



U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
 Office of Pesticide Programs
 Registration Division (7505P)
 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
 Washington, D.C. 20460

EPA Reg. Number:

84836-20

Date of Issuance:

8/22/16

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

Registration
 Reregistration
 (under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance:

Unconditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

Regatta 70 SG Herbicide

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Gharda Generics, Inc.
 c/o IPM Resources
 4032 Crockers Lake Blvd.
 Suite 818
 Sarasota, FL 34238

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is unconditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(5) provided that you:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration/registration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.
2. The data requirements for storage stability and corrosion characteristics (Guidelines 830.6317 and 830.6320) are not satisfied. A one year study is required to satisfy these data requirements. You have 18 months from the date of registration to provide these data.

Signature of Approving Official:

Kathryn Montague, Product Manager 23
 Herbicide Branch, Registration Division (7505P)

Date:

8/22/16

3. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:
 - Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, “EPA Reg. No. 84836-20.”
4. Submit one copy of the revised final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

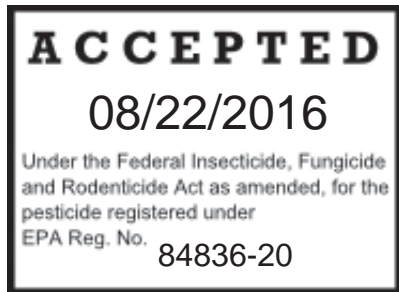
Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company’s website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product’s label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA’s Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. Please also note that the record for this product currently contains the following CSFs:

- Basic CSF dated 03/25/2016
- Alternate CSF 1 dated 03/25/2016
- Alternate CSF 2 dated 03/25/2016
- Alternate CSF 3 dated 03/25/2016

If you have any questions, please contact Kathryn Montague by phone at 703-305-1243, or via email at montague.kathryn@epa.gov .

Enclosure



REGATTA 70 SG Herbicide

GROUP	4	HERBICIDE
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For weed control in asparagus, conservation reserve programs, corn, cotton, fallow croplands, farmstead (noncropland), sorghum, grass grown for seed, hay, proso millet, pasture, rangeland, small grains, soybean, sugarcane, and turf.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Sodium Salt of Dicamba (3,6-dichloro- <u>o</u> -anistic acid)	77.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS	23.0%
Total	100.0%

* Contains 70% 3,6-dichloro-o-anistic acid (dicamba)

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION/PRECAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

EPA Reg. No.: 33658-TBA
EPA Est. No.: 33658-IND-3¹
EPA Est. No.: 67545-AZ-1^G
(*Superscript designates first letter of lot number on container*)

Manufactured for:
Gharda Generics, Inc.
670 Newtown-Yardley Rd.
Suite 110
Newtown, PA 18940
1-215-968-9474

Net Contents: XXX Kg (XXX lbs)
 [optional] XXX Kg (XXX lbs Bulk)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wear protective eyewear and protective clothing: long sleeved shirt and long pants, goggles, socks, shoes, and waterproof gloves.

FIRST AID	
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Take off contaminated clothing. ▪ Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. ▪ Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advise.
IF SWALLOWED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. ▪ Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. ▪ DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. ▪ DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF IN EYES:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. ▪ Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. ▪ Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advise.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.	
HOT LINE NUMBER: You may also contact 1-(866)-359-5660 for emergency medical treatment information.	
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.	

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are natural rubber and nitrile rubber. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

All mixers, loaders, and applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical resistant gloves (except for pilots)
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

See engineering controls for additional requirements and exceptions.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. **DO NOT** reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENT

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides 40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS. Pilots must use cockpits in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides 40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6).

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and clean into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Keep out of lakes, streams, or ponds. For terrestrial uses, **DO NOT** apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate. Apply this product only as directed on the label.

This chemical is known to leach through soil into ground water under certain conditions as a result of agricultural use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in ground water contamination.

Ground and Surface Water Protection

Point Source contamination: To prevent point source contamination, **DO NOT** mix, load this pesticide product within 50 feet of wells (including abandoned wells and drainage wells), sink holes, perennial or intermittent streams and rivers, and natural or impounded lakes and reservoirs. **DO NOT** apply pesticide product within 50 feet of wells. This setback does not apply to properly capped or plugged abandoned wells and does not apply to impervious pad or properly diked mixing/loading areas as described below.

Mixing, loading, rinsing, or washing operations performed within 50 feet of a well are allowed only when conducted on an impervious pad constructed to withstand the weight of the heaviest load that may be on or move across the pad. The pad must be self-contained to prevent surface water flow over or from the pad. The pad capacity must be maintained at 110% that of the largest pesticide container or application equipment used on the pad and have sufficient capacity to contain all product spills, equipment or container leaks, equipment wash waters, and rainwater that may fall on the pad. The containment capacity does not apply to vehicles delivering pesticide shipments to the mixing/loading site. States may have in effect additional requirements regarding wellhead setbacks and operational containment.

Care must be taken when using this product to prevent a) back siphoning into wells, b) spills, or c) improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures or rinsate. Check valves or antisiphoning devices must be used on all mixing equipment.

Movement by surface runoff or through soil: **DO NOT** apply under conditions which favor runoff. **DO NOT** apply to impervious substrates such as paved or highly compacted surfaces in areas with high potential for ground water contamination. Ground water contamination may occur in areas where soils are permeable or coarse and ground water is near the surface. **DO NOT** apply to soils classified as sand with less than 3% organic matter and where ground water depth is shallow. To minimize the possibility of ground water contamination, carefully follow application rates as affected by soil type in the Product Information section of this label.

Movement by water erosion of treated soil: **DO NOT** apply or incorporate this product through any type of irrigation equipment or by flood or furrow irrigation. Ensure treated areas have received at least one-half inch rainfall (or irrigation) before using tail water for subsequent irrigation of other fields.

Engineered Species Concern: The use of any pesticide in a manner that may kill or otherwise harm an endangered species or adversely modify their habitat is a violation of federal law. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

EXCEPTION: If the product is soil injected or soil incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls worn over short-sleeve shirt and short pants
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure
- Protective eyewear

NONAGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are **NOT** within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses. **DO NOT** enter or allow others to enter until sprays have dried.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Before applying REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE, read all directions and precautions appearing on the container label and in this booklet. Failure to follow all directions and precautions may result in unsatisfactory weed control, crop injury, or illegal residues.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container in a well-ventilated area separately from fertilizer, feed and foodstuffs. Avoid cross-contamination with other pesticides. Spillage or leakage should be contained, carefully swept up and collected for disposal. Wash area of spill with detergent and water.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Handling:

Nonrefillable containers - Metal: Do not use or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Fiber Drums with Liners: Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application equipment. Then offer for recycling if available, or dispose of liner in a sanitary landfill or by incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. If drum is contaminated and cannot be reused, dispose of it in the manner required for its liner.

Paper Bags, Bulk Sacks: Do not reuse or refill bag/sack. Completely empty bag/sack by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application equipment. Then offer for recycling if available, or dispose of bag/sack in a sanitary landfill or by incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

For Chemical Spill, Leak, Fire, or Exposure, Call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300.

Product Information

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE is formulated as water dispersible granule intended for use in a spray to control and suppression of many annual, biennials, and perennial broadleaf weeds, as well as woody brush and vines listed in Table 1. REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be used for control of these weeds in asparagus, corn, cotton, conservation reserve programs, fallow cropland, grass grown for seed, hay, pros' millet, pasture, rangeland, farmstead (noncropland), small grains, sorghum, sugarcane, and turf.

GROUP	4	HERBICIDE
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Mode of Action

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE is readily absorbed by plants through shoot and root uptake, translocates throughout the plant's system, and accumulates in areas of active growth. REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE interferes with the plant's growth hormones (auxins) resulting in death of many broadleaf weeds.

Resistance Management

Although REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE has a low probability of selecting for resistant weed biotypes. Tank mixes and rotation with herbicides possessing other modes of action are recommended to avoid weed resistance. The following directions apply to all uses of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE. Additional precautions and restrictions will be found in each specific use section.

DO NOT treat irrigation ditches or water used for crop irrigation or domestic uses.

DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Mixing and Application

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED UNDER THE INDIVIDUAL USE HEADINGS OF THIS LABEL, THE FOLLOWING DIRECTIONS APPLY TO ALL CROP AND NONCROP USES OF REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE. REFER TO INDIVIDUAL USE SECTIONS FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS, APPLICATION RATES AND TIMINGS.

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE is a water dispersible formulation that can be applied using water or sprayable fluid fertilizer as the carrier. If a fluid fertilizer is to be used, a compatibility test (see COMPATIBILITY TEST) should be made prior to tank mixing.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Ground or aerial application equipment which will give good spray coverage of weed foliage should be used.

Avoid disturbing (e.g. cultivating or mowing) treated areas for at least 7 days following application.

Procedure for Cleaning Spray Equipment

The steps listed below are suggested for thorough cleaning of spray equipment following applications of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE or tank mixes of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE.

Step 1: Clean application equipment thoroughly by using a strong detergent or commercial sprayer cleaner, according to the manufacturer's directions, and then triple rinsing the equipment before and after applying this product.

Step 2: Hose down thoroughly the inside as well as outside surfaces of equipment while filling the spray tank half full of water. Flush by operating sprayer until the system is purged of the rinse water.

Step 3: Fill tank with water while adding 1 quart of household ammonia for every 25 gallons of water. Operate the pump to circulate the ammonia solution through the sprayer system for 15 to 20 minutes and discharge a small amount of the ammonia solution through the boom and nozzles. Let the solution stand for several hours, preferably overnight. Flush the solution out of the spray tank through the boom.

Step 4: Remove the nozzles and screens and flush the system with two full tanks of water.

The steps listed below are suggested for thorough cleaning of spray equipment used to apply REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE as a tank mix with wettable powders (WP) emulsifiable concentrates (EC), or other types of water-dispersible formulations. REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE tank mixes with water-dispersible formulations require the use of a water/detergent rinse.

1. Complete Step 1 (Above).
2. Fill tank with water while adding 2 lbs of detergent for every 40 gallons of water. Operate the pump to circulate the detergent solution through the sprayer system for 5 to 10 minutes and discharge a small amount of the solution through the boom and nozzles. Let the solution stand for several hours, preferably overnight.
3. Flush the detergent solution out of the spray tank through the boom. Repeat step 1 and follow with Steps 2, 3, and 4 (Above).

Table 1. Weed List

Species Controlled or Suppressed by REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE, including ALS resistant and Triazine-resistant Biotypes, when used according to label directions

ANNUALS

Alkanet
Amaranth, Palmer, Powell,
spiny
Aster, slender
Bedstraw, catchweed
Beggardweed, Florida
Broomweed, common
Buckwheat, tartary, wild
Buffalobur
Burclover, California
Burdock
Buttercup, com, creeping,
roughseed, Western field
Carpetweed
Catchfly, nightflowering
Chamomile, corn
Chervil, Bur
Chickweed, common
Clovers
Cockle, corn, cow, white
Cocklebur, common
Copperleaf, hophombeam
Cornflower (Bachelor button)
Croton, tropic, woolly
Daisy, English
Dragonhead, American
Eveningprimrose, cutleaf
Falseflax, smallseed
Fleabane, annual
Flixweed
Fumitory

Goosefoot, nettleleaf
Hempnettle
Henbit
Jacob's Ladder
Jimsonweed
Knawel (German Moss)
Knotweed, prostrate
Kochia
Ladysthumb
Lambsquarters, common
Lettuce, miner's, prickly
Mallow, common, Venice
Marestail(horseweed)
Mayweed
Morningglory, ivyleaf, tall
Mustard, black, blue, tansy,
treacle, tumble, wild, yellowtops
Nightshade, black, cutleaf
Pennycress, field (fanweed,
Frenchweed, stinkweed)
Pepperweed, Virginia (pepper-
grass)
Pigweed, prostrate, redroot,
(carelessweed), rough, smooth,
tumble
Pineappleweed
Poorjoe
Poppy, red-horned
Puncturevine
Purslane, common

Pusley, Florida
Radish, wild
Ragweed, common, giant
(buffaloweed), lance-leaf
Rocket, London, yellow
Rubberweed, bitter (bitterweed)
Salsify
Senna, coffee
Sesbania, hemp
Shepherd's purse
Sicklepod
Sida, prickly (teaweed)
Smartweed, green,
Pennsylvania
Sneezeweed, bitter
Sowthistle, annual, spiny
Spanish needles
Spikeweed, common
Spurge, prostrate, leafy
Spurry, corn
Starbur, bristly
Starwort, little
Sumpweed, rough
Sunflower, common (wild),
volunteer
Thistle, Russian
Velvetleaf Waterhemp
Waterprimrose, winged
Wormwood

BIENNIALS

Burdock, common
Carrot, wild (Queen Anne's lace)
Cockle, white
Eveningprimrose, common
Geranium, Carolina

Gromwell
Knapweed, diffuse, spotted
Mallow, dwarf
Plantain, bracted
Ragwort, tansy

Starthistle, yellow
Sweetclover
Teasel
Thistle, bull, milk, musk,
plumeless

PERENNIALS

Alfalfa¹
Artichoke, Jerusalem
Aster, spiny, white heath
Bedstraw, smooth
Bindweed, field, hedge
Bluewood, Texas
Bursage, woollyleaf¹ (Bur,
ragweed, povertyweed)
Buttercup, tall
Campion, bladder
Chickweed, field, mouseear
Chicorr¹
Clover, hop
Dandelion¹

Garlic, wild
Goldenrod, Canada, Missouri
Goldenweed, common
Hawkweed
Henbane, black
Horsenettle, Carolina Ironweed
Knapweed, black, diffuse,
Russian¹ spotted
Milkweed, common,
honeyvine,
Western whorled Nettle, stinging
Nightshade, silverleaf (White
horsenettle)
Onion, wild
Plantain, broadleaf, buckhorn

Sericia, lespedeza
Smartweed, swamp
Snakeweed, broom Sorrel¹ red
(sheep sorrel)
Sowthistle¹, perennial
Spurge, leafy
Sundrop
Thistle, Canada,
Scotch
Toadflex, dalmatian
Tropical soda apple
Trumpet creeper (buckvine)
Vetch
Waterhemlock, spotted
Waterprimrose, creeping

Dock, broadleaf (bitterdock), curly
Dogbane, hemp
Dogfennel¹ (Cypressweed)
Fern, bracken

Pokeweed
Ragweed, Western
Redvine

Woodsorrel¹ creeping, yellow
Wormwood, Louisiana
Yankeeeweed
Yarrow common¹

WOODY SPECIES

Alder
Ash
Aspen
Basswood
Beech
Birch
Blackberry
Blackgum²
Cedar"
Cherry
Chinquapin
Cottonwood
Creosotebush²
Cucumbertree
Oewberry²
Dogwood²
Elm Grape

Hawthorn (Thornapple)²
Hemlock
Hickory
Honeylocust
Honeysuckle
Hornbeam
Huckleberry
Huisache
Ivy, Poison
Kudzu
Locust, black
Maple
Mesquite Oak
Oak, poison
Olive, Russian
Persimmon, Eastern
Pine

Plum, sand (Wild plum)²
Poplar
Rabbitbrush
Redcedar, Eastern
Rose², McCartney, multiflora
Sagebrush, fringed²
Sassafras
Serviceberry
Spicebush
Spruce
Sumac
Sweetgum²
Sycamore
Tarbush Willow
Witchhazel
Yaupon²
Yucca

¹. Noted perennials may be controlled using REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE at rates lower than those specified for other listed perennial weeds; see *Rates and Timings* for specific use.

². Growth suppression.

Application Instructions

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE can be applied to actively growing weeds as aerial, broadcast, band, or spot spray applications using water or sprayable fertilizer as a carrier. For REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE application rates for control or suppression by weed type and growth stage see Table 2. For crop-specific application timing and other details, refer to Crop-specific Information. To avoid uneven spray coverage, REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE must not be applied during periods of gusty wind or when wind is in excess of 15 mph. Avoid off-target movement. Use extreme care when applying REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE to prevent injury to desirable plants and shrubs.

DO NOT treat areas where either possible downward movement into the soil or surface washing may cause contact of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE with the roots of desirable plants such as trees and shrubs.

To avoid injury to desirable plants, equipment used to apply REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE should be thoroughly cleaned (see *PROCEDURE FOR CLEANING SPRAY EQUIPMENT*) before reusing to apply any other chemicals.

All crop uses of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE are intended for a normal growing interval between planting and harvest. No crop rotation restrictions exist if normal harvest of treated crop has occurred. If this interval is shortened, such as in cover crops that will be plowed under, **DO NOT** follow up with the planting of a sensitive crop.

Crops growing under stress conditions such as drought, poor fertility, or foliar damage due to hail, wind or insects, can exhibit various injury symptoms that may be more pronounced if herbicides are applied

Consult your local or state authorities for possible application restrictions and advice concerning these and other special local use situations. Tank mix directions are for use only in states where the tank mix product and application site are registered.

Cultivation:

DO NOT cultivate within 7 days after applying REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE.

Sensitive Crop Precautions:

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may cause injury to desirable trees and plants, particularly beans, cotton, flowers, fruit trees, grapes, ornamentals, peas, potatoes, soybeans, sunflowers, tobacco, tomatoes, and other broadleaf plants when contacting their roots, stems, or foliage. These plants are most sensitive to REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE during their development or growing stage.

Directions to Avoid Herbicide Drift:

- **DO NOT** make applications when spray particles may be carried by air currents to areas where sensitive crops and plants are growing. **DO NOT** spray near sensitive plants if wind is gusty or in excess of 5 mph and moving in the direction of adjacent sensitive crops. Leave an adequate buffer zone between area to be treated and only sensitive plants. Coarse sprays are less likely to drift out of the target area than fine sprays.
- Use coarse sprays (volume median diameter of 400 microns or more) to avoid potential herbicide drift. Select nozzles that are designed to produce minimal amounts of fine spray particles (less than 200 microns). Examples of nozzles designed to produce coarse sprays via ground applications are Delavan® Raindrops, Spraying Systems XR (excluding 110° tips) flat fans, Turbo Teejets®, Turbo Floodjets®, or large capacity flood nozzles such as D10, TK10, or greater capacity tips.
- Keep the spray pressure at or below 20 psi and the spray volume at or above 20 gallons per acre (for ground broadcast applications), unless otherwise required by the manufacturer of drift-reducing nozzles. Consult your spray nozzle supplier concerning the choice of drift-reducing nozzles.
- **DO NOT** apply REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE adjacent to sensitive crops when the temperature on the day of application is expected to exceed 85° F as drift is more likely to occur.
- Agriculturally approved drift-reducing additives may be used.

Aerial Application and Equipment:

DO NOT USE AERIAL APPLICATION EQUIPMENT IF SPRAY PARTICLES CAN BE CARRIED BY WIND INTO AREAS WHERE SENSITIVE CROPS OR PLANTS ARE GROWING.

Use coarse sprays: REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE must not be applied during periods of gusty wind or when wind is in excess of 15 mph as uneven spray coverage may occur.

Water Volume: Use 1 to 10 gallons of water per acre (2 to 20 gallons of diluted spray per treated acre for preharvest uses). Use the higher spray volume when treating dense or tall vegetation.

Select nozzles designed to produce minimal amounts of fine spray particles. Make aerial applications at the lowest safe height to reduce exposing the spray to evaporation and wind. The applicator must follow the most restrictive use cautions to avoid drift hazards, including those found in this labeling, as well as state and local regulations and ordinances. **DO NOT** use aerial equipment if spray particles can be carried by the wind into areas where sensitive crops or plants are growing or when temperature inversions exist.

Ground Application and Equipment:

- Ground Application (Banding)
 - $\frac{\text{Bandwidth in inches}}{\text{Row width in inches}} \times \text{Broadcast RATE per treated acre} = \text{Band RATE per treated acre.}$

- $\frac{\text{Bandwidth in inches}}{\text{Row width in inches}} \times \text{Broadcast VOLUME per treated acre} = \text{Band VOLUME per treated acre.}$
- Ground Application (Broadcast)
 - Water Volume
Use 3 to 50 gallons of spray solution per broadcast acre for optimal performance. Use the higher spray volume when treating dense or tall vegetation.
 - Application Equipment
Use coarse sprays. Select nozzles designed to produce minimal amounts of fine spray particles. Spray with nozzles as close to the weeds as is practical for good weed coverage. REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE must not be applied during periods of gusty wind or when wind is in excess of 15 mph as uneven spray coverage may occur.
- Ground Applications (Wipers)
REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be applied through wiper application equipment to control or suppress actively growing broadleaf weeds, brush, and vines. Use a solution containing 90 ounces REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per 1 gallon water. **DO NOT** contact desirable vegetation with herbicide solution. Wiper application may be made to crops (including pastures) and non-cropland areas described in this label with the exception of cotton, sorghum, and soybean.

Table 2. REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE Application Rates for Control or Suppression by Weed Type and Growth Stage, (Use rate limitations are given in Restrictions and Limitations and Crop-specific Information Sections.)

Weed Type and Stage	Rate per Acre (ounces)	Weed Type and Stage	Rate per Acre (ounces)
Annual ¹ Small, actively growing Established weed growth	6 to 12 12 to 17	Perennial Top growth suppression Top growth control and root suppression Noted perennials (footnote 1 in WEEDS LIST) Other perennials ³	6 to 12 12 to 24 24 24
Biennial Rosette diameter 1" to 3" Rosette Rosette diameter 3" or more Bolting	6 to 12 12 to 24 24	Woody Brush & Vines ⁴ Top growth suppression Top growth control ^{2, 3} Stems and stem suppression ³	11.5 to 24 24 24
<p>1 Rates below 6 ounces per acre may provide control or suppression but should typically be applied with other herbicides that are effective on the same species and biotype.</p> <p>2 Species noted with footnote 2 in Table 2 require tank mixes for adequate control.</p> <p>3 DO NOT broadcast apply more than 24 ounces per acre per application. Use the higher level of listed rate ranges when treating dense vegetative growth or perennial weeds with well established root growth.</p> <p>4 Retreatment or tank mixtures may be necessary for best control. However, DO NOT exceed a total of 48 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre per year.</p>			

Additives

To improve postemergence weed control, agriculturally approved surfactants, sprayable fertilizers (urea ammonium nitrate, or ammonium sulfate), or crop oil concentrate may be added, particularly in dry growing conditions. (Refer to Table 3. Additive Rate per Acre.)

Nitrogen Source:

- Urea ammonium nitrate (UAN): Use 2 to 4 quarts of UAN (commonly referred to as 28%, 30%, or 32% nitrogen solution) per acre. **DO NOT** use brass or aluminum nozzles when spraying UAN.
- Ammonium sulfate (AMS): AMS at 2.5 pounds per acre may be substituted for UAN. Use high-quality AMS (spray grade) to avoid plugging of nozzles. Other sources of nitrogen are not as effective as those mentioned. Gharda does not recommend applying AMS, if applied in less than 10 gallons per acre because of potential problems with precipitation in reduced volumes. Use AMS only if it has been demonstrated to be successful in local experience.

Nonionic Surfactants

The standard label recommendation is 1 pint of an 80% active nonionic spray surfactant per 100 gallons of water. For certain weeds, a higher spray surfactant rate is recommended.

Oil Concentrate

A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all of the following criteria:

- be nonphytotoxic,
- contain only EPA exempt ingredients,
- provide good mixing quality in the jar test, and
- be successful in local experience.

The exact composition of suitable products will vary; however, vegetable and petroleum oil concentrates should contain emulsifiers to provide good mixing quality. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils.

For additional information, see *Compatibility Test for Mix Components*.

Adjuvants containing crop oil concentrates may be used in preplant, preemergence, and preharvest application, as well as in pastures and noncropland. **DO NOT** use crop oil concentrate for postemergence in-crop applications unless specifically allowed in *Crop-specific Information* section of this label.

Table 3 Additive Rate per Acre

Additive	Rate per Acre
Nonionic Surfactant	1 to 2 pints per 100 gallons
AMS	2.5 pounds
UAN Solution	2 to 4 quarts
Crop Oil Concentrate	1 quart*
*See manufacturer's label for specific rate recommendations.	

Compatibility Test for Mix Components

Before mixing components always perform a compatibility jar test. For 20 gallons per acre spray volume, use 3.3 cups (800 ml) of water. For other spray volumes, adjust accordingly. Only use water from the intended source at the source temperature.

Add components in the sequence indicated in the Mixing Order using 2 teaspoons for each pound or 1 teaspoon for each pint of label rate per acre.

Always cap the jar and invert 10 cycles between component additions.

When the components have all been added to the jar, let the solution stand for 15 minutes. Evaluate the solution for uniformity and stability. The spray solution should not have free oil on the surface, nor fine particles that precipitate to the bottom, nor thick (clabbered) texture. If the spray solution is not compatible, repeat the compatibility test with the addition of a suitable compatibility agent. If the solution is then compatible, use the compatibility agent as directed on its label. If the solution is still incompatible, **DO NOT** mix the ingredients in the same tank.

Mixing Order

1. *Water* - Begin by agitating a thoroughly clean sprayer tank three-quarters full of clean water.
2. *Agitation* - Maintain constant agitation throughout mixing and application.
3. *Inductor* - If an inductor is used, rinse it thoroughly after each component has been added.
4. *Products in PVA Bags* - Place any product contained in water-soluble PVA bags into the mixing tank. Wait until all water-soluble PVA bags have fully dissolved and the product is evenly mixed in the spray tank before continuing.
5. *Water-dispersible products* - (dry flowables, wettable powders, suspension concentrates, or suspensions).
6. *Water-soluble products* - (such as, REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE).
7. *Emulsifiable concentrates* - (such as, oil concentrate when applicable).
8. *Water-soluble additives* - (such as, AMS or UAN when applicable).
9. Remaining quantity of water. Maintain constant agitation during application.

Tank Mix Partners/Components

The herbicide products listed may be applied with REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE according to the specific tank mixing instructions in this label and respective product labels. REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may also be tank mixed with other suitable registered herbicides.

See section *Crop-specific Information for more details*. REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may also be used in tank mixtures with foliar applied insecticides including synthetic pyrethroids such as Ambush®, Asana®, Pounce® and Warrior® or with the Carbamate insecticide Furadan®. **DO NOT** apply REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE in tank mixtures with Lorsban® insecticide. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Physical incompatibility, reduced weed control, or crop injury may result from mixing REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE with other pesticides (fungicides, herbicides, insecticides, or miticides), additives, or fertilizers. Gharda does not recommend using tank mixes other than those specifically listed on Gharda labeling. Local agricultural authorities may be a source of information when using other than Gharda recommended tank mixes.

- Accent® (nicosulfuron)
- Acquire® (glyphosate)
- Ally® (metsulfuron methyl)
- Amber® (triasulfuron)
- Asulox® (asulam)
- Atrazine
- Axiom™ (flufenacet + metribuzin)
- Basagram® (bentazon)
- Beacon (primisulfuron-methyl)
- Bicep II Magnum® (s-metolachlor + atrazine)
- Bronate® (bromoxynil + MCPA)
- Bronco® (alachlor + glyphosate)
- Buctril® (bromoxynil)
- Bullet® (alachlor + atrazine)
- Canvas® (Thifensulfuron + Tribenuron +Metsulfuron)
- Caparol® (prometryn)
- Crossbow (2,4-D + triclopyr)
- Curtail® (clopyralid + 2, 4-D)
- Cyclone® (paraquat)
- Dakota® (fenoxaprop + MCPA)
- Degree™ (acetochlor)
- Degree Xtra™ (acetochlor + atrazine)
- DoublePlay® (acetochlor +EPTC)
- G-Max Lite™ (dimethenamid-P + atrazine)
- Harmony® Extra (Thifensulfuron + Tribenuron-methyl)
- Harness® (acetochlor)
- Harness Xtra™ (acetochlor+atrazine)
- Hornet® (flumetsalam + clopyralid)
- Karne®x (diuron)
- Kerb (pronamide)
- Laddok® S-12 (bentazon + atrazine)
- Landmaster® BW (glyphosate + 2,4-D)
- Lariat® (alachlor + atrazine)
- Lasso (alachlor)
- Lexone® (metribuzin)
- Liberty® (glufosinte)
- Lightning® (imazethapyr + imazapyr)
- Marksman® (Dicamba + atrazine)
- MCPA
- Outlook™(dimethenamid-P)
- Paramount® (quinclorac)
- Partner® (alachlor)
- Peak® (prosulfuron)
- Permit® (halosulfuron)
- Princep® (simazine)
- Prowl® (pendimethalin)

- Dual Magnum® (s-metolachlor)
- Eradicane® (EPTC)
- Evik® (ametryn)
- Exceed® (primisulfuron + prosulfuron)
- Express® (Thifensulfuron + Tribenuron-methyl)
- Fallow Master® (glyphosate + Dicamba)
- Field Master™ (acetochlor + atrazine + glyphosate)
- Finesse® (chlorsulfuron + Metsulfuron-methyl)
- FulTime™ (acetochlor + atrazine)
- Garlon® (triclopyr)
- Glean™ (chlorsulfuron)
- Gramoxone® Extra (paraquat)
- Guardsman® (dimethenamid + atrazine)
- Prowl® H²O (pendimethalin)
- Python® (flumetsulam)
- Ramrod® (propachlor)
- Roundup Ultra® (glyphosate)
- Roundup Ultra® RT (glyphosate)
- Sencor® (metribuzin)
- Spirit® (primisulfuron + glyphosate)
- Stinger® (clopyralid)
- Surpass® (acetochlor)
- Sutan® + (butylate)
- Tiller® (fenoxaprop ethyl +MCPA + 2,4-D)
- Top Notch™ (acetochlor)
- Tordon® 22K (picloram)
- Touchdown® (sulfosate)
- 2,4-D

Restrictions and Limitations

- Maximum seasonal use rate: *Refer to table for crop-specific maximum seasonal use rates.*
- **DO NOT** exceed 48 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE (2 lbs acid equivalent) per acre per year.
- Preharvest Interval (PHI): *Refer to Crop-specific Information for preharvest intervals.*
- Restricted-Entry Interval (REI): **24 hours.**

Crop Rotational Restrictions

The interval between application and planting rotational crop is given below. Always exclude counting days when the ground is frozen. Planting at intervals less than specified below may result in crop injury. Moisture is essential for the degradation of this herbicide in soil. If dry weather prevails, use cultivation to allow herbicide contact with moist soil.

- *Planting/replanting restrictions for REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE applications of 17 ounces per acre or less.* No rotational cropping restrictions apply at 120 days or more following application. Additionally, for annual crop uses in this label including corn, cotton, sorghum, and soybean, follow the preplant use directions in crop-specific Information. For barley, oat, wheat, and other grass seedlings, the interval between application and planting is 15 days per 6 ounces per acre applied east of the Mississippi River and 22 days per 6 ounces per acre west of the Mississippi River.
- *Planting/replanting restrictions for applications of more than 17 ounces and up to 48 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre.* Corn, sorghum, cotton (east of the Rocky Mountains) and all other crops grown in areas with 30" or more of annual rainfall may be planted 120 days or more after application. Barley, oat, wheat, and other grass seedlings, may be planted if the interval from application to planting is 30 days per 12 ounces per acre (east of the Mississippi River) and 45 days per 12 ounces per acre west of the Mississippi River. For all other crops in areas with less than 30" of annual rainfall, the interval between application and planting is 180 days or more.
- *Rainfast Period.* Rainfall or irrigation occurring within 4 hours after postemergence applications may reduce the effectiveness of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE.
- *Stress.* **DO NOT** apply to crops under stress due to lack of moisture, hail damage, flooding, herbicide injury, mechanical injury, insects, or widely fluctuating temperatures as injury may result.
- **DO NOT** apply through any type of irrigation equipment.
- **DO NOT** treat irrigation ditches or water used for crop irrigation or domestic purposes.

Table 4. Crop-specific Maximum Use Rates¹

Crop	Maximum Rate per Acre per Application (ounces)	Maximum In-Crop Rate per Acre per Season (ounces)
Asparagus	12	12
Barley, Fall Spring	6 6	8.5 8
Corn	12	17
Cotton	6	6
Fallow Ground	24	24
Grass Grown for seed	24	48
Proso Millet	3	3
Pastureland	24	24
Conservation Reserve Program (CRP)	24	48
Oats	3	3
Sorghum	6	12
Soybeans	24	48
Sugarcane	24	48
Turf	24	24
Triticale	3	3
Wheat	6	12
<i>Refer to Crop-specific Information section for more details.</i>		

Crop Specific Information

ASPARAGUS

Apply REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE to emerged and actively growing weeds in 40 to 60 gallons of diluted spray per treated acre immediately after cutting the field, but at least 24 hours before the next cutting. Multiple applications may be made per growing season.

If spray contacts emerged spears, crooking (twisting) of some spears may result. If such crooking occurs, discard affected spears.

Rates: Apply 6 to 12 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE to control annual sowthistle, black mustard, Canada and Russian thistle, and redroot pigweed (carelessweed).

Apply 12 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE to control common chick-weed, field bindweed, nettleleaf goosefoot, and wild radish.

Multiple applications may be made per growing season. **DO NOT** exceed a total of 12 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per treated acre, per crop year.

DO NOT harvest prior to 24 hours after treatment.

DO NOT use in the Coachella Valley of California

Asparagus Tank Mixes

Apply 6 to 12 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE with glyphosate (Roundup Ultra® Herbicide) or 2,4-D to improve control of Canada thistle and field bindweed. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to

ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

BETWEEN CROP APPLICATIONS

PREPLANT DIRECTIONS (POSTHARVEST, FALLOW, CROP STUBBLE, SET-ASIDE) FOR BROADLEAF WEED CONTROL

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE can be applied either postharvest in the fall, spring, or summer during the fallow period or to crop stubble/set-aside acres. Apply REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE as a broadcast or spot treatment to emerged and actively growing weeds after crop harvest (postharvest) and before a killing frost or in the fallow cropland or crop stubble the following spring or summer.

See Crop Rotational Restrictions in the Restrictions and Limitations section for the required interval between application and planting to prevent crop injury.

Rates and Timings

Apply 3 to 24 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre. Refer to Table 2 to determine use rates for specific targeted weed species. For best performance, apply REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE when annual weeds are less than 6" tall, when biennial weeds are in the rosette stage and to perennial weed regrowth in late summer or fall following a mowing or tillage treatment. The most effective control of upright perennial broadleaf weeds such as Canada thistle and Jerusalem artichoke occurs if REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE is applied when the majority of weeds have at least 4" to 6" of regrowth or for weeds such as field bindweed and hedge bindweed that are in or beyond the full bloom stage.

Avoid disturbing treated areas following application. Treatments may not kill weeds that develop from seed or underground plant parts such as rhizomes or bulblets, after the effective period for REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE. For seedling control, a follow-up program or other cultural practices could be instituted. For small grain in-crop uses of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE, *refer to the small grain section for details.*

Between Crop Tank Mixes

In tank mixes with other suitable registered herbicides, including one or more of the following herbicides, apply 3 to 12 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre for control of annual weeds, or 12 to 24 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre for control of biennial and perennial weeds. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

- Acquire®
- Ally®
- Amber®
- Atrazine
- Curtail®
- Cyclone®
- Fallow Master®
- Finesse®
- glyphosate
- (e.g. Roundup Ultra)
- Gramoxone® Extra
- Kerb®
- Landmaster® BW
- Paramount®
- Sencore®
- Tordon® 22K
- Touchdown®
- 2,4-D

CORN (Field, Pop, Seed, and Silage)

Direct contact of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE with corn seed must be avoided. If corn seeds are less than 1.5" below the soil surface, delay application until corn has emerged.

Applications of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE to corn during periods of rapid growth may result in temporary leaning. Corn will usually become erect within 3 to 7 days. Cultivation should be delayed until after corn is growing normally to avoid breakage.

Corn may be harvested or grazed for feed once the crop has reached the ensilage (milk) stage or later in maturity.

Up to 2 applications of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be made during a growing season. Sequential applications must be separated by 2 weeks or more. **DO NOT** exceed a total of 17 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre per crop year.

DO NOT apply REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE to seed corn or popcorn without first verifying with your local seed corn company (supplier) the selectivity of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE on your inbred line or variety of popcorn. This precaution will help avoid potential injury of sensitive varieties.

Avoid using crop oil concentrates after crop emergence as crop injury may result. Use of crop oil concentrates is recommended only in dry conditions when corn is less than 5" tall and when applying REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE alone or tank mixed with atrazine.

Use of sprayable fluid fertilizer as the carrier is not recommended for applications of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE made after corn emergence.

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE is not registered for use on sweet corn.

Preplant and Preemergence Application in No-Tillage Corn

Rates: Apply 12 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre on medium- or fine-textured soils containing 2.5% or greater organic matter. Use 6 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre on coarse soils (sand, loamy sand, and sandy loam) or medium- and fine-textured soils with less than 2.5% organic matter.

Timing: REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE can be applied to emerged weeds before, during, or after planting a corn crop. When planting into a legume sod (e.g. alfalfa or clover), apply REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE after 4" to 6" of regrowth has occurred.

Preemergence Application in Conventional or Reduced Tillage Corn

Rates: Apply 12 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per treated acre to medium- or fine-textured soils that contain 2.5% organic matter or more. **DO NOT** apply to coarse-textured soils (sand, loamy sand, or sandy loam) or any soil with less than 2.5% organic matter until after corn emergence (see Early Postemergence uses below).

Timing: REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be applied after planting and prior to corn emergence. Preemergence application of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE does not require mechanical incorporation to become active. A shallow mechanical incorporation is recommended if the application is not followed by adequate rainfall or sprinkler irrigation. Avoid tillage equipment (e.g. drags, harrows) that concentrates treated soil over seed furrow, as seed damage could result.

Preemergence control of cocklebur, jimsonweed, and velvetleaf may be reduced if conditions such as low temperature or lack of soil moisture cause delayed or deep germination of weeds.

Early Postemergence Application in all Tillage Systems

Rates: Apply 12 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per treated acre. Reduce the rate to 6 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per treated acre for corn grown on coarse-textured soils (sand, loamy sand, and sandy loam).

Timing: Apply between corn emergence and the 5-leaf stage or 8" tall, whichever occurs first. Refer to Late Postemergence Application if the sixth true leaf is emerging from whorl or the corn is greater than 8" tall

Late Postemergence Application

Rate: Apply 6 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per treated acre.

Timing: Apply REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE from 8" to 36" tall corn or 15 days before tassel emergence, whichever comes first. For best performance, apply when weeds are less than 3" tall.

Apply directed spray when corn leaves prevent proper spray coverage, sensitive crops are growing nearby, or tank mixing with 2,4-D .

DO NOT apply REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE when soybeans are growing nearby if any of these conditions exist:

- corn is more than 24" tall
- soybean are more than 10" tall
- soybean have begun to bloom

Corn Tank Mixes and Sequential Uses

When using tank mix or sequential applications with REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE, always follow the companion product label to determine specific use rates by soil types, weed species, and weed or crop growth stage.

Apply REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE prior to, in tank mix with, or after other suitable registered herbicides, including one or more of the following herbicides. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

- Accent®¹
- Acquire®
- Atrazine
- Axiom™
- Banvel®¹
- Beacon®¹
- Bicep®
- Bullet®
- Clarity®¹
- Degree™
- Degree Xtra™
- DoublePlay®²
- Dual Magnum™
- Dual II Magnum®
- Eradicane®
- Exceed®¹
- Field Master®
- FulTime®
- Gramoxone® Extra
- Guardsman® Max
- G-Max Lite™
- Harness®
- Harness® Xtra
- Hornet™¹
- Laddok® S-12
- Lasso®
- Liberty®³
- Lightning®⁵
- Marksman®¹
- Outlook®
- Permit®¹
- Princep®
- Prowl®
- Python™
- Roundup Ultra®⁴
- Roundup Ultra® RT
- Spirit™
- Stinger®¹
- Surpass®
- Sutan® +²
- TopNotchr™
- Touchdown®
- 2,4-D¹

¹ See Table 5. *Specific Guidelines for Tank Mixes or Sequential Use Programs* for additional limitations or restrictions that apply for tank mix or sequential use programs with these products.

² Sequential use only.

³ Use only on Liberty Link® (glufosinate tolerant) corn hybrids.

⁴ Includes postemergence use on Roundup Ready® (glyphosate tolerant) corn hybrids.

⁵ Use only Clearfield® (imidazolinone tolerant) corn hybrids.

Table 5. Specific Guidelines for Tank Mixes or Sequential Use Programs

Tank Mix Partner	Rate Per Acre
Accent® or Beacon®	When tank mixing, applications immediately following extreme day or night temperature fluctuations or applications when daytime temperatures DO NOT exceed 50° F may result in decreased weed control or crop injury. Delay application until the temperatures warm and both weeds and crop resume normal growth.
2,4-D	To provide maximum crop safety after corn emergence, use this tank mix only after corn is greater than 8" tall and when application can be made with drop pipes that direct spray beneath corn leaves and away from the whorl of the com. The maximum rate of 2,4-D in this tank mix is 0.25 pints per acre (0.125 pounds of acid equivalent per acre).
Banvel®, Clarity® or Marksman® herbicide	Tank mixes with these products that contain dicamba must not exceed a total combined rate of 0.50 pounds of dicamba acid equivalent per acre (0.25 pound on coarse-textured soils or on any soil when corn is greater than 8" tall). Sequential applications of these products must be separated by a minimum of 2 weeks (unless the combined rate is less than 0.5 pounds of dicamba acid equivalent and corn is 8" tall or less) and must not exceed a combined total of 0.75 pounds dicamba acid equivalent per acre for in-crop use.
Exceed®, Spirit™, Stinger®, Hornet™, or Permit®	For improved control of velvetleaf, tank mix 0.25 to 0.5 ounce of Exceed, 0.5 ounce of Spirit, or 0.17 to 0.33 ounce Permit per acre with REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE. For improved control of Canada thistle, Stinger at 1.5 to 3 fluid ounces per acre or Hornet at 0.6 to 1.2 ounces per acre may be tank mixed with REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE. Use the higher rate in the range for heavier infestations of these weeds.

COTTON

Preplant Applications

Apply up to 6 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre to control emerged broadleaf weeds prior to planting cotton in conventional or conservation tillage systems. For best performance, apply REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE when weeds are in the 2 to 4 leaf stage and rosettes are less than 2" across. Following application of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE and a minimum accumulation of 1" of rainfall or overhead irrigation, a waiting interval of 21 days is required per 6 ounces per acre or less. These intervals must be observed prior to planting cotton.

DO NOT apply preplant to cotton west of the Rockies.

DO NOT make REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE preplant applications to cotton in geographic areas with average annual rainfall less than 25".

If applying a spring preplant treatment following application of a fall preplant (postharvest) treatment, then the combination of both treatments must not exceed 48 ounces per acre.

Cotton Tank Mixes

For control of grasses or additional broadleaf weeds, REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be tank mixed with Bladex®, Caparol®, Gramoxone® Extra, and Roundup Ultra® RT herbicides. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

GRASS GROWN FOR SEED

Apply 6 to 12 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per treated acre on seedling grass after the crop reaches the 3 to 5 leaf stage. Apply up to 24 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE on well established perennial grass. For best performance, apply REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE when weeds are in the 2 to 4 leaf stage and rosettes are less than 2" across. Use the higher level of listed rate ranges when treating more mature weeds or dense vegetative growth.

To suppress annual grasses such as brome (downy and ripgut), rattail fescue, and windgrass, apply up to 24 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per treated acre in the fall or late summer after harvest and burning of established grass seed crops. Applications should be made immediately following the first irrigation when the soil is moist and before weeds have more than 2 leaves.

DO NOT apply REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE after the grass seed crop begins to joint.

Refer to the Pasture, Hay, Rangeland, and Farmstead section for grazing and feeding restrictions.

Grass Seed Tank Mixes

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be applied in tank mixes with one or more of the following herbicides. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

- Buctril®
- Curtail®
- Express®
- Karmex®
- MCPA amine
- Sencor®
- Stinger®
- 2,4-D amine or ester

Refer to the Pasture, Hay, Rangeland, and Farmstead section for grazing and feeding restrictions.

PROSO MILLET

For use only within Colorado, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Wyoming.

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE combined with 2,4-D will provide control or suppression of the annual broadleaf weeds listed in WEED TABLE 1.

Apply 3 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE with 0.375 pounds ai of 2,4-D. Apply the tank mix of Clarity® herbicide + 2,4-D as a broadcast or spot treatment to emerged and actively growing weeds and when proso millet is in the 2 to 5 leaf stage. Use directions for 2,4-D products vary with manufacturers. Refer to a 2,4-D product with labeling consistent with the crop stage timing for Clarity. Some types of proso millet may be affected adversely by a tank mix of Clarity + 2,4-D.

DO NOT apply unless possible proso millet crop injury will be acceptable.

Restrictions for proso millet that is grazed or cut for hay are indicated in Table 6. Timing Restrictions for Lactating Dairy Animals Following Treatment in Pasture, Hay, Rangeland, and Farmstead section of this label.

PASTURE, HAY, RANGELAND, AND FARMSTEAD (NONCROPLAND)

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be used on pasture, hay, rangeland, and farmstead (non-cropland) (including fencerows and non-irrigation ditchbanks) for control or suppression of broadleaf weed and brush species listed in WEED TABLE 1.

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may also be applied to non-cropland areas to control broadleaf weeds in noxious weed control programs, districts, or areas including broadcast or spot treatment of roadsides and highways, utilities, railroad, and pipeline rights-of-way. Noxious weeds must be recognized at the state level, but programs may be administered at state, county, or other level.

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE uses described in this section also pertain to small grains (forage sorghum, rye, sudangrass, or wheat) grown for pasture use only.

Some perennial weeds may be controlled with lower rates of either REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE or REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE plus 2,4-D (refer to Table 2). It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Rates and Timing

Refer to Table 2 for rate selection based on targeted weed or brush species. Some weed species will require tank mixes for adequate control.

DO NOT broadcast apply more than 24 ounces per acre.

Retreatments may be made as needed; however, **DO NOT** exceed a total of 24 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per treated acre during a growing season.

Crop-Specific Restrictions and Limitations

DO NOT apply more than 12 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre to small grains grown for pasture.

Newly seeded areas may be severely injured if more than 12 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE is applied per acre.

Established grass crops growing under stress can exhibit various injury symptoms that may be more pronounced if herbicides are applied. Bentgrass, carpetgrass, buffalo-grass, and St. Augustinegrass may be injured if more than 12 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE is applied per acre. Usually colonial bentgrasses are more tolerant than creeping types. Velvetgrasses are most easily injured. Treatments will kill or injure alfalfa, clovers, lespedeza, wild winter peas, vetch, and other legumes.

There are no grazing restrictions for animals other than lactating dairy animals. Table 6. lists the timing restrictions for grazing or harvesting hay from treated fields.

Table 6. Timing Restrictions for Lactating Dairy Animals Following Treatment

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE Rate per Treated Acre	Days Before Grazing	Days Before Hay Harvest
Up to 12 ounces	7 days	37 days
Up to 24 ounces	21 days	51 days
Up to 48 ounces	40 days	70 days

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE can be applied using water, oil in water emulsions including invert systems, or sprayable fluid fertilizer as a carrier (*refer to the Compatibility Test for Mix Components*).

To prepare oil in water emulsions, half-fill spray tank with water, then add the appropriate amount of emulsifier. With continuous agitation, slowly add the herbicide and then the oil (such as diesel oil or fuel oil) or a premix of oil plus additional emulsifier to spray tank. Complete filling of spray tank with water. Maintain vigorous agitation during spray operation to prevent oil and water from forming separate layers. REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be applied broadcast using either ground or aerial application equipment.

Aerial Application

- Spray Volume. Use 2 to 40 gallons of diluted spray per treated acre in a water-based carrier.

Ground Application

- Spray Volume. Use 3 to 600 gallons of diluted spray per treated acre. The volume of spray applied will depend on the height, density, and type of weeds or brush being treated and on the type of equipment being used.
- Spot Treatments. REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be applied to individual clumps or small areas of undesirable vegetation using handgun or similar types of application equipment. Apply diluted sprays to allow complete wetting (up to runoff) of foliage and stems.

CUT SURFACE TREATMENTS

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be applied as a cut surface treatment for control of unwanted trees and prevention of sprouts of cut trees.

Rate: Mix 30 to 90 ounces REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE with 1 gallon water to create the application solution. Use the lower dilution rate when treating difficult-to-control species.

- For Frill or Girdle Treatments: Make a continuous cut or a series of overlapping cuts using an axe to girdle tree trunk. Spray or paint the cut surface with the solution.
- For Stump Treatments: Spray or paint freshly cut surface with the water mix. The area adjacent to the bark should be thoroughly wet.

NOTE: For more rapid foliar effects, 2,4-D may be added to the solution.

APPLICATIONS FOR CONTROL OF DORMANT MULTIFLORA ROSE

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE can be applied when plants are dormant as a spot treatment to the soil or as a Lo-Oil basal bark treatment using an oil-water emulsion solution.

- Spot treatments. Spot treatment applications of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE should be applied directly to the soil as close as possible to the root crown but within 6" to 8" of the crown. On sloping terrain, apply REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE to the uphill side of the crown. **DO NOT** apply when snow or water prevents applying REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE directly to the soil. The use rate of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE depends on the canopy diameter of the multiflora rose.

Examples: Use 0.18, 0.72, or 1.7 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE respectively, for 5, 10, or 15 feet canopy diameters.

- Lo-Oil basal bark treatments. For Lo-Oil basal bark treatments, apply REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE to the basal stem region from the ground line to a height of 12" to 18". Spray until runoff, with special emphasis on covering the root crown. For best results, apply REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE when plants are dormant. **DO NOT** apply after bud break or when plants are showing signs of active growth. **DO NOT** apply when snow or water prevents applying REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE to the ground line.

To prepare approximately 2 gallons of a Lo-Oil spray solution:

1. Combine 1.5 gallons of water, 1 ounce of emulsifier, 12 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE, and 2.5 pints of No. 2 diesel fuel.
2. Adjust the amounts of materials used proportionately to the amount of final spray solution desired.

DO NOT exceed 8 gallons of spray solution mix applied per acre, per year.

Pasture Tank Mixes

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be applied in tank mixes with other suitable registered herbicides, including one or more of the following herbicides. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Acquire®
Ally®
Amber®
Crossbow®
Curtail®
Garlon®

Gramoxone® Extra
Roundup Ultra® RT
Stinger®
Tordon® 22K
2,4-D

CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM (CRP)

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be used on both newly seeded and established grasses grown in Conservation Reserve or federal Set-Aside Programs. Treatments of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE will injure or may kill alfalfa, clovers, lespedeza, wild winter peas, vetch, and other legumes.

Newly Seeded Areas

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be applied either preplant or postemergence to newly seeded grasses or small grains such as barley, oats, rye, sudangrass, wheat, or other grain species grown as a cover crop.

Postemergence applications may be made after seedling grasses exceed the 3-leaf stage. Rates of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE greater than 12 ounces per treated acre may severely injure newly seeded grasses.

Preplant applications may injure new seedlings if the interval between application and grass planting is less than 45 days per 12 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE applied per treated acre west of the Mississippi River or 20 days per 12 ounces applied east of the Mississippi River.

Established Grass Stands

Established grass stands are perennial grasses planted one or more seasons prior to treatment. Certain species (bentgrass, carpetgrass, smooth brome, buffalograss, or St. Augustine grass) may be injured when treated with more than 12 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per treated acre. When applied at specified rates, REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE will control many annual and biennial weeds and provide control or suppression of many perennial weeds.

Rates and Timings: Apply 3 to 24 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre. *Refer to Table 3. for rates based on target weed species.* REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be tank mixed or applied sequentially with other products labeled for use in Conservation Reserve Programs such as atrazine, Cyclone®, glyphosate (Acquire®, Roundup Ultra®), Gramoxone® Extra, Touchdown®, or 2,4-D.

Retreatments may be made as needed; however, **DO NOT** exceed a total of 48 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre.

SMALL GRAINS

Not under seeded to legumes (fall- and spring-seeded barley, oat, triticale and wheat)

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE combinations with listed tank mix partners will provide control or suppression of the annual broadleaf weeds listed in Table 1. For improved control of listed weeds, tank mix REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE with one or more of the herbicides listed. REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE used in a tank mix with other herbicides offers the best spectrum of weed control and herbicide tolerant or resistant weed management. Refer to the specific section crop for REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE application rate and timing.

For applications prior to weed emergence or when sulfonylurea-resistant weeds are present or suspected, tank mix a minimum of 2 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per treated acre with a non-sulfonylurea herbicide such as 2,4-D or MCPA. Tank mixing REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE with these products will offer more consistent control of sulfonylurea-resistant weeds.

Additives:

When tank mixing REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE with sulfonylurea herbicides (such as Ally®, Amber®, Canvas®, Express®, Finesse®, Glean®, Harmony® Extra, and Peak®), use 1 to 4 pints of an agriculturally approved surfactant (containing at least 80% active ingredient) per 100 gallons of spray or not more than 0.25 to 0.5% by volume. Use the highest rate of surfactant when using the lower rate ranges of the tank mix or when treating more mature and difficult to control weeds or dense *vegetative* growth. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Refer to the specific crop sections below for use rates. When treating difficult to control weeds such as kochia, wild buckwheat, cow cockle, prostrate knotweed, Russian thistle, and prickly lettuce or when dense vegetative growth occurs, use the 2 to 3 ounces REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre.

Timings:

Apply REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE before, during, or after planting small grains. See specific small grain crop uses below for maximum crop stage. For best performance, apply REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE when weeds are in the 2 to 3 leaf stage and rosettes are less than 2" across. Applying REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE to small grains during periods of rapid growth may result in crop leaning. This condition is temporary and will not reduce crop yields.

Applications to small grains may be made with aerial applications with 1 gallon of water or more per acre. Where dense foliage is present, 2 to 3 gallons of water per acre should be used.

Restrictions for small grain areas that are grazed or cut for hay are indicated in Table 7. in Pasture, Hay, Rangeland, and Farmstead section of this label.

SMALL GRAINS: Barley (fall- and spring-seeded)

Early Season Applications

Apply 1.5 to 3 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE to fall-seeded barley prior to the jointing stage. Apply 1.5 to 2 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE before spring-seeded barley exceeds the 4-leaf stage.

NOTE: For spring barley varieties that are seeded during the winter months or later, follow the rates and timings given for spring-seeded barley.

DO NOT tank mix REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE with 2,4-D in early season applications on spring-seeded barley.

PREHARVEST APPLICATIONS

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE can be used to control weeds that may interfere with harvest of fall- and spring- seeded barley. Apply 6 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre as a broadcast or spot treatment to annual broadleaf weeds when barley is in the hard dough stage and the green color is gone from the node (joints) of the stem. Best results will be obtained if application can be made when weeds are actively growing, but before weeds canopy.

A waiting interval of 7 days is required before harvest.

DO NOT use preharvest-treated barley for seed unless a germination test is performed on the seed with an acceptable result of 95% germination or better.

For control of additional broadleaf weeds or grasses, REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be tank mixed with other herbicides, such as 2,4-D, that are labeled for preharvest uses in barley.

DO NOT make preharvest applications in California.

Barley Tank Mixes

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be applied in tank mixes with other suitable registered herbicides, including one or more of the following herbicides. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Table 7. Barley Tank Mixes

Tank Mix Partner	Rate per Acre
Ally®	0.05 to 0.1 ounce ¹
Amber®	0.14 to 0.28 ounce ¹
Bronate®	0.75 to 1.5 pints
Buctril®	1 to 1.5 pints
Canvas®	0.2 to 0.4 ounce ¹
Express®	0.083 to 0.167 ounce ¹
Finesse®	0.167 to 0.33 ounce ¹
Glean®	0.167 ounce ¹
Harmony® Extra	0.167 to 0.33 ounce ¹
MCPA amine or ester	8 to 12 fluid ounces ² (0.25 to 0.375 pound a.e.)
Metribuzin (Sencor®, Lexone®)	0.125 to 0.47 pound a.i.
2,4-D amine or ester	8 fluid ounces ^{2,3} (0.25 pound a.e.)
¹ DO NOT use low rates of sulfonylureas (Ally®, Amber®, Canvas®, Express®, Finesse®, Glean®, and Harmony® Extra) on more mature weeds or on dense vegetative growth. ² When using formulations other than 4 pounds per gallon use pounds of a.e. per acre listed. ³ This tank mix is for fall-seeded barley only.	

SMALL GRAINS: OAT (fall- and spring-seeded)

Early Season Applications

Apply 1.5 to 3 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre to fall-seeded oat prior to the jointing stage. Apply 1.5 to 3 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE before spring-seeded oat exceeds the 5-leaf stage.

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be tank mixed with other suitable registered herbicides, such as MCPA amine or ester, for applications in oat.

DO NOT tank mix REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE with 2,4-D in oat.

SMALL GRAINS: TRITICALE (fall- and spring-seeded)

Early Season Applications

Apply 1.5 to 3 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE to triticale. Early season applications to fall-seeded triticale must be made prior to the jointing stage.

Early season applications to spring-seeded triticale must be made before triticale reaches the 6-leaf stage.

Triticale Tank Mixes: For best performance, should be used in tank mix combination with bromoxynil (Buctril, Moxy™ 2E) herbicide. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

SMALL GRAINS: WHEAT (fall- and spring-seeded)

Early Season Applications

Apply 1.5 to 3 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE to wheat unless using one of the fall-seeded wheat specific programs below.

Early season applications to fall-seeded wheat must be made prior to the jointing stage.

Early season applications to spring-seeded wheat must be made before wheat exceeds the 6-leaf stage.

Early developing wheat varieties such as TAM 107, Madison, or Wakefield must receive application between early tillering and the jointing stage. Care should be taken in staging these varieties to be certain that the application occurs prior to the jointing stage.

To improve control of Russian thistle, flixweed, gromwell, or mayweed, add 2,4-D amine or ester to a tank mix with other suitable registered herbicides such as one of the following herbicides: Ally®, Amber®, Canvas®, Express®, Finesse®, Glean®, Harmony® Extra, or Peak®. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

SPECIFIC USE PROGRAMS FOR FALL-SEEDED WHEAT ONLY

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be used at 4 ounces on fall-seeded wheat in Western Oregon as a spring application only. In Colorado, Kansas, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas, up to 6 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be applied on fall-seeded wheat after it exceeds the 3-leaf stage for suppression of perennial weeds, such as field bindweed. Applications may be made in the fall following a frost but before a killing freeze. REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be tank mixed with 2,4-D amine at 6 ounces after wheat begins to tiller. Periods of extended stress such as cold and wet weather may enhance the possibility of crop injury. For fall applications only, **DO NOT** use if the potential for crop injury is not acceptable.

Preharvest Applications

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE can be used to control weeds that may interfere with harvest of wheat. Apply 6 ounces REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre as a broadcast or spot treatment to annual broadleaf weeds when wheat is in the hard dough stage and the green color is gone from the node joints) of the stem. Best results will be obtained if application can be made when weeds are actively growing but before weeds canopy.

A waiting interval of 7 days is required before harvest.

DO NOT use preharvest-treated wheat for seed unless a germination test is performed on the seed with an acceptable result of 95% germination or better.

For control of additional broadleaf weeds or grasses, REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be tank mixed with other herbicides such as Ally®, Roundup Ultra®, and 2,4-D.

DO NOT make pre-harvest applications in California.

WHEAT TANK MIXES

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be applied in tank mixes with other suitable registered herbicides, including one or more of the following herbicides in Table 8. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Table 8. Wheat Tank Mixes

Tank Mix Partner	Rate per Acre
Ally®	0.05 to 0.1 ounce ¹
Amber®	0.14 to 0.28 ounce ¹
Bronate®	0.75 to 1.5 pints
Buctril®	1 to 1.5 pints
Canvas®	0.2 to 0.4 ounce ¹
Curtail®	2 to 2.67 pints
Dakota® ²	16 fluid ounces
Express®	0.083 to 0.167 ounce ¹
Finesse®	0.167 to 0.33 ounce ¹
Glean®	0.167 ounce ¹
Harmonv® Extra	0.167 to 0.33 ounce ¹
Karmex® ³	0.5 to 1.5 pounds
Glyphosate (Roundup Ultra® RT) ⁴	12 to 16 fluid ounces
MCPA amine or ester ⁵	8 to 12 fluid ounces (0.25 to 0.375 pound a.e.)
Metribuzin ³ ; (Sencor®, Lexone®)	0.25 to 0.375 pound a.i.
Peak® ¹	0.25 to 0.38 ounce
Stinger®	4 to 5.33 fluid ounces
Tiller® ²	1 to 1.7 pints
2,4-D Amine or Ester ⁵	8 to 12 fluid ounces (0.25 to 0.375 pound a.e.)
¹ DO NOT use low rates of sulfonylurea herbicides, such as Ally, Amber, Canvas, Express, Finesse, Glean, Harmony Extra, and Peak on more mature weeds or on dense vegetative growth. ² DO NOT use Clarity as a tank mix treatment with Dakota or Tiller on Durum wheat. DO NOT tank mix with Tiller if wild oat is the target weed. ³ Tank mixes with Karmex® and metribuzin are for use in fall-seeded wheat only. ⁴ A tank mix of up to 3 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE with Roundup® Ultra RT or any glyphosate formulation labeled for use as a preplant application to small grains may be applied with no waiting period prior to planting. ⁵ Up to 32 fluid ounces of (1.0 pound a.e.) may be used on fall-seeded wheat if crop injury is acceptable. When using formulations other than 4 pounds per gallon, use the pounds of a.e. per acre listed.	

SORGHUM

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be applied preplant, postemergence, or preharvest in sorghum to control many annual broadleaf weeds and to reduce competition from established perennial broadleaf weeds, as well as control their seedlings.

DO NOT graze or feed treated sorghum forage or silage prior to mature grain stage. If sorghum is grown for pasture or hay, refer to Pasture, Hay, Rangeland and Farmstead section of this label for specific grazing and feeding restrictions.

DO NOT apply REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE to sorghum grown for seed production.

Preplant Application

Up to 6 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be applied per acre if applied at least 15 days before sorghum planting.

Postemergence Applications

Up to 6 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre may be applied after sorghum is in the spike stage (all sorghum emerged) but before sorghum is 15" tall. For best performance, apply REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE when the sorghum crop is in the 3 to 5 leaf stage and weeds are small (less than 3" tall). Use drop pipes (drop nozzles) if sorghum is taller than 8". Keep the spray off the sorghum leaves and out of the whorl to reduce the likelihood of crop injury and to improve spray coverage of weed foliage.

Applying REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE to sorghum during periods of rapid growth may result in temporary leaning of plants or rolling of leaves. These effects are usually outgrown within 10 to 14 days.

Preharvest uses in Texas and Oklahoma only:

Up to 6 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre may be applied for weed suppression any time after the sorghum has reached the soft dough stage. An agriculturally approved surfactant may be used to improve performance. For aerial applications, use at least 2 gallons of water-based carrier per treated acre. Delay harvest until 30 days after a preharvest treatment.

Split Application

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be applied in split applications: preplant followed by postemergence or preharvest; or postemergence followed by preharvest. **DO NOT** exceed 6 ounces per acre, per application or a total of 12 ounces per acre, per season.

SORGHUM TANK MIXES AND SEQUENTIAL TREATMENTS

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be applied prior to, in a tank mix with, or after one or more of the following herbicides: (It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture).

- Acquire®
- Atrazine
- Basagran®
- Bicep II Magnum®
- Buctril®
- Cyclone®
- Dual Magnum™
- Dual II Magnum®
- Fallow Master®
- Frontier®
- Gramoxone® Extra
- Guardsman®
- Laddok® S-12
- Landmaster®
- Lasso®
- Outlook®
- Paramount®
- Peak®
- Permit®
- Ramrod®
- Roundup Ultra®

SOYBEAN

Preplant Applications

Apply 3 to 12 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre to control emerged broadleaf weeds prior to planting soybeans.

DO NOT exceed 12 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre in a spring application prior to planting soybeans. Following application of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE and a minimum accumulation of 1" rainfall or overhead irrigation, a waiting interval of 14 days is required for 6 ounces per acre or less, and 28 days for 12 ounces per acre. These intervals must be observed prior to planting soybeans or crop injury may occur.

DO NOT make REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE preplant applications to soybeans in geographic areas with average annual rainfall less than 25".

PREHARVEST APPLICATIONS

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE can be used to control many annual and perennial broadleaf weeds and control or suppress many biennial and perennial broadleaf weeds in soybean prior to harvest (*refer to Table 2*). Apply 6 to 24 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre as a broadcast or spot treatment to emerged and actively growing weeds after soybean pods have reached mature brown color and at least 75% leaf drop has occurred.

Soybeans may be harvested 7 days or more after a preharvest application. Treatments may not kill weeds that develop from seed or underground plant parts, such as rhizomes or bulb lets, after the effective period for REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE. For seedling control, a follow-up program or other cultural practice could be instituted.

DO NOT use preharvest-treated soybean for seed unless a germination test is performed on the seed with an acceptable result of 95% germination or better.

DO NOT feed soybean fodder or hay following a preharvest application of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE.

DO NOT make preharvest applications in California.

Soybean Tank Mixes

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Preplant Tank Mixes: REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for early preplant use in soybeans including burn-down herbicides such as glyphosate (Acquire®, Roundup Ultra®) and 2,4-D or residual herbicides such as Outlook®, Frontier® or Dual Magnum™. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Preharvest Tank Mixes: REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for preharvest use in soybeans such as glyphosate (Roundup Ultra) and Gramoxone® Extra.

SUGARCANE

Apply REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE for control of annual, biennial, or perennial broadleaf weeds listed in Table 2. Apply 6 to 17 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre for control of annual weeds, 12 to 24 ounces for control of biennial weeds, and 24 ounces for control or suppression of perennial weeds.

Use the higher level of listed rate ranges when treating dense vegetative growth. Retreatments may be made as needed, however, **DO NOT** exceed a total of 48 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per treated acre during a growing season.

Timing: REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be applied to sugarcane any time after weeds have emerged, but before the close-in stage of sugarcane. Applications of 24 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre made over the top of actively growing sugarcane may result in crop injury. When possible, direct the spray beneath the sugarcane canopy to minimize the likelihood of crop injury. Using directed sprays will also help maximize the spray coverage of weed foliage.

Sugarcane Tank Mixes

REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE may be tank mixed with other products registered for use in sugarcane such as Asulox®, atrazine, Evik®, and 2,4-D. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

FARMSTEAD TURF (Non Cropland) and SOD FARMS

For use in farmstead (noncropland) and sod farms, apply 2 to 24 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre to control or suppress growth of many annual, biennial, and some perennial broadleaf weeds commonly found in turf. REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE will also suppress many other listed perennial broadleaf weeds and woody brush and vine species. *Refer to Table 3. for rates based on targeted weed or brush species and growth stage.* Some weed species will require tank mixes for adequate control.

Repeat treatments may be made as needed; however, **DO NOT** exceed 24 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre, per growing season.

Apply 30 to 200 gallons of diluted spray per treated acre (3 to 17 quarts of water per 1,000 square feet), depending on density or height of weeds treated and on the type of equipment used.

To avoid injury to newly seeded grasses delay application of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE until after the second mowing. Furthermore, applying more than 12 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per treated acre may cause noticeable stunting or discoloration of sensitive grass species such as bentgrass, carpetgrass, buffalograss, and St. Augustinegrass.

In areas where roots of sensitive plants extend, **DO NOT** apply more than 3 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per treated acre on coarse-textured (sandy-type) soils, or in excess of 6 ounces per treated acre on fine- textured soils. **DO NOT** make repeated applications in these areas for 30 days and until previous applications in these areas for 30 days and until previous applications of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE have been activated by rain or irrigation.

Farmstead Turf (non cropland) and sod Farms Tank Mixes

Apply 3 to 6 ounces of REGATTA 70 SG HERBICIDE per acre in a tank mix with one of the products in Table 9 at the rates listed. Use the higher rates when treating established weeds.

Table 9. Farmstead turf (non cropland) and sod farms tank mixes

Tank Mix Partner	Rate per Acre
bromoxynil (Buctril®)	0.375 to 0.5 pound a.i.
MCPA	0.5 to 1.5 pounds a.e.
MCPP	0.5 to 1.5 pounds a.e.
2,4-D	0.5 to 1.5 pounds a.e.

CROPS

This product can be used on the following crops:

- Asparagus
- Conservation Reserve Program (CRP)
- Corn
- Cotton
- Fallow Systems (Between-crop Applications)
- Proso Millet
- Pastures
- Rangeland
- Farmstead
- Small Grains (Barley, Oat, Triticale, and Wheat)
- Sorghum
- Soybean
- Sugarcane
- Turf

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY

Seller warrants that at the time of delivery the product in this container conforms to its chemical description contained hereon and is reasonably fit for its intended purpose under normal conditions of use. This is the only warranty made on this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, seller expressly disclaims any implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for any particular purpose and, except as set forth above, any other express or implied warranties. Any damages arising from breach of warranty or negligence shall be limited to direct damages not exceeding the purchase price paid for this product by Buyer, and shall not include incidental or consequential damages such as, but not limited to, loss of profits or values. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of the Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, in no case shall Seller be liable for the consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. All such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer. Buyer acknowledges the use of its own independent skill and expertise in the selection and use of the product and does not rely on any oral or written statements or representations.

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Spirit is a trademark of Novartis Corporation.

Buctril is a registered trademark of Rhone-Poulenc Ag Company.

Asulox is a registered trademark of Rhone-Poulenc Agriculture Ltd.

Bronate is a registered trademark of Rhone-Poulenc Agrochemie.

Sencor is a registered trademark of Bayer AG.

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