

Cultivation of treated grasses 7 days prior to or within 7 days after application of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** may reduce weed control. **DO NOT APPLY Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** if rainfall is expected within 1 hour, since control may be reduced.

Control Symptoms

Treated grass weeds show a reduction in vigor and growth. Early chlorosis/necrosis of younger plant tissue is followed by a progressive collapse of the remaining foliage. Symptoms will generally be observed in 7 to 14 days after application, depending on grass species treated and environmental conditions.

ADDITION OF ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE

CROP	ADJUVANT USE INSTRUCTIONS
Alfalfa, Cotton, Bean (Dry) and Pea (Shelled), Edible Podded Legume Vegetable (except Soybean), Peanuts (including Perennial), Potato, Soybean, Bean and Pea (Succulent Shelled), Sugar Beet, and Sunflower (except Safflower)	Always use a crop oil concentrate* at 1.0 qt./A by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume by air. 1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N or 32%N), or an equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to Willowood Clethodim 2 EC applications, in addition to the specified rate of crop oil concentrate. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.
Artichoke (Globe), Asparagus, Berry (Low-Growing; except Cranberry And Strawberry), Bushberry, Caneberry, Canola (except Flax Seed, Mustard Seed And Sesame), Clover, Cranberry, Cucurbits, Flax, Fruiting Vegetables (except Tomato), Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables, Herbs, Hops, Leaf Petioles, Leafy Brassica Greens, Leafy Greens, Mint, Mustard Seed, Onion (Dry Bulb), Green Onion, Pome Fruit, Radish, Root Vegetables (except Radish), Safflower, Sesame, Stone Fruit, Strawberry, Stevia (Dried Leaves), Tomato, Tuberous and Corm Vegetables (except Potato), and Turnip Greens	Always use a crop oil concentrate at 1% v/v in the finished spray volume unless tank mix instructions indicate otherwise. Addition of liquid fertilizer is not advised for these crops.
Non-Bearing Food Crops and Ornamental Plants	Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v). Use of crop oil concentrate is not advised since it may injure flowers and foliage.
Conifer Trees, Fallow Land (and Other Non-Producing Agricultural Areas) and Non-Crop or Non-Planted Areas	Always use a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier at 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

*Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those that contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality, and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils.

Ground Application

Use of sufficient spray volumes and pressure is essential to ensure complete coverage. Use a minimum of 5 gals. and a maximum of 40 gals. of spray solution per acre. Under the following conditions a minimum of 10 gals. per acre is required: ultra-narrow row cotton, narrow row soybeans, broadleaf herbicide tank mixes, perennial grasses, volunteer corn, drought or stress conditions, heavy grass pressure or when grasses are at or near maximum height. Failure to use a minimum of 10 gals. per acre under these conditions can result in poor coverage and reduced grass control requiring repeat applications. Spray pressures must reflect a minimum of 30 PSI and a maximum of 60 PSI at the nozzle. **DO NOT** use flood nozzles.

Applications to onions (dry bulb), green onion and garlic must be made in a minimum of 20 gals. of spray solution per acre.

Air Application

Use a minimum of 3 gals. of spray solution per acre unless otherwise directed in this label. Increase spray volumes up to 10 gals. as grass or crop foliage becomes dense. For onions (dry bulb), green onion or garlic: When applying by air **DO NOT** exceed 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i.) in a single application. In California, make air applications to onions or garlic in a minimum of 20 gals. of spray solution per acre. In states other than California, air application to onions or garlic must be made in a minimum of 10 gals. of spray solution per acre.

NOTE: Crop injury may occur when Willowood Clethodim 2 EC is applied to onions or garlic with aerial equipment.

Spot Treatment

When using hand sprayers or high-volume sprayers utilizing handguns, mix 1/4% to 1/2% (0.33 oz. to 0.65 oz. per gal.) **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** and treat to wet vegetation, while not allowing runoff of spray solution. For uses requiring crop oil concentrate, include crop oil concentrate at 1% (1.3 oz. per gal.) by volume. For uses requiring non-ionic surfactant, include non-ionic surfactant at 1/4% (0.33 oz. per gal.) by volume).

NOTE: If Willowood Clethodim 2 EC is applied as a spot treatment, DO NOT exceed the maximum rate allowed on a "per acre" basis or crop injury may occur.

CHEMIGATION – ONION (Dry Bulb), GREEN ONION, AND GARLIC SPRINKLER IRRIGATION APPLICATION

Only apply **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** by chemigation to onion (dry bulb), green onion, and garlic crops.

May be applied to onions and garlic by sprinkler irrigation systems.

Apply **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** at the high rate for annual grasses (16 fl. oz. per acre; 0.250 lb. a.i.) when the grass height is at the low end of the range (application to larger grasses may not provide adequate control). Add a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier at 1 quart per acre.

Apply **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** in 0.1 to 0.2 acre-inch of water either at the end of a regular irrigation set or as a separate application not associated with a regular irrigation using the least amount of water that provides proper distribution and coverage. Application of more than label specified quantities of irrigation water per acre may result in decreased product performance by removing the chemical from the zone of effectiveness. Use a metering device to inject the **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** into the irrigation water at a constant flow. Constant agitation must be maintained in the chemical supply tank during the entire period of herbicide application. Inject the product with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to ensure adequate mixing. Allow time for all lines to flush the herbicide through all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. To ensure the lines are flushed and free of remaining herbicide, a dye indicator may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

Restrictions:

- **DO NOT apply Willowood Clethodim 2 EC by chemigation in the states of Idaho, Montana, Oregon, and Washington.**
- **DO NOT** apply this product through any irrigation system connected to a public water system.
- **DO NOT** apply by chemigation to any other crop, or to this crop using any other type of irrigation system.
- **DO NOT** apply **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** through an irrigation system connected to a public water system. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption, if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- **DO NOT** apply this product through any other type of irrigation system (i.e., Public Irrigation System).
- **DO NOT** connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments if the need arises.
- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment
- **DO NOT** connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the label-prescribed safety devices for public water supplies are in place.

Precautions:

- Apply this product only through sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, travelers, big gun, solid set, or hand move. **DO NOT** apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop may result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- If you have any questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT**Aerial Applications:**

- **DO NOT** release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators are required to use a coarse or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- The boom length must not exceed 65% of the wingspan for airplanes or 75% of the rotor blade diameter for helicopters.
- Applicators must use 1/2 swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Nozzles must be oriented so the spray is directed toward the back of the aircraft.
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.

Ground Boom Applications:

- Apply with the nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or crop canopy. For all other ground applications, the nozzle must be no more than 3 feet from the target vegetation.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Boom

- **Volume** - Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- **Pressure** - Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- **Spray Nozzle** - Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

Controlling Droplet Size - Aircraft

- **Adjust Nozzles** - Follow nozzle manufacturers recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom

For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

RELEASE HEIGHT - Aircraft

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS. Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

CROP SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC

Crops ⁽¹⁾	Minimum Time from Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ⁽²⁾	Application Instructions
Alfalfa including: Sainfoin Holy Clover	15 days before grazing, feeding, or harvesting	6-16 fl. oz. ⁽⁴⁾ (0.094-0.250 lb. a.i.)	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Refer to tank mix partners for feeding, grazing, and

Birdsfoot Trefoil ⁽³⁾ Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	(cutting) for forage or hay		pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	harvesting restrictions. ^(3,6) The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. oz., or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 fl. oz., per year. DO NOT apply this product plus 2,4-DB as a tank mix to alfalfa unless the 60-day feeding, grazing, and harvesting restriction on the 2,4-DB label can be observed.
Artichoke (Globe)	5 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications per year.
Asparagus	1 day	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre in a single application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.
Bean (Dry, Shelled) [Dry Shelled Pea and Bean (except Soybean) Subgroup 6C] including: Bean (<i>Lupinus</i> spp.) Grain Sweet White White Sweet Bean (<i>Phaseolus</i> spp.) Field Kidney Lima (Dry) Navy Pinto Tepary Bean (<i>Vigna</i> spp.) Adzuki Bean Blackeye Pea Catjang Cowpea Crowder Pea Moth Bean Mung Bean Rice Bean Southern Pea Urd Bean Broad (Dry) Chickpea (Garbanzo) Guar	30 days	6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.250 lb. a.i.)	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of 14-day interval. Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate directions for the control of small annual grasses. The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. oz., or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 fl. oz., per year.

Lablab Bean Lentil Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.				
Bean (Succulent, Shelled) [Succulent Shelled Pea and Bean Subgroup 6B] including: Bean (<i>Phaseolus</i> spp.) Broad Bean (Succulent) Lima Bean (Green) Bean (<i>Vigna</i> spp.) Black-Eyed Pea Cowpea Southern Pea Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	21 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate directions for the control of small annual grasses. The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 1 application at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.
Berry, Low Growing (except Cranberry and Strawberry) [Subgroup 13-07G] including: Bearberry Bilberry Blueberry, Lowbush Cloudberry Ligonberry Muntries Partridgeberry Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	45 days	4-8 fl. oz. (0.063-0.125 lb. a.i.)	Non-ionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Verify crop sensitivity to Willowood Clethodim 2 EC on a small area of the crop, at the desired Willowood Clethodim 2 EC rate and with the same non-ionic surfactant (NIS) that will be used on the field. If no crop response is evident 7 days after treatment, Willowood Clethodim 2 EC may be used on the entire field at the same rate tested and with the same NIS used in the sensitivity test. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 4-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.
Brassica Vegetables, Head and Stem [Subgroup 5-16] including: Broccoli Broccoli, Chinese Brussels Sprouts Cabbage Cabbage, Chinese (Napa) Cabbage, Chinese Mustard Cauliflower Cavalo Broccolo Kohlrabi Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	30 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.
Brassica Leafy Greens [Subgroup 4-16A] Including: Amaranth (Chinese and Leafy) Aster, Indian Blackjack Cat's Whiskers Cham-chwi Cham-na-mul Chervil (Fresh Leaves)	14 Days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.

Chipilin Chrysanthemum, Garland Cilantro (Fresh Leaves) Corn Salad Cosmos Dandelion (Leaves) Dang-gwi (Leaves) Dillweed Dock Dol-nam-mul Ebolo Endive Escarole Fameflower Feather Cockscumb Good King Henry Huauzontle Jute (Leaves) Lettuce (Bitter, Head, and Leaf) Orach Parsley (Fresh Leaves) Plantain, Buckhorn Primrose, English Purslane (Garden and Winter) Radicchio Spinach Spinach (Malabar, New Zealand, and Tanier) Swiss Chard Violet, Chinese (Leaves) Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.				
Brassica Leafy Greens (except Radish Leaves, Turnip Greens and Watercress) [Subgroup 4-16B] including: Arugula Broccoli, Chinese Broccoli Raab Cabbage, Abyssinian Cabbage, Chinese (Bok Choy) Cabbage, Seakale Collards Cress (Garden and Upland) Hanover Salad Kale Maca (Leaves) Mizuna Mustard Greens Rape Greens Rocket, Wild Shepherd's Purse Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	14 Days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14- day interval. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.
Bushberry [Subgroup 13-07B]	14 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125	1% v/v in the finished spray	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14- day interval.

including: Aronia Berry Blueberry, Highbush Chilean Guava Cranberry, Highbush Currant, Black Currant, Buffalo Currant, Native Currant, Red Elderberry European Barberry Gooseberry Honeysuckle, Edible Huckleberry Jostaberry Juneberry Saskatoon Berry Salal Sea Buckthorn Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.		lb. a.i.)	volume.	Apply at the base of the plant where grassy weeds are growing near the ground. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year. DO NOT apply to low growing berries. DO NOT apply to Bushberry grown for root stock.
Caneberry [Subgroup 13-07A] including: Blackberry Loganberry Raspberry (Black, Red, and Wild) Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	7 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Apply at the base of the plant where grassy weeds are growing near the ground. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year. DO NOT apply to low growing berries. DO NOT apply to Caneberry grown for root stock.
Canola (except Flax Seed, Mustard Seed, and Sesame) [Rapeseed Subgroup 20A] [(Not registered for use in California.)] including: Borage Crambe Cuphea Echium Gold of Pleasure (Camelina) Hare's Ear Mustard Lesquerella Lunaria Meadowfoam Milkweed Oil Radish Poppy Seed Rapeseed (Canola) Sweet Rocket Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	70 days	4-6 fl. oz. (0.063-0.094 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Verify crop sensitivity to Willowood Clethodim 2 EC on a small area of the crop at the desired Willowood Clethodim 2 EC rate and with the same non-ionic surfactant (NIS) that will be used on the field. If no crop response is evident 7 days after treatment, Willowood Clethodim 2 EC may be used on the entire field at the rate tested and with the same NIS used in the sensitivity test. Restrictions: DO NOT apply after crop has begun bolting. Crop injury may occur when Willowood Clethodim 2 EC is applied during the bloom period. DO NOT apply more than 6 fl. oz. (0.094 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 6 fl. oz. (0.094 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 1 application at 4-6 fl. oz. per acre per year.
Clover	15 days before grazing, feeding, or harvesting (cutting) for	6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.250 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For use on clover grown in the states of Idaho, Oregon, and Washington only. For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.

	forage or hay			Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT exceed 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 2 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. oz., or 1 application at the highest rate, 16 fl. oz., per acre per year.
Corn, Field For burndown of existing stand of Roundup Ready field corn or volunteer Roundup Ready field corn prior to replanting field corn. See Directions for Use in Roundup Ready Field Corn (Burndown) table.	90 days	3 fl. oz. (0.047 lb. a.i.)	DO NOT use COC or MSO with Willowood Clethodim 2 EC in this use pattern.	To control the existing stand, replant no sooner than 6 days after application. Restrictions: DO NOT make more than 1 application at 3 fl. oz. per year. DO NOT apply more than 3 fl. oz./A (0.047 lb. a.i.) per year. DO NOT apply more than 3 fl. oz./A (0.047 lb. a.i.) per application.
Cotton (including Cotton Grown for Seed) [Cottonseed Subgroup 20C] including: Cottonseed Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	60 days	6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.250 lb. a.i.)	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. oz., or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 fl. oz., per year. DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated forage or hay to livestock.
Cranberry	30 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year. DO NOT apply between the "hook" stage and full fruit set.
Cucurbit Vegetables, Melons [Subgroup 9A] including: Citron Melon Muskmelons (hybrids and/or cultivars of <i>Cucumis melo</i>) including: Cantaloupes Honeydew Melon Watermelon Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	14 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.
Cucurbit Vegetables, Squash and Cucumbers [Subgroup 9B]	14 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions:

including: Chayote (Fruit) Chinese Waxgourd Cucumber Gherkin Gourd, Edible <i>Momordica</i> spp. Pumpkin Squash (Summer and Winter) Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.				DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.
Fallow Land Conifer Trees (and Other Non-Producing Agricultural Areas) Non-Crop or Non-Planted Areas	N/A	6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.250 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume using a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. oz., or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 fl. oz., per year. DO NOT plant any crop for 30 days after application unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.
Flax (Not registered for use in California.)	60 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Apply prior to bloom. Crop injury may occur when Willowood Clethodim 2 EC is applied during the bloom period. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 2 applications at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.
Fruiting Vegetables (except Tomato) [Group 8-10] including: African Eggplant Bush Tomato Bell Pepper Cocona Currant Tomato Eggplant Garden Huckleberry Goji Berry Groundcherry Martynia Naranjilla Okra Pea Eggplant Pepino Non-Bell Pepper Roselle Scarlet Eggplant Sunberry Tomatillo Tree Tomato Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	20 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.
Herbs [Subgroup 19A] including:	14 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.

Angelica Balm Basil Borage Burnet Camomile Catnip Chervil (Dried) Chive Chive, Chinese Clary Coriander (Leaf) Costmary Cilantro (Leaf) Curry (Leaf) Dill (Dillweed) Horehound Hyssop Lavender Lemongrass Lovage (Leaf) Marigold Marjoram (<i>Origanum</i> spp.) Nasturtium Parsley (Dried) Pennyroyal Rosemary Rue Sage Savory (Summer and Winter) Sweet Bay Tansy Tarragon Thyme Wintergreen Woodruff Wormwood Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.				<p>Willowood Clethodim 2 EC has not been tested on all herbs, and herb varieties. It is the responsibility of the user to test Willowood Clethodim 2 EC on a small portion of the crop to be treated before treating the entire field.</p> <p>Verify crop sensitivity to Willowood Clethodim 2 EC on a small area of the herb crop, at the desired Willowood Clethodim 2 EC rate and with the same crop oil concentrate that will be used on the herb field. If no crop response is evident 7 days after treatment, Willowood Clethodim 2 EC may be used on the entire field at the rate tested and with the same crop oil used in the sensitivity test.</p> <p>Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.</p>
Hops	21 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.</p>
Leaf Petiole Vegetables [Subgroup 22B] including: Cardoon Celery Celery, Chinese Celtuce Fennel, Florence (Finocchio) Fuki Rhubarb Udo Swiss Chard Zuiki Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	30 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.</p>

Leafy Brassica Greens including: Broccoli Raab Cabbage, Chinese (Bok Choy) Collards Kale Mizuna Mustard Greens Mustard Spinach Rape Greens Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	14 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.
Leafy Greens including: Amaranth Arugula (Roquette) Chervil Chrysanthemum (Edible-Leaved and Garland) Corn Salad Cress (Garden and Upland) Dandelion Dock (Sorrel) Endive (Escarole) Lettuce Orach Parsley Purslane (Garden and Winter) Radicchio (Red Chicory) Spinach (New Zealand and Vine (Indian and Malabar)) Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	14 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.
Legume Vegetables, Edible Podded (except Soybean) [Subgroup 6A] including: Bean (<i>Phaseolus</i> spp.) Runner Snap Wax Bean (<i>Vigna</i> spp.) Asparagus Chinese Longbean Moth Yardlong Jackbean Pea (<i>Pisum</i> spp.) Dwarf Edible-Pod Snow Sugar Snap Pigeon Pea Sword Bean Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	21 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	For peas, apply before bloom, but no later than 21 days before harvest. Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate directions for the control of small annual grasses. The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 1 application at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.
Mint (Peppermint and Spearmint Tops)	21 days	6-16 fl. oz. ⁽⁴⁾ (0.094-0.250 lb. a.i.)	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.

			less than 1 pt./A by air.	Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. oz., or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 fl. oz., per year.
Mustard Seed (Not registered for use in California.)	75 days	4-6 fl. oz. (0.063-0.094 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 6 fl. oz. (0.094 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT exceed 12 fl. oz. (0.188 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 2 applications at 4-6 fl. oz. per acre per year. DO NOT apply after crop has begun bolting. Crop injury may occur when Willowood Clethodim 2 EC is applied during the bloom period.
Onion, Bulb [Subgroup 3-07A] including: Daylily, Bulb Fritillaria, Bulb Garlic, Bulb Garlic, Great-Headed, Bulb Garlic, Serpent, Bulb Lily, Bulb Onion, Bulb Onion, Chinese, Bulb Onion, Pearl Onion, Potato, Bulb Shallot, Bulb Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	45 days	6-16 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾ (8) (0.094-0.250 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Minimum of 20 gals./A spray volume by ground in entire U.S. In states other than California, air application to onions or garlic must be made in a minimum of 10 gals./A. California: Minimum of 20 gals./A spray volume by air. Restriction: In California, DO NOT apply Willowood Clethodim 2 EC to onion or garlic until the crop has at least 2 full leaves. In California, 14-day spray intervals are specified between the application of Willowood Clethodim 2 EC and liquid nitrogen or other herbicide applications. Injury to crop may occur when shorter intervals are observed. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz./A (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application to garlic, shallots, and aerial application to onions. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year to garlic, shallots, and aerial application to onions. DO NOT apply more than 2 applications at 6-16 fl. oz. per year to garlic, shallots, and aerial application to onions.
Onion, Green [Subgroup 3-07B] including: Chive (Fresh Leaves) Chive, Chinese (Fresh Leaves) Elegans Hosta Fritillaria (Leaves) Kurrat Lady's Leek Leek Leek, Wild Onion, Beltsville (Bunching) Onion (Fresh) Onion, Green Onion, Macrostem Onion, Tree (Tops) Onion, Welsh (Tops) Shallot (Fresh Leaves) Cultivars, varieties,	14 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year. For air applications to Onion, DO NOT exceed 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. California: Minimum of 20 gals./A spray volume by air. Restriction: In California, DO NOT apply Willowood Clethodim 2 EC to onion or garlic until the crop has at least 2 full leaves. In California, 14-day spray intervals are specified between the application of Willowood Clethodim 2 EC and liquid nitrogen or other herbicide applications. Injury to crop may occur when shorter intervals are observed. For aerial applications to

and/or hybrids of these.				onion, DO NOT exceed 2 applications per year.
Ornamentals	N/A	6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.250 lb. a.i.)	Use of crop oil concentrate is not advised since it may injure flowers and foliage. See Special Use Instructions.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Non-Bearing Food Crops	N/A	6-8 fl. oz. ⁽⁸⁾ (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)		Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v). Restrictions: For Ornamentals, DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre in a single application. For Non-Bearing Food Crops, DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre in a single application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. oz., or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 fl. oz., per year. Sugar maples cannot be tapped for syrup within 1 year of Willowood Clethodim 2 EC application.
Pea, Dry Shelled [Dry Shelled Pea and Bean (except Soybean) Subgroup 6C] including: Pea (<i>Pisum</i> spp.) Field Pigeon Pea	30 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	Apply before bloom but not later than 30 days prior to harvest. Applications of Willowood Clethodim 2 EC to peas during the bloom period could result in severe crop injury, including loss of yield and delayed maturity. Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate directions for the control of small annual grasses. The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 1 application at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.
Pea, Succulent [Succulent Shelled Pea and Bean Subgroup 6B] including: Pea (<i>Pisum</i> spp.) English Garden Green Pigeon Pea	21 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	Apply before bloom but not later than 21 days prior to harvest. Applications of Willowood Clethodim 2 EC to peas during the bloom period could result in severe crop injury, including loss of yield and delayed maturity. Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate directions for the control of small annual grasses. The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 1 application at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.
Peanut (including Perennial)	40 days	6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.250 lb. a.i.)	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn. Restrictions:

				<p>DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per application.</p> <p>DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year.</p> <p>DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. oz., or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 fl. oz., per year.</p>
Pome Fruit [Group 11-10] including: Apple Azarole Crabapple Loquat Mayhaw (Hook. & Arn. and <i>C. rufula</i> Sarg.) Medlar Pear Pear, Asian Pseudocydonia sinensis Quince Quince (Chinese and Japanese) Tejocote Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	14 days	4-8 fl. oz. (0.063-0.125 lb. a.i.)	Non-ionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v.	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 4-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.</p>
Potato	30 days	6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.250 lb. a.i.)	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.</p> <p>Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. oz., or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 fl. oz., per year.</p>
Radish	15 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 2 applications at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.</p>
Root Vegetables (except Radish) [Subgroup 1B] including: Beet, Garden Burdock, Edible Carrot Celeriac Chervil, Turnip-Rooted Chicory Ginseng Horseradish Parsley, Turnip-Rooted	30 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.</p>

Parsnip Radish, Oriental Rutabaga Salsify (Black and Spanish) Skirret Turnip Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.				
Safflower	70 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.
Sesame	14 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year. DO NOT apply during flowering.
Soybean	60 days	6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.250 lb. a.i.)	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate directions for the control of small annual grasses. The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. oz., or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 fl. oz., per year. DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated forage or hay to livestock.
Stalk and Stem Vegetable [Subgroup 22A] Including: Agave Aloe Vera Asparagus Bamboo Shoots Celtuce Fennel, Florence (Fresh Leaves and Stalk) Fern, Fiddlehead (Edible) Kale, Sea Kohlrabi Palm Hearts Prickly Pear (Pads) Prickly Pear, Texas (Pads) Cultivars, varieties,	1 day	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 2 applications per acre per year

and/or hybrids of these.				
Stevia, Dried Leaves	14 days	4-8 fl. oz. (0.063-0.125 lb. a.i.)	Non-ionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v.	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Willowood Clethodim 2 EC has not been tested on all varieties. It is the responsibility of the user to test Willowood Clethodim 2 EC on a small portion of the crop to be treated before treating the entire field.</p> <p>Verify crop sensitivity to Willowood Clethodim 2 EC on a small area of the crop at the desired Willowood Clethodim 2 EC rate and with the same non-ionic surfactant (NIS that will be used on the field. If no crop response is evident 7 days after treatment, Willowood Clethodim 2 EC may be used on the entire field at the rate tested and with the same NIS used in the sensitivity test.</p> <p>Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 4-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.</p>
Stone Fruit [Group 12-12] including: Apricot Apricot, Japanese Capulin Cherry (Black, Nanking, Sweet, and Tart) Jujube, Chinese Nectarine Peach Plum Plum (American, Beach, Canada, Cherry, Chickasaw, Damson, Japanese, Klamath, and Prune) Plumcot Sloe Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	14 days	4-8 fl. oz. (0.063-0.125 lb. a.i.)	Non-ionic Surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v.	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 4-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.</p>
Strawberry	4 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.</p>
Sugar Beet	40 days	6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.250 lb. a.i.)	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate directions for the control of small annual grasses.</p> <p>The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.</p>

				<p>Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. oz., or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 fl. oz., per year.</p>
<p>Sunflower (except safflower) [Subgroup 20B] including: Calendula Castor Oil Plant Chinese Tallowtree Euphorbia Evening Primrose Jojoba Niger Seed Rose Hip Stokes Aster Tallowwood Tea Oil Plant Vernonia Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.</p>	70 days	6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.250 lb. a.i.)	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.</p> <p>Verify crop sensitivity to Willowood Clethodim 2 EC on a small area of the crop at the desired Willowood Clethodim 2 EC rate and with the same crop oil that will be used on the field. If no crop response is evident 7 days after treatment, Willowood Clethodim 2 EC may be used on the entire field at the rate tested and with the same crop oil used in the sensitivity test.</p> <p>Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. oz., or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 fl. oz., per year.</p>
Tomato	20 days	6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.250 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. oz., or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 fl. oz., per year.</p>
<p>Tree Nuts [Group 14-12] including: African Nut-tree Almond Beechnut Brazil Nut Brazilian Pine Bunya Bur Oak Butternut Cajou Nut Candlenut Cashew Chestnut Chinquapin Coconut Coquito Nut Dika Nut Ginkgo Guiana Chestnut Hazelnut (Filbert) Heartnut Hickory Nut Japanese Horse</p>	14 Days	6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.250 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 64 fl. oz. (1.0 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT make more than 4 applications per acre per year.</p>

Chestnut Macadamia Nut Mongongo Nut Monkey-pot Monkey Puzzle Nut Okari Nut Pachira Nut Peach Palm Nut Pecan Pequi Pili Nut Pine Nut Pistachio Sapucaia Nut Tropical Almond Walnut (Black and English) Yellowhorn Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.				
Tuberous and Corm Vegetables (except Potato) [Subgroup 1C] including: Arracacha Arrowroot Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem) Canna, Edible Cassava (Bitter and Sweet) Chayote (Root) Chufa Dasheen Ginger Leren Sweet Potato Tanier Tumeric Yam Bean Yam, True Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	30 days	6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.250 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. oz., or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 fl. oz., per year.
Turnip Greens	14 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restriction DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre in a single application. DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 6-8 fl. oz. per acre per year.

N/A = Not Applicable

- (1) **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** is not to be used on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.
- (2) Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. See the Addition of Adjuvant and Crop Oil Concentrate section for further information.
- (3) **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** may be applied to seedling or established alfalfa grown for seed, hay, silage, green crop, or direct grazing.
- (4) For weed control in established alfalfa and mint, the minimum use rate is 10 fl. oz./A (0.156 lb. a.i./A).
- (5) 1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N or 32%N), or an equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** applications, in addition to the specified rate of crop oil concentrate.
- (6) Restriction: **DO NOT** apply **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** plus 2,4-DB as a tank mix to alfalfa unless the 60-day feeding, grazing, and

harvesting restriction on the 2,4-DB label can be observed.

- (7) For ground applications to garlic or shallot, **DO NOT** exceed 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i./A) in a single application. For air applications to onion, garlic or shallot, **DO NOT** exceed 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i./A) in a single application. For garlic and shallot, **DO NOT** exceed 2 applications per year. In CA for air applications to onion, **DO NOT** exceed 2 applications per year.
- (8) If **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** is applied as a spot treatment to onion, garlic or non-bearing food crops, **DO NOT** exceed the maximum rate allowed on a "per acre" basis.

IMPORTANT

Plant sensitivity to **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** at labeled rates has been found to be acceptable for the indicated genera and species listed below. Due to variability within species, crop growth stage, environmental conditions, and application techniques, it is advised that the user determine if the herbicide can be used safely on a few plants prior to widespread application. Neither the seller nor the manufacturer of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** have investigated the safety factor to plants not listed on the label.

NON-BEARING FOOD CROPS

RESTRICTION:

- DO NOT APPLY WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC TO NON-BEARING FRUIT OR NUT CROPS WHICH ARE GROWN FOR ROOT STOCK.**
- DO NOT** apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre in a single application.
- DO NOT** apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year.
- DO NOT** apply more than 4 applications at 4-8 fl. oz. per year.

Crop injury to non-bearing fruit and nut crops can occur if Willowood Clethodim 2 EC is improperly applied. **DO NOT** apply Willowood Clethodim 2 EC directly over the top of these plant types. Instead, direct spray at the base of the plant where grassy weeds are growing near the ground.

Non-bearing fruit and nut crops are plants which will not bear fruit or nuts for at least 1 year following Willowood Clethodim 2 EC application.

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Apples	<i>Malus</i> spp.
Berries	<i>Vaccinium</i> spp. <i>Rubus</i> spp.
Cherry, Sweet	<i>Prunus avium</i>
Citrus Fruits	<i>Citrus</i> spp.
Grapes	<i>Vitis</i> spp.
Olives	<i>Olea</i> spp.
Peach	<i>Prunus persica</i>
Pears	<i>Pyrus communis</i>
Prunes	<i>Prunus</i> spp.
Stone Fruits	<i>Prunus</i> spp.
Strawberries	<i>Fragaria</i> spp.
Tree Nuts	
Almond	<i>Prunus triloba</i>
Filbert	<i>Corylus maxima</i>
Pecan	<i>Carya illinoensis</i>
Pistachio	<i>Pistacia vera</i>
Walnut	<i>Juglans</i> spp.

CONIFER TREES

Willowood Clethodim 2 EC can be used to control labeled grasses in Christmas tree farms, conifer nurseries, and conifer plantations (but not in forests).

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Arborvitae, American	<i>Thuja occidentalis</i>
Cedars	<i>Cedrus</i> spp.
Cypress	<i>Taxodium</i> spp.
Fir, Douglas	<i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>
Firs	<i>Abies</i> spp.
Hemlock, Canadian/Eastern	<i>Tsuga Canadensis</i>
Hemlock, Western	<i>Tsuga heterophylla</i>
Pines	<i>Pinus</i> spp.
Spruces	<i>Picea</i> spp.
Yew	<i>Taxus</i> spp.

NON-CROP OR NON-PLANTED AREAS

The following areas are considered non-crop or non-planted areas: rights-of-way including railroads, highways, roads, dividers, medians, pipelines, public utility lines, pumping stations, transformer stations and substations. Around airports, electric utilities, commercial buildings, manufacturing plants, storage yards, rail yards, fence lines, parkways, and post-harvest croplands. Also, beneath greenhouse benches and around golf courses.

DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES

(EXCEPT FOR IN ESTABLISHED ALFALFA AND MINT)

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at listed weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the listed growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

Restrictions:

- **DO NOT** exceed the maximum per application rate listed in the table, **CROP SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC.**
- **DO NOT** exceed the maximum yearly rate listed in the table, **CROP SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC.**
- **DO NOT** exceed the maximum number of annual applications listed in the table, **CROP SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC.**

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT* (Inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE ⁽¹⁾	HIGH RATE ⁽²⁾
Barnyardgrass	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>	2 to 8	6	8
Broadleaf Signalgrass	<i>Brachiaria platyphylla</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Brome				
California	<i>Bromus carinatus</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Cheat	<i>Bromus secalinus</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Downy	<i>Bromus tectorum</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Ripgut	<i>Bromus diandrus</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Canarygrass	<i>Phalaris canariensis</i>	1 to 4	6	8
Crabgrass				
Hairy	<i>Digitaria adscendens</i>	2 to 6**	6	8
Large	<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>	2 to 6**	6	8
Smooth	<i>Digitaria ischaemum</i>	2 to 6**	6	8
Southern	<i>Digitaria ciliaris</i>	2 to 6**	6	8
Crowfootgrass	<i>Dactyloctenium aegyptium</i>	2 to 6**	6	8
Fall Panicum	<i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i>	2 to 8	6	8
Field Sandbur	<i>Cenchrus incertus</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Foxtail				
Giant	<i>Setaria faberi</i>	2 to 12	6	8
Green	<i>Setaria viridis</i>	2 to 8	6	8
Yellow	<i>Setaria glauca</i>	2 to 8	6	8
Goosegrass	<i>Eleusine indica</i>	2 to 6**	6	8
Itchgrass	<i>Rottboellia cochinchinensis</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Junglerice	<i>Echinochloa colona</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Lovegrass (Stinkgrass)	<i>Eragrostis cilianensis</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Rabbitsfootgrass	<i>Polypogon monspeliensis</i>	1 to 4	6	8
Red Rice	<i>Oryza sativa</i>	1 to 3	6	8
Ryegrass				
Hardy	<i>Lolium remotum</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Italian	<i>Lolium multiflorum</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Seedling Johnsongrass	<i>Sorghum halepense</i>	4 to 10	6	8
Shattercane	<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>	6 to 18	6	8
Southwestern Cupgrass	<i>Eriochloa gracilis</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Sprangle top				
Amazon	<i>Leptochloa panicoides</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Bearded	<i>Leptochloa fascicularis</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Mexican	<i>Leptochloa uninervia</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Red	<i>Leptochloa filiformis</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Texas Panicum	<i>Panicum texanum</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Volunteer Cereals ⁽³⁾				
Barley	<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Oats	<i>Avena sativa</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Rye	<i>Secale cereal</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Wheat	<i>Triticum aestivum</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Volunteer Corn ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Zea mays</i>	4 to 12	4	6
Volunteer Corn ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Zea mays</i>	12 to 24	6	8
Volunteer Corn (S.R.) ⁽⁵⁾	<i>Zea mays</i>	4 to 12	8 (suppression only)	
Volunteer Grain Sorghum	<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>	8 to 12	6	8
Wild Oats	<i>Avena fatua</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Wild Proso Millet	<i>Panicum miliaceum</i>	2 to 10	6	8
Witchgrass	<i>Panicum capillare</i>	2 to 8	6	8
Woolly Cupgrass	<i>Eriochloa villosa</i>	2 to 8	6	8

* Generally occurs between 3-leaf stage and tillering.

** Length of lateral growth.

⁽¹⁾ 4 fl. oz./A (0.063 lb. a.i./A); 6 fl. oz./A (0.094 lb. a.i./A); 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i./A).

- (2) Rates higher than 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i./A) may be applied in certain geographic areas, cropping situations, or environmental conditions, where experience has shown that higher rates are needed for satisfactory control of annual grasses. In these situations, rates from 8 to 16 fl. oz./A (0.125 to 0.250 lb. a.i./A) may be applied. **Restrictions: DO NOT** exceed the maximum per application rate listed in the table, **CROP SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC. DO NOT** exceed the maximum yearly rate listed in the table, **CROP SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC. DO NOT** exceed the maximum number of annual applications listed in the table, **CROP SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC.**
- (3) When a cereal grain crop (such as wheat) is interseeded for crop establishment or is planted as wind breaks to aid crop establishment, the minimum **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** use rate for control is 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i./A).
- (4) Includes Roundup Ready®, Liberty Link®, and volunteer corn.
- (5) Poast Protected®.

DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL GRASS CONTROL IN ESTABLISHED ALFALFA AND MINT WITH WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC			
GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE
Annual and Perennial Grasses Listed in Grass Table	See Table	10 (0.156 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.250 lb. a.i.)
<p>Mowing: The best control of annual grasses can be achieved by applying Willowood Clethodim 2 EC before grass weeds are mowed. Once grass is mowed it becomes tougher to control, as much of the available leaf surface has been removed. In areas without a killing frost, some annuals can over-winter after having been mowed multiple times. These grasses form large crowns and may contain many viable buds. These grasses, even though they may be an annual grass, may require repeated applications of Willowood Clethodim 2 EC for partial or complete control.</p> <p>Irrigated Alfalfa and Mint: Irrigation practices can be very critical to the successful use of Willowood Clethodim 2 EC in established alfalfa and mint and may be necessary to initiate active growth of the weeds prior to application. Generally, applications 2 to 4 days after irrigation are most effective. Irrigation made shortly after application (2 days) can be effective, but more consistent grass control occurs when the irrigation is made before the application.</p> <p>Aerial Application: Apply Willowood Clethodim 2 EC in a minimum of 10 GPA in established alfalfa and mint when applying by air.</p> <p>Annual Grass Control: Apply Willowood Clethodim 2 EC at the grass sizes indicated in the Annual Grass Table and rates indicated. If a grass has been cut, apply Willowood Clethodim 2 EC after active growth has resumed and regrowth has reached the minimum height and before it reaches the maximum height indicated. Apply before the alfalfa/mint canopy covers the grasses and interferes with the spray coverage. Some annual grasses are spring- and summer-germinating plants, while others are fall-germinating plants, and the time they are actively growing and most susceptible to Willowood Clethodim 2 EC may vary from region to region. Also, some annuals germinate over an extended period of time, and because control of small grasses is desired, applications after each weed flush may be required. As a general rule spray spring- and summer-germinating grasses as early in the season as possible, after initial green-up. Spray fall-germinating weeds in the fall soon after they begin growing but before any damage is done due to frost. Late fall applications may be less effective due to environmental conditions, such as frost, slower plant growth, or the onset of flowering.</p> <p>Perennial Grass Control: Willowood Clethodim 2 EC effectively controls perennial grasses including Bermudagrass, Johnsongrass, quackgrass, wirestem muhly, tall fescue, foxtail barley and orchardgrass. Due in part to lack of tillage, perennial grasses are more difficult to control in perennial crops including established alfalfa or mint. A program of repeated applications is usually necessary for best results. The best way to control perennial grasses is to do so in the year of stand establishment before rhizomes and stolons become large and difficult to kill.</p> <p>Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at or near maximum height.</p> <p>Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) to the finished spray volume by air.</p> <p>Restrictions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. • DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. • DO NOT apply more than 3 applications at the lowest rate, 10 fl. oz., or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 fl. oz., per year. 			

DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL WITH WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC			
GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE
Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa annua</i>)	to 4-leaf	6* (0.094 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.250 lb. a.i.)
<p>Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity, which exists within a few days after rainfall or within 7 days after irrigation. Grass needs to be actively growing at time of application(s).</p> <p>Apply at weed stage indicated on the label, as reduced control can be expected with more mature annual bluegrass. Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when annual bluegrass is more mature.</p> <p>Note: Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground to the finished spray volume. *Use a minimum of 10 fl. oz./A (0.156 lb. a.i./A) to control annual bluegrass in seedling and established alfalfa and mint.</p> <p>Restrictions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. 			

- **DO NOT** apply more than 64 fl. oz. (1.000 lb. a.i.) per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 4 applications per year.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN ROUNDUP READY FIELD CORN (BURNDOWN)

GRASS SPECIES	WEED SIZE (Inches)	Rate when applied alone or with glyphosate
Field Corn	Up to 12	3 fl. oz./A (0.047 lb. a.i.)
For control of existing stand of Roundup Ready field corn or volunteer Roundup Ready field corn prior to replanting corn.		
Care must be taken to avoid in-field boom (spray) overlaps or excessive crop injury may occur.		
Replant no sooner than 6 days after application.		
Adjuvants: NIS at 0.25% v/v plus AMS at 2.5 to 4 lbs./A.		
DO NOT use COC or MSO with Willowood Clethodim 2 EC in this use pattern.		
Restrictions:		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 3 fl. oz. (0.05 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. • DO NOT apply more than 12 fl. oz. (0.19 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. • DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 3 fl. oz. per year. 		

DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES IN CANOLA, DRY SHELLLED BEAN AND PEA (INCLUDING SOYBEAN), EDIBLE PODDED LEGUME VEGETABLES, FLAX, MUSTARD SEED, SUCCULENT SHELLLED BEAN AND PEA ,AND SUGAR BEET (REDUCED RATE DIRECTIONS NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA)

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at listed weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the advised growth stage for treatment.
- Regrowth by tillering may occur if application is made when plants are stressed by lack of moisture, excessive moisture, low or high temperatures and/or under very low humidity.

Restrictions:

- **DO NOT** apply more than 5 fl. oz. (0.078 lb. a.i.) per acre per application.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 20 fl. oz. (0.313 lb. a.i.) per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 4 applications at 4-5 fl. oz. per year.

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT (Inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE ^(1,2)
Barnyardgrass	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>	1 to 4	4
Broadleaf Signalgrass	<i>Brachiaria platyphylla</i>	1 to 4	5
Crabgrass			
Large	<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>	1 to 3*	4
Large	<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>	1 to 4*	5
Smooth	<i>Digitaria ischaemum</i>	1 to 3*	4
Smooth	<i>Digitaria ischaemum</i>	1 to 4*	5
Southern	<i>Digitaria ciliaris</i>	1 to 4*	5
Fall Panicum	<i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i>	1 to 4	4
Foxtail			
Giant	<i>Setaria faberi</i>	1 to 4	4
Green	<i>Setaria viridis</i>	1 to 4	4
Millet	<i>Setaria italic</i>	1 to 4	5
Yellow	<i>Setaria glauca</i>	1 to 4	4
Seedling Johnsongrass	<i>Sorghum halepense</i>	1 to 6	5
Shattercane	<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>	4 to 10	4
Texas Panicum	<i>Panicum texanum</i>	1 to 4	5
Volunteer Cereals			
Barley	<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>	1 to 4	5
Oats	<i>Avena sativa</i>	1 to 4	5
Wheat	<i>Triticum aestivum</i>	1 to 4	5
Volunteer Corn**	<i>Zea mays</i>	4 to 12	4
Wild Proso Millet	<i>Panicum miliaceum</i>	1 to 6	4
Wild Oats	<i>Avena fatua</i>	1 to 4	5

* Length of lateral growth

** Not S.R. Corn

(1) Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground application to the finished spray volume.

(2) 4 fl. oz./A (0.063 lb. a.i./A); 5 fl. oz./A (0.078 lb. a.i./A)

DIRECTIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at listed weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the advised growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

Restrictions:

- **DO NOT** exceed the maximum per application rate listed in the table, **CROP SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC.**
- **DO NOT** exceed the maximum yearly rate listed in the table, **CROP SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC.**
- **DO NOT** exceed the maximum number of annual applications listed in the table, **CROP SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC.**

GRASS SPECIES	WEED HEIGHT (Inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE ⁽¹⁾	HIGH RATE
Bermudagrass (<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>)			
First Application	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Fescue, Tall (<i>Festuca arundinacea</i>)			
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16
Foxtail Barley (<i>Hordeum jubatum</i>)			
First Application	2 to 6	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	2 to 6	8	16
Orchardgrass (<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>)			
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16
Quackgrass* (<i>Elytrigia repens</i>)			
First Application	4 to 12	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 12	8	16
Rhizome Johnsongrass (<i>Sorghum halepense</i>)			
First Application	12 to 24	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	6 to 18	6	8
Wirestem Muhly (<i>Muhlenbergia frondosa</i>)			
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16
Perennial Bluegrass*			
Roughstalk (<i>Poa trivialis</i>)			
Kentucky (<i>Poa pratensis</i>)			
First Application	2 to 4	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	2 to 4	8	16
Bentgrass* (<i>Agrostis</i> spp.)			
First Application	2 to 4	-	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	2 to 4	-	16

*Control of quackgrass, perennial bluegrass and bentgrass with **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** may be enhanced by adding Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) at 2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A.

⁽¹⁾ 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i./A); 16 fl. oz./A (0.250 lb. a.i./A)

TANK MIXES PRODUCT INFORMATION

The labels for each of the herbicides specified for tank mixing with **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** are unique to the characteristics of those products and contain restrictions and limitations that may be more restrictive than the **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** label in certain considerations. Those concerns may include, but are not limited to:

1. **Always read and follow the restrictions and limitations for all products whether used alone or in a tank mix. The most restrictive labeling of any product used applies in tank mixtures, including all crop rotational and other crop restrictions.**
2. Geographic restrictions – all products are not registered for use in all areas and rates may vary from one region of labeled use to another;
3. Crop rotation restrictions;
4. Applicator certification requirements;
5. Worker safety rules (e.g., protective clothing, reentry time, posting);
6. Soil type or soil characteristics (e.g., pH, OM);
7. Maximum dosage or number of applications per year;
8. Rain free period required; or
9. Application timing (e.g., pre-harvest interval)
10. **DO NOT** exceed the total annual rates.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable

restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

THE MOST RESTRICTIVE LABELING OF ANY PRODUCT USED IN A TANK MIX MUST BE FOLLOWED.

TANK MIX APPLICATION OF WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC AND BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASSES AND BROADLEAF WEEDS

- Apply only to actively growing grass and broadleaf weeds at the height or growth stage listed on each label.
- Apply when the first grass or broadleaf weed species in a mixed population reaches the labeled height or growth stage for treatment.
- Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity that exist a few days after rainfall or within 7 days after irrigation.
- Always add the appropriate adjuvant to the spray mix at the rate specified for each specific tank mix combination.
- Tank mix applications may sometimes result in reduced grass control and possible increases in crop injury as compared to either product used alone. If regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC**, as specified in the respective size and rate tables.
- **DO NOT** tank mix **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** when broadleaf weeds are tall and/or dense enough to prevent proper grass coverage.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

1. Fill clean spray tank 1/2 to 2/3 of desired level with clean water.
2. While agitating, add the correct amount of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC**. Agitation will create a rippling or rolling action on the water surface.
3. If tank mixing **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** with other labeled herbicides, add water soluble bags first, followed by dry formulations, flowables, emulsifiable concentrates, and then solutions. Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate spray operation.
4. Add any required adjuvants (crop oil concentrate, non-ionic surfactant and/or nitrogen solution).
5. Fill spray tank to desired level with water. **Continue agitation until all spray solution has been applied.**

Failure to agitate the spray solution may result in improper mixing of the herbicides and unsatisfactory weed control. Mixing and compatibility qualities must be verified by a jar test.

INFORMATION ON ANTAGONISM

Tank mixes of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** with post-emergence broadleaf herbicides have shown some reduction or failure to control certain grass species which would have otherwise been controlled when **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** is applied alone. Activity of the post-emergence broadleaf herbicide in the tank mix is not affected.

ALFALFA

Table 1. WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR ALFALFA
(Refer to the instruction tables above for specific grasses and growth stages)

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	
			AIR	
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + 2,4-DB ⁽⁴⁾	10 to 16 fl. oz. (0.156-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	10 to 16 fl. oz. (0.156-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	1%	1%
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + Imazethapyr ⁵	10 to 16 fl. oz. (0.156-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	-	1%	1%
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + bromoxynil octanoate ⁶	10 to 16 fl. oz. (0.156-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	-	0.5%	0.5%
Restriction: DO NOT apply when alfalfa is under moisture, temperature, insect, or disease stress or has been stressed by other pesticide carryover or application.				

⁽¹⁾ If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate requirements.

⁽²⁾ Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not advised in these situations.

⁽³⁾ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

⁽⁴⁾ **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** plus 2,4-DB may increase the severity of crop injury when tank mixed. Alfalfa plants will generally outgrow this temporary crop injury within a few weeks.

⁽⁵⁾ Before using this tank mix, read and understand the imazethapyr labels for geographical restrictions and restrictions regarding alfalfa growth stage and type. Failure to do so can result in crop injury to alfalfa.

⁽⁶⁾ In the states of Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Nevada and the western halves of North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas: The **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** plus bromoxynil octanoate tank mix must be applied in the fall or spring to seedling alfalfa when the majority of the field has a minimum of 2 trifoliate leaves. Unacceptable crop injury may occur to alfalfa seedlings less than the 2 trifoliate leaf stage. **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** plus bromoxynil octanoate applications made when temperatures are expected to exceed 80°F at (and 3 days following) application can result in

unacceptable crop injury. In the states not listed above, apply in the fall or spring to seedling alfalfa when the majority of the field has a minimum of 4 trifoliate leaves. When the alfalfa stand is uneven and conditions favor leaf burn, unacceptable crop injury may occur to alfalfa in the 2 trifoliate or smaller stage of growth. **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** plus bromoxynil octanoate applications made when temperatures are expected to exceed 70°F at (and 3 days following) application can result in unacceptable crop injury. Crop leaf burn can occur following **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** plus bromoxynil octanoate or application. Warm, humid conditions may enhance leaf burn. New crop growth will not be affected.

CANOLA (EXCEPT FLAX)

Rapeseed Subgroup 20A (except flax seed, mustard seed, and sesame seed)

Table 2. REDUCED RATE WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES

(Refer to the tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE		AMMONIUM SULFATE	
	ANNUAL GRASSES ⁽¹⁾	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + glufosinate ⁽²⁾	4 to 5 fl. oz. (0.063-0.078 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	-	3.0 lbs.	3.0 lbs.

Restriction: DO NOT apply **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** tank mix during or after bolting or flowering or crop injury may occur.

⁽¹⁾ Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the **DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES** table.

⁽²⁾ For use only on LibertyLink® canola.

COTTON

Table 3. WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC TANK MIXED WITH LACTOFEN AND MSMA APPLIED POST-DIRECTED TO COTTON

PRODUCT ⁽¹⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽²⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ V/V	COMMENTS
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC ⁽⁴⁾ + lactofen + MSMA (4.0 lbs./gal.) or MSMA (6.6 lbs./gal.)	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	8 to 16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	1%	Reduce broadcast rate in proportion to the band area actually treated.
	See lactofen label for rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton. Refer to the Willowood Clethodim 2 EC label for weed height and species controlled.			
	See MSMA label for rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton. Refer to the Willowood Clethodim 2 EC label for weed height and species controlled.			

⁽¹⁾ Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not advised in these situations.

⁽²⁾ If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate requirements.

⁽³⁾ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

⁽⁴⁾ If at the time of application, grass height is so tall that post-directed applications cannot get good coverage over the top of the grassy weeds, then poor control may result and a second (non-post-directed) application of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** may be necessary.

Table 4. WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC TANK MIXED WITH BROMOXYNIL OCTANOATE & BROMOXYNIL HEPTANOATE TO CONTROL EMERGED WEEDS IN BXN COTTON AS A BROADCAST APPLICATION

PRODUCT ⁽¹⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽²⁾	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE PER ACRE ⁽³⁾	COMMENTS ⁽⁴⁾
	ANNUAL GRASSES		
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + bromoxynil octanoate & bromoxynil heptanoate ⁽⁴⁾	8 to 16 fl. oz. (0.125-0.250 lb. a.i.) + See product label for use rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton	1 qt.	See charts for grasses controlled.

Restrictions:

- **DO NOT** apply the **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** plus bromoxynil octanoate & bromoxynil heptanoate tank mix within 75 days of harvest.
- **DO NOT** exceed 2 applications of bromoxynil octanoate & bromoxynil heptanoate before cotton is 12 inches tall and one application after 12 inches tall.

⁽¹⁾ Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage.

⁽²⁾ If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** at the prescribed rate with the appropriate amount of crop oil concentrate in a non-bromoxynil octanoate & bromoxynil heptanoate tank mix.

⁽³⁾ Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground in the finished spray solution.

⁽⁴⁾ Use a minimum of 10 gals. of spray solution per acre.

Table 5. WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC TANK MIXED WITH GLYPHOSATE TO CONTROL EMERGED GRASSES IN COTTON AS A BROADCAST APPLICATION

BROADCAST APPLICATION					
PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		ADJUVANT		COMMENTS
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	Glyphosate formulation with built in adjuvant	Glyphosate formulation without built in adjuvant	
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + GLYPHOSATE	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	8 to 16 fl. oz. (0.125-0.250 lb. a.i.)	Non-ionic surfactant @ 0.125 to 0.25% v/v plus ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals. of carrier	Crop oil concentrate @ 1 pt./A plus ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals. of carrier	See charts for grasses controlled. Use a minimum of 10 gals of spray solution per acre.
	See glyphosate label for use rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton.				

⁽¹⁾ If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** at the prescribed rate with the appropriate amount of crop oil concentrate.

BEANS (DRY AND SUCCULENT SHELLED)
[Succulent Shelled Pea and Bean Subgroup 6B]

[Dried Shelled Pea and Bean (except Soybean) Subgroup 6C]

Table 6. WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR BEANS (DRY AND SUCCULENT SHELLED) (Refer to the instruction tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES		
			GROUND	AIR
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + sodium bentazon	8 to 10 fl. oz. (0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	10 to 16 fl. oz. (0.156-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	1%	1%

⁽¹⁾ If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate specifications.

⁽²⁾ Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not advised in these situations.

⁽³⁾ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

FLAX

Table 7. REDUCED RATE WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC TANK MIXED WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR FLAX (Refer to the tables above for specific grasses and growth stages)

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE	
	ANNUAL GRASSES ⁽¹⁾	PERENNIAL GRASSES		
			GROUND	AIR
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + MCPA & bromoxynil octanoate & bromoxynil heptanoate	4 to 5 fl. oz. (0.063-0.078 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	-	1 pt.	1 pt.
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + bromoxynil octanoate	4 to 5 fl. oz. (0.063-0.078 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	-	1 pt.	1 pt.
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + MCPA, 2-ethylhexyl ester	4 to 5 fl. oz. (0.063-0.078 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	-	1 pt.	1 pt.

Restrictions:

- **DO NOT** apply **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** tank mix during or after the bud stage or to ornamental flax or crop injury may occur.
- **DO NOT** apply tank mixes if temperatures are expected to exceed 85°F at (or 3 days following) application or crop injury may occur.

⁽¹⁾ Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the **DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES** table.

SOYBEAN

Table 8. WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC TANK MIXES⁽³⁾ TO CONTROL ANNUAL GRASSES WHEN USED AS A BURNDOWN IN NO-TILL SOYBEAN

PRODUCT	PRODUCT RATE/ACRE ⁽¹⁾	GRASS HEIGHT (Inches)	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE /ACRE ⁽²⁾	28%N OR 32%N QTS./A OR 2.5 TO 4.0 LBS. AMS
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC	3 fl. oz. (0.047 lb. a.i.)	Foxtail 1 to 3 Fall Panicum 1 to 3	1 qt.	1 to 2 qts. or

+ 2,4-D ester ⁽³⁾				2.5 to 4.0 lbs. AMS
	4 fl. oz. (0.063 lb. a.i.)	Foxtail 1 to 4 Fall Panicum 1 to 4	1 qt.	1 to 2 qts. or 2.5 to 4.0 lbs. AMS
	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	(See Grass Chart for grasses claimed.)	1 qt.	1 to 2 qts. or 2.5 to 4.0 lbs. AMS

Restriction: DO NOT use 2,4-D ester where drift sensitive crops may be grown.

⁽¹⁾ If regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** according to the appropriate size and rate requirements.

⁽²⁾ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate in the finished spray volume.

⁽³⁾ The following products can be tank mixed with **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** plus 2,4-D ester: VALOR® Herbicide, AUTHORITY™ BROADLEAF, CANOPY XL®, DUAL® 8 E, DUAL II®, DUAL MAGNUM®, PROWL, SENCOR®, SENCOR plus the DUAL products, and TURBO®.

Table 9. WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEAN

(Refer to the tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽⁴⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + lactofen	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	8 to 16 fl. oz. (0.125-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	0.5 to 1%	1%
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + sodium bentazon	8 to 10 fl. oz. (0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	10 to 16 fl. oz. (0.156-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	1%	1%
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + Glyphosate (For use on Roundup Ready soybean only.)	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	8 to 16 fl. oz. (0.125-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	0.5 to 1% ⁽⁴⁾	1% ⁽⁴⁾
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + sodium acifluorfen	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	0.5% to 1%	1%
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + sodium salt of fomesafen ⁽⁶⁾	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	8 to 16 fl. oz. (0.125-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	1%	1%
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + chlorimuron	8 to 10 fl. oz. (0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	10 to 16 fl. oz. (0.156-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	1%	1%
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC⁽⁵⁾ + imazethapyr	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	8 to 16 fl. oz. (0.125-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	1%	1%
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC⁽⁵⁾ + lactofen + chlorimuron	8 to 10 fl. oz. (0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product labels for use rates.	-	0.5%	1%
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC⁽⁵⁾ + lactofen + sodium bentazon	8 to 10 fl. oz. (0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product labels for use rates.	-	0.5%	1%
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC⁽⁵⁾ +	8 to 10 fl. oz. (0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.) +	-	0.5%	1%

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
lactofen + imazethapyr	Refer to product labels for use rates.			
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC⁽⁵⁾ + sodium bentazon & sodium acifluorfen	8 to 10 fl. oz. (0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	-	0.5%	1%
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC⁽⁵⁾ + flumiclorac + imazethapyr	8 to 10 fl. oz. (0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product labels for use rates.	-	1%	1%
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC⁽⁵⁾ + flumiclorac + Sodium bentazon	8 to 10 fl. oz. (0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product labels for use rates.	-	1%	1%
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC⁽⁵⁾ + flumiclorac + chlorimuron	8 to 10 fl. oz. (0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product labels for use rates.	-	1%	1%
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC⁽⁵⁾ + lactofen + flumiclorac	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product labels for use rates.	-	0.5%	1%
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC⁽⁵⁾ + cloransulam-methyl	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	8 to 16 fl. oz. (0.125-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	1%	-
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC⁽⁵⁾ + lactofen + cloransulam-methyl	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product labels for use rates.	8 to 16 fl. oz. (0.125-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product labels for use rates.	1%	-
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC⁽⁵⁾ + imazamox (1 AS)	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	-	1%	-
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC⁽⁵⁾ + lactofen + imazamox (1 AS)	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product labels for use rates.	-	1%	-
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC⁽⁵⁾ + thifensulfuron & chlorimuron	6 to 8 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾ (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	-	1 qt.	-
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC⁽⁵⁾ + lactofen + thifensulfuron & chlorimuron	6 to 8 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾ (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	-	1 pt.	-

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES		
			GROUND	AIR
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC⁽⁵⁾ + flumiclorac	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	-	1 qt.	-
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC⁽⁵⁾ + cloransulam-methyl & flumetsulam	8 to 10 fl. oz. (0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	-	1%	-
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + cloransulam-methyl + sodium salt of fomesafen ⁽⁶⁾	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product labels for use rates.	8 to 16 fl. oz. (0.125-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product labels for use rates.	1%	-

⁽¹⁾ If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate specifications.

⁽²⁾ Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not advised in these situations.

⁽³⁾ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

⁽⁴⁾ The addition of 2.5 lb. of ammonium sulfate is required when **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** is tank mixed with glyphosate. If the glyphosate formulation has a stand alone built in adjuvant, add 0.125% v/v non-ionic surfactant in place of crop oil concentrate. If the glyphosate formulation does not have a built in adjuvant, add 0.5 to 1% crop oil concentrate for ground application and 1% v/v for aerial application.

⁽⁵⁾ The addition of 1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N, or 32%N) is advised when **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** is tank mixed with imazethapyr, flumiclorac, sodium bentazon & sodium acifluorfen, cloransulam-methyl, thifensulfuron & chlorimuron, imazamox, cloransulam-methyl & flumetsulam, lactofen plus chlorimuron, lactofen plus sodium bentazon, lactofen plus imazethapyr, lactofen plus cloransulam-methyl, lactofen plus thifensulfuron & chlorimuron, and lactofen plus imazamox. An equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added in place of liquid fertilizer. Fertilizer adjuvants are to be added in addition to the crop oil concentrate.

⁽⁶⁾ Refer to sodium salt of fomesafen label for geographic and rotational restrictions.

⁽⁷⁾ Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixes are those that are identified in the **DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES** table.

SOYBEAN (continued)

Table 10. REDUCED RATE WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEAN (Refer to table Directions for reduced rate to control small annual grasses in canola, dry shelled bean and pea (including soybean, edible podded legume vegetables, flax, mustard seed, bean and pea (succulent) and sugar beet) (Reduced rate specifications not for use in California).

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ^(3,4) (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES ⁽²⁾	PERENNIAL GRASSES		
			GROUND	AIR
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + cloransulam-methyl	4 to 8 fl. oz. (0.063-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	-	1%	1%
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + imazethapyr	4 to 6 fl. oz. (0.063-0.094 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	-	1%	1%

⁽¹⁾ If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate specifications.

⁽²⁾ Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the **DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES** table.

⁽³⁾ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

⁽⁴⁾ The addition of 1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N, or 32%N) is required when **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** is tank mixed at reduced rates. An equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added in place of liquid fertilizer. Fertilizer adjuvants are to be added in addition to the crop oil concentrate.

PEANUT (INCLUDING PERENNIAL)

Table 11. WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR PEANUT (INCLUDING PERENNIAL) (Refer to the instruction tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES ⁽²⁾	PERENNIAL GRASSES		
			GROUND	AIR
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + sodium bentazon	8 to 10 fl. oz. (0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	-	1%	1%
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC	8 to 10 fl. oz. (0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.)	-	1%	1%

+ sodium acifluorfen	+ Refer to product label for use rates.			
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC	8 to 10 fl. oz. (0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.)	-	1%	1%
+ sodium bentazon & sodium acifluorfen	+ Refer to product label for use rates.			

- (1) If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate specifications.
- (2) Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not advised in these situations.
- (3) Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

DIRECTIONS FOR GRASS SUPPRESSION FOR HARVEST EFFICIENCY IN PEANUT (INCLUDING PERENNIAL) WITH WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC			
GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE
Annual and perennial grasses that exceed height claimed for control on height charts “ DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES ” and “ DIRECTIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES ”	Up to and including grasses in the seed head stage.	16 (0.250 lb. a.i.)	32 (0.500 lb. a.i.)
Restriction: DO NOT apply as part of a tank mix when applying Willowood Clethodim 2 EC for grass suppression. Add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground to the finished spray volume.			
Restrictions:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 64 fl. oz. (1.000 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 16 fl. oz., or 2 applications at the highest rate, 32 fl. oz., per year. 			

SUGAR BEET

Table 12. WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC TANK MIXED WITH CLOPYRALID, MONOETHANOLAMINE SALT APPLIED TO SUGAR BEET
(Refer to the tables above for specific grasses and growth stages)

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + clpyralid, monoethanolamine salt	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	8 to 16 fl. oz. (0.125-0.250 lb. a.i.)	1%	1%
Refer to product label for use rates.				

- (1) If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate specifications.
- (2) Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not advised in these situations.
- (3) Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

Table 13. WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC TANK MIXED WITH DESMEDIPHAM or PHENMEDIPHAM & DESMEDIPHAM APPLIED TO SUGAR BEET

PRODUCT ⁽¹⁾	WEEDS CONTROLLED		WEED HEIGHT (Inches)	APPLICATION RATE/ACRE
	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME		
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC ⁽²⁾ + phenmedipham & desmedipham or desmedipham	Barnyardgrass	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>	1 to 3	8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.)
	Foxtail	<i>Setaria</i> spp.	1 to 3	
	Foxtail Millet	<i>Setaria italic</i>	1 to 3	
	Wild Oat	<i>Avena fatua</i>	1 to 3	
	Wild Proso Millet	<i>Panicum miliaceum</i>	1 to 3	
			See phenmedipham & desmedipham label for rates to control broadleaf weeds. No additives are advised in the tank mix.	
			See desmedipham label for rates to control broadleaf weeds. No additives are advised in the tank mix.	

Restriction: DO NOT use crop oil concentrate. No additives are advised in the tank mix. If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate specifications.

- (1) Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not advised in these situations.
- (2) If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** at full label rate with appropriate rate of crop oil concentrate.

Table 14. WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC PLUS DESMEDIPHAM OR PHENMEDIPHAM & DESMEDIPHAM TANK MIX FOR THREE SEQUENTIAL APPLICATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASS CONTROL (MICRO-RATE APPLICATION) IN SUGAR BEET

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		METHYLATED SEED OIL ⁽²⁾ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	GRASSES CONTROLLED (Inches)		
			GROUND	AIR
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC	2 to 3 fl. oz.	Green Foxtail (1-2)	1.5%	1.5%

+ desmedipham or phenmedipham & desmedipham	(0.031-0.047 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product labels for use rates. ⁽³⁾	Yellow Foxtail (1-2) Barnyardgrass (1-2) Wild Oat (1-2) Volunteer Cereals (1-2)		
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⁽¹⁾ Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not advised in these situations.

⁽²⁾ Always use a methylated seed oil at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

Directions for Use for Micro-Rate Applications to Sugar Beet

Multiple micro-rate applications of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** in tank mixtures with reduced rates of desmedipham or phenmedipham & desmedipham and methylated seed oils may be applied by air or ground equipment to sugar beet to control early germinating annual grasses listed above. Refer to the desmedipham or phenmedipham & desmedipham product labels for use rates. Favorable climatic conditions (good conditions for plant growth and development) are essential for adequate weed control. All use precautions and restrictions on the desmedipham and phenmedipham & desmedipham master labels must be followed.

Directions for Using Micro-Rate Multiple Applications of Willowood Clethodim 2 EC Tank Mixes

Apply **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** in broadcast applications only at a rate of 2 to 3 fl. oz./A (0.031-0.047 lb. a.i.) in tank mixture with either desmedipham or phenmedipham & desmedipham. Refer to the desmedipham or phenmedipham & desmedipham product labels for use rates. If weed control is not adequate due to climatic conditions, spray coverage or other factors, return to conventional application rates of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** (6 to 8 fl. oz./A; 0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) and add rates of despedipham or phenmedipham & desmedipham as directed on their label. When using conventional rates of desmedipham or phenmedipham & desmedipham in tank mixtures with **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC**, a spray adjuvant is not advised.

Use Precautions for Micro-Rate Applications: (See Willowood Clethodim 2 EC, desmedipham and phenmedipham & desmedipham master label for further use precautions.)

Not all weeds will be adequately controlled, even with favorable climatic conditions. Conventional rates of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC**, desmedipham or phenmedipham & desmedipham and/or hand labor may be required if multiple micro-rate applications **DO NOT** adequately control weeds. Plugging of spray nozzles may be encountered due to the potential for formation of a precipitate in the spray solution that is often associated with micro-rate applications. To the extent consistent with applicable law, [Willowood, LLC][Generic Crop Science, LLC] will not be responsible for any nozzle plugging that may occur with the use of multiple micro-rate applications.

RESTRICTION: DO NOT USE METHYLATED SEED OIL.

GROUND APPLICATION

Use of sufficient spray volumes and pressure is essential to ensure complete coverage. Use a minimum of 10 gals. and a maximum of 20 gals. of spray solution per acre. Spray pressures must reflect a minimum of 30 psi and a maximum of 60 psi at the nozzle. **DO NOT** use flood nozzles.

AERIAL APPLICATION

Use of sufficient spray volumes is essential to ensure complete coverage. Use a minimum of 5 gals. and a maximum of 15 gals. of spray solution per acre.

Table 15. TANK MIX APPLICATION OF WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC AND FUNGICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASS WEEDS AND DISEASES IN SUGAR BEET

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/V)
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + tetraconazole	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	8 to 16 fl. oz. (0.125-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	1%

⁽¹⁾ If grass regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** alone (without a tank mix fungicide), according to the appropriate size and rate requirements.

⁽²⁾ Refer to **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** and fungicide label for rates and weeds and diseases controlled.

⁽³⁾ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

Table 16. TANK MIX APPLICATION OF WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC AND INSECTICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASS WEEDS AND INSECTS IN ALFALFA, COTTON, MINT, PEANUT (INCLUDING PERENNIAL), SOYBEAN AND SUNFLOWER

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE (V/V) ⁽³⁾	CROP					
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES		Alfalfa ⁽⁴⁾	Cotton	Mint ^(4,5)	Peanut	Soybean	Sunflower
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + acephate	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product labels for use rates.	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product labels for use rates.	1%		X	X	X		

Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + acephate ⁽⁶⁾	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	8 to 16 fl. oz. (0.125-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	1%		X	X	X	X	
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + fenpropathrin	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	8 to 16 fl. oz. (0.125-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	1%		X		X		
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + esfenvalerate	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	8 to 16 fl. oz. (0.125-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	1%						X
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + lambda-cyhalothrin	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	8 to 16 fl. oz. (0.125-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	1%						X
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + lambda-cyhalothrin	10 to 16 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾ (0.156-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	10 to 16 fl. oz. (0.156-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	1%	X					
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + cyfluthrin	10 to 16 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾ (0.156-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	10 to 16 fl. oz. (0.156-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	1%	X					
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + dimethoate	10 to 16 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾ (0.156-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	10 to 16 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾ (0.156-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	1%	X					
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + chlorpyrifos	10 to 16 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾ (0.156-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	10 to 16 fl. oz. (0.156-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	1 pt. ⁽⁸⁾	X					
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + permethrin	10 to 16 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾ (0.156-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	10 to 16 fl. oz. (0.156-0.250 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product label for use rates.	1%	X					

⁽¹⁾ If grass regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** alone (without a tank mix insecticide), according to the appropriate size and rate requirements.

⁽²⁾ Refer to **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** and insecticide labels for rates and weeds and insects controlled.

⁽³⁾ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

⁽⁴⁾ Certain insecticides may cause temporary phytotoxic symptoms on alfalfa and mint foliage. Refer to the insecticide label for further information. It is suggested that prior to using any of these insecticides/herbicide tank mixtures, that a small area of the field be treated first and observations for crop injury be made prior to treating the whole field.

Restrictions:

⁽⁵⁾ The **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** rate is 6 to 8 fl. oz./A (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) for annual grass control in baby mint, minimum of 8 fl. oz./A for annual grass control in established mint and 8 to 16 fl. oz./A (0.125-0.250 lb. a.i.) for perennial grass control. Crop oil concentrate is added at the rate of 1.0 to 2.0 pts./A.

⁽⁶⁾ Insecticide tank mix use with acephate 90% in soybean is permitted only in a state having an approved Section 24(c) registration for acephate 90% use in soybean.

⁽⁷⁾ The **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** rate is 6 to 8 fl. oz./A (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) for annual grass control in seedling alfalfa.

⁽⁸⁾ For the **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** plus chlorpyrifos tank mix, reduce the adjuvant rate down to 1.0 pt./A when tank mixed with chlorpyrifos.

Table 17. ROUNDUP READY VOLUNTEER CORN CONTROL IN ROUNDUP READY SOYBEAN WITH WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC TANK MIX

Roundup Ready Volunteer Corn Height (Inches)	Willowood Clethodim 2 EC Rate fl. oz./A	Glyphosate ⁽¹⁾ rate for formulations with built in adjuvant	Adjuvant
<12	4 (0.063 lb. a.i.)	Refer to product label for use rates.	Non-ionic surfactant @ 0.125 to 0.25% v/v plus ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals. of carrier
12 to 18	5 (0.078 lb. a.i.)		
18 to 24	6		

Roundup Ready Volunteer Corn Height (Inches)	Willowood Clethodim 2 EC Rate fl. oz./A	Glyphosate ⁽¹⁾ rate for formulations with built in adjuvant	Adjuvant
	(0.094 lb. a.i.)		
Roundup Ready Volunteer Corn Height (Inches)	Willowood Clethodim 2 EC Rate fl. oz./A	Glyphosate ⁽¹⁾ rate for formulations without built in adjuvant	Adjuvant
<12	4 (0.063 lb. a.i.)	Refer to product label for use rates.	Crop oil concentrate @ 1 pt./A plus ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals. of carrier
12 to 18	5 (0.078 lb. a.i.)		
18 to 24	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)		

⁽¹⁾ Glyphosate formulation must be labeled for use on Roundup Ready soybean.

THE MOST RESTRICTIVE LABELING OF ANY PRODUCT USED IN A TANK MIX MUST BE FOLLOWED.

- Apply only to actively growing grass and broadleaf weeds at advised height or growth stage listed on each label.
- Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity which exist a few days after rainfall or within 7 days after irrigation.
- Tank mix applications may sometimes result in reduced grass control. If regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC**, as specified in the respective size and rate tables.
- This tank mix may be applied post-emergence to ROUNDUP READY soybean up through the full flowering stage.
- Avoid contact with foliage, green stems, or fruit of crops, or any desirable plants and trees, other than soybean with the ROUNDUP READY gene as severe injury or destruction will result.

Restrictions:

- **DO NOT** tank mix **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** when broadleaf weeds are tall and/or dense enough to prevent proper grass coverage.
- **DO NOT** apply less than 60 days before harvest.
- **DO NOT** allow the **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** plus ROUNDUP to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation as minute quantities of the tank mix can cause severe damage or destruction to the crops, plants or other areas on which treatment was not intended. The likelihood of injury occurring from drift of this product is greatest when winds are gusty or in excess of 5 miles per hour. Even under lesser wind velocities, avoid conditions that allow spray drift to occur such as combinations of spray pressure and nozzle type that will result in fine particles (mist) that are likely to drift.

FALLOW LAND

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Willowood Clethodim 2 EC may be used to control annual and perennial grasses in land that has been left fallow the previous year and other non-producing agricultural areas. Apply **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** at 6 to 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i.) for annual grasses and 8 to 16 fl. oz./A (0.125-0.250 lb. a.i.) for perennial grasses. When both grass and broadleaf weeds are the target pest, **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** may be tank mixed with 2,4-D ester or sodium salt of dicamba for broad spectrum control. When both annual and perennial grasses occur in the same field, use a minimum of 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i.) **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** rate.

PRODUCT INFORMATION:

- Use a minimum spray volume of 5 gals./A for aerial applications and 15 gals./A for ground applications.
- Apply only to actively growing grasses when the first grass reaches the advised weed height as specified by the Directions for Annual and Perennial Grasses section of this label.
- Annual grasses that emerge after the **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** application will not be controlled, and a second application may be necessary.
- The control of perennial grasses may require more than 1 application in non-tilled areas.

Restrictions:

- **DO NOT** apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** per acre per application.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6 fl. oz., or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 fl. oz., per year.
- **DO NOT** plant any crop for 30 days after application unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.
- **DO NOT** apply to grasses that have tillered, formed seedheads or exceeded specified growth stage.
- **DO NOT** use flood jet nozzles.
- **DO NOT** apply to drought stressed grasses.
- **DO NOT** mow area for 2 weeks prior to or after the **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** application.

Table 18. WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC IN TANK MIXES TO CONTROL ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL GRASSES IN FALLOW LAND

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽²⁾ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC + 2,4-D ester or	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) + Refer to product labels for use	8 to 16 fl. oz. (0.125-0.250 lb. a.i.)	1%	1%

sodium salt of dicamba	rates.			
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- (1) Refer to **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** label for weed height and species control. Review sodium salt of dicamba and 2,4-D labels for crop restrictions, use rates and weeds controlled.
- (2) Always use a crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil containing at least 15% emulsifier at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

DIRECTIONS FOR GRASS SUPPRESSION IN NON-CROP AREAS WITH WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC			
GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE
Annual and perennial grasses that exceed height claimed for control on height charts above.	Up to and including grasses in the seed head stage.	12 (0.188 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.250 lb. a.i.)
Restriction: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT apply as part of a tank mix when applying Willowood Clethodim 2 EC for grass suppression. Add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground to the finished spray volume. DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. DO NOT apply more than 64 fl. oz. (1.000 lb. a.i.) per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at 12-16 fl. oz. per year. 			

Table 19. WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC FOR THE CONTROL AND/OR SUPPRESSION OF TALL FESCUE IN NATIVE PRAIRIE WARM-SEASON GRASS RESTORATION PROJECTS

PRODUCT	PRODUCT RATES	GRASS WEEDS CONTROLLED/SUPPRESSED		WEED STAGES
		Common Name	Scientific Name	
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC	10 to 12 fl. oz./A (0.156-0.188 lb. a.i.)	Tall Fescue	<i>Festuca arundinacea</i>	4 to 6 inches tall (40 to 60% green-up)
Adjuvant: Willowood Clethodim 2 EC must be applied with crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A, plus a spray grade ammonium sulfate at 2.5 to 4 lbs./A. Mixing Order: Thoroughly mix spray grade ammonium sulfate in water, add Willowood Clethodim 2 EC , then add crop oil concentrate.				
APPLICATION PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS Precautions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Burn or mow fields a minimum of 3 weeks prior to application to remove excess crop residue. Apply in the spring, at 40 to 60% tall fescue green-up, prior to emergence of warm-season grasses. Apply in a minimum of 15 to 20 gals. of water per acre at a spray pressure of 40 to 60 PSI at the nozzle. Apply using flat fan or hollow cone nozzles. Apply only to fields that have warm-season grasses established for 2 years. Applications of Willowood Clethodim 2 EC to emerged warm-season grasses may cause injury. NOTE: Willowood Clethodim 2 EC applications are most effective if applied when average nighttime temperatures are consistently greater than or equal to 47°F. Restrictions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT mow area for 2 weeks after the Willowood Clethodim 2 EC application. DO NOT use flood jet nozzles. DO NOT apply to warm-season grasses grown for seed. DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated forage and or hay to livestock. DO NOT plant any crop for 30 days after application, unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop. 				

Table 20. WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF TALL FESCUE SEED-HEADS IN NON-PRODUCING AGRICULTURAL AREAS

PRODUCT	PRODUCT RATE	SUPPRESSION	APPLICATION TIMING
Willowood Clethodim 2 EC	1.5 to 2 fl. oz./A (0.023-0.031 lb. a.i.)	Tall Fescue Seed-Heads (<i>Festuca arundinacea</i>)	(50 to 90% Tall Fescue green-up)
Adjuvant: Willowood Clethodim 2 EC must be applied with crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A, plus a spray grade ammonium sulfate at 2.5 to 4 lb./A. Mixing Order: Thoroughly mix spray grade ammonium sulfate in water, add Willowood Clethodim 2 EC Herbicide, then add crop oil concentrate.			
APPLICATION PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS Precautions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Apply at 50 to 90% tall fescue green-up. Use the higher Willowood Clethodim 2 EC rate if less tall fescue green matter is present. Apply in a minimum of 15 to 20 gals. of water per acre at a spray pressure of 40 to 60 psi at the nozzle. Apply using flat fan or hollow cone nozzles. DO NOT use flood nozzles. 2,4-D ester may be added to this tank mix for broadleaf control (see 2,4-D ester label for weeds controlled). Restrictions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT mow area for two weeks after the Willowood Clethodim 2 EC application. DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated forage and/or hay to livestock. DO NOT plant any crop for 30 days after application, unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop. 			

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN ORNAMENTALS

For ornamental plant uses, **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** can be used to control labeled grass weeds in greenhouses, bathhouses,

shadehouses, and around outdoor ornamentals, including nurseries, parks, roadside plantings, and structure landscapes.

IMPORTANT

Willowood Clethodim 2 EC successfully controls weeds in newly transplanted and established non-grassy ornamentals. Plant sensitivity to **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** at labeled rates has been found to be acceptable for the indicated genera and species listed below. Due to variability within species, crop growth stage, environmental conditions, and application techniques, it is advised that the user determine if herbicide can be used safely on a few plants prior to widespread application. Neither the seller nor the manufacturer of **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** have investigated the safety factor to ornamental plants not listed on the label.

The following plants are not sensitive to **Willowood Clethodim 2 EC** applications:

ORNAMENTAL TREES

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Alder, Red	<i>Alnus rubra</i>
Ash	<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.
Basswood	<i>Tilia</i> spp.
Birch, European White	<i>Betula pendula</i>
Birch, River	<i>Betula nigra</i>
Birch, White	<i>Betula papyrifera</i>
Crabapple, Flowering	<i>Malus halliana</i>
Dogwood, Flowering	<i>Cornus florida</i>
Golden Chain Tree	<i>Laburnum anagyroides</i>
Maples	<i>Acer</i> spp.
Mulberry, White	<i>Morus alba</i>
Oaks	<i>Quercus</i> spp.
Olive, Wild	<i>Elaeagnus angustifolia</i>
Redbud, Eastern	<i>Cercis Canadensis</i>
Sweet Gum, American	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>

GROUND COVERS

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Bugleweed, Carpet	<i>Ajuga reptans</i>
Ivy, English	<i>Hedera helix</i>
Japanese Spurge	<i>Pachysandra terminalis</i>
Lilyturf	<i>Liriope muscari</i>
Moneywort	<i>Lysimachia nummularia</i>
Mondo Grass, White	<i>Ophiopogon jaburan</i>
Mondo Grass Dwarf	<i>Ophiopogon japonicas</i>
Periwinkle, Lesser	<i>Vinca minor</i>

GARDEN FLOWERS AND PLANTS

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Ageratum	<i>Ageratum</i> spp.
Alyssum*, Sweet	<i>Lobularia maritima</i>
Asparagus Fern	<i>Asparagus setaceus</i>
Bleeding Heart	<i>Dicentra spectabilis</i>
Cast Iron Plant	<i>Aspidistra elatior</i>
Chrysanthemum	<i>Chrysanthemum</i> spp.
Cinquefoil	<i>Potentilla</i> spp.
Coleus	<i>Coleus</i> spp.
Coralbells	<i>Heuchera sanguinea</i>
Cranesbill	<i>Geranium</i> spp.
Dahlia	<i>Dahlia</i> spp.
Daisy, Trailing African	<i>Osteospermum fruticosum</i>
Daylily	<i>Hemerocallis</i> spp.
Dusty Miller	<i>Senecio cineraria</i>
Euonymus	<i>Euonymus</i> spp.
Gazania	<i>Gazania</i> spp.
Geranium, House	<i>Pelargonium hortorum</i>
Heather, False	<i>Cuphea hyssopifolia</i>
Hosta	<i>Hosta fortunei</i>
Iris	<i>Iris</i> spp.
Jasmine Tobacco	<i>Nicotiana glauca</i>
Loosestrife	<i>Lythrum salicaria</i>
Marigold	<i>Tagetes</i> spp.
Partridgeberry	<i>Mitchella repens</i>
Petunia*	<i>Petunia hybrida</i>

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Phlox	<i>Phlox</i> spp.
Pinks	<i>Dianthus</i> spp.
Portulaca	<i>Portulaca grandiflora</i>
Salvia	<i>Salvia</i> spp.
Saxifrage	<i>Saxifrage</i> spp.
Sedum	<i>Sedum</i> spp.
Selloum	<i>Philodendron selloum</i>
Snapdragon*	<i>Antirrhinum majus</i>
Sweet Flag	<i>Acorus gramineus</i>
Tickseed	<i>Coreopsis grandiflora</i>
Touch-Me-Not	<i>Impatiens</i> spp.
Verbena	<i>Verbena</i> spp.
Violet	<i>Viola</i> spp.
Yarrow, Common	<i>Achillea millefolium</i>
Zinnia	<i>Zinnia elegans</i>

* Slight foliage or flower speckling has been observed on these species.

SHRUBS

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Abelia	<i>Abelia</i> spp.
Anise, Purple	<i>Illicium floridanum</i>
Aucuba	<i>Aucuba</i> spp.
Azalea*	<i>Rhododendron</i> spp.
Bamboo	<i>Bambusa</i> spp.
Barberry, Japanese	<i>Berberis thunbergii</i>
Barberry, Magellan	<i>Berberis buxifolia</i>
Bayberry	<i>Myrica pensylvanica</i>
Bottlebrush	<i>Callistemon citrinus</i>
Boxwood, Common	<i>Buxus sempervirens</i>
Camellia, Common	<i>Camellia japonica</i>
Candytuft	<i>Iberis sempervirens</i>
Cleyera	<i>Cleyera japonica</i>
Coralberry	<i>Ardisia crenata</i>
Crape Myrtle	<i>Lagerstroemia indica</i>
Coyote Brush	<i>Baccharis pilularis</i>
Fig, Creeping	<i>Ficus pumila</i>
Gardenia	<i>Gardenia</i> spp.
Holly	<i>Ilex</i> spp.
Honeysuckle	<i>Lonicera</i> spp.
Indian Hawthorn	<i>Raphiolepis indica</i>
Jasmine	<i>Jasminum</i> spp.
Jasmine, Asiatic	<i>Trachelospermum asiaticum</i>
Jasmine, Star	<i>Trachelospermum jasminoides</i>
Juniper	<i>Juniperus</i> spp.
Lantana	<i>Lantana</i> spp.
Nandina* Bamboo, Heavenly	<i>Nandinia domestica</i>
Oleander, Common	<i>Nerium oleander</i>
Oregon Grape	<i>Mahonia aquifolium</i>
Photinia	<i>Photinia</i> spp.
Pittosporum	<i>Pittosporum</i> spp.
Podocarpus	<i>Podocarpus</i> spp.
Privet	<i>Ligustrum</i> spp.
Pyracantha	<i>Pyracantha</i> spp.
Rhododendron	<i>Rhododendron</i> spp.
Rose	<i>Spiraea bumalda</i>
Sweet Olive	<i>Osmanthus fragrans</i>
Viburnum	<i>Viburnum tinus</i>
Wisteria	<i>Wisteria</i> spp.
Yellow Sage/Shrub Verbena	<i>Lantana camara</i>

* Slight foliage or flower speckling has been observed on these species.

DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES IN ORNAMENTALS

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at specified weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass and weed population reaches the specified growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

Restrictions:

- **DO NOT** apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per application.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 64 fl. oz. (1.000 lb. a.i.) per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 4 applications at 8-16 fl. oz. per year.

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT* (Inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE ⁽¹⁾	HIGH RATE FL. OZ./ACRE ⁽²⁾
Barnyardgrass	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>	2 to 8	8	16
Broadleaf Signalgrass	<i>Brachiaria platyphylla</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Brome				
California	<i>Bromus carinatus</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Cheat	<i>Bromus secalinus</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Downy	<i>Bromus tectorum</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Ripgut	<i>Bromus diandrus</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Canarygrass	<i>Phalaris canariensis</i>	1 to 4	8	16
Crabgrass				
Hairy	<i>Digitaria adscendens</i>	2 to 6**	8	16
Large	<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>	2 to 6**	8	16
Smooth	<i>Digitaria ischaemum</i>	2 to 6**	8	16
Southern	<i>Digitaria ciliaris</i>	2 to 6**	8	16
Crowfootgrass	<i>Dactyloctenium aegyptium</i>	2 to 6**	8	16
Fall Panicum	<i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i>	2 to 8	8	16
Field Sandbur	<i>Cenchrus incertus</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Foxtail				
Giant	<i>Setaria faberi</i>	2 to 12	8	16
Green	<i>Setaria viridis</i>	2 to 8	8	16
Yellow	<i>Setaria glauca</i>	2 to 8	8	16
Goosegrass	<i>Eleusine indica</i>	2 to 6**	8	16
Itchgrass	<i>Rottboellia cochlin</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Junglerice	<i>Echinochloa colona</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Lovegrass (Stinkgrass)	<i>Eragrostis cilianensis</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Rabbitsfootgrass	<i>Polypogon monspeliensis</i>	1 to 4	8	16
Red Rice	<i>Oryza sativa</i>	1 to 3	8	16
Ryegrass				
Hardy	<i>Lolium remotum</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Italian	<i>Lolium multiflorum</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Seedling Johnsongrass	<i>Sorghum halepense</i>	4 to 10	8	16
Shattercane	<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>	6 to 18	8	16
Southwestern Cupgrass	<i>Eriochloa gracilis</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Sprangletop				
Amazon	<i>Leptochloa panicoides</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Bearded	<i>Leptochloa fascicularis</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Mexican	<i>Leptochloa uninervia</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Red	<i>Leptochloa filiformis</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Texas Panicum	<i>Panicum texanum</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Volunteer Cereals				
Barley	<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Oats	<i>Avena sativa</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Rye	<i>Secale cereale</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Wheat	<i>Triticum aestivum</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Volunteer Corn	<i>Zea mays</i>	4 to 12	6	8
Volunteer Corn	<i>Zea mays</i>	12 to 24	8	16
Volunteer Grain Sorghum	<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>	8 to 12	8	16
Wild Oats	<i>Avena fatua</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Wild Proso Millet	<i>Panicum miliaceum</i>	2 to 10	8	16
Witchgrass	<i>Panicum capillare</i>	2 to 8	8	16
Woolly Cupgrass	<i>Eriochloa villosa</i>	2 to 8	8	16

* Generally occurs between 3-leaf stage and tillering.

** Length of lateral growth.

⁽¹⁾ 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i./A) = approximately 0.2 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft.⁽²⁾ 16 fl. oz./A (0.250 lb. a.i./A) = approximately 0.4 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft.

Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v).

**DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL WITH
WILLOWOOD CLETHODIM 2 EC IN ORNAMENTALS**

GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE FL. OZ./ACRE
Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa annua</i>)	to 4-leaf	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.250 lb. a.i.)

Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity that exists within a few days after rainfall or within 7 days after irrigation. Grass needs to be actively growing at time of application(s).

Apply at weed stage indicated on the label, as reduced control can be expected with more mature annual bluegrass.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when annual bluegrass is more mature.

Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v).

Restrictions:

- **DO NOT** apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per application.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb. a.i.) per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6 fl. oz., or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 fl. oz., per year.

DIRECTIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at specified weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the specified growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

Restrictions:

- **DO NOT** apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb. a.i.) per acre per application.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 64 fl. oz. (1.000 lb. a.i.) per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 4 applications at 8-16 fl. oz. per year.

GRASS SPECIES	WEED HEIGHT (Inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE ⁽¹⁾	HIGH RATE FL. OZ./ACRE ⁽²⁾
Bermudagrass (<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>)			
First Application	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Quackgrass (<i>Elytrigia repens</i>)			
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16
Rhizome Johnsongrass (<i>Sorghum halepense</i>)			
First Application	12 to 24	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	6 to 18	6	8
Wirestem Muhly (<i>Muhlenbergia frondosa</i>)			
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16

⁽¹⁾ 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i./A) = approximately 0.2 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft.

⁽²⁾ 16 fl. oz./A (0.250 lb. a.i./A) = approximately 0.4 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft.

Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v)

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment. Open dumping is prohibited.

PESTICIDE STORAGE:

Keep pesticide in original container. **DO NOT** put concentrate or dilute into food or drink containers. Store in cool, dry place. **DO NOT** store diluted spray.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

[NONREFILLABLE CONTAINERS]

Nonrefillable container. **DO NOT** reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

(Nonrefillable plastic container ≤ 5 gallons): Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

(Nonrefillable plastic container > 5 gallons): Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or

puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

(Nonrefillable metal container > 5 gallons): Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

[REFILLABLE CONTAINERS]

Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. **DO NOT** reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller.

To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

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