
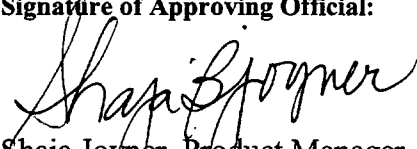


85724-1

3/10/2009

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 <p><b>U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY</b>  <b>Office of Pesticide Programs</b>  <b>Registration Division (7505P)</b>  <b>Ariel Rios Building</b>  <b>1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW</b>  <b>Washington, D.C. 20460</b></p>	<p><b>EPA Registration Number:</b></p> <p>85724-1</p>	<p><b>Date of Issuance:</b></p> <p>MAR 10 2009</p>
	<p><b>NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Registration  <input type="checkbox"/> Reregistration  <small>(under FIFRA, as amended)</small></p>	
	<p><b>Term of Issuance:</b></p> <p>Conditional</p>	
<p><b>Name of Pesticide Product:</b></p> <p>Akotop 85 WG</p>		
<p><b>Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):</b></p> <p>Ceres International LLC  1087 Heartsease DR  West Chester, PA 19382</p>		
<p><b>Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.</b></p>		
<p>On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.</p> <p>This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA sec. 3 (c) (7) (A) provided that you:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Submit/cite all data required for the registration/ reregistration of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit data; and submit acceptable responses required for reregistration of your product under FIFRA section 4.</li> <li>2. Make the following label changes: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) Page 1 - Change the EPA Registration Number to 85724-1</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p>(Continued)</p>		
<p><b>Signature of Approving Official:</b></p>  <p>Shaja Joyner, Product Manager 20  Fungicide Branch  Registration Division (7505P)</p>	<p><b>Date:</b></p> <p>MAR 10 2009</p>	

2017

Continued from first page

EPA Registration. Number 85724-1

(b) Page 6 - Crop Uses Table - Cherries:

In the "Remarks" column, add a space between "14-21" and "days"

3. Submit one (1) copy of the revised final printed label before the product is released for shipment.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. If you have any questions, contact Lisa Jones of my team at (703) 308-9424 or at [jones.lisa@epa.gov](mailto:jones.lisa@epa.gov).

Sincerely,

Shaja Joyner  
Product Manager (20)  
Fungicide Branch  
Registration Division (7505P)

Enclosure: Stamped copy of label

Stamped "Accepted with Comments March 10, 2009" on last page.

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# AKOTOP 85 WG

## FUNGICIDE

Contains thiophanate-methyl, the active ingredient used in Topsin®  
Thiophanate methyl 85 WG is not manufactured or distributed by Cerexagri

<b>ACTIVE INGREDIENT:</b>	<b>% BY WT.</b>
Thiophanate-methyl: (dimethyl[(1,2-phenylene)-bis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[carbamate]) .....	85.0%
<b>INERT INGREDIENTS:</b> .....	<u>15.0%</u>
	<b>TOTAL 100.0%</b>

EPA Reg. No. 85724-xx

EPA Est. No. xxxxx

**Manufactured for:**

Aako B.V.  
Arhemseweg 87, P.O. Box 205  
3830 AE Leusden, The Netherlands

**NET CONTENTS: -- LB**

### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

**FIRST AID**

- |                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <b>IF IN EYES:</b>             | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> </ul>  |
| <b>IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> <li>• Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> </ul>  |
| <b>IF INHALED:</b>             | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> <li>• Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.</li> </ul>  |
| <b>IF SWALLOWED:</b>           | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> <li>• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</li> <li>• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> <li>• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul> |

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. **You may also contact PROSAR at 1-877-250-9291 for emergency medical treatment information.**

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS  
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

**CAUTION**

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through the skin, or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust or spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)**

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are barrier laminate, neoprene rubber (>14mils) and polyethylene. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical resistance selection chart.

**Handlers mixing, loading, and applying the product as a dip (including application of product in kaolinite clay to conifer seedling roots) must wear:**

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- A chemical-resistant apron

**All other mixers, loaders, applicators, and other handlers must wear:**

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves for all mixers and loaders and for applicators using hand held equipment
- Shoes plus socks

**User Safety Requirements:** Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining personal protective equipment, PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been heavily contaminated with this product. Do not reuse them.

**USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

**Users should:**

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the Agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

**AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

Use this product in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI). The REI for each crop is listed in the directions for use associated with each crop.

Exemption: If the product is applied by drenching, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure

**NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or green houses. Do not enter or allow others to enter until sprays have dried.

**GENERAL INFORMATION**

Apply AKOTOP 85 WG with ground or aerial equipment using sufficient volume of spray to provide thorough coverage. Add required amount of AKOTOP 85 WG to partially filled tank agitated by mechanical or hydraulic means and then add remaining required amount of water. Continuous agitation is required to keep the material in suspension. Do not tank mix with highly alkaline pesticides such as Bordeaux mixture or lime sulfur. No claim of compatibility with other pesticides is implied. Use the higher rate under conditions of severe disease pressure. Also, see local State Extension Service recommendations for application schedules.

Use the LB/Acre rate for concentrate sprayers (less than 400 gallons) and aerial application. Use the LB/100 GAL rate for dilute ground application.

**CHEMIGATION INSTRUCTIONS:** Chemigation instructions follow Directions for Use. Do not apply through any irrigation system unless these instructions are followed.

When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, Aako B.V. suggests the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant.

**RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT**

To avoid the development of tolerant or resistant strains of fungi, AKOTOP 85 WG should always be tank mixed with a fungicide of different chemistry and/or a fungicide of different chemistry should be alternated with AKOTOP 85 WG at each application. Aako B.V. DOES NOT RECOMMEND THE USE OF PRODUCTS CONTAINING THIABENDAZOLE IN COMBINATION OR IN ROTATION WITH AKOTOP 85 WG. If after using AKOTOP 85 WG as recommended and the treatment is not effective, a tolerant or resistant strain of fungi may be present. Discontinue the use of AKOTOP 85 WG for at least one season. Do not use products containing thiabendazole as substitutes for AKOTOP 85 WG, as they are of similar chemistry and will contribute to the development of resistance. As long as these precautions are followed, AKOTOP 85 WG can be useful for disease control even if resistant strains are present.

**CROP USES**

CROP	DISEASES	LB/ACRE	LB/100 GAL	REMARKS
<b>ALMONDS</b>	Brown Rot Blossom Blight ( <i>Monilinia</i> ) Scab ( <i>Cladosporium</i> )	0.8-1.2	-	Apply at early pink bud and early petal fall. Refer to the Resistance Management section above for additional instructions. Do not apply more than 2.47 lb of product per acre per season. Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 3 days. Preharvest Interval is 1 day.
<b>APPLES</b> (preharvest)	Apple Scab ( <i>Venturia</i> ) Bitter Rot ( <i>Glomerella</i> ) Flyspeck ( <i>Zygothiala</i> ) Powdery Mildew ( <i>Podosphaera</i> ) Sooty Blotch ( <i>Gloeodes</i> ) Black Rot ( <i>Physalospora</i> ) Brooks Fruit Spot ( <i>Mycosphaerella</i> ) White Rot ( <i>Sclerotium</i> ) (Not in California)	0.6-0.8	0.2-0.3	Apply at 5 to 10 day intervals from green tip through petal fall, Continue at 7-14 day intervals as cover sprays. Do not apply more than 3.3 lb of product per acre per season. Refer to the Resistance Management section above for additional instructions. Preharvest interval is 1 day. Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 2 days.
<b>BEANS</b> (Except California)	Gray Mold ( <i>Botrytis</i> ) White Mold ( <i>Sclerotinia</i> ) Anthracnose	0.8-1.6	-	Make first application when 10%-30% of plants have at least one open bloom and/or conditions are favorable for disease development. A maximum of 3.2 lb of product per acre per crop cycle may used with a minimum 7 day spray interval. Preharvest interval: 14 days for snap and lima beans, 28 days for dry beans. Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 24 hours for all beans except 3 days for dry beans.
<b>BEANS</b> (California Only)	Gray Mold ( <i>Botrytis</i> ) White Mold ( <i>Sclerotinia</i> ) Anthracnose	0.8-1.6  0.8-1.6	-  -	Apply once at 50%-70% of full bloom. <b>OR</b> Apply twice with the first application at 10%-30% of full bloom and a second application at 4 to 7 days later or at peak bloom. Preharvest interval: 14 days for snap beans, 28 days for lima or dry beans. Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 1 day for all beans except 3 days for dry beans.
<b>CANOLA</b> North Dakota, Minnesota, and Montana (east of Interstate 15) Only	White Mold Sclerotinia Stem Rot ( <i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i> )	0.8-1.6 in a single application <b>OR</b> 0.8 per application in 2 applications	-  -	Apply once at stage of 20%-50% flowering. <b>OR</b> Apply twice with first application at stage of 20%-30% flowering with second application at stage of 40%-50% flowering. Thorough coverage of flowers is essential for controlling White Mold. Do not exceed 1.6 lb of product per acre season. Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 12 hours.

CROP	DISEASES	LB/ACRE	LB/100 GAL	REMARKS
<b>CUCURBITS</b> (cucumbers, melons, pumpkins, summer and winter squash)  Note: In California, use only for Powdery Mildew Control	Anthracnose ( <i>Colletotrichum</i> ) Gummy Stem Blight ( <i>Didymella</i> ) Powdery Mildew ( <i>Erysiphe</i> ) Target Spot ( <i>Corynespora</i> )	0.2-0.4 for ground applications OR 0.4 for aerial applications	-	Begin applications when plants begin to run or when disease first appears and repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals as needed. For Target Spot, use 7 day intervals as needed. Do not apply more than 2.5 lb of product per acre per season. Preharvest interval is 1 day. Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 1 day.
	Belly Rots ( <i>Rhizoctonia/Fusarium</i> spp.)	0.4	-	For Belly Rots, apply in sufficient volume to allow runoff to the soil. Will not control Pythium sp. Do not apply more than 2.5 lb of product per acre per season. Preharvest interval is 1 day. Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 1 day.
	Suppression of vine decay caused by <i>Monosporascus cannonballus</i>	0.4	-	For disease suppression, apply at 14 day intervals beginning at emergence and continuing to harvest. Applications weekly or biweekly, beginning 4-6 weeks prior to harvest, will also offer suppression but may not be as effective as a season long program. Do not apply more than 2.5 lb of product per acre per season. Preharvest interval is 1 day. Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 1 day.
<b>GARLIC</b>	Penicillium Clove Rot	-	0.8	Immerse garlic cloves completely in suspension for at least 5 minutes. Continuously agitate the solution tank by mechanical or hydraulic means. After treatment, remove cloves from solution and drain them over sand. Dry cloves after treatment and before planting. Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 12 hours.
<b>GRAPES</b> West of Rocky Mountains	Botrytis Bunch Rot ( <i>Botrytis cinerea</i> ) Powdery Mildew ( <i>Uncinula necator</i> )	0.8-1.2	-	Apply at first bloom and repeat 14 days later or whenever severe disease conditions exist. Make second application 3-4 weeks before harvest or when sugar begins to build. Make third application 14 days later if conditions favorable to disease development persist. For powdery mildew, continue applications throughout the season. Combine with sulfur or in rotation with sulfur and/or DMI fungicides. Do not exceed 3.2 lb of product per acre per season. Refer to the Resistance Management section for additional instructions. Preharvest interval is 14 days. The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 2 days.
<b>GRAPES</b> East of Rocky Mountains	Bitter Rot ( <i>Melanconium</i> ) Black Rot ( <i>Guignardia</i> ) Powdery Mildew ( <i>Uncinula</i> )	0.6-1.2	-	Apply when foliage first develops and repeat at intervals of 14-21 days or as needed. Do not exceed 3.2 lb of product per acre per season. Refer to the Resistance Management section for additional instructions. Preharvest interval is 14 days. The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 2 days.

CROP	DISEASES	LB/ACRE	LB/100 GAL	REMARKS
<b>ONIONS</b> (In furrow)	White Rot ( <i>Sclerotium</i> spp.)	0.4-0.6 ounce product per 1000 ft of row (12 inch row spacing) <b>OR</b> 1.6 lb broadcast	-	Spray directly into the open furrow at the time of planting seed, sets, or bulbs. Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply more than 1.6 lb of product per acre per year. The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 3 days.
<b>PEANUTS</b>	Leaf Spot ( <i>Cercospora</i> ) Rust ( <i>Puccinia</i> ) Limb Rot ( <i>Rhizoctonia</i> ) Ascochyta Web Blotch	0.4	-	Begin applications 35 days after planting or when disease first appears and repeat at 14 day intervals or as needed. Use the 14 day interval under severe disease pressure. Do not apply more than 1.65 lb of product per acre per season. Use only in combination with another non-benzimidazole fungicide such as mancozeb at label recommended rates. Review Resistance Management section for additional guidance. Preharvest interval is 14 days. The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 1 day.
<b>PEARS</b>	Pear Scab ( <i>Venturia pirina</i> ) Sooty Blotch ( <i>Gloeodes pomigena</i> ) Flyspeck ( <i>Microthyriella rubi</i> ) Powdery Mildew ( <i>Oidium</i> spp.) Fabraea leaf spot ( <i>Fabraea maculate</i> )	0.8	0.2	Apply at intervals of 5-10 days from green tip through petal fall. Apply again at intervals of 7-14 days in cover sprays. Do not exceed 3.2 lb of product per acre per season. Apply in a minimum spray volume of 10 gallons/A for aerial applications and do not apply through irrigation equipment. Refer to the Resistance Management section for additional instructions. Preharvest interval is 1 day. The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 2 days.
<b>PECANS</b>	Brown Spot ( <i>Cercospora</i> ) Downy Spot ( <i>Mycosphaerella</i> ) Powdery Mildew ( <i>Microsphaera</i> ) Scab ( <i>Fusicladium</i> ) Stem End Blight ( <i>Botryosphaeria</i> ) Zonate Leaf Spot ( <i>Chistulariella</i> ) Liver Spot ( <i>Gnomonia</i> )	0.4-0.8	-	Use the higher rate for trees over 30 feet tall and for aerial application in AR, GA, LA, MS, OK, and TX. Begin application when first leaves are showing and repeat at 3-4 week intervals until shuck split. Do not spray after shuck split. Do not apply more than 2.5 lb of product per acre per season. The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 3 days. Preharvest interval is 1 day.
<b>PISTACHIOS</b>	Shoot Blight ( <i>Botrytis</i> , <i>Botryosphaeria</i> )	1.2-1.6	-	Apply at bloom. Do not apply more than 1.6 lb of product per acre per season. Apply in a minimum of 100 gallons by ground or 20 gallons per acre by air. For aerial application, fly over every row or center. The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 3 days.
<b>POTATOES</b> (Not for use in California)	White Mold ( <i>Sclerotinia</i> spp.)	0.8-1.2	-	Make initial application just before row closure. Repeat application within 7-14 days and at intervals of 7-14 days if conditions for disease development are favorable. Thoroughly cover lower stems and branches for control. Do not exceed 3.2 lb of product per acre per season. May be tank mixed with other fungicides labeled for blight control. <b>AERIAL APPLICATION FOR WHITE MOLD ON THIS CROP IS NOT RECOMMENDED.</b> Preharvest interval is 21 days. The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 2 days.

CROP	DISEASES	LB/ACRE	LB/100 GAL	REMARKS
<b>SOYBEANS</b>	Anthracnose ( <i>Colletotrichum</i> ) Brown Spot ( <i>Septoria</i> ) Frog-eye Leaf Spot ( <i>Cercospora</i> ) Stem and Pod Blight ( <i>Diaporthe</i> , and the imperfect stage <i>Phomopsis</i> ) Purple Seed Stain ( <i>Cercospora</i> )	0.4-0.8	-	Apply from full bloom when pods are 1/8-1/4 inch in length. Make a second application 14-21 days later. Do not make the second application later than 14 days after pods average 1/4 inch in length or when beans form in the pod. Use the high rate under severe disease pressure. <b>FOR SEED BEANS ONLY:</b> For seed quality, make a single application at the high rate when beans form in the pod. Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not graze or feed treated vines or hay to livestock. Preharvest interval is 21 days. Restricted entry interval (REI) is 1 day.
	Sclerotinia	0.6-0.8	-	Make one application at early bloom (R-1 to R-2 stage) followed by a second application 7-14 days later if conditions are favorable for continued disease pressure. Use a minimum of 5 gallons by air. Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not graze or feed treated vines to livestock. Preharvest interval is 21 days. Restricted entry interval (REI) is 1 day.
	Aerial Blight (suppression)	0.8	-	Make initial application when disease threatens and repeat 14-21 days later if needed. Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not graze or feed treated vines to livestock. Preharvest interval is 21 days. Restricted entry interval (REI) is 1 day.
<b>STONE FRUITS:            APRICOTS            CHERRIES            NECTARINES            PEACHES            PLUMS/PRUNES</b>	Brown Rot Blossom Blight ( <i>Monilinia</i> ) Brown rot of fruit ( <i>Monilinia</i> )	0.8-1.2 (in CA use the high rate)	0.4 in apricots, cherries, nectarines, and plums/prunes  0.4-0.6 in peaches	Apply at early bloom (red bud) for apricots, early bloom (early popcorn) for cherries, early bloom (pink bud) for nectarines and peaches, and early bloom (green tip) for plums/prunes. Make a second application at full bloom. In addition, for fruit brown rot, apply 1 or 2 sprays starting 3 weeks before harvest. If needed under severe disease pressure, apply additional sprays at 10-14 day intervals between full bloom and final preharvest spray. Do not apply more than 3.3 lb of product per acre per season. Refer to the Resistance Management section for additional instructions. Preharvest interval is 1 day. Restricted entry interval (REI) is 2 days.
<b>CHERRIES</b>	Cherry leaf spot ( <i>Coccomyces</i> )	0.8-1.2	0.3-0.4	Apply at petal fall or before, when leaves first unfold, and at first, second and third cover sprays at 10-14 day intervals and one spray 14-21 days after harvest. Do not apply more than 3.3 lb of product per acre per season. Refer to the Resistance Management section for additional instructions. Preharvest interval is 1 day. Restricted entry interval (REI) is 2 days.



CROP	DISEASES	LB/ACRE	LB/100 GAL	REMARKS
<b>CHERRIES</b> (continued)	Powdery Mildew ( <i>Podosphaera</i> spp. and <i>Sphaerotheca</i> spp.)	0.8-1.2 <b>PLUS</b> 0.8-1.2	0.4 <b>PLUS</b> 0.3-0.4	Apply at early bloom (early popcorn). Make a second application at full bloom. <b>PLUS</b> Apply at shuck fall and first cover. Do not apply more than 3.3 lb of product per acre per season. Refer to the Resistance Management section for additional instructions. Preharvest interval is 1 day. Restricted entry interval (REI) is 2 days.
<b>PEACHES</b>	Peach Scab ( <i>Cladosporium</i> )	0.8-1.2 <b>PLUS</b> 0.8-1-2	0.4-0.6 <b>PLUS</b> 0.3-0.4	Apply at early bloom (pink bud). Make a second application at full bloom if conditions favor disease development. <b>PLUS</b> Apply at shuck split and at first cover spray. Treatments must be 10 days apart. Do not apply more than 3.3 lb of product per acre per season. Refer to the Resistance Management section for additional instructions. Preharvest interval is 1 day. Restricted entry interval (REI) is 2 days.
<b>PLUMS/PRUNES</b>	Black Knot ( <i>Dibotryon</i> ) Leaf Spot ( <i>Coccomyces</i> )	0.8-1.2	0.4	Apply at pre-bloom, petal fall, and at first, second, and third cover spray at 10-14 day intervals, and for Leaf Spot, make 1 spray 14-21 days after harvest. Do not apply more than 3.3 lb of product per acre per season. Refer to the Resistance Management section for additional instructions. Preharvest interval is 1 day. Restricted entry interval (REI) is 2 days.
<b>STRAWBERRIES</b>	Fruit rot ( <i>Botrytis</i> ) Leaf blight ( <i>Dendrophoma</i> ) Leaf scorch ( <i>Diplocarpon</i> )	0.6-0.8	-	Begin applications at early bloom and continue at 7-10 day intervals. Use higher rate East of the Rocky Mountains and under conditions of severe disease pressure. Do not apply more than 3.2 lb of product per acre per year. Refer to the Resistance Management section for additional instructions. Preharvest interval is 1 day. Restricted entry interval (REI) is 1 day.
<b>SUGARBEET</b>	Leaf spot ( <i>Cercospora</i> )	0.4-0.8	-	Begin applications when disease first appears and repeat at 14-21 day intervals as needed. Do not apply more than 2.5 lb of product per acre per season. Refer to the Resistance Management section for additional instructions. Preharvest interval is 21 days. Restricted entry interval (REI) is 1 day.
<b>WHEAT, FALL SEEDED</b> Idaho, Oregon, and Washington only	Foot Rot, Strawbreaker, Eye Spot ( <i>Pseudocercospora</i> sp.)	0.8	-	Apply at the rate indicated in a single application by air or ground after wheat is tillered but before stem elongation has begun. Use sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage. Do not make more than one application per season. Do not cut for hay within 90 days of application. Do not allow livestock to graze in treated areas before harvest. Restricted Entry Interval is 1 day.

CROP	DISEASES	LB/ACRE	RATE: MINIMUM GALLONAGE	REMARKS
<b>CONIFERS</b> <b>PINE*</b> Austrian Red Scots Christmas trees	Tip Blight ( <i>Diplodia</i> )	56 oz (3.5 lb)	13 oz/ A 100 gal/A	Apply at bud break. Repeat 10-14 days later, just before needles emerge from sheath; repeat again 10-14 days after needle emergence. Restricted entry interval (REI) is 12 hours.
FIR Douglas	Swiss Needle Cast ( <i>Phaeocryptopus</i> ) Rhabdocline Needle Cast	56 oz (3.5 lb)	13 oz/A 50 gal/A	Apply initially in early May. Repeat at 4 week intervals. Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 12 hours.
*Not for use in California. • Add a spreader/sticker to improve coverage. • Use minimum gallonage with mist-blower types of sprayers and higher gallonage with conventional sprayers. • Do not graze livestock in treated areas.				
<b>CONIFERS*</b> (seedling treatment) Longleaf	Brown Needle Blight ( <i>Scirrhia</i> )	-	0.8 oz/9.5 oz dry kaolinite clay for seedling roots	Wet seedling roots in clean water, then apply Thiophanate 85 WG/kaolinite mixture to wet roots.
Loblolly Longleaf Slash	Fusarium and Rhizoctonia Root Rot	-	1.6 oz/50 oz kaolinite clay, plus enough water to make a slurry.	Thoroughly cover seedling roots with AKOTOP 85 WG/kaolinite slurry.
*Not for use in California. • Do not apply mixture to seedling foliage. • During treatment, avoid excessive drying of roots or exposure to temperatures greater than 90°F or less than 32°F. • AKOTOP 85 WG does not control Pythium or Phytophthora.				

**NOTE:** Dilute sprays are not to exceed maximum rate per acre.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS**

Use in California by Chemigation Systems Only in Beans, Curcubits (cucumbers, melons, pumpkins, squash, watermelons), Peanuts, Potatoes, Soybeans, and Strawberries, and Sugar Beets.

**GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

Apply this product only through sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move, or drip (mini-micro sprinklers, strip tubing, trickle) irrigation systems. Do not apply this product any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact Cooperative Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Do not connect the chemigation system to any public water system. Public water system means a system for the provision of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

**SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS**

Systems utilizing a pressurized water and pesticide injection system must meet the following requirement:

- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPRINKLER (OVERHEAD) IRRIGATION

Observe the requirements in the System Requirements section above. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Apply AKOTOP 85 WG only through systems containing anti-syphon and check valves designed to prevent water source contamination or overflow of the mix tank and containing interlocking controls between the metering device and the water pump to insure simultaneous shut-off.

Maintain a gentle continuous agitation in mix tank during mixing and application to assure a uniform suspension.

Greater accuracy in calibration and distribution will be achieved by injecting a large volume of a more dilute suspension per unit time.

Application of more the recommended quantities of irrigation water per acre may result in decreased product performance.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift, when system connections or fittings leak, when nozzles do not provide uniform distribution, or when lines containing the product cannot be flushed and must be dismantled and drained. In a center pivot system, block the nozzle set nearest the well/pivot/injection unit to prevent spray being applied to this area.

Where sprinkler distribution patterns do not overlap sufficiently, unacceptable disease control may result.

Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water.

AKOTOP 85 WG may be applied in conjunction with chemically neutral liquid fertilizers. Application in conjunction with highly alkaline fertilizers, such as aqueous ammonia, may cause a degradation of the pesticide resulting in reduced performance and should be avoided.

Check local restrictions and requirements regarding sprinkler irrigation applications as they may vary from state to state.

### SPRAY PREPARATION

Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water. Prepare a suspension of AKOTOP 85 WG in a mix tank. Fill the tank with 1/2 or 3/4 the desired amount of water. Start mechanical or hydraulic agitation. Slowly add the required amount of AKOTOP 85 WG and then the remaining volume of water.

### APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

#### Sprinkler Irrigation-Notes

Observe all Systems Requirements and Instructions above. Set sprinkler system to deliver 0.1 to 1.25 inches of water per acre. Volumes of water higher than this may reduce efficacy. Start sprinkler and then uniformly inject the suspension of AKOTOP 85 WG into the irrigation water line so as to deliver the desired rate per acre. The suspension of AKOTOP 85 WG should be injected with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle to insure adequate mixing.

**NOTE:** When treatment with AKOTOP 85 WG has been completed, do not irrigate the treated area for 24 to 48 hours to prevent washing the chemical off the crop.

#### Drip (MiniMicro Sprinklers, Strip Tubing, Trickle) Irrigation-Notes

Observe all System Requirements and Application Instructions above.

### HORTICULTURAL APPLICATIONS GREENHOUSE, NURSERY, AND LANDSCAPE

AKOTOP 85 WG provides broad spectrum disease control on containerized woody, flowering, herbaceous, and tropical foliage ornamental plants, trees, and turf grasses. Not for homeowner use.

Make applications of AKOTOP 85 WG with ground equipment using sufficient spray volume to provide thorough coverage. Do not tank mix AKOTOP 85 WG with copper-containing materials or with highly alkaline pesticides such as Bordeaux mixture or lime sulfur. No claim of compatibility with other pesticides is implied. Under conditions of severe disease pressure or when application intervals are shorter than 14 days due to persistent rainfall, use the higher concentration or rates provided in this label. Consult your local State Extension Service specialist for application schedule recommendations.

**IMPORTANT:** If specified treatments of AKOTOP 85 WG are ineffective, a tolerant strain of fungus may be present. Consult your Maktheshim Agan of North America, Inc. representative or distributor, your local State Agricultural Experiment Station for advice on prompt use of some other labeled fungicide.

AKOTOP 85 WG provides broad spectrum control of many foliar, stem, and below ground diseases. Apply AKOTOP 85 WG 14 to 21 days prior to appearance of a particular disease and at the very latest, upon first sign of disease. Spray intervals usually range from 7 to 14 days with 14 days being for preventative treatments and the 7 day interval for times when disease development is likely. For hard-to-wet foliage, an acceptable wetting agent may be added to the spray tank to increase product efficacy. Use of a spreader-sticker is suggested when excessive and repeated foliar wetting occurs. AKOTOP 85 WG may be used to control listed diseases on noncommercial fruit and nut trees. Do not use fruit or nuts from trees treated with this product as food. Do not apply this product to home orchards or backyard fruit trees after fruit set.

**Note:** AKOTOP 85 WG has been determined to be safe for use on the plant types listed in these directions for use based on cumulative data derived from research trials and historical field use. As all species and cultivars have not been tested, it is recommended that trial applications be performed if a user wishes to make an application to a plant type not listed on the label but found on a similar use site and for disease that is listed on the label. To conduct a trial application, apply at least two applications to at least 25 trial plants at the highest concentration, 7 days apart. Evaluate 7 days after the last application

before initiating full-scale application. Do not use this product on the following plants: Swedish Ivy (*Neprolepsis exaltata*), Boston Fern (*Plectranthus australis*), and Easter Cactus (*Hatiora gaertneri*).

Plant Type	Such as but not limited to:
Herbaceous Bedding	Ageratum, Begonia, Canna, Coleus, Dahlia, Dusty Miller, Foxglove, Fuchsia, Geranium, Impatiens, Lavender, Marigold, Pansy, Petunia, Pinks, Primrose, Salvia, Statice, Strawflower, Tickseed, Verbena
Flowering	Chrysanthemum, Hydrangea, Hollyhock, Iris, Lily, Poinsettia
Tropical Foliage	Dieffenbachia, Dracaena, English Ivy, Philodendron, Pothos
Woody Ornamentals	Azalea, Hibiscus, Holly, Ligustrum, Rhodendrum, Rose, Pyracantha
Evergreen Trees	Douglas Fir, Fir, Larch, Pine, Spruce
Deciduous Trees*	Ash, London Plane, Maple, Oak, Sycamore, Walnut
Flowering Trees*	Cherry, Crabapple, Hawthorn, Mountain Ash, Pear

\*Do not use fruit or nuts from treated trees as food or feed.

**FOLIAR SPRAY  
PLANT TYPES AND DISEASES CONTROLLED**

DISEASE (S)	PLANT TYPES
Anthraco nose	Woody ornamentals, shade trees <sup>1</sup>
Ascochyta Blight	Herbaceous ornamentals
Black spot	Roses
Botrytris (Grey Bold)	Woody and herbaceous ornamentals
Brown Rot	Woody and herbaceous ornamentals
Colletotrichum	Woody and herbaceous ornamentals
Cercospora Leaf Spot	Woody and herbaceous ornamentals
Corynespora Leaf Spot	Ligustrum
Didymellina Leaf Spot	Iris
Diplodea Tip Blight (Diplodea piea)	Shade and ornamental trees
Ovulinia	Azalea, rhododendron <sup>2</sup>
Entomosporium Leaf Spot	Woody and herbaceous ornamentals
Fuscaladium Leaf Scab	Woody and herbaceous ornamentals
Phomopsis Blight	Woody and herbaceous ornamentals
Pin Tip Blights	Woodys
Powdery Mildew	Woody and herbaceous ornamentals
Rust Diseases	Ornamental nut and fruit trees
Ramularia Leaf Spot	Herbaceous ornamentals
Scab	Pyracantha, flowering crab, ornamental fruit and nut trees
Septoria Leaf Spot	Woody and herbaceous ornamentals
Venturia Leaf Scab	Woody and herbaceous ornamentals

<sup>1</sup> Begin at bud and make 2 or 3 additional applications at 10 to 14 day intervals.

<sup>2</sup> Begin treatment as flowers open. Addition of a spray surfactant to the spray mixture improves distribution of the spray on hard-to-wet plants such as roses.

**FOLIAR SPRAY APPLICATIONS**

**APPLICATION RESTRICTIONS**

**Maximum Single Application Rates:**

**Ornamentals:** Do not exceed the maximum single application rate of 3.5 lbs AKOTOP 85 WG per acre (3.0 lbs thiophanate-methyl active ingredient per acre).

**Cut Flowers:** Do not exceed the maximum single application rate of 0.59 lb AKOTOP 85 WG per acre (0.5 lb thiophanate-methyl active ingredient per acre).

**Seasonal Maximum Application:**

**All Ornamentals:** Do not apply more than 353 lbs AKOTOP 85 WG per acre per season (300 lbs thiophanate-methyl active ingredient per acre per season).

**Hydraulic Application Mixing Instructions**

Add the required amount of AKOTOP 85 WG to a partially filled spray tank agitated by mechanical or hydraulic means and then add the remaining volume of water. Maintain continuous agitation to keep the material in suspension and apply with properly calibrate spray equipment.

**Application Concentrations (Mechanical or Hand Held):**

Use the labeled amount of AKOTOP 85 WG per 100 gallons of water for the prevention and control of the diseases shown below.

**FOLIAR DISEASES**

<b>Diseases/Pathogens Controlled</b>	<b>Concentration of AKOTOP 85 WG oz/100 gals.</b>	<b>Remarks</b>
Anthracnose ( <i>Colletotrichum</i> )	7.2-9.6	Apply as buds break or at first sign of disease. Repeat application at 7 to 14 day intervals as needed during disease period.
Black Spot of Rose ( <i>Diplocarpon rosae</i> )	7.2-9.6	Apply early summer or at first sign of disease. Repeat application every 7 to 14 days as needed during disease period.

Diseases/Pathogens Controlled	Concentration of AKOTOP 85 WG oz/100 gals.	Remarks
Brown Rot and Blight ( <i>Monlinia, Sclerotina, Whetzellinia</i> )	7.2-9.6	Apply late spring or at first sign of disease. Repeat application every 7 to 14 days as needed during the disease period.
Fusicladium and Venturia Leaf Scabs on: Crabapple, Hawthorn, Pear, Mountain Ash, Pyracantha, etc.	7.2-9.6	Apply as buds break. Repeat application every 7 to 14 days during disease period. Effective control requires coverage during expansion. Rotations with chlorothalonil or propiconazole can be utilized.
Leaf Spots and Blights caused by: <i>Ascochyta, Blumeriella, Botrytis, Cercospora, Coccoomyces, Corynespora, Curvularia, Didymellina, Entomosporium, Fabraea, Fusarium, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia, Marssoninia, Mycosphaerella, Myrothecium, Phoma, Physalasporea, Schizothyrium, Septoria, Sphaceloma</i>	7.2-9.6	Make applications when disease symptoms first appear. Repeat every 7 to 14 days during disease period. Rotations with chlorothalonil may be used.
Ovulinia Blight	4.8-9.6	Apply as flowers open. Repeat every 7 to 14 days during disease period.
Powdery Mildews <i>Erysiphe, Microsphaera, Phyllactinia, Podosphaera, Oidium, Sphaerotheca</i>	4.8-9.6	Apply when disease first appears and repeat application every 7 to 14 days. Rotations with other effective products may be used.
Rust Diseases caused by: <i>Puccinia, Gymnosporangium, Uromyces</i>	7.2-9.6	Apply late spring or when symptoms first appear. Repeat applications every 7 to 14 days during disease period. Rotations with other effective products is recommended.
Tip Blight of Pine <i>Sphaeropsis spainea, Diplodia pinea</i>	7.2-9.6	Begin applications in the spring when new growth starts. Make a second application just prior to needle emergence from the sheath and a third application 7 days later. Ensure thorough coverage.
Twig Blights, Cankers, and Diebacks <i>Diaporthe, Kabatine, Phoma, Phomopsis</i>	9.6-19.2	Apply when symptoms first appear. Repeat applications every 7 to 14 days during disease period.

**Adjuvants:** Where rainfall and/or overhead irrigation is the norm, use of a compatible spreader/sticker is suggested. Where wetting of foliage is difficult, use a compatible wetting agent. Follow the phytotoxicity precautions described in the **HORTICULTURAL APPLICATIONS** section of this label.

**SOIL DRENCH APPLICATIONS**

**Mixing Instructions:** Add required amount of AKOTOP 85 WG to a partially filled tank agitated by mechanical or hydraulic means. Add the remaining required amount of water. Maintain continuous agitation to keep the material in suspension.

**Application Rates and Timing for Disease Control:** Use 4.8-9.6 oz of AKOTOP 85 WG per 100 gallons of water. Apply as a drench or heavy spray at the rate of ½ to 2 pints per square foot (100 gallons per 400 to 1600 square feet). For small pots and shallow flats up to 4 inches in size, use 4.8 oz/100 gallons applied at 1 pint. For containers and pots 4 inches or larger, refer to the following table for the volume to apply. Repeat applications may be made at 4 to 8 week intervals depending on disease presence and conditions for disease development.

Container Type	Volume to Apply/Container	
	1 pt/ sq ft Rate	2 pt/sq ft Rate
4 inch	1.2 fl oz	
5 inch	1.5 fl oz	
6 inch		3.9 fl oz

Container Type	Volume to Apply/Container	
	1 pt/ sq ft Rate	2 pt/sq ft Rate
7 inch		5.1 fl oz
8 inch		6.6 fl oz
9 inch		8.4 fl oz
10 inch		10.5 fl oz

For containers larger than 10 inches, a drench volume of 2 ½ to 3 pints per square foot of surface area may be required.

**Plant Types:** Containerized woody shrubs, trees, herbaceous/bedding, flowering, and tropical foliage plants and flowers and bedding plants in the landscape.

**Note:** Do not apply this product to plug trays or seedling flats at time of seeding.

**Soil Diseases Controlled:** Botrytis, Cylindrocladium, Fusarium, Gliocladium, Myrothecium, Penicillium, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia, Sclerotinia, and Thielaviopsis.

**Note:** Pythium, Phytophthora and Cylindrocladium spathiphyulli are not controlled by AKOTOP 85 WG.

**PLANT DIP TREATMENT**

**Mixing Instructions:** Mix as described in the **FOLIAR DISEASES** and **SOIL DRENCH APPLICATIONS** sections of this label. Maintain continuous agitation during application.

**Application Concentration and Dipping Time**

**Plants or Cuttings:** Use 7.2-9.6 oz of AKOTOP 85 WG per 100 gallons of water. Immerse plants or cuttings for 10 to 15 minutes, remove, and allow to drain and dry. Wear protective clothing as described under the **PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT** section of this label.

**Bulbs, Corms, Tubers, and Rhizomes:** Use 9.6-19.2 oz of AKOTOP 85 WG per 100 gallons of water. Soak cleaned bulbs for 15 to 30 minutes in warm dip (80-85° F) within 48 hours of digging. Dry bulbs after treatment. If bulbs are for forcing, treat bulbs that have been heat cured.

**Plant Types:** Propagated units of woody, herbaceous, flowering and tropical foliage plants. Bulbs, corms, tubers, and rhizomes of plants such as but not limited to Caladium, Easter Lily, Tulip, Gladiolus, Daffodil, Iris.

**Diseases Controlled:** Botrytis, Cylindrocladium, Fusarium, Gliocladium, Myrothecium, Penicillium, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia, Sclerotinia, Thielaviopsis.

**TURF APPLICATIONS**

AKOTOP 85 WG may be used against certain foliar and soil diseases for use on all turf types such as golf course greens, tees and fairways, athletic fields, cemeteries, parks, and commercial and home lawns. Not for homeowner use. For use only by certified applicators, or those under their immediate supervision. Do not apply with fixed wing or rotary aircraft. AKOTOP 85 WG may be used both preventatively and curatively and is not phytotoxic. Do not use AKOTOP 85 WG on turf being grown for sale or other commercial uses as sod.

**Mixing Instructions:** Add the required amount of AKOTOP 85 WG to a partially filled tank agitated by mechanical or hydraulic means. Add the remaining required amount of water. Maintain continuous agitation to keep the material in suspension. For best results, use spray mixture the same day it is prepared.

**Turf Types:** All cool season and warm season grasses (such as but not limited to Bentgrasses, Bermudagrasses, Bluegrasses, Fescues, Ryegrasses, St. Augustine grasses and Zoysiagrasses) or their mixtures.

DISEASE(S) CONTROLLED	RATE OF THIOPHANATE METHYL 85 WDG OZ/1000 SQ. FT *	REMARKS
Anthraxnose ( <i>Colletrichum graminicola</i> )	1.2-2.4  (2.4-3.6)**	Apply when disease first appears. Make additional applications at 14-day intervals as needed. Allow spray to dry on leaves with no watering in.
Dollar Spot ( <i>Sclerotinia homoeocarpa</i> ) Copper Spot ( <i>Gloeocercospora sorghi</i> ) Brown Patch and Zoysia Patch ( <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> ) Red Thread ( <i>Laetisaria fusiformis</i> )	1.2-2.4	Apply when disease first appears. Make additional applications at 14-day intervals as needed. Allow spray to dry on leaves with no watering in.
Pink Snow Mold ( <i>Microdochium nivale</i> )(Only for those areas where snow cover is not present the entire winter)	1.2-2.4	Apply Thiophanate Methyl 85 WDG in middle to late November before turf has stopped all growth activity. Lightly water application into the root zone for best results. For best results, use a spreader-sticker. Second spray should dry on leaf surfaces with no watering in. Minimum spray interval is 14 days.

DISEASE(S) CONTROLLED	RATE OF THIOPHANATE METHYL 85 WDG OZ/1000 SQ. FT *	REMARKS
Gray Leaf Spot: ( <i>Pyricularia grisea</i> )	2.4-3.6	Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development. Continue at 14 day intervals. Spray should be dry on leaves with no watering in.
Summer Patch ( <i>Magnaporthe poae</i> )	2.4-3.6	For preventative treatment, make 3 applications at 21-day intervals beginning in early May. Water product into the root zone thoroughly after application. For suppression, apply two applications at 14 day intervals, beginning applications when the disease first appears.
Fusarium Blight ( <i>Fusarium roseum</i> ) Necrotic Ring Spot and Spring Dead Spot ( <i>Leptosphaeria korrae</i> )	2.4-3.6	Make two applications at 14 day intervals beginning applications when the disease first appears.
Stripe Smut ( <i>Ustilago striiformis</i> )	2.4-3.6	Make two applications at 14 day intervals when disease first appears. Water into root zone after application. For prevention, apply in the spring (just before grass begins growth), and in the fall.

\*Refer to the Use Sites and Maximum Application Rates table to determine allowable rates for each application.

\*\*Use the 2.4-3.6 oz rate for curative response to Basal Stem Anthracnose.

**Turf Application Directions**

Apply AKOTOP 85 WG uniformly over the area to be treated with a properly calibrated power sprayer. Apply after mowing or avoid mowing for 12 hours after application. Apply sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage; usually 1 1/2 to 2 1/2 gallons per 1,000 sq ft of turf area. When treating golf greens, always treat aprons and approaches to golf greens.

Site	Maximum Single Application Rate per oz/1,000 sq ft	Maximum Seasonal Application Rate of AKOTOP 85 WG oz/1,000 sq ft
Golf course green/tees/aprons	3.5	9.2
Golf Course Fairways (Except Florida)	2.4	2.4
Golf Course Fairways (Florida only)	1.2	1.2
Residential and Public areas (home lawns, parks, athletic fields, schools, day care centers)	1.2	4.6

**Note to User:** Do not graze animals on treated turf. Do not feed clippings to livestock or poultry.

**STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal or cleaning of equipment.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in original container in dry area. Do not store in a manner where cross-contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food or feed could occur. If spilled during storage or handling, absorb with sand or other inert material and dispose of absorbent in accordance with the Pesticide Disposal instructions listed below.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be used according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL:**

**Nonrefillable Container (flexible-bag-all weights):** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. After bag has been emptied, dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

**Nonrefillable Container (rigid-fifty lbs. or less):** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into



application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

**Nonrefillable Container (rigid-greater than fifty lbs.):** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

**Refillable Container:** Refillable container. Refill this container with thiophanate methyl only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

**FOR 24-HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE (SPILL, LEAK, OR FIRE), CALL INFOTRAC AT (800) 535-5053.**

**LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY**

Read the entire directions for use, conditions of warranties and limitations of liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following **CONDITIONS, DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES and LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY.**

**CONDITIONS:** The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Aako B.V. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

**DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, Aako B.V. makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond the statements made on this label. No agent of Aako B.V. is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Aako B.V. disclaims any liability whatsoever for special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

**LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use or handling of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid or at Aako B.V.'s election, the replacement of product.

AKOTOP 85 WG proposed 02-23-2009; EPA comments incorporated; resubmitted 03-09-2009

**ACCEPTED  
with COMMENTS  
In EPA Letter Dated:  
MAR 10 2009  
Under the Federal Insecticide,  
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act,  
as amended, for the pesticide  
registered under EPA Reg. No.**

85724-1