

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

August 10, 2017

Timothy Joseph Mitsui Chemicals Agro, Inc. c/o Landis International, Inc. PO Box 5126 Valdosta, GA 31603-5126

Subject: Label Amendment – Changing address, adding restriction against use in California for greenhouse grown tomatoes, and adding optional language Product Name: Dinotefuron 20% Turf, Ornamental and Vegetable Transplants EPA Registration Number: 86203-11 Application Date: August 15, 2016 Decision Number: 521720

Dear Mr. Joseph,

The amended label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. This approval does not affect any conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance

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with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, please contact Jessica Rogala by phone at 703-347-0263, or via email at <u>rogala.jessica@epa.gov</u>.

Sincerely,

J. Rogala Jon

Meredith F. Laws, Chief Invertebrate & Vertebrate Branch 3 Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs

4A

DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS

Water Soluble Granule (SG)

For foliar and systemic insect control in ornamental plants, vegetable transplants in enclosed structures, and turfgrass. For Greenhouse, Nursery, Interior Plantscapes, Outdoor Landscape, Greenhouse Tomato and Forestry Use Only

Active Ingredient:	
Dinotefuran, [N-methyl-N'-nitro-N"-((tetrahydro-3-furanyl)methyl)guanidine]	
Other Ingredients	<u>80%</u>
Total:	

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See side panels for additional precautionary statements

FIRST AID			
If On Skin Or Clothing	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. 		
If Swallowed	 Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 		
If In Eyes	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. 		
If Inhaled	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. 		
HOT LINE NUMBER			

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For emergency information on (product, use, etc.), call the National Pesticides Information Center at 1-800-858-7378, 6:30 AM to 4:30 PM Pacific time (PT), seven days a week. During other times, call the poison control center 1-800-222-1222.

See side/back panels for additional precautionary statements

EPA Reg No. 86203-11 Net Contents:



Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

86203-11

(select one) EPA Establishment No. 082617-JPN-001 □/54675-MEX-001 □/67545-AZ-01⊠ Lot Number: Manufactured For:

MITSUI CHEMICALS AGRO, INC.			
Nihonbashi Dia Building	P. O. Box 5126		
1-19-1 Nihonbashi Chuo-ku	Valdosta, GA 31603-5126		
Tokyo 103-0027	USA		
JAPAN			

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Causes moderate eye irritation. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical resistant gloves made out of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils, natural rubber ≥ 14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride ≥ 14 mils, or viton ≥ 14 mils

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions exist for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users Should:

- Wash hands with soap and water before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not dispose equipment washwaters or rinsate into a natural drain or water body.

This product is toxic to honey bees. The persistence of residues and potential residual toxicity of Dinotefuran in nectar and pollen suggests the possibility of chronic toxic risk to honey bee larvae and the eventual instability of the hive.

- This product is toxic to bees exposed to residues for more than 38 hours following treatment.
- Do not apply this product to blooming, pollen-shedding or nectar-producing parts of plants if bees may forage on the plants during this time period, unless the application is made in response to a public health emergency declared by appropriate state or federal authorities.

Dinotefuran and its degradate, MNG, have the properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The high water solubility of dinotefuran, and its degradate MNG, coupled with its very high mobility, and resistance to biodegradation indicates that this compound has a strong potential to leach to the subsurface under certain conditions as a result of label use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use, pour, spill or store near heat or open flame.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORY

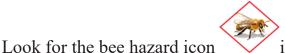
Do not apply under conditions involving possible drift to food, forage or other plantings that might be damaged or the crop thereof rendered for sale, use or consumption.

PROTECTION OF POLLINATORS



APPLICATION RESTRICTIONS

EXIST FOR THIS PRODUCT BECAUSE OF RISK TO BEES AND OTHER INSECT POLLINATORS. FOLLOW APPLICATION RESTRICTIONS FOUND IN THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE TO PROTECT POLLINATORS.



in the Directions for Use for each

application site for specific use restrictions and instructions to protect bees and other insect pollinators.

This product can kill bees and other insect pollinators.

Bees and other insect pollinators will forage on plants when they flower, shed pollen, or produce nectar. Bees and other insect pollinators can be exposed to this pesticide from:

- Direct contact during foliar applications, or contact with residues on plant surfaces after foliar applications
- Ingestion of residues in nectar and pollen when the pesticide is applied as a seed treatment, soil, tree injection, as well as foliar applications.

When Using This Product Take Steps To:

- Minimize exposure of this product to bees and other insect pollinators when they are foraging on pollinator attractive plants around the application site.
- Minimize drift of this product on to beehives or to off-site pollinator attractive habitat. Drift of this product onto beehives or off-site to pollinator attractive habitat can result in bee kills.

Information on protecting bees and other insect pollinators may be found at the Pesticide Environmental Stewardship website at: http://pesticidestewardship.org/PollinatorProtection/Pages/default.aspx. Pesticide incidents (for example, bee kills) should immediately be reported to the state/tribal lead agency. For contact information for your state, go to: www.aapco.org/officials.html. Pesticide incidents should also be reported to the National Pesticide Information Center at: www.npic.orst.edu or directly to EPA at: beekill@epa.gov

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL, USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

FOR COMMERCIALLY GROWN ORNAMENTALS NOT UNDER CONTRACT FOR POLLINATION SERVICES BUT ARE ATTRACTIVE TO POLLINATORS

Do not apply this product while bees are foraging.

- This product is toxic to bees exposed to residue for more than 38 hours following treatment.
 - Do not apply this product to blooming, pollen-shedding or nectar-producing parts of plants if bees may forage on the plants during this time period, unless the application is made in response to a public health emergency declared by appropriate state or federal authorities.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USES



Do not apply DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS while bees are foraging. Do not apply DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS to plants that are flowering. Only apply after all flower petals have fallen off.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, greenhouses and handlers of agricultural insecticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

EXCEPTION: If product is drenched or soil-injected, workers may enter the area at any time if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water is:

- Coveralls
- Shoes plus socks
 - Chemical resistant gloves (made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils, natural rubber ≥ 14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride ≥ 14 mils, or viton ≥ 14 mils)

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not allow others to enter treated areas until sprays have dried.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

• Applications of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS in residential areas may be made by commercially licensed applicators.

Application to Turfgrass:

- DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS can be used for the control of soil inhabiting pests of turfgrass such as Masked Chafers, European Chafer, Green June Beetle, May or June Beetle, Japanese Beetle, Oriental Beetle, Billbugs, Annual Bluegrass Weevil, Black Turfgrass Ataenius, Ants (not including fireants), and Mole Crickets. DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS can also be used for surface feeding insects such as: army worms, cutworms and chinchbugs in turfgrass areas.
- DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS can be used as directed on outdoor residential, recreational and commercial turfgrass in sites such as home lawns, commercial lawns, multi-family residential and apartment complexes, grounds or lawns around business and office complexes, shopping centers, airports, military and other institutions, cemeteries, golf courses, playgrounds, parks, athletic fields and sod farms.
- Target timing of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS applications at or just prior to or during egg laying of the target pests. The need for an application can be based on historical and/or physical monitoring of the site, current season adult trapping, previous experience or other methods. Optimum control will be achieved when applications are made at appearance or just prior to or at egg hatch of the target pests followed by sufficient irrigation or rainfall to move the active ingredient through the turf thatch layer. Consult your State Extension Service for information regarding specific application timing.
- DO NOT apply when the target site is saturated with water. Adequate distribution of the active ingredient cannot be achieved when these conditions exist.
- Do not apply more than a total of 2.7 lbs. (0.54 lbs. a.i.) of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS per acre of turf per year.

Application to Ornamental Plants (including Forestry):

- DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS can be applied as a foliar spray, a broadcast spray, a soil drench, soil injection and via chemigation for insect control in ornamental plants in greenhouses, nurseries, outdoor landscapes and interior plantscapes.
- DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS is a systemic product and will be taken up by the root system and translocated upward throughout the plant. When applied as a foliar spray, the product offers translaminar and locally systemic control of foliar pests.
- When applied to the soil, DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS will be translocated more quickly in herbaceous plants than in woody shrubs and trees. Speed of insect control will range from as little as one day for small herbaceous plants in containers, to several weeks in large trees in growing in the landscape.
- Do not apply more than a total of 2.7 lbs of product (0.54 lb. active ingredient) per acre per year for all application types.
- Do not apply this product, by any application method, to linden, basswood or other *Tilia* species.
- Optional text: Use on *Myoporum laetum* is not recommended.

Application to Vegetables Transplants:

- DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS can be applied as a foliar spray or a broadcast spray for insect control in vegetable transplants.
- Do not apply more than 1.34 lbs (0.268 lbs. a.i.) per acre of nursery per year.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS:

DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS Alone: Add half of the required amount of water to the mix tank. With the agitator running, add the desired amount of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS to the tank. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water. Begin application of the solution after Dinotefuran 20% Turf, Ornamental and Vegetable Transplants has completely dispersed into the mix water. Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been applied.

DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS + Tank Mixtures: Add half of the required amount of water to the mix tank. Start the agitator running before adding any tank mix partners. In general, add tank mix partners in this order: products packaged in water-soluble packaging, wettable powders, wettable granules (dry flowables), liquid flowables, liquids, emulsifiable concentrates, and surfactants/adjuvants. Always allow each tank mix partner to become fully dispersed before adding the next product. Provide sufficient agitation while adding the remainder of the water. Maintain agitation until all the mixture has been applied.

NOTE: When using DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS in tank mixtures, add all products in water-soluble packaging to the tank before any other tank mix partner, including DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS. Allow the water-soluble packaging to completely dissolve and the product(s) to completely disperse before adding any other tank mix partner to the tank.

If using DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS in a tank mixture, it is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture. Do not exceed label dosage rate. Do not mix this product with any product that prohibits such mixing. Tank mixtures or other applications of products referenced on this label are permitted only in those states in which the referenced products are labeled.

Volumes, weights, and conversions Use the following equivalent, unpacked volumetric weights

1 tablespoon = 0.22 oz = approximately ¼ oz; 2.5 tablespoons = 0.55 oz = approximately ½ oz; 3.5 tablespoons = 0.77 oz = approximately ¾ oz; 4.5 tablespoons = 0.99 oz = approximately 1 oz; 28 grams = 1.0 oz 2.7 lb = 43.2 oz

Compatibility

IMPORTANT: The safety of all potential tank mixes has not been tested on all crops. Before applying any tank mixture not specifically listed on this label, confirm the safety to the target crop.

DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS is compatible with most commonly used pesticides, crop oils, adjuvants, and nutritional sprays. However, since it is not possible to test all possible mixtures, pre-test to assure the physical compatibility and lack of phytotoxic effect of any proposed mixtures with DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS. To determine the physical compatibility of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS with other products, use a jar test, as described below:

Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to 1 quart of water. Add wettable powders and water-dispersible granular products first, then liquid flowables, and emulsifiable concentrates last. After thoroughly mixing, let stand for at least 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for additional required ingredients to the spray tank.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS contains a Group 4A insecticide. Insect biotypes with acquired resistance to Group 4A may eventually dominate the insect population if Group 4A insecticides are used repeatedly in the same crop or in successive years as the primary method of control for a targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS or other Group 4A insecticides.

To delay the development of insecticide resistance in greenhouse, nursery and interiorscape use sites, strongly consider the following guidelines:

- Do not apply DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS or other Group 4A insecticides to consecutive generations of the same insect pest species.
- Do not drench soil media with DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS or other Group 4A insecticides more than one time per crop cycle or three months, whichever is shorter.
- Do not make more than two foliar or broadcast sprays of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS or other Group 4A insecticides to a single crop during a two-month period.
- Do not make more than one soil drench and one foliar or broadcast spray with DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS or other Group 4A insecticides during a two-month period.
- Base insecticide use on a comprehensive IPM program.
- Monitor treated insect populations for loss of field efficacy.
- Contact your local extension specialist, certified crop advisors, and/or manufacturers for insecticide resistance
 management and/or IPM guidelines for the specific site and resistant pest problems.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, you may contact Landis International, Inc., a representative of Mitsui Chemicals Agro, Inc., at toll free number: 1-800-526-3471.

APPLICATION PROCEDURES AND SPRAY EQUIPMENT

Ground Application: Select spray nozzles that will provide accurate and uniform spray deposition. Use spray nozzles that provide medium-sized droplets and reduce drift. To help insure accuracy, calibrate sprayer before each use. For information on spray equipment and calibration, consult nozzle manufacturers and/or State Extension Service specialists.

Apply DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS using sufficient water volume to provide thorough and uniform coverage. In situations where a dense canopy exists and/or pest pressure is high, use greater water volumes. The use of a spray adjuvant may improve spray coverage. Do not apply under conditions where uniform coverage cannot be obtained or where excessive spray drift may occur.

Applications to turfgrass: Apply DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS through conventional spray equipment in a minimum of 1 gallon of finished spray per 1000 sq. ft. Ensure adequate distribution in the treated area using accurately calibrated equipment normally used for application of turfgrass insecticides. Use equipment that will produce a uniform, coarse droplet spray, using a low pressure setting to eliminate off target drift. Check calibration periodically to ensure that equipment is working properly. Prevent skips by using marker dyes or foam aids.

Applications to ornamental plants, forestry, and vegetables transplants: DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS can be applied using many different types of application equipment. Apply in sufficient water to ensure good coverage of ornamental plants. Tank mixing with a surfactant will produce better coverage when making applications to plants with hard to wet foliage such as holly or pine. If concentrate or mist type spray equipment is used, apply the same amount of product on the sprayed area as would be used in a dilute solution. To assure optimum effectiveness, the product must be placed where the growing portion of the target plant can absorb the active ingredient. Applications can be made to foliage or as a soil drench.

RESTRICTIONS

- With the exception of non-livestock animals, do not graze treated areas or use clippings from treated areas for feed or forage.
- Prevent runoff or puddling of irrigation water following application.
- Keep children and pets off treated areas until spray has dried.
- Do not apply to areas that are water logged or saturated, or frozen, which will not allow penetration into the root zone of the plant.

APPLICATION THROUGH IRRIGATION SYSTEMS (CHEMIGATION):

DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS may be applied by injection into an irrigation system, either alone or in combination with other pesticides or chemicals that are registered for application through irrigation systems. Dilution ratios are normally 1:100 to 1:200, depending on the system. Apply this product only through center pivot, solid set, hand move, or moving wheel irrigation systems (Turfgrass) or microirrigation (individual spaghetti tube), drip irrigation, overhead irrigation, or motorized calibrated irrigation equipment (Ornamentals). Do not apply through any other type of irrigation system. Lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make adjustments when necessary.

Using Water from Public Water Systems:

DO NOT APPLY DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF & ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS THROUGH ANY IRRIGATION SYSTEM PHYSICALLY CONNECTED TO A PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM.

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year. DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS may be applied through irrigation systems which may be supplied by a public water system only if the water from the public water system is discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and to top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe. Before beginning chemigation, always make sure that the air gap exists and that there is no blockage of the overflow of the reservoir tank.

Any irrigation system using water supplied from a public water system must also meet the following requirements:

Operating Instructions for Irrigation Systems:

- 1. The system must be calibrated to uniformly apply the rates specified. If you have questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
- 2. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 4. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 6. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch that will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 7. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 8. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended.

Calibration and Application Instructions:

Apply DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS under the schedule specified in the specific use instructions, not according to the irrigation schedule unless the events coincide. In general, set the equipment to apply the minimum amount of water per acre. Run the system at 86 - 90% of the manufacturer's maximum rated travel speed.

The following calibration and application techniques are provided for user reference, but do not constitute a warranty of fitness for application through sprinkler irrigation equipment. Check with state and local regulatory agencies for potential use restrictions before applying any agricultural chemical through sprinkler irrigation equipment.

Center Pivot Irrigation Equipment:

NOTES: 1) Use only drive systems that provide uniform water distribution. 2) Do not use end guns when chemigating DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS through center pivot systems because of non-uniform application. 3) Plug the first nozzle closest to the wellhead to protect the water source.

- 1. Determine the size of the area to be treated.
- 2. Determine the time required to apply 0.1 0.25 inches of water over the area to be treated when the system and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures as recommended by the equipment manufacturer. Run the system at 80-95% of the manufacturer's rated maximum travel speed.
- 3. Using water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure.
- 4. Determine the amount of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS, and any tank mix partners, required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- 5. Add the required amount of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS, and any tank mix partners, and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements to the solution tanks. (See "Mixing Instructions" section of this label.)
- 6. Make sure the system is fully charged with water before starting injection of the DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS solution. Time the injection to last at least as long as it takes to bring the system to full pressure.
- 7. Inject the specified amount of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS per acre continuously for one complete revolution of the system.
- 8. Stop the injection equipment after treatment is complete. Continue to operate the system until the DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS solution has cleared all of the sprinkler heads.
- 9. Allow time for all lines to flush the pesticide through all nozzles before turning off irrigation water.

Solid Set, Hand Move, and Moving Wheel Irrigation Equipment:

- 1. Determine the acreage covered by the sprinklers.
- 2. Fill injector solution tank with plain water and calibrate the flow rate of the system to deliver the contents of the tank over a 20-40 minute time interval.
- 3. Determine the amount of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- 4. Add the required amount of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS, and any other tank mix partners, into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection period. (See "Mixing Instructions" section of this label.)
- 5. Operate the system at the same pressure and time interval established during the calibration.
- 6. Inject specified amount of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS per acre for either a 20-40 minute period at the end of a regular irrigation set, or as a 20-40 minute injection as a separate application not associated with a regular irrigation to maximize retention of the insecticide by the foliage.
- 7. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until the DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS solution has cleared the last sprinkler head. To ensure lines are flushed and free from remaining pesticides, a dye indicator may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

MINIMIZING SPRAY DRIFT

As with all crop protection products, it is important to minimize off-target movement. Do not allow spray to drift onto adjacent land, crops, or aquatic areas. To minimize spray drift:

- 1. Make applications when wind velocity favors on-target product deposition (approximately 3 to 10 mph). Do not apply when wind velocity exceeds 10 mph. Do not apply when wind gusts approach 10 mph.
- 2. Risk of exposure to sensitive aquatic areas can be reduced by not applying when wind direction is toward the aquatic area.
- 3. Do not cultivate or plant crops within 25 feet of the aquatic area as to allow growth of a vegetative filter strip.
- 4. Do not make applications during temperature inversions. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with increased height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.
- 5. Use the largest droplet size consistent with good pest control. Small droplets are more prone to spray drift and can be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection, by orienting nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible, and by not using excessive spray boom pressure.
- 6. Apply as close to target plants as practical to obtain a good spray pattern for adequate coverage. Do not apply more than 10 ft. above the crop canopy.
- 7. For aerial applications, mount spray boom on the aircraft so as to minimize drift caused by wing tip vortices. Use minimum practical boom length and do not use boom that exceeds 75% of wing span or rotor diameter.

Air Assisted (Air Blast) Tree and Vine Sprayers (Ornamentals Only):

Air assisted tree and vine sprayers carry droplets into the canopy of trees and vines via a radially or laterally directed air stream. In addition to the general drift management principles already described, the following specific practices will further reduce the potential for drift:

- 1. Adjust deflectors and aiming devices so that spray is only directed into the canopy.
- 2. Block off upward pointed nozzles when there is no overhanging canopy.
- 3. Use only enough air volume to penetrate the canopy and provide good coverage. Use a minimum of 50 gallons finished spray per acre.
- 4. Do not allow spray to go beyond the edge of the cultivated area. Spray the outside row only from outside the planting.

Crop	Pest	TURFGRASS Product Rate	Remarks
Turfgrasses Residential Recreational Commercial	Mole cricket Southern mole cricket Tawny mole cricket	2.7 lbs. per acre (1 oz. per 1000 sq. ft.) 0.54 lbs. a.i. per acre	Make application prior to or during the peak egg hatch period. When adults or large nymphs are present and actively tunneling, tank mix with a curative insecticide
	White grub larvae such as: Annual bluegrass weevil Asiatic garden beetle Billbug Black Turfgrass ataenius European chafer Green June beetle Japanese beetle May/June beetle Northern masked chafer Oriental beetle Southern masked chafer	2.7 lbs. per acre (1 oz. per 1000 sq. ft.) 0.54 lbs. a.i. per acre	For grubs, billbugs, and annual bluegrass weevil, make application prior to or during egg hatch of the target pest.
	Cutworms Chinchbug Sod webworm	2.7 lbs. per acre (1 oz. per 1000 sq. ft.) 0.54 lbs. a.i. per acre	For suppression of chinchbugs, make application prior to hatching of the first instar nymphs.
	European Cranefly	2.7 lbs. per acre (1 oz. per 1000 sq. ft.) 0.54 lbs. a.i. per	Apply in the spring, when larvae are matur but prior to pupation or in the fall prior to egg hatch.

Restrictions:

• Apply in sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage of target area. Use a minimum of 50 gallons finished spray per acre.

• Consult your local State Extension Service or State Extension Turfgrass Specialists for more specific information on timing of insecticide applications.

• Irrigate turf if rainfall does not occur within 24 hours after application to ensure movement of the active ingredient through the thatch.

• Do not apply more than a total of 2.7 lbs. (0.54 lbs. a.i.) of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS per acre of turf per year.

VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS (IN ENCLOSED STRUCTURES) FOLIAR OR BROADCAST SPRAY APPLICATION

Сгор	Pest	Product Rate (By weight)	Remarks
Cucurbits (Transplants only) Cantaloupe, Cucumber, Melons, Squash Fruiting Vegetables Eggplant, Peppers, Tomato Head and Stem Brassica Broccoli, Brussel Sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Kohlrabi	Aphids Leafminers Mealybugs Thrips (suppression) Whiteflies including Silverleaf/Sweetpotato (B and Q Biotypes)	3.5 - 7.0 oz per100 gal 7-14 oz per Acre 0.16 - 0.32 oz Per 1,000 sq ft (0.09 to 0.18 lbs. a.i. per Acre)	Do not make more than one application per crop. Apply only to cucurbits and brassica being grown as transplants and before transplants are sold. 100 gals. of spray mix will treat 20,000 sq. ft of area when using a typical high volume sprayer. If using a low volume sprayer, adjust concentration to apply the same amount of product per unit area.
Leafy Vegetables (Transplants only) (Excluding Brassica spp.)	Aphids Leafminers Mealybugs Thrips (suppression) Whiteflies including Silverleaf/Sweetpotato (B and Q Biotypes)	3.5 - 5.5 oz. per100 gal 7-11 oz per Acre 0.16 - 0.25 oz. Per 1,000 sq ft (0.09 to 0.134 lbs. a.i. per Acre)	Do not make more than one application per crop. Apply only to leafy vegetables being grown as transplants and before transplants are sold. 100 gals. of spray mix will treat 20,000 sq. ft of area when using a typical high volume sprayer. If using a low volume sprayer, adjust concentration to apply the same amount of product per unit area

One (1) level teaspoon contains 2.4 grams and 1 cup (8 fl oz) contains 4.0 oz by weight of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS.

Begin applications when first pest activity is noticed or when insects reach threshold levels per University/Extension recommendations. Time application before a damaging population becomes established.

Restriction:

Do not apply more than 1.34 lbs (0.268 lbs. a.i.) per acre of nursery per year.

To delay the development of resistance: Do not apply DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS or other Group 4A insecticides to consecutive generations of the same insect species without switching to a different mode of action. Do not make more than two sprays of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS or other Group 4A insecticides to a single crop. Refer to "Resistance Management" section of label for further guidelines.

GREENHOUSE-GROWN TOMATOES*

FOLIAR SPRAY, BROADCAST SPRAY OR SOIL DRENCH APPLICATION

For foliar insect control on tomatoes grown and harvested.

For foliar i	For foliar insect control on tomatoes grown and harvested.				
		Product Rate			
Crop	Pest	(By Weight)	Remarks		
Tomatoes	Aphids Leafminers Mealybugs Thrips (suppression)	Foliar Spray 4 to 8 oz. (0.05 – 0.1 lb. a.i.) per 100 gal	100 gals. of spray mix will treat 20,000 sq. ft. of area when using a typical high volume sprayer. If using a low volume sprayer, adjust concentration to apply the same amount of product per unit area.		
	Whiteflies including Silverleaf/	8-16 oz. per Acre (0.1 to 0.2 lbs. a.i. per Acre)	Use Restrictions: Do not use adjuvants or surfactants.		
	Sweetpotato (B and Q Biotypes)	0.2 - 0.4 oz per 1,000 sq. ft.	Do not apply more than two foliar sprays per crop. Do not apply more than 2.0 lbs (0.4 lb ai) per acre per		
	51 /		year as foliar sprays.		
			Do not apply soil drench to plants that have received foliar sprays.		
			Do not apply within one (1) day of harvest.		
		Soil Drench	Only apply soil drench to moist soil media. Do not apply to dry or saturated media.		
		³ / ₄ to 1 ¹ / ₂ pounds (0.15 – 0.3 lb a.i.) per 100 gallons 12 to 24 ounces per 100 gallons	Restrictions : Do not leach treated soil media for at least 7 days after application or performance may be reduced.		
		1.5-3.0 teaspoons per gallon	Do not apply more than 2.7 lb (0.54 lb a.i.) per acre per year as a soil drench.		
		Apply 4 fl oz of drench solution per gallon of potting media	Do not use adjuvants or surfactants.		
		At 0.75 lb/ 100 gallons, 360 gallons of drench solution will deliver 2.7 lbs of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND	Do not apply foliar sprays to plants that have received a soil drench. Do not apply within one (1) day of harvest.		
		VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS per acre.			
		At 1.5 lb/100 gallons, 180 gallons of drench solution will deliver 2.7 lbs. of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS per acre			

One level teaspoon contains 2.4 grams and 1 cup (8 fl. oz.) contains 4.0 oz. by weight of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS.

Begin applications when first pest activity is noticed or when insects reach threshold levels per University/Extension recommendations to maintain control. Time application before a damaging population becomes established.

To delay the development of resistance: Do not apply DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS or other Group 4A insecticides to consecutive generations of the same insect species without switching to a different mode of action. Do not make more than two foliar sprays or one soil drench of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS or other Group 4A insecticides to a single crop. Refer to "Resistance Management" section of label for further guidelines.

* Not for use in CA

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS AND FORESTS FOLIAR OR BROADCAST SPRAY APPLICATION - OUTDOOR

For foliar insect control on ornamental plants in nurseries, outdoor landscapes (commercial, industrial, recreational and residential), tree plantations, reforestation nurseries and forests.

Ornamental plantsAdelgids including: Hemlock Woolly Balsam Woolly Aphids (suppression) including: Balsam, Crepe Myrtle, Green Peach MelonFoliar Spray 1/4 to 1/2 lb. per 100 gallons (4 to 8 oz. per 100 gallons)Make first application before pest population an economic threshold application after 14-Bedding Plants Flowering Plants Foliage PlantsJapanese beetles (adults) Lacebugs including: Azalea, Cotoneaster, Hawthorne Rhododendron(0.05 to 0.1 lbs. a.i. per 100 gallons)Make first application before pest population an economic threshold application after 14-	
including:Balsam Woolly½ to ½ lb. per 100 gallonsbefore pest populati an economic thresh necessary, make a se application after 14.including:Balsam Woolly¼ to ½ lb. per 100 gallonsbefore pest populati an economic thresh necessary, make a se application after 14.ShrubsBalsam, Crepe Myrtle, Green Peach Melon(4 to 8 oz. per 100 gallons)before pest populati an economic thresh application after 14.Bedding Plants Flowering Plants Foliage PlantsJapanese beetles (adults) Lacebugs including: Azalea, Cotoneaster, Hawthorne Rhododendron(0.05 to 0.1 lbs. a.i. per 100 gallons)Tank mixing with a	
ShrubsAphids (suppression) including: Balsam, Crepe Myrtle, Green Peach Melon(4 to 8 oz. per 100 gallons) gallons)an economic thresh necessary, make a su application after 14- (0.05 to 0.1 lbs. a.i. per 100 gallons)Bedding Plants Flowering Plants Foliage PlantsJapanese beetles (adults) Lacebugs including: Azalea, Cotoneaster, Hawthorne Rhododendron(0.05 to 0.1 lbs. a.i. per 100 gallons)an economic thresh necessary, make a su application after 14- Tank mixing with a	
ShrubsBalsam, Crepe Myrtle, Green Peach Melon(4 to 8 oz. per 100 gallons)necessary, make a se application after 14- (0.05 to 0.1 lbs. a.i. per 100 gallons)Bedding Plants Flowering Plants Foliage PlantsJapanese beetles (adults) Lacebugs including: Azalea, Cotoneaster, Hawthorne Rhododendron(0.05 to 0.1 lbs. a.i. per 100 gallons)necessary, make a se application after 14- Tank mixing with a	
MelonMelonapplication after 14-Bedding PlantsJapanese beetles (adults)(0.05 to 0.1 lbs. a.i. per 100Flowering PlantsAzalea, Cotoneaster, Hawthornegallons)Foliage PlantsRhododendronTank mixing with a	
Bedding PlantsJapanese beetles (adults) Lacebugs including: Azalea, Cotoneaster, Hawthorne(0.05 to 0.1 lbs. a.i. per 100 gallons)application arter 14- application arter 14- Tank mixing with a	
Flowering Plants Foliage Plants Foliage Plants Rhododendron Rhododendron Rhododendron	-21 days.
Foliage Plants Azalea, Cotoneaster, Hawthorne Bhododendron Tank mixing with a	
Foliage Plants Rhododendron I ank mixing with a	
Ground Covers Surfactant may impr	rove
Evergreens Viburgum control of pests such	
Ornamental Trees* Leafhonners including $(0.1 \text{ to } 0.2 \text{ lbs } a_i/\Lambda)$ whitefly, mealybug	
New Description Finite Trans. Glossy Winged Sharpshooter	
of tank mix in small	
	mmercial
Non-Bearing Vines Leatminers including: Serpentine scale.	
Meelyburge including:	11
Citrus, Long-Tailed, Madeira.	
Christmas Trees Trees in Plantations Descure, Phormium, Pink Hibiscus Duritical including: Descure, Phormium, Pink Hibiscus Descure, Phormium, Pink Hibiscus	
Psylinds including:	
including: Asian Citrus	· adjust
Confires Root weevils (addits) ² /2-1.0 tsp per gallon concentration to and	
Deciduous trees including:	
Black Vine, Diaprepes	F
Reforestation Nurseries Sawflies (larvae)	
Scale (Armored and Soft) including:	
Forests and Wooded Cryptomeria, Cycad Aulacaspis,	
Areas, National, Private Elongate Hemlock, Euonymus,	
and State Florida Red, Florida Wax, Tea	
Thrips including:	
Chilli, Gynaikothrips uzeli,	
Western Flower (Suppression)	
Whiteflies including:	
Fig (Ficus), Giant, Greenhouse,	
Silverleaf/Sweetpotato	
(B and Q Biotypes)	

One (1) level teaspoon contains 2.4 grams and 1 cup (8 fl oz) contains 4.0 oz by weight of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS.

Make first application just before pest populations reach an economic threshold. If necessary, make a second application after 14-21 days.

Restrictions:

Not for use on house plants grown inside private residences Do not apply more than 2.7 lbs (0.54 lbs. a.i.) per acre of nursery, landscape or forest per year

To delay the development of resistance: Do not apply DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS or other Group 4A insecticides to consecutive generations of the same insect species without switching to a different mode of action. Do not make more than two sprays of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS or other Group 4A insecticides to a single crop. Refer to "Resistance Management" section of label for further guidelines.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS						
FOLIAR OR BROADCAST SPRAY APPLICATION - INDOOR						
For foliar insect control on ornamental plants in greenhouses, interior plantscapes, lath and shadehouses.						
Crop Pest Product Rate Rema						
Ornamental plants including: Shrubs Bedding Plants Flowering Plants Foliage Plants Ground Covers Evergreens Ornamental Trees Non-Bearing Fruit Trees Non-Bearing Nut Trees Non-Bearing Vines	Adelgids including: Hemlock Woolly Balsam Woolly Aphids (suppression) including: Balsam, Crepe Myrtle, Green Peach Melon Japanese beetles (adults) Lacebugs including: Azalea, Cotoneaster, Hawthorne Rhododendron Leaf beetles Viburnum Leafhoppers, including Glassy-Winged Sharpshooter Potato Leafminers including: Serpentine Mealybugs including: Citrus, Long-Tailed, Madeira, Obscure, Phormium, Pink Hibiscus Psyllids including: Asian Citrus Root Weevils (adults) including: Black Vine, Diaprepes Sawflies (larvae) Scale (Armored and Soft) including: Cryptomeria, Cycad Aulacaspis, Elongate Hemlock, Euonymus, Florida Red, Florida Wax, Tea Thrips including: Chilli, Gynaikothrips uzeli, Western Flower (Suppression) Whiteflies including: Fig (Ficus), Giant, Greenhouse, Silverleaf /Sweetpotato (B and Q Biotypes)	Foliar Spray ¹ / ₄ to ¹ / ₂ lb. per 100 gallons (4 to 8 oz. per 100 gallons) (0.05 to 0.1 lbs. a.i. per 100 gallons) 8-16 oz per Acre (0.1 to 0.2 lbs. a.i./A) 0.2-0.4 oz per 1,000 sq. ft. For treatment of small areas: ¹ / ₂ -1.0 tsp per gallon	Make first application just before pest populations reach an economic threshold. If necessary, make a second application after 14-21 days. Tank mixing with a surfactant may improve control of pests such as whitefly, mealybug and scale. Confirm plant safety of tank mix in small area before using on a commercial scale. 100 gals. of spray mix will treat 20,000 sq. ft of area when using a typical high volume sprayer. If using a low volume sprayer, adjust concentration to apply the same amount of product per unit area.			

ODNAMENTAL DIANTS

One (1) level teaspoon contains 2.4 grams and 1 cup (8 fl oz) contains 4.0 oz by weight of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS.

Make first application just before pest populations reach an economic threshold. If necessary, make a second application after 14-21 days.

Restrictions:

Not for use on house plants grown inside private residences Do not apply more than 2.7 lbs (0.54 lbs. a.i.) per acre of nursery, landscape or forest per year

To delay the development of resistance: Do not apply DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS or other Group 4A insecticides to consecutive generations of the same insect species without switching to a different mode of action. Do not make more than two sprays of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS or other Group 4A insecticides to a single crop. Refer to "Resistance Management" section of label for further guidelines.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS AND FORESTS

APPLICATION TO SOIL

For systemic insect control on containerized and field grown (in-ground) ornamental plants in nurseries, greenhouses, interior plantscapes, lath and shadehouses, outdoor landscapes (commercial, industrial, recreational and residential), tree plantations, reforestation nurseries and forests when applied via soil drench, soil injection, micro-irrigation (spaghetti tube or emitter), drip irrigation, overhead irrigation, ebb and flood irrigation equipment or motorized irrigation equipment.

Сгор	Pest	Product Rate (By weight)		Remarks	
Ornamental plants including:	Adelgids including: Hemlock Woolly Balsam Woolly	Containerized Plants Soil Media Drench		Only apply to moist soil media. Do not apply to dry or saturated media.	
Shrubs Bedding Plants Flowering Plants Foliage Plants Ground Covers Evergreens Ornamental Trees*	Aphids including Balsam Crepe Myrtle Green Peach Melon Bagworms Eastern Tent Caterpillar	³ / ₄ to 1 ¹ / ₂ pounds per 100 gallons 12 to 24 ounces per 100 gallons 1.5-3.0 teaspoons per gallon		Do not apply media drench until roots from transplanted plugs or liners have extended at least half way to the edge of pots.	
Non-Bearing Fruit Trees Non-Bearing Nut Trees Non-Bearing Vines	Erythinia Gall Wasp Flatheaded Borers including Alder Bronze Birch	Media Drench Volume for Individual Pots		Do not leach treated soil media for at least 7 days after application or performance may be reduced.	
Christmas Trees Trees in Plantations	Emerald Ash Flatheaded Appletree Two-Lined Chestnut	Pot diameter (inches)	Fl oz. of dilute solution per pot	Heavy rainfall or excessive irrigation following application may decrease	
including:	Froghoppers Fungus Gnats (larvae)	4	2	performance.	
Conifers Deciduous trees	Gypsy Moth (larvae) Horned Oak Gall	5	3	Higher rates will be needed to control insects on woody	
	Japanese Beetle (Adults)	6	4	plants than on herbaceous	
Reforestation Nurseries	Lacebugs including: Azalea	7	5	plants. Poinsettia: For optimal	
Forests and Wooded Areas, National, Private and State	Cotoneaster Hawthorne	8 6		control of whiteflies, treat plants 1-3 weeks after	
	Rhododendron Leaf Beetles including Elm Viburnum Leafhoppers including Glassy-Winged Sharpshooter Potato	drench volume th	olution (0.11 to er 4 fl oz, water) ing media. Use a nat is sufficient to ithout resulting in	pinch. Late season drenches will take longer to provide effective control.	
	(continued)	Containerized Plants			
		Media Drench Plants in Rais Benches, Bedo Plug and Line	ed Beds, ling Flats,		
		Apply sufficier solution to wet without loss of bottom of bed	soil media Iiquid from		

(Continued)

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS AND FORESTS (CONTINUED)

APPLICATION TO SOIL

For systemic insect control on containerized and field grown (in-ground) ornamental plants in nurseries, greenhouses, interior plantscapes, lath and shadehouses, outdoor landscapes (commercial, industrial, recreational and residential), tree plantations, reforestation nurseries and forests when applied via soil drench, soil injection, micro-irrigation (spaghetti tube or emitter), drip irrigation, overhead irrigation, ebb and flood irrigation equipment or motorized irrigation equipment.

Сгор	Pest	Product Rate (By weight)		Remarks
Ornamental plants including: Shrubs Bedding Plants	rubs Birch	Ebb an	ized Plants d Flood ation	Bring several pots to field capacity, let soil dry and then measure amount of water required to bring pots back to
Flowering Plants Foliage Plants Ground Covers Evergreens	Holly Serpentine Mealybugs Citrus	Pot diameter (inches)	Ounces per 1,000 pots	field capacity. Multiply the average volume of water required to rehydrate one pot by the number of pots to be
Ornamental Trees* Non-Bearing Fruit Trees Non-Bearing Nut Trees Non-Bearing Vines	Longtailed Madeira Obscure Phormium	4	1.9 - 3.7	treated. Add this volume of water to the minimum amount of water needed to flood the area to be treated.
Christmas Trees	Pink Hibiscus Root Mimosa Webworm (larvae)	5	2.8 - 5.6	Re-use any returned volume in subsequent irrigation of same plants.
Trees in Plantations including:	Peachtree Borer Pine tip moth (larvae) Plantbugs	6	3.7 - 7.5	For pot diameter greater than 8", use 3.7-7.5 ounces of
Conifers Deciduous trees	Psyllids including: Asian Citrus Boxwood	7	4.7 - 9.3	DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE
Reforestation Nurseries Forests and Wooded Areas,	Root Weevils (larvae and adults) including Black Vine	8	5.6 - 11.2	TRANSPLANTS per 1,000 gallons of potting soil media.
National, Private and State	Diaprepes Roundheaded Borers (excluding Asian Longhorned) Eucalyptus Longhorned Linden Locust Royal Palm Bug	individual using a mici sys	ation of containers co-irrigation tem tti tube)	Use typical injection ratio for injectors (e.g. 1:100, which equals1 part injector tank solution: 100 parts irrigation water). Do not mix more than 24 oz of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL
	Sawfly larvae Scales (Armored and Soft) Including: Azalea Bark Brown Soft	Injection ratio	Ounces per gallon of injector tank water	AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS per gallon of injector tank water, or some product may settle out of solution. Calibrate
	Calico California Red Cottony Cushion Cottony Maple Cryptomeria (continued)	1:100	12 - 24	irrigation system to deliver 3-4 fl oz of dilute solution per gallon of potting media.
	()			(Continued)

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ORNAMENTAL PLANTS AND FORESTS (CONTINUED)

APPLICATION TO SOIL

For systemic insect control on containerized and field grown (in-ground) ornamental plants in nurseries, greenhouses, interior plantscapes, lath and shadehouses, outdoor landscapes (commercial, industrial, recreational and residential), tree plantations, reforestation nurseries and forests when applied via soil drench, soil injection, micro-irrigation (spaghetti tube or emitter), drip irrigation, overhead irrigation, ebb and flood irrigation equipment or motorized irrigation equipment.

Сгор	Pest	Product Rate (By weight)	Remarks
Ornamental plants including: Shrubs Bedding Plants Flowering Plants Foliage Plants Ground Covers Evergreens Ornamental Trees* Non-Bearing Fruit Trees Non-Bearing Nut Trees Non-Bearing Vines Christmas Trees Trees in Plantations including: Conifers Deciduous trees Reforestation Nurseries Forests and Wooded Areas, National, Private and State	Scales (Armored and Soft) continued Cycad Aulacaspis Duplachionaspis Elongate Hemlock Euonymus False Florida Red False Oleander Fig (Ficus) Wax Fletcher Florida Red Florida Wax Indian Wax Lecanium Lobate Lac Melanaspis deklei Obscure Oystershell Poplar (Aspen) Pine Needle Tea Tuliptree Spittlebugs Tent Caterpillar (larvae) Thrips including: Chilli (Suppression) Citrus Cuban Laurel Gladiolus Gynaikothrips uzeli (Suppression) Western Flower (Suppression) Treehoppers Walnut Twig Beetle Whiteflies including: Ficus Giant Greenhouse Silverleaf/Sweetpotato (B and Q biotypes) White Grubs including: Oriental Beetle White Pine Weevil	Field Grown (In-Ground) Shrubs (1.25 - 2.5 level teaspoons) per foot of height 1.0 - 2.1 ounces per 10 feet of height	 When applied to the soil, DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS is taken up by actively growing trees and shrubs. Speed of control will be dependent on plant size, plant health, environmental conditions and how actively pests are feeding. In actively growing plants, control may be evident within 1-3 weeks after application depending on plant size. Time applications to coincide with when most vulnerable pest life stage is present on plants. Control may be less effective when applied to dry, saturated, or frozen soil, or at times when plants are not actively taking up water from soil. If possible, irrigate dry soils 1-3 days before application, or apply irrigation within 3 days after application. Heavy rainfall or inadequate irrigation immediately following application may decrease performance. Use higher labeled rates for broadleaf evergreens with dense foliage (ex. hollies), and with very large trees. Soil Drench: Mix required dose in water and uniformly apply to soil around base of shrub or tree. Pull back mulch before drenching. Apply 1-4 pints of drench solution per foot of height (shrubs) or inch of trunk diameter (trees). Adjust drench volume based on soil type, soil moisture and thickness of mulch so that product is moved into root zone. To enhance soil penetration in heavy soils and sloping terrain, dig shallow holes around tree or shrub, and apply drench solution in holes. Lower drench volumes may be less effective in dry soils or when applied over heavy mulch unless there is adequate rainfall or irrigation after application to move product into root zone.
			(Continued)

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS AND FORESTS (CONTINUED) APPLICATION TO SOIL

For systemic insect control on containerized and field grown (in-ground) ornamental plants in nurseries, greenhouses, interior plantscapes, lath and shadehouses, outdoor landscapes (commercial, industrial, recreational and residential), tree plantations, reforestation nurseries and forests when applied via soil drench, soil injection, micro-irrigation (spaghetti tube or emitter), drip irrigation, overhead irrigation, ebb and flood irrigation equipment or motorized irrigation equipment.

Сгор	Pest	Product Rate (By weight)	Remarks
Crop Ornamental plants including: Shrubs Bedding Plants Flowering Plants Foliage Plants Ground Covers Evergreens Ornamental Trees* Non-Bearing Fruit Trees Non-Bearing Nut Trees Non-Bearing Vines Christmas Trees Trees in Plantations including: Conifers Deciduous trees Reforestation Nurseries Forests and Wooded Areas, National, Private and State	Pest (Refer to list above)		Remarks Soil Injection: Mix required dose in water and make at least four injections per shrub or tree with a low-pressure applicator. Use same amount of solution per hole. Injections can be made using the following methods: Grid System-Space injections on a 2.5 ft center extending to drip line. Circle System-Make injections in concentric circles extending inward from drip line. Basal System Space injections evenly around trunk no more than 24" out from the base. DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS may be soil injected with low volume (e.g. Kioritz injector) or high volume injection equipment. Inject 1 – 32 fl oz of dilute solution per foot of height or inch of trunk diameter depending on application equipment. Make shallow
		Hadaaa	injections where feeder roots are most concentrated.
		Hedges 0.25 – 1.0 oz per foot of hedge height per 100 linear feet of hedge row	Apply in enough water to wet the lower 12" of trunk and surrounding soil surface. Apply in a one foot wide band over base of trunk and soil down center of hedgerow. To improve performance, rake back mulch before application.

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ORNAMENTAL PLANTS AND FORESTS (CONTINUED) APPLICATION TO SOIL

For systemic insect control on containerized and field grown (in-ground) ornamental plants in nurseries, greenhouses, interior plantscapes, lath and shadehouses, outdoor landscapes (commercial, industrial, recreational and residential), tree plantations, reforestation nurseries and forests when applied via soil drench, soil injection, micro-irrigation (spaghetti tube or emitter), drip irrigation, overhead irrigation, ebb and flood irrigation equipment or motorized irrigation equipment.

Сгор	Pest	Product Rate (By weight)		Remarks
Ornamental plants including: Shrubs Bedding Plants Flowering Plants Foliage Plants Ground Covers Evergreens Ornamental Trees* Non-Bearing Fruit Trees	(Refer to list above)	Field grown nursery stock Banded spray application to soil surface (2.7 lbs per acre)		Apply as a uniform band in row over root zone and lower 6-12" of trunk. Apply from peak adult flight to peak egg hatch.
		Row spacing in feet	Ounces per 1,000 linear feet of row	Apply in at least two gallons of water per 1,000 linear feet. Irrigate after application to move product into soil profile.
Non-Bearing Nut Trees Non-Bearing Vines		3	3	Control any weeds in treated area
		4	4	prior to application, or performance may be reduced. Adjust rates accordingly for other row spacing. Irrigate after application to move DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS to the root zone.
Christmas Trees		5	5	
Trees in Plantations including: Conifers		6	6	
Deciduous trees		7	7	
Reforestation Nurseries		8	8	
Forests and Wooded Areas, National, Private and State		Broadcast spray to soil of plant beds 2.7 lbs per acre		Apply over the top of ornamental plant beds in a water volume sufficient to move product to soil surface. If necessary, irrigate after application to move product off of foliage and into upper root zone of soil. May be less effective on large woody shrubs than on herbaceous annuals and perennials.

Important Notes:

One (1) level teaspoon contains 2.4 grams, and 1 cup (8 fl oz) contains 4.0 oz by weight of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS.

For all soil applications, including chemigation, retreatments may be made after 7 days but do not apply more than 2.7 lbs (0.54 lbs. a.i.) per acre of nursery, landscape or forest per year.

Restrictions:

Do not apply more than 2.7 lbs (0.54 lbs. a.i.) per acre of nursery, landscape or forest per year.

To delay the development of resistance in greenhouses, nurseries and interiorscapes, do not make more than one soil application per crop cycle or three-months, whichever is shorter. Refer to "Resistance Management" section of the label for additional guidelines.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS AND FORESTS BASAL TRUNK SPRAYS IN TREES AND LARGE SHRUBS

For systemic insect control in containerized and field grown (in-ground) ornamental trees and shrubs in nurseries, interior plantscapes, lath and shadehouses, outdoor landscapes (commercial, industrial, recreational and residential), tree plantations and forests when applied as a trunk spray.

Сгор	Pest	Product Rate (By weight)	Remarks
	Adelgids including	(by weight)	When sprayed on the trunk.
Shrubs	Hemlock Woolly		DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF,
Q . 1. *	Aphids	10 04 11	ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE
Ornamental trees*	Flatheaded Borers	12 – 24 oz per gallon	TRANSPLANTS will be absorbed through
Non-Bearing Fruit Trees	including	Depending on bark type	the bark and into the vascular system, and
Non-Bearing Nut Trees	Alder	and thickness, one gallon	then transported throughout the tree. Speed
	Bronze Birch Emerald Ash	of spray solution will	of control will be dependent on tree size, tree
Trees in Plantations	Flatheaded Appletree	typically cover 65-85" of	health, environmental conditions and how
including:	Two-lined Chestnut	cumulative trunk	actively pests are feeding. In actively
Conifer	Lacebugs	diameter (1.5 -2.0 fl oz	transpiring trees, control may be evident
Deciduous	Leaf Beetles	per inch of trunk	within 1-3 weeks after application.
	Leafhoppers	diameter) when applied	
Reforestation Nurseries	Leafminers	to trunk between soil	Spray bark on root flare (buttress roots) and on trunk between soil surface and 4-5 feet
	Mealybugs Mountain Pine Beetle	surface and 4-5 feet	above the soil surface.
Forests and Wooded Areas	Pine Tip Moth (Larvae)	above soil surface.	
National, Private and State	Psyllids		Adjust nozzle to uniformly distribute spray
	Roundheaded Borers		over the entire circumference of the tree
	(Excluding Asian		trunk and buttress roots. Wet bark just to the
	Longhorned)		point of saturation and run off onto soil.
	Scales including		Apply ONLY with a low volume sprayer
	Calico Cryptomeria		operated at less than 20 PSI to prevent tree
	Elongate Hemlock		damage, bounce back and drift of spray
	Fig (Ficus) Wax		droplets. Time applications to coincide with
	Thrips (Suppression)		when most vulnerable pest life stage is
	Walnut Twig Beetle		present on plants.
	Whiteflies including Fig (Ficus)		Do not apply to wet bark, during rainfall or if rain is expected within 12 hours.
			Control may be less effective in trees with
			thick bark, and at times when trees are not
			actively growing or transpiring.
			For Mountain Pine Beetle: apply from 2
			weeks before to 2 weeks after expected peak
			of adult flight activity.
		1.5 – 6.0 oz/gallon	For Christmas trees and ornamental trees
	Elongate Hemlock Scale	1.5 0.0 02/galloli	less than 3" in diameter at soil line, spray
Christmas Trees	Cryptomeria Scale	One es11e C	trunk just to point of runoff between soil
	Ficus (fig) whitefly	One gallon of spray	surface and 12" above soil surface.
Ornamental trees* with		solution will typically	Surface and TE acove boil builde.
trunk diameter less than 3"		cover 325-425" of	
<u>at soil line</u>		cumulative trunk diameter $(0.2, 0.4 \text{ fl})$ or	
		diameter (0.3 -0.4 fl oz per inch of trunk	
		diameter) when applied	
		to trunk between soil surface and 1 foot above	
		soil surface	
	1	son surface	

TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS

Restrictions:

Do not apply more than 2.7 lbs (0.54 lbs. a.i.) per acre of nursery, forest or landscape per year.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS AND FORESTS TRUNK INJECTION IN TREES AND LARGE SHRUBS

For systemic insect control in containerized and field grown (in-ground) ornamental trees and large shrubs in greenhouses, nurseries, interior plantscapes, lath and shadehouses, outdoor landscapes (commercial, industrial, recreational and residential), tree plantations, reforestation nurseries and forests when applied via trunk injection.

Сгор	Pest	Product Rate (By weight)	Remarks
Ornamental trees* Trees in Plantations including: Conifer Deciduous Forests and Wooded Areas - National, Private and State	Adelgids Aphids Erythrina Gall Wasp Flatheaded Borers (Excluding Emerald Ash Borer) Lacebugs Leaf Beetles Leafhoppers Leafminers Mealybugs Pine Tip Moth (Larvae) Psyllids Roundheaded Borers Scales Thrips (Suppression) Whiteflies	1.0-2.0 grams per inch of trunk diameter at breast height	Trunk Injection: Measure diameter of tree at breast height. Using a 1/4-3/8" drill bit, drill two holes into trunk for each inch of trunk diameter. Drill holes 3/8-1/2" deep into healthy xylem. Rill holes at a 45-degree downward slant, and evenly space at 4-8" above the ground. Place feeder tube in each hole and position so that the tip is seated in the conductive xylem tissue. Mix required amount of product in water, and inject solution into each feeder tube. Adjust water volume according to type of injection equipment. Uptake can take several minutes. Remove tubes immediately after uptake is completed. Make treatments before egg hatch.

One (1) level teaspoon contains 2.4 grams, and 1 cup (8 fl oz) contains 4.0 oz by weight of DINOTEFURAN 20% TURF, ORNAMENTAL AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS

Restrictions:

Do not inject trees less than two inches in diameter.

Do not inject trees more than one time per year.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep pesticide in original container. Do not put concentrate or dilute into food or drink containers. Store in a cool dry place. Do not store diluted spray. For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night 1-800-CLEANUP.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container $\frac{1}{4}$ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

MITSUI CHEMICALS AGRO, INC. warrants that this product in its unopened package conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth on the label when used according to directions under normal use conditions to the crops specified. To the extent consistent with applicable law, there are no other warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product other than indicated on the label. To the extent consistent with applicable law, this warranty does not extend to the handling or use of this product contrary to label instructions or under abnormal conditions or conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller, and buyer assumes all risk of any such use.