



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

March 6, 2019

Maryanne Geisbush
Regulatory Consultant
Tide International, USA Inc
c/o Pyxis Regulatory Consulting Inc
4110 136th St. Ct. NW
Gig Harbor, WA 98332

Subject: Label Notification per PRN 98-10 – Add Optional Referral Statements
Product Name: Tide USA Clethodim 2EC
EPA Registration Number: 84229-33
Application Date: 01/22/2019
Decision Number: 548041

Dear Ms. Geisbush:

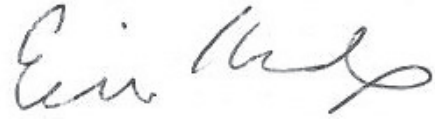
The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 for the above referenced product. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action requested falls within the scope of PRN 98-10.

The label submitted with the application has been stamped “Notification” and will be placed in our records.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company’s website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product’s label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA’s Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If you have any questions, you may contact please contact Manjula Unnikrishnan at 703-347-8520 or by email at Unnikrishnan.manjula@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Erik Kraft". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, sweeping flourish at the end.

Erik Kraft, Product Manager 24
Fungicide and Herbicide Branch
Registration Division (7505P)
Office of Pesticide Programs

[Note to reviewer: [Text] in brackets denotes optional text].

Tide USA Clethodim 2EC

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	By Wt.
Clethodim: (E)-2-[1-[[3-chloro-2-propenyl]oxy]imino]propyl]-5-[2-(ethylthio)propyl]-3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexen-1-one	26.4%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	73.6%
TOTAL:	100.0%

Contains petroleum distillates.
 Contains 2.0 lbs. clethodim per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING/AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
 (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail).

FIRST AID	
If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give any liquid to the person. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If inhaled:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
HOT LINE NUMBER	
<p>Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. FOR MEDICAL Emergencies call CHEMTREC at telephone no. 1-800-424-9300. For PRODUCT USE Information call telephone no. 949-679-3535.</p>	
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN	
<p>Ingestion of this product or subsequent vomiting can result in aspiration of light hydrocarbon liquid, which can cause pneumonitis. If ingested, probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.</p>	

~~See side panel for additional PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS. [See] [inside] [label] [booklet] [for] [First Aid][,] [additional] [Precautionary Statements][,] [and] [Directions for Use] [including Storage and Disposal] [instructions][,]~~

NOTIFICATION

EPA Reg. No. 84229-33
 Manufactured for:
 Tide International, USA, Inc.
 21 Hubble

84229-33
 The applicant has certified that no changes, other than those reported to the Agency have been made to the labeling. The Agency acknowledges this notification by letter dated:
 03/06/2019

EPA Est. No.

Irvine, CA 92618

Net Contents:

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
WARNING**

Causes substantial but temporary eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate or viton \geq 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses)

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside, then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply where weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

The use of this product may pose a hazard to the federally designated endangered species of Solano Grass and Wild Rice. Use of this product is prohibited in the following areas where the species are known to exist:

Solano Grass: Solano County, California: the vernal lakes area bounded by the Union Pacific Railroad and Hastings Road to the north, Highway 113 to the east, Highway 12 to the south, and Travis Air Force Base to the west.

Wild Rice: Hays County, Texas.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Flammable. Keep away from heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USE. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate or viton \geq 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas, or vicinity where there may be drift. Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

[THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT ON CHEMIGATION WILL BE USED ONLY IF A SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL IS CREATED.]

CHEMIGATION

[Do not apply this product through any irrigation system unless the supplemental labeling on chemigation is followed. Refer to supplemental labeling entitled, "Application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC Onions (dry bulbs and green) and Garlic by chemigation", for use directions for chemigation.

May be applied to onions and garlic by sprinkler irrigation systems. Do not apply by chemigation to any other crop, or to this crop using any other type of irrigation system.]

PRODUCT INFORMATION

For use on: Alfalfa, Artichoke (Globe), Asparagus, Bean (dry) and Pea (shelled) [Dry shelled Bean and Pea (except Soybean Subgroup 6C)]¹, Bean and Pea (succulent shelled) [Succulent shelled Pea and Bean Subgroup 6B]², Berry, Low Growing (except cranberry) [Subgroup 13-07G]³, Bushberry⁴, Caneberry⁵, Canola^{6*}, Carrot, Cauliflower (and other Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables) [Subgroup 5A]⁷, Clover (grown in Idaho, Oregon and Washington only), Conifers, Cotton (including cotton grown for seed), Cranberry, Cucumber, Eggplant (and other Fruiting Vegetables) [Crop Group 8-10]⁸, Fallow Land (and other non-producing agricultural areas), Flax*, Field Corn⁹, Garden Beet, Garlic, Herbs [Subgroup 19A]¹⁰, Hops, Horseradish (and other Root Vegetables) [Subgroup 1B]¹¹, Legume Vegetables (edible podded) [Subgroup 6A]¹², Lettuce, Head and Leaf (and other leafy greens) [Subgroup 4A]¹³, Melons (including Cantaloupes and Watermelons) [Crop Group 9]¹⁴, Mint, Mustard Greens (and other leafy brassica greens) [Subgroup 5B]¹⁵, Mustard Seed*, Non-Bearing Food Crops, Non-Crop or Non-Planted Areas, Onions (dry bulb) [Subgroup 3-07A]¹⁶, Onions (green), Ornamentals, Peanut (including perennial), Pome Fruit [Crop Group 11-10]¹⁷, Radish, Rhubarb (and other Leaf Petioles) [Subgroup 4B]¹⁸, Safflower, Sesame, Soybeans, Stevia (dried leaves), Stone Fruit [Crop Group 12-12]¹⁹, Sugar Beet, Sunflower [Subgroup 20B]²⁰, Turnip Greens, and Yams (and other Tuberous and Corm Vegetables) [Subgroup 1C]²¹

***Not for use in California**

¹ Other Bean (dry) and Pea (shelled) [Dry Shelled Bean and Pea except Soybean Subgroup 6C] crops approved for use with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC include: Bean (*Lupinus* spp.), grain lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin and white sweet lupin; Bean (*Phaseolus* spp.), field, kidney, lima (dry), navy, pinto and tepary; Bean (*Vigna* spp.), adzuki bean, black-eyed pea, catjang, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, Southern pea, urd bean, broad (dry), chickpea (garbanzo), guar, lablab bean and lentil; Pea (*Pisum* spp.), field and pigeon.

- ² Other Bean and Pea (succulent shelled) [Subgroup 6B] crops approved for use with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC include: Bean (*Phaseolus* spp.) lima bean (green); broad bean (succulent), Bean (*Vigna* spp.), black-eyed pea, cowpea, Southern Pea; Pea (*Pisum* spp.), English pea, garden pea, green pea; pigeon pea.
- ³ Other Berry Low Growing (except cranberry) [Subgroup 13-07G] crops approved for use with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC include: bearberry, bilberry, blueberry (lowbush), cloudberry, lingonberry, muntries, partridgeberry, strawberry; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.
- ⁴ Other bushberry crops approved for use with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC include: Aronia berry, blueberry (highbush), black currant, Buffalo currant, Chilean guava, cranberry (highbush), Elderberry, European barberry, gooseberry, honeysuckle (edible), huckleberry (edible), Jostaberry, Juneberry (Saskatoon berry), native currant, salal, sea buckthorn, red currant; cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these.
- ⁵ Other caneberry crops approved for use with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC include: blackberry, loganberry, raspberry (black and red), wild raspberry; cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these.
- ⁶ Other Canola [including Rapeseed Subgroup 20A, except flax seed, mustard seed and sesame seed] crops approved for use with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC include: borage, crambe, cuphea, echium, gold of pleasure, hare's ear mustard, lesquerella, lunaria, meadowfoam, milkweed, oil radish, poppy seed, rapeseed (canola) and sweet rocket.
- ⁷ Other Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables [Subgroup 5A] approved for use with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC include: Chinese broccoli, Brussels sprouts, Chinese (napa) cabbage, Chinese mustard, cavalo broccoli and kohlrabi.
- ⁸ Other Fruiting Vegetables (except tomato) [Crop Group 8-10] approved for use with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC include: African eggplant; bush tomato; bell pepper; cocona; currant tomato; eggplant; garden huckleberry; goji berry; groundcherry; martynia; naranjilla; okra; pea eggplant; pepino; nonbell pepper; roselle; scarlet eggplant; sunberry; tree tomato; tomatillo, cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these.
- ⁹ For burndown of existing stand of Roundup Ready field corn or volunteer Roundup Ready field corn prior to replanting field corn.
- ¹⁰ Other Herb [Subgroup 19A] crops approved for use with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC include: angelica, balm, basil, borage, burnet, chamomile, catnip, chervil (dried), chive, Chinese chive, clary, coriander (leaf), costmary, cilantro (leaf), curry (leaf), dill (dillweed), horehound, hyssop, lavender, lovage (leaf), marigold, marjoram (*origanum* spp.), nasturtium, parsley (dried), pennyroyal, rosemary, rue, sage and savory, summer and winter.
- ¹¹ Other root vegetables [Subgroup 1B] approved for use with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC include: burdock, edible; celeriac; chervil, turnip-rooted; chicory; ginseng; parsley, turnip-rooted; parsnip; radish, oriental; rutabaga; salsify; salsify, black; salsify, Spanish; skirret and turnip.
- ¹² Other Edible Podded Legume Vegetable [Subgroup 6A] crops approved for use with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC include: Bean (*Phaseolus* spp.), runner, snap and wax; Bean (*Vigna* spp.), asparagus, Chinese longbean, moth, yardlong, jackbean; Pea (*Pisum* spp.), dwarf, edible-pod, snow, sugar snap, pigeon and sword bean.
- ¹³ Other Leafy Greens [Subgroup 4A] crops approved for use with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC include: amaranth (Chinese spinach, leafy amaranth and tampala), arugula (rocket), chervil, chrysanthemum (edible-leaved and garland), corn salad, cress (garden, yellow rock and winter), dandelion, dock (sorrel), endive (escarole), lettuce (head and leaf), orach, parsley, purslane (garden and winter), radicchio (red chicory), spinach (New Zealand and Vine (Indian and Malabar)).
- ¹⁴ Other cucurbit vegetables [Crop Group 9] crops approved for use with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC include: Chayote (fruit), Chinese Wax Gourd, Citron Melon, Edible Gourd, Gherkin and Muskmelons (all) including Honeydew Melon.
- ¹⁵ Other leafy brassica greens [Subgroup 5B] approved for use with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC include: broccoli raab, Chinese (bok choy) cabbage, collards, kale, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach, and rape greens
- ¹⁶ Other Onion, bulb [Subgroup 3-07A] crops approved for use with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC include: Daylily, bulb; fritillaria, bulb; garlic, bulb; garlic, great-headed, bulb; garlic, serpent, bulb; lily, bulb; onion, bulb; onion, Chinese, bulb; onion, pearl; onion, potato, bulb; shallot, bulb; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.
- ¹⁷ Other pome fruit [Crop Group 11-10] crops approved for use with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC include: apple, Azarole, crabapple, loquat, mayhaw, medlar, pear, Asian pear, quince, Chinese quince, Japanese quince and tejocote.
- ¹⁸ Other leaf petiole [Subgroup 4B] crops approved for use with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC include: cardoon, celtuce, Chinese celery, Florence fennel, and Swiss chard.
- ¹⁹ Other stone fruit [Crop Group 12-12] crops approved for use with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC include: apricot; apricot, Japanese; capulin; cherry, black; cherry, nanking; cherry, sweet; cherry, tart; jujube, Chinese; nectarine; peach; plum; plum, American; plum, beach; plum, Canada; plum, cherry; plum, Chickasaw; plum, damson; plum, Japanese; plum, Klamath; plum, prune; plumcot; sloe.
- ²⁰ Other sunflower [Subgroup 20B] crops approved for use with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC include: calendula, castor oil plant, Chinese tallowtree, euphorbia, evening primrose, jojoba, Niger seed, rose hip, stokes aster, tallowood, tea oil plant, vernoia.

²¹ Other tuberous and corm vegetables [Subgroup 1C] crops approved for use with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC include: arracacha; arrowroot; artichoke, Chinese; artichoke, Jerusalem; canna, edible; cassava, bitter and sweet; chayote (root); chufa, dasheen; ginger; leren; potato; sweet potato; tanier; turmeric; yam bean.

RESTRICTIONS

- Application on Long Island, New York is restricted to no more than 16 fl. oz. of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC (0.25 lb ai) per acre per year.
- Do not apply if rain is expected within 1 hour of application as control may be unsatisfactory.
- Do not apply a post emergence broadleaf herbicide within one day following application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC or reduced grass control may result.
- Do not apply under conditions of stress. Applying Tide USA Clethodim 2EC under conditions that do not promote active grass growth will reduce herbicide effectiveness. These conditions include drought, excessive water, extremes in temperature, low humidity and grasses either partially controlled or stunted from prior pesticide applications. Grasses under these conditions of stressful conditions will not absorb and translocate Tide USA Clethodim 2EC effectively, and will be less susceptible to herbicide activity.
- Do not allow Tide USA Clethodim 2EC to come into contact with desirable grass crops such as corn, rice, sorghum, small grains, or turf, as these and other grass crops will be injured or killed. Minor leaf spotting may occur on treated plants under certain environmental conditions. New foliage is not affected.

ROTATIONAL RESTRICTIONS

Do not plant rotational crops until 30 days after application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC unless the crop is listed on the Tide USA Clethodim 2EC label.

PRECAUTIONS

- Grass crops such as corn, rice, sorghum, small grains, or turf, etc. are highly sensitive to Tide USA Clethodim 2EC.
- Tide USA Clethodim 2EC may be used on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.
- Tide USA Clethodim 2EC is a selective postemergence herbicide for control of annual and perennial grasses.
- Tide USA Clethodim 2EC does not control sedges or broadleaf weeds.
- Optimal perennial grass control can be obtained if rhizomes or stolons are cut up by preplant tillage practices (discing, plowing, etc.) to stimulate maximum emergence of grass shoots. Cultural practices, such as continuous no-tillage in which the perennial grass rhizomes or stolons are not cut up, result in a very staggered, non-uniform weed emergence. Due to this non-uniform weed emergence, no fewer than two (2) Tide USA Clethodim 2EC applications per season per year recommended at the appropriate weed-growth stage rate under continuous no-till conditions.
- While all the vegetable crops on this label have been tested and are tolerant to Tide USA Clethodim 2EC, not all specialty varieties of these crops have been tested. It is advised that before applying Tide USA Clethodim 2EC to specialty varieties of vegetable crops on this label, crop tolerance be investigated first using a small section of the field. It is possible that injury symptoms can occur. Symptoms may appear as leaf speckling or stunting.
- Always read and follow the restrictions and precautions for all products whether used alone or in a tank mix. The most restrictive labeling of any product used applies in tank mixtures, including all crop rotational and other crop restrictions.
- Tank mixes of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC and broadleaf herbicides may result in reduced grass control. If grass regrowth occurs, an additional application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC may be necessary. AVOID SPRAY DRIFT.
- Repeated use of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC (or similar postemergence grass herbicides with the same mode of action) may lead to the selection of naturally occurring biotypes that are resistant to these products in some grass species.
- If poor performance occurs and cannot be attributed to adverse weather or application conditions, a resistant biotype may be present. This is most likely to occur in fields where other control strategies such as crop rotation, mechanical removal, and other classes of herbicides are not used from year to year.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Timing of Applications

Apply Tide USA Clethodim 2EC postemergence to actively growing grasses, according to prescribed rates in the table. Applications made to grass plants stressed by insufficient moisture, or hot or cold temperatures, or to grass plants exceeding listed growth stages may result in unsatisfactory control. Do not apply under these conditions.

In arid regions where irrigation is used to supplement limited rainfall, apply Tide USA Clethodim 2EC as soon as possible, after irrigation (within 7 days). In arid regions, a second application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC will generally provide more effective control of perennial grass weeds than a single application. Make second application to actively growing grass 2 to 3 weeks after emergence of new growth.

Cultivation of treated grasses 7 days prior to or within 7 days after application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC may reduce weed control. DO NOT APPLY TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC if rainfall is expected within one hour, since control may be reduced.

Control Symptoms

Treated grass weeds show a reduction in vigor and growth. Early chlorosis/necrosis of younger plant tissue is followed by a progressive collapse of the remaining foliage. Symptoms will generally be observed in 7 to 14 days after application, depending on grass species treated and environmental conditions.

ADDITION OF ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE

CROP	ADJUVANT SPECIFICATIONS
Alfalfa, Cotton, Bean (dry) & Pea (shelled), Edible Podded Legume Vegetables, Peanuts (including perennial), Potato, Soybean, Bean & Pea (succulent shelled), Sugar Beet and Sunflower	Always use a crop oil concentrate* at 1.0 qt./A by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume by air. 1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N or 32%N), or an equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to Tide USA Clethodim 2EC applications, in addition to the recommended rate of crop oil concentrate. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.
Artichoke (Globe), Asparagus, Berry (low-growing), Bushberry, Caneberry, Canola, Carrot, Clover, Cranberry, Cucurbits, Flax, Fruiting Vegetables (except Tomato), Garden Beet, Garlic, Head & Stem Brassica Vegetables, Herbs, Hops, Leaf Petioles, Leafy Brassica Greens, Leafy Greens, Mint, Mustard Seed, Onion (dry bulb), Green Onion, Pome Fruit, Root Vegetables, Safflower, Sesame, , Stone Fruit, Strawberry, Stevia (dried leaves), Sweet Potato (Yam & other Tuberous and Corm Vegetables except Potato) and Tomato	Always use a crop oil concentrate at 1% v/v in the finished spray volume unless tank mix instructions indicate otherwise. Addition of liquid fertilizer is not recommended for these crops.
Non-Bearing Food Crops, Ornamental Plants	Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v). Use of crop oil concentrate is not recommended since it may injure flowers and foliage.
Conifer Trees, Fallow Land (and other non-producing agricultural areas), and Non-Crop or Non-Planted Areas	Always use a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier at 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

*Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those that contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet the following criteria: be non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality, and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils.

Ground Application

Use of sufficient spray volumes and pressure is essential to ensure complete coverage. Use a minimum of 5 gals. and a maximum of 40 gals. of spray solution per acre. Under the following conditions a minimum of 10 gals. per acre is required: ultra-narrow row cotton, narrow row soybeans, broadleaf herbicide tank mixes, perennial grasses, volunteer

corn, drought or stress conditions, heavy grass pressure or when grasses are at or near maximum height. Failure to use a minimum of 10 gals. per acre under these conditions can result in poor coverage and reduced grass control requiring repeat applications. Spray pressures should reflect a minimum of 30 psi and a maximum of 60 psi at the nozzle. Do not use flood nozzles.

Applications to onions (dry bulb), green onion and, garlic should be made in a minimum of 20 gals. of spray solution per acre.

Air Application

Use a minimum of 3 gals. of spray solution per acre unless otherwise directed in this label. Increase spray volumes up to 10 gals. as grass or crop foliage becomes dense. For onions (dry bulb), green onion or garlic: When applying by air do not exceed 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. In California, air applications to onions or garlic should be made in a minimum of 20 gals. of spray solution per acre. In states other than California, air application to onions or garlic should be made in a minimum of 10 gals. of spray solution per acre.

NOTE: Crop injury may occur when Tide USA Clethodim 2EC is applied to onions or garlic with aerial equipment.

Spot Treatment

When using hand sprayers or high volume sprayers utilizing hand guns, mix 1/4% to 1/2% (0.33 oz. to 0.65 oz. per gal.) Tide USA Clethodim 2EC and treat to wet vegetation, while not allowing runoff of spray solution. For uses requiring crop oil concentrate, include crop oil concentrate at 1% (1.3 oz. per gal.) by volume. For uses requiring non-ionic surfactant, include non-ionic surfactant at 1/4% (0.33 oz. per gal.) by volume.

NOTE: If Tide USA Clethodim 2EC is applied as a spot treatment, do not exceed the maximum rate allowed on a "per acre" basis or crop injury may occur.

CHEMIGATION – ONION (Dry Bulb), GREEN ONION AND GARLIC SPRINKLER IRRIGATION APPLICATION

Only apply Tide USA Clethodim 2EC by chemigation to onion (dry bulb), green onion, and garlic crops.

May be applied to onions and garlic by sprinkler irrigation systems.

Apply Tide USA Clethodim 2EC at the high rate for annual grasses (16 fl. oz. per acre) when the grass height is at the low end of the range (application to larger grasses may not provide adequate control). Add a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier at 1 quart per acre.

Apply Tide USA Clethodim 2EC in 0.1 to 0.2 acre-inch of water either at the end of a regular irrigation set or as a separate application not associated with a regular irrigation using the least amount of water that provides proper distribution and coverage. Application of more than labeled quantities of irrigation water per acre may result in decreased product performance by removing the chemical from the zone of effectiveness. Use a metering device to inject the Tide USA Clethodim 2EC into the irrigation water at a constant flow. Constant agitation must be maintained in the chemical supply tank during the entire period of herbicide application. Inject the product with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to ensure adequate mixing. Allow time for all lines to flush the herbicide through all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. To ensure the lines are flushed and free of remaining herbicide, a dye indicator may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

Restrictions

- **Do not apply Tide USA Clethodim 2EC by chemigation in the states of Idaho, Montana, Oregon and Washington.**
- Do not apply this product through an y irrigation system connected to a public water system.
- Do not apply by chemigation to any other crop, or to this crop using any other type of irrigation system.
- Do not apply Tide USA Clethodim 2EC through an irrigation system connected to a public water system. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption, if such system has at

least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

- Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system (i.e. Public Irrigation System).
- Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under supervision of the responsible person, must shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
- Apply this product only through sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, travelers, big gun, solid set, or hand move.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop may result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- If you have any questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Restrictions

- Do not apply under conditions involving possible drift to food, forage or other plantings that might be damaged or the crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption.
- Do not allow spray from ground or aerial equipment to drift onto adjacent land or crops. When drift may be a problem, do everything possible to reduce spray drift, including:
 - Do not spray if wind speeds are or become excessive.
 - Do not spray if wind speed is 10 mph or greater. If sensitive crops or plants are downwind, extreme caution must be used under all conditions.
 - Do not spray if winds are gusty.
 - Do not apply when a temperature inversion exists. If inversion conditions are suspected, consult with local weather services before making an application.

Further reductions in drift can be obtained by:

1. Using large droplet size sprays. Do not use nozzles that produce small droplets. Orient nozzles downward and slightly backward as needed to reduce drift for ground applications.
2. Orienting nozzles straight back with the windstream, using straight stream orifices for aerial applications. Use the lowest number of nozzles practical with the largest possible orifice size to obtain the minimum 3 GPA volume. Set application height and boom length according to manufacturer's instructions to minimize drift.
3. Increasing the volume of spray mixture (for example, a minimum of 10 GPA for ground applications) by using higher flow rate nozzles. Using lower pressure with the appropriate nozzle to obtain higher volumes will also reduce drift.
4. Applying as close to target plants as practical while maintaining a good spray pattern for adequate coverage.

CROP SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC

Crops¹	Minimum Time From Application To Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre²	Special Use Instructions
<p>Alfalfa including: Sainfoin Holy Clover Birdsfoot trefoil³</p>	<p>15 days before grazing, feeding or harvesting (cutting) for forage or hay</p>	<p>6-16 fl oz⁴</p>	<p>1 qt by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air⁵</p>	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14 day interval.</p> <p>Refer to tank mix partners for feeding, grazing and harvesting restrictions.^{5,6}</p> <p>The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.</p> <p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb ai) per acre per application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.</p> <p>Do not apply this product plus 2,4-DB as a tank mix to alfalfa unless the 60-day feeding, grazing, and harvesting restriction on the 2,4-DB label can be observed.</p>
<p>Artichoke (Globe)</p>	<p>5 days</p>	<p>6-8 fl. oz.</p>	<p>1% v/v in the finished spray volume.</p>	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.</p>
<p>Asparagus</p>	<p>1 day</p>	<p>6-8 fl. oz.</p>	<p>1% v/v in the finished spray volume.</p>	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb ai) in a single application.</p>

Crops ¹	Minimum Time From Application To Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ²	Special Use Instructions
				Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.
Bean, Dry except Soybean [Dried Shelled Pea and Bean (except soybean) Subgroup 6C] including: Bean (<i>Lupinus</i> spp.) Grain Sweet White White Sweet Bean (<i>Phaseolus</i> spp.) Field Kidney Lima (dry) Navy Pinto Tepary Bean (<i>Vigna</i> spp.) Adzuki Bean Black-eyed Pea Catjang Cowpea Crowder Pea Moth Bean Mung Bean Rice Bean Southern Pea Urd Bean Broad (dry) Chickpea (garbanzo) Guar Lablab Bean Lentil	30 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁵	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate directions for the control of small annual grasses. The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn. Restrictions Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. per acre per application. Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.
Bean, Succulent Shelled [Succulent Shelled Pea and Bean Subgroup 6B] including: Bean (<i>Phaseolus</i> spp.) Broad Bean (succulent) Lima Bean (green) Bean (<i>Vigna</i> spp.) Black-eyed Pea Cowpea Southern Pea	21 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁵	Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate directions for the control of small annual grasses. The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn.

Crops ¹	Minimum Time From Application To Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ²	Special Use Instructions
				<p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than one (1) application per acre per year.</p>
Beet, Garden	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. per acre per application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.</p>
<p>Berry Low Growing (except Cranberry and Strawberry) Subgroup 13-07G Including: Bearberry Bilberry Blueberry, lowbush Cloudberry Lingonberry Muntries Partidgeberry</p>	45 days	4-8 fl. oz.	Non-ionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v	<p>For repeat applications, make on a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Verify crop tolerance to Tide USA Clethodim 2EC on a small area of the crop, at the desired Tide USA Clethodim 2EC rate and with the same non-ionic surfactant (NIS) that will be used on the field. If no crop response is evident seven (7) days after treatment, Tide USA may be used on the entire field at the same rate tested and with the same NIS used in the tolerance test.</p> <p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.</p>
<p>Brassica Vegetables, Head & Stem [Head & Stem Brassica Subgroup 5A] including: Broccoli Brussels sprouts Cabbage Cauliflower</p>	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application.</p>

Crops ¹	Minimum Time From Application To Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ²	Special Use Instructions
				Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.
Bushberry , including: Aronia berry Blueberry, highbush Chilean guava Cranberry, highbush Currant, Black Currant, Buffalo Currant, native Currant, Red Elderberry European Barberry Gooseberry Honeysuckle, edible Huckleberry Jostaberry Juneberry Saskatoon berry Salal Sea Buckthorn Cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make a minimum of a 14-day interval. Apply at the base of the plant where grassy weeds are growing near the ground. Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.5 lb. ai/A) per season. Do not apply to low growing berries. Do not apply to Bushberry grown for root stock.
Caneberry , including: Blackberry Loganberry Raspberry, black Raspberry, red Raspberry, wild Cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these	7 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Apply at the base of the plant where grassy weeds are growing near the ground. Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz./A (0.5 lb. ai/A) per season. Do not apply to low growing berries. Do not apply to Caneberry grown for root stock.
Canola including Rapeseed Subgroup 20A (except Flax Seed, Mustard Seed and Sesame Seed) (Not registered for use in California)	70 days	4-6 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Verify crop tolerance to Tide USA Clethodim 2EC on a small area of the crop at the desired Tide USA Clethodim 2EC rate and with the same non-ionic surfactant (NIS) that will be used on the field. If no crop response is evident seven

Crops¹	Minimum Time From Application To Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre²	Special Use Instructions
including: Borage Crambe Cuphea Echium Gold of Pleasure (Camelina) Hare's Ear Mustard Lesquerella Lunaria Meadowfoam Milkweed Oil Radish Poppy Seed Rapeseed (canola) Sweet Rocket				(7) days after treatment, Tide USA Clethodim 2EC may be used on the entire field at the rate tested and with the same NIS used in the tolerance test. Restrictions Do not apply after crop has begun bolting. Crop injury may occur when Tide USA Clethodim 2EC is applied during the bloom period. Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A (0.094 lb ai) per acre per application. Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A (0.094 lb ai) per acre per year.
Carrot	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application. Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.
Clover	15 days before grazing, feeding or harvesting (cutting) for forage or hay	6-16 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For use on clover grown in the states of Idaho, Oregon and Washington only. For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions Do not exceed 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb ai) per acre per application. Do not exceed 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb ai) per acre per year.
Corn, Field For burndown of existing stand of Roundup Ready	90 days	3 fl. oz.	Do not use COC or MSO with Tide USA Clethodim 2 EC	To control the existing stand, replant no sooner than 6 days after application.

Crops¹	Minimum Time From Application To Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre²	Special Use Instructions
field corn or volunteer Roundup Ready field corn prior to replanting field corn See Directions for Use in Roundup Ready Field Corn (Burndown) table			in this use pattern	<p>Restrictions Do not make more than 1 application per year.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 3 fl. oz./A per year.</p>
Cotton (including cotton grown for seed)	60 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁵	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.</p> <p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb ai) per acre per application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.</p> <p>Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage or hay to livestock.</p>
Cranberry	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.</p> <p>Do not apply between the “hook” stage and full fruit set.</p>
Cucurbits Vegetables Crop Group 9 including:	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.

Crops¹	Minimum Time From Application To Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre²	Special Use Instructions
Chayote (fruit) Chinese Wax Gourd Citron Melon Cucumber Gherkin Gourd, Edible Muskmelons (all) including: Cantaloupes Honeydew Melon Pumpkin Squash (all) Watermelon				<p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.</p>
Fallow Land Conifer Trees (and other non-producing agricultural areas) Non-Crop or Non-Planted Areas	N/A	6-16 fl. oz.	1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume using a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier.	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb ai) per acre per application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500) per acre per year.</p> <p>Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.</p>
Flax (not registered for use in California)	60 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Apply prior to bloom. Crop injury may occur when Tide USA Clethodim 2EC is applied during the bloom period.</p> <p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application.</p> <p>Do not exceed 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb ai) per acre per year.</p>
Fruiting Vegetables except tomato [Crop Group 8-10 Fruiting Vegetables (except tomato)] including: African Eggplant Bush Tomato	20 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p>

Crops ¹	Minimum Time From Application To Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ²	Special Use Instructions
Bell Pepper Cocona Currant Tomato Eggplant Garden Huckleberry Goji Berry Groundcherry Martynia Naranjilla Okra Pea Eggplant Pepino Nonbell Pepper Roselle Scarlet Eggplant Sunberry Tomatillo Tree Tomato Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.				<p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.</p>
<p>Herbs [Subgroup 19A] including: Angelica Balm Basil Borage Burnet Camomile Catnip Chervil (dried) Chive Chive, Chinese Clary Coriander (leaf) Costmary Culantro (leaf) Curry (leaf) Dill (dillweed) Horehound Hyssop Lavender Lovage (leaf) Marigold Marjoram (<i>Origanum</i> spp.) Nasturtium Parsley (dried) Pennyroyal Rosemary Rue Sage</p>	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Tide USA Clethodim 2EC has not been tested on all herbs and herb varieties. It is the responsibility of the user to test Tide USA Clethodim 2EC on a small portion of the crop to be treated before treating the entire field.</p> <p>Verify crop tolerance to Tide USA Clethodim 2EC on a small area of the herb crop, at the desired Tide USA Clethodim 2EC rate and with the same crop oil concentrate that will be used on the herb field. If no crop response is evident seven (7) days after treatment, Tide USA Clethodim 2EC may be used on the entire field at the rate tested and with the same crop oil used in the tolerance test.</p> <p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application.</p>

Crops¹	Minimum Time From Application To Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre²	Special Use Instructions
Savory, Summer and Winter				Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.
Hops	21 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application. Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.
Leaf Petioles [Subgroup 4B] including: Cardoon Celery Celtuce Chinese Celery Fennel, Florence (finocchio) Rhubarb Swiss Chard	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application. Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.
Leafy Brassica Greens [Subgroup 5B] including: Broccoli Raab Cabbage, Chinese (bok choy) Collards Kale Mizuna Mustard Greens Mustard Spinach Rape Greens	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application. Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.
Leafy Greens [Subgroup 4A] including: Amaranth (Chinese spinach) Arugula (roquette) Chervil Chrysanthemum, Edible-leaved Chrysanthemum, Garland Corn Salad	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application.

Crops ¹	Minimum Time From Application To Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ²	Special Use Instructions
Cress, Garden Upland Dandelion Dock (sorrel) Endive (escarole) Lettuce Orach Parsley Purslane, winter\Radicchio (red chicory) Spinach New Zealand Vine				Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.
Legume Vegetables, Edible Podded [Subgroup 6A] including: Bean (<i>Phaseolus</i> spp.) Runner Snap Wax Bean (<i>Vigna</i> spp.) Asparagus Chinese Longbean Moth Yardlong Jackbean Pea (<i>Pisum</i> spp.) Dwarf Edible-pod Snow Sugar Snap Pigeon Sword Bean	21 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁵	For peas, apply before bloom, but no later than 21 days before harvest. Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate directions for the control of small annual grasses. The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control grasses including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn. Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application. Do not apply more than one (1) application per acre per year.
Mint	21 days	6-16 fl. oz ⁴	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1pt./A by air).	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb ai) per acre per application. Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.

Crops ¹	Minimum Time From Application To Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ²	Special Use Instructions
Mustard Seed (not registered for use in California)	75 days	4-6 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	<p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz. (0.094 lb ai) per acre per application.</p> <p>Do not exceed 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb ai) per acre per year.</p> <p>Do not apply after crop has begun bolting. Crop injury may occur when Tide USA Clethodim 2EC is applied during the bloom period.</p>
Onion, Bulb [Subgroup 3-07A] including: Daylily, Bulb Fritillaria, Bulb Garlic, Bulb Garlic, Great-headed, Bulb Garlic, Serpent, Bulb Lily, Bulb Onion, Bulb Onion, Chinese, Bulb Onion, Pearl Onion, Potato, Bulb Shallot, Bulb Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these	45 days	6-16 fl. oz. ^{6,7}	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Minimum of 20 gals./A spray volume by ground in entire U.S.</p> <p>Minimum of 20 gals./A spray volume by air in California.⁸</p> <p>In states other than California, air applications to onions or garlic should be made in a minimum of 10 gals./A.</p> <p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb ai) per acre per application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.</p>
Onion, Green	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb ai) per acre per year.</p>

Crops ¹	Minimum Time From Application To Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ²	Special Use Instructions
<p>Ornamentals</p> <p>Non-Bearing Food Crops</p>	<p>N/A</p> <p>N/A</p>	<p>6-16 fl. oz.</p> <p>6-8 fl. oz.⁷</p>	<p>Use of crop oil concentrate is not recommended since it may injure flowers and foliage. See Special Use Instructions.</p>	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v).</p> <p>Sugar maples cannot be tapped for syrup within one year of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC application.</p> <p>Restrictions For Ornamentals, do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb ai) per acre in a single application.</p> <p>For non-bearing food crops, do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) in a single application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.</p>
<p>Pea, Shelled [Subgroup 6C] including: Pea (<i>Pisum</i> spp.) Field Pigeon</p>	<p>30 days</p>	<p>6-8 fl. oz.</p>	<p>1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but no less than 1 pt./A) by air.⁵</p>	<p>Apply before bloom but not later than 30 days prior to harvest.¹⁰</p> <p>Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate directions for the control of small annual grasses.</p> <p>The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn.</p> <p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than one (1) application per acre per year.</p>

Crops ¹	Minimum Time From Application To Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ²	Special Use Instructions
Pea, Succulent Shelled [Subgroup 6B] including: Pea (<i>Pisum</i> spp.) English Pea Garden Pea Green Pea Pigeon Pea	21 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁵	Apply before bloom but no later than 21 days prior to harvest. ⁹ Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate directions for the control of small annual grasses. The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn. Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application. Do not apply more than one (1) application per acre per year.
Peanut (including Perennial)	40 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁵	The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn. Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application. Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.
Pome Fruit [Crop Group 11-10] including: Apple Azarole Crabapple Loquat Mayhaw Medlar Pear Pear, Asian Quince	14 days	4-8 fl. oz.	Non-ionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application.

Crops¹	Minimum Time From Application To Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre²	Special Use Instructions
Quince, Chinese Quince, Japanese Tejocote				Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.
Potato	30 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁵	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn. Restrictions Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb ai) per acre per application. Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.
Radish	15 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application. Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb ai) per acre in a year.
Root Vegetables [Subgroup 1A] (except Sugar Beet and Radish), including: Chicory Ginseng Horseradish Turnip	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application. Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.
Safflower	70 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions

Crops ¹	Minimum Time From Application To Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ²	Special Use Instructions
				<p>Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.</p>
Sesame	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.</p> <p><u>Do not apply during flowering.</u></p>
Soybean	60 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁵	<p>Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate directions for the control of small annual grasses.</p> <p>The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn.</p> <p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb ai) per acre per application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.</p> <p>Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage or hay to livestock.</p>
Stevia, dried leaves	14 days	4-8 fl. oz.	Non-ionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Tide USA Clethodim 2EC has not been tested on all varieties.</p>

Crops ¹	Minimum Time From Application To Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ²	Special Use Instructions
				<p>It is the responsibility of the user to test Tide USA Clethodim 2EC on a small portion of the crop to be treated before treating the entire field.</p> <p>Verify crop tolerance to Tide USA Clethodim 2EC on a small area of the crop at the desired Tide USA Clethodim 2EC rate and with the same non-ionic surfactant (NIS) that will be used on the field. If no crop response is evident seven (7) days after treatment, Tide USA Clethodim 2EC may be used on the entire field at the rate tested and with the same NIS used in the tolerance test.</p> <p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year).</p>
<p>Stone Fruit (Crop Group 12-12)</p> <p>including: Apricot Apricot, Japanese Capulin Cherry, Black Cherry, Nanking Cherry, Sweet Cherry, Tart Jujube, Chinese Nectarine Peach Plum Plum, American Plum, Beach Plum, Canada Plum, Cherry Plum, Chickasaw Plum, Damson Plum, Japanese Plum, Klamath Plum, Prune Plumcot</p>	14 days	4-8 fl. oz.	Non-ionic Surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.</p>

Crops ¹	Minimum Time From Application To Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ²	Special Use Instructions
Sloe				
Strawberry	4 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restrictions Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb ai) per acre per application. Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.
Sugar Beet	40 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁵	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate directions for the control of small annual grasses. The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn. Restrictions Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb ai) per acre per application. Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.
Sunflower [Subgroup 20B] including: Calendula Castor Oil Plant Chinese Tallowtree Euphorbia Evening Primrose Jojoba Niger Seed Rose Hip Stokes Aster Tallowwood	70 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁵	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn.

Crops¹	Minimum Time From Application To Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre²	Special Use Instructions
Tea Oil Plant Vernonia				<p>Verify crop tolerance to Tide USA Clethodim 2EC on a small area of the crop at the desired Tide USA Clethodim 2EC rate and with the same crop oil concentrate that will be used on the field. If no crop response is evident seven (7) days after treatment, Tide USA Clethodim 2EC may be used on the entire field at the rate tested and with the same crop oil used in the tolerance test.</p> <p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb ai) per acre per application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.</p>
Sweet Potato [Subgroup 1C] Yam and other Tuberous and Corm Vegetables (except Potato) including: Arracacha Arrowroot Artichoke Chinese Jerusalem Canna, edible Cassava Bitter Sweet Chayote (root) Chufa Dasheen Ginger Leren Tanier Turmeric	30 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>The addition of Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn.</p> <p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb ai) per acre per application.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.</p>
Tomato	20 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	<p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>Restrictions Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb ai) per acre per application.</p>

Crops ¹	Minimum Time From Application To Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ²	Special Use Instructions
				Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.
Turnip Greens	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Restriction: Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.

N/A = Not Applicable

- ¹ Tide USA Clethodim 2EC is not to be used on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.
- ² Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. See the Addition of Adjuvant and Crop Oil Concentrate section for further information.
- ³ Tide USA Clethodim 2EC may be applied to seedling or established alfalfa grown for seed, hay, silage, green chop or direct grazing.
- ⁴ For weed control in established alfalfa and mint, the minimum use rate is 10 fl. oz./A (0.156 lb ai/A).
- ⁵ 1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N or 32%N), or an equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to Tide USA Clethodim 2EC applications, in addition to the recommended rate of crop oil concentrate.
- ⁶ For ground applications to garlic or shallot, do not exceed 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb ai/A) in a single application. For air applications to onion, garlic or shallot, do not exceed 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For garlic and shallot, do not exceed 2 applications per year. In CA for air applications to onion, do not exceed 2 applications per year.
- ⁷ If Tide USA Clethodim 2EC is applied as a spot treatment to onion, garlic, shallot, or non-bearing food crops, do not exceed the maximum rate allowed on a “per acre” basis or crop injury may occur.
- ⁸ Restriction in California, do not apply Tide USA Clethodim 2EC to onion, garlic, or shallot until the crop has at least two full leaves. In California 14 day spray intervals are recommended between the application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC and liquid nitrogen or other herbicide applications. Injury to crop may occur when shorter intervals are observed.
- ⁹ Applications of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC to peas during the bloom period could result in severe crop injury, including loss of yield and delayed maturity.

IMPORTANT

Plant tolerance to Tide USA Clethodim 2EC at labeled rates has been found to be acceptable for the indicated genera and species listed below. Due to variability within species, crop growth stage, environmental conditions, and application techniques, it is recommended that the user determine if the herbicide can be used safely of a few plants prior to widespread application. Neither the seller nor the manufacturer of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC has investigated the safety factor to plants not listed on the label.

NON-BEARING FOOD CROPS

RESTRICTION: DO NOT APPLY TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC TO NON-BEARING FRUIT OR NUT CROPS WHICH ARE GROWN FOR ROOT STOCK.

Crop injury to non-bearing fruit and nut crops can occur if Tide USA Clethodim 2EC is improperly applied. Do not apply Tide USA Clethodim 2EC directly over the top of these plant types. Instead, direct spray at the base of the plant where grassy weeds are growing near the ground.

Non-bearing fruit and nut crops are plants which will not bear fruit or nuts for at least one year following Tide USA Clethodim 2EC application.

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Apples	<i>Malus</i> spp.
Berries	<i>Vaccinium</i> spp. <i>Rubus</i> spp.
Cherry, Sweet	<i>Prunus avium</i>
Citrus Fruits	<i>Citrus</i> spp.
Grapes	<i>Vitis</i> spp.
Olives	<i>Olea</i> spp.
Peach	<i>Prunus persica</i>
Pears	<i>Pyrus communis</i>
Prunes	<i>Prunus</i> spp.
Stone Fruits	<i>Prunus</i> spp.
Strawberries	<i>Fragaria</i> spp.
Tree Nuts	
Almonds	<i>Prunus triloba</i>
Filbert	<i>Corylus maxima</i>
Pecan	<i>Carya illinoensis</i>
Pistachio	<i>Pistacia vera</i>
Walnut	<i>Juglans</i> spp.

CONIFER TREES

Tide USA Clethodim 2EC can be used to control labeled grasses in Christmas tree farms, conifer nurseries, and conifer plantations (but not in forests).

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Arborvitae, American	<i>Thuja occidentalis</i>
Cedars	<i>Cedrus</i> spp.
Cypress	<i>Taxodium</i> spp.
Fir, Douglas	<i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>
Firs	<i>Abies</i> spp.
Hemlock, Canadian/Eastern	<i>Tsuga Canadensis</i>
Hemlock, Western	<i>Tsuga heterophylla</i>
Pines	<i>Pinus</i> spp.
Spruces	<i>Picea</i> spp.
Yew	<i>Taxus</i> spp.

NON-CROP OR NON-PLANTED AREAS

The following areas are considered non-crop or non-planted areas: rights-of-way including railroads, highways, roads, dividers, medians, pipelines, public utility lines, pumping stations, transformer stations and substations. Around airports, electric utilities, commercial buildings, manufacturing plants, storage yards, rail yards, fence lines, parkways, and post-harvest crop-lands. Also beneath greenhouse benches and around golf courses.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES (EXCEPT FOR IN ESTABLISHED ALFALFA AND MINT)

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at listed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the listed growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

Restrictions

- For asparagus, berry (low growing), cranberry, cucurbit vegetables, fruiting vegetables (except tomato), garden beets, head and stem brassica vegetables, herbs, hops, leaf petioles, leafy brassica greens, leafy greens, non-bearing food crops, pome fruit, root vegetables, safflower, sesame, stevia (dried leaves), stone fruit, and strawberry, do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb ai/A) of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC per application and no more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.
- For flax and green onion, do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb ai/A) of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC per application and no more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb ai) per acre per year.
- For canola including rapeseed subgroup 20A (except flax seed, mustard seed, and sesame seed), do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A (0.094 lb ai/A) of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC per application and no more than one application per acre per year.
- For mustard seed, do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A (0.094 lb ai/A) of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC per application and no more than 16 fl.oz. (0.025 lb ai) per acre per year.

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT* (INCHES)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE ¹
Barnyardgrass	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>	2 to 8	6	8
Broadleaf Signalgrass	<i>Brachiaria platyphylla</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Brome				
California	<i>Bromus carinatus</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Cheat	<i>Bromus secalinus</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Downy	<i>Bromus tectorum</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Ripgut	<i>Bromus diandrus</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Canarygrass	<i>Phalaris canariensis</i>	1 to 4	6	8
Crabgrass				
Hairy	<i>Digitaria adscendens</i>	2 to 6**	6	8
Large	<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>	2 to 6**	6	8
Smooth	<i>Digitaria ischaemum</i>	2 to 6**	6	8
Southern	<i>Digitaria ciliaris</i>	2 to 6**	6	8
Crowfootgrass	<i>Dactyloctenium aegyptium</i>	2 to 6**	6	8
Fall Panicum	<i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i>	2 to 8	6	8
Field Sandbur	<i>Cenchrus incertus</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Foxtail				
Giant	<i>Setaria faberi</i>	2 to 12	6	8
Green	<i>Setaria viridis</i>	2 to 8	6	8
Yellow	<i>Setaria glauca</i>	2 to 8	6	8
Goosegrass	<i>Eleusine indica</i>	2 to 6**	6	8
Itchgrass	<i>Rottboellia cochinchinensis</i>	2 to 6	6	8

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT* (INCHES)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE ¹
Junglerice	<i>Echinochloa colona</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Lovegrass (Stinkgrass)	<i>Eragrostis cilianensis</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Rabbitsfootgrass	<i>Polypogon monspeliensis</i>	1 to 4	6	8
Red Rice	<i>Oryza sativa</i>	1 to 3	6	8
Ryegrass				
Hardy	<i>Lolium remotum</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Italian	<i>Lolium multiflorum</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Seedling Johnsongrass	<i>Sorghum halepense</i>	4 to 10	6	8
Shattercane	<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>	6 to 18	6	8
Southwestern Cupgrass	<i>Eriochloa gracilis</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Sprangle Top				
Amazon	<i>Leptochloa panicoides</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Bearded	<i>Leptochloa fascicularis</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Mexican	<i>Leptochloa uninervia</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Red	<i>Leptochloa filiformis</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Texas Panicum	<i>Panicum texanum</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Volunteer Cereals²				
Barley	<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Oats	<i>Avena sativa</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Rye	<i>Secale cereale</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Wheat	<i>Triticum aestivum</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Volunteer Corn³	<i>Zea mays</i>	4 to 12	4	6
Volunteer Corn³	<i>Zea mays</i>	12 to 24	6	8
Volunteer Corn (S.R.)⁴	<i>Zea mays</i>	4 to 12	8 (suppression only)	
Volunteer Grain Sorghum	<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>	8 to 12	6	8
Wild Oats	<i>Avena fatua</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Wild Proso Millet	<i>Panicum miliaceum</i>	2 to 10	6	8
Witchgrass	<i>Panicum capillare</i>	2 to 8	6	8
Woolly Cupgrass	<i>Eriochloa villosa</i>	2 to 8	6	8

* Generally occurs between 3-leaf stage and tillering.

**Length of lateral growth.

¹Rates higher than 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb ai/A) may be applied in certain geographic areas, cropping situations, or environmental conditions, where experience has shown that higher rates are needed for satisfactory control of annual grasses. In these situations, rates from 8 to 16 fl. oz./A (0.125 to 0.250 lb ai/A) may be applied.

Restrictions

- Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb ai/A) of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC per application to the following crops: berry low growing (except cranberry and strawberry), asparagus, carrot, cranberry, cucurbits, flax, fruiting vegetables (except tomato), garden beet, green onion, head and stem brassica vegetables, herbs, hops, leaf petioles, leafy brassica greens, leafy greens, non-bearing food crops, pome fruit, root vegetables, safflower, sesame, stevia (dried leaves), stone fruit, and strawberry.
- Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A (0.094 lb ai/A) of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC per application to canola including rapeseed Subgroup 20A (except flax seed, mustard seed, and sesame seed).

²When a cereal grain crop (such as wheat) is interseeded for crop establishment or is planted as wind breaks to aid in crop establishment, the minimum Tide USA Clethodim 2EC use rate for control is 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb ai/A).

³Includes Roundup Ready®, Liberty Link®, and IMI-CORN® volunteer corn.

⁴Sethoxydim resistant volunteer corn.

**DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL & PERENNIAL GRASS CONTROL
IN ESTABLISHED ALFALFA AND MINT WITH TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC**

GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE
Annual & Perennial Grasses Listed in Grass Table	See Table	10	16

Mowing: The best control of annual grasses can be achieved by applying Tide USA Clethodim 2EC before grass weeds are mowed. Once a grass is mowed it becomes tougher to control, as much of the available leaf surface has been removed. In areas without a killing frost, some annuals can over-winter after having been mowed multiple times. These grasses form large crowns and may contain many viable buds. These grasses, even though they may be an annual grass, may require repeated applications of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC for partial or complete control.

Irrigated Alfalfa and Mint: Irrigation practices can be very critical to the successful use of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC in established alfalfa and mint and may be necessary to initiate active growth of the weeds prior to application. Generally, applications 2 to 4 days after an irrigation are most effective. Irrigation made shortly after application (2 days) can be effective, but more consistent grass control occurs when the irrigation is made before the application.

Aerial Application: Apply Tide USA Clethodim 2EC in a minimum of 10 GPA in established alfalfa and mint when applying by air.

Annual Grass Control: Apply Tide USA Clethodim 2EC at the grass sizes indicated in the Directions for Annual Grass Table and rates indicated. If a grass has been cut, apply Tide USA Clethodim 2EC after active growth has resumed and regrowth has reached the minimum height and before it reaches the maximum height indicated. Apply before the alfalfa/mint canopy covers the grasses and interferes with the spray coverage. Some annual grasses are spring- and summer-germinating plants, while others are fall-germinating plants, and the time they are actively growing and most susceptible to Tide USA Clethodim 2EC may vary from region to region. Also, some annuals germinate over an extended period of time, and because control of small grasses is desired, applications after each weed flush may be required. As a general rule spray spring and summer-germinating grasses as early in the season as possible, after initial green-up. Spray fall-germinating weeds in the fall soon after they begin growing but before any damage is done due to frost. Late fall applications may be less effective due to environmental conditions, such as frost, slower plant growth, or the onset of flowering.

Perennial Grass Control: Tide USA Clethodim 2EC effectively controls perennial grasses such as bermudagrass, Johnsongrass, quackgrass, wirestem muhly, tall fescue, foxtail barley and orchardgrass. Due in part to lack of tillage, perennial grasses are more difficult to control in a perennial crop such as established alfalfa or mint. A program of repeated applications is usually necessary for best results. The best way to control perennial grasses is to do so in the year of stand establishment before rhizomes and stolons become large and difficult to kill.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at or near maximum height.

Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) to the finished spray volume by air.

**DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL
WITH TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC**

GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE
Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa annua</i>)	To 4-leaf	6*	16

Application Instructions

Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity, which exists within a few days after rainfall or within 7 days after irrigation. Grass needs to be actively growing at time of application(s).

Apply at weed stage indicated on the label, as reduced control can be expected with more mature annual bluegrass.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when annual bluegrass is more mature.

Note: Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground to the finished spray volume.

*Use a minimum of 10 fl. oz./A (0.156 lb ai/A) to control annual bluegrass in seedling and established alfalfa and mint.

DIRECTIONS FOR ROUNDUP READY FIELD CORN (BURNDOWN)		
GRASS SPECIES	WEED SIZE (inches)	Rate when applied alone or with glyphosate
Field Corn	Up to 12	3 fl. oz./A
For control of existing stand of Roundup Ready field corn or volunteer Roundup Ready field corn prior to replanting corn. Care must be taken to avoid in-field boom (spray) overlaps or excessive crop injury may occur. Replant no sooner than 6 days after application. Adjuvant recommendations: NIS at 0.25% v/v plus AMS at 2.5 to 4 lbs/A. Do not use COC or MSO with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC in this use pattern.		

**DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES
IN CANOLA, DRY SHELLED BEAN & PEA (INCLUDING SOYBEAN), EDIBLE PODDED LEGUME
VEGETABLES, FLAX, MUSTARD SEED, SUCCULENT BEAN & PEA AND SUGAR BEET
(REDUCED RATE DIRECTIONS NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA)**

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at listed weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.
- Regrowth by tillering may occur if application is made when plants are stressed by lack of moisture, excessive moisture, low or high temperatures, and/or under very low humidity.

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT (INCHES)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE¹
Barnyardgrass	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>	1 to 4	4
Broadleaf Signalgrass	<i>Brachiaria platyphylla</i>	1 to 4	5
Crabgrass			
Large	<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>	1 to 3*	4
Large	<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>	1 to 4*	5
Smooth	<i>Digitaria ischaemum</i>	1 to 3*	4
Smooth	<i>Digitaria ischaemum</i>	1 to 4*	5
Southern	<i>Digitaria ciliaris</i>	1 to 4*	5
Fall Panicum	<i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i>	1 to 4	4
Foxtail			
Giant	<i>Setaria faberi</i>	1 to 4	4
Green	<i>Setaria viridis</i>	1 to 4	4
Millet	<i>Setaria italic</i>	1 to 4	5
Yellow	<i>Setaria glauca</i>	1 to 4	4
Seedling Johnsongrass	<i>Sorghum halepense</i>	1 to 6	5
Shattercane	<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>	4 to 10	4
Texas Panicum	<i>Panicum texanum</i>	1 to 4	5
Volunteer Cereals			
Barley	<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>	1 to 4	5
Oats	<i>Avena sativa</i>	1 to 4	5
Wheat	<i>Triticum aestivum</i>	1 to 4	5
Volunteer Corn**	<i>Zea mays</i>	4 to 12	4
Wild Proso Millet	<i>Panicum miliaceum</i>	1 to 6	4
Wild Oats	<i>Avena fatua</i>	1 to 4	5

* Length of lateral growth

** Not S.R. Corn

¹ Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt/A by ground application to the finished spray volume.

DIRECTIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at listed weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

Restrictions

- For the following crops: asparagus, carrot, berry low growing (except cranberry and strawberry), cucurbit vegetables, fruiting vegetables (except tomato), garden beet, head & stem brassica vegetables, herbs, hops, leaf petioles, leafy brassica greens, leafy greens, non-bearing food crops, pome fruit, root vegetables, safflower, sesame, stevia (dried leaves), stone fruit and strawberry, do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb ai/A) of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC per application and no more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) per acre per year.
- For flax and green onion, do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb ai/A) of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC per application and no more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb ai) per acre per year.
- For canola including rapeseed subgroup 20A (except flax seed, mustard seed and sesame seed), do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A (0.094 lb ai/A) of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC per application and no more than one (1) application per acre per year.
- For mustard seed, do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A (0.094 lb ai/A) of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC per application and no more than 16 fl. oz. (0.250 lb ai) per acre per year.

GRASS SPECIES	WEED HEIGHT (inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ ACRE	HIGH RATE
Bermudagrass (<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>)			
First Application	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Fescue, Tall (<i>Festuca arundinacea</i>)			
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16
Foxtail Barley (<i>Hordeum jubatum</i>)			
First Application	2 to 6	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	2 to 6	8	16
Orchardgrass (<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>)			
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16
Quackgrass* (<i>Elytrigia repense</i>)			
First Application	4 to 12	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 12	8	16
Rhizome Johnsongrass (<i>Sorghum halepense</i>)			
First Application	12 to 24	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	6 to 18	6	8
Wirestem Muhly (<i>Muhlenbergia frondosa</i>)			
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16

GRASS SPECIES	WEED HEIGHT (inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ ACRE	HIGH RATE
Perennial Bluegrass*			
Roughstalk (<i>Poa trivialis</i>)			
Kentucky (<i>Poa prantensis</i>)			
First Application	2 to 4	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	2 to 4	8	16
Bentgrass* (<i>Agrostis</i> spp.)			
First Application	2 to 4	-	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	2 to 4	-	16

*Control of quackgrass, perennial bluegrass and bentgrass with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC may be enhanced by adding Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) at 2.5 to 4.0 lb/A.

TANK MIXES PRODUCT INFORMATION

The labels for each of the herbicides recommended for tank mixing with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC are unique to the characteristics of those products and contain restrictions and limitations that may be more restrictive than the Tide USA Clethodim 2EC label in certain considerations. Those concerns may include, but are not limited to:

1. **Always read and follow the restrictions and limitations for all products whether used alone or in a tank mix. The most restrictive labeling of any product used applies in tank mixtures, including all crop rotational and other crop restrictions.**
2. Geographic restrictions – all products are not registered for use in all areas and rates may vary from one region of labeled use to another;
3. Crop rotation restrictions;
4. Applicator certification requirements;
5. Worker safety rules (e.g., protective clothing, reentry time, posting);
6. Soil type or soil characteristics (e.g., pH, OM);
7. Maximum dosage or number of applications per year;
8. Rain free period required; or
9. Application timing (e.g., pre-harvest interval)
10. Do not exceed the total yearly rates.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

THE MOST RESTRICTIVE LABELING OF ANY PRODUCT USED IN A TANK MIX MUST BE FOLLOWED.

TANK MIX APPLICATION OF TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC AND BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASSES AND BROADLEAF WEEDS

- Apply only to actively growing grass and broadleaf weeds at the labeled height or growth stage listed on each label.
- Apply when the first grass or broadleaf weed species in a mixed population reaches the labeled height or growth stage for treatment.
- Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity that exist a few days after rainfall or within seven (7) days after irrigation.
- Always add the appropriate adjuvant to the spray mix at the rate specified for each specific tank mix combination.
- Tank mix applications may sometimes result in reduced grass control and possible increases in crop injury as compared to either product used alone. If regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC, as specified in the respective size and rate tables.

- Do not tank mix Tide USA Clethodim 2EC when broadleaf weeds are tall and/or dense enough to prevent proper grass coverage.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

1. Fill clean spray tank 1/2 to 2/3 of desired level with clean water.
2. While agitating, add the correct amount of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC. Agitation should create a rippling or rolling action on the water surface.
3. If tank mixing Tide USA Clethodim 2EC with other labeled herbicides, add water soluble bags first, followed by dry formulations, flowables, emulsifiable concentrates, and then solutions. Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate spray operation.
4. Add any required adjuvants (crop oil concentrate, non-ionic surfactant and/or nitrogen solution).
5. Fill spray tank to desired level with water. **Continue agitation until all spray solution has been applied.**

Failure to agitate the spray solution may result in improper mixing of the herbicides and unsatisfactory weed control. Mixing and compatibility qualities should be verified by a jar test.

INFORMATION ON ANTAGONISM

Tank mixes of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC with postemergence broadleaf herbicides have shown some reduction or failure to control certain grass species which would have otherwise been controlled when Tide USA Clethodim 2EC is applied alone. Activity of the postemergence broadleaf herbicide in the tank mix is not affected.

ALFALFA

Table 1. TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR ALFALFA (Refer to the tables above for specified grasses and growth stages)

PRODUCT ²	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ¹		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ³ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + 2,4-DB ⁴	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to 2,4-DB label for use rates.	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to 2,4-DB label for use rates.	1%	1%
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + PURSUIT DG ⁵ or PURSUIT ⁵	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to Pursuit DG or Pursuit labels for use rates.	-	1%	1%
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + BUCTRIL® 2L ⁶	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to Buctril 2L label for use rates.	-	0.5%	0.5%
Restriction: Do not apply when alfalfa is under moisture, temperature, insect or disease stress or has been stressed by other pesticide carryover or application.				

¹If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate requirements.

²Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

³Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

⁴Tide USA Clethodim 2EC plus 2,4-DB may increase the severity of crop injury when tank mixed. Alfalfa plants will generally outgrow this temporary crop injury within a few weeks.

⁵Before using this tank mix, read and understand the PURSUIT or PURSUIT DG labels for geographical restrictions and restrictions regarding alfalfa growth stage and type. Failure to do so can result in crop injury to alfalfa. Do not feed, graze, or harvest alfalfa for 30 days following an application of PURSUIT to alfalfa.

⁶In the states of Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Nevada and the western halves of North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas: Tide USA Clethodim 2EC plus BUCTRIL tank mix must be applied in the fall or spring to seedling alfalfa when the majority of the field has a minimum of 2 trifoliate leaves. Unacceptable crop injury may occur to alfalfa seedlings less than the 2 trifoliate leaf stage. Tide USA Clethodim 2EC plus BUCTRIL applications made when temperatures are expected to exceed 80°F at (and 3 days following) application can result in unacceptable crop injury. In the states listed above, apply in the fall or spring to seedling alfalfa when the majority of the field has a minimum of 4 trifoliate leaves. When alfalfa stand is uneven and conditions favor leaf burn, unacceptable crop injury may occur to alfalfa in the 2 trifoliate or smaller stage of growth. Tide USA Clethodim 2EC plus BUCTRIL applications made when temperatures are expected to exceed 70°F at (and 3 days following) application can result in unacceptable crop injury. Crop leaf burn can occur following Tide USA Clethodim 2EC plus BUCTRIL application. Warm, humid conditions may enhance leaf burn. New crop growth will not be affected.

CANOLA (EXCEPT FLAX)
[Rapeseed Subgroup 20A (except flax seed, mustard seed, and sesame seed)]

Table 2. REDUCED RATE TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES (Refer to the tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE		AMMONIUM SULFATE	
	ANNUAL GRASSES ¹	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + LIBERTY® ²	4 to 5 fl. oz. + Refer to Liberty label for use rates.	-	3.0 lbs.	3.0 lbs.
Restriction: Do not apply Tide USA Clethodim 2EC tank mix during or after bolting or flowering or crop injury may occur.				

¹Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the **DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES** table.

²For use only on LibertyLink® canola.

COTTON

Table 3. TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXED WITH COBRA® HERBICIDE AND MSMA APPLIED POST DIRECTED TO COTTON

PRODUCT ¹	APPLICATION RATE/ACRE ²		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ³ V/V	COMMENTS
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC ⁴ + COBRA Herbicide + MSMA (4.0 lbs./gal.) or MSMA (6.6 lbs./gal.)	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	Reduce broadcast rate in proportion to the band area actually treated.
	See COBRA Herbicide label for rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton. Refer to the Tide USA Clethodim 2EC label for weed height and species controlled.			
	See MSMA label for rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton. Refer to the Tide USA Clethodim 2EC label for weed height and species controlled.			

¹Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

²If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate directions.

³Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

⁴If at the time of application, grass height is so tall that post-directed applications cannot get good coverage over the top of the grassy weeds then poor control may result and a second (non-post directed) application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC may be necessary.

COTTON (continued)

Table 4. TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXED WITH BUCTRIL 4 EC TO CONTROL EMERGED WEEDS IN BXN COTTON AS A BROADCAST APPLICATION

PRODUCT ¹	APPLICATION RATE/ACRE ²	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ³	COMMENTS ⁵
	ANNUAL GRASSES		
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + BUCTRIL 4 EC ⁴	8 to 16 fl. oz. See BUCTRIL 4 EC label for use rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton.	1 qt.	See charts for grasses controlled.

Restrictions

Do not apply the Tide USA Clethodim 2EC plus BUCTRIL tank mix within 75 days of harvest.
Do not exceed 2 applications of BUCTRIL before cotton is 12 inches tall and one application after 12 inches tall.

¹Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage.

²If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC at the specified rate with the appropriate amount of crop oil concentrate in a non-BUCTRIL tank mix.

³Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground in the finished spray volume.

⁴Applications of BUCTRIL 4 EC can be made only to cotton that has been genetically modified for crop tolerance to postemergence over-the-top applications of bromoxynil.

⁵Use a minimum of 10 gals. of spray solution per acre.

Table 5. TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXED WITH GLYPHOSATE TO CONTROL EMERGED GRASSES IN COTTON AS A BROADCAST APPLICATION

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATE/ACRE ¹		ADJUVANT		COMMENTS
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	Glyphosate formulation with built in adjuvant	Glyphosate formulation without built in adjuvant	
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + GLYPHOSATE	6 to 8 fl. oz. See glyphosate label for use rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	Non-ionic surfactant @ 0.125 to 0.25% v/v plus ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals. of carrier	Crop oil concentrate @ 1 pt./A plus ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals. of carrier	See charts for grasses controlled. Use a minimum of 10 gals. of spray solution per acre.

¹If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC at the specified rate with the appropriate amount of crop oil concentrate.

BEANS (DRY AND SUCCULENT SHELLED)
[Succulent Shelled Pea and Bean Subgroup 6B]
[Dried Shelled Pea and Bean (except Soybean) Subgroup 6C]

Table 6. TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR BEANS (DRY AND SUCCULENT SHELLED)

(Refer to the tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT ²	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ¹		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ³ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
			TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + BASAGRAN®	8 to 10 fl. oz. + Refer to Basagran label for use rates.

¹If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate directions.

²Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

³Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

FLAX

Table 7. REDUCED RATE TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR FLAX

(Refer to the tables above for specific grasses and growth stages)

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE	
	ANNUAL GRASSES ¹	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
			TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + BRONATE ADVANCED™	4 to 5 fl. oz. + Refer to Bronate Advanced label for use rates.
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + BRONATE®	4 to 5 fl. oz. + Refer to Bronate label for use rates.	-	1 pt.	1 pt.
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + BUCTRIL	4 to 5 fl. oz. + Refer to Buctril label for use rates.	-	1 pt.	1 pt.
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + RHONOX®	4 to 5 fl. oz. + Refer to Rhonox label for use rates.	-	1 pt.	1 pt.

Restrictions:

Do not apply Tide USA Clethodim 2EC tank mix during or after the bud stage or to ornamental flax or crop injury may occur.

Do not apply tank mixes if temperatures are expected to exceed 85°F at (or 3 days following) application or crop injury may occur.

¹Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES table.

SOYBEAN

Table 8. TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXES³ TO CONTROL ANNUAL GRASSES WHEN USED AS A BURNDOWN IN NO-TILL SOYBEAN.

PRODUCT	PRODUCT RATE/ACRE ¹	GRASS HEIGHT (inches)	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE/ ACRE ²	28%N OR 32%N QTS./A OR 2.5 to 4.0 LBS. AMS
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + 2,4-D ester* ³	3 fl. oz.	Foxtail 1 to 3 Fall Panicum 1 to 3	1 qt.	1 to 2 qts. Or 2.5 to 4.0 lbs. AMS
	4 fl. oz.	Foxtail 1 to 4 Fall Panicum 1 to 4	1 qt.	1 to 2 qts. Or 2.5 to 4.0 lbs. AMS
	6 to 8 fl. oz. + Refer to 2,4-D ester label for use rates.	(See Grass Chart for grasses claimed.)	1 qt.	1 to 2 qts. Or 2.5 to 4.0 lbs. AMS

Restriction: Do not use 2-4-D ester where drift sensitive crops may be grown.

¹If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate directions.

²Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate in the finished spray volume.

³The following products can be tank mixed with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC plus 2, 4-D ester: VALOR[®] Herbicide, AUTHORITY[®] BROADLEAF, CANOPY XL[®], DUAL[®] 8 E, DUAL II[®], DUAL MAGNUM[®], PROWL[®], SENCOR[®], SENCOR plus the DUAL products and TURBO[®].

Table 9. TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEAN (Refer to the tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT ²	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ¹		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ³ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + COBRA Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 59639-34)	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 12.5 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz. + 12.5 fl. oz.	0.5 to 1%	1%
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + BASAGRAN 4 SL	8 to 10 fl. oz. + Refer to Basagran 4SL label for use rates.	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to Basagran 4SL label for use rates.	1%	1%
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + Glyphosate (For use on Roundup Ready soybean only)	6 to 8 fl. oz. + Refer to glyphosate label for use rates.	8 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to glyphosate label for use rates.	0.5 to 1% ⁴	1% ⁴
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + ULTRA BLAZER [®]	6 to 8 fl. oz. + Refer to Ultra Blazer label for use rates.	6 to 8 fl. oz. + Refer to Ultra Blazer label for use rates.	0.5 to 1%	1%

PRODUCT ²	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ¹		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ³ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + FLEXSTAR [®] HL ⁶	6 to 8 fl. oz. Refer to the FLEXSTAR HL label for use rates.	8 to 16 fl. oz. Refer to the FLEXSTAR HL label for use rates.	1%	1%
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + CLASSIC [®] 25DG	8 to 10 fl. oz. + Refer to Classic 25 DG label for use rate.	10 to 18 fl. oz. + Refer to Classic 25 DG label for use rate.	1%	1%
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC ⁴ + PURSUIT [®] 70DG	6 to 8 fl. oz. + Refer to Pursuit 70DG label for use rate.	8 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to Pursuit 70DG label for use rate.	1%	1%
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC ⁵ + COBRA Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 59639-34) + CLASSIC 25 DG	8 to 10 fl. oz. + 6 to 10 fl. oz. + Refer to Classic 25 DG label for use rate.	-	0.5%	1%
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC ⁵ + COBRA Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 59639-34) + BASAGRAN 4 SL	8 to 10 fl. oz. + 6 to 10 fl. oz. + Refer to Basagran 4 SL label for use rate.	-	0.5%	1%
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC ⁵ + COBRA Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 59639-34) + PURSUIT 70 DG	8 to 10 fl. oz. + 6 to 10 fl. oz. + Refer to Pursuit 70 DG label for use rate.	-	0.5%	1%
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC ⁵ + STORM [®]	8 to 10 fl. oz. + Refer to Storm label for use rate.	-	0.5%	1%
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC ⁵ + RESOURCE [®] Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 59639-82) + PURSUIT 70 DG	8 to 10 fl. oz. + 4 fl. oz. + Refer to Pursuit 70 DG label for use rate.	-	1%	1%
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC ⁵ + RESOURCE Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 59639-82) + BASAGRAN	8 to 10 fl. oz. + 4 fl. oz. + Refer to Basagran label for use rate.	-	1%	1%
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC ⁵ + RESOURCE Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 59639-82)	8 to 10 fl. oz. + 4 fl. oz. +	-	1%	1%

PRODUCT ²	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ¹		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ³ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
+ CLASSIC	Refer to Classic label for use rate.			
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC ⁵ + COBRA Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 59639-34) + RESOURCE Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 59639-82)	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 6 fl. oz. + 4 fl. oz.	-	0.5%	1%
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC ⁵ + FIRSTRATE [®]	6 to 8 fl. oz. + Refer to Firstrate label for use rate.	8 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to Firstrate label for use rate.	1%	-
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC ⁵ + COBRA Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 59639-34) + FIRSTRATE	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 6 to 8 fl. oz. + Refer to Firstrate label for use rate.	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 6 to 8 fl. oz. + Refer to Firstrate label for use rate.	1%	-
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC ⁵ + RAPTOR [®] (1 AS)	6 to 8 to fl. oz. + Refer to Raptor (1 AS) label for use rate.	-	1%	-
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC ⁵ + COBRA Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 59639-34) + RAPTOR (1 AS)	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 6 to 8 fl. oz. + Refer to Firstrate label for use rate.	-	1%	-
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC ⁵ + SYNCHRONY [®] XP	6 to 8 fl. oz. ⁷ + Refer to Synchrony XP label for use rate.	-	1 qt.	-
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC ⁵ + COBRA Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 59639-34) + SYNCHRONY SP	6 to 8 fl. oz. ⁷ + 4 to 8 fl. oz. + Refer to Synchrony XP label for use rate.	-	1 pt.	-
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC ⁵ + RESOURCE Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 59639-82)	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 4 to 12 fl. oz.	-	1qt.	-
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC ⁵ + FRONTROW [™]	8 to 10 fl. oz. + Refer to FRONTROW label for use rate.	-	1%	-

PRODUCT ²	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ¹		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ³ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + FIRSTRATE + FLEXSTAR HL ⁵	6 to 8 fl. oz. + Refer to the Firstrate and Flexstar HL labels for use rates.	8 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to the Firstrate and Flexstar HL labels for use rates.	1%	-

¹If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate directions.

²Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

³Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

⁴The addition of 2.5 lb. of ammonium sulfate is required when TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC is tank mixed with glyphosate. If the glyphosate formulation has a stand alone built in adjuvant, add 0.125% v/v non-ionic surfactant in place of crop oil concentrate for ground application and 1% v/v for aerial application.

⁵The addition of 1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N, or 32%N) is recommended when Tide USA Clethodim 2EC is tank mixed with PURSUIT, RESOURCE, STORM, FIRSTRATE, SYNCHRONY, RAPTOR, FRONTROW, Cobra Herbicide plus Classic, Cobra Herbicide plus Basagran, Cobra Herbicide plus Pursuit, Cobra Herbicide plus Firstrate, Cobra Herbicide plus Synchrony, and COBRA Herbicide plus RAPTOR. An equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added in place of liquid fertilizer. Fertilizer adjuvants are to be added in addition to the crop oil concentrate.

⁶Refer to FLEXSTAR HL label for geographic and rotational instructions.

⁷Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the **DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES** table.

Table 10. REDUCED RATE TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEAN (Refer to table Directions for reduced rate to control small annual grasses in canola, dry shelled bean & pea (including soybean, edible podded legume vegetables, flax, mustard seed, bean & pea (succulent) and sugar beet) (Reduced rate recommendations not for use in California)

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ¹		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ^{3,4} (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES ²	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + FIRSTRATE	4 to 8 fl. oz. + Refer to Firstrate label for use rate.	-	1%	1%
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + PURSUIT 70 DG	4 to 6 fl. oz. + Refer to Pursuit 70 DG for use rate.	-	1%	1%

¹If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate directions.

²Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the **DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES** table.

³Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

⁴The addition of 1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N, or 32%N) is required when Tide USA Clethodim 2EC is tank mixed at reduced rates. An equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added in place of liquid fertilizer. Fertilizer adjuvants are to be added in addition to the crop oil concentrate.

PEANUT (INCLUDING PERENNIAL)

Table 11. TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR PEANUT (INCLUDING PEANUT)
(Refer to the tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT ²	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ¹		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ³ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES ²	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + BASAGRAN	8 to 10 fl. oz. + Refer to Basagran label for use rate.	-	1%	1%
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + ULTRA BLAZER	8 to 10 fl. oz. + Refer to Ultra Blazer label for use rate.	-	1%	1%
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + STORM	8 to 10 fl. oz. + Refer to Storm label for use rate.	-	1%	1%

¹If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate directions.

²Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

³Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

DIRECTIONS FOR GRASS SUPPRESSION FOR HARVEST EFFICIENCY IN PEANUT (INCLUDING PERENNIAL) WITH TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC			
GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./ ACRE	HIGH RATE
Annual and perennial grasses that exceed height claimed for control on height charts “DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES” & “DIRECTIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES”	Up to and including grasses in the seed head stage.	16	32
Restriction: Do not apply as part of a tank mix when applying Tide USA Clethodim 2EC for grass suppression.			
Add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground to the finished spray volume.			

SUGAR BEET

Table 12. TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXED WITH STINGER® APPLIED TO SUGAR BEET (Refer to the tables above for specific grasses and growth stages)

PRODUCT ²	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ¹		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ³ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
	TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + STINGER	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%
Refer to STINGER label for use rate.				

¹If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate directions.

²Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

³Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

Table 13. TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXED WITH BETAMIX® OR BETANEX® APPLIED TO SUGAR BEET

PRODUCT ¹	WEEDS CONTROLLED		WEED HEIGHT (inches)	APPLICATION RATE/ACRE ²
	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME		
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC ² + BETAMIX Or BETANEX	Barnyardgrass Foxtail Foxtail Millet Wild Oat Wild Proso Millet	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i> <i>Setaria</i> spp. <i>Setaria italic</i> <i>Avena fatua</i> <i>Panicum miliaceum</i>	1 to 3 1 to 3 1 to 3 1 to 3 1 to 3	8 fl. oz.
			See BETAMIX label for use rates to control broadleaf weeds. No additives are recommended in the tank mix.	
			See BETANEX label for use rates to control broadleaf weeds. No additives are recommended in the tank mix.	

Restriction: Do not use crop oil concentrate. No additives are recommended in the tank mix. If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate directions.

¹ Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

² If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC at full label rate with appropriate rate of crop oil concentrate.

Table 14. TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC PLUS BETANEX OR BETAMIX TANK MIX FOR THREE SEQUENTIAL APPLICATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASS CONTROL (MICRO-RATE APPLICATION)

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ¹		METHYLATED SEED OIL ² (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	GRASSES CONTROLLED (inches)	GROUND	AIR
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + BETANEX + BETAMIX	2 to 3 fl. oz. + Refer to Betanex or Betamix labels for use rates. ³	Green Foxtail (1-2) Yellow Foxtail (1-2) Barnyardgrass (1-2) Wild Oat (1-2) Volunteer Cereals (1-2)	1.5%	1.5%

¹ Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

² Always use a methylated seed oil at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

³ **Note:** Use 8 fl. oz./A rate when sugar beets are in the cotyledon to 4 leaf stage. Rate can be increased up to 12 fl. oz./A when the smallest sugar beet plants in the field are in the 4 true leaf stage or larger.

Directions for Use for Micro-Rate Applications to Sugar Beet Product Information

Multiple micro-rate applications of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC in tank mixtures with reduced rates of BETANEX or BETAMIX and methylated seed oils may be applied by air or ground equipment to sugar beets to control early germinating annual grasses listed above. Refer to the Betanex or Betamix product labels for use rates. Favorable climatic conditions (good conditions for plant growth and development) are essential for adequate weed control. All use precautions and restrictions on the BETANEX and BETAMIX master labels must be followed.

Directions for Using Micro-Rate Multiple Applications of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC Tank Mixes

Apply Tide USA Clethodim 2EC in broadcast applications only at a rate of 2 to 3 fl. oz./A in tank mixture with either BETANEX or BETAMIX. Refer to the Betanex or Betamix product labels for use rates. If weed control is not adequate due to climatic conditions, spray coverage or other factors, return to conventional application rates of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC (6 to 8 fl. oz./A) and add rates of BETANEX or BETAMIX as directed on their label. When using conventional rates of BETANEX or BETAMIX in tank mixtures with Tide USA Clethodim 2EC, a spray adjuvant is not recommended.

Use Precautions for Micro-Rate Applications: (See BETANEX and BETAMIX labels for further use precautions.)

Not all weeds will be adequately controlled, even with favorable climatic conditions. Conventional rates of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC, BETANEX or BETAMIX and/or hand labor may be required if multiple micro-rate applications do not adequately control weeds. Plugging of spray nozzles may be encountered due to the potential for formation of a precipitate in the spray solution that is often associated with micro-rate applications. Tide International, USA, Inc. will not be responsible for any nozzle plugging that may occur with the use of multiple micro-rate applications.

RESTRICTION: DO NOT USE METHYLATED SEED OIL.

GROUND APPLICATION

Use of sufficient spray volumes and pressure is essential to ensure complete coverage. Use a minimum of 10 gals. and a maximum of 20 gals. of spray solution per acre. Spray pressures should reflect a minimum of 30 psi and a maximum of 60 psi at the nozzle. Do not use flood nozzles.

AERIAL APPLICATION

Use of sufficient spray volumes is essential to ensure complete coverage. Use a minimum of 5 gals. and a maximum of 15 gals. of spray solution per acre.

Table 15. TANK MIX APPLICATION OF TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC AND FUNGICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASS WEEDS AND DISEASES IN SUGAR BEET

PRODUCT ²	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ¹		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ³ (V/V)
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + EMINENT [®]	6 to 8 fl. oz. + Refer to Eminent label for use rate.	8 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to Eminent label for use rate.	1%

¹If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC alone (without a tank mix fungicide) according to the appropriate size and rate directions.

²Refer to Tide USA Clethodim 2EC and fungicide label for rates and weeds and diseases controlled.

³Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

Table 16. TANK MIX APPLICATION OF TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC AND INSECTICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASS WEEDS AND INSECTS IN ALFALFA, COTTON, MINT, PEANUT (INCLUDING PERENNIAL), SOYBEAN AND SUNFLOWER

PRODUCT ²	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ¹		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE (V/V) ³	CROP					
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES		Alfalfa ⁴	Cotton	Mint ⁴	Peanut	Soybean	Sunflower
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + ORTHENE [®] 75 S or ORTHENE 97	6 to 8 fl. oz. + Refer to Orthene 75 S or Orthene 97 label for use rates.	8 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to Orthene 75 S or Orthene 97 label for use rates.	1%		X	X	X		
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + ORTHENE 90 S	6 to 8 fl. oz. + Refer to Orthene 90 S label for use rate.	8 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to Orthene 90 S label for use rate.	1%		X	X	X	X	
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + DANITOL [®] 2.4 EC Insecticide (EPA Reg. No. 59639-35)	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 10 2/3 to 16 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz. + 10 2/3 to 16 fl. oz.	1%		X		X		
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + ASANA XL [®]	6 to 8 fl. oz. + Refer to ASANA XL label for use rate.	8 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to ASANA XL label for use rate.	1%						X
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + WARRIOR [®]	6 to 8 fl. oz. + Refer to WARRIOR label for use rate.	8 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to WARRIOR label for use rate.	1%						X

PRODUCT ²	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ¹		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE (V/V) ³	CROP					
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES		Alfalfa ⁴	Cotton	Mint ⁴	Peanut	Soybean	Sunflower
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + WARRIOR	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to WARRIOR label for use rate.	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to WARRIOR label for use rate.	1%	X					
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + BAYTHROID [®]	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to BAYTHROID label for use rate.	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to BAYTHROID label for use rate.	1%	X					
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + DIMETHOATE [®]	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to DIMETHOATE label for use rate.	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to DIMETHOATE label for use rate.	1%	X					

Table 16. TANK APPLICATION OF TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC AND INSECTICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASS WEEDS AND INSECTS IN ALFALFA, COTTON, MINT, PEANUTS (INCLUDING PERENNIAL), SOYBEAN AND SUNFLOWER (continued)

PRODUCT ²	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ¹		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE (V/V) ³	CROP					
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES		Alfalfa ⁴	Cotton	Mint ⁴	Peanut	Soybean	Sunflower
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + LORSBAN [®]	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to LORSBAN label for use rate.	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to LORSBAN label for use rate.	1 to 2 pt.	X					
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + POUNCE [®]	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to POUNCE label for use rate.	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to POUNCE label for use rate.	1%	X					

Restrictions:

- The Tide USA Clethodim 2EC rate should be 6 to 8 fl. oz./A for annual grass control in baby mint, minimum of 8 fl. oz./A for annual grass control in established mint and 8 to 16 fl. oz./A for perennial grass control. Crop oil concentrate should be added at the rate of 1.0 to 2.0 pts./A.
- Insecticide tank mix use with ORTHENE 90 S in soybean is permitted only in a state having an approved Section 24(c) registration for ORTHENE 90 S use in soybean.
- The Tide USA Clethodim 2EC rate should be 6 to 8 fl. oz./A for annual grass control in seedling alfalfa.
- For the Tide USA Clethodim 2EC plus LORSBAN tank mix, reduce the adjuvant rate down to 1.0 pt./A when the LORSBAN rate is 1.0 pt./A or higher.

¹If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC alone (without a tank mix insecticide) according to the appropriate size and rate requirements.

²Refer to Tide USA Clethodim 2EC and insecticide label for rates and weeds and insects controlled.

³Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

⁴Certain insecticides may cause temporary phytotoxic symptoms on alfalfa and mint foliage. Refer to the insecticide label for further information. It is suggested that prior to using any of these insecticide/herbicide tank mixtures, that a small area of the field be treated first and observations for crop injury be made prior to treating the whole field.

Table 17. DIRECTIONS FOR ROUNDUP READY VOLUNTEER CORN CONTROL IN ROUNDUP READY SOYBEAN WITH TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC HERBICIDE TANK MIX

Roundup Ready Volunteer Corn Height (inches)	Tide USA Clethodim 2EC Rate fl. oz./A	Glyphosate ¹ rate for formulations with built in adjuvant	Adjuvant
<12	4	Refer to glyphosate label for use rates.	Non-ionic surfactant @ 0.125 to 0.25% v/v plus ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals./of carrier
12 to 18	5		
18 to 24	6		

Roundup Ready Volunteer Corn Height (inches)	Tide USA Clethodim 2EC Rate fl. oz./A	Glyphosate ¹ rate for formulations without built in adjuvant	Adjuvant
<12	4	Refer to glyphosate label for use rates.	Crop oil concentrate @ 1 pt./A plus Ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals./ of carrier
12 to 18	5		
18 to 24	6		

¹Glyphosate formulation must be labeled for use on Roundup Ready soybean.

THE MOST RESTRICTIVE LABELING OF ANY PRODUCT USED IN A TANK MIX MUST BE FOLLOWED.

- Apply only to actively growing grass and broadleaf weeds at recommended height or growth stage listed on each label.
- Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity which exist a few days after rainfall or within seven days after irrigation.
- Tank mix applications may sometimes result in reduced grass control. If regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC, as specified in the respective size and rate tables.
- Avoid contact with foliage, green stems, or fruit of crops, or any desirable plants and trees, other than soybean with the ROUNDUP READY gene as severe injury or destruction will result.
- This tank mix may be applied postemergence to ROUNDUP READY soybean up through the full flowering stage.

Restrictions

- Do not tank mix Tide USA Clethodim 2EC when broadleaf weeds are tall and/or dense enough to prevent proper grass coverage.
- Do not apply less than 60 days before harvest.
- Do not allow the Tide USA Clethodim 2EC plus ROUNDUP to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation as minute quantities of the tank mix can cause severe damage or destruction to the crops, plants or other areas on which treatment was not intended. The likelihood of injury occurring from drift of this product is greatest when winds are gusty or in excess of 5 miles per hour. Even under lesser wind velocities, avoid conditions that allow spray drift to occur such as combinations of spray pressure and nozzle type that will result in fine particles (mist) that are likely to drift.

FALLOW LAND

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Tide USA Clethodim 2EC may be used to control annual and perennial grasses in land that has been left fallow the previous year and other non-producing agricultural areas. Apply Tide USA Clethodim 2EC at 6 to 8 fl. oz./A for annual grasses and 8 to 16 fl. oz./A for perennial grasses. When both grass and broadleaf weeds are the target pest, Tide USA Clethodim 2EC may be tank mixed with 2,4-D ester or BANVEL[®] SGF for broad spectrum control. When both annual and perennial grasses occur in the same field, use a minimum of 8 fl. oz./A Tide USA Clethodim 2EC rate.

Product Information

- Use a minimum spray volume of 5 gals./A for aerial applications and 15 gals./A for ground applications.
- Apply only to actively growing grasses when the first grass reaches the specified weed height as specified by the Directions for Annual and Perennial Grasses section of this label.
- Annual grasses that emerge after the Tide USA Clethodim 2EC application will not be controlled, and a second application may be necessary.
- The control of perennial grasses may require more than 1 application in non-tilled areas.

Restrictions

- Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.500 lb ai) of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC per acre per year.
- Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.
- Do not apply to grasses that have tillered, formed seedheads or exceeded recommended growth stage.
- Do not use flood jet nozzles.
- Do not apply to drought stressed grasses.
- Do not mow area for 2 weeks prior to or after the Tide USA Clethodim 2EC application.

Table 18. TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC IN TANK MIXES TO CONTROL ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL GRASSES IN FALLOW LAND

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ¹		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ² (V/V) Ground/Air
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC + 2,4-D ester or BANVEL SGF	6 to 8 fl. oz. + Refer to 2,4-D ester or Banvel SGF label for use rates.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%

¹Refer to Tide USA Clethodim 2EC label for weed height and species control. Review BANVEL SGF and 2,4-D labels for crop restrictions, use rates and weeds controlled.

²Always use a crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil containing at least 15% emulsifier at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

DIRECTIONS FOR GRASS SUPPRESSION IN NON-CROP AREAS WITH TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC			
GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./ ACRE	HIGH RATE
Annual and perennial grasses that exceed height claimed for control on height charts	Up to and including grasses in the seed head stage.	12	16
Restriction: Do not apply as part of a tank mix when applying Tide USA Clethodim 2EC for grass suppression.			
Add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground to the finished spray volume.			

Table 19. TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC FOR THE CONTROL AND/OR SUPPRESSION OF TALL FESCUE IN NATIVE PRAIRIE WARM-SEASON GRASS RESTORATION PROJECTS

PRODUCT	PRODUCT RATES	GRASS WEEDS CONTROLLED/SUPPRESSED		WEED STAGES
		Common Name	Scientific Name	
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC	10 to 12 fl. oz./A	Tall Fescue	<i>Festuca arundinacea</i>	4 to 6 inches tall (40 to 60% green-up)
Adjuvant: Tide USA Clethodim 2EC must be applied with crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A, plus a spray grade ammonium sulfate at 2.5 to 4 lbs./A. Recommended Mixing Order: Thoroughly mix spray grade ammonium sulfate in water, add Tide USA Clethodim 2EC, then add crop oil concentrate.				

SPECIAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Burn or mow fields a minimum of 3 weeks prior to application to remove excess crop residue. Apply in the spring, at 40 to 60% tall fescue green-up, prior to emergence of warm-season grasses. Apply in a minimum of 15 to 20 gals. of water per acre at a spray pressure of 40 to 60 PSI at the nozzle. Apply using flat fan or hollow cone nozzles.

Apply only to fields that have warm-season grasses established for 2 years. Applications of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC to emerged warm-season grasses may cause injury.

NOTE: Tide USA Clethodim 2EC applications are most effective if applied when average nighttime temperatures are consistently greater than or equal to 47°F.

Restrictions

- Do not mow area for 2 weeks after the Tide USA Clethodim 2EC application.
- Do not use flood jet nozzles.
- Do not apply to warm-season grasses grown for seed.
- Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage and/or hay to livestock.
- Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application, unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.

Table 20. TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF TALL FESCUE SEED-HEADS IN NON-PRODUCING AGRICULTURAL AREAS

PRODUCT	PRODUCT RATE	SUPPRESSION	APPLICATION TIMING
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC	1 ½ to 2 fl. oz./A	Tall Fescue Seed-Heads (<i>Festuca arundinacea</i>)	(50 to 90% Tall Fescue green-up)
Adjuvant: Tide USA Clethodim 2EC must be applied with crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A, plus a spray grade ammonium sulfate at 2.5 to 4 lbs./A. Recommended Mixing Order: Thoroughly mix spray grade ammonium sulfate in water, add Tide USA Clethodim 2EC, then add crop oil concentrate.			

SPECIAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS/PRECAUTIONS

Apply at 50 to 90% tall fescue green-up.

Use the higher Tide USA Clethodim 2EC rate if less tall fescue green matter is present.

Apply in a minimum of 15 to 20 gals. of water per acre at a spray pressure of 40 to 60 PSI at the nozzle. Apply using flat fan or hollow cone nozzles. Do not use flood nozzles.

2,4-D ester may be added to this tank mix for broadleaf control (see 2,4-D ester label for weeds controlled).

Restrictions

- Do not mow area for two weeks after the Tide USA Clethodim 2EC application.
- Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage and/or hay to livestock.
- Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application, unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN ORNAMENTALS

For ornamental plant uses, Tide USA Clethodim 2EC can be used to control labeled grass weeds in greenhouses, lathouses, shadehouses, and around outdoor ornamentals, including nurseries, parks, roadside plantings, and structure landscapes.

IMPORTANT

Tide USA Clethodim 2EC successfully controls weeds in newly transplanted and established non-grassy ornamentals. Plant tolerance to Tide USA Clethodim 2EC at labeled rates has been found to be acceptable for the indicated genera and species listed below. Due to variability within species, crop growth stage, environmental conditions, and application techniques, it is recommended that the user determine if herbicide can be used safely on a few plants prior to widespread application. Neither the seller nor the manufacturer of Tide USA Clethodim 2EC have investigated the safety factor to ornamental plants not tested on the label.

The following plants have shown a tolerance for Tide USA Clethodim 2EC applications:

ORNAMENTAL TREES

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Alder, Red	<i>Alnus rubra</i>
Ash	<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.
Basswood	<i>Tilia</i> spp.
Birch, European White	<i>Betula pendula</i>
Birch, River	<i>Betula nigra</i>
Birch, White	<i>Betula papyrifera</i>
Crabapple, Flowering	<i>Malus halliana</i>
Dogwood, Flowering	<i>Cornus florida</i>
Golden Chain Tree	<i>Laburnum anagyroides</i>
Maples	<i>Acer</i> spp.
Mulberry, White	<i>Morus alba</i>
Oaks	<i>Quercus</i> spp.
Olive, Wild	<i>Elaeagnus angustifolia</i>
Redbud, Eastern	<i>Cercis Canadensis</i>
Sweet Gum, American	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>

GROUND COVERS

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Bugleweed, Carpet	<i>Ajuga reptans</i>
Ivy, English	<i>Hedera helix</i>
Japanese Spurge	<i>Pachysandra terminalis</i>
Lilyturf	<i>Liriope muscari</i>
Moneywort	<i>Lysimachia nummularia</i>
Mondo Grass, White	<i>Ophiopogon jaburan</i>
Mondo Grass, Dwarf	<i>Ophiopogon japonicas</i>
Periwinkle, Lesser	<i>Vinca minor</i>

GARDEN FLOWERS AND PLANTS

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Ageratum	<i>Ageratum</i> spp.
Alyssum*, Sweet	<i>Lobular maritime</i>
Asparagus Fern	<i>Asparagus setaceous</i>
Bleeding Heart	<i>Decent spectabilis</i>
Cast Iron Plant	<i>Aspidistra elatior</i>
Chrysanthemum	<i>Chrysanthemum</i> spp.
Cinquefoil	<i>Potentilla</i> spp.
Coleus	<i>Coleus</i> spp.
Coralbells	<i>Heuchera sanguine</i>
Cranesbill	<i>Geranium</i> spp.

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Dahlia	<i>Dahlia</i> spp.
Daisy, Trailing African	<i>Osteospermum fruticosum</i>
Daylilly	<i>Hemerocallis</i> spp.
Dusty Miller	<i>Senecio cineraria</i>
Euonymus	<i>Euonymus</i> spp.
Gazania	<i>Gazania</i> spp.
Geranium, House	<i>Pelargonium hortorum</i>
Heather, False	<i>Cuphea hyssopifolia</i>
Hosta	<i>Hosta fortunei</i>
Iris	<i>Iris</i> spp.
Jasmine Tobacco	<i>Nicotiana alata</i>
Loosestrife	<i>Lythrum salicaria</i>
Marigold	<i>Tagetes</i> spp.
Partridgeberry	<i>Mitchella repens</i>
Petunia*	<i>Petunia hybrida</i>
Phlox	<i>Phlox</i> spp.
Pinks	<i>Dianthus</i> spp.
Portulaca	<i>Portulaca grandiflora</i>
Salvia	<i>Salvia</i> spp.
Saxifrage	<i>Saxifrage</i> spp.
Sedum	<i>Sedum</i> spp.
Selloum	<i>Philodendron selloum</i>
Snapdragon*	<i>Antirrhinum majus</i>
Sweet Flag	<i>Acorus gramineus</i>
Tickseed	<i>Coreopsis grandiflora</i>
Touch-Me-Not	<i>Impatiens</i> spp.
Verbena	<i>Verbena</i> spp.
Violet	<i>Viola</i> spp.
Yarrow, Common	<i>Achillea millefolium</i>
Zinnia	<i>Zinnia elegans</i>

*Slight foliage or flower speckling has been observed on these species.

SHRUBS

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Abelia	<i>Abelia</i> spp.
Anise, Purple	<i>Illicium floridanum</i>
Aucuba	<i>Aucuba</i> spp.
Azalea*	<i>Rhododendron</i> spp.
Bamboo	<i>Bambusa</i> spp.
Barberry, Japanese	<i>Berberis thunbergii</i>
Barberry, Magellan	<i>Berberis buxifolia</i>
Bayberry	<i>Myrica pensylvanica</i>
Bottlebrush	<i>Callistemon citrinus</i>
Boxwood, Common	<i>Buxus sempervirens</i>
Camellia, Common	<i>Camellia japonica</i>
Candytuft	<i>Iberis sempervirens</i>
Cleyera	<i>Cleyera japonica</i>
Coralberry	<i>Ardisia crenata</i>
Crape Myrtle	<i>Lagerstroemia indica</i>
Coyote Brush	<i>Baccharis pilularis</i>
Fig, Creeping	<i>Ficus pumila</i>

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Gardenia	<i>Gardenia</i> spp.
Holly	<i>Ilex</i> spp.
Honeysuckle	<i>Lonicera</i> spp.
Indian Hawthorn	<i>Raphiolepis indica</i>
Jasmine	<i>Jasminum</i> spp.
Jasmine, Asiatic	<i>Trachelospermum asiaticum</i>
Jasmine, Star	<i>Trachelospermum jasminoides</i>
Juniper	<i>Juniperus</i> spp.
Lantana	<i>Lantana</i> spp.
Nandina* Bamboo, Heavenly	<i>Nandinia domestica</i>
Oleander, Common	<i>Nerium oleander</i>
Oregon Grape	<i>Mahonia aquifolium</i>
Photinia	<i>Photinia</i> spp.
Pittosporum	<i>Pittosporum</i> spp.
Podocarpus	<i>Podocarpus</i> spp.
Privet	<i>Ligustrum</i> spp.
Pyracantha	<i>Pyracantha</i> spp.
Rhododendron	<i>Rhododendron</i> spp.
Rose	<i>Spiraea bumalda</i>
Sweet Olive	<i>Osmanthus fragrans</i>
Viburnum	<i>Viburnum tinus</i>
Wisteria	<i>Wisteria</i> spp.
Yellow Sage/Shrub Verbena	<i>Lantana camara</i>

*Slight foliage or flower speckling has been observed on these species.

DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES IN ORNAMENTALS

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at labeled weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at a maximum height.

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED* HEIGHT (inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE ¹	HIGH RATE ²
Barnyardgrass	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>	2 to 8	8	16
Broadleaf Signalgrass	<i>Brachiaria platyphylla</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Brome				
California	<i>Bromus carinatus</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Cheat	<i>Bromus secalinus</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Downy	<i>Bromus tectorum</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Ripgut	<i>Bromus diandrus</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Canarygrass	<i>Phalaris canariensis</i>	1 to 4	8	16
Crabgrass				
Hairy	<i>Digitaria adscendens</i>	2 to 6**	8	16
Large	<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>	2 to 6**	8	16
Smooth	<i>Digitaria ischaemum</i>	2 to 6**	8	16
Southern	<i>Digitaria ciliaris</i>	2 to 6**	8	16
Crowfootgrass	<i>Dactyloctenium aegyptium</i>	2 to 6**	8	16
Fall Panicum	<i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i>	2 to 8	8	16
Field Sandbur	<i>Cenchrus incertus</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Foxtail				
Giant	<i>Setaria faberi</i>	2 to 12	8	16
Green	<i>Setaria viridis</i>	2 to 8	8	16

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED* HEIGHT (inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE ¹	HIGH RATE ²
Yellow	<i>Setaria glauca</i>	2 to 8	8	16
Goosegrass	<i>Eleusine indica</i>	2 to 6**	8	16
Itchgrass	<i>Rottboellia cochin</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Junglerice	<i>Echinochloa colona</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Lovegrass (Stinkgrass)	<i>Eragrostis cilianensis</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Rabbitsfootgrass	<i>Polypogon monspeliensis</i>	1 to 4	8	16
Red Rice	<i>Oryza sativa</i>	1 to 3	8	16
Ryegrass				
Hardy	<i>Lolium remotum</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Italian	<i>Lolium multiflorum</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Seedling Johnsongrass	<i>Sorghum halepense</i>	4 to 10	8	16
Shattercane	<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>	6 to 18	8	16
Southwestern Cupgrass	<i>Eriochloa gracilis</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Sprangletop				
Amazon	<i>Leptochloa panicoides</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Bearded	<i>Leptochloa fascicularis</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Mexican	<i>Leptochloa uninervia</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Red	<i>Leptochloa filiformis</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Texas Panicum	<i>Panicum texanum</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Volunteer Cereals				
Barley	<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Oats	<i>Avena sativa</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Rye	<i>Secale cereale</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Wheat	<i>Triticum aestivum</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Volunteer Corn	<i>Zea mays</i>	4 to 12	6	8
Volunteer Corn	<i>Zea mays</i>	12 to 24	8	16
Volunteer Grain Sorghum	<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>	8 to 12	8	16
Wild Oats	<i>Avena fatua</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Wild Proso Millet	<i>Panicum miliaceum</i>	2 to 10	8	16
Witchgrass	<i>Panicum capillare</i>	2 to 8	8	16
Woolly Cupgrass	<i>Eriochloa villosa</i>	2 to 8	8	16

* Generally occurs between 3-leaf stage and tillering.

**Length of lateral growth.

¹8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb ai/A) = approximately 0.2 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.

²16 fl. oz./A (0.250 lb ai/A) = approximately 0.4 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.

Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25%v/v).

**DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL WITH
TIDE USA CLETHODIM 2EC IN ORNAMENTALS**

GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./ ACRE	HIGH RATE
Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa annua</i>)	to 4-leaf	6	16
Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity that exists within a few days after rainfall or within 7 days after irrigation. Grass needs to be actively growing at time of application(s).			
Apply at weed stage indicated on the label, as reduced control can be expected with more mature annual bluegrass.			
Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when annual bluegrass is more mature.			
Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v).			

DIRECTIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at labeled weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at a maximum height.

GRASS SPECIES	WEED HEIGHT (inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ ACRE¹	HIGH RATE²
Bermudagrass (<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>)			
First Application	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Quackgrass (<i>Elytrigia repens</i>)			
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16
Rhizome Johnsongrass (<i>Sorghum halepense</i>)			
First Application	12 to 24	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	6 to 18	6	8
Wirestem Muhly (<i>Muhlenbergia frondosa</i>)			
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16

¹8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb ai/A) = approximately 0.2 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.

²16 fl. oz./A (0.250 lb ai/A) = approximately 0.4 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.

Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25%v/v).

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep pesticide in original container. Do not put concentrate or dilute into food or drink containers. Store in a cool, dry place. Do not store diluted spray.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

(Nonrefillable \leq 5 gallons): Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container $\frac{1}{4}$ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

(Nonrefillable $>$ 5 gallons): Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container $\frac{1}{4}$ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

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NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

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